- AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2081 1
- 2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 2081, AS AMENDED,
- 3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
- following: 4

15

16

- 5 "Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by
- changing Sections 9-220, 16-102, and 16-111 and adding 6
- 7 Section 16-111.3 as follows:
- (220 ILCS 5/9-220) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 9-220) 8
- 9 Sec. 9-220. Rate changes based on changes in fuel costs.
- 10 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 9-201, the
- Commission may authorize the increase or decrease of rates 11
- and charges based upon changes in the cost of fuel used in 12
- the generation or production of electric power, changes in 13
- the cost of purchased power, or changes in the cost of
- purchased gas through the application of fuel adjustment

clauses or purchased gas adjustment clauses. The Commission

- 17 may also authorize the increase or decrease of rates and
- charges based upon expenditures or revenues resulting from 18
- 19 the purchase or sale of emission allowances created under the
- federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, through such fuel 20
- 21 adjustment clauses, as a cost of fuel. For the purposes of
- 22 this paragraph, cost of fuel used in the generation or

1 production of electric power shall include the amount of 2 fees paid by the utility for the implementation and operation of a process for the desulfurization of the flue gas when 3 4 burning high sulfur coal at any location within the State of 5 Illinois irrespective of the attainment status designation of 6 location; but shall not include transportation costs of 7 coal (i) except to the extent that for contracts entered into on and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 8 9 1997, the cost of the coal, including transportation costs, constitutes the lowest cost for adequate and reliable fuel 10 11 supply reasonably available to the public utility in 12 comparison to the cost, including transportation costs, other adequate and reliable sources of fuel supply reasonably 13 available to the public utility, or (ii) except as otherwise 14 provided in the next 3 sentences of this paragraph. 15 16 costs of fuel shall, when requested by a utility or at the conclusion of the utility's next general electric rate 17 proceeding, whichever shall first 18 occur, include transportation costs of coal purchased under existing coal 19 20 purchase contracts. For purposes of this paragraph "existing 2.1 coal purchase contracts" means contracts for the purchase of 22 effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act 23 of 1991, as such contracts may thereafter be amended, only to the extent that any such amendment does not increase 24 25 the aggregate quantity of coal to be purchased under such contract. Nothing herein shall authorize an electric utility 26 to recover through its fuel adjustment clause any amounts 27 transportation costs of coal that were included in the 28 29 revenue requirement used to set base rates in its most recent 30 general rate proceeding. Cost shall be based upon uniformly applied accounting principles. Annually, the Commission shall 31 32 initiate public hearings to determine whether the clauses 33 reflect actual costs of fuel, gas, power, coal or 34 transportation purchased to determine whether such purchases

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

1 were prudent, and to reconcile any amounts collected with the 2 actual costs of fuel, power, gas, or coal transportation prudently purchased. In each such proceeding, the burden of 3 4 proof shall be upon the utility to establish the prudence of 5 cost of fuel, power, gas, or coal transportation purchases and costs. The Commission shall issue its final 6 7 order in each such annual proceeding for an electric utility 8 by December 31 of the year immediately following the year to 9 which the proceeding pertains, provided, that the Commission shall issue its final order with respect to such annual 10 11 proceeding for the years 1996 and earlier by December 31, 1998. 12

A public utility providing electric service, other than a public utility described in subsections (e) or (f) of this Section, may at any time during the mandatory transition period file with the Commission proposed tariff sheets that eliminate the public utility's fuel adjustment clause and adjust the public utility's base rate tariffs by the amount necessary for the base fuel component of the base rates to recover the public utility's average fuel and power supply costs per kilowatt-hour for the 2 most recent years for which the Commission has issued final orders in annual proceedings pursuant to subsection (a), where the average fuel and power supply costs per kilowatt-hour shall be calculated as the sum of the public utility's prudent and allowable fuel and power supply costs as found by the Commission in the 2 proceedings the public utility's actual jurisdictional divided by kilowatt-hour sales for those 2 years. Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, the Commission shall review and shall by order approve, or approve as modified, the proposed tariff sheets within 60 days after the date of the

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

1 public utility's filing. The Commission may modify the 2 public utility's proposed tariff sheets only to the extent the Commission finds necessary to achieve conformance to the 3 4 requirements of this subsection (b). During the 5 following the date of the Commission's order, but in any 6 event no earlier than January 1, 2007 2005, a public utility 7 whose fuel adjustment clause has been eliminated pursuant to file proposed tariff 8 this subsection shall not 9 seeking, otherwise petition the Commission for, or reinstatement of a fuel adjustment clause. 10

(c) Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, a public utility providing electric service, other than a public utility described in subsection (e) or (f) of this Section, may at any time during the mandatory transition period file with the Commission proposed tariff sheets that establish the rate per kilowatt-hour to be applied pursuant to the public utility's fuel adjustment clause at the average value for such rate during the preceding 24 months, provided that such average rate results in a credit to customers' bills, without making any revisions to the public utility's base rate tariffs. The proposed tariff sheets establish the fuel adjustment rate for a specific time period of at least 3 years but not more than 5 years, provided that the terms and conditions for any reinstatement earlier than 5 years shall be set forth in the proposed tariff sheets and subject to modification or approval by the Commission. The Commission shall review and shall by order approve proposed tariff sheets if it finds that the requirements of this subsection are met. The Commission shall not conduct the annual hearings specified in the last 3 sentences of subsection (a) of this Section for the utility for the period that the factor established pursuant to this subsection is in
effect.

A public utility providing electric service, or a 3 4 public utility providing gas service may file with the 5 Commission proposed tariff sheets that eliminate the public 6 utility's fuel or purchased gas adjustment clause and adjust 7 the public utility's base rate tariffs to provide for 8 recovery of power supply costs or gas supply costs that would 9 have been recovered through such clause; provided, that the provisions of this subsection (d) shall not be available to a 10 11 public utility described in subsections (e) or (f) of this 12 Section to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause. Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in 13 Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section, 14 or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission 15 16 pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, the Commission shall review and shall by order approve, or approve as 17 modified in the Commission's order, the proposed tariff 18 19 sheets within 240 days after the date of the public utility's filing. The Commission's order shall approve rates and 20 charges that the Commission, based on information in the 21 22 public utility's filing or on the record if a hearing is held 23 by the Commission, finds will recover the reasonable, prudent and necessary jurisdictional power supply costs or gas supply 24 25 costs incurred or to be incurred by the public utility during a 12 month period found by the Commission to be appropriate 26 27 for these purposes, provided, that such period shall be either (i) a 12 month historical period occurring during the 28 months ending on the date of the public utility's filing, 29 30 or (ii) a 12 month future period ending no later than 15 months following the date of the public utility's filing. 31 32 The public utility shall include with its tariff filing information showing both (1) its actual jurisdictional power 33 supply costs or gas supply costs for a 12 month historical 34

1 period conforming to (i) above and (2) its projected 2 jurisdictional power supply costs or gas supply costs for a future 12 month period conforming to (ii) above. If the 3 4 Commission's order requires modifications in the tariff sheets filed by the public utility, the public utility shall 5 6 have 7 days following the date of the order to notify the 7 Commission whether the public utility will implement the modified tariffs or elect to continue its fuel or purchased 8 9 gas adjustment clause in force as though no order had been entered. The Commission's order shall provide for any 10 11 reconciliation of power supply costs or gas supply costs, as the case may be, and associated revenues through the date 12 that the public utility's fuel or purchased gas adjustment 13 clause is eliminated. During the 5 years following the date 14 of the Commission's order, a public utility whose fuel or 15 16 purchased gas adjustment clause has been eliminated pursuant to this subsection shall not file proposed tariff sheets 17 seeking, or otherwise petition the Commission 18 for. or adoption of a fuel or purchased gas 19 reinstatement adjustment clause. Nothing in this subsection (d) shall be 20 21 construed as limiting the Commission's authority to eliminate a public utility's fuel adjustment clause or purchased gas 22 23 adjustment clause in accordance with any other applicable provisions of this Act. 24 25

(e) Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section, or in any rules promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, a public utility providing electric service to more than 1,000,000 customers in this State may, within the first 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, file with the Commission proposed tariff sheets that eliminate, effective January 1, 1997, the public utility's fuel adjustment clause without adjusting its base rates, and

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

1 such tariff sheets shall be effective upon filing. To the 2 extent the application of the fuel adjustment clause had resulted in net charges to customers after January 1, 1997, 3 4 the utility shall also file a tariff sheet that provides for a refund stated on a per kilowatt-hour basis of such charges 5 6 over a period not to exceed 6 months; provided however, that 7 such refund shall not include the proportional amounts of 8 taxes paid under the Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax Act, Service Occupation Tax Act, and Retailers' Occupation Tax Act 9 on fuel used in generation. The Commission shall issue an 10 11 order within 45 days after the date of the public utility's filing approving or approving as modified such tariff sheet. 12 If the fuel adjustment clause is eliminated pursuant to this 13 subsection, the Commission shall not conduct the annual 14 hearings specified in the last 3 sentences of subsection (a) 15 16 of this Section for the utility for any period after December 31, 1996 and prior to any 17 reinstatement of such clause. A public utility whose fuel adjustment clause has 18 19 been eliminated pursuant to this subsection shall not file a proposed tariff sheet seeking, or otherwise 20 petition the 2.1 Commission for, reinstatement of the fuel adjustment clause 22 prior to January 1, 2007 2005. 23

(f) Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section, or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, a public utility providing electric service to more than 500,000 customers but fewer than 1,000,000 customers in this State may, within the first 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, file with the Commission proposed tariff sheets that eliminate, effective January 1, 1997, the public utility's fuel adjustment clause and adjust its base rates by the amount necessary for the base fuel component of the base rates to recover 91% of the public

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

1 utility's average fuel and power supply costs for the 2 most 2 recent years for which the Commission, as of January 1, 1997, has issued final orders in annual proceedings pursuant to 3 4 subsection (a), where the average fuel and power supply costs per kilowatt-hour shall be calculated as the sum of the 5 public utility's prudent and allowable fuel and power supply 6 7 costs as found by the Commission in the 2 proceedings divided by the public utility's actual jurisdictional kilowatt-hour 8 9 sales for those 2 years, provided, that such tariff sheets shall be effective upon filing. 10 To the extent 11 application of the fuel adjustment clause had resulted in net charges to customers after January 1, 1997, the utility shall 12 also file a tariff sheet that provides for a refund stated on 13 a per kilowatt-hour basis of such charges over a period not 14 to exceed 6 months. Provided however, that such refund shall 15 16 not include the proportional amounts of taxes paid under the Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax Act, Service Occupation Tax Act, 17 and Retailers' Occupation Tax Act on fuel used in generation. 18 19 The Commission shall issue an order within 45 days after the date of the public utility's filing approving or approving as 20 21 modified such tariff sheet. If the fuel adjustment clause is 22 eliminated pursuant to this subsection, the Commission shall 23 not conduct the annual hearings specified in the last 3 sentences of subsection (a) of this Section for the utility 24 25 for any period after December 31, 1996 and prior to any reinstatement of such clause. A public utility whose fuel 26 27 adjustment clause has been eliminated pursuant to subsection shall not file a proposed tariff sheet seeking, or 28 29 otherwise petition the Commission for, reinstatement of the 30 fuel adjustment clause prior to January 1, 2007 2005.

31 (g) The Commission shall have authority to promulgate 32 rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this 33 Section.

34 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97.)

1 (220 ILCS 5/16-102)

Sec. 16-102. Definitions. For the purposes of this

Article the following terms shall be defined as set forth in
this Section.

5 "Alternative retail electric supplier" means every 6 cooperative, corporation, municipal corporation, 7 company, association, joint stock company or association, 8 partnership, individual, or other entity, 9 lessees, trustees, or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, that offers electric power or energy for sale, 10 11 lease or in exchange for other value received to one or more retail customers, or that engages in the delivery or 12 furnishing of electric power or energy to such retail 13 customers, and shall include, without limitation, resellers, 14 15 aggregators and power marketers, but shall not include (i) 16 electric utilities (or any agent of the electric utility to the extent the electric utility provides tariffed services to 17 retail customers through that agent), (ii) any electric 18 19 cooperative or municipal system as defined in Section 17-100 to the extent that the electric cooperative or municipal 20 21 system is serving retail customers within any area in which 22 it is or would be entitled to provide service under the 23 in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, (iii) a public utility that is owned 24 25 and operated by any public institution of higher education of this State, or a public utility that is owned by such public 26 institution of higher education and operated by any of its 27 lessees or operating agents, within any area in which it is 28 or would be entitled to provide service under the law in 29 30 effect immediately prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, (iv) a retail customer to the extent 31 32 that customer obtains its electric power and energy from that customer's own cogeneration or self-generation facilities, 33 34 (v) an entity that owns, operates, sells, or arranges for the

1 installation of a customer's own cogeneration 2 self-generation facilities, but only to the extent the entity owning, selling or arranging for the 3 engaged in 4 installation of such facility, or operating the facility on 5 behalf of such customer, provided however that any such third party owner or operator of a facility built after January 1, 6 7 1999, complies with the labor provisions of Section 16-128(a) 8 as though such third party were an alternative retail 9 electric supplier, or (vi) an industrial or manufacturing customer that owns its own distribution facilities, to the 10 11 extent that the customer provides service from t.hat. distribution system to a third-party contractor located on 12 the customer's premises that is integrally and predominantly 13 the customer's industrial or manufacturing 14 in 15 process; provided, that if the industrial or manufacturing 16 customer has elected delivery services, the customer shall pay transition charges applicable to the electric power and 17 energy consumed by the third-party contractor unless such 18 19 charges are otherwise paid by the third party contractor, which shall be calculated based on the usage of, and the base 20 2.1 rates or the contract rates applicable to, the third-party contractor in accordance with Section 16-102. 22 23

"Base rates" means the rates for those tariffed services that the electric utility is required to offer pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 16-103 and that were identified in a rate order for collection of the electric utility's base rate revenue requirement, excluding (i) separate automatic rate adjustment riders then in effect, (ii) special or negotiated contract rates, (iii) delivery services tariffs filed pursuant to Section 16-108, (iv) real-time pricing, or (v) tariffs that were in effect prior to October 1, 1996 and that based charges for services on an index or average of other utilities' charges, but including (vi) any subsequent redesign of such rates for tariffed services that is

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

1 authorized by the Commission after notice and hearing.

2

3

4

5

6

7

12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

delivery services.

"Competitive service" includes (i) any service that has been declared to be competitive pursuant to Section 16-113 of this Act, (ii) contract service, and (iii) services, other than tariffed services, that are related to, but not necessary for, the provision of electric power and energy or

8 "Contract service" means (1) services, including the 9 provision of electric power and energy or other services, 10 that are provided by mutual agreement between an electric 11 utility and a retail customer that is located in the electric

utility's service area, provided that, delivery services shall not be a contract service until such services are

declared competitive pursuant to Section 16-113; and also

means (2) the provision of electric power and energy by an

electric utility to retail customers outside the electric

utility's service area pursuant to Section 16-116. Provided,

18 however, contract service does not include electric utility

services provided pursuant to (i) contracts that retail

customers are required to execute as a condition of receiving

tariffed services, or (ii) special or negotiated rate

contracts for electric utility services that were entered

into between an electric utility and a retail customer prior

to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 and

25 filed with the Commission.

"Delivery services" means those services provided by the electric utility that are necessary in order for the transmission and distribution systems to function so that retail customers located in the electric utility's service area can receive electric power and energy from suppliers other than the electric utility, and shall include, without limitation, standard metering and billing services.

33 "Electric utility" means a public utility, as defined in 34 Section 3-105 of this Act, that has a franchise, license,

- 1 permit or right to furnish or sell electricity to retail
- 2 customers within a service area.
- 3 "Mandatory transition period" means the period from the
- 4 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 through January
- 5 1, <u>2007</u> 2005.
- 6 "Municipal system" shall have the meaning set forth in
- 7 Section 17-100.
- 8 "Real-time pricing" means charges for delivered electric
- 9 power and energy that vary on an hour-to-hour basis for
- 10 nonresidential retail customers and that vary on a periodic
- 11 basis during the day for residential retail customers.
- 12 "Retail customer" means a single entity using electric
- power or energy at a single premises and that (A) either (i)
- 14 is receiving or is eligible to receive tariffed services from
- an electric utility, or (ii) that is served by a municipal
- 16 system or electric cooperative within any area in which the
- 17 municipal system or electric cooperative is or would be
- 18 entitled to provide service under the law in effect
- 19 immediately prior to the effective date of this amendatory
- 20 Act of 1997, or (B) an entity which on the effective date of
- 21 this Act was receiving electric service from a public utility
- 22 and (i) was engaged in the practice of resale and
- 23 redistribution of such electricity within a building prior to
- January 2, 1957, or (ii) was providing lighting services to
- 25 tenants in a multi-occupancy building, but only to the extent
- 26 such resale, redistribution or lighting service is authorized
- 27 by the electric utility's tariffs that were on file with the
- 28 Commission on the effective date of this Act.
- "Service area" means (i) the geographic area within which
- 30 an electric utility was lawfully entitled to provide electric
- 31 power and energy to retail customers as of the effective date
- 32 of this amendatory Act of 1997, and includes (ii) the
- 33 location of any retail customer to which the electric utility
- 34 was lawfully providing electric utility services on such

1 effective date.

2 "Small commercial retail customer" means those

3 nonresidential retail customers of an electric utility

4 consuming 15,000 kilowatt-hours or less of electricity

5 annually in its service area.

6 "Tariffed service" means services provided to retail

7 customers by an electric utility as defined by its rates on

8 file with the Commission pursuant to the provisions of

Article IX of this Act, but shall not include competitive

10 services.

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

"Transition charge" means a charge expressed in cents per kilowatt-hour that is calculated for a customer or class of customers as follows for each year in which an electric utility is entitled to recover transition charges as provided in Section 16-108:

(1) the amount of revenue that an electric utility would receive from the retail customer or customers if it were serving such customers' electric power and energy requirements as a tariffed service based on (A) all of the customers' actual usage during the 3 years ending 90 days prior to the date on which such customers were first eligible for delivery services pursuant to 16-104, and (B) on (i) the base rates in effect on October 1, 1996 (adjusted for the reductions required by subsection (b) of Section 16-111, for any reduction resulting from a rate decrease under Section 16-101(b), for any restatement of base rates made in conjunction with an elimination of the fuel adjustment pursuant to subsection (b), (d), or (f) of Section 9-220 and for any removal of decommissioning costs from base rates pursuant to Section 16-114) and any separate automatic rate adjustment riders (other than a decommissioning rate as defined in Section 16-114) under which the customers were receiving or, had they been

customers, would have received electric power and energy from the electric utility during the year immediately preceding the date on which such customers were first eligible for delivery service pursuant to Section 16-104, or (ii) to the extent applicable, any contract rates, including contracts or rates for consolidated or aggregated billing, under which such customers were receiving electric power and energy from the electric utility during such year;

- (2) less the amount of revenue, other than revenue from transition charges and decommissioning rates, that the electric utility would receive from such retail customers for delivery services provided by the electric utility, assuming such customers were taking delivery services for all of their usage, based on the delivery services tariffs in effect during the year for which the transition charge is being calculated and on the usage identified in paragraph (1);
- (3) less the market value for the electric power and energy that the electric utility would have used to supply all of such customers' electric power and energy requirements, as a tariffed service, based on the usage identified in paragraph (1), with such market value determined in accordance with Section 16-112 of this Act;
- (4) less the following amount which represents the amount to be attributed to new revenue sources and cost reductions by the electric utility through the end of the period for which transition costs are recovered pursuant to Section 16-108, referred to in this Article XVI as a "mitigation factor":
  - (A) for nonresidential retail customers, an amount equal to the greater of (i) 0.5 cents per kilowatt-hour during the period October 1, 1999 through December 31, 2004, 0.6 cents per

1 kilowatt-hour in calendar year 2005, and 0.9 cents 2 per kilowatt-hour in calendar year 2006, multiplied in each year by the usage identified in paragraph 3 4 (1), or (ii) an amount equal to the following percentages of the amount produced by applying the 5 applicable base rates (adjusted as described in 6 7 subparagraph (1)(B)) or contract rate to the usage 8 identified in paragraph (1): 8% for the period 9 October 1, 1999 through December 31, 2002, calendar years 2003 and 2004, 11% in calendar year 10 11 2005 and 12% in calendar year 2006; and

- (B) for residential retail customers, an amount equal to the following percentages of the amount produced by applying the base rates in effect on October 1, 1996 (adjusted as described in subparagraph (1)(B)) to the usage identified in paragraph (1): (i) 6% from May 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002, (ii) 7% in calendar years 2003 and 2004, (iii) 8% in calendar year 2005, and (iv) 10% in calendar year 2006;
- (5) divided by the usage of such customers identified in paragraph (1),
- provided that the transition charge shall never be less than zero.
- "Unbundled service" means a component or constituent part
  of a tariffed service which the electric utility subsequently
  offers separately to its customers.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97; 91-50, eff. 6-30-99.)
- 29 (220 ILCS 5/16-111)

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- 30 Sec. 16-111. Rates and restructuring transactions during 31 mandatory transition period.
- 32 (a) During the mandatory transition period, 33 notwithstanding any provision of Article IX of this Act, and

1 except as provided in subsections (b), (d), (e), and (f) of 2 Section, the Commission shall not (i) initiate, authorize or order any change by way of increase (other than 3 4 in connection with a request for rate increase which was filed after September 1, 1997 but prior to October 15, 1997, 5 б by an electric utility serving less than 12,500 customers in 7 this State), (ii) initiate or, unless requested by the 8 electric utility, authorize or order any change by way of 9 decrease, restructuring or unbundling (except as provided in Section 16-109A), in the rates of any electric utility that 10 11 were in effect on October 1, 1996, or (iii) in any order 12 approving any application for a merger pursuant to Section 7-204 that was pending as of May 16, 1997, impose any 13 condition requiring any filing for an increase, decrease, or 14 change in, or other review of, an electric utility's rates or 15 16 enforce any such condition of any such order; provided, however, this subsection shall not prohibit the 17 that Commission from: 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

- (1) approving the application of an electric utility to implement an alternative to rate of return regulation or a regulatory mechanism that rewards or penalizes the electric utility through adjustment of rates based on utility performance, pursuant to Section 9-244;
- (2) authorizing an electric utility to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause and adjust its base rate tariffs in accordance with subsection (b), (d), or (f) of Section 9-220 of this Act, to fix its fuel adjustment factor in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 9-220 of this Act, or to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause in accordance with subsection (e) of Section 9-220 of this Act;
- (3) ordering into effect tariffs for delivery services and transition charges in accordance with

Sections 16-104 and 16-108, for real-time pricing in accordance with Section 16-107, or the options required by Section 16-110 and subsection (n) of 16-112, allowing a billing experiment in accordance with Section 16-106, or modifying delivery services tariffs in accordance with Section 16-109; or

(4) ordering or allowing into effect any tariff to recover charges pursuant to Sections 9-201.5, 9-220.1, 9-221, 9-222 (except as provided in Section 9-222.1), 16-108, and 16-114 of this Act, Section 5-5 of the Electricity Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Law, Section 6-5 of the Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, and Coal Resources Development Law of 1997, and Section 13 of the Energy Assistance Act of 1989.

After December 31, 2004, the provisions of this subsection (a) shall not apply to an electric utility whose average residential retail rate was less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", as that term is defined in subsection (b) of this Section, based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, and which served between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers in this State on January 1, 1995 unless the electric utility or its holding company has been acquired by or merged with an affiliate of another electric utility subsequent to January 1, 2002. This exemption shall be limited to this subsection (a) and shall not extend to any other provisions of this Act.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), each Illinois electric utility serving more than 12,500 customers in Illinois shall file tariffs (i) reducing, effective August 1, 1998, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by 15% from the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998 and (ii) if the public utility provides electric service to (A) more than

1 500,000 customers but less than 1,000,000 customers in this 2 State on January 1, 1999, reducing, effective May 1, 2002, each component of its base rates to residential retail 3 4 customers by an additional 5% from the base rates in effect 5 immediately prior to January 1, 1998, or (B) at least б 1,000,000 customers in this State on January 1, 1999, reducing, effective October 1, 2001, each component of 7 8 base rates to residential retail customers by an additional 9 5% from the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998. Provided, however, that (A) if an electric utility's 10 11 average residential retail rate is less than or equal to the average residential retail rate for a group of Midwest 12 13 Utilities (consisting of all investor-owned electric utilities with annual system peaks in excess of 14 1000 megawatts in the States of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, 15 16 Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin), based on data Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory 17 reported on 18 Commission for calendar year 1995, then it shall only be 19 required to file tariffs (i) reducing, effective August 1, 1998, each component of its base rates to residential retail 20 21 customers by 5% from the base rates in effect immediately 22 prior to January 1, 1998, (ii) reducing, effective October 1, 23 2000, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by the lesser of 5% of the base rates in effect 24 immediately prior to January 1, 1998 or the percentage by 25 which the electric utility's average residential retail rate 26 exceeds the average residential retail rate of the Midwest 27 Utilities, based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal 28 Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1999, and 29 30 (iii) reducing, effective October 1, 2002, each component of its base rates to residential retail customers by 31 32 additional amount equal to the lesser of 5% of the base rates in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998 or the 33 34 percentage by which the electric utility's average

1 residential retail rate exceeds the average residential 2 retail rate of the Midwest Utilities, based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for 3 4 calendar year 2001; and (B) if the average residential retail 5 rate of an electric utility serving between 150,000 and 6 250,000 retail customers in this State on January 1, 1995 is 7 less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail 8 rate for the Midwest Utilities, based on data reported on 9 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, then it shall only be required to file 10 11 tariffs (i) reducing, effective August 1, 1998, component of its base rates to residential retail customers 12 by 2% from the base rates in effect immediately prior to 13 January 1, 1998; (ii) reducing, effective October 1, 14 15 each component of its base rates to residential retail 16 customers by 2% from the base rate in effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998; and (iii) reducing, effective 17 October 1, 2002, each component of its base rates to 18 19 residential retail customers by 1% from the base rates in 20 effect immediately prior to January 1, 1998. Provided, 21 further, that any electric utility for which a decrease in base rates has been or is placed into effect between October 22 23 1, 1996 and the dates specified in the preceding sentences of this subsection, other than pursuant to the requirements of 24 25 this subsection, shall be entitled to reduce the amount of any reduction or reductions in its base rates required by 26 this subsection by the amount of such other decrease. 27 tariffs required under this subsection shall be filed 45 days 28 29 in advance of the effective date. Notwithstanding anything to 30 the contrary in Section 9-220 of this Act, no restatement of base rates in conjunction with the elimination of a fuel 31 32 adjustment clause under that Section shall result in a lesser decrease in base rates than customers would otherwise receive 33 34 under this subsection had the electric utility's fuel

- 1 adjustment clause not been eliminated.
- 2 (c) Any utility reducing its base rates by 15% on August
- 3 1, 1998 pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the
- 4 following statement on its bills for residential customers
- from August 1 through December 31, 1998: "Effective August 1,
- 6 1998, your rates have been reduced by 15% by the Electric
- 7 Service Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by
- 8 the Illinois General Assembly.". Any utility reducing its
- 9 base rates by 5% on August 1, 1998, pursuant to subsection
- 10 (b) shall include the following statement on its bills for
- 11 residential customers from August 1 through December 31,
- 12 1998: "Effective August 1, 1998, your rates have been
- 13 reduced by 5% by the Electric Service Customer Choice and
- 14 Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by the Illinois General
- 15 Assembly.".
- Any utility reducing its base rates by 2% on August 1,
- 17 1998 pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the following
- 18 statement on its bills for residential customers from August
- 19 1 through December 31, 1998: "Effective August 1, 1998, your
- 20 rates have been reduced by 2% by the Electric Service
- 21 Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997 passed by the
- 22 Illinois General Assembly.".
- 23 (d) During the mandatory transition period, but not
- 24 before January 1, 2000, and notwithstanding the provisions
- of subsection (a), an electric utility may request an
- 26 increase in its base rates if the electric utility
- 27 demonstrates that the 2-year average of its earned rate of
- 28 return on common equity, calculated as its net income
- 29 applicable to common stock divided by the average of its
- 30 beginning and ending balances of common equity using data
- 31 reported in the electric utility's Form 1 report to the
- 32 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission but adjusted to remove
- 33 the effects of accelerated depreciation or amortization or
- 34 other transition or mitigation measures implemented by the

1 electric utility pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section 2 and the effect of any refund paid pursuant to subsection (e) of this Section, is below the 2-year average for the same 2 3 4 years of the monthly average yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury 5 bonds published by the Board of Governors of the Federal 6 Reserve System in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release or 7 successor publication. The Commission shall review t.he 8 electric utility's request, and may review the justness and 9 reasonableness of all rates for tariffed services, accordance with the provisions of Article IX of this Act, 10 11 provided that the Commission shall consider any special or negotiated adjustments to the revenue requirement agreed to 12 between the electric utility and the other parties to the 13 In setting rates under this Section, 14 proceeding. t.he 15 Commission shall exclude the costs and revenues that are 16 associated with competitive services and any billing or pricing experiments conducted under Section 16-106. 17 18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

purposes of this subsection (e) all (e) For the calculations and comparisons shall be performed for the Illinois operations of multijurisdictional utilities. During t.he mandatory transition period, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), if the 2-year average of electric utility's earned rate of return on common equity, calculated as its net income applicable to common stock divided by the average of its beginning and ending balances of common equity using data reported in the electric utility's Form 1 report to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission but adjusted to remove the effect of any refund paid under this subsection (e), and further adjusted to include the annual amortization of any difference between the consideration received by an affiliated interest of the electric utility in the sale of an asset which had been sold or transferred by the electric utility to the affiliated interest subsequent to the effective date of this amendatory

1 Act of 1997 and the consideration for which such asset had 2 been sold or transferred to the affiliated interest, with such difference to be amortized ratably from the date of the 3 4 sale by the affiliated interest to December 31, 2006, exceeds 5 the 2-year average of the Index for the same 2 years by 1.5 6 or more percentage points, the electric utility shall make 7 refunds to customers beginning the first billing day of April 8 the following year in the manner described in paragraph 9 (3) of this subsection. For purposes of this subsection (e), the "Index" shall be the sum of (A) the average for the 12 10 11 months ended September 30 of the monthly average yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds published by the Board of 12 Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its weekly H.15 13 Statistical Release or successor publication for each year 14 1998 through 2006 2004, and (B) (i) 4.00 percentage points 15 16 for each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, through September 30, 1999 or 8.00 percentage points if the 17 electric utility's average residential retail rate is 18 19 than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", as that term is defined in 20 21 subsection (b) of this Section, based on data reported on 22 Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for 23 calendar year 1995, and the electric utility served between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers on January 1, 1995, (ii) 24 25 7.00 percentage points for each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, 2000 through September 30, 2006 2004 if 26 the electric utility was providing service to at least 27 1,000,000 customers in this State on January 1, 1999, or 9.00 28 29 percentage points if the electric utility's average 30 residential retail rate is less than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", 31 as that term is defined in subsection (b) of this Section, 32 based on data reported on Form 1 to the Federal Energy 33 Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995 and the electric 34

utility served between 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers 1 in this State on January 1, 1995, (iii) 11.00 percentage 2 points for each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, 3 4 through September 30, 2006 2004, but only if the 5 electric utility's average residential retail rate is less 6 than or equal to 90% of the average residential retail rate for the "Midwest Utilities", as that term is defined in 7 subsection (b) of this Section, based on data reported on 8 9 Form 1 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for calendar year 1995, the electric utility served between 10 11 150,000 and 250,000 retail customers in this State on January 1, 1995, and the electric utility offers delivery services on 12 or before June 1, 2000 to retail customers whose annual 13 electric energy use comprises 33% of the kilowatt hour sales 14 to that group of retail customers that are classified under 15 16 Division D, Groups 20 through 39 of the Standard Industrial Classifications set forth in the Standard 17 Industrial Classification Manual published by the United States Office 18 19 of Management and Budget, excluding the kilowatt hour sales to those customers that are eligible for delivery services 20 21 pursuant to Section 16-104(a)(1)(i), and offers delivery services to its remaining retail customers classified under 22 23 Division D, Groups 20 through 39 on or before October 2000, and, provided further, that the electric utility 24 25 commits not to petition pursuant to Section 16-108(f) for entry of an order by the Commission authorizing the electric 26 utility to implement transition charges for an additional 27 period after December 31, 2006, or (iv) 5.00 percentage 28 points for each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, 29 30 2000 through September 30, 2006 2004 for all other electric utilities or 7.00 percentage points for such utilities for 31 32 each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, through September 30, 2006 2004 for any such utility that 33 34 commits not to petition pursuant to Section 16-108(f) for

entry of an order by the Commission authorizing the electric utility to implement transition charges for an additional period after December 31, 2006 or 11.00 percentage points for each of the 12-month periods ending September 30, 2005 and September 30, 2006 for each electric utility providing service to fewer than 6,500, or between 75,000 and 150,000, electric retail customers in this State on January 1, 1995 if such utility commits not to petition pursuant to Section 16-108(f) for entry of an order by the Commission authorizing the electric utility to implement transition charges for an additional period after December 31, 2006.

- (1) For purposes of this subsection (e), "excess earnings" means the difference between (A) the 2-year average of the electric utility's earned rate of return on common equity, less (B) the 2-year average of the sum of (i) the Index applicable to each of the 2 years and (ii) 1.5 percentage points; provided, that "excess earnings" shall never be less than zero.
- (2) On or before March 31 of each year 2000 through 2007 2005 each electric utility shall file a report with the Commission showing its earned rate of return on common equity, calculated in accordance with this subsection, for the preceding calendar year and the average for the preceding 2 calendar years.
- (3) If an electric utility has excess earnings, determined in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the refunds which the electric utility shall pay to its customers beginning the first billing day of April in the following year shall be calculated and applied as follows:
  - (i) The electric utility's excess earnings shall be multiplied by the average of the beginning and ending balances of the electric utility's common equity for the 2-year period in which excess

earnings occurred.

- (ii) The result of the calculation in (i) shall be multiplied by 0.50 and then divided by a number equal to 1 minus the electric utility's composite federal and State income tax rate.
  - (iii) The result of the calculation in (ii) shall be divided by the sum of the electric utility's projected total kilowatt-hour sales to retail customers plus projected kilowatt-hours to be delivered to delivery services customers over a one year period beginning with the first billing date in April in the succeeding year to determine a cents per kilowatt-hour refund factor.
    - (iv) The cents per kilowatt-hour refund factor calculated in (iii) shall be credited to the electric utility's customers by applying the factor on the customer's monthly bills to each kilowatt-hour sold or delivered until the total amount calculated in (ii) has been paid to customers.
  - (f) During the mandatory transition period, an electric utility may file revised tariffs reducing the price of any tariffed service offered by the electric utility for all customers taking that tariffed service, which shall be effective 7 days after filing.
  - (g) During the mandatory transition period, an electric utility may, without obtaining any approval of the Commission other than that provided for in this subsection and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any rule or regulation of the Commission that would require such approval:
- 32 (1) implement a reorganization, other than a merger 33 of 2 or more public utilities as defined in Section 3-105 34 or their holding companies;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

- (2) retire generating plants from service;
- (3) sell, assign, lease or otherwise transfer assets to an affiliated or unaffiliated entity and as part of such transaction enter into service agreements, power purchase agreements, or other agreements with the transferee; provided, however, that the prices, terms and conditions of any power purchase agreement must be approved or allowed into effect by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; or
  - (4) use any accelerated cost recovery method including accelerated depreciation, accelerated amortization or other capital recovery methods, or record reductions to the original cost of its assets.

In order to implement a reorganization, retire generating plants from service, or sell, assign, lease or otherwise transfer assets pursuant to this Section, the electric utility shall comply with subsections (c) and (d) of Section 16-128, if applicable, and subsection (k) of this Section, if applicable, and provide the Commission with at least 30 days notice of the proposed reorganization or transaction, which notice shall include the following information:

(i) a complete statement of the entries that the electric utility will make on its books and account to implement the proposed records of reorganization or transaction together with certification from an independent certified public accountant that such entries are in accord with generally accepted accounting principles and, if the Commission has previously approved guidelines for cost allocations between the utility and its affiliates, a certification from the chief accounting officer of the utility that such entries are in accord with those cost allocation guidelines;

(ii) a description of how the electric utility

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

will use proceeds of any sale, assignment, lease or transfer to retire debt or otherwise reduce or recover the costs of services provided by such electric utility;

- (iii) a list of all federal approvals or approvals required from departments and agencies of this State, other than the Commission, that the electric utility has or will obtain before implementing the reorganization or transaction;
- (iv) an irrevocable commitment by the electric utility that it will not, as a result of the transaction, impose any stranded cost charges that it might otherwise be allowed to charge retail customers under federal law or increase the transition charges that it is otherwise entitled to collect under this Article XVI; and
- (v) if the electric utility proposes to sell, assign, lease or otherwise transfer a generating plant that brings the amount of net dependable generating capacity transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 15% of the electric utility's net dependable capacity as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, and enters into a power purchase agreement with the entity to which such generating plant is sold, assigned, leased, or otherwise transferred, the electric utility also agrees, if its fuel adjustment clause has not already been eliminated, eliminate its fuel adjustment clause in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 9-220 for a period of time equal to the length of any such power purchase agreement or successor agreement, or until January 1, 2005, whichever is longer; if the capacity of the generating plant so transferred and

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

related power purchase agreement does not result in the elimination of the fuel adjustment clause under this subsection, and the fuel adjustment clause has not already been eliminated, the electric utility shall agree that the costs associated with the transferred plant that are included in t.he calculation of the rate per kilowatt-hour to be applied pursuant to the electric utility's fuel adjustment clause during such period shall not exceed the per kilowatt-hour cost associated with such generating plant included in the electric utility's fuel adjustment clause during the full calendar year preceding the transfer, with such limit to be adjusted each year thereafter by the Gross Domestic Product Implicit Price Deflator.

(vi) In addition, if the electric utility proposes to sell, assign, or lease, (A) either (1) an amount of generating plant that brings the amount of net dependable generating capacity transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 15% of its net dependable capacity on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, one or more generating plants with a total or (2) net dependable capacity of 1100 megawatts, or transmission and distribution facilities that either (1) bring the amount of transmission distribution facilities transferred pursuant to this subsection to an amount equal to or greater than 15% of the electric utility's total depreciated original cost investment in such facilities, or (2) represent an investment of \$25,000,000 in terms of total depreciated original cost, the electric utility shall provide, in addition to the information listed in subparagraphs (i) through (v), the following

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

information: (A) a description of how the electric utility will meet its service obligations under this Act in a safe and reliable manner and (B) the electric utility's projected earned rate of return on common equity, calculated in accordance with subsection (d) of this Section, for each year from the date of the notice through December 31, 2006 2004 both with and without the proposed transaction. If the Commission has not issued an order initiating a hearing on the proposed transaction within 30 days after the date the electric utility's notice is filed, the transaction shall be deemed approved. Commission may, after notice and hearing, The prohibit the proposed transaction if it makes either or both of the following findings: (1) that the proposed transaction will render the electric utility unable to provide its tariffed services in a safe and reliable manner, or (2) that there is a strong likelihood that consummation of the proposed transaction will result in the electric utility being entitled to request an increase in its base rates during the mandatory transition period pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section. Any hearing initiated by the Commission the proposed transaction shall be completed, and the Commission's final order approving or prohibiting the proposed transaction shall be entered, within 90 days after the date the electric utility's notice was filed. Provided, however, that a assignment, or lease of transmission facilities to an independent system operator that meets the requirements of Section 16-126 shall not be subject to Commission approval under this Section.

In any proceeding conducted by the Commission

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

pursuant to this subparagraph (vi), intervention shall be limited to parties with a direct interest in the transaction which is the subject of the hearing and any statutory consumer protection agency as defined in subsection (d) of Section 9-102.1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 10-113 of this Act, any application seeking rehearing of an order issued under this subparagraph (vi), whether filed by the electric utility or by an intervening party, shall be filed within 10 days after service of the order.

The Commission shall not in any subsequent proceeding or otherwise, review such a reorganization or other transaction authorized by this Section, but shall retain the authority to allocate costs as stated in Section 16-111(i). An entity to which an electric utility sells, assigns, leases or transfers assets pursuant to this subsection (g) shall not, as a result of the transactions specified in this subsection (g), be deemed a public utility as defined in Section 3-105. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall change any requirement under the jurisdiction of the Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety including, but not limited to, the payment of fees. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall exempt a utility from obtaining a certificate pursuant to Section 8-406 of this Act for the construction of a new electric generating facility. Nothing in this subsection (g) is intended to exempt the transactions hereunder from the operation of the federal or State antitrust laws. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall require an electric utility to use the procedures specified in this subsection for any of the transactions specified herein. Any other procedure available under this Act may, at the electric utility's election, be used for any such transaction.

(h) During the mandatory transition period, the 34 Commission shall not establish or use any rates of

1 depreciation, which for purposes of this subsection shall 2 include amortization, for any electric utility other than those established pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 5-104 3 4 of this Act or utilized pursuant to subsection (g) of this 5 Section. Provided, however, that in any proceeding to review 6 an electric utility's rates for tariffed services pursuant to Section 9-201, 9-202, 9-250 or 16-111(d) of this Act, the 7 8 Commission may establish new rates of depreciation for 9 electric utility in the same manner provided in subsection (d) of Section 5-104 of this Act. An electric utility 10 11 implementing an accelerated cost recovery method including accelerated depreciation, accelerated amortization or other 12 13 capital recovery methods, or recording reductions to the original cost of its assets, pursuant to subsection (g) 14 15 this Section, shall file a statement with the Commission 16 describing the accelerated cost recovery method to implemented or the reduction in the original cost of its 17 assets to be recorded. Upon the filing of such statement, 18 19 the accelerated cost recovery method or the reduction in the original cost of assets shall be deemed to be approved by the 20 21 Commission as though an order had been entered by the 22 Commission.

(i) Subsequent to the mandatory transition period, the Commission, in any proceeding to establish rates and charges for tariffed services offered by an electric utility, shall consider only (1) the then current or projected revenues, costs, investments and cost of capital directly or indirectly associated with the provision of such tariffed services; (2) collection of transition charges in accordance with Sections 16-102 and 16-108 of this Act; (3) recovery of any employee transition costs as described in Section 16-128 which the electric utility is continuing to incur, including recovery of any unamortized portion of such costs previously incurred or committed, with such costs to be equitably allocated among

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

1 bundled services, delivery services, and contracts with 2 alternative retail electric suppliers; and (4) recovery of the costs associated with the electric utility's compliance 3 4 with decommissioning funding requirements; and shall not consider any other revenues, costs, investments or cost of 5 б capital of either the electric utility or of any affiliate of 7 the electric utility that are not associated with the 8 provision of tariffed services. In setting rates for 9 tariffed services, the Commission shall equitably allocate joint and common costs and investments between the electric 10 11 utility's competitive and tariffed services. In determining the justness and reasonableness of the electric power and 12 energy component of an electric utility's rates for tariffed 13 services subsequent to the mandatory transition period and 14 prior to the time that the provision of such electric power 15 16 and energy is declared competitive, the Commission shall consider the extent to which the electric utility's tariffed 17 rates for such component for each customer class exceed the 18 19 market value determined pursuant to Section 16-112, and, if the electric power and energy component of such tariffed rate 20 21 exceeds the market value by more than 10% for any customer 22 class, may establish such electric power and energy component 23 at a rate equal to the market value plus 10%. In any such case, the Commission may also elect to extend the provisions 24 25 of Section 16-111(e) for any period in which the electric utility is collecting transition charges, using information 26 27 applicable to such period.

(j) During the mandatory transition period, an electric utility may elect to transfer to a non-operating income account under the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts either or both of (i) an amount of unamortized investment tax credit that is in addition to the ratable amount which is credited to the electric utility's operating income account for the year in accordance with Section 46(f)(2) of the

28

29

30

31

32

33

1 federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect prior to 2 101-508, or (ii) "excess tax reserves", as that term is defined in Section 203(e)(2)(A) of the federal Tax Reform Act 3 4 of 1986, provided that (A) the amount transferred may not 5 exceed the amount of the electric utility's assets that were 6 created pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting 7 Standards No. 71 which the electric utility has written off 8 during the mandatory transition period, and (B) the transfer 9 shall not be effective until approved by the Internal Revenue Service. An electric utility electing to make such a 10 11 transfer shall file a statement with the Commission stating the amount and timing of the transfer for which it intends to 12 request approval of the Internal Revenue Service, along with 13 a copy of its proposed request to the Internal Revenue 14 15 Service for a ruling. The Commission shall issue an order 16 within 14 days after the electric utility's filing approving, subject to receipt of approval from the Internal Revenue 17 Service, the proposed transfer. 18 19

(k) If an electric utility is selling or transferring to a single buyer 5 or more generating plants located in this State with a total net dependable capacity of 5000 megawatts or more pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section and has obtained a sale price or consideration that exceeds 200% of the book value of such plants, the electric utility must provide to the Governor, the President of the Illinois Senate, the Minority Leader of the Illinois Senate, the the Illinois House of Representatives, and the Speaker of Minority Leader of the Illinois House of Representatives no later than 15 days after filing its notice under subsection (g) of this Section or 5 days after the date on which this subsection (k) becomes law, whichever is later, a written commitment in which such electric utility agrees to expend \$2 billion outside the corporate limits of any municipality with 1,000,000 or more inhabitants within such electric utility's

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

- 1 service area, over a 6-year period beginning with the
- 2 calendar year in which the notice is filed, on projects,
- 3 programs, and improvements within its service area relating
- 4 to transmission and distribution including, without
- 5 limitation, infrastructure expansion, repair and replacement,
- 6 capital investments, operations and maintenance, and
- 7 vegetation management.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97; 90-563, eff. 12-16-97;
- 9 91-50, eff. 6-30-99.)
- 10 (220 ILCS 5/16-111.3 new)
- 11 <u>Sec. 16-111.3. Transition period earnings calculations.</u>
- 12 At such time as the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
- 13 System ceases to include the monthly average yields of
- 14 <u>30-year U.S. Treasury bonds in its weekly H.15 Statistical</u>
- 15 Release or successor publication, the Monthly Treasury
- 16 <u>Long-Term Average Rates (25 years and above) published by the</u>
- 17 Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its
- 18 <u>weekly H.15 Statistical Release or successor publication</u>
- 19 <u>shall instead be used to establish a rate for the purpose of</u>
- 20 <u>calculating the Index defined in subsection (e) of Section</u>
- 21 <u>16-111</u> of this Act, and at such time, such Monthly Treasury
- 22 <u>Long-Term Average Rates (25 years and above) shall also be</u>

used in place of the monthly average yields of 30-year U.S.

Treasury bonds in the rate of return calculation required by

- 25 <u>subsection (d) of Section 16-111. An electric utility shall</u>
- 26 <u>also remove the effects, if any, of any impairment due to the</u>
- 27 <u>application of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards</u>
- No. 142, which was issued in June 2001, when making the
- 29 <u>calculations required by this Section or by subsections (d)</u>
- 30 <u>and (e) of Section 16-111.</u>
- 31 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 32 becoming law.".

23