92_SB2235 LRB9215298WHcsA

- 1 AN ACT concerning energy.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Energy Assistance Act of 1989 is amended
- 5 by changing Sections 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 13 as follows:
- 6 (305 ILCS 20/1) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1401)
- 7 Sec. 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known and may be
- 8 cited as the "Energy Assistance Act of-1989".
- 9 (Source: P.A. 86-127.)
- 10 (305 ILCS 20/2) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1402)
- 11 Sec. 2. Findings and Intent.
- 12 (a) The General Assembly finds that:
- 13 (1) the health, welfare, and prosperity of the 14 people of the State of Illinois require that all citizens 15 <u>have access to receive</u> essential levels of heat and
- electric service regardless of economic circumstance;
- 17 (2) public utilities and other entities providing
 18 such services are entitled to receive proper payment for
 19 services actually rendered;
- 20 (3) declining Federal low income energy assistance 21 funding necessitates a State response to ensure the 22 continuity and the further development of energy 23 assistance and related policies and programs within
- 24 Illinois; and
- 25 (4) energy assistance policies and programs in 26 effect in Illinois during the past 3 years have benefited 27 all Illinois citizens, and should therefore be continued 28 with the modifications provided herein.
- 29 (b) Consistent with its findings, the General Assembly 30 declares that it is the policy of the State that:

- 1 (1) a comprehensive low income energy assistance
 2 policy and program should be established which
 3 incorporates income assistance, home weatherization, and
 4 other measures to <u>assist</u> ensure-that citizens <u>to obtain</u>
 5 have access to affordable energy services;
 - (2) the ability of public utilities and other entities to receive just compensation for providing services should not be jeopardized by this policy;
 - (3) resources applied in achieving this policy should be coordinated and efficiently utilized through the integration of public programs and through the targeting of assistance; and
 - (4) the State should utilize all appropriate and available means to fund this program and, to the extent possible, should identify and utilize sources of funding which complement State tax revenues.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 86-127.)

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- 18 (305 ILCS 20/4) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1404)
- 19 Sec. 4. Energy Assistance Program.
- 2.0 (a) The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs is 21 hereby authorized to institute a program to promote ensure 22 the availability and affordability of heating and electric service to low income citizens. 23 The Department 24 implement the program by rule promulgated pursuant to The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. 25 The program shall be consistent with the purposes and objectives of this Act 26 with all other specific requirements provided herein. 27 28 Department shall-ensure-that-the-program-is-in--operation--by 29 November-1,-1989,-and may enter into such contracts and other agreements with local agencies as may be necessary for the 30 31 purpose of administering the energy assistance program.
- 32 (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as altering 33 or limiting the authority conferred on the Illinois Commerce

- 1 Commission by the Public Utilities Act to regulate all
- 2 aspects of the provision of public utility service, including
- 3 but not limited to the authority to make rules and adjudicate
- 4 disputes between utilities and customers related to
- 5 eligibility for utility service, deposits, payment practices,
- 6 discontinuance of service, and the treatment of arrearages
- 7 owing for previously rendered utility service.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 86-127.)
- 9 (305 ILCS 20/5) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1405)
- 10 Sec. 5. Policy Advisory Council.
- 11 (a) Within the Department of Commerce and Community
- 12 Affairs is created a <u>Low Income Energy Assistance Policy</u>
- 13 Advisory Council.
- 14 (b) The Council shall be chaired by the Director of
- 15 <u>Commerce and Community Affairs or his or her designee. There</u>
- 16 <u>shall be 15 members of the Low Income Energy Assistance</u>
- 17 Policy Advisory Council, including the chairperson and the
- 18 <u>following members:</u>
- 19 <u>(1) one member designated by the Illinois Commerce</u>
- 20 <u>Commission;</u>
- 21 (2) one member designated by the Illinois
- <u>Department of Natural Resources;</u>
- 23 (3) one member designated by the Illinois Energy
- 24 <u>Association to represent electric public utilities</u>
- 25 <u>serving in excess of 1 million customers in this State;</u>
- 26 <u>(4) one member agreed upon by gas public utilities</u>
- 27 <u>that serve more than 500,000 customers in this State;</u>
- 28 <u>(5) one member designated by the Illinois Energy</u>
- 29 <u>Association to represent combination gas and electric</u>
- 30 <u>public utilities;</u>
- 31 <u>(6) one member agreed upon by the Illinois</u>
- 32 <u>Municipal Electric Agency and the Association of Illinois</u>
- 33 <u>Electric Cooperatives;</u>

1	(7) one member agreed upon by the Illinois									
2	Industrial Energy Consumers;									
3	(8) two members designated by the Department to									
4	represent low income energy consumers;									
5	(9) two members designated by the Illinois									
6	Community Action Association to represent local agencies									
7	that assist in the administration of this Act;									
8	(10) one member designated by the Citizens Utility									
9	Board to represent residential energy consumers;									
10	(11) one member designated by the Illinois Retail									
11	Merchants Association to represent commercial energy									
12	<u>customers and;</u>									
13	(12) one member designated by the Department to									
14	represent independent energy providers.									
15	(c) Designated and appointed members shall serve 2 year									
16	terms and until their successors are appointed and qualified.									
17	The designating organization shall notify the chairperson of									
18	any changes or substitutions of a designee within 10 business									
19	days of a change or substitution. Members shall serve without									
20	compensation, but may receive reimbursement for actual costs									
21	incurred in fulfilling their duties as members of the									
22	Council.									
23	(d) The Council shall have the following duties:									
24	(1) to monitor the administration of this Act to									
25	ensure effective, efficient, and coordinated program									
26	development and implementation;									
27	(2) to assist the Department in developing and									
28	administering rules and regulations required to be									
29	promulgated pursuant to this Act in a manner consistent									
30	with the purpose and objectives of this Act;									
31	(3) to facilitate and coordinate the collection and									
32	exchange of all program data and other information needed									
33	by the Department and others in fulfilling their duties									
34	pursuant to this Act;									

(4) to advise the Department on the proper level of

2	support required for effective administration of the Act;
3	(5) to provide a written opinion concerning any
4	regulation proposed pursuant to this Act, and to review
5	and comment on any energy assistance or related plan
6	required to be prepared by the Department;
7	(6) to advise the Department on the use of funds
8	collected pursuant to Section 11 of this Act, and on any
9	changes to existing low income energy assistance programs
10	to make effective use of such funds, so long as such uses
11	and changes are consistent with the requirements of the
12	Act. Pelicy-Advisory-Council-to-be-comprised-of:
13	(1)thefollowingexofficiomembersortheir
14	designees:theDirectorofCommerceandCommunity
15	Affairs-who-shall-serve-as-Chair-oftheCommittee,the
16	DirectorofNaturalResources,the-Secretary-of-Human
L7	Services,-andtheChairmanoftheIllinoisCommerce
18	Commission;-and
19	(2)9personswhoshallbeappointedbythe
20	Governor-to-serve-2-year-terms-and-until-their-successors
21	are-appointed-and-qualified,-3-of-whom-shallbepersons
22	whorepresentlowincomehouseholdsor-organizations
23	which-represent-suchhouseholds,3ofwhomshallbe
24	representativesofpublicutilitiesor-other-entities
25	which-provide-winter-energy-services,-and-3-of-whom-shall
26	be-representativesoflocalagenciesengagedbythe
27	Department-to-assist-in-the-administration-of-this-Act.
28	(3)6personswhoshallbeappointedbythe
29	Director-of-theDepartmentofCommerceandCommunity
30	Affairsto-serve-2-year-terms-and-until-their-successors
31	are-appointed-and-qualified,-who-shall-be-persons-meeting
32	such-qualifications-as-may-berequiredbythefederal
33	governmentforthe-administration-of-the-Weatherization
34	Assistance-ProgramfundedbytheU-SDepartmentof

Energy-and-any-such-related-energy-assistance-programs.
(4)Membersshallserve-without-compensation,-but
may-receive-reimbursement-for-actualcostsincurredin
fulfilling-their-duties-as-members-of-the-Council.
(b)The-Policy-Advisory-Council-shall-have-the-following
duties÷
(1)tomonitortheadministration-of-this-Act-to
ensureeffective,efficient,andcoordinatedprogram
$\texttt{development-and-implementation} \boldsymbol{\dot{\tau}}$
(2)to-assisttheDepartmentindevelopingand
administeringrulesandregulationsrequiredtobe
promulgated-pursuant-to-this-Act-in-amannerconsistent
with-the-purpose-and-objectives-of-this-Act;
(3)to-facilitate-and-coordinate-the-collection-and
exchange-of-all-program-data-and-other-information-needed
bytheDepartment-and-others-in-fulfilling-their-duties
pursuant-to-this-Act;
(4)to-advise-the-Department-on-the-proper-level-of
support-required-for-effective-administration-of-the-Act;
(5)to-provide-awrittenopinionconcerningany
regulationproposedpursuant-to-this-Act,-and-to-review
and-comment-on-anyenergyassistanceorrelatedplan
required-to-be-prepared-by-the-Department;
(6)onor-before-March-1-of-each-year-beginning-in
1990,-to-prepare-and-submit-a-report-to-the-Governorand
GeneralAssemblywhichdescribes-the-activities-of-the
Departmentinthedevelopmentandimplementationof
energy-assistanceandrelatedpoliciesandprograms,
whichcharacterizesprogresstowardsmeetingthe
objectivesandrequirementsofthisAct,andwhich
recommends-any-statutory-changes-which-might-be-needed-to
further-such-progressThereportsubmittedin1991
shallincludeananalysisofandrecommendations
regarding-this-Act's-provisions-concerning-Statepayment

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1 of-pre-program-arrearages; and
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(7)--to--advise--the--Department-on-the-use-of-funds

collected-pursuant-to-Section-13-of-this-Act,-and-on--any

changes-to-existing-low-income-energy-assistance-programs

to-make-effective-use-of-such-funds,-so-long-as-such-uses

and--changes--are--consistent--with--the--requirements-of

subsection-(a)-of-Section-13-of-this-Act-

8 (Source: P.A. 89-445, eff. 2-7-96; 89-507, eff. 7-1-97; 9 90-561, eff. 12-16-97.)

10 (305 ILCS 20/6) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1406)

11 Sec. 6. Eligibility, Conditions of Participation, and 12 Energy Assistance.

- (a) Any person who is a resident of the State of Illinois and whose household income is not greater than an amount determined annually by the Department, in consultation with the Policy Advisory Council, may apply for assistance pursuant to this Act in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Department. In setting the annual eligibility level, the Department shall consider the amount of available funding and may not set a limit higher than 150% of the federal nonfarm poverty level as established by the federal Office of Management and Budget.
- (b) Applicants who qualify for assistance pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section shall, subject appropriation from the General Assembly and subject to funds to the Department, receive energy availability of assistance as provided by this Act. The Department, upon receipt of monies authorized pursuant to this Act for energy assistance, shall commit funds for each qualified applicant in an amount determined by the Department. In determining the amounts of assistance to be provided to or on behalf of a qualified applicant, the Department shall ensure that the highest amounts of assistance go to households with the

1 greatest energy costs in relation to household income. The 2 Department shall include factors such as energy costs, household size, household income, and region of the State 3 4 when determining individual household benefits. In setting 5 assistance levels, the Department shall attempt to provide 6 assistance to approximately the same number of households who 7 participated in the 1991 Residential Energy Assistance 8 Partnership Program. Such assistance levels shall 9 adjusted annually on the basis of funding availability and energy costs. In promulgating rules for the administration 10 11 of this Section the Department shall assure that a minimum of 1/3 of funds available for benefits to eligible households 12 with the lowest incomes are-made-available-to-households-who 13 are-eligible-for--public--assistance and that elderly and 14 15 disabled households are offered a priority one-month 16 application period.

(c) If the applicant is not a customer of an energy provider for winter energy services or an applicant for such service, such applicant shall receive a direct energy assistance payment in an amount established by the Department for all such applicants under this Act; provided, however, that such an applicant must have rental expenses for housing greater than 30% of household income.

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- (d) If the applicant is a customer of an energy provider, such applicant shall receive energy assistance in an amount established by the Department for all such applicants under this Act, such amount to be paid by the Department to the energy provider supplying winter energy service to such applicant. Such applicant shall:
 - (i) make all reasonable efforts to apply to any other appropriate source of public energy assistance; and
- (ii) sign a waiver permitting the Department to receive income information from any public or private agency providing income or energy assistance and from any

- 1 employer, whether public or private.
- 2 (e) Any qualified applicant pursuant to this Section may
- 3 receive or have paid on such applicant's behalf an emergency
- 4 assistance payment to enable such applicant to obtain access
- 5 to winter energy services. Any such payments shall be made
- 6 in accordance with regulations of the Department.
- 7 (f) The Department may, if sufficient funds are
- 8 <u>available</u>, <u>provide</u> <u>additional benefits to certain qualified</u>
- 9 <u>applicants:</u>
- 10 <u>(i) for the reduction of past due amounts owed to</u>
- 11 <u>energy providers and</u>
- 12 <u>(ii) to assist the household respond to excessively</u>
- high summer temperatures or energy costs. Households
- containing elderly members, children, a person with a
- 15 <u>disability</u>, or a person with a medical need for
- 16 <u>conditioned air shall receive priority for receipt of</u>
- 17 <u>such benefits.</u>
- 18 (Source: P.A. 91-936, eff. 1-10-01.)
- 19 (305 ILCS 20/7) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1407)
- Sec. 7. State Weatherization Plan and Program.
- 21 (a) The Department shall, after consultation with the
- 22 Policy Advisory Council, prepare and promulgate an annual
- 23 State Weatherization Plan beginning in the year this Act
- 24 becomes effective. To the extent practicable, such Plan
- 25 shall provide for targeting use of both State and federal
- 26 weatherization funds to the households of eligible applicants
- 27 pursuant to this Act whose ratios of energy costs to income
- 28 are the highest. The State Weatherization Plan shall include
- 29 but need not be limited to the following:
- 30 (1) a description of the demographic
- 31 characteristics and energy use patterns of people
- eligible for assistance pursuant to this Act;
- 33 (2) the methodology used by the Department in

targeting weatherization funds;

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- (3) a description of anticipated activity and results for the year covered by the Plan, including an estimate of energy cost savings expected to be realized by the weatherization program; and
- evaluation of results from the weatherization program in the year preceding the plan year, including the effect of State Weatherization Program investments on energy consumption and cost in the population eligible for assistance pursuant to this Act, and the effect of targeted weatherization investments on the costs of the energy assistance program authorized by this Act.
- Department shall implement 14 The the 15 Weatherization Plan by rule through a program which provides 16 targeted weatherization assistance to eligible applicants for energy assistance pursuant to this Act. The Department may 17 enter into such contracts and other arrangements with local 18 19 agencies as may be necessary for the purpose of administering the weatherization program. 20
- 21 (Source: P.A. 86-127; 87-14.)
- 22 (305 ILCS 20/8) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1408)
- 23 Sec. 8. Program Evaluation Reports.
- 24 The Department of Natural Resources shall prepare and submit to the Governor and the General Assembly reports 25 on September 30 biennially March-15-of-each--year, beginning 26 in 2003 1991, evaluating the effectiveness of the energy 2.7 28 assistance and weatherization policies authorized by this 29 The first report shall cover such effects during the first winter during which the program authorized by this Act, 30 31 is in operation, and successive reports shall cover effects since the issuance of the preceding report. 32
- 33 (1) (b) Reports issued pursuant to this Section

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shall be limited to, information concerning the effects of the policies authorized by this Act on (1) the ability of eligible applicants to obtain and maintain adequate and affordable winter energy services and (2) changes in the costs and prices of winter energy services for people who do not receive energy assistance pursuant to this Act.

- (2) (e) The Department of Natural Resources shall by September 30, 2002, in consultation with the Policy Advisory Council, determine the kinds of numerical and other information needed to conduct the evaluations required by this Section, and shall advise the Policy Advisory Council of such information needs in a timely manner. The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs, the Department of Human Services, and the Illinois Commerce Commission shall each provide such information as the Department of Natural Resources may require to ensure that the evaluation reporting requirement established by this Section can be met.
- 20 (b) On or before December 31, 2002, 2004, 2006, and
 21 2007, the Department shall prepare a report for the General
 22 Assembly on the expenditure of funds appropriated for the
 23 programs authorized under this Act.
- (c) On or before December 31 of each year in 2004, 2006, and 2007, the Department shall in consultation with the Council, prepare and submit evaluation reports to the Governor and the General Assembly outlining the effects of the program designed under this Act on the following as it relates to the propriety of continuing the program:
- 30 (1) the definition of an eligible low income
 31 residential customer;
- 32 (2) access of low income residential customers to
 33 essential energy services;
- 34 (3) past due amounts owed to utilities by low

- income persons in Illinois;
- 2 <u>(4) appropriate measures to encourage energy</u>
- 3 <u>conservation</u>, <u>efficiency</u>, <u>and responsibility among low</u>
- 4 <u>income residential customers;</u>
- 5 (5) the activities of the Department in the
- 6 <u>development and implementation of energy assistance and</u>
- 7 <u>related policies and programs, which characterizes</u>
- 8 progress toward meeting the objectives and requirements
- 9 of this Act, and which recommends any statutory changes
- which might be needed to further such progress.
- 11 (d) The Department shall by September 30, 2002 in
- 12 <u>consultation</u> with the Council determine the kinds of
- 13 <u>numerical and other information needed to conduct the</u>
- evaluations required by this Section.
- 15 <u>(e)</u> (d) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall require
- 16 each public utility providing heating or electric service to
- 17 compile and submit any numerical and other information needed
- 18 by the Department of Natural Resources to meet its reporting
- 19 obligations.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 89-445, eff. 2-7-96; 89-507, eff. 7-1-97.)
- 21 (305 ILCS 20/13)
- Sec. 13. Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance Fund.
- 23 (a) The Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance Fund
- 24 is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury.
- 25 The Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance Fund is
- 26 authorized to receive, by statutory deposit, the moneys
- 27 collected pursuant to this Section. Subject to
- 28 appropriation, the Department shall use moneys from the
- 29 Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance Fund for payments
- 30 to electric or gas public utilities, municipal electric or
- 31 gas utilities, and electric cooperatives on behalf of their
- 32 customers who are participants in the program authorized by
- 33 Section 4 of this Act, for the provision of weatherization

1 services and for administration of the Supplemental 2 Low-Income Energy Assistance Fund. The yearly expenditures for weatherization may not exceed 10% of the amount collected 3 4 during the year pursuant to this Section. In-determining 5 which-customers--will--participate--in--the---weatherization 6 component, -- the -- Department -- shall -- target-weatherization-for 7 those-customers-with-the-greatest-energy-burden,-that-is--the 8 lowest---income--and--greatest--utility--bills. 9 administrative expenses of the Supplemental Low-Income Energy

Assistance Fund may not exceed 10% of the amount collected

during that year pursuant to this Section.

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- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 16-111 of 12 the Public Utilities Act but subject to subsection (k) of 13 this Section, each public utility, electric cooperative, as 14 defined in Section 3.4 of the Electric Supplier Act, and 15 16 municipal utility, as referenced in Section 3-105 of the Public Utilities Act, that is engaged in the delivery of 17 electricity or the distribution of natural gas within the 18 19 State of Illinois shall, effective January 1, 1998, assess 20 each of its customer accounts a monthly Energy Assistance 21 Charge for the Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance 22 Fund. The delivering public utility, municipal electric or gas cooperative 23 gas utility, or electric or self-assessing purchaser remains subject to the collection of 24 25 the fee imposed by this Section. The monthly charge shall be as follows: 26
- 27 (1) \$0.40 per month on each account for residential electric service;
- 29 (2) \$0.40 per month on each account for residential 30 gas service;
- 31 (3) \$4 per month on each account for 32 non-residential electric service which had less than 10 33 megawatts of peak demand during the previous calendar 34 year;

1	(4) \$4	per	month	C	on e	each	accou	ınt	for
2	non-res	identia	ıl gas	s serv	ice	which	had	distribu	ited	to it
3	less th	an 4,00	00,000	therms	of	gas	duri	ng the	pre	vious
4	calenda	r year;								

- (5) \$300 per month on each account for non-residential electric service which had 10 megawatts or greater of peak demand during the previous calendar year; and
- (6) \$300 per month on each account for non-residential gas service which had 4,000,000 or more therms of gas distributed to it during the previous calendar year.
- (c) For purposes of this Section:

- (1) "residential electric service" means electric utility service for household purposes delivered to a dwelling of 2 or fewer units which is billed under a residential rate, or electric utility service for household purposes delivered to a dwelling unit or units which is billed under a residential rate and is registered by a separate meter for each dwelling unit;
- (2) "residential gas service" means gas utility service for household purposes distributed to a dwelling of 2 or fewer units which is billed under a residential rate, or gas utility service for household purposes distributed to a dwelling unit or units which is billed under a residential rate and is registered by a separate meter for each dwelling unit;
- (3) "non-residential electric service" means electric utility service which is not residential electric service; and
- 31 (4) "non-residential gas service" means gas utility 32 service which is not residential gas service.
- 33 (d) At least 45 days prior to the date on which it must 34 begin assessing Energy Assistance Charges, each public

- 1 utility engaged in the delivery of electricity or the
- 2 distribution of natural gas shall file with the Illinois
- 3 Commerce Commission tariffs incorporating the Energy
- 4 Assistance Charge in other charges stated in such tariffs.
- 5 (e) The Energy Assistance Charge assessed by electric
- 6 and gas public utilities shall be considered a charge for
- 7 public utility service.
- 8 (f) By the 20th day of the month following the month in
- 9 which the charges imposed by the Section were collected, each
- 10 public utility, municipal utility, and electric cooperative
- 11 shall remit to the Department of Revenue all moneys received
- 12 as payment of the Energy Assistance Charge on a return
- 13 prescribed and furnished by the Department of Revenue showing
- 14 such information as the Department of Revenue may reasonably
- 15 require. If a customer makes a partial payment, a public
- 16 utility, municipal utility, or electric cooperative may elect
- 17 either: (i) to apply such partial payments first to amounts
- 18 owed to the utility or cooperative for its services and then
- 19 to payment for the Energy Assistance Charge or (ii) to apply
- 20 such partial payments on a pro-rata basis between amounts
- 21 owed to the utility or cooperative for its services and to
- 22 payment for the Energy Assistance Charge.
- 23 (g) The Department of Revenue shall deposit into the
- 24 Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance Fund all moneys
- 25 remitted to it in accordance with subsection (f) of this
- 26 Section.
- (h) (Blank). If--as--of--June--30,--2002--the--program
- 28 authorized-by-Section-4-of-this-Act-has-not-been-replaced--by
- 29 a--new--energy-assistance-program-which-is-in-operation,-then
- 30 the-General--Assembly--shall--review--the--program;--provided
- 31 however,--that-after-that-date,-any-public-utility,-municipal
- 32 utility,-or-electric-cooperative-shall-continue-to-assess--an
- 33 Energy--Assistance-Charge-which-was-originally-assessed-on-or
- 34 before-June-30,-2002-and-which-remains-unpaid-

- On or before December 31, 2002, the Department shall
- 2 prepare a report for the General Assembly on the expenditure
- 3 of funds appropriated from the Low-Income Energy Assistance
- 4 Block Grant Fund for the program authorized under Section 4
- 5 of this Act.
- 6 (i) The Department of Revenue may establish such rules
- 7 as it deems necessary to implement this Section.
- 8 (j) The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs may
- 9 establish such rules as it deems necessary to implement this
- 10 Section.
- 11 (k) The charges imposed by this Section shall only apply
- 12 to customers of municipal electric or gas utilities and
- 13 electric or gas cooperatives if the municipal electric or gas
- 14 utility or electric or gas cooperative makes an affirmative
- 15 decision to impose the charge. If a municipal electric or
- 16 gas utility or an electric cooperative makes an affirmative
- 17 decision to impose the charge provided by this Section, the
- 18 municipal electric or gas utility or electric cooperative
- 19 shall inform the Department of Revenue in writing of such
- 20 decision when it begins to impose the charge. If a municipal
- 21 electric or gas utility or electric or gas cooperative does
- 22 not assess this charge, the Department may not use funds from
- 23 the Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance Fund to provide
- 24 benefits to its customers under the program authorized by
- 25 Section 4 of this Act.
- In its use of federal funds under this Act, the
- 27 <u>Department may not cause a disproportionate share of those</u>
- 28 <u>federal funds to benefit customers of systems which do not</u>
- 29 <u>assess the charge provided by this Section.</u>
- This Section is repealed effective December 31, 2007
- 31 <u>unless renewed by action of the General Assembly. The</u>
- 32 <u>General Assembly shall consider the results of the</u>
- 33 <u>evaluations described in Section 8 in its deliberations.</u>
- 34 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97; 90-624, eff. 7-10-98.)

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1 (305 ILCS 20/7.1 rep.)
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- 2 (305 ILCS 20/9 rep.)
- 3 (305 ILCS 20/12 rep.)
- 4 (305 ILCS 20/14 rep.)
- 5 Section 10. The Energy Assistance Act of 1989 is amended
- 6 by repealing Sections 7.1, 9, 12, and 14.
- 7 Section 15. The Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, and
- 8 Coal Resources Development Law of 1997 is amended by changing
- 9 Section 6-5 as follows:
- 10 (20 ILCS 687/6-5)
- 11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 16, 2007)
- 12 Sec. 6-5. Renewable Energy Resources and Coal Technology
- 13 Development Assistance Charge.
- 14 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 16-111 of
- 15 the Public Utilities Act but subject to subsection (e) of
- 16 this Section, each public utility, electric cooperative, as
- 17 defined in Section 3.4 of the Electric Supplier Act, and
- 18 municipal utility, as referenced in Section 3-105 of the
- 19 Public Utilities Act, that is engaged in the delivery of
- 20 electricity or the distribution of natural gas within the
- 22 each of its customer accounts a monthly Renewable Energy

State of Illinois shall, effective January 1, 1998, assess

- 23 Resources and Coal Technology Development Assistance Charge.
- 24 The delivering public utility, municipal electric or gas
- 25 utility, or electric or gas cooperative for a self-assessing
- 26 purchaser remains subject to the collection of the fee
- 27 imposed by this Section. The monthly charge shall be as
- 28 follows:

- 29 (1) \$0.05 per month on each account for residential
- 30 electric service as defined in Section 13 of the Energy
- 31 Assistance Act of-1989;
- 32 (2) \$0.05 per month on each account for residential

gas service as defined in Section 13 of the Energy
Assistance Act of-1989;

- (3) \$0.50 per month on each account for nonresidential electric service, as defined in Section 13 of the Energy Assistance Act of-1989, which had less than 10 megawatts of peak demand during the previous calendar year;
- (4) \$0.50 per month on each account for nonresidential gas service, as defined in Section 13 of the Energy Assistance Act of-1989, which had distributed to it less than 4,000,000 therms of gas during the previous calendar year;
- (5) \$37.50 per month on each account for nonresidential electric service, as defined in Section 13 of the Energy Assistance Act of--1989, which had 10 megawatts or greater of peak demand during the previous calendar year; and
- (6) \$37.50 per month on each account for nonresidential gas service, as defined in Section 13 of the Energy Assistance Act of-1989, which had 4,000,000 or more therms of gas distributed to it during the previous calendar year.
- (b) The Renewable Energy Resources and Coal Technology
 Development Assistance Charge assessed by electric and gas
 public utilities shall be considered a charge for public
 utility service.
- 27 (c) Fifty percent of the moneys collected pursuant to
 28 this Section shall be deposited in the Renewable Energy
 29 Resources Trust Fund by the Department of Revenue. The
 30 remaining 50 percent of the moneys collected pursuant to this
 31 Section shall be deposited in the Coal Technology Development
 32 Assistance Fund by the Department of Revenue for use under
 33 the Illinois Coal Technology Development Assistance Act.
- 34 (d) By the 20th day of the month following the month in

- 1 which the charges imposed by this Section were collected,
- 2 each utility and alternative retail electric supplier
- 3 collecting charges pursuant to this Section shall remit to
- 4 the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Renewable Energy
- 5 Resources Trust Fund and the Coal Technology Development
- 6 Assistance Fund all moneys received as payment of the charge
- 7 provided for in this Section on a return prescribed and
- 8 furnished by the Department of Revenue showing such
- 9 information as the Department of Revenue may reasonably
- 10 require.
- 11 (e) The charges imposed by this Section shall only apply
- 12 to customers of municipal electric or gas utilities and
- 13 electric or gas cooperatives if the municipal electric or gas
- 14 utility or electric or gas cooperative makes an affirmative
- decision to impose the charge. If a municipal electric or gas
- 16 utility or an electric or gas cooperative makes an
- 17 affirmative decision to impose the charge provided by this
- 18 Section, the municipal electric or gas utility or electric or
- 19 gas cooperative shall inform the Department of Revenue in
- 20 writing of such decision when it begins to impose the charge.
- 21 If a municipal electric or gas utility or electric or gas
- 22 cooperative does not assess this charge, its customers shall
- 23 not be eligible for the Renewable Energy Resources Program.
- 24 (f) The Department of Revenue may establish such rules
- as it deems necessary to implement this Section.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97; 90-624, eff. 7-10-98.)
- 27 Section 20. The Public Utilities Act is amended by
- 28 changing Sections 8-207, 16-108, and 16-111 as follows:
- 29 (220 ILCS 5/8-207) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-207)
- 30 Sec. 8-207. Any former residential customer whose gas or
- 31 electric service was used to provide or control the primary
- 32 source of space heating in the dwelling and whose service is

1 disconnected for nonpayment of a bill or a deposit from

2 December 1 of the prior winter's heating season through April

3 1 of the current heating season shall be eligible for

4 reconnection and a deferred payment arrangement under the

provisions of this Section, subject to the following

6 limitations:

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A utility shall not be required to reconnect service to, and enter into a deferred payment arrangement with, a former customer under the provisions of this Section (1) except between November 1 and April 1 of the current heating season for former customers who do not have applications pending for the program described in Section 6 of the Energy Assistance Act of-1989, and except between October 1 and April 1 of the current heating season for all former customers who do have applications pending for the program described in Section 6 of the Energy Assistance Act of-1989 and who provide proof of application to the utility, (2) in 2 consecutive years, (3) unless that former customer has paid at least 33 1/3% of the amount billed for utility service rendered by that utility subsequent to December 1 of the prior year, or (4) in any instance where the utility can show there has been tampering with the utility's wires, pipes, meters (including locking devices), or other service equipment and further shows that the former customer enjoyed the benefit of utility service obtained in the aforesaid manner.

The terms and conditions of any deferred payment arrangements established by the utility and a former customer shall take into consideration the following factors, based upon information available from current utility records or provided by the former customer:

- (1) the amount past due;
- 32 (2) the former customer's ability to pay;
- 33 (3) the former customer's payment history;
- 34 (4) the reasons for the accumulation of the past

due amounts; and

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2 (5) any other relevant factors relating to the 3 former customer's circumstances.

After the former customer's eligibility has been established in accordance with the first paragraph of this Section and, upon the establishment of a deferred payment agreement, the former customer shall pay 1/3 of the amount past due (including reconnecting charge, if any) and 1/3 of any deposit required by the utility.

Upon the payment of 1/3 of the amount past due and 1/3 of any deposit required by the utility, the former customer's service shall be reconnected as soon as possible. The company and the former customer shall agree to a payment schedule for the remaining balances which will reasonably allow the former customer to make the payments on the remainder of the deposit and the past due balance while paying current bills during the winter heating season. However, the utility is not obliged to make payment arrangements extending beyond the following November. utility shall allow the former customer a minimum of 4 months in which to retire the past due balance and 3 months in which to pay the remainder of the deposit. The former customer shall also be informed that payment on the amounts past due and the deposit, if any, plus the current bills must be paid by the due date or the customer may face termination of service pursuant to this Section and Section 8-206.

The Commission shall develop rules to govern the reconnection of a former customer who demonstrates a financial inability to meet the requirement of 1/3 of the amount past due and 1/3 of any deposit requested by the utility. The Commission's rules shall establish a means by which the former customer's utility service may be reconnected through the payment of a reasonable amount and upon entering into a deferred payment agreement.

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Any payment agreement made shall be in writing, with a copy provided to the former customer. The renegotiation and reinstatement of a customer and the establishment of a budget payment plan shall be pursuant to rules established by the Commission.

Not later than September 15 of each year, every gas electric utility shall conduct a survey of all former residential customers whose gas or electric service was used to provide or control the primary source of space heating in the dwelling and whose gas or electric service was terminated for nonpayment of a bill or deposit from December 1 of the previous year to September 15 of that year and where service at that premises has not been restored. Not later than October 1 of each year the utility shall notify each of these former customers that the gas or electric service will restored by the company for the coming heating season if the former customer contacts the utility and makes arrangements with the utility for reconnection of service under the conditions set forth in this Section. A utility shall notify the former customer or an adult member of the household by personal visit, telephone contact or mailing of a letter by first class mail to the last known address of that former The utility shall keep records which indicate the date, form and the results of such contact.

Each gas and electric utility which has former customers affected by this Section shall file reports with the Commission providing such information as the Commission may deem appropriate. The Commission shall notify each gas and electric utility prior to August 1 of each year concerning the information which is to be included in the report for that year.

In no event shall any actions taken by a utility in compliance with this Section be deemed to abrogate or in any way interfere with the utility's rights to pursue the normal

- 1 collection processes otherwise available to it.
- 2 The Commission shall promulgate rules to implement this
- 3 Section.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 86-782; 87-469.)
- 5 (220 ILCS 5/16-108)
- 6 Sec. 16-108. Recovery of costs associated with the
- 7 provision of delivery services.
- 8 (a) An electric utility shall file a delivery services
- 9 tariff with the Commission at least 210 days prior to the
- 10 date that it is required to begin offering such services
- 11 pursuant to this Act. An electric utility shall provide the
- 12 components of delivery services that are subject to the
- 13 jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission at
- 14 the same prices, terms and conditions set forth in its
- 15 applicable tariff as approved or allowed into effect by that
- 16 Commission. The Commission shall otherwise have the authority
- 17 pursuant to Article IX to review, approve, and modify the
- 18 prices, terms and conditions of those components of delivery
- 19 services not subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal
- 20 Energy Regulatory Commission, including the authority to
- 21 determine the extent to which such delivery services should
- 22 be offered on an unbundled basis. In making any such
- 23 determination the Commission shall consider, at a minimum,
- 24 the effect of additional unbundling on (i) the objective of
- just and reasonable rates, (ii) electric utility employees,
- and (iii) the development of competitive markets for electric
- 27 energy services in Illinois.
- 28 (b) The Commission shall enter an order approving, or
- 29 approving as modified, the delivery services tariff no later
- 30 than 30 days prior to the date on which the electric utility
- 31 must commence offering such services. The Commission may
- 32 subsequently modify such tariff pursuant to this Act.
- 33 (c) The electric utility's tariffs shall define the

1 classes of its customers for purposes of delivery services 2 charges. Delivery services shall be priced and available to all retail customers electing delivery services 3 4 in each such class on a nondiscriminatory basis regardless of whether the retail customer chooses the electric utility, an 5 6 affiliate of the electric utility, or another entity as its supplier of electric power and energy. Charges for delivery 7 8 services shall be cost based, and shall allow the electric 9 utility to recover the costs of providing delivery services through its charges to its delivery service customers that 10 11 use the facilities and services associated with such costs. Such costs shall include the costs of owning, operating and 12 maintaining transmission and distribution facilities. 13 Commission shall also be authorized to consider whether, and 14 15 if so to what extent, the following costs are appropriately 16 included in the electric utility's delivery services rates: (i) the costs of that portion of generation facilities used 17 for the production and absorption of reactive power in order 18 19 that retail customers located in the electric utility's service area can receive electric power and energy from 20 21 suppliers other than the electric utility, and (ii) the costs 22 associated with the use and redispatch of 23 facilities to mitigate constraints on the transmission or distribution system in order that retail customers located in 24 25 the electric utility's service area can receive electric power and energy from suppliers other than the electric 26 utility. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as 27 directing the Commission to allocate any of the costs 28 29 described in (i) or (ii) that are found to be appropriately 30 included in the electric utility's delivery services rates to any particular customer group or geographic area in setting 31 delivery services rates. 32 33

(d) The Commission shall establish charges, terms and conditions for delivery services that are just and reasonable

1 and shall take into account customer impacts when 2 establishing such charges. In establishing charges, terms and conditions for delivery services, the Commission shall take 3 4 into account voltage level differences. A retail customer 5 shall have the option to request to purchase electric service 6 any delivery service voltage reasonably and technically 7 feasible from the electric facilities serving that customer's 8 premises provided that there are no significant adverse 9 impacts upon system reliability or system efficiency. retail customer shall also have the option to request to 10 11 purchase electric service at any point of delivery that is reasonably and technically feasible provided that there are 12 no significant adverse impacts on system reliability or 13 efficiency. Such requests shall not be unreasonably denied. 14

(e) Electric utilities shall recover the costs of installing, operating or maintaining facilities for the particular benefit of one or more delivery services customers, including without limitation any costs incurred in complying with a customer's request to be served at a different voltage level, directly from the retail customer or customers for whose benefit the costs were incurred, to the extent such costs are not recovered through the charges referred to in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section.

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- (f) An electric utility shall be entitled but not required to implement transition charges in conjunction with the offering of delivery services pursuant to Section 16-104. If an electric utility implements transition charges, it shall implement such charges for all delivery services customers and for all customers described in subsection (h), but shall not implement transition charges for power and energy that a retail customer takes from cogeneration or self-generation facilities located on that retail customer's premises, if such facilities meet the following criteria:
 - (i) the cogeneration or self-generation facilities

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serve a single retail customer and are located on that retail customer's premises (for purposes of this subparagraph and subparagraph (ii), an industrial manufacturing retail customer and a third party contractor that is served by such industrial manufacturing customer through such retail customer's own electrical distribution facilities under t.he circumstances described in subsection (vi) of the definition of "alternative retail electric supplier" set forth in Section 16-102, shall be considered a single retail customer);

(ii) the cogeneration or self-generation facilities either (A) are sized pursuant to generally accepted engineering standards retail customer's for the electrical load at that premises (taking into account standby or other reliability considerations related to that retail customer's operations at that site) or (B) if the facility is a cogeneration facility located on the retail customer's premises, the retail customer is the thermal host for that facility and the facility has been designed to meet that retail customer's thermal energy requirements resulting in electrical output beyond that retail customer's electrical demand at that premises, comply with the operating and efficiency standards applicable to "qualifying facilities" specified in title 18 Code of Federal Regulations Section 292.205 as in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1999;

(iii) the retail customer on whose premises the facilities are located either has an exclusive right to receive, and corresponding obligation to pay for, all of the electrical capacity of the facility, or in the case of a cogeneration facility that has been designed to meet the retail customer's thermal energy requirements at that

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premises, an identified amount of the electrical capacity of the facility, over a minimum 5-year period; and

(iv) if the cogeneration facility is sized for the retail customer's thermal load at that premises but exceeds the electrical load, any sales of excess power or energy are made only at wholesale, are subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and are not for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of this subsection (f).

If a generation facility located at a retail customer's premises does not meet the above criteria, an electric utility implementing transition charges shall implement a transition charge until December 31, 2006 for any power and energy taken by such retail customer from such facility as if such power and energy had been delivered by the electric Provided, however, that an industrial retail customer that is taking power from a generation facility that does not meet the above criteria but that is located on such customer's premises will not be subject to a transition charge for the power and energy taken by such retail customer from such generation facility if the facility does not serve any other retail customer and either was installed on behalf of the customer and for its own use prior to January 1, 1997, is both predominantly fueled by byproducts of such customer's manufacturing process at such premises and sells or offers an average of 300 megawatts or more of electricity produced from such generation facility into the wholesale market. Such charges shall be calculated as provided in Section 16-102, and shall be collected on each kilowatt-hour delivered under a delivery services tariff to a retail customer from the date the customer first takes delivery services until December 31, 2006 except as provided in subsection (h) of this Section. Provided, however, that an electric utility, other than an electric utility providing

1 service to at least 1,000,000 customers in this State on 2 January 1, 1999, shall be entitled to petition for entry of an order by the Commission authorizing the electric utility 3 4 implement transition charges for an additional period 5 ending no later than December 31, 2008. The electric utility 6 shall file its petition with supporting evidence no earlier 7 than 16 months, and no later than 12 months, prior to December 31, 2006. The Commission shall hold a hearing on 8 9 the electric utility's petition and shall enter its order no later than 8 months after the petition is filed. 10 11 Commission shall determine whether and to what extent the 12 electric utility shall be authorized to implement transition 13 charges for an additional period. The Commission may authorize the electric utility to implement 14 transition 15 charges for some or all of the additional period, and shall 16 determine the mitigation factors to be used in implementing such transition charges; provided, that the Commission shall 17 not authorize mitigation factors less than 110% of those in 18 19 effect during the 12 months ended December 31, 2006. making its determination, the Commission shall consider the 20 2.1 following factors: the necessity to implement transition 22 charges for an additional period in order to maintain the 23 financial integrity of the electric utility; the prudence of the electric utility's actions in reducing its costs since 24 25 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; the ability of the electric utility to provide safe, adequate and 26 reliable service to retail customers in its service area; and 27 the impact on competition of allowing the electric utility to 28 29 implement transition charges for the additional period.

(g) The electric utility shall file tariffs that establish the transition charges to be paid by each class of customers to the electric utility in conjunction with the provision of delivery services. The electric utility's tariffs shall define the classes of its customers for

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1 purposes of calculating transition charges. The electric 2 utility's tariffs shall provide for the calculation of transition charges on a customer-specific basis for any 3 4 retail customer whose average monthly maximum electrical 5 demand on the electric utility's system during the 6 months 6 with the customer's highest monthly maximum electrical 7 or exceeds 3.0 megawatts for electric demands equals utilities having more than 1,000,000 customers, and for other 8 9 electric utilities for any customer that has an average monthly maximum electrical demand on the electric utility's 10 11 system of one megawatt or more, and (A) for which there 12 exists data on the customer's usage during the 3 years preceding the date that the customer became eligible to take 13 delivery services, or (B) for which there does not exist data 14 15 on the customer's usage during the 3 years preceding the date 16 that the customer became eligible to take delivery services, if in the electric utility's reasonable judgment there exists 17 comparable usage information or a sufficient basis to develop 18 19 such information, and further provided that the electric utility can require customers for which an individual 20 21 calculation is made to sign contracts that set forth the 22 transition charges to be paid by the customer to the electric 23 utility pursuant to the tariff.

(h) An electric utility shall also be entitled to file tariffs that allow it to collect transition charges from retail customers in the electric utility's service area that do not take delivery services but that take electric power or energy from an alternative retail electric supplier or from an electric utility other than the electric utility in whose service area the customer is located. Such charges shall be calculated, in accordance with the definition of transition charges in Section 16-102, for the period of time that the customer would be obligated to pay transition charges if it were taking delivery services, except that no deduction for

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- delivery services revenues shall be made in such calculation,
- 2 and usage data from the customer's class shall be used where
- 3 historical usage data is not available for the individual
- 4 customer. The customer shall be obligated to pay such
- 5 charges on a lump sum basis on or before the date on which
- 6 the customer commences to take service from the alternative
- 7 retail electric supplier or other electric utility, provided,
- 8 that the electric utility in whose service area the customer
- 9 is located shall offer the customer the option of signing a
- 10 contract pursuant to which the customer pays such charges
- 11 ratably over the period in which the charges would otherwise
- 12 have applied.
- 13 (i) An electric utility shall be entitled to add to the
- 14 bills of delivery services customers charges pursuant to
- 15 Sections 9-221, 9-222 (except as provided in Section
- 9-222.1), and Section 16-114 of this Act, Section 5-5 of the
- 17 Electricity Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Law, Section 6-5
- 18 of the Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, and Coal
- 19 Resources Development Law of 1997, and Section 13 of the
- 20 Energy Assistance Act of-1989.
- 21 (j) If a retail customer that obtains electric power and
- 22 energy from cogeneration or self-generation facilities
- installed for its own use on or before January 1, 1997,
- 24 subsequently takes service from an alternative retail
- 25 electric supplier or an electric utility other than the
- 26 electric utility in whose service area the customer is
- located for any portion of the customer's electric power and
- 28 energy requirements formerly obtained from those facilities
- 29 (including that amount purchased from the utility in lieu of
- 30 such generation and not as standby power purchases, under a
- 31 cogeneration displacement tariff in effect as of the
- 32 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997), the
- 33 transition charges otherwise applicable pursuant to
- 34 subsections (f), (g), or (h) of this Section shall not be

- 1 applicable in any year to that portion of the customer's
- 2 electric power and energy requirements formerly obtained from
- 3 those facilities, provided, that for purposes of this
- 4 subsection (j), such portion shall not exceed the average
- 5 number of kilowatt-hours per year obtained from the
- 6 cogeneration or self-generation facilities during the 3 years
- 7 prior to the date on which the customer became eligible for
- 8 delivery services, except as provided in subsection (f) of
- 9 Section 16-110.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97; 91-50, eff. 6-30-99.)
- 11 (220 ILCS 5/16-111)
- 12 Sec. 16-111. Rates and restructuring transactions during
- 13 mandatory transition period.
- 14 (a) During the mandatory transition period,
- 15 notwithstanding any provision of Article IX of this Act, and
- except as provided in subsections (b), (d), (e), and (f) of
- 17 this Section, the Commission shall not (i) initiate,
- 18 authorize or order any change by way of increase (other than
- 19 in connection with a request for rate increase which was
- filed after September 1, 1997 but prior to October 15, 1997,
- 21 by an electric utility serving less than 12,500 customers in
- 22 this State), (ii) initiate or, unless requested by the
- 23 electric utility, authorize or order any change by way of
- 24 decrease, restructuring or unbundling (except as provided in
- 25 Section 16-109A), in the rates of any electric utility that
- were in effect on October 1, 1996, or (iii) in any order
- 27 approving any application for a merger pursuant to Section
- 7-204 that was pending as of May 16, 1997, impose any
- 29 condition requiring any filing for an increase, decrease, or
- 30 change in, or other review of, an electric utility's rates or
- 31 enforce any such condition of any such order; provided,
- 32 however, that this subsection shall not prohibit the
- 33 Commission from:

- 1 (1) approving the application of an electric 2 utility to implement an alternative to rate of return 3 regulation or a regulatory mechanism that rewards or 4 penalizes the electric utility through adjustment of 5 rates based on utility performance, pursuant to Section 6 9-244;
 - (2) authorizing an electric utility to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause and adjust its base rate tariffs in accordance with subsection (b), (d), or (f) of Section 9-220 of this Act, to fix its fuel adjustment factor in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 9-220 of this Act, or to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause in accordance with subsection (e) of Section 9-220 of this Act;
 - (3) ordering into effect tariffs for delivery services and transition charges in accordance with Sections 16-104 and 16-108, for real-time pricing in accordance with Section 16-107, or the options required by Section 16-110 and subsection (n) of 16-112, allowing a billing experiment in accordance with Section 16-106, or modifying delivery services tariffs in accordance with Section 16-109; or
 - (4) ordering or allowing into effect any tariff to recover charges pursuant to Sections 9-201.5, 9-220.1, 9-221, 9-222 (except as provided in Section 9-222.1), 16-108, and 16-114 of this Act, Section 5-5 of the Electricity Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Law, Section 6-5 of the Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, and Coal Resources Development Law of 1997, and Section 13 of the Energy Assistance Act of-1989.
- 31 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a),
 32 each Illinois electric utility serving more than 12,500
 33 customers in Illinois shall file tariffs (i) reducing,
 34 effective August 1, 1998, each component of its base rates to

1 residential retail customers by 15% from the base rates 2 effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998 and (ii) if the public utility provides electric service to (A) more than 3 500,000 customers but less than 1,000,000 customers in this 4 5 State on January 1, 1999, reducing, effective May 1, 6 each component of its base rates to residential retail 7 customers by an additional 5% from the base rates in effect 1998, or (B) at least 8 immediately prior to January 1, 9 1,000,000 customers in this State on January 1, reducing, effective October 1, 2001, each component of 10 11 base rates to residential retail customers by an additional 5% from the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 12 1, 1998. Provided, however, that (A) if an electric utility's 13 average residential retail rate is less than or equal to the 14 15 average residential retail rate for a group of Midwest 16 Utilities (consisting of all investor-owned utilities with annual system peaks in excess of 1000 17 megawatts in the States of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, 18 19 Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin), based on data Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory 20 reported on Commission for calendar year 1995, then it shall only be 2.1 22 required to file tariffs (i) reducing, effective August 1, 23 1998, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by 5% from the base rates in effect immediately 24 25 prior to January 1, 1998, (ii) reducing, effective October 1, 2000, each component of its base rates to residential retail 26 customers by the lesser of 5% of the base rates in effect 27 immediately prior to January 1, 1998 or the percentage by 28 29 which the electric utility's average residential retail rate 30 exceeds the average residential retail rate of the Midwest Utilities, based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal 31 32 Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1999, and (iii) reducing, effective October 1, 2002, each component of 33 34 its base rates to residential retail customers by an

additional amount equal to the lesser of 5% of the base rates 2 in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998 or the which the electric utility's average 3 percentage by 4 residential retail rate exceeds the average residential retail rate of the Midwest Utilities, based on data reported 5 on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for 6 7 calendar year 2001; and (B) if the average residential retail 8 rate of an electric utility serving between 150,000 and 9 250,000 retail customers in this State on January 1, 1995 is less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail 10 11 rate for the Midwest Utilities, based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for 12 calendar year 1995, then it shall only be required to file 13 reducing, effective August 1, 1998, 14 tariffs (i) 15 component of its base rates to residential retail customers 16 by 2% from the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998; (ii) reducing, effective October 1, 17 each component of its base rates to residential retail 18 19 customers by 2% from the base rate in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998; and (iii) reducing, effective 20 2.1 October 1, 2002, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by 1% from the base rates in 22 23 effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998. Provided, further, that any electric utility for which a decrease in 24 25 base rates has been or is placed into effect between October 1, 1996 and the dates specified in the preceding sentences of 26 this subsection, other than pursuant to the requirements of 27 this subsection, shall be entitled to reduce the amount of 28 any reduction or reductions in its base rates required by 29 30 this subsection by the amount of such other decrease. tariffs required under this subsection shall be filed 45 days 31 32 in advance of the effective date. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 9-220 of this Act, no restatement of 33 34 base rates in conjunction with the elimination of a fuel

- 1 adjustment clause under that Section shall result in a lesser
- 2 decrease in base rates than customers would otherwise receive
- 3 under this subsection had the electric utility's fuel
- 4 adjustment clause not been eliminated.
- 5 (c) Any utility reducing its base rates by 15% on August
- 6 1, 1998 pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the
- 7 following statement on its bills for residential customers
- 8 from August 1 through December 31, 1998: "Effective August 1,
- 9 1998, your rates have been reduced by 15% by the Electric
- 10 Service Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by
- 11 the Illinois General Assembly.". Any utility reducing its
- 12 base rates by 5% on August 1, 1998, pursuant to subsection
- 13 (b) shall include the following statement on its bills for
- 14 residential customers from August 1 through December 31,
- 15 1998: "Effective August 1, 1998, your rates have been
- 16 reduced by 5% by the Electric Service Customer Choice and
- 17 Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by the Illinois General
- 18 Assembly.".
- Any utility reducing its base rates by 2% on August 1,
- 20 1998 pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the following
- 21 statement on its bills for residential customers from August
- 1 through December 31, 1998: "Effective August 1, 1998, your
- 23 rates have been reduced by 2% by the Electric Service
- 24 Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by the
- 25 Illinois General Assembly.".
- 26 (d) During the mandatory transition period, but not
- 27 before January 1, 2000, and notwithstanding the provisions
- of subsection (a), an electric utility may request an
- 29 increase in its base rates if the electric utility
- 30 demonstrates that the 2-year average of its earned rate of
- 31 return on common equity, calculated as its net income
- 32 applicable to common stock divided by the average of its
- 33 beginning and ending balances of common equity using data
- 34 reported in the electric utility's Form 1 report to the

1 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission but adjusted to remove 2 the effects of accelerated depreciation or amortization or other transition or mitigation measures implemented by the 3 4 electric utility pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section 5 and the effect of any refund paid pursuant to subsection (e) 6 of this Section, is below the 2-year average for the same 2 7 years of the monthly average yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds published by the Board of Governors of the Federal 8 9 Reserve System in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release successor publication. The Commission shall review the 10 11 electric utility's request, and may review the justness and reasonableness of all rates for tariffed services, 12 in accordance with the provisions of Article IX of 13 this Act, provided that the Commission shall consider any special or 14 15 negotiated adjustments to the revenue requirement agreed 16 between the electric utility and the other parties to the In setting rates under this Section, 17 proceeding. 18 Commission shall exclude the costs and revenues that are 19 associated with competitive services and any billing or pricing experiments conducted under Section 16-106. 20 2.1

(e) For the purposes of this subsection (e) all calculations and comparisons shall be performed for the Illinois operations of multijurisdictional utilities. mandatory transition period, notwithstanding provisions of subsection (a), if the 2-year average of electric utility's earned rate of return on common equity, calculated as its net income applicable to common stock divided by the average of its beginning and ending balances of common equity using data reported in the utility's Form 1 report to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission but adjusted to remove the effect of any refund paid under this subsection (e), and further adjusted to include the annual amortization of any difference between the consideration received by an affiliated interest of the

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1 electric utility in the sale of an asset which had been sold 2 or transferred by the electric utility to the affiliated interest subsequent to the effective date of this amendatory 3 4 Act of 1997 and the consideration for which such asset had 5 been sold or transferred to the affiliated interest, with such difference to be amortized ratably from the date of the 6 7 sale by the affiliated interest to December 31, 2006, exceeds 2-year average of the Index for the same 2 years by 1.5 8 9 or more percentage points, the electric utility shall make refunds to customers beginning the first billing day of April 10 11 in the following year in the manner described in paragraph (3) of this subsection. For purposes of this subsection (e), 12 the "Index" shall be the sum of (A) the average for the 12 13 months ended September 30 of the monthly average yields of 14 Treasury bonds published by the Board of 15 30-year U.S. 16 Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release or successor publication for each year 17 1998 through 2004, and (B) (i) 4.00 percentage points for 18 19 each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, through September 30, 1999 or 8.00 percentage points if the 20 21 electric utility's average residential retail rate is less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate 22 23 for the "Midwest Utilities", as that term is defined in this Section, based on data reported on 24 subsection (b) of 25 Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, and the electric utility served between 26 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers on January 1, 1995, (ii) 27 7.00 percentage points for each of the 12-month periods 28 ending September 30, 2000 through September 30, 2004 if the 29 30 electric utility was providing service to at least 1,000,000 31 customers in this State on January 1, 1999, or 9.00 32 percentage points if the electric utility's average 33 residential retail rate is less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", 34

1 as that term is defined in subsection (b) of this Section, 2 based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995 and the electric 3 utility served between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers 4 5 in this State on January 1, 1995, (iii) 11.00 percentage points for each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, 6 2000 through September 30, 2004, but only if the electric 7 utility's average residential retail rate is less than or 8 9 equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for "Midwest Utilities", as that term is defined in subsection 10 11 (b) of this Section, based on data reported on Form 1 to the 12 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, the electric utility served between 150,000 and 250,000 13 retail customers in this State on January 1, 1995, and the 14 15 electric utility offers delivery services on or before June 16 2000 to retail customers whose annual electric energy use comprises 33% of the kilowatt hour sales to that group of 17 retail customers that are classified under Division D, Groups 18 19 20 through 39 of the Standard Industrial Classifications set forth in the Standard Industrial Classification 20 Manual 21 published by the United States Office of Management and 22 Budget, excluding the kilowatt hour sales to those customers 23 that are eligible for delivery services pursuant to Section 16-104(a)(1)(i), and offers delivery 24 services its 25 remaining retail customers classified under Division D, Groups 20 through 39 on or before October 1, 2000, and, 26 provided further, that the electric utility commits not 27 petition pursuant to Section 16-108(f) for entry of an order 28 29 by the Commission authorizing the electric utility 30 implement transition charges for an additional period after December 31, 2006, or (iv) 5.00 percentage points for each of 31 32 the 12-month periods ending September 30, 2000 through September 30, 2004 for all other electric utilities or 7.00 33 percentage points for such utilities for each of the 12-month 34

periods ending September 30, 2000 through September 30, 2004 for any such utility that commits not to petition pursuant to Section 16-108(f) for entry of an order by the Commission authorizing the electric utility to implement transition

charges for an additional period after December 31, 2006.

- (1) For purposes of this subsection (e), "excess earnings" means the difference between (A) the 2-year average of the electric utility's earned rate of return on common equity, less (B) the 2-year average of the sum of (i) the Index applicable to each of the 2 years and (ii) 1.5 percentage points; provided, that "excess earnings" shall never be less than zero.
 - (2) On or before March 31 of each year 2000 through 2005 each electric utility shall file a report with the Commission showing its earned rate of return on common equity, calculated in accordance with this subsection, for the preceding calendar year and the average for the preceding 2 calendar years.
 - (3) If an electric utility has excess earnings, determined in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the refunds which the electric utility shall pay to its customers beginning the first billing day of April in the following year shall be calculated and applied as follows:
 - (i) The electric utility's excess earnings shall be multiplied by the average of the beginning and ending balances of the electric utility's common equity for the 2-year period in which excess earnings occurred.
 - (ii) The result of the calculation in (i) shall be multiplied by 0.50 and then divided by a number equal to 1 minus the electric utility's composite federal and State income tax rate.
- 34 (iii) The result of the calculation in (ii)

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1 shall be divided by the sum of the electric utility's projected total kilowatt-hour sales to 2 retail customers plus projected kilowatt-hours to be 3 4 delivered to delivery services customers over a one year period beginning with the first billing date in April in the succeeding year to determine a cents 6 7 per kilowatt-hour refund factor.

- (iv) The cents per kilowatt-hour refund factor calculated in (iii) shall be credited to the electric utility's customers by applying the factor the customer's monthly bills to on each kilowatt-hour sold or delivered until the total amount calculated in (ii) has been paid to customers.
- During the mandatory transition period, an electric utility may file revised tariffs reducing the price of any tariffed service offered by the electric utility for all customers taking that tariffed service, which shall be effective 7 days after filing.
- (g) During the mandatory transition period, an electric utility may, without obtaining any approval of the Commission other than that provided for in this subsection and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any rule or regulation of the Commission that would require approval:
 - (1) implement a reorganization, other than a merger of 2 or more public utilities as defined in Section 3-105 or their holding companies;
 - retire generating plants from service;
- 30 (3) sell, assign, lease or otherwise transfer assets to an affiliated or unaffiliated entity and as 31 part of such transaction enter into service agreements, 32 power purchase agreements, or other agreements with the 33 transferee; provided, however, that the prices, terms and 34

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conditions of any power purchase agreement must be approved or allowed into effect by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; or

(4) use any accelerated cost recovery method including accelerated depreciation, accelerated amortization or other capital recovery methods, or record reductions to the original cost of its assets.

In order to implement a reorganization, retire generating plants from service, or sell, assign, lease or otherwise transfer assets pursuant to this Section, the electric utility shall comply with subsections (c) and (d) of Section 16-128, if applicable, and subsection (k) of this Section, if applicable, and provide the Commission with at least 30 days notice of the proposed reorganization or transaction, which notice shall include the following information:

- (i) a complete statement of the entries that the electric utility will make on its books and records of account to implement the proposed reorganization or transaction together with a certification from an independent certified public accountant that such entries are in accord with generally accepted accounting principles and, if the Commission has previously approved guidelines allocations between the utility and cost its a certification from the chief affiliates, accounting officer of the utility that such entries are in accord with those cost allocation guidelines;
- (ii) a description of how the electric utility will use proceeds of any sale, assignment, lease or transfer to retire debt or otherwise reduce or recover the costs of services provided by such electric utility;
- (iii) a list of all federal approvals or approvals required from departments and agencies of

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this State, other than the Commission, that the electric utility has or will obtain before implementing the reorganization or transaction;

(iv) an irrevocable commitment by the electric utility that it will not, as a result of the transaction, impose any stranded cost charges that it might otherwise be allowed to charge retail customers under federal law or increase the transition charges that it is otherwise entitled to collect under this Article XVI; and

(v) if the electric utility proposes to sell, assign, lease or otherwise transfer a generating plant that brings the amount of net dependable generating capacity transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 15% of the electric utility's net dependable capacity as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, and enters into a power purchase agreement with the entity to which such generating plant is sold, assigned, leased, or otherwise transferred, the electric utility also agrees, if its fuel adjustment clause has not already been eliminated, to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause accordance with subsection (b) of Section 9-220 for a period of time equal to the length of any such power purchase agreement or successor agreement, or until January 1, 2005, whichever is longer; if the capacity of the generating plant so transferred and related power purchase agreement does not result in the elimination of the fuel adjustment clause under this subsection, and the fuel adjustment clause has not already been eliminated, the electric utility shall agree that the costs associated with the transferred plant that are included in the

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calculation of the rate per kilowatt-hour to be applied pursuant to the electric utility's fuel adjustment clause during such period shall not exceed the per kilowatt-hour cost associated with such generating plant included in the electric utility's fuel adjustment clause during the full calendar year preceding the transfer, with such limit to be adjusted each year thereafter by the Gross Domestic Product Implicit Price Deflator.

(vi) In addition, if the electric utility proposes to sell, assign, or lease, (A) either (1) an amount of generating plant that brings the amount of net dependable generating capacity transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 15% of its net dependable capacity on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, or (2) one or more generating plants with a total net dependable capacity of 1100 megawatts, or (B) transmission and distribution facilities that either amount of transmission (1)bring the and distribution facilities transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 15% of the electric utility's total depreciated original cost investment in such facilities, or (2) represent an investment of \$25,000,000 in terms of total depreciated original cost, the electric utility shall provide, in addition to the information listed in subparagraphs (i) through (v), the following information: (A) a description of how the electric utility will meet its service obligations under this Act in a safe and reliable manner and (B) the electric utility's projected earned rate of return on common equity, calculated in accordance with subsection (d) of this Section, for each year from

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the date of the notice through December 31, 2004 both with and without the proposed transaction. the Commission has not issued an order initiating a hearing on the proposed transaction within 30 days after the date the electric utility's notice is filed, the transaction shall be deemed approved. Commission may, after notice and hearing, prohibit the proposed transaction if it makes either or both of the following findings: (1) that the proposed transaction will render the electric utility unable to provide its tariffed services in a safe and reliable manner, or (2) that there is a strong likelihood that consummation of the proposed transaction will result in the electric utility being entitled to request an increase in its base rates during the mandatory transition pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section. Any hearing initiated by the Commission into t.he proposed transaction shall be completed, and the Commission's final order approving or prohibiting the proposed transaction shall be entered, within 90 days after the date the electric utility's notice was filed. Provided, however, that assignment, or lease of transmission facilities to an independent system operator that meets requirements of Section 16-126 shall not be subject to Commission approval under this Section.

In any proceeding conducted by the Commission pursuant to this subparagraph (vi), intervention shall be limited to parties with a direct interest in the transaction which is the subject of the hearing and any statutory consumer protection agency as defined in subsection (d) of Section 9-102.1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 10-113 of

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this Act, any application seeking rehearing of an order issued under this subparagraph (vi), whether filed by the electric utility or by an intervening party, shall be filed within 10 days after service of the order.

The Commission shall not in any subsequent proceeding or otherwise, review such a reorganization or other transaction authorized by this Section, but shall retain the authority to allocate costs as stated in Section 16-111(i). An entity to which an electric utility sells, assigns, leases or transfers assets pursuant to this subsection (g) shall not, as a result of the transactions specified in this subsection (g), be deemed a public utility as defined in Section 3-105. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall change any requirement under the jurisdiction of the Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety including, but not limited to, the payment of fees. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall exempt a utility from obtaining a certificate pursuant to Section 8-406 of this Act for the construction of a new electric generating facility. Nothing in this subsection (g) is intended to exempt the transactions hereunder from the operation of the federal or State antitrust laws. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall require an electric utility to use the procedures specified in this subsection for any of the transactions specified herein. Any other procedure available under this Act may, at the electric utility's election, be used for any such transaction.

(h) During the mandatory transition period, the Commission shall not establish or use any rates of depreciation, which for purposes of this subsection shall include amortization, for any electric utility other than those established pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 5-104 of this Act or utilized pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section. Provided, however, that in any proceeding to review an electric utility's rates for tariffed services pursuant to

Section 9-201, 9-202, 9-250 or 16-111(d) of this Act, the 1 2 Commission may establish new rates of depreciation for the electric utility in the same manner provided in subsection 3 4 (d) of Section 5-104 of this Act. An electric utility 5 implementing an accelerated cost recovery method including б accelerated depreciation, accelerated amortization or other 7 capital recovery methods, or recording reductions to the original cost of its assets, pursuant to subsection 8 9 Section, shall file a statement with the Commission describing the accelerated cost recovery method to 10 11 implemented or the reduction in the original cost of its assets to be recorded. Upon the filing of such statement, 12 the accelerated cost recovery method or the reduction in the 13 original cost of assets shall be deemed to be approved by the 14 15 Commission as though an order had been entered by 16 Commission.

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(i) Subsequent to the mandatory transition period, the Commission, in any proceeding to establish rates and charges for tariffed services offered by an electric utility, shall consider only (1) the then current or projected revenues, costs, investments and cost of capital directly or indirectly associated with the provision of such tariffed services; (2) collection of transition charges in accordance with Sections 16-102 and 16-108 of this Act; (3) recovery of any employee transition costs as described in Section 16-128 which the electric utility is continuing to incur, including recovery of any unamortized portion of such costs previously incurred or committed, with such costs to be equitably allocated among bundled services, delivery services, and contracts with alternative retail electric suppliers; and (4) recovery of the costs associated with the electric utility's compliance with decommissioning funding requirements; and shall not consider any other revenues, costs, investments or cost of capital of either the electric utility or of any affiliate of

1 the electric utility that are not associated with the 2 provision of tariffed services. In setting rates for tariffed services, the Commission shall equitably allocate 3 4 joint and common costs and investments between the electric utility's competitive and tariffed services. In determining 5 6 the justness and reasonableness of the electric power and 7 energy component of an electric utility's rates for tariffed 8 services subsequent to the mandatory transition period and 9 prior to the time that the provision of such electric power and energy is declared competitive, the Commission shall 10 11 consider the extent to which the electric utility's tariffed rates for such component for each customer class exceed the 12 market value determined pursuant to Section 16-112, and, 13 the electric power and energy component of such tariffed rate 14 15 exceeds the market value by more than 10% for any customer 16 class, may establish such electric power and energy component at a rate equal to the market value plus 10%. In any such 17 case, the Commission may also elect to extend the provisions 18 19 of Section 16-111(e) for any period in which the electric utility is collecting transition charges, using information 20 21 applicable to such period.

(j) During the mandatory transition period, an electric utility may elect to transfer to a non-operating income account under the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts either or both of (i) an amount of unamortized investment tax credit that is in addition to the ratable amount which is credited to the electric utility's operating income account for the year in accordance with Section 46(f)(2) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect prior to P.L. 101-508, or (ii) "excess tax reserves", as that term is defined in Section 203(e)(2)(A) of the federal Tax Reform Act of 1986, provided that (A) the amount transferred may not exceed the amount of the electric utility's assets that were created pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting

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1 Standards No. 71 which the electric utility has written off 2 during the mandatory transition period, and (B) the transfer shall not be effective until approved by the Internal Revenue 3 4 Service. An electric utility electing to make such a 5 transfer shall file a statement with the Commission stating 6 the amount and timing of the transfer for which it intends to 7 request approval of the Internal Revenue Service, along with 8 a copy of its proposed request to the Internal Revenue 9 Service for a ruling. The Commission shall issue an order within 14 days after the electric utility's filing approving, 10 11 subject to receipt of approval from the Internal Revenue Service, the proposed transfer. 12

If an electric utility is selling or transferring to 13 a single buyer 5 or more generating plants located in 14 State with a total net dependable capacity of 5000 megawatts 15 16 or more pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section and has obtained a sale price or consideration that exceeds 200% of 17 18 the book value of such plants, the electric utility must 19 provide to the Governor, the President of the Illinois Senate, the Minority Leader of the Illinois Senate, the 20 21 Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the Illinois House of Representatives no 22 23 later than 15 days after filing its notice under subsection (g) of this Section or 5 days after the date on which this 24 25 subsection (k) becomes law, whichever is later, a written commitment in which such electric utility agrees to expend \$2 26 billion outside the corporate limits of any municipality with 27 1,000,000 or more inhabitants within such electric utility's 28 29 service area, over a 6-year period beginning with the 30 calendar year in which the notice is filed, on projects, programs, and improvements within its service area relating 31 32 transmission and distribution including, t.o without. limitation, infrastructure expansion, repair and replacement, 33 34 capital investments, operations and maintenance, and

- 1 vegetation management.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97; 90-563, eff. 12-16-97;
- 3 91-50, eff. 6-30-99.)
- 4 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 5 becoming law.

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2	Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	305 ILCS 20/1 from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1401
4	305 ILCS 20/2 from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1402
5	305 ILCS 20/4 from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1404
6	305 ILCS 20/5 from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1405
7	305 ILCS 20/6 from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1406
8	305 ILCS 20/7 from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 1407
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10	305 ILCS 20/13
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12	305 ILCS 20/9 rep.
13	305 ILCS 20/12 rep.
14	305 ILCS 20/14 rep.
15	20 ILCS 687/6-5
16	220 ILCS 5/8-207 from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-207
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