



SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

**ONE HUNDRED THIRD GENERAL
ASSEMBLY**

44TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

THURSDAY, MAY 4, 2023

1:18 O'CLOCK P.M.

SENATE
Daily Journal Index
44th Legislative Day

Action	Page(s)
Communication.....	113
Deadline Established.....	6
EXECUTIVE SESSION.....	31
Introduction of Senate Bill No. 2574.....	11
Introduction of Senate Bill No. 2575.....	112
Legislative Measures Filed.....	5, 114
Messages from the House.....	11, 112
Messages from the President.....	5
Presentation of Senate Resolution No. 246.....	7
Presentation of Senate Resolution No. 249.....	8
Presentation of Senate Resolution No. 250.....	9
Presentation of Senate Resolutions No'd. 247-248, 251-258.....	6
Report from Assignments Committee.....	111
Reports from Standing Committees.....	10
Reports Received.....	5

Bill Number	Legislative Action	Page(s)
SB 0764	Recalled - Amendment(s).....	48
SB 0764	Third Reading.....	50
SB 1068	Recalled - Amendment(s).....	50
SB 1068	Third Reading.....	52
SR 0246	Committee on Assignments.....	7
SR 0249	Committee on Assignments.....	8
SR 0250	Committee on Assignments.....	9
HB 0054	First Reading.....	12
HB 0217	Third Reading.....	52
HB 0439	Second Reading.....	12
HB 0475	Second Reading.....	12
HB 0476	First Reading.....	112
HB 0780	Second Reading.....	12
HB 1049	Third Reading.....	53
HB 1105	Third Reading.....	53
HB 1132	Third Reading.....	54
HB 1236	Third Reading.....	54
HB 1268	Second Reading.....	12
HB 1273	Third Reading.....	55
HB 1283	Third Reading.....	56
HB 1297	Third Reading.....	56
HB 1399	Posting Notice Waived.....	113
HB 1496	Third Reading.....	57
HB 1526	Second Reading.....	13
HB 1540	Second Reading.....	13
HB 1541	Third Reading.....	57
HB 1565	Third Reading.....	58
HB 1571	Third Reading.....	69
HB 1591	Third Reading.....	58
HB 1596	Third Reading.....	59
HB 1629	Third Reading.....	60

HB 1633	Recalled – Amendment(s).....	60
HB 1767	Second Reading	13
HB 2068	First Reading	12
HB 2072	Third Reading	60
HB 2077	Second Reading	13
HB 2086	Third Reading	61
HB 2123	Second Reading	25
HB 2174	Recalled – Amendment(s).....	62
HB 2204	First Reading	12
HB 2223	Third Reading	62
HB 2231	Third Reading	69
HB 2245	Recalled – Amendment(s).....	63
HB 2297	Third Reading	65
HB 2332	Third Reading	65
HB 2350	Third Reading	66
HB 2372	Third Reading	67
HB 2380	Third Reading	68
HB 2389	Third Reading	67
HB 2390	Third Reading	68
HB 2396	Second Reading	110
HB 2418	Third Reading	70
HB 2447	First Reading	12
HB 2448	Third Reading	108
HB 2461	Third Reading	70
HB 2471	Third Reading	71
HB 2475	Third Reading	72
HB 2487	Third Reading	108
HB 2500	Second Reading	27
HB 2507	First Reading	12
HB 2618	Third Reading	72
HB 2756	Third Reading	73
HB 2820	Second Reading	27
HB 2831	Third Reading	109
HB 2856	Second Reading	27
HB 2907	Third Reading	73
HB 3116	Third Reading	74
HB 3126	Third Reading	74
HB 3135	Third Reading	75
HB 3162	Second Reading	110
HB 3222	First Reading	12
HB 3233	Third Reading	75
HB 3236	Third Reading	76
HB 3249	Second Reading	27
HB 3253	Third Reading	77
HB 3314	Second Reading	28
HB 3345	Posting Notice Waived.....	113
HB 3351	Third Reading	79
HB 3363	Third Reading	77
HB 3370	Third Reading	79
HB 3396	Third Reading	78
HB 3400	Third Reading	110
HB 3402	Third Reading	80
HB 3425	Third Reading	80
HB 3448	Third Reading	81
HB 3491	Third Reading	81
HB 3523	Third Reading	82

HB 3524	Second Reading	28
HB 3570	Second Reading – Amendment(s)	29
HB 3677	Second Reading	30
HB 3699	Second Reading	31
HB 3702	Second Reading	31
HB 3705	Third Reading	83
HB 3762	Third Reading	83
HB 3769	Third Reading	84
HB 3814	Recalled – Amendment(s).....	84
HB 3822	Third Reading	86
HB 3940	Recalled – Amendment(s).....	87
HB 3957	First Reading.....	12

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
Senator David Koehler, Peoria, Illinois, presiding.
Prayer by Pastor Scott Marsh, Fire Chaplain for the Kenney Fire Department, Kenney Illinois.
Senator Johnson led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Senator Hunter moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Wednesday, May 3, 2023, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.
The motion prevailed.

REPORTS RECEIVED

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following reports:

IDHS Office of Firearm Violence Prevention End of Year Report, submitted by the Department of Human Services.

MPEA Financial Plan Report FY 2024-2026, submitted by the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority.

IDOR State Services Assurance Act Report 2023, submitted by the Department of Revenue.

Reporting Requirement of 50 ILCS 707/20 (Law Enforcement Camera Grant Act), submitted by the Kewanee Police Department.

The foregoing reports were ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary's Office.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendment to the House Bill listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 3249

The following Committee amendment to the House Bill listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2214

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

327 STATE CAPITOL
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706
217-782-2728

160 N. LASALLE ST., STE. 720
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601
312-814-2075

May 4, 2023

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 403 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

[May 4, 2023]

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to the Senate Rule 2-10, I hereby extend the committee deadline to May 11, 2023 for the following bills:

HB 1440
HB 2269

HB 2352
HB 2862

HB 3093
SB 1732

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader John F. Curran

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

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CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601
312-814-2075

May 4, 2023

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 2-10, I am cancelling Session scheduled for Saturday, May 6, 2023 and Sunday, May 7, 2023. The Senate will convene on Monday, May 8, 2023.

If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff Jake Butcher.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader John F. Curran

PRESENTATION OF CELEBRATION OF LIFE RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 247

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Rod Krahl of Milan.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 248

Offered by Senator Belt and all Senators:
Mourns the passing of Rev. Dr. John Q. Owens Jr.

[May 4, 2023]

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 251

Offered by Senator Hunter and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Odessa Hartley McReynolds.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 252

Offered by Senator Hunter and all Senators:
Mourns the passing of Josie (Brown) Childs of Chicago.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 253

Offered by Senator Hunter and all Senators:
Mourns the passing of John Pickett.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 254

Offered by Senator Hunter and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Ann Lee "Annie" Robinson-Anderson.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 255

Offered by Senator Hunter and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Lela Tyler.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 256

Offered by Senator Hastings and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Les Peterson of Palos Park.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 257

Offered by Senator Hastings and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Dennis Michael Magee.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 258

Offered by Senator Hastings and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Command Sergeant Major (Ret.) Frank Bernardo Belergy Martin Jr.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

Senator Feigenholtz offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 246

WHEREAS, Jewish American history spans more than 350 years, dating back to the colonial era and early European settlements in New York, and is woven through every part of American history to the present day; and

WHEREAS, Jewish people played an integral role in supporting American independence and the religious freedom guaranteed in the establishment of the new nation; and

WHEREAS, In the mid-1800s, a wave of German Jewish immigrants, fleeing persecution and economic hardship in search of new opportunity, arrived in the United States; this wave of immigration led to the expansion of Jewish communities across the nation and the founding of B'nai B'rith, the American Jewish Committee, and the National Council of Jewish Women; and

WHEREAS, In the late 1800s and early 1900s, Jewish immigration to the United States increased in response to rising anti-Semitism in Europe and particularly in response to the pogroms in the Russian

[May 4, 2023]

Empire; more than two million Eastern European Jewish people immigrated to the United States during this time; and

WHEREAS, Beginning in the 1920s, restrictive immigration policies stemmed the flow of new immigrants to the United States; many Jewish Americans opposed these policies, but they remained in place, leading to the United States' tragic refusal to accept refugees from Nazi Germany and leaving many unable to escape the Holocaust; and

WHEREAS, Jewish Americans and Jewish immigrants to America have contributed to every aspect of American culture and history, including education, science, business, philanthropy, politics, civil rights, and the arts, and key figures in American and world history include Jonas Salk, Albert Einstein, and Ruth Bader Ginsberg; and

WHEREAS, In light of continuing and reemerging anti-Semitism in America, expressed openly and violently, it is crucial that the history, heritage, and culture of Jewish Americans be fully known, understood, and valued; and

WHEREAS, Jewish American Heritage Month is an opportunity to celebrate the vibrancy and importance of Illinois' Jewish American citizens whose accomplishments and contributions strengthen and enrich culture, governance, the economy, education, and all aspects of community life in the State; and

WHEREAS, During Jewish American Heritage Month, it is fitting for Illinoisans to commemorate and celebrate the essential contributions, sacrifices, and accomplishments that Jewish Americans have made and continue to make in the State; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we declare May 2023 as Jewish American Heritage Month in the State of Illinois.

Senator Rezin offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 249

WHEREAS, The federal government has an obligation to protect the State's children from online bad actors; and

WHEREAS, Too often, minors suffer grave consequences from deceptive marketing practices found on social media; and

WHEREAS, Social media algorithms have been revealed to prioritize prolonged engagement and attention in order to generate profits; and

WHEREAS, This prioritization often encourages users to engage in harmful, addictive, controversial, and negative content; and

WHEREAS, Research has revealed that excessive social media use can result in negative effects on mental health, including increased rates of depression, anxiety, and loneliness; and

WHEREAS, Children or minors are most susceptible to these negative effects due to their limited life experiences and developing brains; and

WHEREAS, Children may not fully understand the consequences of their interactions with social media platforms, and companies should not be enabled to take advantage of a child's lack of understanding for potential profit; and

[May 4, 2023]

WHEREAS, The federal government has a duty to ensure that minors are protected from deceptive and harmful algorithms that are deliberately designed to incite negative reactions and build addictive behavior; and

WHEREAS, The federal government has ample historical legal precedent that has established it is a company's responsibility to protect children from known deceptive and harmful advertising; and

WHEREAS, Social media companies should be held to the same standard as other companies regarding the utilization of harmful advertising and tactics that target minors; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the federal government to uphold its duty to create regulations that promote the well-being of minors and to protect them from negative and harmful social media algorithms.

Senator Hunter offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 250

WHEREAS, Asthma is a chronic lung disease that impacts 25.2 million people in the United States, including 4.2 million children; and

WHEREAS, An estimated 188,519 children and 832,244 adults in the State of Illinois suffer from asthma; and

WHEREAS, Asthma is a leading cause of childhood hospitalizations in Illinois; and

WHEREAS, Asthma symptoms are severely worsened by environmental triggers, such as secondhand smoke, allergens, and outdoor air pollution caused by industrial sources and motor vehicle emissions; and

WHEREAS, In Illinois, data regarding asthma reveals significant disparities; the asthma mortality rate is 5.5 times higher for Black Illinoisans than white Illinoisans; substantially higher asthma rates are reported in Grundy, Edwards, Hamilton, Logan, and Wabash Counties than the state rate; substantially higher asthma-related hospitalizations are reported in several counties, including Cook, Hardin, Kankakee, Peoria, Pope, Sangamon, Will, and Vermilion; and

WHEREAS, Guidelines-based care for asthma sufferers improves health outcomes, including the quality and affordable healthcare coverage that provides access to and appropriate use of medications and treatments, the reimbursement for community health workers, asthma educators, and others in Illinois who can provide key environmental assessments and education, the expansion of in-home environmental education and interventions, the promotion of tobacco-free environments and coverage for smoking cessation products and counseling, the expanded access to undesignated Albuterol for schools through education of stakeholder groups, such as students, parents, school staff, pediatric clinicians, and pharmacists, and the annual state funding that provides adequate coverage to implement Single Maintenance and Reliever Therapy (SMART), the utilization of guidelines-based medications and other treatments for individuals that provide medical assistance program coverage for valved holding chambers and self-management education, and the universal alignment of Medicaid coverage across plans within the State; and

WHEREAS, The month of May has been designated as Asthma Awareness Month and the date of May 2, 2023 has been declared World Asthma Day; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we declare May 2023 as Asthma Awareness Month in the State of Illinois; and be it further

[May 4, 2023]

RESOLVED, That we support the 2021-2026 Illinois Asthma State Plan, which strives to improve and expand asthma care, education, and self-management strategies in Illinois; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be delivered to the American Lung Association in Illinois and the Respiratory Health Association.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator Glowiak Hilton, Chair of the Committee on Licensed Activities, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 2077

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Castro, Chair of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 764

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1071

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Castro, Chair of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 779, 1199, 1602 and 3751**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Castro, Chair of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 2222 and 3129**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Joyce, Chair of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred **House Bill No. 3641**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Joyce, Chair of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred **House Bill No. 3413**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bill, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Joyce, Chair of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2412

Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 2412

Senate Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 2412

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Holmes, Chair of the Committee on Local Government, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 1076 and 3337**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

[May 4, 2023]

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Holmes, Chair of the Committee on Local Government, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2527

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Ellman, Chair of the Committee on Environment and Conservation, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1555

Senate Amendment No. 7 to Senate Bill 1769

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Martwick, Chair of the Senate Special Committee on Pensions, to which was referred **House Bill No. 2147**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Sims, Chair of the Special Committee on Criminal Law and Public Safety, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 423

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

INTRODUCTION OF BILL

SENATE BILL NO. 2574. Introduced by Senator Cervantes, a bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Hollman, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 54

A bill for AN ACT concerning agriculture.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2068

A bill for AN ACT concerning business.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2447

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL NO. 3222

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

Passed the House, May 3, 2023.

JOHN W. HOLLMAN, Clerk of the House

The foregoing **House Bills Numbered 54, 2068, 2447 and 3222** were taken up, ordered printed and placed on first reading.

[May 4, 2023]

A message from the House by

Mr. Hollman, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed a bill of the following title, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 3957

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

Passed the House, May 3, 2023.

JOHN W. HOLLMAN, Clerk of the House

The foregoing **House Bill No. 3957** was taken up, ordered printed and placed on first reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A FIRST TIME

House Bill No. 54, sponsored by Senator Koehler, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 2068, sponsored by Senator Villivalam, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 2204, sponsored by Senator Cunningham, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 2447, sponsored by Senator Loughran Cappel, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 2507, sponsored by Senator Cunningham, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 3222, sponsored by Senator Villa, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 3957, sponsored by Senator Koehler, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Johnson, **House Bill No. 439** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Johnson, **House Bill No. 475** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Loughran Cappel, **House Bill No. 780** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Johnson, **House Bill No. 1268** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendments were offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 1268

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1268 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Probate Act of 1975 is amended by changing Section 6-13 as follows:

[May 4, 2023]

(755 ILCS 5/6-13) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 6-13)

Sec. 6-13. Who may act as executor.†

(a) A person who has attained the age of 18 years, ~~and~~ is a resident of the United States, is not of unsound mind, is not an adjudged person with a disability as defined in this Act, is not currently incarcerated in State or federal prison, and, except as provided in subsection (c), has not been convicted of a felony; is qualified to act as executor.

(b) If a person named as executor in a will is not qualified to act at the time of admission of the will to probate but thereafter becomes qualified and files a petition for the issuance of letters, takes oath and gives bond as executor, the court may issue letters testamentary to him as co-executor with the executor who has qualified or if no executor has qualified the court may issue letters testamentary to him and revoke the letters of administration with the will annexed.

(c) A person who has been convicted of a felony is qualified to act as an executor if: (i) the testator names that person as an executor and expressly acknowledges in the will that the testator is aware that the person has been convicted of a felony, and if the felony is a financial crime that the testator is aware that the felony is financial in nature, prior to the execution of the will or codicil; (ii) the person is not prohibited by law, including Sections 2-6, 2-6.2, and 2-6.6, from receiving a share of the testator's estate; and (iii) the person is otherwise qualified to act as an executor under subsection (a).

(d) The court may in its discretion require a nonresident executor to furnish a bond in such amount and with such surety as the court determines notwithstanding any contrary provision of the will.

(Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15)."

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 1268

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 1268 on page 2, by replacing line 7 with "estate; (iii) the person was not previously convicted of financial exploitation of an elderly person or a person with a disability, financial identity theft, or a similar crime in another state or in federal court; and (iv) the person is otherwise qualified to act as".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 1526** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **House Bill No. 1540** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator E. Harriss, **House Bill No. 1767** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator McClure, **House Bill No. 2077** was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Licensed Activities.

Floor Amendment No. 2 was held in the Committee on Assignments.

Senator McClure offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 2077

AMENDMENT NO. 3 . Amend House Bill 2077 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Dental Practice Act is amended by changing Sections 4, 11, 16.1, 17, 19, 23, and 50 and by adding Section 50.1 as follows:

(225 ILCS 25/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 2304)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Address of record" means the designated address recorded by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application file or license file as maintained by the Department's licensure maintenance unit. It is the duty of the applicant or licensee to inform the Department of any change of address and those changes must be made either through the Department's website or by contacting the Department.

"Department" means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation.

"Board" means the Board of Dentistry.

"Dentist" means a person who has received a general license pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 11 of this Act and who may perform any intraoral and extraoral procedure required in the practice of dentistry and to whom is reserved the responsibilities specified in Section 17.

"Dental hygienist" means a person who holds a license under this Act to perform dental services as authorized by Section 18.

"Dental assistant" means an appropriately trained person who, under the supervision of a dentist, provides dental services as authorized by Section 17.

"Expanded function dental assistant" means a dental assistant who has completed the training required by Section 17.1 of this Act.

"Dental laboratory" means a person, firm, or corporation which:

(i) engages in making, providing, repairing, or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues; and

(ii) utilizes or employs a dental technician to provide such services; and

(iii) performs such functions only for a dentist or dentists.

"Supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist or a dental assistant requiring that a dentist authorize the procedure, remain in the dental facility while the procedure is performed, and approve the work performed by the dental hygienist or dental assistant before dismissal of the patient, but does not mean that the dentist must be present at all times in the treatment room.

"General supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist requiring that the patient be a patient of record, that the dentist examine the patient in accordance with Section 18 prior to treatment by the dental hygienist, and that the dentist authorize the procedures which are being carried out by a notation in the patient's record, but not requiring that a dentist be present when the authorized procedures are being performed. The issuance of a prescription to a dental laboratory by a dentist does not constitute general supervision.

"Public member" means a person who is not a health professional. For purposes of board membership, any person with a significant financial interest in a health service or profession is not a public member.

"Dentistry" means the healing art which is concerned with the examination, diagnosis, treatment planning, and care of conditions within the human oral cavity and its adjacent tissues and structures, as further specified in Section 17.

"Branches of dentistry" means the various specialties of dentistry which, for purposes of this Act, shall be limited to the following: endodontics, oral and maxillofacial surgery, orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, pediatric dentistry, periodontics, prosthodontics, oral and maxillofacial radiology, and dental anesthesiology.

"Specialist" means a dentist who has received a specialty license pursuant to Section 11(b).

"Dental technician" means a person who owns, operates, or is employed by a dental laboratory and engages in making, providing, repairing, or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues.

"Impaired dentist" or "impaired dental hygienist" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability as evidenced by a written determination or written consent based on clinical evidence, including deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor skills, abuse of drugs or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient degree to diminish the person's ability to deliver competent patient care.

"Nurse" means a registered professional nurse, a certified registered nurse anesthetist licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act.

"Patient of record" means a patient for whom the patient's most recent dentist has obtained a relevant medical and dental history and on whom the dentist has performed an examination and evaluated the condition to be treated.

"Dental responder" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is appropriately certified in disaster preparedness, immunizations, and dental humanitarian medical response consistent with the Society of Disaster Medicine and Public Health and training certified by the National Incident Management System or the National Disaster Life Support Foundation.

"Mobile dental van or portable dental unit" means any self-contained or portable dental unit in which dentistry is practiced that can be moved, towed, or transported from one location to another in order to establish a location where dental services can be provided.

"Public health dental hygienist" means a hygienist who holds a valid license to practice in the State, has 2 years of full-time clinical experience or an equivalent of 4,000 hours of clinical experience, and has completed at least 42 clock hours of additional structured courses in dental education in advanced areas specific to public health dentistry.

"Public health setting" means a federally qualified health center; a federal, State, or local public health facility; Head Start; a special supplemental nutrition program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) facility; a certified school-based health center or school-based oral health program; a prison; or a long-term care facility.

"Public health supervision" means the supervision of a public health dental hygienist by a licensed dentist who has a written public health supervision agreement with that public health dental hygienist while working in an approved facility or program that allows the public health dental hygienist to treat patients, without a dentist first examining the patient and being present in the facility during treatment, (1) who are eligible for Medicaid or (2) who are uninsured and whose household income is not greater than 300% ~~200%~~ of the federal poverty level.

"Teledentistry" means the use of telehealth systems and methodologies in dentistry and includes patient care and education delivery using synchronous and asynchronous communications under a dentist's authority as provided under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 101-64, eff. 7-12-19; 101-162, eff. 7-26-19; 102-93, eff. 1-1-22; 102-588, eff. 8-20-21; 102-936, eff. 1-1-23.)

(225 ILCS 25/11) (from Ch. 111, par. 2311)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 11. Types of dental licenses. The Department shall have the authority to issue the following types of licenses:

(a) General licenses. The Department shall issue a license authorizing practice as a dentist to any person who qualifies for a license under this Act.

(b) Specialty licenses. The Department shall issue a license authorizing practice as a specialist in any particular branch of dentistry to any dentist who has complied with the requirements established for that particular branch of dentistry at the time of making application. The Department shall establish additional requirements of any dentist who announces or holds himself or herself out to the public as a specialist or as being specially qualified in any particular branch of dentistry.

No dentist shall announce or hold himself or herself out to the public as a specialist or as being specially qualified in any particular branch of dentistry unless he or she is licensed to practice in that specialty of dentistry.

The fact that any dentist shall announce by card, letterhead, or any other form of communication using terms as "Specialist", "Practice Limited To", or "Limited to Specialty of" with the name of the branch of dentistry practiced as a specialty, or shall use equivalent words or phrases to announce the same, shall be prima facie evidence that the dentist is holding himself or herself out to the public as a specialist.

(c) Temporary training licenses. Persons who wish to pursue specialty or other advanced clinical educational programs in an approved dental school or a hospital situated in this State, or persons who wish to pursue programs of specialty training in dental public health in public agencies in this State, may receive without examination, in the discretion of the Department, a temporary training license. In order to receive a temporary training license under this subsection, an applicant shall furnish satisfactory proof to the Department that:

(1) The applicant is at least 21 years of age and is of good moral character. In determining moral character under this Section, the Department may take into consideration any felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction shall not operate as bar to licensure;

(2) The applicant has been accepted or appointed for specialty or residency training by an approved hospital situated in this State, by an approved dental school situated in this State, or by a public health agency in this State the training programs of which are recognized and approved by the Department. The applicant shall indicate the beginning and ending dates of the period for which he or she has been accepted or appointed;

(3) The applicant is a graduate of a dental school or college approved and in good standing in the judgment of the Department. The Department may consider diplomas or certifications of

education, or both, accompanied by transcripts of course work and credits awarded to determine if an applicant has graduated from a dental school or college approved and in good standing. The Department may also consider diplomas or certifications of education, or both, accompanied by transcripts of course work and credits awarded in determining whether a dental school or college is approved and in good standing.

Temporary training licenses issued under this Section shall be valid only for the duration of the period of residency or specialty training and may be extended or renewed as prescribed by rule. The holder of a valid temporary training license shall be entitled thereby to perform acts as may be prescribed by and incidental to his or her program of residency or specialty training; but he or she shall not be entitled to engage in the practice of dentistry in this State.

A temporary training license may be revoked by the Department upon proof that the holder has engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State outside of his or her program of residency or specialty training, or if the holder shall fail to supply the Department, within 10 days of its request, with information as to his or her current status and activities in his or her specialty training program.

(d) Faculty limited licenses. Persons who have received full-time appointments to teach dentistry at an approved dental school or hospital situated in this State may receive without examination, in the discretion of the Department, a faculty limited license. In order to receive a faculty limited license an applicant shall furnish satisfactory proof to the Department that:

(1) The applicant is at least 21 years of age, is of good moral character, and is licensed to practice dentistry in another state or country; and

(2) The applicant has a full-time appointment to teach dentistry at an approved dental school or hospital situated in this State.

Faculty limited licenses issued under this Section shall be valid for a period of 3 years and may be extended or renewed. The holder of a valid faculty limited license may perform acts as may be required by his or her teaching of dentistry. ~~The~~ In addition, the holder of a faculty limited license may practice general dentistry or in his or her area of specialty, but only in a clinic or office affiliated with the dental school. The holder of a faculty limited license may advertise a specialty degree as part of the licensee's ability to practice in a faculty practice. Any faculty limited license issued to a faculty member under this Section shall terminate immediately and automatically, without any further action by the Department, if the holder ceases to be a faculty member at an approved dental school or hospital in this State.

The Department may revoke a faculty limited license for a violation of this Act or its rules, or if the holder fails to supply the Department, within 10 days of its request, with information as to his or her current status and activities in his or her teaching program.

(e) Inactive status. Any person who holds one of the licenses under subsection (a) or (b) of Section 11 or under Section 12 of this Act may elect, upon payment of the required fee, to place his or her license on an inactive status and shall, subject to the rules of the Department, be excused from the payment of renewal fees until he or she notifies the Department in writing of his or her desire to resume active status.

Any licensee requesting restoration from inactive status shall be required to pay the current renewal fee and upon payment the Department shall be required to restore his or her license, as provided in Section 16 of this Act.

Any licensee whose license is in an inactive status shall not practice in the State of Illinois.

(f) Certificates of Identification. In addition to the licenses authorized by this Section, the Department shall deliver to each dentist a certificate of identification in a form specified by the Department.

(Source: P.A. 100-976, eff. 1-1-19.)

(225 ILCS 25/16.1) (from Ch. 111, par. 2316.1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 16.1. Continuing education. The Department shall promulgate rules of continuing education for persons licensed under this Act. In establishing rules, the Department shall require a minimum of 48 hours of study in approved courses for dentists during each 3-year licensing period and a minimum of 36 hours of study in approved courses for dental hygienists during each 3-year licensing period.

The Department shall approve only courses that are relevant to the treatment and care of patients, including, but not limited to, clinical courses in dentistry and dental hygiene and nonclinical courses such as patient management, legal and ethical responsibilities, and stress management. The Department shall allow up to 4 hours of continuing education credit hours per license renewal period for volunteer hours spent providing clinical services at, or sponsored by, a nonprofit community clinic, local or state health department, or a charity event. Courses shall not be approved in such subjects as estate and personal

financial planning, personal investments, or personal health. Approved courses may include, but shall not be limited to, courses that are offered or sponsored by approved colleges, universities, and hospitals and by recognized national, State, and local dental and dental hygiene organizations. When offering a continuing education course, whether at no cost or for a fee, the course provider shall explicitly disclose that the course is an approved course for continuing education in the State of Illinois, as provided in this Section or by the rules adopted by the Department.

No license shall be renewed unless the renewal application is accompanied by an affidavit indicating that the applicant has completed the required minimum number of hours of continuing education in approved courses as required by this Section. The affidavit shall not require a listing of courses. The affidavit shall be a prima facie evidence that the applicant has obtained the minimum number of required continuing education hours in approved courses. The Department shall not be obligated to conduct random audits or otherwise independently verify that an applicant has met the continuing education requirement. The Department, however, may not conduct random audits of more than 10% of the licensed dentists and dental hygienists in any one licensing cycle to verify compliance with continuing education requirements. If the Department, however, receives a complaint that a licensee has not completed the required continuing education or if the Department is investigating another alleged violation of this Act by a licensee, the Department may demand and shall be entitled to receive evidence from any licensee of completion of required continuing education courses for the most recently completed 3-year licensing period. Evidence of continuing education may include, but is not limited to, canceled checks, official verification forms of attendance, and continuing education recording forms, that demonstrate a reasonable record of attendance. The Board shall determine, in accordance with rules adopted by the Department, whether a licensee or applicant has met the continuing education requirements. Any dentist who holds more than one license under this Act shall be required to complete only the minimum number of hours of continuing education required for renewal of a single license. The Department may provide exemptions from continuing education requirements.

(Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)

(225 ILCS 25/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 2317)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 17. Acts constituting the practice of dentistry. A person practices dentistry, within the meaning of this Act:

(1) Who represents himself or herself as being able to diagnose or diagnoses, treats, prescribes, or operates for any disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury, or physical condition of the human tooth, teeth, alveolar process, gums, or jaw; or

(2) Who is a manager, proprietor, operator, or conductor of a business where dental operations are performed; or

(3) Who performs dental operations of any kind; or

(4) Who uses an X-Ray machine or X-Ray films for dental diagnostic purposes; or

(5) Who extracts a human tooth or teeth, or corrects or attempts to correct malpositions of the human teeth or jaws; or

(6) Who offers or undertakes, by any means or method, to diagnose, treat, or remove stains, calculus, and bonding materials from human teeth or jaws; or

(7) Who uses or administers local or general anesthetics in the treatment of dental or oral diseases or in any preparation incident to a dental operation of any kind or character; or

(8) Who takes material or digital scans for final impressions of the human tooth, teeth, or jaws or performs any phase of any operation incident to the replacement of a part of a tooth, a tooth, teeth, or associated tissues by means of a filling, crown, a bridge, a denture, or other appliance; or

(9) Who offers to furnish, supply, construct, reproduce, or repair, or who furnishes, supplies, constructs, reproduces, or repairs, prosthetic dentures, bridges, or other substitutes for natural teeth, to the user or prospective user thereof; or

(10) Who instructs students on clinical matters or performs any clinical operation included in the curricula of recognized dental schools and colleges; or

(11) Who takes material or digital scans for final impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of applying teeth whitening materials, or who takes impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of assisting in the application of teeth whitening materials. A person does not practice dentistry when he or she discloses to the consumer that he or she is not licensed as a dentist under this

Act and (i) discusses the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; (ii) provides instruction on the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; or (iii) provides appropriate equipment on-site to the consumer for the consumer to self-apply teeth whitening materials.

The fact that any person engages in or performs, or offers to engage in or perform, any of the practices, acts, or operations set forth in this Section, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry.

The following practices, acts, and operations, however, are exempt from the operation of this Act:

(a) The rendering of dental relief in emergency cases in the practice of his or her profession by a physician or surgeon, licensed as such under the laws of this State, unless he or she undertakes to reproduce or reproduces lost parts of the human teeth in the mouth or to restore or replace lost or missing teeth in the mouth; or

(b) The practice of dentistry in the discharge of their official duties by dentists in any branch of the Armed Services of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, or the United States Veterans Administration; or

(c) The practice of dentistry by students in their course of study in dental schools or colleges approved by the Department, when acting under the direction and supervision of dentists acting as instructors; or

(d) The practice of dentistry by clinical instructors in the course of their teaching duties in dental schools or colleges approved by the Department:

(i) when acting under the direction and supervision of dentists, provided that such clinical instructors have instructed continuously in this State since January 1, 1986; or

(ii) when holding the rank of full professor at such approved dental school or college and possessing a current valid license or authorization to practice dentistry in another country; or

(e) The practice of dentistry by licensed dentists of other states or countries at meetings of the Illinois State Dental Society or component parts thereof, alumni meetings of dental colleges, or any other like dental organizations, while appearing as clinicians; or

(f) The use of X-Ray machines for exposing X-Ray films of dental or oral tissues by dental hygienists or dental assistants; or

(g) The performance of any dental service by a dental assistant, if such service is performed under the supervision and full responsibility of a dentist. In addition, after being authorized by a dentist, a dental assistant may, for the purpose of eliminating pain or discomfort, remove loose, broken, or irritating orthodontic appliances on a patient of record.

For purposes of this paragraph (g), "dental service" is defined to mean any intraoral procedure or act which shall be prescribed by rule or regulation of the Department. "Dental service", however, shall not include:

(1) Any and all diagnosis of or prescription for treatment of disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury, or physical condition of the human teeth or jaws, or adjacent structures.

(2) Removal of, or restoration of, or addition to the hard or soft tissues of the oral cavity, except for the placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations and placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations by dental assistants who have had additional formal education and certification.

A dental assistant may place, carve, and finish amalgam restorations, place, pack, and finish composite restorations, and place interim restorations if he or she (A) has successfully completed a structured training program as described in item (2) of subsection (g) provided by an educational institution accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation, such as a dental school or dental hygiene or dental assistant program, or (B) has at least 4,000 hours of direct clinical patient care experience and has successfully completed a structured training program as described in item (2) of subsection (g) provided by a statewide dental association, approved by the Department to provide continuing education, that has developed and conducted training programs for expanded functions for dental assistants or hygienists. The training program must: (i) include a minimum of 16 hours of didactic study and 14 hours of clinical manikin instruction; all training programs shall include areas of study in nomenclature, caries classifications, oral anatomy, periodontium, basic occlusion, instrumentations, pulp protection liners and bases, dental materials, matrix and wedge techniques, amalgam placement and carving, rubber dam clamp placement, and rubber dam placement and removal; (ii) include an

outcome assessment examination that demonstrates competency; (iii) require the supervising dentist to observe and approve the completion of 8 amalgam or composite restorations; and (iv) issue a certificate of completion of the training program, which must be kept on file at the dental office and be made available to the Department upon request. A dental assistant must have successfully completed an approved coronal polishing and dental sealant course prior to taking the amalgam and composite restoration course.

A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations or for placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations.

(3) Any and all correction of malformation of teeth or of the jaws.

(4) Administration of anesthetics, except for monitoring of nitrous oxide, conscious sedation, deep sedation, and general anesthetic as provided in Section 8.1 of this Act, that may be performed only after successful completion of a training program approved by the Department. A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the monitoring of nitrous oxide.

(5) Removal of calculus from human teeth.

(6) Taking of material or digital scans for final impressions for the fabrication of prosthetic appliances, crowns, bridges, inlays, onlays, or other restorative or replacement dentistry.

(7) The operative procedure of dental hygiene consisting of oral prophylactic procedures, except for coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants, which may be performed by a dental assistant who has successfully completed a training program approved by the Department. Dental assistants may perform coronal polishing under the following circumstances: (i) the coronal polishing shall be limited to polishing the clinical crown of the tooth and existing restorations, supragingivally; (ii) the dental assistant performing the coronal polishing shall be limited to the use of rotary instruments using a rubber cup or brush polishing method (air polishing is not permitted); and (iii) the supervising dentist shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the task of coronal polishing or pit and fissure sealants.

In addition to coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants as described in this item (7), a dental assistant who has at least 2,000 hours of direct clinical patient care experience and who has successfully completed a structured training program provided by (1) an educational institution including, but not limited to, a dental school or dental hygiene or dental assistant program, or (2) a continuing education provider approved by the Department, or (3) a statewide dental or dental hygienist association, ~~approved by the Department on or before January 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-680)~~; that has developed and conducted a training program for expanded functions for dental assistants or hygienists may perform: (A) coronal scaling above the gum line, supragingivally, on the clinical crown of the tooth only on patients 17 years of age or younger who have an absence of periodontal disease and who are not medically compromised or individuals with special needs and (B) intracoronary temporization of a tooth. The training program must: (I) include a minimum of 32 hours of instruction in both didactic and clinical manikin or human subject instruction; all training programs shall include areas of study in dental anatomy, public health dentistry, medical history, dental emergencies, and managing the pediatric patient; (II) include an outcome assessment examination that demonstrates competency; (III) require the supervising dentist to observe and approve the completion of 6 full mouth supragingival scaling procedures unless the training was received as part of a Commission on Dental Accreditation approved dental assistant program; and (IV) issue a certificate of completion of the training program, which must be kept on file at the dental office and be made available to the Department upon request. A dental assistant must have successfully completed an approved coronal polishing course prior to taking the coronal scaling course. A dental assistant performing these functions shall be limited to the use of hand instruments only. In addition, coronal scaling as described in this paragraph shall only be utilized on patients who are eligible for Medicaid, who are uninsured, or whose household income is not greater than 300% of the federal poverty level. A dentist may not supervise more than 2 dental assistants at any one time for the task of coronal scaling. This paragraph is inoperative on and after January 1, 2026.

The limitations on the number of dental assistants a dentist may supervise contained in items (2), (4), and (7) of this paragraph (g) mean a limit of 4 total dental assistants or dental hygienists doing expanded functions covered by these Sections being supervised by one dentist; or

(h) The practice of dentistry by an individual who:

(i) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a general dental license and has complied with all provisions of Section 9 of this Act, except for the passage of the examination specified in subsection (c) of Section 9 of this Act; or

(ii) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a temporary dental license and has complied with all provisions of subsection (c) of Section 11 of this Act; and

(iii) has been accepted or appointed for specialty or residency training by a hospital situated in this State; or

(iv) has been accepted or appointed for specialty training in an approved dental program situated in this State; or

(v) has been accepted or appointed for specialty training in a dental public health agency situated in this State.

The applicant shall be permitted to practice dentistry for a period of 3 months from the starting date of the program, unless authorized in writing by the Department to continue such practice for a period specified in writing by the Department.

The applicant shall only be entitled to perform such acts as may be prescribed by and incidental to his or her program of residency or specialty training and shall not otherwise engage in the practice of dentistry in this State.

The authority to practice shall terminate immediately upon:

(1) the decision of the Department that the applicant has failed the examination; or

(2) denial of licensure by the Department; or

(3) withdrawal of the application.

(Source: P.A. 101-162, eff. 7-26-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-936, eff. 1-1-23.)

(225 ILCS 25/19) (from Ch. 111, par. 2319)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 19. Licensing applicants from other states. Any person who has been lawfully licensed to practice dentistry, including the practice of a licensed dental specialty, or dental hygiene in another state or territory or as a member of the military service which has and maintains a standard for the practice of dentistry, a dental specialty, or dental hygiene at least equal to that now maintained in this State, or if the requirements for licensure in such state or territory in which the applicant was licensed were, at the date of his or her licensure, substantially equivalent to the requirements then in force in this State, and who has been lawfully engaged in the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene for at least 2 ~~3~~ of the 5 years immediately preceding the filing of his or her application to practice in this State and who shall deposit with the Department a duly attested certificate from the Board of the state or territory in which he or she is licensed, certifying to the fact of his or her licensing and of his or her being a person of good moral character may, upon payment of the required fee, be granted a license to practice dentistry, a dental specialty, or dental hygiene in this State, as the case may be.

For the purposes of this Section, "substantially equivalent" means that the applicant has presented evidence of completion and graduation from an American Dental Association accredited dental college or school in the United States or Canada, presented evidence that the applicant has passed both parts of the National Board Dental Examination, and successfully completed an examination conducted by a regional testing service. ~~In computing 3 of the immediately preceding 5 years of practice in another state or territory, any person who left the practice of dentistry to enter the military service and who practiced dentistry while in the military service may count as a part of such period the time spent by him or her in such service.~~

Applicants have 3 years from the date of application to complete the application process. If the process has not been completed in 3 years, the application shall be denied, the fee forfeited and the applicant must reapply and meet the requirements in effect at the time of reapplication.

(Source: P.A. 97-526, eff. 1-1-12; 97-1013, eff. 8-17-12.)

(225 ILCS 25/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 2323)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 23. Refusal, revocation or suspension of dental licenses. The Department may refuse to issue or renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, including imposing fines not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with regard to any license for any one or any combination of the following causes:

1. Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Act, or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
2. Inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug.
3. Willful or repeated violations of the rules of the Department of Public Health or Department of Nuclear Safety.
4. Acceptance of a fee for service as a witness, without the knowledge of the court, in addition to the fee allowed by the court.
5. Division of fees or agreeing to split or divide the fees received for dental services with any person for bringing or referring a patient, except in regard to referral services as provided for under Section 45, or assisting in the care or treatment of a patient, without the knowledge of the patient or his or her legal representative. Nothing in this item 5 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this item 5 shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.
6. Employing, procuring, inducing, aiding or abetting a person not licensed or registered as a dentist or dental hygienist to engage in the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene. The person practiced upon is not an accomplice, employer, procurer, inducer, aider, or abetter within the meaning of this Act.
7. Making any misrepresentations or false promises, directly or indirectly, to influence, persuade or induce dental patronage.
8. Professional connection or association with or lending his or her name to another for the illegal practice of dentistry by another, or professional connection or association with any person, firm or corporation holding himself, herself, themselves, or itself out in any manner contrary to this Act.
9. Obtaining or seeking to obtain practice, money, or any other things of value by false or fraudulent representations, but not limited to, engaging in such fraudulent practice to defraud the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
10. Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.
11. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
12. Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing for any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that (i) is a felony under the laws of this State or (ii) is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of dentistry.
13. Permitting a dental hygienist, dental assistant or other person under his or her supervision to perform any operation not authorized by this Act.
14. Permitting more than 4 dental hygienists to be employed under his or her supervision at any one time.
15. A violation of any provision of this Act or any rules promulgated under this Act.
16. Taking impressions for or using the services of any person, firm or corporation violating this Act.
17. Violating any provision of Section 45 relating to advertising.
18. Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth within this Act.
19. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

20. Gross negligence in practice under this Act.

21. The use or prescription for use of narcotics or controlled substances or designated products as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, in any way other than for therapeutic purposes.

22. Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice as a dentist, including, but not limited to, false records to support claims against the dental assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Illinois Department of Public Aid).

23. Professional incompetence as manifested by poor standards of care.

24. Physical or mental illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skills which results in a dentist's inability to practice dentistry with reasonable judgment, skill or safety. In enforcing this paragraph, the Department may compel a person licensed to practice under this Act to submit to a mental or physical examination pursuant to the terms and conditions of Section 23b.

25. Gross or repeated irregularities in billing for services rendered to a patient. For purposes of this paragraph 25, "irregularities in billing" shall include:

(a) Reporting excessive charges for the purpose of obtaining a total payment in excess of that usually received by the dentist for the services rendered.

(b) Reporting charges for services not rendered.

(c) Incorrectly reporting services rendered for the purpose of obtaining payment not earned.

26. Continuing the active practice of dentistry while knowingly having any infectious, communicable, or contagious disease proscribed by rule or regulation of the Department.

27. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

28. Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.

29. Abandonment of a patient.

30. Mental incompetency as declared by a court of competent jurisdiction.

31. A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.

32. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.

33. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request by the Department in the course of an investigation.

34. Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.

35. Cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examination administered under this Act.

36. A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.

37. Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required under this Act.

38. Failure to provide copies of dental records as required by law.

39. Failure of a licensed dentist who owns or is employed at a dental office to give notice of an office closure to his or her patients at least 30 days prior to the office closure pursuant to Section 50.1.

40. Failure to maintain a sanitary work environment.

All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein. Except for fraud in procuring a license, no action shall be commenced more than 7 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have violated this Section. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be included within any period of time limiting the commencement of disciplinary action by the Department.

All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.

The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax,

penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

Any dentist who has had his or her license suspended or revoked for more than 5 years must comply with the requirements for restoration set forth in Section 16 prior to being eligible for reinstatement from the suspension or revocation.

(Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)

(225 ILCS 25/50) (from Ch. 111, par. 2350)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 50. Patient records. Every dentist shall make a record of all dental work performed for each patient. The record shall be made in a manner and in sufficient detail that it may be used for identification purposes. Dental records are the property of the office in which dentistry is practiced.

Dental records required by this Section shall be maintained for 10 years. Dental records required to be maintained under this Section, or copies of those dental records, shall be made available upon request to the patient or the patient's guardian. A dentist shall be entitled to reasonable reimbursement for the cost of reproducing these records, which shall not exceed the cost allowed under Section 8-2001 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A dentist providing services through a mobile dental van or portable dental unit shall provide to the patient or the patient's parent or guardian, in writing, the dentist's name, license number, address, and information on how the patient or the patient's parent or guardian may obtain the patient's dental records, as provided by law.

(Source: P.A. 99-492, eff. 12-31-15.)

(225 ILCS 25/50.1 new)

Sec. 50.1. Closing a dental office. A dental office that is closing and will not continue to offer dentistry services must provide notice to its patients at least 30 days prior to the closure. The notice to patients shall include an explanation of how copies of the patient's records may be accessed or obtained by the patient. The notice may be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area in which the dental office is located or in an electronic format accessible by patients.

Section 10. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Sections 309 and 311.6 as follows:

(720 ILCS 570/309) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1309)

Sec. 309. On or after April 1, 2000, no person shall issue a prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance, which is a narcotic drug listed in Section 206 of this Act; or which contains any quantity of amphetamine or methamphetamine, their salts, optical isomers or salts of optical isomers; phenmetrazine and its salts; gluthethimide; and pentazocine, other than on a written prescription; provided that in the case of an emergency, epidemic or a sudden or unforeseen accident or calamity, the prescriber may issue a lawful oral prescription where failure to issue such a prescription might result in loss of life or intense suffering, but such oral prescription shall include a statement by the prescriber concerning the accident or calamity, or circumstances constituting the emergency, the cause for which an oral prescription was used. Within 7 days after issuing an emergency prescription, the prescriber shall cause a written prescription for the emergency quantity prescribed to be delivered to the dispensing pharmacist. The prescription shall have written on its face "Authorization for Emergency Dispensing", and the date of the emergency prescription. The written prescription may be delivered to the pharmacist in person, or by mail, but if delivered by mail it must be postmarked within the 7-day period. Upon receipt, the dispensing pharmacist shall attach this prescription to the emergency oral prescription earlier received and reduced to writing. The dispensing pharmacist shall notify the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation if the prescriber fails to deliver the authorization for emergency dispensing on the prescription to him or her. Failure of the dispensing pharmacist to do so shall void the authority conferred by this paragraph to dispense without a written prescription of a prescriber. All prescriptions issued for Schedule II controlled substances shall include the quantity prescribed. All nonelectronic prescriptions issued for Schedule II controlled substances shall include both a written and numerical notation of quantity on the face of the prescription. No prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance may be refilled. The Department shall provide, at no cost, audit reviews and necessary information to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation in conjunction with ongoing investigations being conducted in whole or part by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

(Source: P.A. 97-334, eff. 1-1-12.)

(720 ILCS 570/311.6)

(This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a delayed effective date)

Sec. 311.6. Opioid prescriptions.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a prescription for a substance classified in Schedule II, III, IV, or V must be sent electronically, in accordance with Section 316. Prescriptions sent in accordance with this subsection (a) must be accepted by the dispenser in electronic format.

(b) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly until December 31, 2028, notwithstanding ~~Notwithstanding~~ any other provision of this Section or any other provision of law, a prescriber shall not be required to issue prescriptions electronically if he or she certifies to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation that he or she will not issue more than 150 ~~25~~ prescriptions during a 12-month period. Prescriptions in both oral and written form for controlled substances shall be included in determining whether the prescriber will reach the limit of 150 ~~25~~ prescriptions. Beginning January 1, 2029, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section or any other provision of law, a prescriber shall not be required to issue prescriptions electronically if he or she certifies to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation that he or she will not issue more than 50 prescriptions during a 12-month period. Prescriptions in both oral and written form for controlled substances shall be included in determining whether the prescriber will reach the limit of 50 prescriptions.

(b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section or any other provision of law, a prescriber shall not be required to issue prescriptions electronically under the following circumstances:

(1) prior to January 1, 2026, the prescriber demonstrates financial difficulties in buying or managing an electronic prescription option, whether it is an electronic health record or some other electronic prescribing product;

(2) on and after January 1, 2026, the prescriber provides proof of a waiver from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for the Electronic Prescribing for Controlled Substances Program due to demonstrated economic hardship for the previous compliance year;

(3) there is a temporary technological or electrical failure that prevents an electronic prescription from being issued;

(4) the prescription is for a drug that the practitioner reasonably determines would be impractical for the patient to obtain in a timely manner if prescribed by an electronic data transmission prescription and the delay would adversely impact the patient's medical condition;

(5) the prescription is for an individual who:

(A) resides in a nursing or assisted living facility;

(B) is receiving hospice or palliative care;

(C) is receiving care at an outpatient renal dialysis facility and the prescription is related to the care provided;

(D) is receiving care through the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; or

(E) is incarcerated in a state, detained, or confined in a correctional facility;

(6) the prescription prescribes a drug under a research protocol;

(7) the prescription is a non-patient specific prescription dispensed under a standing order, approved protocol for drug therapy, collaborative drug management, or comprehensive medication management, or in response to a public health emergency or other circumstance in which the practitioner may issue a non-patient specific prescription;

(8) the prescription is issued when the prescriber and dispenser are the same entity; and

(9) the prescriptions is issued for a compound prescription containing 2 or more compounds.

(c) The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may ~~shall~~ adopt rules for the administration of this Section. ~~These rules shall provide for the implementation of any such exemption to the requirements under this Section that the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may deem appropriate, including the exemption provided for in subsection (b).~~

(d) Any prescriber who makes a good faith effort to prescribe electronically, but for reasons not within the prescriber's control is unable to prescribe electronically, may be exempt from any disciplinary action.

(e) Any pharmacist who dispenses in good faith based upon a prescription that is not prescribed electronically is exempt from any disciplinary action.

(f) It shall be a violation of this Section for any prescriber or dispenser to adopt a policy contrary to this Section.

(Source: P.A. 102-490, eff. 1-1-24 (See Section 55 of P.A. 102-1109 for effective date of P.A. 102-490))."

The motion prevailed.

[May 4, 2023]

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Edly-Allen, **House Bill No. 2123** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 2123

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2123 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Civil Remedies for Nonconsensual Dissemination of Private Sexual Images Act is amended by changing Sections 5, 10, 15, and 25 as follows:

(740 ILCS 190/5)

Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

- (1) "Child" means an unemancipated individual who is less than 18 years of age.
- (2) "Consent" means affirmative, conscious, and voluntary authorization by an individual with legal capacity to give authorization.
- (3) "Depicted individual" means an individual whose body is shown, in whole or in part, in a private sexual image.
- (4) "Dissemination" or "disseminate" means publication or distribution to another person with intent to disclose.
- (5) "Harm" means physical harm, economic harm, or emotional distress whether or not accompanied by physical or economic harm.
- (6) "Identifiable" means recognizable by a person other than the depicted individual:
 - (A) from a private sexual image itself; or
 - (B) from a private sexual image and identifying characteristic displayed in connection with the image.
- (7) "Identifying characteristic" means information that may be used to identify a depicted individual.
- (8) "Individual" means a human being.
- (9) "Parent" means an individual recognized as a parent under laws of this State.
- (10) "Private" means:
 - (A) created or obtained under circumstances in which a depicted individual had a reasonable expectation of privacy; or
 - (B) made accessible through theft, bribery, extortion, fraud, voyeurism, or exceeding authorized access to an account, message, file, device, resource, or property.
- (11) "Person" means an individual, business or nonprofit entity, public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or other legal entity.
- (12) "Sexual conduct" includes:
 - (A) masturbation;
 - (B) genital sex, anal sex, oral sex, or sexual activity; or
 - (C) sexual penetration of or with an object.
- (13) "Sexual activity" means any:
 - (A) knowing touching or fondling by the depicted individual or another person, either directly or through clothing, of the sex organs, anus, or breast of the depicted individual or another person for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal;
 - (B) transfer or transmission of semen upon any part of the clothed or unclothed body of the depicted individual, for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the depicted individual or another person;
 - (C) act of urination within a sexual context;
 - (D) bondage, fetish, sadism, or masochism;
 - (E) sadomasochistic abuse in any sexual context; or
 - (F) animal-related sexual activity.
- (14) "Sexual image" means a photograph, film, videotape, digital recording, or other similar medium that shows or falsely appears to show:

- (A) the fully unclothed, partially unclothed, or transparently clothed genitals, pubic area, anus, or female post-pubescent nipple, partially or fully exposed, of a depicted individual; or
- (B) a depicted individual engaging in or being subjected to sexual conduct or activity.

(Source: P.A. 101-556, eff. 1-1-20.)

(740 ILCS 190/10)

Sec. 10. Civil action.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 15, if a depicted individual is identifiable to a reasonable person and suffers harm from the intentional dissemination or threatened dissemination by a person over the age of 18 of a private or intentionally digitally altered sexual image without the depicted individual's consent, the depicted individual has a cause of action against the person if the person knew or recklessly disregarded the possibility that:

- (1) the depicted individual did not consent to the dissemination;
- (2) the image was a private or intentionally digitally altered sexual image; and
- (3) the depicted individual was identifiable.

(b) The following conduct by a depicted individual does not establish by itself that the individual consented to the nonconsensual dissemination of a private sexual image that is the subject of an action under this Act or that the individual lacked a reasonable expectation of privacy:

- (1) consent to creation of the image; or
- (2) previous consensual disclosure of the image.

(c) ~~In the case of digitally altered sexual images, disclosing that the images were digitally altered shall not be a defense to liability. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to impose liability on an interactive computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. 230(f)(2), for content provided by another person.~~

(Source: P.A. 101-556, eff. 1-1-20.)

(740 ILCS 190/15)

Sec. 15. Exceptions to liability.

(a) A person is not liable under this Act if the person proves that the dissemination of or a threat to disseminate a private sexual image was:

- (1) made in good faith:
 - (A) by law enforcement;
 - (B) in a legal proceeding; or
 - (C) for medical education or treatment;
- (2) made in good faith in the reporting or investigation of:
 - (A) unlawful conduct; or
 - (B) unsolicited and unwelcome conduct; or
- (3) related to a matter of public concern.

(b) Subject to subsection (c), a defendant who is a parent, legal guardian, or individual with legal custody of a child is not liable under this Act for a dissemination or threatened dissemination of an intimate private sexual image of the child.

(c) If a defendant asserts an exception to liability under subsection (b), the exception does not apply if the plaintiff proves the disclosure was:

- (1) prohibited by a law other than this Act; or
- (2) made for the purpose of sexual arousal, sexual gratification, humiliation, degradation, or monetary or commercial gain.

(d) The dissemination of or a threat to disseminate a private sexual image is not a matter of public concern solely because the depicted individual is a public figure or the image is accompanied by a political message.

(Source: P.A. 101-556, eff. 1-1-20.)

(740 ILCS 190/25)

Sec. 25. Remedies.

(a) In an action under this Act, a prevailing plaintiff may recover:

- (1) the greater of:
 - (A) economic and noneconomic damages proximately caused by the defendant's dissemination or threatened dissemination, including damages for emotional distress whether or not accompanied by other damages; or
 - (B) statutory damages, not to exceed \$10,000, against each defendant found liable under this Act for all disseminations and threatened disseminations by the defendant of which the

plaintiff knew or reasonably should have known when filing the action or that became known during the pendency of the action. In determining the amount of statutory damages under this subsection, consideration shall be given to the age of the parties at the time of the disseminations or threatened disseminations, the number of disseminations or threatened disseminations made by the defendant, the breadth of distribution of the image by the defendant, and other exacerbating or mitigating factors;

(2) an amount equal to any monetary gain made by the defendant from dissemination of the private sexual image; and

(3) punitive damages.

(b) In an action under this Act, the court may award a prevailing plaintiff:

(1) reasonable attorney's fees and costs; and

(2) additional relief, including equitable injunctive relief such as a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction ordering the defendant to cease the display or disclosure of the image.

(c) This Act does not affect a right or remedy available under any other law of this State.

(Source: P.A. 101-556, eff. 1-1-20)."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Loughran Cappel, **House Bill No. 2500** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Johnson, **House Bill No. 2820** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, **House Bill No. 2856** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Villa, **House Bill No. 3249** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Labor, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3249

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3249 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Public Safety Employee Benefits Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:
(820 ILCS 320/10)

Sec. 10. Required health coverage benefits.

(a) An employer who employs a full-time law enforcement, correctional or correctional probation officer, or firefighter, who, on or after the effective date of this Act suffers a catastrophic injury or is killed in the line of duty shall pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and for each dependent child of the injured employee until the child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the child continues to be dependent for support or the child is a full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. An individual whose entire premium is paid in accordance with this Section shall be offered by the employer the choice of any health insurance plan available to currently employed full-time law enforcement, correctional or correctional probation officers, or firefighters. This requirement does not apply to a cafeteria plan administered under the State Employee Group Insurance Act of 1971, for which changes in coverage may only be elected during open enrollment or following a qualifying event. The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for the surviving spouse until remarried and for the dependent children under the conditions established in this Section. However:

(1) Health insurance benefits payable from any other source shall reduce benefits payable under this Section.

(2) It is unlawful for a person to willfully and knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain health insurance coverage as provided under this Section. A violation of this item is a Class A misdemeanor.

(3) Upon conviction for a violation described in item (2), a law enforcement, correctional or correctional probation officer, or other beneficiary who receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under this Section shall forfeit the right to receive health insurance benefits and shall reimburse the employer for all benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity. For purposes of this item, "conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld.

(b) In order for the law enforcement, correctional or correctional probation officer, firefighter, spouse, or dependent children to be eligible for insurance coverage under this Act, the injury or death must have occurred as the result of the officer's response to fresh pursuit, the officer or firefighter's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency, an unlawful act perpetrated by another, or during the investigation of a criminal act. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit health insurance coverage or pension benefits for which the officer, firefighter, spouse, or dependent children may otherwise be eligible. (Source: P.A. 90-535, eff. 11-14-97.).

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Halpin, **House Bill No. 3314** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Johnson, **House Bill No. 3524** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3524

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3524 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by adding Section 2-3.196 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.196 new)

Sec. 2-3.196. Air Quality in Schools Task Force

(a) The Air Quality in Schools Task Force is created. The purpose of the task force is to study and make recommendations to the General Assembly on air quality goals for elementary, middle, and high schools, processes to assess current ventilation systems in schools, processes to improve ventilation after assessment, and potential State and federal funding sources to improve school air quality in the State.

The Task Force shall consist of all of the following members:

(1) One member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(2) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(3) One member appointed by the President of the Senate.

(4) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate.

(5) One member appointed by the Office of the Governor.

(6) One member of the State Board of Education, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(7) One member appointed by the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(8) One member from a group representing school boards in this State, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(9) One member from a labor union that trains individuals to perform ventilation assessments and work on ventilation systems in large buildings, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(10) One member from a labor union representing teachers in this State, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(11) Two parents of students currently attending school, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(12) One district superintendent, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(13) One school principal, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(14) One school groundskeeper, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

(15) One environmental engineer, appointed by the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(16) One member appointed by the Director of Public Health.

(17) One member of the Illinois Chapter of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, appointed by the Director of Public Health.

(18) One member of a disability rights organization, appointed by the State Superintendent of Education.

Members of the task force shall serve without compensation.

(b) The State Board of Education shall provide administrative assistance and necessary staff support services.

(c) The task force shall issue recommendations for elementary and secondary schools relating to best practices to better assess current ventilation systems in schools and to improve their overall maintenance, as well as identify potential infrastructure needs. The recommendations shall also identify potential State and federal funding sources to assist schools in improving identified infrastructure and ventilation needs."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Preston, **House Bill No. 3570** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Senator Preston offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3570

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3570 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 24A-20 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/24A-20)

Sec. 24A-20. State Board of Education data collection and evaluation assessment and support systems.

(a) On or before the date established in subsection (b) of this Section, the State Board of Education shall, through a process involving collaboration with the Performance Evaluation Advisory Council, develop or contract for the development of and implement all of the following data collection and evaluation assessment and support systems:

(1) A system to annually collect and publish data by district and school on teacher and administrator performance evaluation outcomes. The system must ensure that no teacher or administrator can be personally identified by publicly reported data.

(2) Both a teacher and principal model evaluation template. The model templates must incorporate the requirements of this Article and any other requirements established by the State Board by administrative rule, but allow customization by districts in a manner that does not conflict with such requirements.

(3) An evaluator pre-qualification program based on the model teacher evaluation template.

(4) An evaluator training program based on the model teacher evaluation template. The training program shall provide multiple training options that account for the prior training and experience of the evaluator.

(5) A superintendent training program based on the model principal evaluation template.

(6) One or more instruments to provide feedback to principals on the instructional environment within a school.

(7) A State Board-provided or approved technical assistance system that supports districts with the development and implementation of teacher and principal evaluation systems.

(8) Web-based systems and tools supporting implementation of the model templates and the evaluator pre-qualification and training programs.

(9) A process for measuring and reporting correlations between local principal and teacher evaluations and (A) student growth in tested grades and subjects and (B) retention rates of teachers.

(10) A process for assessing whether school district evaluation systems developed pursuant to this Act and that consider student growth as a significant factor in the rating of a teacher's and principal's performance are valid and reliable, contribute to the development of staff, and improve student achievement outcomes. By no later than September 1, 2014, a research-based study shall be issued assessing such systems for validity and reliability, contribution to the development of staff, and improvement of student performance and recommending, based on the results of this study, changes, if any, that need to be incorporated into teacher and principal evaluation systems that consider student growth as a significant factor in the rating performance for remaining school districts to be required to implement such systems.

(b) If the State of Illinois receives a Race to the Top Grant, the data collection and support systems described in subsection (a) must be developed on or before September 30, 2011. If the State of Illinois does not receive a Race to the Top Grant, the data collection and support systems described in subsection (a) must be developed on or before September 30, 2012; provided, however, that the data collection and support systems set forth in items (3) and (4) of subsection (a) of this Section must be developed by September 30, 2011 regardless of whether the State of Illinois receives a Race to the Top Grant. By no later than September 1, 2011, if the State of Illinois receives a Race to the Top Grant, or September 1, 2012, if the State of Illinois does not receive a Race to the Top Grant, the State Board of Education must execute or contract for the execution of the assessment referenced in item (10) of subsection (a) of this Section to determine whether the school district evaluation systems developed pursuant to this Act have been valid and reliable, contributed to the development of staff, and improved student performance.

(c) Districts shall submit data and information to the State Board on teacher and principal performance evaluations and evaluation plans in accordance with procedures and requirements for submissions established by the State Board. Such data shall include, without limitation, (i) data on the performance rating given to all teachers in contractual continued service, (ii) data on district recommendations to renew or not renew teachers not in contractual continued service, and (iii) data on the performance rating given to all principals.

(d) If the State Board of Education does not timely fulfill any of the requirements set forth in Sections 24A-7 and 24A-20, and adequate and sustainable federal, State, or other funds are not provided to the State Board of Education and school districts to meet their responsibilities under this Article, the applicable implementation date shall be postponed by the number of calendar days equal to those needed by the State Board of Education to fulfill such requirements and for the adequate and sustainable funds to be provided to the State Board of Education and school districts. The determination as to whether the State Board of Education has fulfilled any or all requirements set forth in Sections 24A-7 and 24A-20 and whether adequate and sustainable funds have been provided to the State Board of Education and school districts shall be made by the State Board of Education in consultation with the P-20 Council.

(e) The State Board of Education shall report teacher evaluation data from each school in the State. The State Board's report shall include:

(1) data from the most recent performance evaluation ratings issued prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly for all non-tenured teachers and teachers in contractual continued service broken down by the race and ethnicity of teachers; and

(2) data from the most recent performance evaluation ratings issued prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly for all non-tenured teachers and teachers in contractual continued service broken down by the race, ethnicity, and eligibility status for free or reduced-price lunch of students in the school where the teachers work.

The report shall contain data in an aggregate format. The report is exempt from Section 24A-7.1 of this Code; however, the data in the report is not exempt from Section 24A-7.1 of this Code. The State Board shall provide the data in the report in a format that prevents identification of individual teachers.

(Source: P.A. 96-861, eff. 1-15-10)."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Joyce, **House Bill No. 3677** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

[May 4, 2023]

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Agriculture, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3677

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend House Bill 3677 on page 11, line 21, by inserting ", 3.4," after "3.2"; and

on page 17, by inserting immediately below line 24 the following:

"(520 ILCS 5/3.4) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.4)

Sec. 3.4. Trapping licenses. Before a trapping license shall be issued to any person, such person shall make application to the Department or any county, city, village, township or incorporated town clerk or his or her duly designated agent upon an application form provided by the Department. This application shall be executed and sworn to and shall set forth the name and description of the applicant and his or her place of residence.

Residents of this State may obtain a one-year trapping license.

The fee for a one-year trapping license for a resident of this State shall be \$10.00.

Residents of this State may obtain a 3-year trapping license. The fee for a 3-year trapping license for a resident of this State shall be 3 times the annual fee for a one-year trapping license.

The Department may provide for a one-year non-resident trapping license provided that any non-resident shall be charged a fee of \$175, and if the state in which the applicant resides does not provide for trapping mammals by Illinois residents, then the fee shall be \$250.

Every person trapping mammals shall make a report properly sworn to, to the Department, upon blanks supplied by the Department for such purpose, of all hides of mammals taken, sold, shipped or dealt in, during the open seasons for mammals together with the names and addresses of the parties to whom the same were sold or shipped. Such report shall be made to the Department within 15 days after the close of the trapping season. Failure to report or filing false reports shall subject the person to the penalties provided in Section 3.5. Further, the Department may refuse to issue a trapping license for the following year to any person who has failed to file such a report.

One-year ~~At~~ trapping licenses shall expire on March 31 of each year. Three-year trapping licenses shall expire on March 31 of the second year after the year in which the trapping license is issued.

(Source: P.A. 100-123, eff. 1-1-18.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 3699** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Preston, **House Bill No. 3702** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, moved that the Senate resolve itself into Executive Session to consider the report of that Committee relative to the appointment messages.

The motion prevailed.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020367, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020367

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

[May 4, 2023]

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Public Administrator and Public Guardian

Agency or Other Body: Gallatin County

Start Date: March 14, 2022

End Date: December 4, 2025

Name: Lawrence Wooden

Residence: 178 W. Logan Ave., P.O. Box 278, Shawneetown, IL 62984

Annual Compensation: Unsalariad

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Dale Fowler

Most Recent Holder of Office: Lawrence Wooden

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Halpin	McConchie	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfrio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	
Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020368, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020368

[May 4, 2023]

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Member

Agency or Other Body: Secure Choice Savings Board

Start Date: March 14, 2022

End Date: June 22, 2023

Name: Staci Mayall

Residence: 65 Linden St., Canton, IL 61520

Annual Compensation: Expenses

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Neil Anderson

Most Recent Holder of Office: David Rappaport

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Lightford	Simmons
Aquino	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Simms
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Stadelman
Bennett	Halpin	McClure	Syverson
Castro	Harris, N.	McConchie	Tracy
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Chesney	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Curran	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Plummer	Villanueva
Ellman	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villivalam
Faraci	Joyce	Preston	Wilcox
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rezin	Mr. President
Fine	Lewis	Rose	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020369, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate

[May 4, 2023]

consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020369

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Public Administrator and Public Guardian

Agency or Other Body: Moultrie County

Start Date: March 18, 2022

End Date: December 4, 2025

Name: Kevin McDermott

Residence: 1142 W. Lawrence Ave., Springfield, IL 62704

Annual Compensation: Unsalariated

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Doris Turner

Most Recent Holder of Office: Kevin McDermott

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

[May 4, 2023]

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020370, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020370

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Public Administrator and Public Guardian

Agency or Other Body: Sangamon County

Start Date: March 18, 2022

End Date: December 4, 2025

Name: Kevin McDermott

Residence: 1142 W. Lawrence Ave., Springfield, IL 62704

Annual Compensation: Unsalariated

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Doris Turner

Most Recent Holder of Office: Kevin McDermott

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	

[May 4, 2023]

Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons
Fine	Lightford	Sims

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020373, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020373

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, Michael Frerichs, Treasurer, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Member

Agency or Other Body: Charitable Trust Stabilization Committee

Start Date: August 13, 2022

End Date: August 13, 2028

Name: Joan Dixon

Residence: 1809 Maynard Dr., Champaign, IL 61822

Annual Compensation: Unsalariated

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Paul Faraci

Most Recent Holder of Office: Joan Dixon

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva

[May 4, 2023]

Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Mr. President
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020374, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020374

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Member

Agency or Other Body: Illinois Liquor Control Commission

Start Date: March 21, 2022

End Date: February 1, 2028

Name: Thomas Gibbons

Residence: 10024 S. Leavitt St., Chicago, IL 60643

Annual Compensation: \$35,463 per annum

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Bill Cunningham

Most Recent Holder of Office: Thomas Gibbons

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.

Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020375, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020375

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Chair, State Panel

Agency or Other Body: Illinois Labor Relations Board

Start Date: March 21, 2022

End Date: January 24, 2026

Name: William Lowry

Residence: 1023 W. Vernon Park Pl., Apt. A., Chicago, IL 60607

Annual Compensation: \$108,680 per annum

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Patricia Van Pelt

Most Recent Holder of Office: William Lowry

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
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[May 4, 2023]

Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020378, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020378

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Member

Agency or Other Body: Illinois State Police Merit Board

Start Date: March 28, 2022

End Date: March 28, 2026

Name: Raymond Garcia

Residence: 11624 Bend River Rd., Roscoe, IL 61073

Annual Compensation: Unsalariated

Per diem: \$246, not to exceed \$24,600 per annum

Nominee's Senator: Senator Andrew S. Chesney

Most Recent Holder of Office: New Position

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfrio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020381, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020381

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Member

Agency or Other Body: Commission on Discrimination and Hate Crimes

Start Date: March 28, 2022

End Date: March 1, 2025

Name: Mitchell Davis

Residence: 22845 Millard Ave., Richton Park, IL 60471

Annual Compensation: Expenses

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Patrick J. Joyce

Most Recent Holder of Office: New Position

[May 4, 2023]

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1020382, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1020382

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Member

Agency or Other Body: Waukegan Port District Board

Start Date: March 28, 2022

End Date: May 31, 2027

Name: Thomas Evers

Residence: 14660 S. Somerset Cir., Libertyville, IL 60048

Annual Compensation: Expenses

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Mary Edly-Allen

Most Recent Holder of Office: Thomas Evers

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1030014, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1030014

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator

Agency or Other Body: Office of the Governor

Start Date: January 27, 2023

End Date: January 25, 2025

Name: Cynthia Barbera-Brelle

Residence: 706 S. Busse Rd., Mount Prospect, IL 60056

[May 4, 2023]

Annual Compensation: \$148,460 per annum

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Ann Gillespie

Most Recent Holder of Office: Cynthia Barbera-Brelle

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1030017, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1030017

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Director

Agency or Other Body: Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice

Start Date: January 27, 2023

End Date: January 20, 2025

Name: Heidi Mueller

Residence: 6577 N. Tahoma Ave., Chicago, IL 60646

Annual Compensation: \$165,000 per annum

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Ram Villivalam

Most Recent Holder of Office: Heidi Mueller

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1030058, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1030058

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, Governor JB Pritzker, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Director

Agency or Other Body: Illinois Department of Agriculture

[May 4, 2023]

Start Date: January 23, 2023

End Date: January 20, 2025

Name: Jerry F. Costello II

Residence: 5373 Live Oak Drive, Smithton, IL 62285

Annual Compensation: \$180,000

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Christopher Belt

Most Recent Holder of Office: Jerry F. Costello II

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1030059, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1030059

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

I, Governor JB Pritzker, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

[May 4, 2023]

Title of Office: Director

Agency or Other Body: Illinois Department of Revenue

Start Date: January 23, 2023

End Date: January 20, 2025

Name: David Harris

Residence: 323 South Pine Avenue, Arlington Heights, IL 60005

Annual Compensation: \$195,000

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Ann Gillespie

Most Recent Holder of Office: David Harris

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Executive Appointments, to which was referred Appointment Message No. 1030105, reported the same back with the recommendation that the Senate consent to the following appointment:

Appointment Message No. 1030105

To the Honorable Members of the Senate, One Hundred Third General Assembly:

[May 4, 2023]

I, JB Pritzker, Governor, am nominating and, having sought the advice of the Senate and by and with the consent of the Senate, appointing the following named individual to the office enumerated below. The consent of this Honorable Body is respectfully requested.

Title of Office: Assistant Director

Agency or Other Body: Illinois Department of Labor

Start Date: March 13, 2023

End Date: January 20, 2025

Name: Jason G. Hogendorn-Keller

Residence: 1909 Old Ivy Dr., Springfield, IL 62711

Annual Compensation: \$156,600 per annum

Per diem: Not Applicable

Nominee's Senator: Senator Doris Turner

Most Recent Holder of Office: Jason G. Hogendorn-Keller

Superseded Appointment Message: Not Applicable

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate consent to the foregoing appointment.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The motion prevailed.

Whereupon the President of the Senate announced confirmation of the foregoing appointment.

On motion of Senator Murphy, the Executive Session arose and the Senate resumed consideration of business.

Senator Koehler, presiding.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Castro, **Senate Bill No. 764** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Castro offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 764

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 764 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Vision Care Plan Regulation Act.

Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Covered materials" means materials for which reimbursement from the vision care plan is provided to an eye care provider by an enrollee's plan contract or for which a reimbursement would be available but for the application of the enrollee's contractual limitation of deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance. "Covered materials" includes lens treatment or coatings added to a spectacle lens if the base spectacle lens is a covered material.

"Covered services" means services for which reimbursement from the vision care plan is provided to an eye care provider by an enrollee's plan contract or for which a reimbursement would be available but for the application of the enrollee's contractual plan limitation of deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance regardless of how the benefits are listed in an enrollee's benefit plan's definition of benefits.

"Enrollee" means any individual enrolled in a vision care plan provided by a group, employer, or other entity that purchases or supplies coverage for a vision care plan.

"Eye care provider" means a doctor of optometry licensed pursuant to the Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987 or a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches pursuant to the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

"Materials" means ophthalmic devices, including, but not limited to:

- (i) lenses, devices containing lenses, ophthalmic frames, and other lens mounting apparatus, prisms, lens treatments, and coatings;
- (ii) contact lenses and prosthetic devices that correct, relieve, or treat defects or abnormal conditions of the human eye or adnexa; and
- (iii) any devices that deliver medication or other therapeutic treatment to the human eye or adnexa.

"Services" means the professional work performed by an eye care provider.

"Subcontractor" means any company, group, or third-party entity, including agents, servants, partially-owned or wholly-owned subsidiaries and controlled organizations, that the vision care plan contracts with to supply services or materials for an eye care provider or enrollee to fulfill the benefit plan of a vision care plan.

"Vision care organization" means an entity formed under the laws of this State or another state that issues a vision care plan.

"Vision care plan" means a plan that creates, promotes, sells, provides, advertises, or administers an integrated or stand-alone plan that provides coverage for covered services and covered materials.

Section 10. Noncovered services.

(a) No vision care organization that issues, delivers, amends, or renews a vision care plan on or after the effective date of this Act shall issue a contract that requires an eye care provider, as a condition of participation in the vision care plan, to provide services or materials to an enrollee at a fee set by the vision care plan unless the services or materials are covered services or covered materials under the vision care plan. De minimis reimbursements shall not qualify a service or material as a covered service or a covered material under this Act.

(b) An eye care provider who chooses not to accept as payment an amount set by a vision care plan for services or materials that are not covered services or covered materials shall post, in a conspicuous place, a notice stating the following: "IMPORTANT: This eye care provider does not accept the fee schedule set by your insurer for vision care services and vision care materials that are not covered benefits under your plan

and instead charges his or her normal fee for those services and materials. This eye care provider will provide you with an estimated cost for each noncovered service or noncovered material upon your request."

Section 15. Fees for covered services and covered materials. Fees paid under a vision care plan for covered services and covered materials, regardless of the supplier or optical lab used to obtain materials, shall be reasonable and shall be clearly listed on a fee schedule that has been provided to the eye care provider before entering into a contract with the vision care organization. Fees paid for materials supplied by a non-network lab are not required to be identical to fees paid for materials ordered through a network lab, but non-network lab fees shall be reasonable.

Section 20. Misrepresentation.

(a) A vision care organization and its officers, directors, agents, and employees are subject to the provisions of Sections 149 and 154.6 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(b) Incorporation by reference in this Act to specific laws of this State shall not be construed to exempt a vision care organization or vision care plan from otherwise applicable laws that are not specifically referenced in this Act.

Section 25. Subcontractors. The provisions of this Act apply to any subcontractors used by a vision care organization to supply materials or services to an eye care provider or an enrollee under a vision care plan.

Section 30. Suppliers; optical labs.

(a) A vision care organization may not restrict or limit an eye care provider's choice of suppliers of services, covered materials, or the use of an optical lab.

(b) A vision care organization may not require an eye care provider or patient to order or purchase covered materials, including, but not limited to, ophthalmic lenses, from any source owned by, controlled by, or in a common ownership scheme with the entity that issued the vision care plan.

(c) At the request of an enrollee, an eye care provider recommending an out-of-network source or supplier of vision care materials to an enrollee shall provide written notice to the enrollee stating:

(1) that the source or supplier is an out-of-network laboratory or supplier of vision care materials; and

(2) any business interest that the eye care provider has in the out-of-network source or supplier recommended to the enrollee.

(d) An eye care provider is required to offer an enrollee in-network sources or suppliers of vision care materials at the enrollee's request.

Section 35. Modification of plan.

(a) The terms, fees, discounts, or reimbursement rates in a vision care plan may not be changed during the term of the contract unless mutually agreed to in writing by the eye care provider and the vision care organization that issued the vision care plan. However, a change proposed to a vision care plan by the vision care organization shall become effective if the eye care provider fails to respond to the vision care organization within 60 days after receipt of notice of the proposed changes.

(b) The terms of a vision care plan contract that is amended, delivered, issued, or renewed after the effective date of this Act shall comply with the provisions of this Act.

Section 40. Prohibitions; medical plan preconditions.

(a) No vision care organization that issues, delivers, amends, or renews a vision care plan on or after the effective date of this Act shall issue a vision care plan contract that requires:

(1) an eye care provider to contract with a plan that offers supplemental or specialty health care services as a condition of contracting with a plan that offers basic health services; or

(2) an eye care provider to contract with a vision care plan as a condition to participation in a medical plan or in-network.

(b) A vision care plan may enter into an agreement with a health care plan to deliver routine vision care services that are covered under the enrollee's plan.

(c) A vision care plan may act as a network regarding routine vision care services offered by a health care plan.

Section 900. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act is amended by adding Section 2BBBB as follows:

(815 ILCS 505/2BBBB new)

Sec. 2BBBB. Violations of the Vision Care Plan Regulation Act. Any person who violates the Vision Care Plan Regulation Act commits an unlawful practice within the meaning of this Act.

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Castro, **Senate Bill No. 764** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Fowler, **Senate Bill No. 1068** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Fowler offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1068

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1068 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

[May 4, 2023]

"Section 5. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Director of the Department of Natural Resources, on behalf of the State of Illinois and the Department of Natural Resources, is authorized to execute and deliver to Two Rivers Fisheries for and in consideration of the appraised value as determined by a Certified General Appraiser, paid to Department for deposit into the Park and Conservation Fund, a quitclaim deed, conveying all right, title, and interest of the State of Illinois and the Department of Natural Resources in and to the following real property, situated in the County of Alexander and described as follows:

A part of the of Section 31, Township 17 South, Range 1 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Alexander County, State of Illinois more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the State line of Illinois/Kentucky and the existing southerly right of way line of US ROUTE 60 & 62, located 50.00 feet southeasterly of the located centerline of US ROUTE 60 & 62 at station 13+38.50; thence South 41 degrees 07 minutes 43 seconds West along the existing southerly right of way line a distance of 843.23 feet to a point located 50.00 feet southeasterly of said centerline at station 4+95.27; thence South 52 degrees 42 minutes 40 seconds East along the existing southerly right of way line a distance of 150.44 feet to a point located 200.00 feet southeasterly of said centerline at station 5+05.33; thence South 41 degrees 07 minutes 43 seconds West along the existing southerly right of way line a distance of 250.55 feet to a point located 200.00 feet southeasterly of said centerline at station 2+54.78; thence North 52 degrees 14 minutes 02 seconds West a distance of 167.10 to a point located 33.00 feet southeasterly of the centerline of US ROUTE 60 & 62 at Station 2+45.00; thence South 41 degrees 11 minutes 24 seconds West a distance of 42.96 feet to a point located 33.23 feet southeasterly of the centerline of US ROUTE 60 & 62 at Station 2+02.03 said point being the Point of Beginning of this description; thence South 48 degrees 52 minutes 17 seconds East a distance of 179.36 feet to a point located 212.60 feet southeasterly of the centerline of US ROUTE 60 & 62 at Station 2+02.03; thence South 43 degrees 57 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 89.88 feet to a point located 208.15 feet southeasterly of the centerline of US ROUTE 60 & 62 at Station 1+12.26; thence South 03 degrees 59 minutes 43 seconds East a distance of 48.23 feet to a point located 242.33 feet southeasterly of the centerline of US ROUTE 60 & 62 at Station 0+78.22; thence southwesterly along a non-tangential curve left, having a radius of 55.55 feet, an arc distance of 71.57 feet, the chord of said curve bears South 25 degrees 10 minutes 56 seconds West, to a point located 56.48 feet northeasterly of the centerline of SBI ROUTE 150 (US ROUTE 51) at Station 50+70; thence South 54 degrees 13 minutes 59 seconds West a distance of 18.48 feet to a point located 38.00 feet northeasterly of said centerline at Station 50+70.00; thence North 33 degrees 30 minutes 49 seconds West a distance of 197.42 feet to a point located 53.00 feet northeasterly of said centerline at Station 48+75.00; thence North 51 degrees 37 minutes 22 seconds East a distance of 32.00 feet to a point located 85.00 feet northeasterly of said centerline at Station 48+75.00; thence North 18 degrees 49 minutes 49 seconds West a distance of 44.83 feet to a point located 100.00 feet northeasterly of said centerline at Station 48+32.75; thence North 41 degrees 11 minutes 24 seconds East a distance of 99.77 feet to the Point of Beginning.

The above-described tract contains 0.73 acres (31,740 Sq. Ft.) more or less. The basis of the bearings in this description is the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System. All distances as measured from the located centerline of SBI ROUTE 150 (US ROUTE 51) and US ROUTE 60 & 62 are measured normal to said centerline.

Section 10. The conveyance of real property authorized by Section 5 shall be made subject to existing public utilities, existing public roads, and any and all reservations, easements, encumbrances, covenants, and restrictions of record.

Section 15. Within 60 days after the effective date of this Act, the Director of Natural Resources shall obtain a certified copy of this Act and, upon receipt of the payment required by this Act, shall ensure that the certified copy of the portions of this Act named by this Section and the quitclaim deed conveying the land are provided to Two Rivers Fisheries, to be recorded in the Recorder's Office in the county in which the land is located.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Fowler, **Senate Bill No. 1068** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Joyce, **House Bill No. 217** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Halpin	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura

[May 4, 2023]

Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Holmes, **House Bill No. 1049** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 44; NAYS 13.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lewis	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Lightford	Turner, D.
Castro	Halpin	Loughran Cappel	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Martwick	Ventura
Cunningham	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Villa
Curran	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Holmes	Peters	Villivalam
Ellman	Hunter	Porfirio	Mr. President
Faraci	Johnson	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Jones, E.	Simmons	
Fine	Joyce	Sims	
Fowler	Koehler	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	McClure	Rezin	Wilcox
Bennett	McConchie	Rose	
Bryant	Morrison	Stoller	
Chesney	Plummer	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Belt, **House Bill No. 1105** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fine	Lewis	Simmons
Aquino	Fowler	Lightford	Sims
Belt	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Bennett	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Stoller
Bryant	Halpin	McClure	Syverson
Castro	Harris, N.	McConchie	Tracy
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Chesney	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Curran	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Porfirio	Villanueva
Ellman	Jones, E.	Preston	Villivalam
Faraci	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rose	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Castro, **House Bill No. 1132** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 39; NAYS 17.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Koehler	Simmons
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Lightford	Sims
Castro	Halpin	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, D.
Cunningham	Hastings	Morrison	Ventura
Edly-Allen	Holmes	Murphy	Villa
Ellman	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Faraci	Johnson	Peters	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Mr. President
Fine	Joyce	Preston	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Rezin	Turner, S.
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rose	Wilcox
Bryant	Lewis	Stoller	
Chesney	McClure	Syverson	
Curran	Plummer	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Stadelman, **House Bill No. 1236** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 51; NAYS 4.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Simmons
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Bennett	Halpin	Martwick	Stadelman
Bryant	Harris, N.	McClure	Syverson
Castro	Harriss, E.	McConchie	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Holmes	Murphy	Ventura
Curran	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Peters	Villanueva
Ellman	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Preston	Wilcox
Fine	Koehler	Rezin	Mr. President
Fowler	Lewis	Rose	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney	Stoller
Plummer	Tracy

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

Senator S. Turner asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the negative on **House Bill No. 1236**.

On motion of Senator E. Harriss, **House Bill No. 1273** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Castro, **House Bill No. 1283** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 40; NAYS 15.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Stadelman
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Castro	Halpin	Martwick	Ventura
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Morrison	Villa
Cunningham	Hastings	Murphy	Villanueva
Curran	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Mr. President
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Simmons	
Fine	Koehler	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Tracy
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rose	Turner, S.
Bryant	Lewis	Stoller	Wilcox
Chesney	McConchie	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator E. Harriss, **House Bill No. 1297** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Stadelman
Belt	Halpin	McClure	Stoller
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Syverson
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Tracy
Cervantes	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, D.
Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Curran	Hunter	Peters	Ventura
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Plummer	Villa
Ellman	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villanueva

[May 4, 2023]

Faraci	Joyce	Preston	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rezin	Wilcox
Fine	Lewis	Rose	Mr. President
Fowler	Lightford	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Peters, **House Bill No. 1496** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 39; NAYS 18.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Koehler	Simmons
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Lightford	Sims
Castro	Halpin	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, D.
Cunningham	Hastings	Morrison	Ventura
Edly-Allen	Holmes	Murphy	Villa
Ellman	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Faraci	Johnson	Peters	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Mr. President
Fine	Joyce	Preston	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Tracy
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Turner, S.
Bryant	Lewis	Rose	Wilcox
Chesney	McClure	Stoller	
Curran	McConchie	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 1541** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller

Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Ventura
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Cunningham	Holmes	Peters	Villanueva
Curran	Hunter	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Preston	Mr. President
Ellman	Jones, E.	Rezin	
Faraci	Joyce	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Loughran Cappel, **House Bill No. 1565** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Halpin	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Simmons, **House Bill No. 1591** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

[May 4, 2023]

YEAS 49; NAYS 6.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Halpin	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Harris, N.	McConchie	Tracy
Castro	Hastings	Morrison	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Holmes	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Curran	Johnson	Peters	Villa
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villanueva
Ellman	Joyce	Preston	Villivalam
Faraci	Koehler	Rezin	Wilcox
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Rose	Mr. President
Fine	Lightford	Simmons	
Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Sims	
Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Bryant	Fowler
Bennett	Chesney	Stoller

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Simmons, **House Bill No. 1596** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 36; NAYS 19.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Ventura
Castro	Halpin	Morrison	Villa
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Mr. President
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	McConchie	Syverson
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Plummer	Tracy
Bryant	Joyce	Rezin	Turner, S.
Chesney	Lewis	Rose	Wilcox
Curran	McClure	Stoller	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Rezin, **House Bill No. 1629** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Murphy	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Peters	Villa
Cervantes	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Chesney	Johnson	Porfrio	Villivalam
Cunningham	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Curran	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Edly-Allen	Koehler	Rose	
Ellman	Lewis	Simmons	
Faraci	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, **House Bill No. 1633** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Glowiak Hilton offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 1633

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1633 on page 3, immediately below line 18, by inserting the following:

"(19) A individual with a disability or a statewide organization representing or advocating on behalf of individuals with disabilities. As used in this paragraph, "disability" has the meaning given to that term in Section 10 of the Disabilities Services Act of 2003."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Fine, **House Bill No. 2072** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

[May 4, 2023]

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stadelman
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Stoller
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Syverson
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Tracy
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Chesney	Hunter	Peters	Ventura
Cunningham	Johnson	Plummer	Villa
Curran	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Preston	Villivalam
Ellman	Koehler	Rezin	Wilcox
Faraci	Lewis	Rose	Mr. President
Fine	Lightford	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Edly-Allen, **House Bill No. 2086** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fine	Lightford	Stadelman
Aquino	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stoller
Belt	Gillespie	Martwick	Syverson
Bennett	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Tracy
Bryant	Harris, N.	McConchie	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

Senator Simmons asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his intention to have voted in the affirmative on **House Bill No. 2086**.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Cunningham, **House Bill No. 2174** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Cunningham offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 2174

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend House Bill 2174 on page 5, line 2, after the period, by inserting: "Before a property owner may proceed with such installation or use, the property owner must first give the association written notice of the alleged failure and 10 business days to cure that alleged failure. During those 10 business days, the association may only adopt the policy statement or process the application; the association may not take other action, including, but not limited to, seeking injunctive relief, during those 10 business days."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Peters, **House Bill No. 2223** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 39; NAYS 17.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Fowler	Koehler	Simmons
Belt	Gillespie	Lightford	Sims
Castro	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, D.
Cunningham	Hastings	Morrison	Ventura
Edly-Allen	Holmes	Murphy	Villa
Ellman	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Faraci	Johnson	Peters	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Mr. President
Fine	Joyce	Preston	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Turner, S.
Bennett	Lewis	Rose	Wilcox
Bryant	McClure	Stoller	
Chesney	McConchie	Syverson	
Curran	Plummer	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

Senator Fowler asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his intention to have voted in the negative on **House Bill No. 2223**.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Hastings, **House Bill No. 2245** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Hastings offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 2245

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 2245 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by adding Sections 4-110 and 4-111 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/4-110 new)

Sec. 4-110. Stolen vehicle recovery hotline. In a county having a population of 3,000,000 or more, the county sheriff shall establish with other law enforcement agencies a vehicle theft hotline to facilitate interaction with vehicle manufacturers and vehicle location vendors consistent with the Freedom From Location Surveillance Act. The county sheriff shall collaborate with vehicle manufacturers, dealers, and vehicle location vendors to provide information and assistance to law enforcement officers in the investigation of a vehicular hijacking or kidnapping incident and ensure that consumers are provided with information concerning the hotline, new or used vehicles manufactured with stolen vehicle locator capabilities, and how consumers can activate stolen vehicle locator services by publishing the information in a conspicuous location on the county sheriff's website.

(625 ILCS 5/4-111 new)

Sec. 4-111. Manufacturer's vehicle incident hotline; law enforcement verification; manufacturer statements.

(a) Unless the manufacturer or its vehicle location vendor operates an existing vehicle location service line, a manufacturer of any vehicle sold in this State shall maintain a telephone number that is staffed and available to State, county, and local law enforcement agencies and their respective 9-1-1 system call centers or designated dispatch centers 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to assist law enforcement with locating vehicles in the investigation of vehicles stolen in vehicular hijacking incidents or that have been used in the commission of a kidnapping. The hotline for the manufacturer or the manufacturer's vehicle location vendor shall relay vehicle location information, including real-time vehicle location information whenever reasonably possible, to the 9-1-1 call center or designated dispatch center or sworn law enforcement personnel for any of the responding law enforcement agencies, to the best of the manufacturer's or vehicle location vendor's technical capability when:

(1) a warrant or other court order has been issued relating to the vehicle's location information and provided to the manufacturer or the vehicle location vendor; or

(2) the vehicle owner lawfully consents to the vehicle location information being shared with the 9-1-1 call center or designated dispatch center and responding law enforcement officials; or

(3) the 9-1-1 call center or designated dispatch center or responding law enforcement officials:

(A) provides adequate verification to the manufacturer or the vehicle location vendor, of their identity as law enforcement and the identity of the responding law enforcement official; and

(B) the responding law enforcement officials shall certify to the manufacturer or the vehicle location vendor, that the situation involves a clear and present danger of death or great bodily harm to persons resulting from the vehicular hijacking or kidnapping incident.

(b) State, county, and local law enforcement agencies shall use their respective 9-1-1 system call centers or designated dispatch centers for the purpose of verification of law enforcement officers' identities and bona fide incident report numbers related to incidents.

(c) If a vehicle is equipped with functioning vehicle location tracking capability, but the capability is not currently activated, the manufacturer or the vehicle location vendor shall waive all fees associated with initiating, renewing, reestablishing, or maintaining the vehicle location service the vehicle is equipped with during the investigation of the vehicle being stolen in a vehicular hijacking incident or being used in the commission of kidnapping incident when law enforcement has confirmed that the situation involves a clear and present danger of death or great bodily harm to persons as described in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) and requires disclosure of vehicle location information without delay.

(d) A vehicle manufacturer or a subsidiary, vendor, employee, officer, director, representative, or contractor of the vehicle manufacturer shall not be liable and no cause of action shall arise under the laws of this State for providing, or in good faith attempting to provide, information or assistance to a law enforcement agency, 9-1-1 call center, or designated dispatch center pursuant to the mechanisms and processes established under this Section.

Section 10. The Freedom From Location Surveillance Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

(725 ILCS 168/15)

Sec. 15. Exceptions. This Act does not prohibit a law enforcement agency from seeking to obtain location information:

(1) to respond to a call for emergency services concerning the user or possessor of an electronic device;

(2) with the lawful consent of the owner of the electronic device or person in actual or constructive possession of the item being tracked by the electronic device;

(3) to lawfully obtain location information broadly available to the general public without a court order when the location information is posted on a social networking website, or is metadata attached to images and video, or to determine the location of an Internet Protocol (IP) address through a publicly available service;

(4) to obtain location information generated by an electronic device used as a condition of release from a penal institution, as a condition of pre-trial release, probation, conditional discharge, parole, mandatory supervised release, or other sentencing order, or to monitor an individual released under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act;

(5) to aid in the location of a missing person;

(6) in emergencies as follows:

(A) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, any investigative or law enforcement officer may seek to obtain location information in an emergency situation as defined in this paragraph (6). This paragraph (6) applies only when there was no previous notice of the emergency to the investigative or law enforcement officer sufficient to obtain prior judicial approval, and the officer reasonably believes that an order permitting the obtaining of location information would issue were there prior judicial review. An emergency situation exists when:

(i) the use of the electronic device is necessary for the protection of the investigative or law enforcement officer or a person acting at the direction of law enforcement; or

(ii) the situation involves:

(aa) a clear and present danger of imminent death or great bodily harm to persons resulting from:

(I) the use of force or the threat of the imminent use of force,

(II) a kidnapping or the holding of a hostage by force or the threat of the imminent use of force, or

(III) the occupation by force or the threat of the imminent use of force of any premises, place, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft;

(bb) an abduction investigation;

(cc) conspiratorial activities characteristic of organized crime;

(dd) an immediate threat to national security interest;

(ee) an ongoing attack on a computer comprising a felony;~~or~~

(ff) escape under Section 31-6 of the Criminal Code of 2012; or ;

(gg) vehicular hijacking.

(B) In all emergency cases, an application for an order approving the previous or continuing obtaining of location information must be made within 72 hours of its commencement. In the absence of the order, or upon its denial, any continuing obtaining of location information gathering shall immediately terminate. In order to approve obtaining location information, the judge must make a determination (i) that he or she would have granted an order had the information been before the court prior to the obtaining of the location information and (ii) there was an emergency situation as defined in this paragraph (6).

(C) In the event that an application for approval under this paragraph (6) is denied, the location information obtained under this exception shall be inadmissible in accordance with Section 20 of this Act; or

(7) to obtain location information relating to an electronic device used to track a vehicle or an effect which is owned or leased by that law enforcement agency.

(Source: P.A. 101-460, eff. 8-23-19.)".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Simmons, **House Bill No. 2297** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 37; NAYS 18.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Sims
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Ventura
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Villa
Cunningham	Holmes	Murphy	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Ellman	Johnson	Peters	Mr. President
Faraci	Jones, E.	Porfirio	
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Preston	
Fine	Koehler	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Tracy
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Turner, S.
Bryant	Lewis	Rose	Wilcox
Chesney	McClure	Stoller	
Curran	McConchie	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Lightford, **House Bill No. 2332** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 49; NAYS 5.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Harris, N.	Morrison	Tracy
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Ventura
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villa
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Villanueva
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Wilcox
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	
Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Bryant	Harriss, E.	Plummer
Chesney	McConchie	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Pacione-Zayas, **House Bill No. 2350** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 37; NAYS 17.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Sims
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Ventura
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Villa
Cunningham	Holmes	Murphy	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Ellman	Johnson	Peters	Mr. President
Faraci	Jones, E.	Porfirio	
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Preston	
Fine	Koehler	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Tracy
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Turner, S.
Bryant	Lewis	Rose	
Chesney	McClure	Stoller	
Curran	McConchie	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Joyce, **House Bill No. 2372** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stadelman
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Stoller
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Syverson
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Tracy
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Chesney	Hunter	Peters	Ventura
Curran	Johnson	Plummer	Villa
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villanueva
Ellman	Joyce	Preston	Villivalam
Faraci	Koehler	Rezin	Wilcox
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Rose	Mr. President
Fine	Lightford	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Belt, **House Bill No. 2389** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 41; NAYS 11.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Belt	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, D.
Castro	Hastings	McConchie	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Morrison	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Murphy	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Ellman	Jones, E.	Peters	Wilcox
Faraci	Joyce	Porfirio	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Preston	
Fine	Lewis	Simmons	
Gillespie	Lightford	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Chesney	Harriss, E.	Syverson
Bennett	Curran	McClure	Tracy
Bryant	Fowler	Plummer	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Fine, **House Bill No. 2380** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 47; NAYS 7.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Lewis	Simmons
Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Sims
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Hastings	Murphy	Ventura
Curran	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Villanueva
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Fine	Koehler	Rose	

The following voted in the negative:

Bennett	Chesney	Stoller	Tracy
Bryant	Plummer	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **House Bill No. 2390** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox

[May 4, 2023]

Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Feigenholtz, **House Bill No. 1571** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 51; NAYS 2.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Lightford	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Syverson
Bennett	Harris, N.	McClure	Tracy
Castro	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Curran	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Porfirio	Villanueva
Ellman	Jones, E.	Preston	Villivalam
Faraci	Joyce	Rose	Wilcox
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Simmons	Mr. President
Fine	Lewis	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Bryant
Chesney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Martwick, **House Bill No. 2231** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 38; NAYS 18.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Sims
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Ventura

Cunningham	Holmes	Murphy	Villa
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Ellman	Johnson	Peters	Villivalam
Faraci	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Preston	
Fine	Koehler	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Tracy
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Turner, S.
Bryant	Lewis	Rose	Wilcox
Chesney	McClure	Stoller	
Curran	McConchie	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator E. Harriss, **House Bill No. 2418** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Joyce, **House Bill No. 2461** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Ellman, **House Bill No. 2471** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Villivalam
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	
Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Joyce, **House Bill No. 2475** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator E. Harriss, **House Bill No. 2618** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Villanueva, **House Bill No. 2756** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Villivalam, **House Bill No. 2907** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 47; NAYS 6.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Sims
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Syverson
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	McConchie	Tracy
Cunningham	Hastings	Morrison	Turner, D.
Curran	Holmes	Murphy	Turner, S.
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Ellman	Johnson	Peters	Villa
Faraci	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villanueva
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Preston	Villivalam
Fine	Koehler	Rezin	Mr. President
Fowler	Lewis	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Bennett	Plummer	Stoller
Chesney	Rose	Wilcox

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

Senator Tracy asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the negative on **House Bill No. 2907**.

Senator S. Turner asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the negative on **House Bill No. 2907**.

Senator E. Harriss asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the negative on **House Bill No. 2907**.

On motion of Senator Villa, **House Bill No. 3116** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 46; NAYS 10.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Simmons
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Stadelman
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	McClure	Turner, D.
Cunningham	Hastings	McConchie	Turner, S.
Curran	Holmes	Morrison	Ventura
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Murphy	Villa
Ellman	Johnson	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Faraci	Jones, E.	Peters	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Porfirio	Mr. President
Fine	Koehler	Preston	
Fowler	Lewis	Rezin	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Chesney	Stoller	Wilcox
Bennett	Plummer	Syverson	
Bryant	Rose	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Villivalam, **House Bill No. 3126** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Fine, **House Bill No. 3135** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Villa, **House Bill No. 3233** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 44; NAYS 10.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Fowler	Lightford	Sims
Belt	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Bennett	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Turner, D.
Castro	Harris, N.	McConchie	Ventura
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Villa
Cunningham	Hastings	Murphy	Villanueva
Curran	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Mr. President
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rezin	
Fine	Lewis	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Plummer	Syverson	Wilcox
Bryant	Rose	Tracy	
Chesney	Stoller	Turner, S.	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

Senator Rezin asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the negative on **House Bill No. 3233**.

On motion of Senator Holmes, **House Bill No. 3236** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Martwick	Stoller
Aquino	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Rose	
Faraci	Lewis	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	
Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	

[May 4, 2023]

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Ventura, **House Bill No. 3253** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 30; NAYS 20.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Turner, D.
Belt	Fine	Martwick	Ventura
Castro	Gillespie	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Peters	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hunter	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Preston	Mr. President
Ellman	Jones, E.	Simmons	
Faraci	Koehler	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Glowiak Hilton	Plummer	Turner, S.
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Wilcox
Bryant	Joyce	Rose	
Chesney	Lewis	Stoller	
Curran	McClure	Syverson	
Fowler	McConchie	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

Senator Hastings asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his intention to have voted in the affirmative on **House Bill No. 3253**.

Senator E. Jones III asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his intention to have voted in the negative on **House Bill No. 3253**.

On motion of Senator Fine, **House Bill No. 3363** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Gillespie	McClure	Syverson
Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Belt	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bennett	Harris, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.

Bryant	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Castro	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Cervantes	Johnson	Porfirio	Villanueva
Cunningham	Jones, E.	Preston	Villivalam
Curran	Joyce	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Koehler	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Lewis	Simmons	
Faraci	Lightford	Sims	
Feigenholtz	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman	
Fowler	Martwick	Stoller	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

Senator Fine asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the affirmative on **House Bill No. 3363**.

On motion of Senator Villivalam, **House Bill No. 3396** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 48; NAYS 8.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Syverson
Belt	Harris, N.	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Harriss, E.	McConchie	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Ventura
Cunningham	Holmes	Murphy	Villa
Curran	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Peters	Villivalam
Ellman	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Mr. President
Faraci	Joyce	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rezin	
Fine	Lewis	Simmons	
Fowler	Lightford	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Bennett	Plummer	Tracy
Bryant	Rose	Wilcox
Chesney	Stoller	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

[May 4, 2023]

On motion of Senator Castro, **House Bill No. 3351** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 43; NAYS 10.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Fine	Lewis	Simmons
Belt	Fowler	Lightford	Sims
Bryant	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Castro	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Syverson
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Turner, D.
Cunningham	Holmes	Murphy	Ventura
Curran	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Peters	Villanueva
Ellman	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villivalam
Faraci	Joyce	Preston	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rezin	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Harriss, E.	Stoller	Wilcox
Bennett	McConchie	Tracy	
Chesney	Plummer	Turner, S.	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Castro, **House Bill No. 3370** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 39; NAYS 17.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Lightford	Simmons
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Stadelman
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Turner, D.
Cunningham	Holmes	Murphy	Ventura
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villa
Ellman	Johnson	Peters	Villanueva
Faraci	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Preston	Mr. President
Fine	Koehler	Rezin	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Turner, S.
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Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rose	Wilcox
Bryant	Lewis	Stoller	
Chesney	McClure	Syverson	
Curran	McConchie	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Holmes, **House Bill No. 3402** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Gillespie	Martwick	Stadelman
Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Stoller
Belt	Harris, N.	McConchie	Syverson
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Johnson	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Preston	Wilcox
Faraci	Koehler	Rezin	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Rose	
Fine	Lightford	Simmons	
Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

Senator Tracy asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the affirmative on **House Bill No. 3402**.

On motion of Senator Feigenholtz, **House Bill No. 3425** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 50; NAYS 5.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fine	Lightford	Simmons
Aquino	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Belt	Gillespie	Martwick	Stadelman
Bennett	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harris, N.	McConchie	Turner, S.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Ventura
Cervantes	Hastings	Murphy	Villa

[May 4, 2023]

Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Curran	Hunter	Peters	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Porfirio	Wilcox
Ellman	Jones, E.	Preston	Mr. President
Faraci	Joyce	Rezin	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rose	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney	Plummer	Tracy
Lewis	Stoller	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Castro, **House Bill No. 3448** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 44; NAYS 10.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harris, N.	McConchie	Ventura
Castro	Hastings	Morrison	Villa
Cervantes	Holmes	Murphy	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hunter	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Peters	Wilcox
Ellman	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Mr. President
Faraci	Joyce	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Simmons	
Fine	Lewis	Sims	
Fowler	Lightford	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Bennett	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Turner, S.
Chesney	McClure	Stoller	
Curran	Plummer	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Preston, **House Bill No. 3491** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 40; NAYS 16.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harris, N.	Morrison	Ventura
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Villa
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Porfirio	Mr. President
Ellman	Jones, E.	Preston	
Faraci	Joyce	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Sims	
Fine	Lightford	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Wilcox
Bennett	Lewis	Rose	
Chesney	McClure	Stoller	
Curran	McConchie	Tracy	
Fowler	Plummer	Turner, S.	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Ellman, **House Bill No. 3523** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stadelman
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Stoller
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Syverson
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Tracy
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Ventura
Curran	Johnson	Plummer	Villa
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villanueva
Ellman	Joyce	Preston	Villivalam
Faraci	Koehler	Rezin	Wilcox
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Rose	Mr. President
Fine	Lightford	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 3705** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stadelman
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Stoller
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Syverson
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Tracy
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Ventura
Curran	Johnson	Plummer	Villa
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Porfirio	Villanueva
Ellman	Joyce	Preston	Villivalam
Faraci	Koehler	Rezin	Wilcox
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Rose	Mr. President
Fine	Lightford	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Preston, **House Bill No. 3762** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 37; NAYS 19.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Turner, D.
Castro	Harris, N.	Morrison	Ventura
Cervantes	Hastings	Murphy	Villa
Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Villivalam
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	Mr. President
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	McConchie	Syverson
Bennett	Harriss, E.	Plummer	Tracy
Bryant	Joyce	Rezin	Turner, S.
Chesney	Lewis	Rose	Wilcox
Curran	McClure	Stoller	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Fowler, **House Bill No. 3769** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fine	Lightford	Sims
Aquino	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Belt	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Bennett	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bryant	Harris, N.	McConchie	Tracy
Castro	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Turner, S.
Chesney	Holmes	Peters	Ventura
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villa
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Villivalam
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Wilcox
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	

The following voted present:

Murphy

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator D. Turner, **House Bill No. 3814** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator D. Turner offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3814

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3814 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 10-19.05 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/10-19.05)

Sec. 10-19.05. Daily pupil attendance calculation.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, for a pupil of legal school age and in kindergarten or any of grades 1 through 12, a day of attendance shall be counted only for sessions of not less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under direct supervision of (i) teachers or (ii) non-teaching personnel or volunteer personnel when engaging in non-teaching duties and supervising in those instances specified in

[May 4, 2023]

subsection (a) of Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18. Days of attendance by pupils through verified participation in an e-learning program adopted by a school board and verified by the regional office of education or intermediate service center for the school district under Section 10-20.56 of this Code shall be considered as full days of attendance under this Section.

(b) A pupil regularly enrolled in a public school for only a part of the school day may be counted on the basis of one-sixth of a school day for every class hour of instruction of 40 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment, unless a pupil is enrolled in a block-schedule format of 80 minutes or more of instruction, in which case the pupil may be counted on the basis of the proportion of minutes of school work completed each day to the minimum number of minutes that school work is required to be held that day.

(c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance upon certification by the regional superintendent of schools and approval by the State Superintendent of Education to the extent that the district has been forced to use daily multiple sessions.

(d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of the school day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that day is utilized for an in-service training program for teachers, up to a maximum of 10 days per school year, provided that a district conducts an in-service training program for teachers in accordance with Section 10-22.39 of this Code, or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in which event each such day may be counted as a day required for a legal school calendar pursuant to Section 10-19 of this Code; (2) when, of the 5 days allowed under item (1), a maximum of 4 days are used for parent-teacher conferences, or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days are used, in which case each such day may be counted as a calendar day required under Section 10-19 of this Code, provided that the full-day, parent-teacher conference consists of (i) a minimum of 5 clock hours of parent-teacher conferences, (ii) both a minimum of 2 clock hours of parent-teacher conferences held in the evening following a full day of student attendance and a minimum of 3 clock hours of parent-teacher conferences held on the day immediately following evening parent-teacher conferences, or (iii) multiple parent-teacher conferences held in the evenings following full days of student attendance in which the time used for the parent-teacher conferences is equivalent to a minimum of 5 clock hours; and (3) when days in addition to those provided in items (1) and (2) are scheduled by a school pursuant to its school improvement plan adopted under Article 34 or its revised or amended school improvement plan adopted under Article 2, provided that (i) such sessions of 3 or more clock hours are scheduled to occur at regular intervals, (ii) the remainder of the school days in which such sessions occur are utilized for in-service training programs or other staff development activities for teachers, and (iii) a sufficient number of minutes of school work under the direct supervision of teachers are added to the school days between such regularly scheduled sessions to accumulate not less than the number of minutes by which such sessions of 3 or more clock hours fall short of 5 clock hours. Days scheduled for in-service training programs, staff development activities, or parent-teacher conferences may be scheduled separately for different grade levels and different attendance centers of the district.

(e) A session of not less than one clock hour of teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by telephone to the classroom may be counted as a half day of attendance; however, these pupils must receive 4 or more clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day of attendance.

(f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance for first grade pupils and pupils in full-day kindergartens, and a session of 2 or more hours may be counted as a half day of attendance by pupils in kindergartens that provide only half days of attendance.

(g) For children with disabilities who are below the age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock hours because of their disability or immaturity, a session of not less than one clock hour may be counted as a half day of attendance; however, for such children whose educational needs require a session of 4 or more clock hours, a session of at least 4 clock hours may be counted as a full day of attendance.

(h) A recognized kindergarten that provides for only a half day of attendance by each pupil shall not have more than one half day of attendance counted in any one day. However, kindergartens may count 2 and a half days of attendance in any 5 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends such a kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school day, the pupil shall have the following day as a day absent from school, unless the school district obtains permission in writing from the State Superintendent of Education. Attendance at kindergartens that provide for a full day of attendance by each pupil shall be counted the same as attendance by first grade pupils. Only the first year of attendance in one kindergarten shall be counted, except in the case of children who entered the kindergarten in their fifth year whose educational development requires a second year of kindergarten as determined under rules of the State Board of Education.

(i) On the days when the State's final accountability assessment is administered under subsection (c) of Section 2-3.64a-5 of this Code, the day of attendance for a pupil whose school day must be shortened to accommodate required testing procedures may be less than 5 clock hours and shall be counted toward the 176 days of actual pupil attendance required under Section 10-19 of this Code, provided that a sufficient number of minutes of school work in excess of 5 clock hours are first completed on other school days to compensate for the loss of school work on the examination days.

(j) Pupils enrolled in a remote educational program established under Section 10-29 of this Code may be counted on the basis of a one-fifth day of attendance for every clock hour of instruction attended in the remote educational program, provided that, in any month, the school district may not claim for a student enrolled in a remote educational program more days of attendance than the maximum number of days of attendance the district can claim (i) for students enrolled in a building holding year-round classes if the student is classified as participating in the remote educational program on a year-round schedule or (ii) for students enrolled in a building not holding year-round classes if the student is not classified as participating in the remote educational program on a year-round schedule.

(j-5) The clock hour requirements of subsections (a) through (j) of this Section do not apply if the Governor has declared a disaster due to a public health emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act. The State Superintendent of Education may establish minimum clock hour requirements under Sections 10-30 and 34-18.66 if the Governor has declared a disaster due to a public health emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act.

(k) Pupil participation in any of the following activities shall be counted toward the calculation of clock hours of school work per day:

(1) Instruction in a college course in which a student is dually enrolled for both high school credit and college credit.

(2) Participation in a Supervised Career Development Experience, as defined in Section 10 of the Postsecondary and Workforce Readiness Act, or any work-based learning experience in which student participation and learning outcomes are directed supervised by an educator licensed under Article 21B for assessment of competencies. Participation in a work-based learning experience may include, but is not limited to, scheduled events of State FFA associations, the National FFA Organization, and 4-H programs as part of organized competitions or exhibitions. The student and the student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for obtaining assignments missed while the student was participating in a Supervised Career Development Experience or other work-based learning experience pursuant to this paragraph (2) from the student's teacher.

(3) Participation in a youth apprenticeship, as jointly defined in rules of the State Board of Education and Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, in which student participation and outcomes are directed supervised by an educator licensed under Article 21B for assessment of competencies. The student and the student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for obtaining assignments missed while the student was participating in a youth apprenticeship pursuant to this paragraph (3) from the student's teacher.

(4) Participation in a blended learning program approved by the school district in which course content, student evaluation, and instructional methods are supervised by an educator licensed under Article 21B.

(Source: P.A. 101-12, eff. 7-1-19; 101-643, eff. 6-18-20.)"

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Pacione-Zayas, **House Bill No. 3822** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McConchie	Tracy
Bennett	Harris, N.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Turner, S.
Castro	Hastings	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cervantes	Holmes	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hunter	Plummer	Villanueva
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Wilcox
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Cunningham, **House Bill No. 3940** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Cunningham offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3940

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3940 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"(30 ILCS 105/5.531 rep.)

Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by repealing Section 5.531.

Section 10. The Emergency Telephone System Act is amended by changing Sections 2, 3, 6.2, 11.5, 14, 15.2, 15.3, 15.3a, 15.4, 15.4b, 15.5, 20, 30, 35, 40, 50, and 99 as follows:

(50 ILCS 750/2) (from Ch. 134, par. 32)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

"9-1-1 network" means the network used for the delivery of 9-1-1 calls and messages over dedicated and redundant facilities to a primary or backup 9-1-1 PSAP that meets the appropriate grade of service.

"9-1-1 system" means the geographic area that has been granted an order of authority by the Commission or the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator to use "9-1-1" as the primary emergency telephone number, including, but not limited to, the network, software applications, databases, CPE components and operational and management procedures required to provide 9-1-1 service.

"9-1-1 Authority" means an Emergency Telephone System Board or Joint Emergency Telephone System Board that provides for the management and operation of a 9-1-1 system. "9-1-1 Authority" includes the Illinois State Police only to the extent it provides 9-1-1 services under this Act.

"9-1-1 System Manager" means the manager, director, administrator, or coordinator who at the direction of his or her Emergency Telephone System Board is responsible for the implementation and execution of the order of authority issued by the Commission or the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator through

the programs, policies, procedures, and daily operations of the 9-1-1 system consistent with the provisions of this Act.

"Administrator" means the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator.

"Advanced service" means any telecommunications service with or without dynamic bandwidth allocation, including, but not limited to, ISDN Primary Rate Interface (PRI), that, through the use of a DS-1, T-1, or other un-channelized or multi-channel transmission facility, is capable of transporting either the subscriber's inter-premises voice telecommunications services to the public switched network or the subscriber's 9-1-1 calls to the public agency.

"Aggregator" means an entity that ingresses 9-1-1 calls of multiple traffic types or 9-1-1 calls from multiple originating service providers and combines them on a trunk group or groups (or equivalent egress connection arrangement to a 9-1-1 system provider's E9-1-1/NG9-1-1 network or system), and that uses the routing information provided in the received call setup signaling to select the appropriate trunk group and proceeds to signal call setup toward the 9-1-1 system provider. "Aggregator" includes an originating service provider that provides aggregation functions for its own 9-1-1 calls. "Aggregator" also includes an aggregation network or an aggregation entity that provides aggregator services for other types of system providers, such as cloud-based services or enterprise networks as its client.

"ALI" or "automatic location identification" means the automatic display at the public safety answering point of the address or location of the caller's telephone and supplementary emergency services information of the location from which a call originates.

"ANI" or "automatic number identification" means the automatic display of the 10-digit telephone number associated with the caller's telephone number.

"Automatic alarm" and "automatic alerting device" mean any device that will access the 9-1-1 system for emergency services upon activation and does not provide for two-way communication.

"Answering point" means a PSAP, SAP, Backup PSAP, Unmanned Backup Answering Point, or VAP.

"Authorized entity" means an answering point or participating agency other than a decommissioned PSAP.

"Backup PSAP" means an answering point that meets the appropriate standards of service and serves as an alternate to the PSAP operating independently from the PSAP at a different location that has the capability to direct dispatch for the PSAP or otherwise transfer emergency calls directly to an authorized entity. A backup PSAP may accept overflow calls from the PSAP or be activated if the primary PSAP is disabled.

"Board" means an Emergency Telephone System Board or a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board created pursuant to Section 15.4.

"Call back number" means a number used by a PSAP to recontact a location from which a 9-1-1 call was placed, regardless of whether that number is a direct-dial number for a station used to originate a 9-1-1 call.

"Carrier" includes a telecommunications carrier and a wireless carrier.

"Commission" means the Illinois Commerce Commission.

"Computer aided dispatch" or "CAD" means a computer-based system that aids public safety telecommunications by automating selected dispatching and recordkeeping activities.

"Direct dispatch" means a 9-1-1 service wherein upon receipt of an emergency call, a public safety telecommunicator transmits - without delay, transfer, relay, or referral - all relevant available information to the appropriate public safety personnel or emergency responders.

"Dispatchable location" means the street address of a 9-1-1 caller and additional information, such as room number, floor number, or similar information, necessary to identify the location of the 9-1-1 caller.

"Decommissioned" means the revocation of a PSAP's authority to handle 9-1-1 calls as an answering point within the 9-1-1 network.

"DS-1, T-1, or similar un-channelized or multi-channel transmission facility" means a facility that can transmit and receive a bit rate of at least 1.544 megabits per second (Mbps).

"Dynamic bandwidth allocation" means the ability of the facility or customer to drop and add channels, or adjust bandwidth, when needed in real time for voice or data purposes.

"Emergency call" means any type of request for emergency assistance through a 9-1-1 network either to the digits 9-1-1 or the emergency 24/7 10-digit telephone number for all answering points. An emergency call is not limited to a voice telephone call. It could be a two-way video call, an interactive text, Teletypewriter (TTY), an SMS, an Instant Message, or any new mechanism for communications available in

the future. An emergency call occurs when the request for emergency assistance is received by a public safety telecommunicator.

"EMS personnel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3.5 of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

"Enhanced 9-1-1" or "E9-1-1" means a telephone system that includes network switching, database and PSAP premise elements capable of providing automatic location identification data, selective routing, selective transfer, fixed transfer, and a call back number, including any enhanced 9-1-1 service so designated by the Federal Communications Commission in its report and order in WC Dockets Nos. 04-36 and 05-196, or any successor proceeding.

"ETSB" means an emergency telephone system board appointed by the corporate authorities of any county or municipality that provides for the management and operation of a 9-1-1 system.

"First responder" means someone designated by a public safety agency who is charged with responding to emergency service requests, including emergency communications professionals, public safety telecommunicators, public safety telecommunicator supervisors, and police, fire, and EMS personnel who operate in the field.

"Grade of service" means P.01 for E9-1-1 enhanced 9-1-1 services or the equivalent for NENA Baseline NG9-1-1 as set forth in the NENA i3 Solution adopted standard for NG9-1-1.

"Hearing-impaired individual" means a person with a permanent hearing loss who can regularly and routinely communicate by telephone only through the aid of devices which can send and receive written messages over the telephone network.

"Hosted supplemental 9-1-1 service" means a database service that:

- (1) electronically provides information to 9-1-1 call takers when a call is placed to 9-1-1;
- (2) allows telephone subscribers to provide information to 9-1-1 to be used in emergency scenarios;
- (3) collects a variety of formatted data relevant to 9-1-1 and first responder needs, which may include, but is not limited to, photographs of the telephone subscribers, physical descriptions, medical information, household data, and emergency contacts;
- (4) allows for information to be entered by telephone subscribers through a secure website where they can elect to provide as little or as much information as they choose;
- (5) automatically displays data provided by telephone subscribers to 9-1-1 call takers for all types of telephones when a call is placed to 9-1-1 from a registered and confirmed phone number;
- (6) supports the delivery of telephone subscriber information through a secure internet connection to all emergency telephone system boards;
- (7) works across all 9-1-1 call taking equipment and allows for the easy transfer of information into a computer aided dispatch system; and
- (8) may be used to collect information pursuant to an Illinois Premise Alert Program as defined in the Illinois Premise Alert Program (PAP) Act.

"Interconnected voice over Internet protocol provider" or "Interconnected VoIP provider" has the meaning given to that term under Section 13-235 of the Public Utilities Act.

"Joint ETSB" means a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board established by intergovernmental agreement of two or more municipalities or counties, or a combination thereof, to provide for the management and operation of a 9-1-1 system.

"Key telephone system" means a type of MLTS designed to provide shared access to several outside lines through buttons or keys typically offering identified access lines with direct line appearance or termination on a given telephone set.

"Local public agency" means any unit of local government or special purpose district located in whole or in part within this State that provides or has authority to provide firefighting, police, ambulance, medical, or other emergency services.

"Mechanical dialer" means any device that accesses the 9-1-1 system without human intervention and does not provide for two-way communication.

"Master Street Address Guide" or "MSAG" is a database of street names and house ranges within their associated communities defining emergency service zones (ESZs) and their associated emergency service numbers (ESNs) to enable proper routing of 9-1-1 calls.

"Mobile telephone number" or "MTN" means the telephone number assigned to a wireless telephone at the time of initial activation.

"Multi-line telephone system" or "MLTS" means a system that is comprised of a common control unit or units, telephone sets, control hardware and software, and adjunct systems and that enables users to make and receive telephone calls using shared resources, such as telephone network trunks or data link bandwidth. The terms "multi-line telephone system" and "MLTS" include, but are not limited to: network-based and premises-based systems, such as Centrex service; premises-based, hosted, and cloud-based VoIP systems; PBX, hybrid, and key telephone systems (as classified by the Federal Communications Commission under 47 CFR Part 68 or any successor rules); and systems owned or leased by governmental agencies, nonprofit entities, and for-profit businesses.

"Network connections" means the number of voice grade communications channels directly between a subscriber and a telecommunications carrier's public switched network, without the intervention of any other telecommunications carrier's switched network, which would be required to carry the subscriber's inter-premises traffic and which connection either (1) is capable of providing access through the public switched network to a 9-1-1 Emergency Telephone System, if one exists, or (2) if no system exists at the time a surcharge is imposed under Section 15.3, that would be capable of providing access through the public switched network to the local 9-1-1 Emergency Telephone System if one existed. Where multiple voice grade communications channels are connected to a telecommunications carrier's public switched network through a private branch exchange (PBX) service, there shall be determined to be one network connection for each trunk line capable of transporting either the subscriber's inter-premises traffic to the public switched network or the subscriber's 9-1-1 calls to the public agency. Where multiple voice grade communications channels are connected to an OSP's public switched network through Centrex type service, the number of network connections shall be equal to the number of PBX trunk equivalents for the subscriber's service or other multiple voice grade communication channels facility, as determined by reference to any generally applicable exchange access service tariff filed by the subscriber's telecommunications carrier with the Commission.

"Network costs" means those recurring costs that directly relate to the operation of the 9-1-1 network as determined by the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator with the advice of the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board, which may include, but need not be limited to, some or all of the following: costs for interoffice trunks, selective routing charges, transfer lines and toll charges for 9-1-1 services, Automatic Location Information (ALI) database charges, independent local exchange carrier charges and non-system provider charges, carrier charges for third party database for on-site customer premises equipment, back-up PSAP trunks for non-system providers, periodic database updates as provided by carrier (also known as "ALI data dump"), regional ALI storage charges, circuits for call delivery (fiber or circuit connection), NG9-1-1 costs, and all associated fees, taxes, and surcharges on each invoice. "Network costs" shall not include radio circuits or toll charges that are other than for 9-1-1 services.

"Next generation 9-1-1" or "NG9-1-1" means a secure Internet Protocol-based (IP-based) open-standards system comprised of hardware, software, data, and operational policies and procedures that:

- (A) provides standardized interfaces from emergency call and message services to support emergency communications;
- (B) processes all types of emergency calls, including voice, text, data, and multimedia information;
- (C) acquires and integrates additional emergency call data useful to call routing and handling;
- (D) delivers the emergency calls, messages, and data to the appropriate public safety answering point and other appropriate emergency entities based on the location of the caller;
- (E) supports data, video, and other communications needs for coordinated incident response and management; and
- (F) interoperates with services and networks used by first responders to facilitate emergency response.

"NG9-1-1 costs" means those recurring costs that directly relate to the Next Generation 9-1-1 service as determined by the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator with the advice of the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board, which may include, but need not be limited to, costs for NENA i3 Core Components (Border Control Function (BCF), Emergency Call Routing Function (ECRF), Location Validation Function (LVF), Emergency Services Routing Proxy (ESRP), Policy Store/Policy Routing Functions (PSPRF), and Location Information Servers (LIS)), Statewide ESInet, software external to the PSAP (data collection, identity management, aggregation, and GIS functionality), and gateways (legacy 9-1-1 tandems or gateways or both).

"Originating service provider" or "OSP" means the entity that provides services to end users that may be used to originate voice or nonvoice 9-1-1 requests for assistance and who would interconnect, in any of various fashions, to the 9-1-1 system provider for purposes of delivering 9-1-1 traffic to the public safety answering points.

"Private branch exchange" or "PBX" means a private telephone system and associated equipment located on the user's property that provides communications between internal stations and external networks.

"Private business switch service" means network and premises based systems including a VoIP, Centrex type service, or PBX service, even though key telephone systems or equivalent telephone systems registered with the Federal Communications Commission under 47 CFR Part 68 are directly connected to Centrex type and PBX systems. "Private business switch service" does not include key telephone systems or equivalent telephone systems registered with the Federal Communications Commission under 47 CFR Part 68 when not used in conjunction with a VoIP, Centrex type, or PBX systems. "Private business switch service" typically includes, but is not limited to, private businesses, corporations, and industries where the telecommunications service is primarily for conducting business.

"Private residential switch service" means network and premise based systems including a VoIP, Centrex type service, or PBX service or key telephone systems or equivalent telephone systems registered with the Federal Communications Commission under 47 CFR Part 68 that are directly connected to a VoIP, Centrex type service, or PBX systems equipped for switched local network connections or 9-1-1 system access to residential end users through a private telephone switch. "Private residential switch service" does not include key telephone systems or equivalent telephone systems registered with the Federal Communications Commission under 47 CFR Part 68 when not used in conjunction with a VoIP, Centrex type, or PBX systems. "Private residential switch service" typically includes, but is not limited to, apartment complexes, condominiums, and campus or university environments where shared tenant service is provided and where the usage of the telecommunications service is primarily residential.

"Public agency" means the State, and any unit of local government or special purpose district located in whole or in part within this State, that provides or has authority to provide firefighting, police, ambulance, medical, or other emergency services.

"Public safety agency" means a functional division of a public agency that provides firefighting, police, medical, or other emergency services to respond to and manage emergency incidents. For the purpose of providing wireless service to users of 9-1-1 emergency services, as expressly provided for in this Act, the Illinois State Police may be considered a public safety agency.

"Public safety answering point" or "PSAP" means the primary answering location of an emergency call that meets the appropriate standards of service and is responsible for receiving and processing those calls and events according to a specified operational policy.

"PSAP representative" means the manager or supervisor of a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) who oversees the daily operational functions and is responsible for the overall management and administration of the PSAP.

"Public safety telecommunicator" means any person employed in a full-time or part-time capacity at an answering point whose duties or responsibilities include answering, receiving, or transferring an emergency call for dispatch to the appropriate emergency responder.

"Public safety telecommunicator supervisor" means any person employed in a full-time or part-time capacity at an answering point or by a 9-1-1 Authority, whose primary duties or responsibilities are to direct, administer, or manage any public safety telecommunicator and whose responsibilities include answering, receiving, or transferring an emergency call for dispatch to the appropriate emergency responders.

"Referral" means a 9-1-1 service in which the public safety telecommunicator provides the calling party with the telephone number of the appropriate public safety agency or other provider of emergency services.

"Regular service" means any telecommunications service, other than advanced service, that is capable of transporting either the subscriber's inter-premises voice telecommunications services to the public switched network or the subscriber's 9-1-1 calls to the public agency.

"Relay" means a 9-1-1 service in which the public safety telecommunicator takes the pertinent information from a caller and relays that information to the appropriate public safety agency or other provider of emergency services.

"Remit period" means the billing period, one month in duration, for which a wireless carrier remits a surcharge and provides subscriber information by zip code to the Illinois State Police, in accordance with Section 20 of this Act.

"Secondary Answering Point" or "SAP" means a location, other than a PSAP, that is able to receive the voice, data, and call back number of E9-1-1 or NG9-1-1 emergency calls transferred from a PSAP and completes the call taking process by dispatching police, medical, fire, or other emergency responders.

"Shared residential MLTS service" means the use of one or more MLTS or MLTS services to provide telephone service to residential facilities, including, but not limited to, single-family dwellings and multi-family dwellings, such as apartments, even if the service is not individually billed.

"Shared telecommunications services" means the provision of telecommunications and information management services and equipment within a user group located in discrete private premises in building complexes, campuses, or high-rise buildings by a commercial shared services provider or by a user association, through privately owned customer premises equipment and associated data processing and information management services. The term "shared telecommunications services" includes the provisioning of connections to the facilities of a local exchange carrier or an interexchange carrier.

"Statewide wireless emergency 9-1-1 system" means all areas of the State where an emergency telephone system board has not declared its intention for one or more of its public safety answering points to serve as a primary wireless 9-1-1 public safety answering point for its jurisdiction. The operator of the statewide wireless emergency 9-1-1 system shall be the Illinois State Police.

"System" means the communications equipment and related software applications required to produce a response by the appropriate emergency public safety agency or other provider of emergency services as a result of an emergency call being placed to 9-1-1.

"System provider" means the contracted entity providing 9-1-1 network and database services.

"Telecommunications carrier" means those entities included within the definition specified in Section 13-202 of the Public Utilities Act, and includes those carriers acting as resellers of telecommunications services. "Telecommunications carrier" includes telephone systems operating as mutual concerns. "Telecommunications carrier" does not include a wireless carrier.

"Telecommunications technology" means equipment that can send and receive written messages over the telephone network.

"Temporary residence MLTS" means the use of a MLTS or MLTS service to provide telephone service to occupants of temporary or transient dwellings, including, but not limited to, dormitories, hotels, motels, health care facilities, and nursing homes, or other similar facilities.

"Transfer" means a 9-1-1 service in which the public safety telecommunicator, who receives an emergency call, transmits, redirects, or conferences that call to the appropriate public safety agency or other provider of emergency services. "Transfer" shall not include a relay or referral of the information without transferring the caller.

"Transmitting messages" shall have the meaning given to that term under Section 8-11-2 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

"Trunk line" means a transmission path, or group of transmission paths, connecting a subscriber's PBX to a telecommunications carrier's public switched network. In the case of regular service, each voice grade communications channel or equivalent amount of bandwidth capable of transporting either the subscriber's inter-premises voice telecommunications services to the public switched network or the subscriber's 9-1-1 calls to the public agency shall be considered a trunk line, even if it is bundled with other channels or additional bandwidth. In the case of advanced service, each DS-1, T-1, or other un-channelized or multi-channel transmission facility that is capable of transporting either the subscriber's inter-premises voice telecommunications services to the public switched network or the subscriber's 9-1-1 calls to the public agency shall be considered a single trunk line, even if it contains multiple voice grade communications channels or otherwise supports 2 or more voice grade calls at a time; provided, however, that each additional increment of up to 24 voice grade channels of transmission capacity that is capable of transporting either the subscriber's inter-premises voice telecommunications services to the public switched network or the subscriber's 9-1-1 calls to the public agency shall be considered an additional trunk line.

"Unmanned backup answering point" means an answering point that serves as an alternate to the PSAP at an alternate location and is typically unmanned but can be activated if the primary PSAP is disabled.

"Virtual answering point" or "VAP" means a temporary or nonpermanent location that is capable of receiving an emergency call, contains a fully functional worksite that is not bound to a specific location, but

rather is portable and scalable, connecting public safety telecommunicators to the work process, and is capable of completing the call dispatching process.

"Voice-impaired individual" means a person with a permanent speech disability which precludes oral communication, who can regularly and routinely communicate by telephone only through the aid of devices which can send and receive written messages over the telephone network.

"Wireless carrier" means a provider of two-way cellular, broadband PCS, geographic area 800 MHZ and 900 MHZ Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS), Wireless Communications Service (WCS), or other Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS), as defined by the Federal Communications Commission, offering radio communications that may provide fixed, mobile, radio location, or satellite communication services to individuals or businesses within its assigned spectrum block and geographical area or that offers real-time, two-way voice service that is interconnected with the public switched network, including a reseller of such service.

"Wireless enhanced 9-1-1" means the ability to relay the telephone number of the originator of a 9-1-1 call and location information from any mobile handset or text telephone device accessing the wireless system to the designated wireless public safety answering point as set forth in the order of the Federal Communications Commission, FCC Docket No. 94-102, adopted June 12, 1996, with an effective date of October 1, 1996, and any subsequent amendment thereto.

"Wireless public safety answering point" means the functional division of a 9-1-1 authority accepting wireless 9-1-1 calls.

"Wireless subscriber" means an individual or entity to whom a wireless service account or number has been assigned by a wireless carrier, other than an account or number associated with prepaid wireless telecommunication service.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-983, eff. 5-27-22.)

(50 ILCS 750/3) (from Ch. 134, par. 33)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 3. (a) By July 1, 2017, every local public agency shall be within the jurisdiction of a 9-1-1 system.

(b) Within ~~36~~ ⁴⁸ months of the awarding of a contract to a vendor certified under Section 13-900 of the Public Utilities Act to provide Next Generation 9-1-1 service, every 9-1-1 system in Illinois, except in a municipality with a population over 500,000, shall provide Next Generation 9-1-1 service. A municipality with a population over 500,000 shall provide Next Generation 9-1-1 service by July 1, 2024 ~~December 31, 2023~~.

(c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit or discourage in any way the formation of multijurisdictional or regional systems, and any system established pursuant to this Act may include the territory of more than one public agency or may include a segment of the territory of a public agency.

(Source: P.A. 101-639, eff. 6-12-20; 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/6.2)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 6.2. Every 9-1-1 system shall be able to accept text to 9-1-1 no later than July 1, 2024 ~~January 1, 2023~~. The Illinois State Police shall adopt rules for the implementation of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/11.5)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 11.5. Aggregator and originating service provider responsibilities.

(a) Each aggregator, and the originating service providers whose 9-1-1 calls are being aggregated by the aggregator, shall comply with their respective requirements in 83 Ill. Adm. Code 725.410.

(b) Beginning February 1, 2024 and every February 1 thereafter ~~July 1, 2021~~, each aggregator that is operating within the State must submit email to the Office of the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator to provide the following information that supports the implementation of and the migration to the Statewide NG9-1-1 system to the Office of the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator on a form prescribed and made available by the Illinois State Police for this purpose:

(1) A company 9-1-1 contact, address, email, and phone number.

(2) A list of originating service providers that the aggregator transports 9-1-1 calls for and then to the appropriate 9-1-1 system provider. New or current aggregators must update the required information within 30 days of implementing any changes in information required by this subsection.

(c) Each aggregator shall establish procedures for receiving No Record Found errors from the 9-1-1 System Provider, identifying the originating service provider who delivered the call to the aggregator, and referring the No Record Found errors to that originating service provider.

(d) Each originating service provider shall establish procedures with the 9-1-1 system provider for preventing and resolving No Record Found errors in the 9-1-1 database and make every effort to ensure 9-1-1 calls are sent to the appropriate public safety answering point.

(e) If a 9-1-1 system is being transitioned to NG9-1-1 service or to a new provider, each aggregator shall be responsible for coordinating any modifications that are needed to ensure that the originating service provider provides the required level of service to its customers. Each aggregator shall coordinate those network changes or additions for those migrations in a timely manner with the appropriate 9-1-1 system provider who shall be managing its respective implementation schedule and cut over. Each aggregator shall send notice to its originating service provider customers of the aggregator's successful turn up of the network changes or additions supporting the migration and include the necessary information for the originating service provider's migration (such as public safety answering point name, Federal Communications Commission Identification, and Emergency Services Routing Number). The notice shall be provided to the originating service providers within 2 weeks of acceptance testing and conversion activities between the aggregator and the 9-1-1 system provider.

(f) The 9-1-1 system provider shall coordinate directly with the originating service providers (unless the aggregator separately agrees to coordinate with the originating service providers) for migration, but in no case shall that migration exceed 30 days after receipt of notice from the aggregator, unless agreed to by the originating service provider and 9-1-1 system provider.

(g) Each aggregator shall coordinate test calls with the 9-1-1 system provider and the 9-1-1 Authority when turning up new circuits or making network changes. Each originating service provider shall perform testing of its network and provisioning upon notification from the aggregator that the network has been tested and accepted with the 9-1-1 system provider.

(h) Each aggregator and originating service provider customer shall deliver all 9-1-1 calls, audio, data, and location to the 9-1-1 system at a location determined by the State.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21; 102-687, eff. 12-17-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/14) (from Ch. 134, par. 44)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 14. The General Assembly declares that a major purpose of this Act is to ensure that 9-1-1 systems have redundant methods of dispatch for: (1) each public safety agency within its jurisdiction, herein known as participating agencies; and (2) 9-1-1 systems whose jurisdictional boundaries are contiguous, herein known as adjacent 9-1-1 systems, when an emergency request for service is received for a public safety agency that needs to be dispatched by the adjacent 9-1-1 system. Another primary purpose of this Section is to eliminate instances in which a public safety agency refuses, once dispatched, to render aid outside of the jurisdictional boundaries of the public safety agency. Therefore, in implementing a 9-1-1 system under this Act, all 9-1-1 authorities shall enter into call handling and aid outside jurisdictional boundaries agreements with each participating agency and adjacent 9-1-1 system. The agreements shall provide a primary and secondary means of dispatch. It must also provide that, once an emergency unit is dispatched in response to a request through the system, such unit shall render its services to the requesting party without regard to whether the unit is operating outside its normal jurisdictional boundaries. The call handling and aid outside jurisdictional boundaries agreements shall be incorporated into the plan filed under Section 11. Notice of any changes to call handling and aid outside jurisdictional boundaries agreements must be made annually during the financial reporting process. Certified notification of the continuation of call handling and aid outside jurisdictional boundaries agreements shall be made among the involved parties on an annual basis. The Illinois State Police may adopt rules for the administration of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/15.2) (from Ch. 134, par. 45.2)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 15.2. Any person placing a call or text ~~an "emergency call"~~ to the number "911" or causing a transmission, in any manner, to a public safety agency or public safety answering point ~~for the purpose of making an alarm or complaint and reporting false information~~ when, at the time the call, text, or transmission is made, the person knows there is no reasonable ground for making the call, text, or transmission ~~and further knows that the call or transmission could result in the emergency response of any public safety agency,~~ is subject to the provisions of Section 26-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/15.3) (from Ch. 134, par. 45.3)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 15.3. Local non-wireless surcharge.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (l) of this Section, the corporate authorities of any municipality or any county may, subject to the limitations of subsections (c), (d), and (h), and in addition to any tax levied pursuant to the Simplified Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act, impose a monthly surcharge on billed subscribers of network connection provided by telecommunication carriers engaged in the business of transmitting messages by means of electricity originating within the corporate limits of the municipality or county imposing the surcharge at a rate per network connection determined in accordance with subsection (c), however the monthly surcharge shall not apply to a network connection provided for use with pay telephone services. Provided, however, that where multiple voice grade communications channels are connected between the subscriber's premises and a public switched network through private branch exchange (PBX) or centrex type service, a municipality imposing a surcharge at a rate per network connection, as determined in accordance with this Act, shall impose:

(i) in a municipality with a population of 500,000 or less or in any county, 5 such surcharges per network connection, as defined under Section 2 of this Act, for both regular service and advanced service provisioned trunk lines;

(ii) in a municipality with a population, prior to March 1, 2010, of 500,000 or more, 5 surcharges per network connection, as defined under Section 2 of this Act, for both regular service and advanced service provisioned trunk lines;

(iii) in a municipality with a population, as of March 1, 2010, of 500,000 or more, 5 surcharges per network connection, as defined under Section 2 of this Act, for regular service provisioned trunk lines, and 12 surcharges per network connection, as defined under Section 2 of this Act, for advanced service provisioned trunk lines, except where an advanced service provisioned trunk line supports at least 2 but fewer than 23 simultaneous voice grade calls ("VGC's"), a telecommunication carrier may elect to impose fewer than 12 surcharges per trunk line as provided in subsection (iv) of this Section; or

(iv) for an advanced service provisioned trunk line connected between the subscriber's premises and the public switched network through a P.B.X., where the advanced service provisioned trunk line is capable of transporting at least 2 but fewer than 23 simultaneous VGC's per trunk line, the telecommunications carrier collecting the surcharge may elect to impose surcharges in accordance with the table provided in this Section, without limiting any telecommunications carrier's obligations to otherwise keep and maintain records. Any telecommunications carrier electing to impose fewer than 12 surcharges per an advanced service provisioned trunk line shall keep and maintain records adequately to demonstrate the VGC capability of each advanced service provisioned trunk line with fewer than 12 surcharges imposed, provided that 12 surcharges shall be imposed on an advanced service provisioned trunk line regardless of the VGC capability where a telecommunications carrier cannot demonstrate the VGC capability of the advanced service provisioned trunk line.

Facility	VGC's	911 Surcharges
Advanced service provisioned trunk line	18-23	12
Advanced service provisioned trunk line	12-17	10
Advanced service provisioned trunk line	2-11	8

Subsections (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) are not intended to make any change in the meaning of this Section, but are intended to remove possible ambiguity, thereby confirming the intent of paragraph (a) as it existed prior to and following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly.

For mobile telecommunications services, if a surcharge is imposed it shall be imposed based upon the municipality or county that encompasses the customer's place of primary use as defined in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Conformity Act. A municipality may enter into an intergovernmental agreement with any county in which it is partially located, when the county has adopted an ordinance to impose a surcharge as provided in subsection (c), to include that portion of the municipality lying outside the county in that county's surcharge referendum. If the county's surcharge referendum is approved, the portion of the municipality identified in the intergovernmental agreement shall automatically be

the highest monthly surcharge imposed as of January 1, 2014 by any county or municipality under subsection (c) of this Section. Beginning January 1, 2018 and until December 31, ~~2025~~ ~~2023~~, a municipality with a population over 500,000 may not impose a monthly surcharge in excess of \$5.00 per network connection. On or after January 1, ~~2026~~ ~~2024~~, a municipality with a population over 500,000 may not impose a monthly surcharge in excess of \$2.50 per network connection.

(i) Any municipality or county or joint emergency telephone system board that has imposed a surcharge pursuant to this Section prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1990 shall hereafter impose the surcharge in accordance with subsection (b) of this Section.

(j) The corporate authorities of any municipality or county may issue, in accordance with Illinois law, bonds, notes or other obligations secured in whole or in part by the proceeds of the surcharge described in this Section. The State of Illinois pledges and agrees that it will not limit or alter the rights and powers vested in municipalities and counties by this Section to impose the surcharge so as to impair the terms of or affect the security for bonds, notes or other obligations secured in whole or in part with the proceeds of the surcharge described in this Section. The pledge and agreement set forth in this Section survive the termination of the surcharge under subsection (l) by virtue of the replacement of the surcharge monies guaranteed under Section 20; the State of Illinois pledges and agrees that it will not limit or alter the rights vested in municipalities and counties to the surcharge replacement funds guaranteed under Section 20 so as to impair the terms of or affect the security for bonds, notes or other obligations secured in whole or in part with the proceeds of the surcharge described in this Section.

(k) Any surcharge collected by or imposed on a telecommunications carrier pursuant to this Section shall be held to be a special fund in trust for the municipality, county or Joint Emergency Telephone Board imposing the surcharge. Except for the 3% deduction provided in subsection (g) above, the special fund shall not be subject to the claims of creditors of the telecommunication carrier.

(l) Any surcharge imposed pursuant to this Section by a county or municipality, other than a municipality with a population in excess of 500,000, shall cease to be imposed on January 1, 2016.

(Source: P.A. 101-639, eff. 6-12-20; 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/15.3a)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 15.3a. Local wireless surcharge.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a unit of local government or emergency telephone system board providing wireless 9-1-1 service and imposing and collecting a wireless carrier surcharge prior to July 1, 1998 may continue its practices of imposing and collecting its wireless carrier surcharge, but, except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section, in no event shall that monthly surcharge exceed \$2.50 per commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) connection or in-service telephone number billed on a monthly basis. For mobile telecommunications services provided on and after August 1, 2002, any surcharge imposed shall be imposed based upon the municipality or county that encompasses the customer's place of primary use as defined in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Conformity Act.

(b) Until December 31, 2017, the corporate authorities of a municipality with a population in excess of 500,000 on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly may by ordinance continue to impose and collect a monthly surcharge per commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) connection or in-service telephone number billed on a monthly basis that does not exceed the highest monthly surcharge imposed as of January 1, 2014 by any county or municipality under subsection (c) of Section 15.3 of this Act. Beginning January 1, 2018, and until December 31, ~~2025~~ ~~2023~~, a municipality with a population in excess of 500,000 may by ordinance continue to impose and collect a monthly surcharge per commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) connection or in-service telephone number billed on a monthly basis that does not exceed \$5.00. On or after January 1, ~~2026~~ ~~2024~~, the municipality may continue imposing and collecting its wireless carrier surcharge as provided in and subject to the limitations of subsection (a) of this Section.

(c) In addition to any other lawful purpose, a municipality with a population over 500,000 may use the moneys collected under this Section for any anti-terrorism or emergency preparedness measures, including, but not limited to, preparedness planning, providing local matching funds for federal or State grants, personnel training, and specialized equipment, including surveillance cameras, as needed to deal with natural and terrorist-inspired emergency situations or events.

(Source: P.A. 101-639, eff. 6-12-20; 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/15.4) (from Ch. 134, par. 45.4)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 15.4. Emergency Telephone System Board; powers.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this Section, the corporate authorities of any county or municipality may establish an Emergency Telephone System Board.

The corporate authorities shall provide for the manner of appointment and the number of members of the Board, provided that the board shall consist of not fewer than 5 members, one of whom must be a public member who is a resident of the local exchange service territory included in the 9-1-1 coverage area, one of whom (in counties with a population less than 100,000) may be a member of the county board, and at least 3 of whom shall be representative of the 9-1-1 public safety agencies, including but not limited to police departments, fire departments, emergency medical services providers, and emergency services and disaster agencies, and appointed on the basis of their ability or experience. In counties with a population of more than 100,000 but less than 2,000,000, a member of the county board may serve on the Emergency Telephone System Board. Elected officials, including members of a county board, are also eligible to serve on the board. Members of the board shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses. Any 2 or more municipalities, counties, or combination thereof, may, instead of establishing individual boards, establish by intergovernmental agreement a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board pursuant to this Section. The manner of appointment of such a joint board shall be prescribed in the agreement. On or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, any new intergovernmental agreement entered into to establish or join a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board shall provide for the appointment of a PSAP representative to the board.

Upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, appointed members of the Emergency Telephone System Board shall serve staggered 3-year terms if: (1) the Board serves a county with a population of 100,000 or less; and (2) appointments, on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, are not for a stated term. The corporate authorities of the county or municipality shall assign terms to the board members serving on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly in the following manner: (1) one-third of board members' terms shall expire on January 1, 2015; (2) one-third of board members' terms shall expire on January 1, 2016; and (3) remaining board members' terms shall expire on January 1, 2017. Board members may be re-appointed upon the expiration of their terms by the corporate authorities of the county or municipality.

The corporate authorities of a county or municipality may, by a vote of the majority of the members elected, remove an Emergency Telephone System Board member for misconduct, official misconduct, or neglect of office.

(b) The powers and duties of the board shall be defined by ordinance of the municipality or county, or by intergovernmental agreement in the case of a joint board. The powers and duties shall include, but need not be limited to the following:

- (1) Planning a 9-1-1 system.
- (2) Coordinating and supervising the implementation, upgrading, or maintenance of the system, including the establishment of equipment specifications and coding systems.
- (3) Receiving moneys from the surcharge imposed under Section 15.3, or disbursed to it under Section 30, and from any other source, for deposit into the Emergency Telephone System Fund.
- (4) Authorizing all disbursements from the fund.
- (5) Hiring any staff necessary for the implementation or upgrade of the system.
- (6) (Blank).
- (7) Designating a 9-1-1 System Manager, whose duties and responsibilities shall be set forth by the Emergency Telephone System Board in writing.

(c) All moneys received by a board pursuant to a surcharge imposed under Section 15.3, or disbursed to it under Section 30, shall be deposited into a separate interest-bearing Emergency Telephone System Fund account. The treasurer of the municipality or county that has established the board or, in the case of a joint board, any municipal or county treasurer designated in the intergovernmental agreement, shall be custodian of the fund. All interest accruing on the fund shall remain in the fund. No expenditures may be made from such fund except upon the direction of the board by resolution passed by a majority of all members of the board.

(d) The board shall complete and maintain a Next Generation 9-1-1 GIS database in accordance with NENA Standards before implementation of the NG9-1-1 system. The MSAG and GIS data standardizing and synchronization must reach a 98% or greater match rate, with an option of matching with ALI, before using GIS data for NG9-1-1 a Master Street Address Guide database before implementation of the 9-1-1 system. The error ratio of the database shall not at any time exceed 1% of the total database.

(e) On and after January 1, 2016, no municipality or county may create an Emergency Telephone System Board unless the board is a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board. The corporate authorities of any county or municipality entering into an intergovernmental agreement to create or join a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board shall rescind an ordinance or ordinances creating a single Emergency Telephone System Board and shall eliminate the single Emergency Telephone System Board, effective upon the creation of the Joint Emergency Telephone System Board, with regulatory approval by the Administrator, or joining of the Joint Emergency Telephone System Board. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require the dissolution of an Emergency Telephone System Board that is not succeeded by a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board or is not required to consolidate under Section 15.4a of this Act.

(f) Within one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, any corporate authorities of a county or municipality, other than a municipality with a population of more than 500,000, operating a 9-1-1 system without an Emergency Telephone System Board or Joint Emergency Telephone System Board shall create or join a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/15.4b)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 15.4b. Consolidation grants.

(a) The Administrator, with the advice and recommendation of the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board, shall administer a 9-1-1 System Consolidation Grant Program to defray costs associated with 9-1-1 system consolidation of systems outside of a municipality with a population in excess of 500,000. The awarded grants will be used to offset non-recurring costs associated with the consolidation of 9-1-1 systems and shall not be used for ongoing operating costs associated with the consolidated system. The Illinois State Police, in consultation with the Administrator and the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board, shall adopt rules defining the grant process and criteria for issuing the grants. The grants should be awarded based on criteria that include, but are not limited to:

- (1) reducing the number of transfers of a 9-1-1 call;
- (2) reducing the infrastructure required to adequately provide 9-1-1 network services;
- (3) promoting cost savings from resource sharing among 9-1-1 systems;
- (4) facilitating interoperability and resiliency for the receipt of 9-1-1 calls;
- (5) reducing the number of 9-1-1 systems or reducing the number of PSAPs within a 9-1-1 system;

(6) cost saving resulting from 9-1-1 system consolidation; and

(7) expanding ~~NG9-1-1 E9-1-1~~ service coverage as a result of 9-1-1 system consolidation ~~including to areas without E9-1-1 service.~~

Priority shall be given first to counties not providing 9-1-1 service as of January 1, 2016, and next to other entities consolidating as required under Section 15.4a of this Act.

(b) The 9-1-1 System Consolidation Grant application, as defined by Illinois State Police rules, shall be submitted electronically using the State's grant management system by February 1, 2024 and every February 1 to the Administrator starting January 2, 2016, and every January 2 thereafter. The application shall include a modified 9-1-1 system plan as required by this Act in support of the consolidation plan. The Administrator shall have until June 30, 2016 and every June 30 thereafter to approve 9-1-1 System Consolidation grants and modified 9-1-1 system plans. Payment under the approved 9-1-1 System Consolidation grants shall be contingent upon the final approval of a modified 9-1-1 system plan.

(c) ~~(Blank). Existing and previously completed consolidation projects shall be eligible to apply for reimbursement of costs related to the consolidation incurred between 2010 and the State fiscal year of the application.~~

(d) The 9-1-1 systems that receive grants under this Section shall provide a report detailing grant fund usage to the Administrator pursuant to Section 40 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/15.5)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 15.5. Grandfathered private residential switch or MLTS 9-1-1 service.

(a) An entity that manages or operates a private residential switch service or shared residential or temporary residential MLTS service that was installed on or before February 16, 2020 shall ensure that the system is connected to the public switched telephone network so that calls to 9-1-1 route to the appropriate 9-1-1 jurisdiction and shall ensure that the system includes, but is not limited to, the capability to provide

ANI, the extension number, and the ALI containing the street address of the 9-1-1 caller who dispatchable location that is the source of the call to 9-1-1.

(b) The private residential switch or shared residential or temporary residential MLTS service operator is responsible for forwarding end user ANI and ALI record information to the 9-1-1 system provider according to the format, frequency, and procedures established by that system provider.

(c) This Act does not apply to any MLTS telephone extension that uses radio transmissions to convey electrical signals directly between the telephone extension and the serving MLTS.

(d) An entity that violates this Section is guilty of a business offense and shall be fined not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000.

(e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to preclude the Attorney General on behalf of the Illinois State Police or on his or her own initiative, or any other interested person, from seeking judicial relief, by mandamus, injunction, or otherwise, to compel compliance with this Section.

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-983, eff. 5-27-22.)

(50 ILCS 750/20)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 20. Statewide surcharge.

(a) On and after January 1, 2016, and except with respect to those customers who are subject to surcharges as provided in Sections 15.3 and 15.3a of this Act, a monthly surcharge shall be imposed on all customers of telecommunications carriers and wireless carriers as follows:

(1) Each telecommunications carrier shall impose a monthly surcharge per network connection; provided, however, the monthly surcharge shall not apply to a network connection provided for use with pay telephone services. Where multiple voice grade communications channels are connected between the subscriber's premises and a public switched network through private branch exchange (PBX), Centrex type service, or other multiple voice grade communication channels facility, there shall be imposed 5 such surcharges per network connection for both regular service and advanced service provisioned trunk lines. Until December 31, 2017, the surcharge shall be \$0.87 per network connection and on and after January 1, 2018, the surcharge shall be \$1.50 per network connection.

(2) Each wireless carrier shall impose and collect a monthly surcharge per CMRS connection that either has a telephone number within an area code assigned to Illinois by the North American Numbering Plan Administrator or has a billing address in this State. Until December 31, 2017, the surcharge shall be \$0.87 per connection and on and after January 1, 2018, the surcharge shall be \$1.50 per connection.

(b) State and local taxes shall not apply to the surcharges imposed under this Section.

(c) The surcharges imposed by this Section shall be stated as a separately stated item on subscriber bills.

(d) The telecommunications carrier collecting the surcharge may deduct and retain 1.74% of the gross amount of surcharge collected to reimburse the telecommunications carrier for the expense of accounting and collecting the surcharge. On and after July 1, 2022, the wireless carrier collecting a surcharge under this Section may deduct and retain 1.74% of the gross amount of the surcharge collected to reimburse the wireless carrier for the expense of accounting and collecting the surcharge.

(d-5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this Section, an amount not greater than 2.5% may be deducted and retained if the telecommunications or wireless carrier can support, through documentation, expenses that exceed the 1.74% allowed. The documentation shall be submitted to the Illinois State Police and input obtained from the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board prior to approval of the deduction.

(e) Surcharges imposed under this Section shall be collected by the carriers and shall be remitted to the Illinois State Police, either by check or electronic funds transfer, by the end of the next calendar month after the calendar month in which it was collected for deposit into the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund. Carriers are not required to remit surcharge moneys that are billed to subscribers but not yet collected.

The first remittance by wireless carriers shall include the number of subscribers by zip code, and the 9-digit zip code if currently being used or later implemented by the carrier, that shall be the means by which the Illinois State Police shall determine distributions from the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund. This information shall be updated at least once each year. Any carrier that fails to provide the zip code information required under this subsection (e) shall be subject to the penalty set forth in subsection (g) of this Section.

(f) If, within 8 calendar days after it is due under subsection (e) of this Section, a carrier does not remit the surcharge or any portion thereof required under this Section, then the surcharge or portion thereof

shall be deemed delinquent until paid in full, and the Illinois State Police may impose a penalty against the carrier in an amount equal to the greater of:

- (1) \$25 for each month or portion of a month from the time an amount becomes delinquent until the amount is paid in full; or
- (2) an amount equal to the product of 1% and the sum of all delinquent amounts for each month or portion of a month that the delinquent amounts remain unpaid.

A penalty imposed in accordance with this subsection (f) for a portion of a month during which the carrier pays the delinquent amount in full shall be prorated for each day of that month that the delinquent amount was paid in full. Any penalty imposed under this subsection (f) is in addition to the amount of the delinquency and is in addition to any other penalty imposed under this Section.

(g) If, within 8 calendar days after it is due, a wireless carrier does not provide the number of subscribers by zip code as required under subsection (e) of this Section, then the report is deemed delinquent and the Illinois State Police may impose a penalty against the carrier in an amount equal to the greater of:

- (1) \$25 for each month or portion of a month that the report is delinquent; or
- (2) an amount equal to the product of \$0.01 and the number of subscribers served by the carrier for each month or portion of a month that the delinquent report is not provided.

A penalty imposed in accordance with this subsection (g) for a portion of a month during which the carrier provides the number of subscribers by zip code as required under subsection (e) of this Section shall be prorated for each day of that month during which the carrier had not provided the number of subscribers by zip code as required under subsection (e) of this Section. Any penalty imposed under this subsection (g) is in addition to any other penalty imposed under this Section.

(h) A penalty imposed and collected in accordance with subsection (f) or (g) of this Section shall be deposited into the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund for distribution according to Section 30 of this Act.

(i) The Illinois State Police may enforce the collection of any delinquent amount and any penalty due and unpaid under this Section by legal action or in any other manner by which the collection of debts due the State of Illinois may be enforced under the laws of this State. The Illinois State Police may excuse the payment of any penalty imposed under this Section if the Administrator determines that the enforcement of this penalty is unjust.

(j) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, nothing shall impair the right of wireless carriers to recover ~~unreimbursed~~ compliance costs for all emergency communications services ~~that are not reimbursed out of the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund~~ directly from their wireless subscribers by line-item charges on the wireless subscriber's bill. Those compliance costs include all costs incurred by wireless carriers in complying with local, State, and federal regulatory or legislative mandates that require the transmission and receipt of emergency communications to and from the general public, including, but not limited to, E9-1-1.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

(50 ILCS 750/30)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 30. Statewide 9-1-1 Fund; surcharge disbursement.

(a) A special fund in the State treasury known as the Wireless Service Emergency Fund shall be renamed the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund. Any appropriations made from the Wireless Service Emergency Fund shall be payable from the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund. The Fund shall consist of the following:

- (1) ~~(Blank). 9-1-1 wireless surcharges assessed under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.~~
- (2) 9-1-1 surcharges assessed under Section 20 of this Act.
- (3) Prepaid wireless 9-1-1 surcharges assessed under Section 15 of the Prepaid Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge Act.
- (4) Any appropriations, grants, or gifts made to the Fund.
- (5) Any income from interest, premiums, gains, or other earnings on moneys in the Fund.
- (6) Money from any other source that is deposited in or transferred to the Fund.

(b) Subject to appropriation and availability of funds, the Illinois State Police shall distribute the 9-1-1 surcharges monthly as follows:

- (1) From each surcharge collected and remitted under Section 20 of this Act:

(A) \$0.013 shall be distributed monthly in equal amounts to each County Emergency Telephone System Board in counties with a population under 100,000 according to the most recent census data which is authorized to serve as a primary wireless 9-1-1 public safety

answering point for the county and to provide wireless 9-1-1 service as prescribed by subsection (b) of Section 15.6a of this Act, and which does provide such service.

(B) ~~(Blank). \$0.033 shall be transferred by the Comptroller at the direction of the Illinois State Police to the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund until June 30, 2017; from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018, \$0.026 shall be transferred; from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, \$0.020 shall be transferred; from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, \$0.013 shall be transferred; from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, \$0.007 will be transferred; and after June 30, 2021, no transfer shall be made to the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund.~~

(C) Until December 31, 2017, \$0.007 and on and after January 1, 2018, \$0.017 shall be used to cover the Illinois State Police's administrative costs.

(D) Beginning January 1, 2018, until June 30, 2020, \$0.12, and on and after July 1, 2020, \$0.04 shall be used to make monthly disbursements ~~proportional grants~~ to the appropriate 9-1-1 Authority currently taking wireless 9-1-1 based upon the United States Postal Zip Code of the billing addresses of subscribers wireless carriers.

(E) Until June 30, 2023, \$0.05 shall be used by the Illinois State Police for grants for NG9-1-1 expenses, with priority given to 9-1-1 Authorities that provide 9-1-1 service within the territory of a Large Electing Provider as defined in Section 13-406.1 of the Public Utilities Act.

(F) On and after July 1, 2020, \$0.13 shall be used for the implementation of and continuing expenses for the Statewide NG9-1-1 system.

(1.5) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, to assist with the implementation of the statewide Next Generation 9-1-1 network, the Illinois State Police's administrative costs include the one-time capital cost of upgrading the Illinois State Police's call-handling equipment to meet the standards necessary to access and increase interoperability with the statewide Next Generation 9-1-1 network as follows:

(A) upon completion of the Illinois State Police's call-handling equipment upgrades, but no later than June 30, 2024, surplus moneys in excess of \$1,000,000 from subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) not utilized by the Illinois State Police for administrative costs shall be distributed to the 9-1-1 Authorities in accordance with subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) on an annual basis at the end of the State fiscal year. Any remaining surplus money may also be distributed consistent with this paragraph (1.5) at the discretion of the Illinois State Police; and

(B) upon implementation of the Statewide NG9-1-1 system, but no later than June 30, 2024, surplus moneys in excess of \$5,000,000 from subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) not utilized by the Illinois State Police for the implementation of and continuing expenses for the Statewide NG9-1-1 system shall be distributed to the 9-1-1 Authorities in accordance with subparagraph (E) of subsection (2) on an annual basis at the end of the State fiscal year. Any remaining surplus money may also be distributed consistent with this paragraph (1.5) at the discretion of the Illinois State Police.

(2) After disbursements under paragraph (1) of this subsection (b), all remaining funds in the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund shall be disbursed in the following priority order:

(A) The Fund shall pay monthly to:

(i) the 9-1-1 Authorities that imposed surcharges under Section 15.3 of this Act and were required to report to the Illinois Commerce Commission under Section 27 of the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act on October 1, 2014, except a 9-1-1 Authority in a municipality with a population in excess of 500,000, an amount equal to the average monthly wireline and VoIP surcharge revenue attributable to the most recent 12-month period reported to the Illinois State Police under that Section for the October 1, 2014 filing, subject to the power of the Illinois State Police to investigate the amount reported and adjust the number by order under Article X of the Public Utilities Act, so that the monthly amount paid under this item accurately reflects one-twelfth of the aggregate wireline and VoIP surcharge revenue properly attributable to the most recent 12-month period reported to the Commission; or

(ii) county qualified governmental entities that did not impose a surcharge under Section 15.3 as of December 31, 2015, and counties that did not impose a surcharge as of June 30, 2015, an amount equivalent to their population multiplied by .37 multiplied by the rate of \$0.69; counties that are not county qualified governmental entities and that did not impose a surcharge as of December 31, 2015, shall not begin to receive the payment

provided for in this subsection until E9-1-1 and wireless E9-1-1 services are provided within their counties; or

(iii) counties without 9-1-1 service that had a surcharge in place by December 31, 2015, an amount equivalent to their population multiplied by .37 multiplied by their surcharge rate as established by the referendum.

(B) All 9-1-1 network costs for systems outside of municipalities with a population of at least 500,000 shall be paid by the Illinois State Police directly to the vendors.

(C) All expenses incurred by the Administrator and the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board and costs associated with procurement under Section 15.6b including requests for information and requests for proposals.

(D) Funds may be held in reserve by the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board and disbursed by the Illinois State Police for grants under Section 15.4b of this Act and for NG9-1-1 expenses up to \$12.5 million per year in State fiscal years 2016 and 2017; up to \$20 million in State fiscal year 2018; up to \$20.9 million in State fiscal year 2019; up to \$15.3 million in State fiscal year 2020; up to \$16.2 million in State fiscal year 2021; up to \$23.1 million in State fiscal year 2022; and up to \$17.0 million per year for State fiscal year 2023 and each year thereafter. The amount held in reserve in State fiscal years 2021, 2022, and 2023 shall not be less than \$6.5 million. Disbursements under this subparagraph (D) shall be prioritized as follows: (i) consolidation grants prioritized under subsection (a) of Section 15.4b of this Act; (ii) NG9-1-1 expenses; and (iii) consolidation grants under Section 15.4b of this Act for consolidation expenses incurred between January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2016.

(E) All remaining funds per remit month shall be used to make monthly disbursements proportional grants to the appropriate 9-1-1 Authority currently taking wireless 9-1-1 based upon the United States Postal Zip Code of the billing addresses of subscribers of wireless carriers.

(c) The moneys deposited into the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund under this Section shall not be subject to administrative charges or chargebacks unless otherwise authorized by this Act.

(d) Whenever two or more 9-1-1 Authorities consolidate, the resulting Joint Emergency Telephone System Board shall be entitled to the monthly payments that had theretofore been made to each consolidating 9-1-1 Authority. Any reserves held by any consolidating 9-1-1 Authority shall be transferred to the resulting Joint Emergency Telephone System Board. Whenever a county that has no 9-1-1 service as of January 1, 2016 enters into an agreement to consolidate to create or join a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board, the Joint Emergency Telephone System Board shall be entitled to the monthly payments that would have otherwise been paid to the county if it had provided 9-1-1 service.

(Source: P.A. 101-639, eff. 6-12-20; 102-9, eff. 6-3-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

(50 ILCS 750/35)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 35. 9-1-1 surcharge; allowable expenditures.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, expenditures from surcharge revenues received under this Act shall ~~may~~ be made consistent with 47 CFR 9.23, which include ~~by municipalities, counties, and 9-1-1 Authorities only to pay for the costs associated with~~ the following:

(1) support and implementation of 9-1-1 services provided by or in the State or taxing jurisdiction imposing the fee or charge; and ~~The design of the Emergency Telephone System.~~

(2) operational expenses of public safety answering points within the State. Examples of allowable expenditures include, but are not limited to:

(A) PSAP operating costs, including lease, purchase, maintenance, replacement, and upgrade of customer premises equipment (hardware and software), CAD equipment (hardware and software), and the PSAP building and facility and including NG9-1-1, cybersecurity, pre-arrival instructions, and emergency notification systems. PSAP operating costs include technological innovation that supports 9-1-1;

(B) PSAP personnel costs, including telecommunicators' salaries and training;

(C) PSAP administration, including costs for administration of 9-1-1 services and travel expenses associated with the provision of 9-1-1 services;

(D) integrating public safety and first responder dispatch and 9-1-1 systems, including lease, purchase, maintenance, and upgrade of CAD equipment (hardware and software) to support integrated 9-1-1 and public safety dispatch operations; and

(E) providing the interoperability of 9-1-1 systems with one another and with public safety and first responder radio systems. ~~The coding of an initial Master Street Address Guide database, and update and maintenance thereof.~~

(3) (Blank). ~~The repayment of any moneys advanced for the implementation of the system.~~

(4) (Blank). ~~The charges for Automatic Number Identification and Automatic Location Identification equipment, a computer aided dispatch system that records, maintains, and integrates information, mobile data transmitters equipped with automatic vehicle locators, and maintenance, replacement, and update thereof to increase operational efficiency and improve the provision of emergency services.~~

(5) (Blank). ~~The non-recurring charges related to installation of the Emergency Telephone System.~~

(6) (Blank). ~~The initial acquisition and installation, or the reimbursement of costs therefor to other governmental bodies that have incurred those costs, of road or street signs that are essential to the implementation of the Emergency Telephone System and that are not duplicative of signs that are the responsibility of the jurisdiction charged with maintaining road and street signs. Funds may not be used for ongoing expenses associated with road or street sign maintenance and replacement.~~

(7) (Blank). ~~Other products and services necessary for the implementation, upgrade, and maintenance of the system and any other purpose related to the operation of the system, including costs attributable directly to the construction, leasing, or maintenance of any buildings or facilities or costs of personnel attributable directly to the operation of the system. Costs attributable directly to the operation of an emergency telephone system do not include the costs of public safety agency personnel who are and equipment that is dispatched in response to an emergency call.~~

(8) (Blank). ~~The defraying of expenses incurred to implement Next Generation 9-1-1, subject to the conditions set forth in this Act.~~

(9) (Blank). ~~The implementation of a computer aided dispatch system or hosted supplemental 9-1-1 services.~~

(10) (Blank). ~~The design, implementation, operation, maintenance, or upgrade of wireless 9-1-1, E9-1-1, or NG9-1-1 emergency services and public safety answering points.~~

(b) The obligation or expenditure of surcharge revenues received under this Act for a purpose or function inconsistent with 47 CFR 9.23 and this Section shall constitute diversion, which undermines the purpose of this Act by depriving the 9-1-1 system of the funds it needs to function effectively and to modernize 9-1-1 operations. Examples of diversion include, but are not limited to:

(1) transfer of 9-1-1 fees into a State or other jurisdiction's general fund or other fund for non-9-1-1 purposes;

(2) use of surcharge revenues for equipment or infrastructure for constructing or expanding non-public-safety communications networks (e.g., commercial cellular networks); and

(3) use of surcharge revenues for equipment or infrastructure for law enforcement, firefighters, and other public safety or first responder entities that does not directly support providing 9-1-1 services.

(c) In the case of a municipality with a population over 500,000, moneys may also be used for any anti-terrorism or emergency preparedness measures, including, but not limited to, preparedness planning, providing local matching funds for federal or State grants, personnel training, and specialized equipment, including surveillance cameras, as needed to deal with natural and terrorist-inspired emergency situations or events.

(Source: P.A. 99-6, eff. 1-1-16; 100-20, eff. 7-1-17.)

(50 ILCS 750/40)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 40. Financial reports.

(a) The Illinois State Police shall create uniform accounting procedures, with such modification as may be required to give effect to statutory provisions applicable only to municipalities with a population in excess of 500,000, that any emergency telephone system board ~~or unit of local government~~ receiving surcharge money pursuant to Section 15.3, 15.3a, or 30 of this Act must follow.

(b) By January 31, 2018, and every January 31 thereafter, each emergency telephone system board ~~or unit of local government~~ receiving surcharge money pursuant to Section 15.3, 15.3a, or 30 shall report to the Illinois State Police audited financial statements showing total revenue and expenditures for the period beginning with the end of the period covered by the last submitted report through the end of the previous

calendar year in a form and manner as prescribed by the Illinois State Police. Such financial information shall include:

- (1) a detailed summary of revenue from all sources including, but not limited to, local, State, federal, and private revenues, and any other funds received;
- (2) all expenditures made during the reporting period from distributions under this Act;
- (3) call data and statistics, when available, from the reporting period, as specified by the Illinois State Police and collected in accordance with any reporting method established or required by the Illinois State Police;
- (4) all costs associated with dispatching appropriate public safety agencies to respond to 9-1-1 calls received by the PSAP; and
- (5) all funding sources and amounts of funding used for costs described in paragraph (4) of this subsection (b).

The emergency telephone system board ~~or unit of local government~~ is responsible for any costs associated with auditing such financial statements. The Illinois State Police shall post annual financial reports ~~the audited financial statements~~ on the Illinois State Police's website.

(c) Along with its audited financial statement, each emergency telephone system board ~~or unit of local government~~ receiving a grant under Section 15.4b of this Act shall include a report of the amount of grant moneys received and how the grant moneys were used. In case of a conflict between this requirement and the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act, or with the rules of the Governor's Office of Management and Budget adopted thereunder, that Act and those rules shall control.

(d) If an emergency telephone system board that receives funds from the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund fails to file the 9-1-1 system financial reports as required under this Section, the Illinois State Police shall suspend and withhold monthly disbursements otherwise due to the emergency telephone system board under Section 30 of this Act until the report is filed.

Any monthly disbursements that have been withheld for 12 months or more shall be forfeited by the emergency telephone system board and shall be distributed proportionally by the Illinois State Police to compliant emergency telephone system boards that receive funds from the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund.

Any emergency telephone system board not in compliance with this Section shall be ineligible to receive any consolidation grant or infrastructure grant issued under this Act.

(e) The Illinois State Police may adopt emergency rules necessary to implement the provisions of this Section.

(f) Any findings or decisions of the Illinois State Police under this Section shall be deemed a final administrative decision and shall be subject to judicial review under the Administrative Review Law.

(g) Beginning October 1, 2017, the Illinois State Police shall provide a quarterly report to the Statewide 9-1-1 Advisory Board of its expenditures from the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund for the prior fiscal quarter.

(Source: P.A. 102-9, eff. 6-3-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

(50 ILCS 750/50)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 50. Fund audits. The Auditor General shall conduct as a part of its bi-annual audit, an audit of the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund ~~and the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund~~ for compliance with the requirements of this Act. The audit shall include, but not be limited to, the following determinations:

- (1) Whether detailed records of all receipts and disbursements from the Statewide 9-1-1 Fund ~~and the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund~~ are being maintained.
- (2) Whether administrative costs charged to the funds are adequately documented and are reasonable.
- (3) Whether the procedures for making disbursements and grants and providing reimbursements in accordance with the Act are adequate.
- (4) The status of the implementation of statewide 9-1-1 service and Next Generation 9-1-1 service in Illinois.

The Illinois Commerce Commission, the Illinois State Police, and any other entity or person that may have information relevant to the audit shall cooperate fully and promptly with the Office of the Auditor General in conducting the audit. The Auditor General shall commence the audit as soon as possible and distribute the report upon completion in accordance with Section 3-14 of the Illinois State Auditing Act.

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/99)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2023)

Sec. 99. Repealer. This Act is repealed on December 31, 2025 ~~2023~~.

(Source: P.A. 101-639, eff. 6-12-20; 102-9, eff. 6-3-21.)

(50 ILCS 750/15 rep.)

(50 ILCS 750/15.2c rep.)

(50 ILCS 750/45 rep.)

45. Section 15. The Emergency Telephone System Act is amended by repealing Sections 15, 15.2c, and

Section 20. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing Section 26-1 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/26-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 26-1)

Sec. 26-1. Disorderly conduct.

(a) A person commits disorderly conduct when he or she knowingly:

(1) Does any act in such unreasonable manner as to alarm or disturb another and to provoke a breach of the peace;

(2) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to the fire department of any city, town, village or fire protection district a false alarm of fire, knowing at the time of the transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that the fire exists;

(3) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to another a false alarm to the effect that a bomb or other explosive of any nature or a container holding poison gas, a deadly biological or chemical contaminant, or radioactive substance is concealed in a place where its explosion or release would endanger human life, knowing at the time of the transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that the bomb, explosive or a container holding poison gas, a deadly biological or chemical contaminant, or radioactive substance is concealed in the place;

(3.5) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner a threat of destruction of a school building or school property, or a threat of violence, death, or bodily harm directed against persons at a school, school function, or school event, whether or not school is in session;

(4) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to any peace officer, public officer or public employee a report to the effect that an offense will be committed, is being committed, or has been committed, knowing at the time of the transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that the offense will be committed, is being committed, or has been committed;

(5) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner a false report to any public safety agency without the reasonable grounds necessary to believe that transmitting the report is necessary for the safety and welfare of the public; ~~or~~

(6) Calls ~~or texts~~ the number "911" or transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to a public safety agency or public safety answering point ~~for the purpose of making or transmitting a false alarm or complaint and reporting information~~ when, at the time the call, text, or transmission is made, the person knows there is no reasonable ground for making the call or transmission ~~and further knows that the call or transmission could result in the emergency response of any public safety agency;~~

(7) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner a false report to the Department of Children and Family Services under Section 4 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;

(8) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner a false report to the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or the MC/DD Act;

(9) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to the police department or fire department of any municipality or fire protection district, or any privately owned and operated ambulance service, a false request for an ambulance, emergency medical technician-ambulance or emergency medical technician-paramedic knowing at the time there is no reasonable ground for believing that the assistance is required;

(10) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner a false report under Article II of Public Act 83-1432;

(11) Enters upon the property of another and for a lewd or unlawful purpose deliberately looks into a dwelling on the property through any window or other opening in it; or

(12) While acting as a collection agency as defined in the Collection Agency Act or as an employee of the collection agency, and while attempting to collect an alleged debt, makes a telephone call to the alleged debtor which is designed to harass, annoy or intimidate the alleged debtor.

(b) Sentence. A violation of subsection (a)(1) of this Section is a Class C misdemeanor. A violation of subsection (a)(5) or (a)(11) of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A violation of subsection (a)(8) or (a)(10) of this Section is a Class B misdemeanor. A violation of subsection (a)(2), (a)(3.5), (a)(4), (a)(6), (a)(7), or (a)(9) of this Section is a Class 4 felony. A violation of subsection (a)(3) of this Section is a Class 3 felony, for which a fine of not less than \$3,000 and no more than \$10,000 shall be assessed in addition to any other penalty imposed.

A violation of subsection (a)(12) of this Section is a Business Offense and shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$3,000. A second or subsequent violation of subsection (a)(7) or (a)(5) of this Section is a Class 4 felony. A third or subsequent violation of subsection (a)(11) of this Section is a Class 4 felony.

(c) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, a court shall order any person convicted of disorderly conduct to perform community service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board of the county where the offense was committed. In addition, whenever any person is placed on supervision for an alleged offense under this Section, the supervision shall be conditioned upon the performance of the community service.

This subsection does not apply when the court imposes a sentence of incarceration.

(d) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, the court shall order any person convicted of disorderly conduct under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) involving a false alarm of a threat that a bomb or explosive device has been placed in a school that requires an emergency response to reimburse the unit of government that employs the emergency response officer or officers that were dispatched to the school for the cost of the response. If the court determines that the person convicted of disorderly conduct that requires an emergency response to a school is indigent, the provisions of this subsection (d) do not apply.

(e) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, the court shall order any person convicted of disorderly conduct under paragraph (3.5) or (6) of subsection (a) to reimburse the public agency for the reasonable costs of the emergency response by the public agency up to \$10,000. If the court determines that the person convicted of disorderly conduct under paragraph (3.5) or (6) of subsection (a) is indigent, the provisions of this subsection (e) do not apply.

(f) For the purposes of this Section, "emergency response" means any condition that results in, or could result in, the response of a public official in an authorized emergency vehicle, any condition that jeopardizes or could jeopardize public safety and results in, or could result in, the evacuation of any area, building, structure, vehicle, or of any other place that any person may enter, or any incident requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter, a State Fire Marshal employee, or an ambulance.

(Source: P.A. 101-238, eff. 1-1-20.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Section and the changes to Section 99 of the Emergency Telephone System Act take effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Cunningham offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 3940

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 3940, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 26, by replacing lines 17 through 22 with the following: "point for the purpose of making an alarm or complaint and reporting false information when, at the time the call, text, or transmission is made, the person knows there is no reasonable ground for making the call, text, or transmission and further knows that the call, text, or transmission could result in the emergency response of any public safety agency, is"; and

on page 53, by replacing line 5 with "network"; and

on page 53, lines 6 and 17, by replacing "upon" each time it appears with "Upon"; and

on page 53, line 16, by replacing "Police; and" with "Police."; and

on page 68, by replacing lines 4 through 10 with the following:

"agency or public safety answering point for the purpose of making or transmitting a false alarm or complaint and reporting information when, at the time the call, text, or transmission is made, the person knows there is no reasonable ground for making the call, text, or transmission and further knows that the call, text, or transmission could result in the emergency response of any public safety agency;"

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Belt, **House Bill No. 2448** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Aquino	Gillespie	Martwick	Stoller
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Syverson
Bennett	Harris, N.	McConchie	Tracy
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Castro	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Cunningham	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Curran	Johnson	Porfirio	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Jones, E.	Preston	Villivalam
Ellman	Joyce	Rezin	Wilcox
Faraci	Koehler	Rose	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Lewis	Simmons	
Fine	Lightford	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Belt, **House Bill No. 2487** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 43; NAYS 13.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Fowler	Lewis	Preston
Belt	Gillespie	Lightford	Simmons
Castro	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Sims
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Martwick	Stadelman
Cunningham	Hastings	McClure	Turner, D.
Curran	Holmes	McConchie	Ventura
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Morrison	Villa
Ellman	Johnson	Murphy	Villanueva
Faraci	Jones, E.	Pacione-Zayas	Villivalam
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Peters	Mr. President
Fine	Koehler	Porfirio	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Harriss, E.	Stoller	Wilcox
Bennett	Plummer	Syverson	
Bryant	Rezin	Tracy	
Chesney	Rose	Turner, S.	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Johnson, **House Bill No. 2831** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 50; NAYS 2.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fowler	Lightford	Sims
Aquino	Gillespie	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Stoller
Bryant	Harris, N.	McClure	Tracy
Castro	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Hastings	Murphy	Turner, S.
Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Ventura
Curran	Hunter	Peters	Villa
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Porfirio	Villanueva
Ellman	Jones, E.	Preston	Villivalam
Faraci	Joyce	Rezin	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Rose	
Fine	Lewis	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Chesney
Wilcox

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 3400** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 40; NAYS 13.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Belt	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, S.
Castro	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Ventura
Cervantes	Hastings	Murphy	Villa
Cunningham	Holmes	Pacione-Zayas	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Villivalam
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	Mr. President
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Simmons	
Fine	Koehler	Sims	
Gillespie	Lightford	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Wilcox
Bennett	Lewis	Rose	
Bryant	McClure	Stoller	
Chesney	McConchie	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Cunningham, **House Bill No. 3162** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Lightford, **House Bill No. 2396** was taken up, read by title a second time.

Committee Amendment No. 1 was postponed in the Committee on Education.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 2396

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 2396 on page 3, line 5, after "by", by inserting "the"; and

on page 3, line 6, after "on", by inserting "the"; and

on page 4, line 17, by deleting "a"; and

on page 4, line 24, by replacing "state" with "State"; and

on page 5, line 2, by replacing "subsection (b)" with "subsection (a)"; and

[May 4, 2023]

on page 5, line 8, after "notice", by inserting "of"; and
 on page 5, line 26, by replacing "state" with "State"; and
 on page 7, line 4, by replacing "a" with "an"; and
 on page 7, line 5, by replacing "which" with "that"; and
 on page 7, line 5, before "as", by inserting "district"; and
 on page 7, line 6, after "Code", by inserting "and".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 5:03 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands at ease.

AT EASE

At the hour of 5:08 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.
 Senator Koehler, presiding.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Lightford, Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its May 4, 2023 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Executive: **Senate Bill No. 1732; House Bills Numbered 1440, 2352, 2862 and 3093; Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 780; Committee Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1497.**

Health and Human Services: **Committee Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2214.**

Insurance: **Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2443.**

Judiciary: **House Bill No. 2269; Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3314.**

Labor: **Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 3249.**

Licensed Activities: **Committee Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2365.**

State Government: **Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 3017.**

Transportation: **Floor Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 3436.**

Senator Lightford, Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its May 4, 2023 meeting, reported that the following Legislative Measures have been approved for consideration:

Senate Resolutions Numbered 35, 65, 71, 112, 128, 148, 167, 168, 173, 175, 181, 192, 194, 207, 216, 223, 227 and 232

The foregoing resolutions were placed on the Congratulatory Consent Calendar.

Pursuant to Senate Rule 3-8 (b-1), the following amendment will remain in the Committee on Assignments: **Committee Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1540.**

[May 4, 2023]

INTRODUCTION OF BILL

SENATE BILL NO. 2575. Introduced by Senator Bryant, a bill for AN ACT concerning appropriations.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by
Mr. Hollman, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed a bill of the following title, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 476

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.
Passed the House, May 4, 2023.

JOHN W. HOLLMAN, Clerk of the House

The foregoing **House Bill No. 476** was taken up, ordered printed and placed on first reading.

A message from the House by
Mr. Hollman, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 40

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

SENATE BILL NO. 49

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

SENATE BILL NO. 57

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

SENATE BILL NO. 67

A bill for AN ACT concerning health.

SENATE BILL NO. 99

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

SENATE BILL NO. 101

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

SENATE BILL NO. 199

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

SENATE BILL NO. 214

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

SENATE BILL NO. 216

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

SENATE BILL NO. 247

A bill for AN ACT concerning business.

Passed the House, May 4, 2023.

JOHN W. HOLLMAN, Clerk of the House

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A FIRST TIME

House Bill No. 476, sponsored by Senator Harmon, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

POSTING NOTICES WAIVED

Senator Peters moved to waive the six-day posting requirement on **House Bill No. 1399** so that the measure may be heard in the Subcommittee on CLEAR Compliance that is scheduled to meet May 9, 2023.
The motion prevailed.

Senator Peters moved to waive the six-day posting requirement on **House Bills numbered 1399 and 3345** so that the measures may be heard in the Special Committee on Criminal Law and Public Safety that is scheduled to meet May 9, 2023.
The motion prevailed.

COMMUNICATIONS

DISCLOSURE TO THE SENATE

Date: May 4, 2023

Legislative Measure(s): HB 2192

Venue:

- Committee on _____
- Full Senate

Due to a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I abstained from voting (or voted "present") on the above legislative measure(s).

Notwithstanding a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I voted in favor of or against the above legislative measure(s) because I believe doing so is in the best interests of the State.

s/Dan McConchie
Senator Dan McConchie

DISCLOSURE TO THE SENATE

Date: May 4, 2023

Legislative Measure(s): HB 2963

Venue:

- Committee on _____
- Full Senate

Due to a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I abstained from voting (or voted "present") on the above legislative measure(s).

Notwithstanding a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I voted in favor of or against the above legislative measure(s) because I believe doing so is in the best interests of the State.

s/Dan McConchie
Senator Dan McConchie

[May 4, 2023]

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 925
Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 2039

The following Committee amendment to the House Bill listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2474

At the hour of 5:13 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands adjourned until Friday, May 5, 2023, at 9:00 o'clock a.m.