



SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

81ST LEGISLATIVE DAY

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2006

10:15 O'CLOCK A.M.

SENATE
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81st Legislative Day

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The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
 Honorable Emil Jones, Jr., President of the Senate, presiding.
 Prayer by Reverend John Park, Korean United Presbyterian Church, Springfield, Illinois.
 Senator Maloney led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Senator Hunter moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Monday, February 27, 2006, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.

The motion prevailed.

REPORTS RECEIVED

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following reports:

Report of Activities for Fiscal Year 2005 and Projected Activities for Fiscal Year 2006, submitted by the Illinois Housing Development Authority.

9-1-1 Implementation Report, submitted by the Illinois Telecommunications Association on behalf of all Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers.

Waivers of School Code Mandates: Spring 2006 Waiver Summary Report, submitted by the Illinois State Board of Education.

2005 Educational Mandates Report, submitted by the Illinois State Board of Education.

Recommendations in Reference to the Report on Waivers of School Code Mandates, submitted the Illinois State Board of Education.

The foregoing reports were ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary's Office.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 619
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 621
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 679
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 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2568
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2608
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2619
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2654
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2676
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2745
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2795
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2796
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 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2981
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2983
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2983
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3016
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 3046

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTION

Senator Link offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 662

WHEREAS, A Jack Benny stamp would celebrate the legacy of laughter of one of the twentieth century's most legendary comedians; and

WHEREAS, Jack Benny was known for being perennially 39 years old, a claim adopted by many of his fans; as the price of a first class stamp is now 39 cents, this is the perfect time to commemorate Mr. Benny's contribution to American culture; and

WHEREAS, Jack Benny was active through 60 years and four eras of American entertainment, including vaudeville, motion pictures, radio, and television; his warm, gentle humor has made tens of millions laugh and continues to inspire new fans with its timelessness; he was a World War I veteran and entertained American troops overseas during World War II and the Korean War; he was recently selected as one of Variety's 100 Icons of the 20th Century and included in the Comedy Channel's top 30 comedians of all time; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the members of the Citizens' Stamp Advisory Committee and the Postmaster General of the United States Postal Service to issue a first-class stamp bearing the likeness of Jack Benny to honor his legacy; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be presented to Ronald A. Robinson, Chairperson of the Citizens' Stamp Advisory Committee, to the Honorable John "Jack" E. Potter, United States

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Postmaster General, and to Laura Leff, president of the International Jack Benny Fan Club.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A FIRST TIME

House Bill No. 166, sponsored by Senator Hendon, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Rules.

House Bill No. 1397, sponsored by Senator Hendon, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Rules.

House Bill No. 4125, sponsored by Senator Garrett, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Rules.

House Bill No. 5524, sponsored by Senator Hendon, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Rules.

EXCUSED FROM ATTENDANCE

On motion of Senator Burzynski, Senator Rauschenberger was excused from attendance due to legislative business.

READING OF BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Demuzio, **Senate Bill No. 2236**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 52; Nays 3; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Meeks	Shadid
Axley	Geo-Karis	Millner	Sieben
Bomke	Halvorson	Munoz	Sullivan
Brady	Harmon	Pankau	Syverson
Burzynski	Hendon	Peterson	Trotter
Clayborne	Hunter	Radogno	Viverito
Cronin	Jacobs	Raoul	Watson
Crotty	Jones, J.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Cullerton	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
Dahl	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
del Valle	Link	Roskam	
DeLeo	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Demuzio	Maloney	Sandoval	
Forby	Martinez	Schoenberg	

The following voted in the negative:

Haine
Jones, W.
Petka

The following voted present:

Dillard

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This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

At the hour of 11:15 o'clock a.m., Senator Halvorson presiding.

On motion of Senator Link, **Senate Bill No. 2246**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

Pending roll call on motion of Senator Link, further consideration of **Senate Bill No. 2246** was postponed.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 2254**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 56; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Meeks	Shadid
Axley	Geo-Karis	Millner	Sieben
Bomke	Haine	Munoz	Silverstein
Brady	Halvorson	Pankau	Sullivan
Burzynski	Harmon	Peterson	Syverson
Clayborne	Hendon	Petka	Trotter
Cronin	Hunter	Radogno	Viverito
Crotty	Jacobs	Raoul	Watson
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Dahl	Jones, W.	Risinger	Winkel
del Valle	Lauzen	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Link	Roskam	
Demuzio	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Dillard	Maloney	Sandoval	
Forby	Martinez	Schoenberg	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Watson, **Senate Bill No. 2333**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 51; Nays 2; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Martinez	Sandoval
Bomke	Garrett	Meeks	Schoenberg
Brady	Geo-Karis	Millner	Shadid

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Burzynski	Haine	Pankau	Sieben
Clayborne	Halvorson	Peterson	Silverstein
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Sullivan
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Syverson
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Trotter
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Viverito
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Watson
DeLeo	Link	Ronen	Wilhelmi
Demuzio	Luechtefeld	Roskam	Winkel
Dillard	Maloney	Rutherford	

The following voted in the negative:

Axley
Harmon

The following voted present:

Hendon

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **Senate Bill No. 2400**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 45; Nays 10; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Millner	Shadid
Axley	Geo-Karis	Munoz	Sieben
Bomke	Halvorson	Pankau	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Peterson	Sullivan
Cronin	Hendon	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Hunter	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, W.	Raoul	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Link	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Maloney	Roskam	
Dillard	Martinez	Sandoval	
Forby	Meeks	Schoenberg	

The following voted in the negative:

Brady	Jacobs	Righter	Watson
Burzynski	Jones, J.	Rutherford	
Dahl	Luechtefeld	Syverson	

The following voted present:

Haine

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Link asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Democrat caucus.

Senator Burzynski asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Republican caucus.

At the hour of 12:03 o'clock p.m., the Chair moved that the Senate stand at recess. The motion prevailed.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 1:10 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.
Senator Hendon, presiding.

READING OF BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Althoff, **Senate Bill No. 2456**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Axley	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Clayborne	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Forby	Maloney	Sandoval	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Shadid, **Senate Bill No. 2477**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

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And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 43; Nays 9.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Clayborne	Haine	Meeks	Sieben
Cronin	Halvorson	Millner	Silverstein
Crotty	Harmon	Peterson	Sullivan
Cullerton	Hendon	Petka	Trotter
Dahl	Hunter	Radogno	Viverito
del Valle	Jacobs	Raoul	Watson
DeLeo	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Demuzio	Lightford	Risinger	Winkel
Dillard	Link	Ronen	Mr. President
Forby	Maloney	Sandoval	

The following voted in the negative:

Axley	Jones, J.	Pankau
Burzynski	Lauzen	Roskam
Geo-Karis	Luechtefeld	Rutherford

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Shadid asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his affirmative vote on **Senate Bill No. 2477**.

On motion of Senator Dillard, **Senate Bill No. 2555**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 53; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Sandoval
Axley	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Schoenberg
Bomke	Haine	Millner	Shadid
Brady	Harmon	Munoz	Sieben
Burzynski	Hendon	Pankau	Silverstein
Clayborne	Hunter	Peterson	Sullivan
Cronin	Jacobs	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jones, J.	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, W.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Lauzen	Righter	Winkel
del Valle	Lightford	Risinger	Mr. President
DeLeo	Link	Ronen	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Roskam	
Forby	Maloney	Rutherford	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

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Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Sieben, **Senate Bill No. 2778**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Axley	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Clayborne	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Forby	Maloney	Sandoval	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator DeLeo, **Senate Bill No. 2748**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 53; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Geo-Karis	Millner	Shadid
Axley	Haine	Munoz	Sieben
Bomke	Halvorson	Pankau	Silverstein
Brady	Harmon	Peterson	Sullivan
Clayborne	Hendon	Petka	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Radogno	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Raoul	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, W.	Righter	Watson
Dahl	Lauzen	Risinger	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lightford	Ronen	Winkel
DeLeo	Link	Roskam	Mr. President
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Forby	Maloney	Sandoval	
Garrett	Meeks	Schoenberg	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Roskam, **Senate Bill No. 2971**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Axley	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Clayborne	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Forby	Maloney	Sandoval	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Syverson, **Senate Bill No. 3036**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Axley	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Clayborne	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	

Dillard
Forby

Luechtefeld
Maloney

Rutherford
Sandoval

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Dillard, **Senate Bill No. 1835**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second reading.

Committee Amendment No. 1 and Floor Amendment No. 2 were held in the Committee on Rules. There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Bomke, **Senate Bill No. 2263**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Raoul, **Senate Bill No. 2368**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Rules.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Raoul, **Senate Bill No. 2369**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Rules.

Floor Amendment No. 2 was referred to the Committee on Rules earlier today.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Trotter, **Senate Bill No. 2455** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Senator Trotter offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2455

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2455 on page 3, lines 22 through 24, by deleting "and to provide information about responsible parenting and the availability of confidential adoption services".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Raoul, **Senate Bill No. 2510** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Health & Human Services, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2510

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2510 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Clinical Laboratory and Blood Bank Act is amended by adding Section 7-101.5 as follows:

(210 ILCS 25/7-101.5 new)

Sec. 7-101.5. Serum creatinine level; estimated glomerular filtration rate. The director of a clinical laboratory licensed in this State shall provide that when the laboratory tests a specimen to determine the serum creatinine level for a patient age 18 or older, as ordered or prescribed by a health care

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professional, the laboratory shall also calculate the patient's estimated glomerular filtration rate. When placing an order or prescribing a prescription, the health care professional shall provide the patient's age and gender. The laboratory shall include the patient's estimated glomerular filtration rate with its report to the health care professional. This Section shall not apply to clinical trials and research."

Floor Amendment No. 2 was postponed in the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Floor Amendment No. 3 was referred to the Committee on Rules earlier today.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Dillard, **Senate Bill No. 2616** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2616

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2616 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Good Samaritan Act is amended by changing Section 30 as follows:
(745 ILCS 49/30)

Sec. 30. Free medical ~~clinic~~ ~~clinic~~; exemption from civil liability for services performed without compensation.

(a) A person licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987, a person licensed to practice the treatment of human ailments in any other state or territory of the United States, or a health care professional, including but not limited to an advanced practice nurse, retired physician, physician assistant, nurse, pharmacist, physical therapist, podiatrist, or social worker licensed in this State or any other state or territory of the United States, who, in good faith, provides medical treatment, diagnosis, or advice as a part of the services of an established free medical clinic providing care, including but not limited to home visits, without charge to patients which is limited to care that does not require the services of a licensed hospital or ambulatory surgical treatment center and who receives no fee or compensation from that source shall not be liable for civil damages as a result of his or her acts or omissions in providing that medical treatment, except for willful or wanton misconduct.

(b) For purposes of this Section, a "free medical clinic" is an organized community based program providing medical care without charge to individuals, at which the care provided does not include an overnight stay in a health-care facility.

(c) The provisions of subsection (a) of this Section do not apply to a particular case unless the free medical clinic has posted in a conspicuous place on its premises an explanation of the exemption from civil liability provided herein.

(d) The immunity from civil damages provided under subsection (a) also applies to physicians, retired physicians, hospitals, and other health care providers that provide further medical treatment, diagnosis, or advice, including but not limited to hospitalization, office visits, and home visits, to a patient upon referral from an established free medical clinic without fee or compensation.

(d-5) A free medical clinic may receive reimbursement from the Illinois Department of Public Aid, provided any reimbursements shall be used only to pay overhead expenses of operating the free medical clinic and may not be used, in whole or in part, to provide a fee or other compensation to any person licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 or any other health care professional who is receiving an exemption under this Section. Any health care professional receiving an exemption under this Section may not receive any fee or other compensation in connection with any services provided to, or any ownership interest in, the clinic. Medical care shall not include an overnight stay in a health care facility.

(e) Nothing in this Section prohibits a free medical clinic from accepting voluntary contributions for medical services provided to a patient who has acknowledged his or her ability and willingness to pay a portion of the value of the medical services provided.

(f) Any voluntary contribution collected for providing care at a free medical clinic shall be used only to pay overhead expenses of operating the clinic. No portion of any moneys collected shall be used to provide a fee or other compensation to any person licensed under Medical Practice Act of 1987.

(g) The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly apply to causes of action accruing on or after its effective date.
(Source: P.A. 94-677, eff. 8-25-05.)"

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Floor Amendment No. 2 was held in the Committee on Rules.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Dillard, **Senate Bill No. 2617**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, **Senate Bill No. 2716** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2716

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2716 on page 2, immediately below line 17, by inserting the following:

"Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

Committee Amendment No. 2 and Floor Amendment No. 3 were held in the Committee on Rules.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Bomke, **Senate Bill No. 2798**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Committee Amendment No. 1 and Floor Amendment No. 2 were held in the Committee on Rules.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Forby, **Senate Bill No. 2810**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were held in the Committee on Rules.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Lightford, **Senate Bill No. 2829** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Senator Lightford offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2829

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2829 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 2-3.12, 2-3.25d, 2-3.25f, 2-3.25g, 2-3.59, 2-3.63, 2-3.64, 10-17, 10-21.9, 27-1, 29-5, and 34-18.5 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.12) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.12)

Sec. 2-3.12. School building code.

(a) To prepare for school boards with the advice of the Department of Public Health, the Capital Development Board, and the State Fire Marshal a school building code that will conserve the health and safety and general welfare of the pupils and school personnel and others who use public school facilities.

The document known as "Efficient and Adequate Standards for the Construction of Schools" applies only to temporary school facilities, new school buildings, and additions to existing schools whose construction contracts are awarded after July 1, 1965. On or before July 1, 1967, each school board shall have its school district buildings that were constructed prior to January 1, 1955, surveyed by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois as to minimum standards necessary to conserve the health and safety of the pupils enrolled in the school buildings of the district. Buildings constructed between January 1, 1955 and July 1, 1965, not owned by the State of Illinois, shall be surveyed by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois beginning 10 years after acceptance of the completed building by the school board. Buildings constructed between January 1, 1955 and July 1, 1955 and previously exempt under the provisions of Section 35-27 shall be surveyed prior to July 1, 1977 by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois. The architect or engineer, using the document known as

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~~"Building Specifications for Health and Safety in Public Schools" as a guide, shall make a report of the findings of the survey to the school board, giving priority in that report to fire safety problems and recommendations thereon if any such problems exist. The school board of each district so surveyed and receiving a report of needed recommendations to be made to improve standards of safety and health of the pupils enrolled has until July 1, 1970, or in case of buildings not owned by the State of Illinois and completed between January 1, 1955 and July 1, 1965 or in the case of buildings previously exempt under the provisions of Section 35-27 has a period of 3 years after the survey is commenced, to effectuate those recommendations, giving first attention to the recommendations in the survey report having priority status, and is authorized to levy the tax provided for in Section 17-2.11, according to the provisions of that Section, to make such improvements. School boards unable to effectuate those recommendations prior to July 1, 1970, on July 1, 1980 in the case of buildings previously exempt under the provisions of Section 35-27, may petition the State Superintendent of Education upon the recommendation of the Regional Superintendent for an extension of time. The extension of time may be granted by the State Superintendent of Education for a period of one year, but may be extended from year to year provided substantial progress, in the opinion of the State Superintendent of Education, is being made toward compliance. For routine inspections, the State Fire Marshal or a qualified fire official to whom the State Fire Marshal has delegated his or her authority shall notify the Regional Superintendent, the district superintendent, and the principal of the school in advance to schedule a mutually agreed upon time for the fire safety check. However, no more than 2 routine inspections may be made in a calendar year.~~

(b) Within 2 years after September 23, ~~the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1983~~, and every 10 years thereafter, or at such other times as the State Board of Education deems necessary or the regional superintendent so orders, each school board subject to the provisions of this Section shall again survey its school buildings and effectuate any recommendations in accordance with the procedures set forth herein.

(1) An architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois is required to conduct the surveys under the provisions of this Section and shall make a report of the findings of the survey titled "safety survey report" to the school board.

(2) The school board shall approve the safety survey report, including any recommendations to effectuate compliance with the code, and submit it to the Regional Superintendent.

(3) The Regional Superintendent shall render a decision regarding approval or denial and submit the safety survey report to the State Superintendent of Education.

(4) The State Superintendent of Education shall approve or deny the report including recommendations to effectuate compliance with the code and, if approved, issue a certificate of approval.

(5) Upon receipt of the certificate of approval, the Regional Superintendent shall issue an order to effect any approved recommendations included in the report. The report shall meet all of the following requirements:

(A) Items in the report shall be prioritized.

(B) Urgent items shall be considered as those items related to life safety problems that present an immediate hazard to the safety of students.

(C) Required items shall be considered as those items that are necessary for a safe environment but present less of an immediate hazard to the safety of students.

(D) Urgent and required items shall reference a specific rule in the code authorized by this Section that is currently being violated or will be violated within the next 12 months if the violation is not remedied.

(6) The school board of each district so surveyed and receiving a report of needed recommendations to be made to maintain standards of safety and health of the pupils enrolled shall effectuate the correction of urgent items as soon as achievable to ensure the safety of the students, but in no case more than one year after the date of the State Superintendent of Education's approval of the recommendation.

(7) Required items shall be corrected in a timely manner, but in no case more than 5 years from the date of the State Superintendent of Education's approval of the recommendation.

(8) Once each year the school board shall submit a report of progress on completion of any recommendations to effectuate compliance with the code. ~~For each year that the school board does not effectuate any or all approved recommendations, it shall petition the Regional Superintendent and the State Superintendent of Education detailing what work was completed in the previous year and a work plan for completion of the remaining work. If in the judgement of the Regional Superintendent and the State Superintendent of Education substantial progress has been made and just cause has been shown~~

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~~by the school board, the petition for a one year extension of time may be approved.~~

(c) As soon as practicable, but not later than 2 years after January 1, 1993 ~~the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1992~~, the State Board of Education shall combine the document known as "Efficient and Adequate Standards for the Construction of Schools" with the document known as "Building Specifications for Health and Safety in Public Schools" together with any modifications or additions that may be deemed necessary. The combined document shall be known as the "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools" and shall be the governing code for all facilities that house public school students or are otherwise used for public school purposes, whether such facilities are permanent or temporary and whether they are owned, leased, rented, or otherwise used by the district. Facilities owned by a school district but that are not used to house public school students or are not used for public school purposes shall be governed by separate provisions within the code authorized by this Section.

(d) The 10 year survey cycle specified in this Section shall continue to apply based upon the standards contained in the "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools", which shall specify building standards for buildings that are constructed prior to January 1, 1993 ~~the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1992~~ and for buildings that are constructed after that date.

(e) The "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools" shall be the governing code for public schools; however, the provisions of this Section shall not preclude inspection of school premises and buildings pursuant to Section 9 of the Fire Investigation Act, provided that the provisions of the "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools", or such predecessor document authorized by this Section as may be applicable are used, and provided that those inspections are coordinated with the Regional Superintendent having jurisdiction over the public school facility.

(f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the State Fire Marshal or a qualified fire official to whom the State Fire Marshal has delegated his or her authority from conducting a fire safety check in a public school.

(g) The Regional Superintendent shall address any violations that are not corrected in a timely manner pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 3-14.21 of this Code.

(h) Any agency having jurisdiction beyond the scope of the applicable document authorized by this Section may issue a lawful order to a school board to effectuate recommendations, and the school board receiving the order shall certify to the Regional Superintendent and the State Superintendent of Education when it has complied with the order.

(i) The State Board of Education is authorized to adopt any rules that are necessary relating to the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this Section.

(j) The code authorized by this Section shall apply only to those school districts having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants.

(k) In this Section, a "qualified fire official" means an individual that meets the requirements of rules adopted by the State Fire Marshal in cooperation with the State Board of Education to administer this Section. These rules shall be based on recommendations made by the task force established under Section 2-3.137 of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 94-225, eff. 7-14-05.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.25d) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.25d)

Sec. 2-3.25d. Academic early warning and watch status.

(a) Beginning with the 2005-2006 school year, unless the federal government formally disapproves of such policy through the submission and review process for the Illinois Accountability Workbook, those schools that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for 2 consecutive annual calculations in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall be placed on academic early warning status for the next school year. Schools on academic early warning status that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a third annual calculation in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall remain on academic early warning status. Schools on academic early warning status that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a fourth annual calculation in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall be placed on initial academic watch status. Schools on academic watch status that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a fifth or subsequent annual calculation in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall remain on academic watch status. Schools on academic early warning or academic watch status that meet adequate yearly progress criteria for one annual calculation shall be considered as having met expectations and shall be removed from any status designation.

The school district of a school placed on either academic early warning status or academic watch status may appeal the status to the State Board of Education in accordance with Section 2-3.25m of this

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Code.

A school district that has one or more schools on academic early warning or academic watch status shall prepare a revised School Improvement Plan or amendments thereto setting forth the district's expectations for removing each school from academic early warning or academic watch status and for improving student performance in the affected school or schools. Districts operating under Article 34 of this Code may prepare the School Improvement Plan required under Section 34-2.4 of this Code.

The revised School Improvement Plan for a school that is initially placed on academic early warning status or that remains on academic early warning status after a third annual calculation must be approved by the school board (and by the school's local school council in a district operating under Article 34 of this Code, unless the school is on probation pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 34-8.3 of this Code).

The revised School Improvement Plan for a school that is initially placed on ~~initial~~ academic watch status after a fourth annual calculation must be approved by the school board (and by the school's local school council in a district operating under Article 34 of this Code, unless the school is on probation pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 34-8.3 of this Code) ~~and the State Superintendent of Education.~~

The revised School Improvement Plan for a school that remains on academic watch status after a fifth annual calculation must be approved by the school board (and by the school's local school council in a district operating under Article 34 of this Code, unless the school is on probation pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 34-8.3 of this Code) ~~and the State Superintendent of Education.~~ In addition, the district must develop a school restructuring plan for the school that must be approved by the school board (and by the school's local school council in a district operating under Article 34 of this Code) ~~and subsequently approved by the State Superintendent of Education.~~

A school on academic watch status that does not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a sixth annual calculation shall implement its approved school restructuring plan beginning with the next school year, subject to the State interventions specified in Section 2-3.25f of this Code.

(b) Beginning with the 2005-2006 school year, unless the federal government formally disapproves of such policy through the submission and review process for the Illinois Accountability Workbook, those school districts that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for 2 consecutive annual calculations in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall be placed on academic early warning status for the next school year. Districts on academic early warning status that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a third annual calculation in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall remain on academic early warning status. Districts on academic early warning status that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a fourth annual calculation in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall be placed on initial academic watch status. Districts on academic watch status that do not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a fifth or subsequent annual calculation in the same subgroup and in the same subject or in their participation rate, attendance rate, or graduation rate shall remain on academic watch status. Districts on academic early warning or academic watch status that meet adequate yearly progress criteria for one annual calculation shall be considered as having met expectations and shall be removed from any status designation.

A district placed on either academic early warning status or academic watch status may appeal the status to the State Board of Education in accordance with Section 2-3.25m of this Code.

Districts on academic early warning or academic watch status shall prepare a District Improvement Plan or amendments thereto setting forth the district's expectations for removing the district from academic early warning or academic watch status and for improving student performance in the district.

~~All The District Improvement Plans Plan for a district that is initially placed on academic early warning status must be approved by the school board.~~

~~The revised District Improvement Plan for a district that remains on academic early warning status after a third annual calculation must be approved by the school board.~~

~~The revised District Improvement Plan for a district on initial academic watch status after a fourth annual calculation must be approved by the school board and the State Superintendent of Education.~~

~~The revised District Improvement Plan for a district that remains on academic watch status after a fifth annual calculation must be approved by the school board and the State Superintendent of Education. In addition, the district must develop a district restructuring plan that must be approved by the school board and the State Superintendent of Education.~~

~~A district on academic watch status that does not meet adequate yearly progress criteria for a sixth annual calculation shall implement its approved district restructuring plan beginning with the next school year, subject to the State interventions specified in Section 2-3.25f of this Code.~~

(c) All revised School and District Improvement Plans shall be developed in collaboration with

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parents, staff in the affected school or school district, and outside experts. All revised School and District Improvement Plans shall be developed, submitted, and monitored approved pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education. The revised Improvement Plan shall address measurable outcomes for improving student performance so that such performance meets adequate yearly progress criteria as specified by the State Board of Education. All school districts required to revise a School Improvement Plan in accordance with this Section shall establish a peer review process for the evaluation of School Improvement Plans.

(d) All federal requirements apply to schools and school districts utilizing federal funds under Title I, Part A of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

(e) The State Board of Education, from any moneys it may have available for this purpose, must implement and administer a grant program that provides 2-year grants to school districts on the academic watch list and other school districts that have the lowest achieving students, as determined by the State Board of Education, to be used to improve student achievement. In order to receive a grant under this program, a school district must establish an accountability program. The accountability program must involve the use of statewide testing standards and local evaluation measures. A grant shall be automatically renewed when achievement goals are met. The Board may adopt any rules necessary to implement and administer this grant program.

(Source: P.A. 93-470, eff. 8-8-03; 93-890, eff. 8-9-04; 94-666, eff. 8-23-05.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.25f) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.25f)

Sec. 2-3.25f. State interventions.

~~(a) A school or school district must submit the required revised Improvement Plan pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall provide technical assistance to assist with the development and implementation of School and District Improvement Plans the improvement plan.~~

Schools or school districts that fail to make reasonable efforts to implement an approved Improvement Plan may suffer loss of State funds by school district, attendance center, or program as the State Board of Education deems appropriate.

(b) In addition, if after 3 years following its placement on academic watch status a school district or school remains on academic watch status, the State Board of Education shall take one of the following actions for the district or school:

(1) The State Board of Education may authorize the State Superintendent of Education to direct the regional superintendent of schools to remove school board members pursuant to Section 3-14.28 of this Code. Prior to such direction the State Board of Education shall permit members of the local board of education to present written and oral comments to the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education may direct the State Superintendent of Education to appoint an Independent Authority that shall exercise such powers and duties as may be necessary to operate a school or school district for purposes of improving pupil performance and school improvement. The State Superintendent of Education shall designate one member of the Independent Authority to serve as chairman. The Independent Authority shall serve for a period of time specified by the State Board of Education upon the recommendation of the State Superintendent of Education.

(2) The State Board of Education may (A) change the recognition status of the school district or school to nonrecognized, or (B) authorize the State Superintendent of Education to direct the reassignment of pupils or direct the reassignment or replacement of school district personnel who are relevant to the failure to meet adequate yearly progress criteria. If a school district is nonrecognized in its entirety, it shall automatically be dissolved on July 1 following that nonrecognition and its territory realigned with another school district or districts by the regional board of school trustees in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 7-11 of the School Code. The effective date of the nonrecognition of a school shall be July 1 following the nonrecognition.

(c) All federal requirements apply to schools and school districts utilizing federal funds under Title I, Part A of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

(Source: P.A. 93-470, eff. 8-8-03.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.25g) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.25g)

Sec. 2-3.25g. Waiver or modification of mandates within the School Code and administrative rules and regulations.

(a) In this Section:

"Board" means a school board or the governing board or administrative district, as the case may be, for a joint agreement.

"Eligible applicant" means a school district, joint agreement made up of school districts, or regional superintendent of schools on behalf of schools and programs operated by the

regional office of education.

"State Board" means the State Board of Education.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this School Code or any other law of this State to the contrary, eligible applicants may petition the State Board of Education for the waiver or modification of the mandates of this School Code or of the administrative rules and regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education. Waivers or modifications of administrative rules and regulations and modifications of mandates of this School Code may be requested when an eligible applicant demonstrates that it can address the intent of the rule or mandate in a more effective, efficient, or economical manner or when necessary to stimulate innovation or improve student performance. Waivers of mandates of the School Code may be requested when the waivers are necessary to stimulate innovation or improve student performance. Waivers may not be requested from laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to special education, teacher certification, teacher tenure and seniority, or Section 5-2.1 of this Code or from compliance with the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110).

(c) Eligible applicants, as a matter of inherent managerial policy, and any Independent Authority established under Section 2-3.25f may submit an application for a waiver or modification authorized under this Section. Each application must include a written request by the eligible applicant or Independent Authority and must demonstrate that the intent of the mandate can be addressed in a more effective, efficient, or economical manner or be based upon a specific plan for improved student performance and school improvement. Any eligible applicant requesting a waiver or modification for the reason that intent of the mandate can be addressed in a more economical manner shall include in the application a fiscal analysis showing current expenditures on the mandate and projected savings resulting from the waiver or modification. Applications and plans developed by eligible applicants must be approved by the board or regional superintendent of schools applying on behalf of schools or programs operated by the regional office of education following a public hearing on the application and plan and the opportunity for the board or regional superintendent to hear testimony from staff educators directly involved in its implementation, parents, and students. The time period for such testimony shall be separate from the time period established by the eligible applicant for public comment on other matters. If the applicant is a school district or joint agreement requesting a waiver or modification of Section 27-6 of this Code, the public hearing shall be held on a day other than the day on which a regular meeting of the board is held. If the applicant is a school district or joint agreement, the public hearing shall be held on a day other than the day on which a regular meeting of the board is held. If the applicant is a school district, the public hearing must be preceded by at least one published notice occurring at least 7 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district that sets forth the time, date, place, and general subject matter of the hearing. If the applicant is a joint agreement or regional superintendent, the public hearing must be preceded by at least one published notice (setting forth the time, date, place, and general subject matter of the hearing) occurring at least 7 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in each school district that is a member of the joint agreement or that is served by the educational service region, provided that a notice appearing in a newspaper generally circulated in more than one school district shall be deemed to fulfill this requirement with respect to all of the affected districts. The eligible applicant must notify in writing the affected exclusive collective bargaining agent and those State legislators representing the eligible applicant's territory of its intent to seek approval of a waiver or modification and of the hearing to be held to take testimony from staff educators. The affected exclusive collective bargaining agents shall be notified of such public hearing at least 7 days prior to the date of the hearing and shall be allowed to attend such public hearing. The eligible applicant shall attest to compliance with all of the notification and procedural requirements set forth in this Section.

(d) A request for a waiver or modification of administrative rules and regulations or for a modification of mandates contained in this School Code shall be submitted to the State Board of Education within 15 days after approval by the board or regional superintendent of schools. The application as submitted to the State Board of Education shall include a description of the public hearing. Following receipt of the request, the State Board shall have 45 days to review the application and request. If the State Board fails to disapprove the application within that 45 day period, the waiver or modification shall be deemed granted. The State Board may disapprove any request if it is not based upon sound educational practices, endangers the health or safety of students or staff, compromises equal opportunities for learning, or fails to demonstrate that the intent of the rule or mandate can be addressed in a more effective, efficient, or economical manner or have improved student performance as a primary goal. Any request disapproved by the State Board may be appealed to the General Assembly by the eligible applicant as outlined in this Section.

A request for a waiver from mandates contained in this School Code shall be submitted to the State

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Board within 15 days after approval by the board or regional superintendent of schools. The application as submitted to the State Board of Education shall include a description of the public hearing. The description shall include, but need not be limited to, the means of notice, the number of people in attendance, the number of people who spoke as proponents or opponents of the waiver, a brief description of their comments, and whether there were any written statements submitted. The State Board shall review the applications and requests for completeness and shall compile the requests in reports to be filed with the General Assembly. The State Board shall file reports outlining the waivers requested by eligible applicants and appeals by eligible applicants of requests disapproved by the State Board with the Senate and the House of Representatives before each March 1 and October 1. The General Assembly may disapprove the report of the State Board in whole or in part within 60 calendar days after each house of the General Assembly next convenes after the report is filed by adoption of a resolution by a record vote of the majority of members elected in each house. If the General Assembly fails to disapprove any waiver request or appealed request within such 60 day period, the waiver or modification shall be deemed granted. Any resolution adopted by the General Assembly disapproving a report of the State Board in whole or in part shall be binding on the State Board.

(e) An approved waiver or modification may remain in effect for a period not to exceed 5 school years and may be renewed upon application by the eligible applicant. However, such waiver or modification may be changed within that 5-year period by a board or regional superintendent of schools applying on behalf of schools or programs operated by the regional office of education following the procedure as set forth in this Section for the initial waiver or modification request. If neither the State Board of Education nor the General Assembly disapproves, the change is deemed granted.

(f) On or before February 1, 1998, and each year thereafter, the State Board of Education shall submit a cumulative report summarizing all types of waivers of mandates and modifications of mandates granted by the State Board or the General Assembly. The report shall identify the topic of the waiver along with the number and percentage of eligible applicants for which the waiver has been granted. The report shall also include any recommendations from the State Board regarding the repeal or modification of waived mandates.

(Source: P.A. 93-470, eff. 8-8-03; 93-557, eff. 8-20-03; 93-707, eff. 7-9-04; 94-198, eff. 1-1-06; 94-432, eff. 8-2-05; revised 8-19-05.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.59) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.59)

Sec. 2-3.59. Staff development programs. School districts, cooperatives or joint agreements with a governing board or board of control, administrative agents for educational service centers, and regional superintendents acting on behalf of such entities shall conduct staff development programs and may contract with not-for-profit organizations to conduct summer staff development program institutes which specify outcome goals, including the improvement of specific instructional competencies, and which conform to locally developed plans. ~~The State Board of Education shall approve all staff development plans developed under this Section. Following approval of such plans, the State Board of Education shall provide State funds, appropriated for this purpose, to aid in conducting and contracting with not for profit organizations to conduct such programs.~~

(Source: P.A. 84-1220; 84-1283; 84-1438.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.63) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.63)

Sec. 2-3.63. Local learning objectives and assessment. ~~Each~~ ~~The State Board of Education shall require each school district~~ may ~~to~~ set student learning objectives which meet or exceed goals established by the State and to also establish local goals for excellence in education. ~~If established, such~~ Such objectives and goals shall be disseminated to the public along with information on the degree to which they are being achieved, and if not, what appropriate actions are being taken. As part of its local assessment system each district shall identify the grade levels used to document progress to parents, the community, and the State in all the fundamental learning areas described in Section 27-1. ~~There shall be at least 2 grade levels in each fundamental learning area before high school and at least one grade level during high school. The grades identified for each learning area shall be defined in the district's school improvement plan by June 30, 1993, and may be changed only upon approval by the State Superintendent of Education. The State Board of Education shall establish a process for approving local objectives mentioned in this Section; for approving local plans for improvement; for approving public reporting procedures; and for recognition and commendation of top achieving districts. To the extent that a local plan for improvement or school improvement plan required by the State Board of Education includes developing either individual school plans for improvement or individual school improvement plans, a school in a district operating under Article 34 of the School Code may submit the school improvement plan required under Section 34-2.4 and this plan shall address and meet improvement plan requirements set forth both by the State Board of Education and by Section 32-2.4.~~

(Source: P.A. 87-934; 88-686, eff. 1-24-95.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.64) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.64)

Sec. 2-3.64. State goals and assessment.

(a) Beginning in the 1998-1999 school year, the State Board of Education shall establish standards and periodically, in collaboration with local school districts, conduct studies of student performance in the learning areas of fine arts and physical development/health.

Beginning with the 1998-1999 school year until the 2004-2005 school year, the State Board of Education shall annually test: (i) all pupils enrolled in the 3rd, 5th, and 8th grades in English language arts (reading, writing, and English grammar) and mathematics; and (ii) all pupils enrolled in the 4th and 7th grades in the biological and physical sciences and the social sciences (history, geography, civics, economics, and government). Unless the testing required to be implemented no later than the 2005-2006 school year under this subsection (a) is implemented for the 2004-2005 school year, for the 2004-2005 school year, the State Board of Education shall test: (i) all pupils enrolled in the 3rd, 5th, and 8th grades in English language arts (reading and English grammar) and mathematics and (ii) all pupils enrolled in the 4th and 7th grades in the biological and physical sciences. The maximum time allowed for all actual testing required under this paragraph shall not exceed 25 hours, as allocated among the required tests by the State Board of Education, across all grades tested.

Beginning no later than the 2005-2006 school year, the State Board of Education shall annually test: (i) all pupils enrolled in the 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th grades in reading and mathematics and (ii) all pupils enrolled in the 4th and 7th grades in the biological and physical sciences. In addition, the State Board of Education shall test (1) all pupils enrolled in the 5th and 8th grades in writing during the 2006-2007 school year; (2) all pupils enrolled in the 5th, 6th, and 8th grades in writing during the 2007-2008 school year; and (3) all pupils enrolled in the 3rd, 5th, 6th, and 8th grades in writing during the 2008-2009 school year and each school year thereafter. After the addition of grades and change in subjects as delineated in this paragraph and including whatever other tests that may be approved from time to time no later than the 2005-2006 school year, the maximum time allowed for all State testing in grades 3 through 8 shall not exceed 38 hours across those grades.

Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, the State Board of Education shall not test pupils under this subsection (a) in physical development and health, fine arts, and the social sciences (history, geography, civics, economics, and government). The State Board of Education shall not test pupils under this subsection (a) in writing during the 2005-2006 school year.

The State Board of Education shall establish the academic standards that are to be applicable to pupils who are subject to State tests under this Section beginning with the 1998-1999 school year. However, the State Board of Education shall not establish any such standards in final form without first providing opportunities for public participation and local input in the development of the final academic standards. Those opportunities shall include a well-publicized period of public comment, public hearings throughout the State, and opportunities to file written comments. Beginning with the 1998-99 school year and thereafter, the State tests will identify pupils in the 3rd grade or 5th grade who do not meet the State standards.

If, by performance on the State tests or local assessments or by teacher judgment, a student's performance is determined to be 2 or more grades below current placement, the student shall be provided a remediation program developed by the district in consultation with a parent or guardian. Such remediation programs may include, but shall not be limited to, increased or concentrated instructional time, a remedial summer school program of not less than 90 hours, improved instructional approaches, tutorial sessions, retention in grade, and modifications to instructional materials. Each pupil for whom a remediation program is developed under this subsection shall be required to enroll in and attend whatever program the district determines is appropriate for the pupil. Districts may combine students in remediation programs where appropriate and may cooperate with other districts in the design and delivery of those programs. The parent or guardian of a student required to attend a remediation program under this Section shall be given written notice of that requirement by the school district a reasonable time prior to commencement of the remediation program that the student is to attend. The State shall be responsible for providing school districts with the new and additional funding, under Section 2-3.51.5 or by other or additional means, that is required to enable the districts to operate remediation programs for the pupils who are required to enroll in and attend those programs under this Section. Every individualized educational program as described in Article 14 shall identify if the State test or components thereof are appropriate for that student. The State Board of Education shall develop rules and regulations governing the administration of alternative tests prescribed within each student's individualized educational program which are appropriate to the disability of each student.

All pupils who are in a State approved transitional bilingual education program or transitional

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program of instruction shall participate in the State tests. The time allotted to take the State tests, however, may be extended as determined by the State Board of Education by rule. Any student who has been enrolled in a State approved bilingual education program less than 3 cumulative academic years may take an accommodated Limited English Proficient student academic content assessment, as determined by the State Board of Education, if the student's lack of English as determined by an English language proficiency test would keep the student from understanding the regular State test. If the school district determines, on a case-by-case individual basis, that a Limited English Proficient student academic content assessment would likely yield more accurate and reliable information on what the student knows and can do, the school district may make a determination to assess the student using a Limited English Proficient student academic content assessment for a period that does not exceed 2 additional consecutive years, provided that the student has not yet reached a level of English language proficiency sufficient to yield valid and reliable information on what the student knows and can do on the regular State test.

Reasonable accommodations as prescribed by the State Board of Education shall be provided for individual students in the testing procedure. All test procedures prescribed by the State Board of Education shall require: (i) that each test used for State and local student testing under this Section identify by name the pupil taking the test; (ii) that the name of the pupil taking the test be placed on the test at the time the test is taken; (iii) that the results or scores of each test taken under this Section by a pupil of the school district be reported to that district and identify by name the pupil who received the reported results or scores; and (iv) that the results or scores of each test taken under this Section be made available to the parents of the pupil. In addition, in each school year the highest scores attained by a student on the Prairie State Achievement Examination administered under subsection (c) of this Section and any Prairie State Achievement Awards received by the student shall become part of the student's permanent record and shall be entered on the student's transcript pursuant to regulations that the State Board of Education shall promulgate for that purpose in accordance with Section 3 and subsection (e) of Section 2 of the Illinois School Student Records Act. Beginning with the 1998-1999 school year and in every school year thereafter, scores received by students on the State assessment tests administered in grades 3 through 8 shall be placed into students' temporary records.

The State Board of Education shall establish a period of time, to be referred to as the State test window, in each school year for which State testing shall occur to meet the objectives of this Section. However, if the schools of a district are closed and classes are not scheduled during any week that is established by the State Board of Education as the State test window, the school district may (at the discretion of the State Board of Education) move its State test window one week earlier or one week later than the established State test window, so long as the school district gives the State Board of Education written notice of its intention to deviate from the established schedule by December 1 of the school year in which falls the State test window established by the State Board of Education for the testing.

(a-5) All tests administered pursuant to this Section shall be academically based. For the purposes of this Section "academically based tests" shall mean tests consisting of questions and answers that are measurable and quantifiable to measure the knowledge, skill, and ability of students in the subject matters covered by tests. The scoring of academically based tests shall be reliable, valid, unbiased and shall meet the guidelines for test development and use prescribed by the American Psychological Association, the National Council of Measurement and Evaluation, and the American Educational Research Association. Academically based tests shall not include assessments or evaluations of attitudes, values, or beliefs, or testing of personality, self-esteem, or self-concept. Nothing in this amendatory Act is intended, nor shall it be construed, to nullify, supersede, or contradict the legislative intent on academic testing expressed during the passage of HB 1005/P.A. 90-296. Nothing in this Section is intended, nor shall it be construed, to nullify, supersede, or contradict the legislative intent on academic testing expressed in the preamble of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly.

The State Board of Education shall monitor the use of short answer questions in the math and reading assessments or in other assessments in order to demonstrate that the use of short answer questions results in a statistically significant improvement in student achievement as measured on the State assessments for math and reading or on other State assessments and is justifiable in terms of cost and student performance.

(b) It shall be the policy of the State to encourage school districts to continuously test pupil proficiency in the fundamental learning areas in order to: (i) provide timely information on individual students' performance relative to State standards that is adequate to guide instructional strategies; (ii) improve future instruction; and (iii) complement the information provided by the State testing system described in this Section. ~~Each district's school improvement plan must address specific activities the~~

~~district intends to implement to assist pupils who by teacher judgment and test results as prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section demonstrate that they are not meeting State standards or local objectives. Such activities may include, but shall not be limited to, summer school, extended school day, special homework, tutorial sessions, modified instructional materials, other modifications in the instructional program, reduced class size or retention in grade. To assist school districts in testing pupil proficiency in reading in the primary grades, the State Board shall make optional reading inventories for diagnostic purposes available to each school district that requests such assistance. Districts that administer the reading inventories may develop remediation programs for students who perform in the bottom half of the student population. Those remediation programs may be funded by moneys provided under the School Safety and Educational Improvement Block Grant Program established under Section 2-3.51.5. Nothing in this Section shall prevent school districts from implementing testing and remediation policies for grades not required under this Section.~~

(c) Beginning with the 2000-2001 school year, each school district that operates a high school program for students in grades 9 through 12 shall annually administer the Prairie State Achievement Examination established under this subsection to its students as set forth below. The Prairie State Achievement Examination shall be developed by the State Board of Education to measure student performance in the academic areas of reading, writing, mathematics, science, and social sciences. Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, however, the State Board of Education shall not test a student in the social sciences (history, geography, civics, economics, and government) as part of the Prairie State Achievement Examination unless the student is retaking the Prairie State Achievement Examination in the fall of 2004. In addition, the State Board of Education shall not test a student in writing as part of the Prairie State Achievement Examination during the 2005-2006 school year. The State Board of Education shall establish the academic standards that are to apply in measuring student performance on the Prairie State Achievement Examination including the minimum examination score in each area that will qualify a student to receive a Prairie State Achievement Award from the State in recognition of the student's excellent performance. Each school district that is subject to the requirements of this subsection (c) shall afford all students 2 opportunities to take the Prairie State Achievement Examination beginning as late as practical during the second semester of grade 11, but in no event before March 1. The State Board of Education shall annually notify districts of the weeks during which these test administrations shall be required to occur. Every individualized educational program as described in Article 14 shall identify if the Prairie State Achievement Examination or components thereof are appropriate for that student. Each student, exclusive of a student whose individualized educational program developed under Article 14 identifies the Prairie State Achievement Examination as inappropriate for the student, shall be required to take the examination in grade 11. For each academic area the State Board of Education shall establish the score that qualifies for the Prairie State Achievement Award on that portion of the examination. Any student who fails to earn a qualifying score for a Prairie State Achievement Award in any one or more of the academic areas on the initial test administration or who wishes to improve his or her score on any portion of the examination shall be permitted to retake such portion or portions of the examination during grade 12. Districts shall inform their students of the timelines and procedures applicable to their participation in every yearly administration of the Prairie State Achievement Examination. Students receiving special education services whose individualized educational programs identify the Prairie State Achievement Examination as inappropriate for them nevertheless shall have the option of taking the examination, which shall be administered to those students in accordance with standards adopted by the State Board of Education to accommodate the respective disabilities of those students. A student who successfully completes all other applicable high school graduation requirements but fails to receive a score on the Prairie State Achievement Examination that qualifies the student for receipt of a Prairie State Achievement Award shall nevertheless qualify for the receipt of a regular high school diploma. In no case, however, shall a student receive a regular high school diploma without taking the Prairie State Achievement Examination, unless the student is exempted from taking the Prairie State Achievement Examination under this subsection (c) because (i) the student's individualized educational program developed under Article 14 of this Code identifies the Prairie State Achievement Examination as inappropriate for the student, (ii) the student is exempt due to the student's lack of English language proficiency under subsection (a) of this Section, or (iii) the student is enrolled in a program of Adult and Continuing Education as defined in the Adult Education Act.

(d) Beginning with the 2002-2003 school year, all schools in this State that are part of the sample drawn by the National Center for Education Statistics, in collaboration with their school districts and the State Board of Education, shall administer the biennial State academic assessments of 4th and 8th grade reading and mathematics under the National Assessment of Educational Progress carried out under

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Section m11(b)(2) of the National Education Statistics Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 9010) if the Secretary of Education pays the costs of administering the assessments.

(e) Beginning no later than the 2005-2006 school year, subject to available federal funds to this State for the purpose of student assessment, the State Board of Education shall provide additional tests and assessment resources that may be used by school districts for local diagnostic purposes. These tests and resources shall include without limitation additional high school writing, physical development and health, and fine arts assessments. The State Board of Education shall annually distribute a listing of these additional tests and resources, using funds available from appropriations made for student assessment purposes.

(f) For the assessment and accountability purposes of this Section, "all pupils" includes those pupils enrolled in a public or State-operated elementary school, secondary school, or cooperative or joint agreement with a governing body or board of control, a charter school operating in compliance with the Charter Schools Law, a school operated by a regional office of education under Section 13A-3 of this Code, or a public school administered by a local public agency or the Department of Human Services.

(Source: P.A. 93-426, eff. 8-5-03; 93-838, eff. 7-30-04; 93-857, eff. 8-3-04; 94-69, eff. 7-1-05; 94-642, eff. 1-1-06; revised 10-11-05.)

(105 ILCS 5/10-17) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-17)

Sec. 10-17. Statement of affairs.

(a) In Class I or Class II county school units the school board may use either a cash basis or accrual system of accounting; however, any board so electing to use the accrual system may not change to a cash basis without the permission of the State Board of Education.

School Boards using either a cash basis or accrual system of accounting shall maintain records showing the assets, liabilities and fund balances in such minimum forms as may be prescribed by the State Board of Education. Such boards shall make available to the public ~~publish~~ a statement of the affairs of the district prior to December 1 annually by submitting the statement of affairs in such form as may be prescribed by the State Board of Education for posting on the State Board of Education's Internet website, by having copies of the statement of affairs available in the main administrative office of the district, and by publishing in a newspaper of general circulation published in the school district an annual statement of affairs summary containing at a minimum all of the following information:

(1) A summary statement of operations for all funds of the district, as excerpted from the statement of affairs filed with the State Board of Education. The summary statement must include a listing of all moneys received by the district, indicating the total amounts, in the aggregate, each fund of the district received, with a general statement concerning the source of receipts.

(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection (a), a listing of all moneys paid out by the district where the total amount paid during the fiscal year exceeds \$2,500 in the aggregate per person, giving the name of each person to whom moneys were paid and the total paid to each person.

(3) A listing of all personnel, by name, with an annual fiscal year gross payment in the categories set forth in subdivisions 1 and 2 of subsection (c) of this Section.

In this Section, "newspaper of general circulation" means a newspaper of general circulation published in the school district, or, if no newspaper is published in the school district, a newspaper published in the county where the school district is located or, if no newspaper is published in the county, a newspaper published in the educational service region where the regional superintendent of schools has supervision and control of the school district. The submission to the State Board of Education shall include an assurance that the statement of affairs has been made available in the main administrative office of the school district and that the required notice has been published in accordance with this Section.

After December 15 annually, upon 10 days prior written notice to the school district, the State Board of Education may discontinue the processing of payments to the State Comptroller's office on behalf of any school district that is not in compliance with the requirements imposed by this Section. The State Board of Education shall resume the processing of payments to the State Comptroller's Office on behalf of the school district once the district is in compliance with the requirements imposed by this Section.

The State Board of Education must post, on or before January 15, all statements of affairs timely received from school districts, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the respective school districts and if no newspaper is published in the district then in a newspaper published in the county in which the school district is located and if no newspaper is published in the county then in a newspaper published in the educational service region in which the regional superintendent has supervision and control of such school district in such form as may be prescribed by the State Board of Education. Not later than December 15 annually the clerk shall file with the regional superintendent a certified statement that the publication has been made together with a copy of the newspaper containing it. After December 15 annually the regional superintendent of schools shall withhold from each treasurer any public moneys

~~due to be distributed to the treasurer until the duties required under this Section have been complied with.~~

(b) When any school district is the administrative district for several school districts operating under a joint agreement as authorized by this ~~Code Act~~, no receipts or disbursements accruing, received or paid out by that school district as such an administrative district shall be included in the statement of affairs of the district required by this Section. However, that district shall have prepared and made available to the public, in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, published, in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as are provided in this Section for the statement of affairs of that district, a statement showing the cash receipts and disbursements by funds (or the revenue, expenses and financial position, if the accrual system of accounting is used) of the district as such administrative district, in the form prescribed by the State Board of Education. The costs of publishing the notice and summary of this separate statement prepared by such an administrative district shall be apportioned among and paid by the participating districts in the same manner as other costs and expenses accruing to those districts jointly.

School districts on a cash basis shall have prepared and made available to the public, in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, publish a statement showing the cash receipts and disbursements by funds in the form prescribed by the State Board of Education.

School districts using the accrual system of accounting shall have prepared and made available to the public, in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, published a statement of revenue and expenses and a statement of financial position in the form prescribed by the State Board of Education.

In Class II county school units such statement shall be prepared and made available to the public, in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, published by the township treasurer of the unit within which such districts are located, except with respect to the school board of any school district that no longer is subject to the jurisdiction and authority of a township treasurer or trustees of schools of a township because the district has withdrawn from the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of the township or because those offices have been abolished as provided in subsection (b) or (c) of Section 5-1, and as to each such school district the statement required by this Section shall be prepared and made available to the public, in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, published by the school board of such district in the same manner as required for school boards of school districts situated in Class I county school units.

~~(c) The statement of affairs required pursuant to this Section shall contain in Class I and Class II counties the statement of school districts on either a cash or accrual basis shall show such other information as may be required by the State Board of Education, including:~~

1. Annual fiscal year gross payment for certificated personnel to be shown by name, listing each employee in one of the following categories:

- (a) Under ~~\$25,000~~ \$15,000
- (b) ~~\$25,000 to \$39,999~~ \$15,000 to \$24,999
- (c) ~~\$40,000 to \$59,999~~ \$25,000 to \$39,999
- (d) ~~\$60,000 to \$89,999~~ \$40,000 and over
- (e) \$90,000 and over

2. Annual fiscal year payment for non-certificated personnel to be shown by name, listing each employee in one of the following categories:

- (a) Under ~~\$25,000~~ \$15,000
- (b) ~~\$25,000 to \$39,999~~ \$15,000 to \$24,999
- (c) ~~\$40,000 to \$59,999~~ \$25,000 to \$39,999
- (d) ~~\$60,000 and over~~ \$40,000 and over

3. In addition to wages and salaries all other moneys in the aggregate paid to recipients of \$1,000 or more, giving the name of the person, firm or corporation and the total amount received by each.

4. Approximate size of school district in square miles.

5. Number of school attendance centers.

6. Numbers of employees as follows:

- (a) Full-time certificated employees;
- (b) Part-time certificated employees;
- (c) Full-time non-certificated employees;
- (d) Part-time non-certificated employees.

7. Numbers of pupils as follows:

- (a) Enrolled by grades;
- (b) Total enrolled;
- (c) Average daily attendance.

8. Assessed valuation as follows:
 - (a) Total of the district;
 - (b) Per pupil in average daily attendance.
9. Tax rate for each district fund.
10. District financial obligation at the close of the fiscal year as follows:
 - (a) Teachers' orders outstanding;
 - (b) Anticipation warrants outstanding for each fund.
11. Total bonded debt at the close of the fiscal year.
12. Percent of bonding power obligated currently.
13. Value of capital assets of the district including:
 - (a) Land;
 - (b) Buildings;
 - (c) Equipment.
14. Total amount of investments each fund.
15. Change in net cash position from the previous report period for each district fund.

In addition to the above report, a report of expenditures in the aggregate paid on behalf of recipients of \$500 or more, giving the name of the person, firm or corporation and the total amount received by each shall be available in the school district office for public inspection. This listing shall include all wages, salaries and expenditures over \$500 expended from any revolving fund maintained by the district. Any resident of the school district may receive a copy of this report, upon request, by paying a reasonable charge to defray the costs of preparing such copy.

This Section does not apply to cities having a population exceeding 500,000.

(Source: P.A. 86-96; 86-1441; 87-191; 87-473; 87-895.)

(105 ILCS 5/10-21.9) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-21.9)

Sec. 10-21.9. Criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database.

(a) Certified and noncertified applicants for employment with a school district, except school bus driver applicants, are required as a condition of employment to authorize a fingerprint-based criminal history records check to determine if such applicants have been convicted of any of the enumerated criminal or drug offenses in subsection (c) of this Section or have been convicted, within 7 years of the application for employment with the school district, of any other felony under the laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as a felony under the laws of this State. Authorization for the check shall be furnished by the applicant to the school district, except that if the applicant is a substitute teacher seeking employment in more than one school district, a teacher seeking concurrent part-time employment positions with more than one school district (as a reading specialist, special education teacher or otherwise), or an educational support personnel employee seeking employment positions with more than one district, any such district may require the applicant to furnish authorization for the check to the regional superintendent of the educational service region in which are located the school districts in which the applicant is seeking employment as a substitute or concurrent part-time teacher or concurrent educational support personnel employee. Upon receipt of this authorization, the school district or the appropriate regional superintendent, as the case may be, shall submit the applicant's name, sex, race, date of birth, social security number, fingerprint images, and other identifiers, as prescribed by the Department of State Police, to the Department. The regional superintendent submitting the requisite information to the Department of State Police shall promptly notify the school districts in which the applicant is seeking employment as a substitute or concurrent part-time teacher or concurrent educational support personnel employee that the check of the applicant has been requested. The Department of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall furnish, pursuant to a fingerprint-based criminal history records check, records of convictions, until expunged, to the president of the school board for the school district that requested the check, or to the regional superintendent who requested the check. The Department shall charge the school district or the appropriate regional superintendent a fee for conducting such check, which fee shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the cost of the inquiry; and the applicant shall not be charged a fee for such check by the school district or by the regional superintendent. Subject to appropriations for these purposes, the State Superintendent of Education shall reimburse school districts and regional superintendents for fees paid to obtain criminal history records checks under this Section.

(a-5) The school district or regional superintendent shall further perform a check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, as authorized by the Sex Offender and Child Murderer Community Notification Law, for each applicant.

(b) Any information concerning the record of convictions obtained by the president of the school

board or the regional superintendent shall be confidential and may only be transmitted to the superintendent of the school district or his designee, the appropriate regional superintendent if the check was requested by the school district, the presidents of the appropriate school boards if the check was requested from the Department of State Police by the regional superintendent, the State Superintendent of Education, the State Teacher Certification Board or any other person necessary to the decision of hiring the applicant for employment. A copy of the record of convictions obtained from the Department of State Police shall be provided to the applicant for employment. Upon the check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, the school district or regional superintendent shall notify an applicant as to whether or not the applicant has been identified in the Database as a sex offender. If a check of an applicant for employment as a substitute or concurrent part-time teacher or concurrent educational support personnel employee in more than one school district was requested by the regional superintendent, and the Department of State Police upon a check ascertains that the applicant has not been convicted of any of the enumerated criminal or drug offenses in subsection (c) or has not been convicted, within 7 years of the application for employment with the school district, of any other felony under the laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as a felony under the laws of this State and so notifies the regional superintendent and if the regional superintendent upon a check ascertains that the applicant has not been identified in the Sex Offender Database as a sex offender, then the regional superintendent shall issue to the applicant a certificate evidencing that as of the date specified by the Department of State Police the applicant has not been convicted of any of the enumerated criminal or drug offenses in subsection (c) or has not been convicted, within 7 years of the application for employment with the school district, of any other felony under the laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as a felony under the laws of this State and evidencing that as of the date that the regional superintendent conducted a check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, the applicant has not been identified in the Database as a sex offender. The school board of any school district ~~located in the educational service region served by the regional superintendent who issues such a certificate to an applicant for employment as a substitute teacher in more than one such district~~ may rely on the certificate issued by any the regional superintendent to that substitute teacher, concurrent part-time teacher, or concurrent educational support personnel employee applicant, or may initiate its own criminal history records check of the applicant through the Department of State Police and its own check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database as provided in subsection (a). Any person who releases any confidential information concerning any criminal convictions of an applicant for employment shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, unless the release of such information is authorized by this Section.

(c) No school board shall knowingly employ a person who has been convicted for committing attempted first degree murder or for committing or attempting to commit first degree murder or a Class X felony or any one or more of the following offenses: (i) those defined in Sections 11-6, 11-9, 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20, 11-20.1, 11-21, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 and 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961; (ii) those defined in the Cannabis Control Act except those defined in Sections 4(a), 4(b) and 5(a) of that Act; (iii) those defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; (iv) those defined in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; and (v) any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States, which if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses. Further, no school board shall knowingly employ a person who has been found to be the perpetrator of sexual or physical abuse of any minor under 18 years of age pursuant to proceedings under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(d) No school board shall knowingly employ a person for whom a criminal history records check and a Statewide Sex Offender Database check has not been initiated.

(e) Upon receipt of the record of a conviction of or a finding of child abuse by a holder of any certificate issued pursuant to Article 21 or Section 34-8.1 or 34-83 of the School Code, the appropriate regional superintendent of schools or the State Superintendent of Education shall initiate the certificate suspension and revocation proceedings authorized by law.

(f) After January 1, 1990 the provisions of this Section shall apply to all employees of persons or firms holding contracts with any school district including, but not limited to, food service workers, school bus drivers and other transportation employees, who have direct, daily contact with the pupils of any school in such district. For purposes of criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database on employees of persons or firms holding contracts with more than one school district and assigned to more than one school district, the regional superintendent of the educational

service region in which the contracting school districts are located may, at the request of any such school district, be responsible for receiving the authorization for a criminal history records check prepared by each such employee and submitting the same to the Department of State Police and for conducting a check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database for each employee. Any information concerning the record of conviction and identification as a sex offender of any such employee obtained by the regional superintendent shall be promptly reported to the president of the appropriate school board or school boards.

(Source: P.A. 93-418, eff. 1-1-04; 93-909, eff. 8-12-04; 94-219, eff. 7-14-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; revised 8-19-05.)

(105 ILCS 5/27-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-1)

Sec. 27-1. Areas of education taught - discrimination on account of sex. The State of Illinois, having the responsibility of defining requirements for elementary and secondary education, establishes that the primary purpose of schooling is the transmission of knowledge and culture through which children learn in areas necessary to their continuing development and entry into the world of work. Such areas include the language arts, mathematics, the biological, physical and social sciences, the fine arts and physical development and health.

Each school district shall give priority in the allocation of resources, including funds, time allocation, personnel, and facilities, to fulfilling the primary purpose of schooling.

The State Board of Education shall establish goals and learning standards consistent with the above purposes and define the knowledge and skills which the State expects students to master and apply as a consequence of their education.

Each school district shall establish learning objectives consistent with the State Board of Education's goals and learning standards for the areas referred to in this Section ~~primary purpose of schooling~~, shall develop appropriate testing and assessment systems for determining the degree to which students are achieving the objectives, and shall develop reporting systems to apprise the community and State of the assessment results.

~~Each school district shall submit upon request its objectives and assessment results, plans for improvement, and reporting systems to the State Board of Education, which shall promulgate rules and regulations for the approval of the objectives and systems.~~ Each school district shall make available to all students academic and vocational courses for the attainment of learning objectives.

No student shall be refused admission into or be excluded from any course of instruction offered in the common schools by reason of that person's sex. No student shall, solely by reason of that person's sex, be denied equal access to physical education and interscholastic athletic programs or comparable programs supported from school district funds. This Section is violated when a high school subject to this Act participates in the post-season basketball tournament of any organization or association that does not conduct post-season high school basketball tournaments for both boys and girls, which tournaments are identically structured. Conducting identically structured tournaments includes having the same number of girls' teams as boys' teams playing, in their respective tournaments, at any common location chosen for the final series of games in a tournament; provided, that nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to prohibit the selection for the final series of games in the girls' tournaments of a common location that is different than the common location selected for the final series of games in the boys' tournaments. Except as specifically stated in this Section, equal access to programs supported by school district funds and comparable programs will be defined in rules promulgated by the State Board of Education in consultation with the Illinois High School Association.

(Source: P.A. 87-934; 87-1215; 88-45.)

(105 ILCS 5/29-5) (from Ch. 122, par. 29-5)

Sec. 29-5. Reimbursement by State for transportation. Any school district, maintaining a school, transporting resident pupils to another school district's vocational program, offered through a joint agreement approved by the State Board of Education, as provided in Section 10-22.22 or transporting its resident pupils to a school which meets the standards for recognition as established by the State Board of Education which provides transportation meeting the standards of safety, comfort, convenience, efficiency and operation prescribed by the State Board of Education for resident pupils in kindergarten or any of grades 1 through 12 who: (a) reside at least 1 1/2 miles as measured by the customary route of travel, from the school attended; or (b) reside in areas where conditions are such that walking constitutes a hazard to the safety of the child when determined under Section 29-3; and (c) are transported to the school attended from pick-up points at the beginning of the school day and back again at the close of the school day or transported to and from their assigned attendance centers during the school day, shall be reimbursed by the State as hereinafter provided in this Section.

The State will pay the cost of transporting eligible pupils less the assessed valuation in a dual school

district maintaining secondary grades 9 to 12 inclusive times a qualifying rate of .05%; in elementary school districts maintaining grades K to 8 times a qualifying rate of .06%; in unit districts maintaining grades K to 12 times a qualifying rate of .07%. To be eligible to receive reimbursement in excess of 4/5 of the cost to transport eligible pupils, a school district shall have a Transportation Fund tax rate of at least .12%. If a school district does not have a .12% Transportation Fund tax rate, the amount of its claim in excess of 4/5 of the cost of transporting pupils shall be reduced by the sum arrived at by subtracting the Transportation Fund tax rate from .12% and multiplying that amount by the districts equalized or assessed valuation, provided, that in no case shall said reduction result in reimbursement of less than 4/5 of the cost to transport eligible pupils.

The minimum amount to be received by a district is \$16 times the number of eligible pupils transported.

Any such district transporting resident pupils during the school day to an area vocational school or another school district's vocational program more than 1 1/2 miles from the school attended, as provided in Sections 10-22.20a and 10-22.22, shall be reimbursed by the State for 4/5 of the cost of transporting eligible pupils.

School day means that period of time which the pupil is required to be in attendance for instructional purposes.

If a pupil is at a location within the school district other than his residence for child care purposes at the time for transportation to school, that location may be considered for purposes of determining the 1 1/2 miles from the school attended.

Claims for reimbursement that include children who attend any school other than a public school shall show the number of such children transported.

Claims for reimbursement under this Section shall not be paid for the transportation of pupils for whom transportation costs are claimed for payment under other Sections of this Act.

The allowable direct cost of transporting pupils for regular, vocational, and special education pupil transportation shall be limited to the sum of the cost of physical examinations required for employment as a school bus driver; the salaries of full or part-time drivers and school bus maintenance personnel; employee benefits excluding Illinois municipal retirement payments, social security payments, unemployment insurance payments and workers' compensation insurance premiums; expenditures to independent carriers who operate school buses; payments to other school districts for pupil transportation services; pre-approved contractual expenditures for computerized bus scheduling; the cost of gasoline, oil, tires, and other supplies necessary for the operation of school buses; the cost of converting buses' gasoline engines to more fuel efficient engines or to engines which use alternative energy sources; the cost of travel to meetings and workshops conducted by the regional superintendent or the State Superintendent of Education pursuant to the standards established by the Secretary of State under Section 6-106 of the Illinois Vehicle Code to improve the driving skills of school bus drivers; the cost of maintenance of school buses including parts and materials used; expenditures for leasing transportation vehicles, except interest and service charges; the cost of insurance and licenses for transportation vehicles; expenditures for the rental of transportation equipment; plus a depreciation allowance of 20% for 5 years for school buses and vehicles approved for transporting pupils to and from school and a depreciation allowance of 10% for 10 years for other transportation equipment so used. Each school year, if a school district has made expenditures to the Regional Transportation Authority or any of its service boards, a mass transit district, or an urban transportation district under an intergovernmental agreement with the district to provide for the transportation of pupils and if the public transit carrier received direct payment for services or passes from a school district within its service area during the 2000-2001 school year, then the allowable direct cost of transporting pupils for regular, vocational, and special education pupil transportation shall also include the expenditures that the district has made to the public transit carrier. In addition to the above allowable costs school districts shall also claim all transportation supervisory salary costs, including Illinois municipal retirement payments, and all transportation related building and building maintenance costs without limitation.

Special education allowable costs shall also include expenditures for the salaries of attendants or aides for that portion of the time they assist special education pupils while in transit and expenditures for parents and public carriers for transporting special education pupils when pre-approved by the State Superintendent of Education.

Indirect costs shall be included in the reimbursement claim for districts which own and operate their own school buses. Such indirect costs shall include administrative costs, or any costs attributable to transporting pupils from their attendance centers to another school building for instructional purposes. No school district which owns and operates its own school buses may claim reimbursement for indirect costs which exceed 5% of the total allowable direct costs for pupil transportation.

The State Board of Education shall prescribe uniform regulations for determining the above standards and shall prescribe forms of cost accounting and standards of determining reasonable depreciation. Such depreciation shall include the cost of equipping school buses with the safety features required by law or by the rules, regulations and standards promulgated by the State Board of Education, and the Department of Transportation for the safety and construction of school buses provided, however, any equipment cost reimbursed by the Department of Transportation for equipping school buses with such safety equipment shall be deducted from the allowable cost in the computation of reimbursement under this Section in the same percentage as the cost of the equipment is depreciated.

On or before ~~August 15~~ ~~July 10~~, annually, the chief school administrator for the district shall certify to the ~~regional superintendent of schools upon forms prescribed by the State Superintendent of Education~~ the district's claim for reimbursement for the school year ~~ending~~ ~~ended~~ on June 30 next preceding. ~~The regional superintendent of schools shall check all transportation claims to ascertain compliance with the prescribed standards and upon his approval shall certify not later than July 25 to the State Superintendent of Education the regional report of claims for reimbursements.~~ The State Superintendent of Education shall check and approve the claims and prepare the vouchers showing the amounts due for district reimbursement claims. ~~Each~~ ~~Beginning with the 1977~~ fiscal year, the State Superintendent of Education shall prepare and transmit the first 3 vouchers to the Comptroller on the 30th day of September, December and March, respectively, and the final voucher, no later than ~~June 20~~ ~~June 15~~.

If the amount appropriated for transportation reimbursement is insufficient to fund total claims for any fiscal year, the State Board of Education shall reduce each school district's allowable costs and flat grant amount proportionately to make total adjusted claims equal the total amount appropriated.

For purposes of calculating claims for reimbursement under this Section for any school year beginning July 1, 1998, or thereafter, the equalized assessed valuation for a school district used to compute reimbursement shall be computed in the same manner as it is computed under paragraph (2) of subsection (G) of Section 18-8.05.

All reimbursements received from the State shall be deposited into the district's transportation fund or into the fund from which the allowable expenditures were made.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any school district receiving a payment under this Section or under Section 14-7.02, 14-7.02b, or 14-13.01 of this Code may classify all or a portion of the funds that it receives in a particular fiscal year or from general State aid pursuant to Section 18-8.05 of this Code as funds received in connection with any funding program for which it is entitled to receive funds from the State in that fiscal year (including, without limitation, any funding program referenced in this Section), regardless of the source or timing of the receipt. The district may not classify more funds as funds received in connection with the funding program than the district is entitled to receive in that fiscal year for that program. Any classification by a district must be made by a resolution of its board of education. The resolution must identify the amount of any payments or general State aid to be classified under this paragraph and must specify the funding program to which the funds are to be treated as received in connection therewith. This resolution is controlling as to the classification of funds referenced therein. A certified copy of the resolution must be sent to the State Superintendent of Education. The resolution shall still take effect even though a copy of the resolution has not been sent to the State Superintendent of Education in a timely manner. No classification under this paragraph by a district shall affect the total amount or timing of money the district is entitled to receive under this Code. No classification under this paragraph by a district shall in any way relieve the district from or affect any requirements that otherwise would apply with respect to that funding program, including any accounting of funds by source, reporting expenditures by original source and purpose, reporting requirements, or requirements of providing services.

Any school district with a population of not more than 500,000 must deposit all funds received under this Article into the transportation fund and use those funds for the provision of transportation services. (Source: P.A. 92-568, eff. 6-26-02; 93-166, eff. 7-10-03; 93-663, eff. 2-17-04; 93-1022, eff. 8-24-04.)

(105 ILCS 5/34-18.5) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-18.5)

Sec. 34-18.5. Criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database.

(a) Certified and noncertified applicants for employment with the school district are required as a condition of employment to authorize a fingerprint-based criminal history records check to determine if such applicants have been convicted of any of the enumerated criminal or drug offenses in subsection (c) of this Section or have been convicted, within 7 years of the application for employment with the school district, of any other felony under the laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as a felony under the laws of this State. Authorization for the check shall be furnished by the applicant to the school district, except that if the applicant is a substitute teacher seeking

employment in more than one school district, or a teacher seeking concurrent part-time employment positions with more than one school district (as a reading specialist, special education teacher or otherwise), or an educational support personnel employee seeking employment positions with more than one district, any such district may require the applicant to furnish authorization for the check to the regional superintendent of the educational service region in which are located the school districts in which the applicant is seeking employment as a substitute or concurrent part-time teacher or concurrent educational support personnel employee. Upon receipt of this authorization, the school district or the appropriate regional superintendent, as the case may be, shall submit the applicant's name, sex, race, date of birth, social security number, fingerprint images, and other identifiers, as prescribed by the Department of State Police, to the Department. The regional superintendent submitting the requisite information to the Department of State Police shall promptly notify the school districts in which the applicant is seeking employment as a substitute or concurrent part-time teacher or concurrent educational support personnel employee that the check of the applicant has been requested. The Department of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall furnish, pursuant to a fingerprint-based criminal history records check, records of convictions, until expunged, to the president of the school board for the school district that requested the check, or to the regional superintendent who requested the check. The Department shall charge the school district or the appropriate regional superintendent a fee for conducting such check, which fee shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the cost of the inquiry; and the applicant shall not be charged a fee for such check by the school district or by the regional superintendent. Subject to appropriations for these purposes, the State Superintendent of Education shall reimburse the school district and regional superintendent for fees paid to obtain criminal history records checks under this Section.

(a-5) The school district or regional superintendent shall further perform a check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, as authorized by the Sex Offender and Child Murderer Community Notification Law, for each applicant.

(b) Any information concerning the record of convictions obtained by the president of the board of education or the regional superintendent shall be confidential and may only be transmitted to the general superintendent of the school district or his designee, the appropriate regional superintendent if the check was requested by the board of education for the school district, the presidents of the appropriate board of education or school boards if the check was requested from the Department of State Police by the regional superintendent, the State Superintendent of Education, the State Teacher Certification Board or any other person necessary to the decision of hiring the applicant for employment. A copy of the record of convictions obtained from the Department of State Police shall be provided to the applicant for employment. Upon the check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, the school district or regional superintendent shall notify an applicant as to whether or not the applicant has been identified in the Database as a sex offender. If a check of an applicant for employment as a substitute or concurrent part-time teacher or concurrent educational support personnel employee in more than one school district was requested by the regional superintendent, and the Department of State Police upon a check ascertains that the applicant has not been convicted of any of the enumerated criminal or drug offenses in subsection (c) or has not been convicted, within 7 years of the application for employment with the school district, of any other felony under the laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as a felony under the laws of this State and so notifies the regional superintendent and if the regional superintendent upon a check ascertains that the applicant has not been identified in the Sex Offender Database as a sex offender, then the regional superintendent shall issue to the applicant a certificate evidencing that as of the date specified by the Department of State Police the applicant has not been convicted of any of the enumerated criminal or drug offenses in subsection (c) or has not been convicted, within 7 years of the application for employment with the school district, of any other felony under the laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as a felony under the laws of this State and evidencing that as of the date that the regional superintendent conducted a check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, the applicant has not been identified in the Database as a sex offender. The school board of any school district ~~located in the educational service region served by the regional superintendent who issues such a certificate to an applicant for employment as a substitute or concurrent part-time teacher or concurrent educational support personnel employee in more than one such district~~ may rely on the certificate issued by any the regional superintendent to that substitute teacher, concurrent part-time teacher, or concurrent educational support personnel employee applicant, or may initiate its own criminal history records check of the applicant through the Department of State Police and its own check of the Statewide Sex Offender

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Database as provided in subsection (a). Any person who releases any confidential information concerning any criminal convictions of an applicant for employment shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, unless the release of such information is authorized by this Section.

(c) The board of education shall not knowingly employ a person who has been convicted for committing attempted first degree murder or for committing or attempting to commit first degree murder or a Class X felony or any one or more of the following offenses: (i) those defined in Sections 11-6, 11-9, 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20, 11-20.1, 11-21, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 and 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961; (ii) those defined in the Cannabis Control Act, except those defined in Sections 4(a), 4(b) and 5(a) of that Act; (iii) those defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; (iv) those defined in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; and (v) any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States, which if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses. Further, the board of education shall not knowingly employ a person who has been found to be the perpetrator of sexual or physical abuse of any minor under 18 years of age pursuant to proceedings under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(d) The board of education shall not knowingly employ a person for whom a criminal history records check and a Statewide Sex Offender Database check has not been initiated.

(e) Upon receipt of the record of a conviction of or a finding of child abuse by a holder of any certificate issued pursuant to Article 21 or Section 34-8.1 or 34-83 of the School Code, the board of education or the State Superintendent of Education shall initiate the certificate suspension and revocation proceedings authorized by law.

(f) After March 19, 1990, the provisions of this Section shall apply to all employees of persons or firms holding contracts with any school district including, but not limited to, food service workers, school bus drivers and other transportation employees, who have direct, daily contact with the pupils of any school in such district. For purposes of criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database on employees of persons or firms holding contracts with more than one school district and assigned to more than one school district, the regional superintendent of the educational service region in which the contracting school districts are located may, at the request of any such school district, be responsible for receiving the authorization for a criminal history records check prepared by each such employee and submitting the same to the Department of State Police and for conducting a check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database for each employee. Any information concerning the record of conviction and identification as a sex offender of any such employee obtained by the regional superintendent shall be promptly reported to the president of the appropriate school board or school boards.

(Source: P.A. 93-418, eff. 1-1-04; 93-909, eff. 8-12-04; 94-219, eff. 7-14-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; revised 8-19-05.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.11b rep.) (105 ILCS 5/2-3.25e rep.)

Section 10. The School Code is amended by repealing Sections 2-3.11b and 2-3.25e.

Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.30 as follows:

(30 ILCS 805/8.30 new)

Sec. 8.30. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2006."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Floor Amendment No. 2 was held in the Committee on Education.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator W. Jones, **Senate Bill No. 2960**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendment No. 1 to was referred to the Committee on Rules earlier today.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Bomke, **Senate Bill No. 2967**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Rules.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Dillard, **Senate Bill No. 3016**, having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendment No. 1 was referred to the Committee on Rules earlier today.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 2:20 o'clock p.m., Senator del Valle presiding.

REPORTS FROM RULES COMMITTEE

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its February 28, 2006 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Rules: **SENATE BILL 894.**

Agriculture & Conservation: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2716; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2810.**

Education: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 854; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 855; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2257; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2670; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2795; Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2795; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2796.**

Environment & Energy: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2285; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2580; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2807; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2845; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2884.**

Executive: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 820; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1214; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1214; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1835; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1991; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2180; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2277; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2302; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2302; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2558; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2981; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 3086.**

Financial Institutions: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 893; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2325; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2349; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2619.**

Health & Human Services: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 618; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 951; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 951; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 999; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2326; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2328; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2394; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2415; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2436; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2465; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2510; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2568; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2654; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2695; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2770; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2967.**

Higher Education: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 880; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2225; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2376.**

Housing & Community Affairs: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2290.**

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Judiciary: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1183; Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2137; Senate Floor Amendment No. 5 to Senate Bill 2137; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2243; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2284; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2303; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2368; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2374; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2515; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2676; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2684; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2737; Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2869; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2960; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2962; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2968; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3016.**

Labor: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2339.**

Licensed Activities: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2469; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2608; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2745.**

Local Government: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 821; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 841; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 843; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2798; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3046; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 3046.**

Pensions & Investments: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 789.**

Revenue: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 819; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2369; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2872; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2872.**

State Government: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 5 to Senate Bill 2330; Senate Floor Amendment No. 6 to Senate Bill 2330; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2921.**

Transportation: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1085; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1086; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1087; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2233; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2405; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2489; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2650; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2808.**

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, to which was referred **Senate Bills Numbered 619, 621, 679, 701, 702, 827, 835, 860 and 918** on July 1, 2005, pursuant to Rule 3-9(b), reported that the Committee recommends that the bills be approved for consideration and returned to the calendar in their former position.

The report of the Committee was concurred in.

And **Senate Bills Numbered 619, 621, 679, 701, 702, 827, 835, 860 and 918** were returned to the order of third reading.

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its February 28, 2006 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Agriculture & Conservation: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 621.**

Education: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 860.**

Environment & Energy: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 619.**

Insurance: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 918.**

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Labor: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 827.**

Local Government: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 701; Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 835.**

Revenue: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 679; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 702.**

COMMITTEE MEETING ANNOUNCEMENTS

Senator Crotty, Chairperson of the Committee on Local Government, announced that the Local Government Committee will meet today in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 3:30 o'clock p.m.

Senator Martinez, Vice-Chairperson of the Committee on Housing & Community Affairs, announced that the Housing & Community Affairs Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 10:30 o'clock a.m.

Senator Martinez, Chairperson of the Committee on Pensions & Investments, announced that the Pensions & Investments Committee will meet today in Room 400, at 4:00 o'clock p.m.

Senator Link, Member of the Committee on Appropriations II, announced that the Appropriations II Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 212, at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

Senator Demuzio, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities, announced that the Licensed Activities Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

Senator Haine, Chairperson of the Committee on Insurance, announced that the Insurance Committee will meet today in Room 400, at 3:30 o'clock p.m.

Senator Lightford, Chairperson of the Committee on Education, announced that the Education Committee will meet today in Room 212, at 3:30 o'clock p.m.

Senator Lightford, Vice-Chairperson of the Committee on Financial Institutions, announced that the Financial Institutions Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 400, at 10:00 o'clock a.m.

Senator Hendon, Member of the Committee on Environment & Energy, announced that the Environment & Energy Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 212, at 8:30 o'clock a.m.

Senator Forby, Chairperson of the Committee on Labor, announced that the Labor Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 400, at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

Senator Maloney, Member of the Committee on Appropriations I, announced that the Appropriations I Committee will meet today in Room 212, at 4:00 o'clock p.m.

Senator Maloney, Chairperson of the Committee on Higher Education, announced that the Higher Education Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006 in Room 400, at 4:00 o'clock p.m.

Senator Garrett, Chairperson of the Committee on State Government, announced that the State Government Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 12:00 o'clock p.m.

Senator Ronen, Chairperson of the Committee on Health & Human Services, announced that the Health & Human Services Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 400, at 8:30 o'clock a.m.

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Senator Harmon, Vice-Chairperson of the Committee on Judiciary, announced that the Judiciary Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 212, at 10:30 o'clock a.m.

Senator Harmon, Chairperson of the Committee on Revenue, announced that the Revenue Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006 in Room 400, at 12:00 o'clock p.m.

Senator Munoz, Chairperson of the Committee on Transportation, announced that the Transportation Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 400, at 10:30 o'clock a.m.

Senator Sullivan, Chairperson of the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation, announced that the Agriculture & Conservation Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 8:30 o'clock a.m.

Senator Hunter, Chairperson of the Committee on Appropriations III, announced that the Appropriations III Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 212, at 4:00 o'clock p.m.

Senator Hendon, Member of the Committee on Executive, announced that the Executive Committee will meet Wednesday, March 1, 2006, in Room 212, at 12:00 o'clock p.m.

MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR

Message for the Governor by Joseph B. Handley
Deputy Chief of Staff for Legislative Affairs

February 16, 2006

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable
Members of the Senate
Ninety-Fourth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named persons to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of these appointments of your Honorable body.

COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD

To be a Member of the Community College Board for a term commencing December 13, 2005 and ending June 30, 2011:

Jacob C. Rendleman of Carterville
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Gary Forby

s/Rod Blagojevich
GOVERNOR

Under the rules, the foregoing Message was referred to the Committee on Executive Appointments.

Message for the Governor by Joseph B. Handley
Deputy Chief of Staff for Legislative Affairs

[February 28, 2006]

February 24, 2006

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable
Members of the Senate
Ninety-Fourth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named persons to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of these appointments of your Honorable body.

AGING, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT ON

To be Director of the Illinois Department on Aging for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Charles D. Johnson of Olympia Fields Sponsor: Senator M. Maggie Crotty
Salaried

AGRICULTURE, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Agriculture for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Charles A. Hartke of Teutopolis Sponsor: Senator John O. Jones
Salaried

CENTRAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Central Management Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Paul Joseph Campbell of Arlington Heights Sponsor: Senator Wendell E. Jones
Salaried

To be Assistant Director of the Illinois Department of Central Management Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

N. Keith Chambers of South Holland Sponsor: Senator James T. Meeks
Salaried

CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Bryan H. Samuels of Chicago Sponsor: Senator Kwame Raoul
Salaried

COMMERCE AND ECONOMIC OPPURTUNITY, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

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John P. Lavin of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator John J. Cullerton

To be Assistant Director of the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Roxanne Nava of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Rickey R. Hendon

CORRECTIONS, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Corrections for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Roger E. Walker, Jr. of Decatur
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Bill Brady

CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be Executive Director of the Criminal Justice Information Authority for a term commencing February 21, 2006:

Lori G. Levin of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator John J. Cullerton

ILLINOIS EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

To be Director of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

William C. Burke of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Kwame Raoul

To be Assistant Director of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Gary N. Wright of Springfield
Salaried

Sponsor: Larry K. Bomke

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Employment Security for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Brenda A. Russell of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Rickey R. Hendon

INTERNATIONAL PORT DISTRICT BOARD, ILLINOIS

To be a member of the Illinois International Port District Board for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending June 1, 2009:

R. Cary Capparelli of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator James A. DeLeo

HEALTHCARE AND FAMILY SERVICES, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

[February 28, 2006]

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Barry S. Maram of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator John J. Cullerton

HUMAN RIGHTS, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Human Rights for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Rocco J. Claps of Villa Park
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Dan Cronin

HUMAN SERVICES, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Secretary of the Illinois Department of Human Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Carol Adams of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Kwame Raoul

To be Assistant Secretary of the Illinois Department of Human Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Francisco DuPrey of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Iris Y. Martinez

To be Assistant Secretary of the Illinois Department of Human Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Grace B. Hou of LaGrange Park
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Dan Cronin

To be Inspector General of the Illinois Department of Human Services for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

William M. Davis of Palos Hills
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Edward D. Maloney

LABOR, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Labor for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Arthur Ludwig of West Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Peter J. Roskam

PROFESSIONAL AND FINANCIAL REGULATION, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Secretary of the Illinois Department of Professional and Financial Regulation for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Dean Martinez of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator John J. Cullerton

To be a Director of the Illinois Department of Professional and Financial Regulation for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

[February 28, 2006]

Dorance Lorenzo Padron of Glenview
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Jeffrey M. Schoenberg

To be a Director of the Illinois Department of Professional and Financial Regulation for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Daniel E. Bluthardt of Chatham
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Larry K. Bomke

PUBLIC HEALTH, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Public Health for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Dr. Eric E. Whitaker of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Kwame Raoul

To be Assistant Director of the Illinois Department of Public Health for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Jonathan C. Dopkeen of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Kwame Raoul

REVENUE, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Brian A. Hamer of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Carol Ronen

STATE POLICE, ILLINOIS

To be Director of the Illinois State Police for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Larry G. Trent of Brighton
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator William R. Haine

TRANSPORTATION, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Secretary of the Illinois Department of Transportation for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Timothy W. Martin of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Ira I. Silverstein

To be Assistant Secretary of the Illinois Department of Transportation for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

David D. Phelps of Eldorado
Salaried

Sponsor: Senator Gary Forby

VETERANS' AFFAIRS, ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

[February 28, 2006]

Roy L. Dolgos of Springfield
Salaried

Sponsor: Larry K. Bomke

To be Assistant Director of the Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 15, 2007:

Rochelle Crump of Chicago
Salaried

Sponsor: Jacqueline Y. Collins

ILLINOIS STATE UNIVERSITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

To be a member of the Illinois State University Board of Trustees for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending January 17, 2011:

Jay Bergman of Joliet
Non-salaried

Sponsor: Senator Edward Petka

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR AND PUBLIC GUARDIAN OF VERMILLION COUNTY

To be Public Administrator and Public Guardian of Vermillion County for a term commencing February 21, 2006 and ending December 7, 2009:

Danny R. Dunavan of Bismarck
Non-salaried

Sponsor: Senator Richard "Rick" J. Winkel

Rod Blagojevich
GOVERNOR

At the hour of 2:40 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand adjourned until Wednesday, March 1, 2006, at 12:30 o'clock p.m.