



SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

4TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

Perfunctory Session

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 2003

1:10 O'CLOCK P.M.

NO. 4
[January 29, 2003]

SENATE
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4th Legislative Day

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The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
Pursuant to the Senate Rule 2-5(c)2 the Secretary of the Senate conducted the perfunctory session.
Silent prayer was observed.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 9

Offered by Senator Shadid and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Marian Y. Schmitt of Peoria.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 10

Offered by Senator Lightford and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Aritha Mallory.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 11

Offered by Senator Lauzen and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Salvatore "Ted" Spella of Algonquin.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 12

Offered by Senator Lauzen and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Loraine G. Heriaud of Naperville.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 13

Offered by Senator Lauzen and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Lucille A. Bertels of Aurora.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 14

Offered by Senator Lauzen and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Arthur Louis Ardelean of Plano.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 15

Offered by Senator Maloney and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Ann Moore, formerly of Evergreen Park.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

Senator Klemm offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 16

WHEREAS, The Constitution of the State of Illinois, Article 1, Section 15 states that "Private property shall not be taken or damaged for public use without just compensation as provided by law. Such compensation shall be determined by a jury as provided by law"; and

WHEREAS, Quick-take powers were originally intended for the acquisition of property to be used for public purposes, not private purposes; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that before a unit of local government may request Senate approval of legislation authorizing the unit of local government to acquire property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers under Section 7-103 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the unit of local government must comply with all of the following procedures:

- (1) The unit of local government must notify each owner of an interest in the property, by

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certified mail, of the unit of local government's intention to request approval of legislation by the General Assembly authorizing the unit of local government to acquire the property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers under Section 7-103 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(2) The unit of local government must cause notice of its intention to request authorization to acquire the property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the territory sought to be acquired by the unit of local government.

(3) Following the notices required under paragraphs (1) and (2), the unit of local government must hold at least one public hearing, at the place where the unit of local government normally holds its business meetings, on the question of the unit of local government's acquisition of the property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers.

(4) Following the public hearing or hearings held under paragraph (3), the unit of local government must adopt, by recorded vote, a resolution to request approval of legislation by the General Assembly authorizing the unit of local government to acquire the property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers under Section 7-103 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The resolution must include a statement of the time period within which the unit of local government requests authority to exercise "quick-take" powers, which may not exceed one year.

(5) Following the public hearing or hearings held under paragraph (3), and not less than 30 days following the notice to the property owner or owners required under paragraph (1), the chief elected official of the unit of local government must submit to the Chairman of the Senate Executive Committee a sworn, notarized affidavit that states all of the following:

(A) The legal description of the property.

(B) The street address of the property.

(C) The name of each State Senator and State Representative who represents the territory under the unit of local government's jurisdiction.

(D) The date or dates on which the unit of local government contacted each such State Senator and State Representative concerning the unit of local government's intention to request approval of legislation by the General Assembly authorizing the unit of local government to acquire the property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers.

(E) The current name, address, and telephone number of each owner of an interest in the property.

(F) A summary of all negotiations between the unit of local government and the owner or owners of the property concerning the sale of the property to the unit of local government.

(G) A statement of the date and location of each public hearing held under paragraph (3).

(H) A statement of the public purpose for which the unit of local government seeks to acquire the property.

The affidavit must also contain the chief elected official's certification that (i) the property is located within the territory under the unit of local government's jurisdiction and (ii) the unit of local government seeks to acquire the property for a public purpose.

(6) Together with the affidavit submitted under paragraph (5), the chief elected official of the unit of local government must submit the following items to the Chairman of the Senate Executive Committee:

(A) A map of the area in which the property to be acquired is located, showing the location of the property.

(B) Photographs of the property.

(C) An appraisal of the property by a real estate appraiser who is certified or licensed under the Real Estate Appraiser Licensing Act of 2002.

(D) A copy of the resolution adopted by the unit of local government under paragraph (4).

(E) Documentation of the public purpose for which the unit of local government seeks to acquire the property.

(F) A copy of each notice sent to an owner of an interest in the property under paragraph (1); and be it further

RESOLVED, That every affidavit submitted by a unit of local government pursuant to this Resolution, together with all documents and other items submitted with the affidavit, must be made available to any person upon request for inspection and copying.

Senator Cullerton offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

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SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 17

WHEREAS, On May 4, 2000, the Governor of the State of Illinois issued Executive Order No. 4 that created the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and

WHEREAS, The duties of the Commission were: (1) to study and review the administration of the capital punishment process in Illinois to determine why that process has failed in the past, resulting in the imposition of death sentences upon innocent people; (2) to examine ways of providing safeguards and making improvements in the way law enforcement and the criminal justice system carry out their responsibilities in the death penalty process from investigation through trial, judicial appeal, and executive review; (3) to consider, among other things, the ultimate findings and final recommendations of the House Death Penalty Task Force and the Special Supreme Court Committee on Capital Cases and determine the effect these recommendations may have on the capital punishment process; and (4) to make any recommendations and proposals designed to further ensure that the application and administration of the death penalty in Illinois is just, fair and accurate; and

WHEREAS, In April 2002, the Commission issued its recommendations; and

WHEREAS, Recommendation No. 39 was among the Commission's recommendations and provided that the Illinois Supreme Court should consider appointment of a standing committee of trial judges and/or Appellate Judges familiar with capital case management to provide resources to trial judges throughout the State who are responsible for trying capital cases; and

WHEREAS, Section 16 of Article VI of the Illinois Constitution vests general administrative and supervisory authority over all courts in the Supreme Court of Illinois; and

WHEREAS, In accordance with this authority, the Illinois Supreme Court has adopted rules governing trial procedure in criminal cases; and

WHEREAS, The adoption of Commission Recommendation No. 39 by the Illinois Supreme Court would serve the best interests of the Illinois criminal justice system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Illinois Supreme Court to adopt Recommendation No. 39 of the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this Resolution be presented to the Honorable Mary Ann McMorrow, Chief Justice of the Illinois Supreme Court.

Senator Cullerton offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 18

WHEREAS, On May 4, 2000, the Governor of the State of Illinois issued Executive Order No. 4 that created the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and

WHEREAS, The duties of the Commission were: (1) to study and review the administration of the capital punishment process in Illinois to determine why that process has failed in the past, resulting in the imposition of death sentences upon innocent people; (2) to examine ways of providing safeguards and making improvements in the way law enforcement and the criminal justice system carry out their responsibilities in the death penalty process--from investigation through trial, judicial appeal, and executive review; (3) to consider, among other things, the ultimate findings and final recommendations of the House Death Penalty Task Force and the Special Supreme Court Committee on Capital Cases and determine the effect these recommendations may have on the capital punishment process; and (4) to make any recommendations and proposals designed to further ensure that the application and administration of the death penalty in Illinois is just, fair and accurate; and

WHEREAS, In April 2002, the Commission issued its recommendations; and

WHEREAS, Among the Commission's recommendations was Recommendation No. 37 that provided that the Illinois Supreme Court should consider ways in which information regarding relevant case law and other resources can be widely disseminated to those trying capital cases, through the development of a digest of applicable law by the Supreme Court and wider publication of the outline of issues developed by the State Appellate Defender or the State Appellate Prosecutor and/or the Attorney General; and

WHEREAS, Section 16 of Article VI of the Illinois Constitution vests general administrative and supervisory authority over all courts in the Supreme Court of Illinois; and

WHEREAS, The adoption of Commission Recommendation No. 37 by the Illinois Supreme Court would serve the best interests of the Illinois criminal justice system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE

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STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Illinois Supreme Court to adopt Recommendation No. 37 of the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this Resolution be presented to the Honorable Mary Ann McMorrow, Chief Justice of the Illinois Supreme Court.

Senator Cullerton offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 19

WHEREAS, On May 4, 2000, the Governor of the State of Illinois issued Executive Order No. 4 that created the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and

WHEREAS, The duties of the Commission were: (1) to study and review the administration of the capital punishment process in Illinois to determine why that process has failed in the past, resulting in the imposition of death sentences upon innocent people; (2) to examine ways of providing safeguards and making improvements in the way law enforcement and the criminal justice system carry out their responsibilities in the death penalty process from investigation through trial, judicial appeal, and executive review; (3) to consider, among other things, the ultimate findings and final recommendations of the House Death Penalty Task Force and the Special Supreme Court Committee on Capital Cases and determine the effect these recommendations may have on the capital punishment process; and (4) to make any recommendations and proposals designed to further ensure that the application and administration of the death penalty in Illinois is just, fair and accurate; and

WHEREAS, In April 2002, the Commission issued its recommendations; and

WHEREAS, Recommendation No. 38 was among the Commission's recommendations and provided that the the Illinois Supreme Court, or the chief judges of the various judicial districts throughout the State, should consider implementation of a process to certify judges who are qualified to hear capital cases either by virtue of experience or training, and that trial court judges should be certified as qualified to hear capital cases based upon completion of specialized training and based upon their experience in hearing criminal cases and only such certified judges should hear capital cases; and

WHEREAS, Section 16 of Article VI of the Illinois Constitution vests general administrative and supervisory authority over all courts in the Supreme Court of Illinois; and

WHEREAS, In accordance with this authority, the Illinois Supreme Court has adopted rules governing trial procedure in criminal cases; and

WHEREAS, The adoption of Commission Recommendation No. 38 by the Illinois Supreme Court would serve the best interests of the Illinois criminal justice system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Illinois Supreme Court to adopt Recommendation No. 38 of the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this Resolution be presented to the Honorable Mary Ann McMorrow, Chief Justice of the Illinois Supreme Court.

Senator Cullerton offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 20

WHEREAS, On May 4, 2000, the Governor of the State of Illinois issued Executive Order No. 4 that created the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and

WHEREAS, The duties of the Commission were: (1) to study and review the administration of the capital punishment process in Illinois to determine why that process has failed in the past, resulting in the imposition of death sentences upon innocent people; (2) to examine ways of providing safeguards and making improvements in the way law enforcement and the criminal justice system carry out their responsibilities in the death penalty process from investigation through trial, judicial appeal, and executive review; (3) to consider, among other things, the ultimate findings and final recommendations of the House Death Penalty Task Force and the Special Supreme Court Committee on Capital Cases and determine the effect these recommendations may have on the capital punishment process; and (4) to make any recommendations and proposals designed to further ensure that the application and administration of the death penalty in Illinois is just, fair and accurate; and

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WHEREAS, In April 2002, the Commission issued its recommendations; and

WHEREAS, Recommendation No. 71 was among the Commission's recommendations and provided that Illinois Supreme Court Rule 3.8 of the Illinois Rules of Professional Conduct, Special Responsibilities of a Prosecutor, should be amended in paragraph (c) by the addition of the following language: "Following conviction, a public prosecutor or other government lawyer has the continuing obligation to make timely disclosure to the counsel for the defendant or to the defendant if the defendant is not represented by a lawyer, of the existence of evidence, known to the prosecutor or other government lawyer, that tends to negate the guilt of the defendant or mitigate the defendant's capital sentence. For purposes of this post-conviction disclosure responsibility 'timely disclosure' contemplates that the prosecutor or other government lawyer should have the opportunity to investigate matters related to the new evidence."; and

WHEREAS, Section 16 of Article VI of the Illinois Constitution vests general administrative and supervisory authority over all courts in the Supreme Court of Illinois; and

WHEREAS, In accordance with this authority, the Illinois Supreme Court has adopted rules governing trial procedure in criminal cases; and

WHEREAS, The adoption of Commission Recommendation No. 71 by the Illinois Supreme Court would serve the best interests of the Illinois criminal justice system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Illinois Supreme Court to adopt Recommendation No. 71 of the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this Resolution be presented to the Honorable Mary Ann McMorrow, Chief Justice of the Illinois Supreme Court.

Senator Cullerton offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 21

WHEREAS, On May 4, 2000, the Governor of the State of Illinois issued Executive Order No. 4 that created the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and

WHEREAS, The duties of the Commission were: (1) to study and review the administration of the capital punishment process in Illinois to determine why that process has failed in the past, resulting in the imposition of death sentences upon innocent people; (2) to examine ways of providing safeguards and making improvements in the way law enforcement and the criminal justice system carry out their responsibilities in the death penalty process from investigation through trial, judicial appeal, and executive review; (3) to consider, among other things, the ultimate findings and final recommendations of the House Death Penalty Task Force and the Special Supreme Court Committee on Capital Cases and determine the effect these recommendations may have on the capital punishment process; and (4) to make any recommendations and proposals designed to further ensure that the application and administration of the death penalty in Illinois is just, fair and accurate; and

WHEREAS, In April 2002, the Commission issued its recommendations; and

WHEREAS, Recommendation No. 51 was among the Commission's recommendations and provided that whenever the State may introduce the testimony of an in-custody informant who has agreed to testify for the prosecution in a capital case as to a statement allegedly made by the defendant, at either the guilt or sentencing phase, the State should promptly inform the defense as to the identification and background of the witness; and

WHEREAS, Section 16 of Article VI of the Illinois Constitution vests general administrative and supervisory authority over all courts in the Supreme Court of Illinois; and

WHEREAS, In accordance with this authority, the Illinois Supreme Court has adopted rules governing trial procedure in criminal cases; and

WHEREAS, The adoption of Commission Recommendation No. 51 by the Illinois Supreme Court would serve the best interests of the Illinois criminal justice system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Illinois Supreme Court to adopt Recommendation No. 51 of the Governor's Commission On Capital Punishment; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this Resolution be presented to the Honorable Mary Ann McMorrow, Chief Justice of the Illinois Supreme Court.

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INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

SENATE BILL NO. 84. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT with regard to schools.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 85. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT with respect to education.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 86. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT concerning schools.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 87. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT concerning schools.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 88. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT concerning education.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 89. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT concerning higher education.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 90. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT concerning employment.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 91. Introduced by Senator Radogno, a bill for AN ACT in relation to municipal government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 92. Introduced by Senator Walsh, a bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 93. Introduced by Senator Walsh, a bill for AN ACT authorizing a horse feed checkoff.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 94. Introduced by Senator Shadid, a bill for AN ACT in relation to public utilities.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 95. Introduced by Senator Shadid, a bill for AN ACT in relation to criminal law.

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The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 96. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT in relation to transportation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 97. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT in relation to alcohol.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 98. Introduced by Senator Halvorson, a bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 99. Introduced by Senator Ronen, a bill for AN ACT concerning education.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 100. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning compensation of public officials.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 101. Introduced by Senator Ronen, a bill for AN ACT concerning human rights.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 102. Introduced by Senator Clayborne, a bill for AN ACT in relation to tobacco product manufacturers.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 103. Introduced by Senator del Valle, a bill for AN ACT in relation to public health.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 104. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning soft drinks.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 105. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 106. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning State's Attorneys.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 107. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 108. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning corrections.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 109. Introduced by Senator Watson, a bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 110. Introduced by Senator DeLeo, a bill for AN ACT concerning child care facilities.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 111. Introduced by Senator Jacobs, a bill for AN ACT in relation to pensions.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 112. Introduced by Senator Jacobs, a bill for AN ACT in relation to insurance.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 113. Introduced by Senator Shadid, a bill for AN ACT in relation to highways.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 114. Introduced by Senator Dillard, a bill for AN ACT in relation to civil procedure.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 115. Introduced by Senator Dillard, a bill for AN ACT concerning commercial transactions.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 116. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning family law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 117. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT in relation to family law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 118. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT in relation to family law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 119. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning commercial transactions.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 120. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT in relation to civil procedure.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 121. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT in relation to civil procedure.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 122. Introduced by Senator Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT in relation to business transactions.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 123. Introduced by Senators Cullerton - Dillard, a bill for AN ACT concerning the judiciary.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 124. Introduced by Senator Cronin, a bill for AN ACT concerning optometry.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 125. Introduced by Senator Obama, a bill for AN ACT in relation to criminal law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 126. Introduced by Senator Obama, a bill for AN ACT in relation to public aid.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 127. Introduced by Senator Obama, a bill for AN ACT concerning day care.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 128. Introduced by Senator Obama, a bill for AN ACT in relation to disabled persons.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 129. Introduced by Senator Obama, a bill for AN ACT in relation to child care.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 130. Introduced by Senator Obama, a bill for AN ACT concerning the children's health insurance program.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 131. Introduced by Senator Obama, a bill for AN ACT concerning health facilities.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 132. Introduced by Senator Walsh, a bill for AN ACT in relation to school impact fees.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

EMIL JONES, JR.
SENATE PRESIDENT

327 STATE CAPITOL
Springfield, Illinois 62706
217-782-2728

January 29, 2003

Ms. Linda Hawker
Secretary of the Senate
Room 403, State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Senate of the 93rd General Assembly, attached hereto please find the Chairman, Co-Chairman and Vice-Chairman appointments to each of the standing committees, along with the number of majority and minority appointees to each standing committee.

Sincerely,
s/Emil Jones, Jr.
Senate President

93rd GENERAL ASSEMBLY

<u>Standing Committee</u>	<u>Chair</u>	<u>Co-Chairs</u>	<u>Vice-Chair</u>	<u>Majority Members</u>	<u>Minority Members</u>
Agriculture and Conservation	Walsh		J. Sullivan	5	4
Appropriations I	Trotter		Schoenberg	8	5
Appropriations II	Welch		Schoenberg	8	5
Education	del Valle		Woolard	7	4
Environment & Energy	Clayborne		Hendon	7	4
Executive	Silverstein		Halvorson	8	5
Executive Appointments		Hendon Geo-Karis	DeLeo	5	4
Financial Institutions	Lightford		Viverito	5	4
Insurance & Pensions	Jacobs		Martinez	6	4
Judiciary		Cullerton Dillard	Harmon	6	4
Labor & Commerce	Ronen		Maloney	6	4
Licensed Activities	Munoz		Crotty	5	4
Local Government	Haine		Sandoval	6	4
Health and Human Services	Obama		Hunter	7	4
Revenue	Link		Collins	6	4
State Government	Woolard		Meeks	5	4
Transportation	Shadid		Garrett	6	4

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COMMUNICATIONS

**DORIS C. KARPIEL
STATE SENATOR – 28TH DISTRICT**

January 9, 2003

Senator Frank Watson
Minority Leader
Illinois State Senate
Capitol Building
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Senator Watson:

This is to inform you of my resignation from the Illinois State Senate, effective immediately. Serving in the Senate has been an honor and privilege and I will miss it very much, however, I have accepted an appointment with the Illinois Pollution Control Board. I wish the Republican Caucus all the best.

Sincerely,
s/Doris Karpriel

CC: Mr. Carter Hendren, Chief of Staff
Mr. Jim Harry, Assistant Secretary

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

January 28, 2003

Ms. Linda Hawker
Secretary of the Senate
401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to the provisions of Senate Rules 3-1, 3-2, and 3-5, I hereby appoint Senator Ed Petka as a member and Minority Spokesperson on the Senate Rules Committee, effective immediately.

This is to fill the vacancy created by Senator Doris Karpriel's resignation from the Senate.

Sincerely,
s/Frank Watson
Senate Minority Leader

CC: Jim Harry
Senator Petka
Senator Roskam

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

January 17, 2003

[January 29, 2003]

Ms. Linda Hawker
 Secretary of the Senate
 401 State House
 Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Please be advised that I have appointed the following Minority Spokesmen of the 93rd General Assembly Standing Committees:

Insurance and Pensions	Senator Bill Peterson
Education	Senator Dan Cronin
Local Government	Senator Wendell Jones
Appropriations I	Senator Dave Syverson
Appropriations II	Senator Christine Radogno
Judiciary	Senator Kirk Dillard
Transportation	Senator Larry Bomke
Environment and Energy	Senator Dave Sullivan
Health and Human Services	Senator Dale Righter
Agriculture and Conservation	Senator John O. Jones
Executive	Senator Peter Roskam
Revenue	Senator Chris Lauzen
State Government	Senator Dale Risinger
Labor and Commerce	Senator Bill Brady
Licensed Activities	Senator Rick Winkel
Financial Institutions	Senator Dan Rutherford
Executive Appointments	Senator Adeline Geo-Karis

Sincerely,
 s/Frank Watson
 Senate Republican Leader

CC: Senate President Emil Jones
 Jim Harry, Asst. Secretary of the Senate

REPORT FROM RULES COMMITTEE

Senator Demuzio, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its January 28, 2003 meeting, reported the following Senate Bills have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Agriculture and Conservation: **Senate Bills Numbered 46 and 71.**

Education: **Senate Bills Numbered 19, 22, 23, 26, 63, 66 and 70.**

Executive: **Senate Bills Numbered 1, 10, 13, 16, 18, 51, 67, 74 and 75.**

Financial Institutions: **Senate Bill No. 24.**

Health and Human Services: **Senate Bills Numbered 3, 40, 59, 60, 61, 62, 64 and 76.**

Insurance and Pensions: **Senate Bills Numbered 14 and 49.**

Judiciary: **Senate Bills Numbered 8, 15, 30, 41, 43, 44, 53 and 81.**

Labor and Commerce: **Senate Bills Numbered 2, 65 and 73.**

Licensed Activities: **Senate Bill No. 78.**

[January 29, 2003]

Local Government: **Senate Bills Numbered 47, 48 and 82.**

Revenue: **Senate Bills Numbered 4, 11, 72 and 83.**

Transportation: **Senate Bills Numbered 21, 52, 58 and 69.**

At the hour of 1:20 o'clock p.m., pursuant to Senate Joint Resolution No. 1, the Senate stood adjourned until Tuesday, February 4, 2003, at 12:00 o'clock noon.