92\_SB1972sam001

## LRB9215985JMmbam01

1AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 19722AMENDMENT NO.Amend Senate Bill 1972

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 1972 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
5 Sections 7-19, 7-46, 7-47, 7-49, 7-52, 7-53, 7-54, 7-55,
6 7-66, 15-6, 16-11, 17-9, 17-43, 18-5, 18-40, 19-2.1, 19-7,
7 19-8, 19-9, 19-10, 19-12.2, 19-15, 20-2, 20-2.1, 20-2.2,
8 20-7, 20-8, 20-9, and 20-15 and by adding Article 24C as
9 follows:

10 (10 ILCS 5/7-19) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-19)

11 Sec. 7-19. <u>Arrangement and printing of primary ballot</u>. 12 The primary ballot of each political party for each precinct 13 shall be arranged and printed substantially in the manner 14 following:

15 1. Designating words. At the top of the ballot shall be 16 printed in large capital letters, words designating the 17 ballot, if a Republican ballot, the designating words shall 18 be: "REPUBLICAN PRIMARY BALLOT"; if a Democratic ballot the 19 designating words shall be: "DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY BALLOT"; and 20 in like manner for each political party.

21 2. Order of Names, Directions to Voters, etc. Beginning 22 not less than one inch below designating words, the name of each office to be filled shall be printed in capital letters.
Such names may be printed on the ballot either in a single
column or in 2 or more columns and in the following order,
to-wit:

5 United President of the States, State offices, 6 congressional offices, delegates and alternate delegates to 7 be elected from the State at large to National nominating 8 conventions, delegates and alternate delegates to be elected congressional districts to National 9 from nominating the State central 10 conventions, member or members of 11 committee, trustees of sanitary districts, county offices, judicial officers, city, village and incorporated town 12 offices, town offices, or of such of the said offices as 13 candidates are to be nominated for at such primary, and 14 15 precinct, township or ward committeemen. If two or more 16 columns are used, the foregoing offices to and including member of the State central committee shall be listed in the 17 left-hand column and Senatorial offices, as defined in 18 19 Section 8-3, shall be the first offices listed in the second 20 column.

Below the name of each office shall be printed in small letters the directions to voters: "Vote for one"; "Vote for two"; "Vote for three"; or a spelled number designating how many persons under that head are to be voted for.

Next to the name of each candidate for delegate or alternate delegate to a national nominating convention shall appear either (a) the name of the candidate's preference for President of the United States or the word "uncommitted" or (b) no official designation, depending upon the action taken by the State central committee pursuant to Section 7-10.3 of this Act.

32 Below the name of each office shall be printed in capital 33 letters the names of all candidates, arranged in the order in 34 which their petitions for nominations were filed, except as

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1 otherwise provided in Sections 7-14 and 7-17 of this Article. 2 Opposite and in front of the name of each candidate shall be printed a square and all squares upon the primary ballot 3 4 shall be of uniform size. Spaces between the names of 5 candidates under each office shall be uniform and sufficient 6 spaces shall separate the names of candidates for one office 7 from the names of candidates for another office, to avoid confusion and to permit the writing in of the names of other 8 9 candidates.

Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the provisions of this <u>Article</u> Section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

15 (Source: P.A. 83-33.)

16 (10 ILCS 5/7-46) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-46)

17 7-46. Voting of ballot; writing in names. Sec. On receiving from the primary judges a primary ballot of his 18 19 party, the primary elector shall forthwith and without 20 leaving the polling place, retire alone to one of the voting 21 booths and prepare such primary ballot by marking a cross (X) 22 in the square in front of and opposite the name of each candidate of his choice for each office to be filled, and for 23 24 delegates and alternate delegates to national nominating conventions, and for committeemen, if committeemen are being 25 26 elected at such primary.

Any primary elector may, instead of voting for any 27 28 candidate for nomination or for committeeman or for delegate 29 or alternate delegate to national nominating conventions, whose name is printed on the primary ballot, write in the 30 31 any other person affiliated with such party as a name of candidate for the nomination for any office, 32 or for 33 committeeman, or for delegates or alternate delegates to

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national nominating conventions, and indicate his choice of
 such candidate or committeeman or delegate or alternate
 delegate, by placing to the left of and opposite the name
 thus written a square and placing in the square a cross (X).

5 Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or 6 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the 7 provisions of this <u>Article</u> section may be modified as 8 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or 9 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

10 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2220.)

11 (10 ILCS 5/7-47) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-47)

Sec. 7-47. Folding and delivery of ballot; entry in poll 12 book. Before leaving the booth, the primary elector shall 13 14 fold his primary ballot in such manner as to conceal the 15 marks thereon. Such voter shall then vote forthwith by handing the primary judge the primary ballot received by such 16 17 voter. Thereupon the primary judge shall deposit such primary 18 ballot in the ballot box. One of the judges shall thereupon enter in the primary poll book the name of the primary 19 elector, his residence and his party affiliation or shall 20 make the entries on the official poll record as required by 21 22 articles 4, 5 and 6, if any one of them is applicable.

Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems are used, the provisions of this <u>Article</u> section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

28 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2220.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-49) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-49)
Sec. 7-49. No adjournment or recess after opening of
polls. After the opening of the polls at a primary no
adjournment shall be had nor recess taken until the canvass

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of all the votes is completed and the returns carefully
 enveloped and sealed.

Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the provisions of this <u>Article</u> section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

8 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2220.)

9 (10 ILCS 5/7-52) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-52)

10 Sec. 7-52. <u>Precinct canvass of votes.</u> Immediately upon 11 closing the polls, the primary judges shall proceed to 12 canvass the votes in the manner following:

13 (1) They shall separate and count the ballots of each 14 political party.

15 (2) They shall then proceed to ascertain the number of 16 names entered on the applications for ballot under each party 17 affiliation.

18 (3) If the primary ballots of any political party exceed the number of applications for ballot by voters of such 19 20 political party, the primary ballots of such political party 21 shall be folded and replaced in the ballot box, the box 22 closed, well shaken and again opened and one of the primary judges, who shall be blindfolded, shall draw out so many of 23 24 the primary ballots of such political party as shall be equal to such excess. Such excess ballots shall be marked 25 "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by a majority of the judges 26 and shall be placed in the "After 6:00 p.m. Defective Ballots 27 Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the 28 29 remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective" 30 31 ballots;

32 (4) The primary judges shall then proceed to count the33 primary ballots of each political party separately; and as

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1 the primary judges shall open and read the primary ballots, 3 2 of the judges shall carefully and correctly mark upon separate tally sheets the votes which each candidate of the 3 4 party whose name is written or printed on the primary ballot 5 has received, in a separate column for that purpose, with the 6 name of such candidate, the name of his political party and 7 the name of the office for which he is a candidate for 8 nomination at the head of such column.

9 Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or 10 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the 11 provisions of this <u>Article</u> section may be modified as 12 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or 13 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

14 (Source: P.A. 80-484.)

15 (10 ILCS 5/7-53) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-53)

16 Sec. 7-53. Tally sheets; certificate of results. As 17 soon as the ballots of a political party shall have been read and the votes of the political party counted, as provided in 18 the last above Section, the 3 judges in charge of the tally 19 20 sheets shall foot up the tally sheets so as to show the total 21 number of votes cast for each candidate of the political 22 party and for each candidate for State Central committeeman and precinct committeeman, township committeeman or ward 23 24 committeeman, and delegate and alternate delegate to National nominating conventions, and certify the same to be correct. 25 Thereupon, the primary judges shall set down in a certificate 26 of results on the tally sheet, under the name of 27 the political party, the name of each candidate voted for upon 28 29 the primary ballot, written at full length, the name of the office for which he is a candidate for nomination or for 30 31 committeeman, or delegate or alternate delegate to National nominating conventions, the total number of votes which the 32 33 candidate received, and they shall also set down the total

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1 number of ballots voted by the primary electors of the 2 political party in the precinct. The certificate of results shall be made substantially in the following form: 3 4 ..... Party 5 At the primary election held in the .... precinct of the 6 (1) \*township of ...., or (2) \*City of ...., or (3) \*.... 7 ward in the city of .... on (insert date), the primary 8 electors of the .... party voted .... ballots, and the 9 respective candidates whose names were written or printed on the primary ballot of the .... party, received respectively 10 11 the following votes: 12 Name of No. of Candidate, Title of Office, 13 Votes John Jones 100 14 Governor 70 15 Sam Smith Governor 16 Frank Martin Attorney General 150 William Preston 200 17 Rep. in Congress 18 Frederick John Circuit Judge 50 19 \*Fill in either (1), (2) or (3). And so on for each candidate. 20 21 We hereby certify the above and foregoing to be true and 22 correct. 23 Dated (insert date). 24 25 Name Address 26 27 Name Address 28 29 Name Address 30 31 Name Address 32 33 Address Name 34 Judges of Primary

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Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems are used, the provisions of this <u>Article</u> Section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24, and Article 24A, or <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

6 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

7 (10 ILCS 5/7-54) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-54)

8 7-54. Binding and sealing ballots; report of Sec. results. After the votes of a political party have been 9 10 counted and set down and the tally sheets footed and the entry made in the primary poll books or return, as above 11 provided, all the primary ballots of said political party, 12 except those marked "defective" or "objected to" shall be 13 14 securely bound, lengthwise and in width, with a soft cord 15 having a minimum tensile strength of 60 pounds separately for each political party in the order in which said primary 16 17 ballots have been read, and shall thereupon be carefully sealed in an envelope, which envelope shall be endorsed as 18 follows: 19

20 "Primary ballots of the.... party of the.... precinct of 21 the county of.... and State of Illinois."

Below each endorsement, each primary judge shall writehis name.

24 Immediately thereafter the judges shall designate one of 25 their number to go to the nearest telephone and report to the office of the county clerk or board of election commissioners 26 (as the case may be) the results of such primary. Such clerk 27 28 or board shall keep his or its office open after the close of 29 the polls until he or it has received from each precinct under his or its jurisdiction the report above provided for. 30 31 Immediately upon receiving such report such clerk or board shall cause the same to be posted in a public place in his or 32 33 its office for inspection by the public. Immediately after

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making such report such judge shall return to the polling
 place.

Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the provisions of this <u>Article</u> section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

8 (Source: P.A. 81-1433.)

9 (10 ILCS 5/7-55) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-55)

10 Sec. 7-55. Delivery and acceptance of election materials. The primary poll books or the official poll 11 record, and the tally sheets with the certificates of the 12 primary judges written thereon, together with the envelopes 13 containing the ballots, including the envelope containing the 14 15 ballots marked "defective" or "objected to", shall be carefully enveloped and sealed up together, properly 16 17 endorsed, and the primary judges shall elect 2 judges (one 18 from each of the major political parties), who shall immediately deliver the same to the clerk from whom 19 the primary ballots were obtained, which clerk shall safely keep 20 the same for 2 months, and thereafter shall safely keep the 21 22 poll books until the next primary. Each election authority shall keep the office of the election authority, or any 23 24 receiving stations designated by such authority, open for at least 12 consecutive hours after the polls close, or until 25 the judges of each precinct under the jurisdiction of the 26 election authority have delivered to the election authority 27 28 all the above materials sealed up together and properly 29 endorsed as provided herein. Materials delivered to the election authority which are not in the condition required by 30 31 this Section shall not be accepted by the election authority until the judges delivering the same make and sign the 32 33 necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the materials by

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1 the election authority, the judges delivering the same shall 2 take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped 3 with the time and date of such delivery. The election judges 4 whose duty it is to deliver any materials as above provided 5 shall, in the event such materials cannot be found when 6 needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are 7 to take as above provided.

8 The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall 9 deliver a copy of each tally sheet to the county chairmen of 10 the two largest political parties.

Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems are used, the provisions of this <u>Article</u> section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24, and Article 24A, or <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

16 (Source: P.A. 83-764.)

17 (10 ILCS 5/7-66)

Sec. 7-66. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u> <u>systems equipment</u>.

21 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant 22 to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic 23 24 Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code, and 25 the provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict 26 with the provisions of this Article 7, the provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern 27 28 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the 29 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election 30 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures 31 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 32 33 voting equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting

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<u>Systems equipment</u> authorized by the State Board of Elections
 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either
 Article 24B, <u>Article 24C</u>, or the administrative rules of the
 State Board of Elections.

5 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

6 (10 ILCS 5/15-6)

Sec. 15-6. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u>
<u>systems equipment</u>.

10 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct 11 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic 12 Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code, and 13 14 the provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict 15 with the provisions of this Article 15, the provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern 16 17 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the 18 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election 19 20 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures 21 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting 22 Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections 23 24 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the 25 State Board of Elections. 26

27 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

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28 (10 ILCS 5/16-11)
29 Sec. 16-11. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
30 voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u>
31 <u>systems equipment</u>.

If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct

1 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant 2 to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code, and 3 4 the provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 16, the provisions of 5 Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern 6 7 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the 8 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election 9 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures 10 11 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 12 voting equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections 13 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either 14 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the 15 16 State Board of Elections.

17 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

18 (10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9)

Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall give his 19 20 name and, if required to do so, his residence to the judges 21 of election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and audible; the 22 judges of elections shall check each application for ballot 23 24 against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom absentee ballots have been issued for that election, 25 which shall be provided by the election authority and which 26 list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. 27 А 28 voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose appears on the list as having been issued an absentee 29 name ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct unless 30 31 submits to the judges of election, --for that voter 32 cancellation-or-revocation, his absentee ballot. In the case 33 that the voter's absentee ballot is not present in the

1 polling place, it shall be sufficient for any such voter to 2 submit to the judges of election in lieu of his absentee ballot, either a portion of such ballot if torn or mutilated, 3 4 or an affidavit executed before the judges of election 5 specifying that the voter never received an absentee ballot, б or-an--affidavit--executed--before--the--judges--of--election 7 specifying--that--the--voter--desires-to-cancel-or-revoke-any 8 absentee-ballot-that-may-have-been-cast-in-the-voter's--name. 9 All applicable provisions of Articles 4, 5 or 6 shall be complied with and if such name is found on the register of 10 11 voters by the officer having charge thereof, he shall 12 likewise repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed to enter within the proximity of the voting booths, as 13 above One of the judges shall give the voter one, and 14 provided. 15 only one of each ballot to be voted at the election, on the 16 back of which ballots such judge shall indorse his initials in such manner that they may be seen when each such ballot is 17 properly folded, and the voter's name shall be immediately 18 19 checked on the register list. In those election jurisdictions 20 where perforated ballot cards are utilized of the type on 21 which write-in votes can be cast above the perforation, the 22 election authority shall provide a space both above and below 23 the perforation for the judge's initials, and the judge shall endorse his or her initials in both spaces. Whenever a 24 25 proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the 26 27 election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall, when being handed to the voter, be placed on 28 top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such 29 30 manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly 31 32 visible to the voter. At all elections, when a registry may 33 be required, if the name of any person so desiring to vote at 34 such election is not found on the register of voters, he or

she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have 1 2 complied with the law prescribing the manner and conditions of voting by unregistered voters. If any person desiring to 3 4 vote at any election shall be challenged, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have established his 5 right to vote in the manner provided hereinafter; and if he 6 7 or she shall be challenged after he has received his ballot, 8 he shall not be permitted to vote until he or she has fully 9 complied with such requirements of the law upon being challenged. Besides the election officer, not more than 2 10 11 voters in excess of the whole number of voting booths provided shall be allowed within the proximity of the voting 12 booths at one time. The provisions of this Act, so far as 13 they require the registration of voters as a condition to 14 their being allowed to vote shall not apply to persons 15 16 otherwise entitled to vote, who are, at the time of the election, or at any time within 60 days prior to such 17 election have been engaged in the military or naval service 18 19 of the United States, and who appear personally at the polling place on election day and produce to the judges of 20 21 election satisfactory evidence thereof, but such persons, if 22 otherwise qualified to vote, shall be permitted to vote at 23 such election without previous registration.

All such persons shall also make an affidavit which shall be in substantially the following form:

26 State of Illinois,)

27

) ss.

28 County of .....)

29 ..... Precinct ..... Ward

I, ..., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States, of the age of 18 years or over, and that within the past 60 days prior to the date of this election at which I am applying to vote, I have been engaged in the .... (military or naval) service of the United States;

1 and I am qualified to vote under and by virtue of the 2 Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois, and that I am a legally qualified voter of this precinct and ward except 3 4 that I have, because of such service, been unable to register 5 as a voter; that I now reside at .... (insert street and 6 number, if any) in this precinct and ward; that I have 7 maintained a legal residence in this precinct and ward for 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this election. 8 9 Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date). 10 11 12 Judge of Election. 13 affidavit of any such person shall be supported by The 14 the affidavit of a resident and qualified voter of any such precinct and ward, which affidavit shall be in substantially 15 the following form: 16 State of Illinois,) 17 18 ) ss. County of .....) 19 20 ..... Precinct ..... Ward 21 I, ..., do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I am a resident of this precinct and ward and entitled to vote at 22 23 this election; that I am acquainted with .... (name of the applicant); that I verily believe him to be an actual bona 24 fide resident of this precinct and ward and that I verily 25 believe that he or she has maintained a legal residence 26 therein 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this 27 28 election. 29 Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date). 30 31 32 Judge of Election. All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section 33

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shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6 months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed public records and shall be freely open to examination as such.

8 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

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(10 ILCS 5/17-43)

Sec. 17-43. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u> <u>systems equipment</u>.

If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct 13 14 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant 15 to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic 16 Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code, and 17 the provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 17, the provisions of 18 19 Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern 20 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges 21 of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election 22 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures 23 24 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 25 equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting voting 26 Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either 27 28 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the State Board of Elections. 29

30 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

31 (10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)

32 Sec. 18-5. <u>Questioning of person desiring to vote;</u>

1 <u>receipt of ballots.</u> Any person desiring to vote and whose 2 name is found upon the register of voters by the person having charge thereof, shall then be questioned by one of the 3 4 judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present 5 address, precinct, State and United States, his age, whether б naturalized and if so the date of naturalization papers and court from which secured, and he shall be asked to state his 7 8 residence when last previously registered and the date of the 9 election for which he then registered. The judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the 10 11 list of voters registered in that precinct to whom absentee ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be 12 provided by the election authority and which list shall be 13 available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to 14 15 in the precinct on election day whose name appears on vote 16 the list as having been issued an absentee ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct unless that voter 17 submits to the judges of election, -- for -- cancellation -- or 18 19 revocation, his absentee ballot. In the case that the 20 voter's absentee ballot is not present in the polling place, 21 it shall be sufficient for any such voter to submit to the 22 judges of election in lieu of his absentee ballot, either a 23 portion of such ballot if torn or mutilated, or an affidavit executed before the judges of election specifying that 24 the 25 voter never received an absentee ballot,-or-an-affidavit 26 executed-before-the-judges-of-election--specifying--that--the 27 voter--desires--to--cancel-or-revoke-any-absentee-ballot-that may-have-been-east-in-the-voter's-name. If such person so 28 29 registered shall be challenged as disqualified, the party 30 challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon one of the judges shall administer to him an oath to answer 31 32 questions, and if he shall take the oath he shall then be questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of 33 34 challenge, and touching any other cause of disqualification.

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1 And he may also be questioned by the person challenging him 2 in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if a majority of the judges are of the opinion that he is the 3 4 person so registered and a qualified voter, his vote shall 5 then be received accordingly. But if his vote be rejected by б such judges, such person may afterward produce and deliver an 7 affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him 8 before one of the judges, in which it shall be stated how long he has resided in such precinct, and state; that he is a 9 citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter 10 11 in such precinct, and that he is the identical person so registered. In addition to such an affidavit, the person so 12 challenged shall provide to the judges of election proof of 13 residence by producing 2 forms of identification showing the 14 15 person's current residence address, provided that such 16 identification to the person at his current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of 17 election, or the person shall procure a witness 18 the 19 personally known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct (or district), or who shall be proved by some 20 21 legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges 22 to be such, who shall take the oath following, viz:

23 I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at 24 25 this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person 26 whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide 27 resident of this election precinct (or district), and has 28 29 resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this 30 State, 30 days next preceding this election.

The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also supported by an affidavit by a registered voter residing

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1 in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he 2 knows such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and has resided in such precinct and state for the 3 4 length of time as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn to in the same way. Whereupon the vote 5 of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. 6 7 But such judges, having charge of such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts in such case, 8 and the 9 affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved and returned to the office of the commissioners of election. 10 11 Blank affidavits of the character aforesaid shall be sent out to the judges of all the precincts, and the judges of 12 election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the 13 oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if administered by any 14 other officer than such judge of election, shall not be 15 16 received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be 17 voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or 18 ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the 19 other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that 20 21 the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in 22 Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the 23 voter, and in this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the 24 voter by the judge.

25 The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly 26 folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the 27 voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless 28 29 all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If 30 a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a 31 voice clearly audible to the other judges of election that 32 33 the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The 34 statement of the judge to the voter shall clearly express the

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1 fact that the voter is not required to vote such remaining 2 ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to the judge. In making such statement the 3 4 judge of election shall not indicate by word, gesture or 5 intonation of voice that the unreturned ballots shall be б voted in any particular manner. No new voter shall be 7 permitted to enter the voting booth of a voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots received by him until 8 9 such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the judge's request and again quit the booth with all of 10 the 11 ballots required to be returned by him. Upon receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter the name of 12 the voter, and his number, as above provided in this section, 13 and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall 14 15 immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any voter 16 who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by 17 the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall 18 19 inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in 20 21 the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from 22 the polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to 23 enter the voting booth.

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots 24 25 from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or 26 ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the 27 presence of the voter and the judges of election, 28 and in 29 plain view of the public. The judges having charge of such 30 registers shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the 31 32 letter "V".

33 No judge of election shall accept from any voter less 34 than the full number of ballots received by such voter

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1 without first advising the voter in the manner above provided 2 of the necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that 3 4 which is herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions of this section; provided, that the acceptance by 5 a judge of election of less than the full number of ballots 6 7 delivered to a voter who refuses to return to the voting 8 booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this Section. 9

10 (Source: P.A. 89-653, eff. 8-14-96.)

11 (10 ILCS 5/18-40)

Sec. 18-40. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u> <u>systems equipment</u>.

15 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct 16 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant 17 to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C, and the 18 provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict with 19 20 the provisions of this Article 18, the provisions of Article 21 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of 22 elections, and all employees and agents. In following the 23 24 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election 25 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 26 equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting 27 voting 28 Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either 29 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the 30 State Board of Elections. 31

32 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

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(10 ILCS 5/19-2.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-2.1)

2 Sec. 19-2.1. At the consolidated primary, general primary, consolidated, and general elections, electors 3 4 entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the provisions of Section 19-1 may vote in person at the office of the 5 municipal clerk, if the elector is a resident of a 6 7 municipality not having a board of election commissioners, or 8 at the office of the township clerk or, in counties not under 9 township organization, at the office of the road district clerk if the elector is not a resident of a municipality; 10 11 provided, in each case that the municipal, township or road 12 district clerk, as the case may be, is authorized to conduct in-person absentee voting pursuant to this Section. Absentee 13 voting in such municipal and township clerk's offices under 14 this Section shall be conducted from the 22nd day through the 15 16 day before the election.

Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) 17 who have regularly scheduled working hours at regularly 18 19 designated offices other than a place of residence and whose offices are open for business during the same hours as the 20 21 office of the election authority shall conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections. Municipal and 22 township 23 clerks (or road district clerks) who have no regularly scheduled working hours but who have regularly designated 24 25 offices other than a place of residence shall conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections during the hours 26 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., 27 of weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon on Saturdays, but not 28 during such hours as the office of the election authority is 29 30 closed, unless the clerk files a written waiver with the election authority not later than July 1 of each year stating 31 32 that he or she is unable to conduct such voting and the reasons therefor. Such clerks who conduct in-person absentee 33 34 voting may extend their hours for that purpose to include any

1 hours in which the election authority's office is open. 2 Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) who have no regularly scheduled office hours and no regularly 3 4 designated offices other than a place of residence may not 5 conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections. The 6 election authority may devise alternative methods for 7 in-person absentee voting before said elections for those 8 precincts located within the territorial area of а 9 municipality or township (or road district) wherein the clerk of such municipality or township (or road district) has 10 11 waived or is not entitled to conduct such voting. Τn addition, electors may vote by absentee ballot under the 12 provisions of Section 19-1 at the office of the election 13 authority having jurisdiction over their residence. 14

15 In conducting absentee voting under this Section, the 16 respective clerks shall not be required to verify the signature of the absentee voter by comparison with the 17 18 signature on the official registration record card. However, 19 the clerk shall reasonably ascertain the identity of such 20 applicant, shall verify that each such applicant is a 21 registered voter, and shall verify the precinct in which he or she is registered and the proper ballots of the political 22 23 subdivisions in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote, prior to providing any absentee ballot to such 24 25 The clerk shall verify the applicant. applicant's registration and from the most recent poll list provided by 26 the county clerk, and if the applicant is not listed on that 27 poll list then by telephoning the office of the county clerk. 28

Absentee voting procedures in the office of the municipal, township and road district clerks shall be subject to all of the applicable provisions of this Article 19. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe in-person absentee voting procedures at the office of the municipal, township or road district clerks' offices where such absentee voting is

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1 conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23, 2 except each candidate, political party or organization of 3 4 citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location 5 where in-person absentee voting is conducted. Pollwatchers 6 shall be residents of the county and possess valid pollwatcher credentials. All requirements in this Article 7 8 applicable to election authorities shall apply to the 9 respective local clerks, except where inconsistent with this 10 Section.

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11 In election jurisdictions that deliver absentee ballots 12 to the polling place to be counted by the precinct judges on election day, the sealed absentee ballots in their carrier 13 envelope shall be delivered by the respective clerks, or by 14 15 the election authority on behalf of a clerk if the clerk and 16 the election authority agree, to the proper polling place before the close of the polls on the day of the general 17 primary, consolidated primary, consolidated, or general 18 19 election.

In election jurisdictions that have adopted a Direct 20 21 Recording Electronic Voting System under Article 24C and that 22 count absentee ballots in the office of the election 23 authority on election day, the sealed absentee ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered to the office of 24 25 the election authority by the respective clerks before the close of the polls on the day of the general primary, 26 27 consolidated primary, consolidated, or general election.

Not more than 23 days before the nonpartisan, general and 28 29 consolidated elections, the county clerk shall make available 30 those municipal, township and road district clerks to conducting in-person absentee voting within such county, a 31 applications, absentee ballots, 32 sufficient number of 33 envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for use by absentee voters in the offices of such clerks. The respective 34

clerks shall receipt for all ballots received, shall return
 all unused or spoiled ballots to the county clerk on the day
 of the election and shall strictly account for all ballots
 received.

The ballots delivered to the respective clerks shall 5 6 include absentee ballots for each precinct in the 7 municipality, township or road district, or shall include for each political subdivision 8 such separate ballots 9 conducting an election of officers or a referendum on that election day as will permit any resident of the municipality, 10 11 township or road district to vote absentee in the office of 12 the proper clerk.

The clerks of all municipalities, townships and road 13 districts may distribute applications for absentee ballot for 14 15 the use of voters who wish to mail such applications to the 16 appropriate election authority. Such applications for absentee ballots shall be made on forms provided by the 17 election authority. Duplication of such forms by 18 the municipal, township or road district clerk is prohibited. 19 (Source: P.A. 91-210, eff. 1-1-00.) 20

21 (10 ILCS 5/19-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-7)

22 19-7. Upon receipt of such absent voter's ballot, Sec. the election authority shall forthwith enclose the same 23 24 unopened, together with the application made by said absent 25 voter in a large or carrier envelope which shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of such 26 officer and the words, "This envelope contains an absent 27 28 voter's ballot and must be opened on election day," together with the number and description of the precinct in which said 29 ballot is to be voted, and such officer shall thereafter 30 safely keep the same in his office until counted by him as 31 provided in this Article the-next-section. 32

33 Except as provided in Article 24C, the election authority

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1 may choose (i) to have the absentee ballots delivered before 2 the closing of the polls to their proper polling places for 3 counting by the precinct judges or (ii) to have the absentee 4 ballots received after 12:00 noon on election day or too late for delivery before the closing of the polls on election day 5 counted in the office of the election authority by one or 6 more panels of election judges appointed in the manner 7 8 provided for in this Code.

9 (Source: P.A. 81-155.)

10 (10 ILCS 5/19-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-8)

19-8. In election jurisdictions that deliver 11 Sec. 12 absentee ballots to the polling place to be counted by the precinct judges, the provisions of this Section shall apply. 13 14 In case an absent voter's ballot is received by the 15 election authority prior to the delivery of the official ballots to the judges of election of the precinct in which 16 17 said elector resides, such ballot envelope and application, sealed in the carrier envelope, shall be enclosed in such 18 package and therewith delivered to the judges of such 19 20 precinct. In case the official ballots for such precinct have 21 been delivered to the judges of election at the time of the 22 receipt by the election authority of such absent voter's ballot, such authority shall immediately enclose 23 said 24 envelope containing the absent voter's ballot, together with his application therefor, in a larger or carrier envelope 25 26 which shall be securely sealed and addressed on the face to the judges of election, giving the name or number of 27 28 precinct, street and number of polling place, city or town in which such absent voter is a qualified elector, and the words 29 "This envelope contains an absent voter's ballot and must be 30 opened only on election day at the polls immediately after 31 the polls are closed, " mailing the same, postage prepaid, to 32 33 such judges of election, or if more convenient, such officer

1 may deliver such absent voter's ballot to the judges of 2 election in person or by duly deputized agent, said officer to secure his receipt for delivery of such ballot or ballots. 3 4 Absent voters' ballots returned by absentee voters to the 5 election authority after the closing of the polls on an 6 election day shall be endorsed by the election authority 7 receiving the same with the day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by such election authority for the 8 9 period of time required for the preservation of ballots used at such election, and shall then, without being opened, be 10 11 destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of such 12 election.

All absent voters' ballots received by the 13 election authority after 12:00 noon on election day or too late for 14 delivery to the proper polling place before the closing of 15 16 the polls on election day, and Special Write-In Absentee 17 Voter's Blank Ballots, except ballots returned by mail postmarked after midnight preceding the opening of the polls 18 19 on election day, and all absent voters' ballots in election jurisdictions that use voting systems authorized by Article 20 21 24C shall be endorsed by the election authority receiving the same with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted in 22 23 the office of the election authority on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m. All absent 24 voters' ballots 25 delivered in error to the wrong precinct polling place shall be returned to the election authority and counted under this 26 provision; however, all absentee ballots received by the 27 election authority by the close of absentee voting in the 28 29 office of the election authority on the day preceding the day 30 of election shall be delivered to the proper precinct polling places in time to be counted by the judges of election. 31

32 Such counting shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and 33 shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges 34 appointed in the manner provided by law. Such counting shall

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continue until all absent voters' ballots received as
 aforesaid have been counted.

The procedures set forth in Section 19-9 of this Act and 3 4 Articles 17 and 18 of this Code, shall apply to all absent voters' ballots counted under this provision, including 5 б comparing the signature on the ballot envelope with the 7 signature of the voter on the permanent voter registration 8 record card taken from the master file; except that votes shall be recorded by without-regard-to precinct designation, 9 except-for-precinct-offices. 10

11 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

12 (10 ILCS 5/19-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-9)

19-9. At the close of the regular balloting and at 13 Sec. the close of the polls the judges of election of each voting 14 15 precinct or the panel or panels of judges in the office of 16 the election authority, as the case may be, shall proceed to 17 cast the absent voter's ballot separately, and as each absent 18 voter's ballot is taken shall open the outer or carrier envelope, announce the absent voter's name, and compare the 19 20 signature upon the application with the signature upon the 21 certification on the ballot envelope and the signature of the 22 voter on the permanent voter registration record card. Τn case the judges find the certifications properly executed, 23 24 that the signatures correspond, that the applicant is a duly 25 qualified elector in the precinct and the applicant has not been present and voted within the county where he represents 26 27 himself to be a qualified elector on such election day, they 28 shall open the envelope containing the absent voter's ballot 29 in such manner as not to deface or destroy the certification thereon, or mark or tear the ballots therein and take out the 30 31 ballot or ballots therein contained without unfolding or 32 permitting the same to be unfolded or examined, and having endorsed the ballot in like manner as other ballots are 33

1 required to be endorsed, shall deposit the same in the proper 2 ballot box or boxes and enter the absent voter's name in the poll book the same as if he had been present and voted in 3 4 The judges shall place the absentee ballot person. 5 certification envelopes in a separate envelope as per the 6 direction of the election authority. Such envelope containing 7 the absentee ballot certification envelopes shall be returned 8 to the election authority and preserved in like manner as the 9 official poll record.

In case such signatures do not correspond, or that the 10 11 applicant is not a duly qualified elector in such precinct or 12 that the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and resealed, or that said voter is present and has voted within 13 the county where he represents himself to be a qualified 14 15 elector on the day of such election at such election such 16 previously cast vote shall not be allowed, but without 17 opening the absent voter's envelope the judge of such election shall mark across the face thereof, "Rejected", 18 19 giving the reason therefor.

In case the ballot envelope contains more than one ballot of any kind, said ballots shall not be counted, but shall be marked "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.

The absent voters' envelopes and affidavits and the absent voters' envelope with its contents unopened, when such absent vote is rejected shall be retained and preserved in the manner as now provided for the retention and preservation of official ballots rejected at such election.

As applied to an absentee ballot of a permanently disabled voter who has complied with Section 19-12.1, the word "certification" as used in this Section shall be construed to refer to the unsworn statement subscribed to by the voter pursuant to Section 19-12.1.

33 (Source: P.A. 87-1052.)

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(10 ILCS 5/19-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-10)

2 19-10. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe Sec. in-person absentee voting procedures at the office of the 3 4 election authority as well as at municipal, township or road district clerks' offices where such absentee voting is 5 conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed 6 7 in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23, 8 except each candidate, political party or organization of 9 citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location where in-person absentee voting is conducted. 10 Pollwatchers 11 shall be residents of the county and possess valid 12 pollwatcher credentials.

In the polling place on election day, pollwatchers 13 shall be permitted to be present during the casting of the absent 14 voters' ballots and the vote of any absent voter may be 15 16 challenged for cause the same as if he were present and voted in person, and the judges of the election or a majority 17 thereof shall have power and authority to hear and determine 18 19 the legality of such ballot; Provided, however, that if a 20 challenge to any absent voter's right to vote is sustained, 21 notice of the same must be given by the judges of election by 22 mail addressed to the voter's place of residence.

23 Where eertain absent voters' ballots are counted on the day of the election in the office of the election authority 24 25 as provided in this Article Section-19-8-of-this-Act, each political party, candidate and qualified civic organization 26 27 shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned. Such pollwatchers 28 29 shall be subject to the same provisions as are provided for 30 pollwatchers in Sections 7-34 and 17-23 of this Code, and 31 shall be permitted to observe the election judges making the 32 signature comparison between that which is on the absentee 33 ballot application and that which is on the ballot envelope 34 and that-which-is-on the permanent voter registration record

1 card taken from the master file.

2 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)

3 (10 ILCS 5/19-12.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-12.2)

19-12.2. Voting by physically incapacitated 4 Sec. electors who have made proper application to the election 5 authority not later than 5 days before the regular primary 6 1980 and before each election 7 and general election of thereafter shall be conducted on the premises of facilities 8 licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act 9 for the sole benefit of residents of such facilities. Such 10 voting shall be conducted during any continuous period 11 sufficient to allow all applicants to cast their ballots 12 between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. either on the Friday, 13 14 Saturday, Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the regular 15 election. This absentee voting on one of said days designated by the election authority shall be supervised by two election 16 17 judges who must be selected by the election authority in the 18 following order of priority: (1) from the panel of judges appointed for the precinct in which such facility is located, 19 20 or from a panel of judges appointed for any other precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority in the same 21 22 ward or township, as the case may be, in which the facility is located or, only in the case where a judge or judges from 23 24 the precinct, township or ward are unavailable to serve, (3) from a panel of judges appointed for any other precinct 25 within the jurisdiction of the election authority. 26 The two judges shall be from different political parties. Not less 27 28 than 30 days before each regular election, the election 29 authority shall have arranged with the chief administrative officer of each facility in his or its election jurisdiction 30 31 a mutually convenient time period on the Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the election for such 32 voting on the premises of the facility and shall post in a 33

1 prominent place in his or its office a notice of the agreed 2 day and time period for conducting such voting at each facility; provided that the election authority shall not 3 4 later than noon on the Thursday before the election also post 5 the names and addresses of those facilities from which no 6 applications were received and in which no supervised absentee voting will be conducted. All provisions of this 7 Code applicable to pollwatchers shall be applicable herein. 8 9 To the maximum extent feasible, voting booths or screens shall be provided to insure the privacy of the voter. Voting 10 11 procedures shall be as described in Article 17 of this Code, except that ballots shall be treated as absentee ballots and 12 shall not be counted until the close of the polls on the 13 following day. After the last voter has concluded voting, the 14 15 judges shall seal the ballots in an envelope and affix their 16 signatures across the flap of the envelope. Immediately thereafter, the judges shall bring the sealed envelope to the 17 18 office of the election authority who shall preserve the 19 ballots in the office of the election authority in those jurisdictions that have adopted a Direct Recording Electronic 20 Voting System under Article 24C and that count absentee 21 22 ballots in the office of the election authority or shall 23 deliver the such ballots to the proper precinct polling places prior to the closing of the polls on the day of 24 election in election jurisdictions that count absentee 25 ballots in the polling place. Provided, that in election 26 jurisdictions that count absentee ballots in the polling 27 place the election authority may arrange for the judges who 28 29 conduct such voting on the Monday before the election to 30 deliver the sealed envelope directly to the proper precinct polling place on the day of election and shall announce such 31 32 procedure in the 30 day notice heretofore prescribed. The judges of election shall also report to the 33 election authority the name of any applicant in the facility who, due 34

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1 to unforeseen circumstance or condition or because of a 2 religious holiday, was unable to vote. In this event, the election authority may appoint a qualified person from his or 3 4 its staff to deliver the ballot to such applicant on the day This staff person shall follow the same 5 of election. procedures prescribed for judges conducting absentee voting 6 7 in such facilities; but shall return the ballot to the proper 8 precinct polling place before the polls close. However, if the facility from which the application was made is also used 9 as a regular precinct polling place for that voter, voting 10 11 procedures heretofore prescribed may be implemented by 2 of 12 the election judges of opposite party affiliation assigned to that polling place during the hours of voting on the day of 13 the election. Judges of election shall be compensated not 14 15 less than \$25.00 for conducting absentee voting in such 16 facilities.

Not less than 120 days before each regular election, 17 the Department of Public Health shall certify to the State Board 18 of Elections a list of the facilities licensed or certified 19 20 pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, and shall indicate the 21 approved bed capacity and the name of the chief administrative officer of each such facility, and the State 22 23 Board of Elections shall certify the same to the appropriate election authority within 20 days thereafter. 24

25 (Source: P.A. 86-820; 86-875; 86-1028; 87-1052.)

26 (10 II

(10 ILCS 5/19-15)

Sec. 19-15. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
 voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u>
 <u>systems equipment</u>.

30 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct 31 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant 32 to Article 24B of this Code <u>or Direct Recording Electronic</u> 33 <u>Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C</u>, and the

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1 provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict with 2 the provisions of this Article 19, the provisions of Article 3 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern the 4 procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the 5 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election 6 7 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 8 equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting 9 voting Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections 10 11 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the 12 State Board of Elections. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

15 (10 ILCS 5/20-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2)

Sec. 20-2. Any member of the United States Service, 16 17 otherwise qualified to vote, who expects in the course of his 18 duties to be absent from the county in which he resides on the day of holding any election may make application for an 19 20 absentee ballot to the election authority having jurisdiction 21 over his precinct of residence on the official postcard or on 22 a form furnished by the election authority as prescribed by Section 20-3 of this Article not less than 10 days before the 23 24 election. A request pursuant to this Section shall entitle the applicant to an absentee ballot for every election in one 25 calendar year. The original application for ballot shall be 26 kept in the office of the election authority for one year as 27 28 authorization to send a ballot to the voter for each election 29 to be held within that calendar year. A certified copy of such application for ballot shall be sent each election with 30 31 the absentee ballot to the polling place to be used in lieu of the original application for ballot. No registration shall 32 33 be required in order to vote pursuant to this Section.

1 Ballots under this Section shall be mailed by the 2 election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5 of this Article and not otherwise. Ballots voted under this 3 4 Section must be returned to--the--election--authority in 5 sufficient time for delivery (i) to the proper precinct polling place before the closing of the polls on the day of 6 7 the election in jurisdictions that count absentee ballots in 8 the polling place or (ii) to the office of the election authority before the closing of the polls in those 9 10 jurisdictions that have adopted a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System under Article 24C and that count absentee 11 ballots in the office of the election authority. 12

13 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)

14 (10 ILCS 5/20-2.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2.1)

15 Sec. 20-2.1. Citizens of the United States temporarily residing outside the territorial limits of the United States 16 17 who are not registered but otherwise qualified to vote and 18 who expect to be absent from their county of residence during the periods of voter registration provided for in Articles 4, 19 20 5 or 6 of this Code and on the day of holding any election, 21 may make simultaneous application to the election authority 22 having jurisdiction over their precinct of residence for an absentee registration and absentee ballot not less than 30 23 24 days before the election. Such application may be made on the official postcard or on a form furnished by the election 25 authority as prescribed by Section 20-3 of this Article. A 26 request pursuant to this Section shall entitle the applicant 27 28 to an absentee ballot for every election in one calendar 29 year. The original application for ballot shall be kept in the office of the election authority for one year 30 as 31 authorization to send a ballot to the voter for each election to be held within that calendar year. A certified copy of 32 33 such application for ballot shall be sent each election with

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the absentee ballot to the polling place to be used in lieu
 of the original application for ballot.

Registration shall be required in order to vote pursuant to this Section. However, if the election authority receives one of such applications after 30 days but not less than 10 days before a Federal election, said applicant shall be sent a ballot containing the Federal offices only and registration for that election shall be waived.

9 Ballots under this Section shall be mailed by the
10 election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5
11 of this Article and not otherwise.

Ballots under this Section must be returned to-the 12 election-authority in sufficient time for delivery (i) to the 13 proper precinct polling place before the closing of the polls 14 15 on the day of the election in those jurisdictions that count 16 absentee ballots in the polling place or (ii) to the office 17 of the election authority before the closing of the polls on election day in those jurisdictions that have adopted a 18 Direct Recording Electronic Voting System under Article 24C 19 20 and that count absentee ballots in the office of the election 21 <u>authority</u>.

22 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)

23 (10 ILCS 5/20-2.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2.2)

24 20-2.2. Any non-resident civilian citizen, Sec. otherwise qualified to vote, may make application to the 25 election authority having jurisdiction over his precinct of 26 former residence for an absentee ballot containing the 27 28 Federal offices only not less than 10 days before a Federal 29 election. Such application may be made only on the official postcard. A request pursuant to this Section shall entitle 30 the applicant to an absentee ballot for every election in one 31 calendar year at which Federal offices are filled. The 32 33 original application for ballot shall be kept in the office

1 of the election authority for one year as authorization to 2 send a ballot to the voter for each election to be held within that calendar year at which Federal offices are 3 4 filled. A certified copy of such application for ballot shall be sent each election with the absentee ballot to the 5 polling place to be used in lieu of the original application 6 for ballot. No registration shall be required in order to 7 8 vote pursuant to this Section. Ballots under this Section shall be mailed by the election authority in the manner 9 prescribed by Section 20-5 of this Article and not otherwise. 10 11 Ballots under this Section must be returned to--the--election 12 authority in sufficient time for delivery (i) to the proper precinct polling place before the closing of the polls on the 13 day of the election in those jurisdictions that count 14 15 absentee ballots in the polling place or (ii) to the office 16 of the election authority before the closing of the polls on 17 election day in those jurisdictions that have adopted a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System under Article 24C 18 and that count absentee ballots in the office of the election 19 20 <u>authority</u>.

21 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)

22

(10 ILCS 5/20-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-7)

Sec. 20-7. Upon receipt of such absent voter's ballot, 23 24 the officer or officers above described shall forthwith enclose the same unopened, together with the application made 25 by said absent voter in a large or carrier envelope which 26 shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and 27 28 official title of such officer and the words, "This envelope 29 contains an absent voter's ballot and must be opened on election day," together with the number and description of 30 the precinct in which said ballot is to be voted, and such 31 officer shall thereafter safely keep the same in his office 32 33 until counted by him as provided in this Article the-next

2 Except as provided in Article 24C, the election authority 3 may choose (i) to deliver the absentee ballots to the proper 4 precinct polling place before the close of the polls on the election day to be counted by the precinct judges or (ii) to 5 have the absentee ballots received after 12:00 noon on 6 7 election day or too late for delivery before the closing of 8 the polls on election day counted in the office of the election authority by one or more panels of election judges 9 appointed in the manner provided for in this Code. 10

11 (Source: P.A. 81-155.)

12 (10 ILCS 5/20-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-8)

Sec. 20-8. <u>(a) In election jurisdictions that count</u> absentee ballots in the polling place, this subsection shall apply.

In case any such ballot is received by the election 16 17 authority prior to the delivery of the official ballots to 18 the judges of election of the precinct in which said elector resides, such ballot envelope and application, sealed in the 19 20 carrier envelope, shall be enclosed in the same package with the other official ballots and therewith delivered to the 21 judges of such precinct. In case the official ballots for 22 such precinct have been delivered to the judges of election 23 24 at the time of the receipt by the election authority of such absent voter's ballot, it shall immediately enclose said 25 envelope containing the absent voter's ballot, together with 26 his application therefor, in a larger or carrier envelope 27 which shall be securely sealed and addressed on the face to 28 29 the judges of election, giving the name or number of precinct, street and number of polling place, city or town in 30 31 which such absent voter is a qualified elector, and the words, "This envelope contains an absent voter's ballot and 32 33 must be opened only on election day at the polls immediately

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1 after the polls are closed," mailing the same, postage 2 prepaid, to such judges of election, or if more convenient he or it may deliver such absent voter's ballot to the judges of 3 4 election in person or by duly deputized agent and secure his 5 receipt for delivery of such ballot or ballots. Absent 6 voter's ballots postmarked after 11:59 p.m. of the day 7 immediately preceding the election returned to the election 8 authority too late to be delivered to the proper polling 9 place before the closing of the polls on the day of election shall be endorsed by the person receiving the same with the 10 11 day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by the election authority for the period of time required for 12 the preservation of ballots used at such election, and shall 13 then, without being opened, be destroyed in like manner as 14 15 the used ballots of such election.

16 (b) All absent voters' ballots received by the election authority after 12:00 noon on election day or too late for 17 delivery to the proper polling place before the closing of 18 19 the polls on election day, except ballots returned by mail postmarked after midnight preceding the opening of the polls 20 21 on election day, and all absent voters' ballots in election 22 jurisdictions that use voting systems authorized by Article 23 24C shall be counted in the office of the election authority on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m. All absent voters' 24 25 ballots delivered in error to the wrong precinct polling place shall be returned to the election authority and counted 26 under this provision. 27

Such counting shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by law. Such counting shall continue until all absent voters' ballots received as aforesaid have been counted.

The procedures set forth in Section 19-9 of this Act and Articles 17 and 18 of this Code, shall apply to all absent

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voters' ballots counted under this provision; except that votes shall be recorded by without--regard--to precinct designation.

4 Where eertain absent voters' ballots are counted in the 5 office of the election authority as provided in this Section, 6 political party, candidate and qualified civic each organization shall be entitled 7 to have present one 8 pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein 9 assigned.

10 (Source: P.A. 84-861.)

11 (10 ILCS 5/20-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-9)

Sec. 20-9. At the close of the regular balloting and at 12 the close of the polls the judges of election of each voting 13 14 precinct or the panel or panels of judges in the office of 15 the election authority, as the case may be, shall proceed to cast the absent voter's ballot separately, and as each absent 16 17 voter's ballot is taken shall open the outer or carrier 18 envelope, announce the absent voter's name, and compare the signature upon the application with the signature upon the 19 20 registration record card if the voter is registered or upon the certification on the ballot envelope if there is 21 no 22 registration card. In case the judges find the certifications properly executed, that the signatures correspond, that the 23 24 applicant is a duly qualified elector in the precinct and the applicant has not been present and voted within the county 25 where he represents himself to be a qualified elector on such 26 27 election day, they shall open the envelope containing the absent voter's ballot in such manner as not to deface or 28 29 destroy the certification thereon, or mark or tear the ballots therein and take out the ballot or ballots therein 30 31 contained without unfolding or permitting the same to be unfolded or examined, and having endorsed or initialed the 32 33 ballot in like manner as other ballots are required to be

1 endorsed, shall deposit the same in the proper ballot box or 2 and mark the voter's registration record card boxes accordingly or file the application in lieu thereof. 3 The 4 the absentee ballot certification judqes shall place envelopes in a separate envelope as per the direction of the 5 б election authority. Such envelope containing the absentee ballot certification envelopes shall be returned to 7 the 8 election authority and preserved in like manner as the 9 official poll record.

In case the signatures do not correspond, or that 10 the 11 applicant is not a duly qualified elector in such precinct or 12 that the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and resealed (except for the purpose of military censorship), or 13 that said voter is present and has voted within the county 14 where he represents himself to be a qualified elector on 15 the 16 day of such election at such election such previously cast vote shall not be allowed, but without opening the absent 17 voter's envelope the judge of such election shall mark across 18 19 the face thereof, "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.

In case the ballot envelope contains duplicate ballots, said ballots shall not be counted, but shall be marked "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.

The absent voters' envelopes and certifications and the absent voters' envelope with its contents unopened, when such absent vote is rejected shall be retained and preserved in the manner as now provided for the retention and preservation of official ballots rejected at such election.

28 (Source: P.A. 87-1052.)

29

33

(10 ILCS 5/20-15)

30 Sec. 20-15. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology 31 voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u> 32 <u>systems equipment</u>.

If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct

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1 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant 2 to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code, and 3 4 the provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 20, the provisions of 5 б Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern 7 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges 8 of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the 9 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures 10 11 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology 12 voting equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections 13 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either 14 15 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the 16 State Board of Elections.

(Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.) 17

18

(10 ILCS 5/Art. 24C heading new)

19

20

21

(10 ILCS 5/24C-1 new)

22 Sec. 24C-1. Purpose. The purpose of this Article is to authorize the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting 23 24 Systems approved by the State Board of Elections. In a 25 Direct Recording Electronic Voting System, voters cast votes by means of a ballot display provided with mechanical or 26 27 electro-optical devices that can be activated by the voters to mark their choices for the candidates of their preference 28 29 and for or against public questions. The voting devices shall 30 be capable of instantaneously recording the votes, storing the votes, and tabulating the votes at the precinct. This 31 Article authorizes the use of Direct Recording Electronic 32

ARTICLE 24C. DIRECT RECORDING

ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS

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<u>Voting Systems for in-precinct counting applications, except</u>
 <u>that absentee ballots must be counted at the office of the</u>
 <u>election authority.</u>

4

(10 ILCS 5/24C-2 new)

5 Sec. 24C-2. Definitions. As used in this Article: "Audit trail" means a continuous trail of evidence 6 linking individual transactions related to the vote count 7 with the summary record of vote totals, but that shall not 8 allow for the identification of the voter. It shall permit 9 10 verification of the accuracy of the count and detection and 11 correction of problems and shall provide a record of each 12 step taken in: defining and producing ballots and generating related software for specific elections; installing ballots 13 and software; testing system readiness; casting and 14 tabulating ballots; and producing reports of vote totals. 15 16 The record shall incorporate system status and error messages generated during election processing, including a log of 17 machine activities and routine and unusual intervention by 18 authorized and unauthorized individuals. Also part of an 19 election audit trail is the documentation of such items as 20 21 ballots delivered and collected, administrative procedures for system security, pre-election testing of voting systems, 22 23 and maintenance performed on voting equipment.

24 <u>"Ballot" means an electronic audio or video display or</u> 25 any other medium used to record a voter's choices for the 26 candidates of his or her preference and for or against public 27 <u>questions.</u>

28 <u>"Ballot configuration" means the particular combination</u> 29 of political subdivision or district ballots including, for 30 <u>each political subdivision or district, the particular</u> 31 <u>combination of offices, candidate names, and public questions</u> 32 <u>as they appear for each group of voters who may cast the same</u> 33 <u>ballot.</u> -44- LRB9215985JMmbam01

1 "Ballot image" means a corresponding representation in 2 electronic form of the mark or vote position of a ballot. "Ballot label" or "ballot screen" means the display of 3 4 material containing the names of offices and candidates and 5 public questions to be voted on. "Computer", "automatic and electronic tabulating 6 equipment", or "equipment" includes (i) apparatus necessary 7 8 to automatically or electronically examine and count votes as 9 designated on ballots and (ii) data processing machines that 10 can be used for counting ballots and tabulating results. "Computer operator" means any person or persons 11 12 designated by the election authority to operate the automatic 13 tabulating equipment during any portion of the vote tallying process in an election, but shall not include judges of 14 15 election operating vote tabulating equipment in the precinct. "Computer program" or "program" means the set of 16 17 operating instructions for the automatic or electronic tabulating equipment that examines, records, counts, 18 tabulates, canvasses, and prints votes recorded by a voter on 19 20 <u>a ballot.</u> 21 "Direct recording electronic voting system", "voting 22 system", or "system" means the combination of equipment and programs that records votes by means of a ballot display 23 24 provided with mechanical or electro-optical devices that can 25 be activated by the voter, that processes the data by means of a computer program, that records voting data and ballot 26 images in internal memory devices, and that produces a 27 tabulation of the voting data as hard copy or stored in a 28 29 removable memory device. "Edit listing" means a computer generated listing of the 30 31 names of each candidate and public question as they appear in the program for each precinct. 32 "In-precinct counting" means the recording and counting 33 of ballots on automatic or electronic tabulating equipment 34

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provided by the election authority in the same precinct
polling place in which those ballots have been cast.
Separate ballot" means a separate page or display screen

4 of the ballot that is clearly defined and distinguishable
5 from other portions of the ballot.

<u>"Voting device" or "voting machine" means a Direct</u>
<u>Recording Voting System apparatus.</u>

8

(10 ILCS 5/24C-3 new)

9 Sec. 24C-3. Adoption, experimentation, or abandonment of Direct Recording Electronic Voting System; boundaries of 10 precincts; notice. Except as otherwise provided in Section 11 24C-20, any county board or board of county commissioners, 12 with respect to territory within its jurisdiction, may adopt, 13 14 experiment with, or abandon a Direct Recording Electronic 15 Voting System approved for use by the State Board of Elections and may use the system in all or some of the 16 precincts within its jurisdiction, or in combination with 17 punch cards, paper ballots, or ballot sheets. In no case may 18 a county board, board of county commissioners, or board of 19 election commissioners contract or arrange for the purchase, 20 21 lease, or loan of a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System or system component without the approval of the State Board 22 of Elections as provided by Section 24C-16. The county board 23 24 and board of county commissioners of each county having a 25 population of 40,000 or more, with respect to all elections 26 for which an election authority is charged with the duty of providing materials and supplies, must provide either a 27 28 Direct Recording Electronic Voting System approved for use by the State Board of Elections under this Article or voting 29 30 systems under Article 24, Article 24A, or Article 24B for each precinct for all elections, except as provided in 31 Section 24-1.2. For purposes of this Section "population" 32 33 does not include persons prohibited from voting by Section

1	<u>3-5 of this Code.</u>
2	Before any Direct Recording Electronic Voting System is
3	introduced, adopted, or used in any precinct or territory, at
4	least 2 months public notice must be given before the date of
5	the first election when the system is to be used. The
6	election authority shall publish the notice at least once in
7	one or more newspapers published within the county, or other
8	jurisdiction, where the election is held. If there is no
9	such newspaper, the notice shall be published in a newspaper
10	published in the county and having a general circulation
11	within the jurisdiction. The notice shall be substantially
12	as follows:
13	"Notice is hereby given that on (give date), at (insert
14	place where election is held) in the county of (insert
15	county) an election will be held for (insert name of offices
16	to be filled) at which a Direct Recording Electronic Voting
17	<u>System will be used."</u>
18	<u>Dated at (insert date)"</u>
19	This notice referred to shall be given only at the first
20	election at which the Direct Recording Electronic Voting
21	<u>System is used.</u>
22	(10 ILCS 5/24C-3.1 new)
23	Sec. 24C-3.1. Retention, consolidation, or alteration of
24	existing precincts; change of location. When a Direct
25	Recording Electronic Voting System is used, the county board
26	or board of election commissioners may retain existing
27	precincts or may consolidate, combine, alter, decrease, or
28	enlarge the boundaries of the precincts to change the number
29	of registered voters of the precincts using the system,
30	establishing the number of registered voters within each
31	precinct at a number not to exceed 800 as the appropriate
32	county board or board of election commissioners determines
33	will afford adequate voting facilities and efficient and

1 <u>economical elections.</u>

2 Except in the event of a fire, flood, or total loss of 3 heat in a place fixed or established pursuant to law by any 4 county board or board of election commissioners as a polling place for an election, no election authority shall change the 5 location of a polling place established for any precinct 6 after notice of the place of holding the election for that 7 8 precinct has been given as required under Article 12, unless 9 the election authority notifies all registered voters in the 10 precinct of the change in location by first class mail in sufficient time for the notice to be received by the 11 registered voters in the precinct at least one day prior to 12 the date of the election. 13

14 (10 ILCS 5/24C-4 new)

Sec. 24C-4. Use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting System; requisites; applicable procedure. Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems may be used in elections provided that the systems enable the voter to cast a vote for all offices and on all public questions for which he or she is entitled to vote, and that the systems are approved for use by the State Board of Elections.

22 <u>So far as applicable, the procedure provided for voting</u> 23 <u>paper ballots shall apply when Direct Recording Electronic</u> 24 <u>Voting Systems are used. The provisions of this Article 24C</u> 25 <u>will govern when there are conflicts.</u>

26

(10 ILCS 5/24C-5 new)

27 <u>Sec. 24C-5. Voting booths.</u> In precincts where a Direct 28 <u>Recording Electronic Voting System is used, a sufficient</u> 29 <u>number of voting booths shall be provided for the use of the</u> 30 <u>system according to the requirements determined by the State</u> 31 <u>Board of Elections. Each booth shall be placed so that the</u> 32 <u>entrance to each booth faces a wall in a manner that no judge</u> 1 <u>of election or pollwatcher is able to observe a voter casting</u>

## 2 <u>a ballot.</u>

3

(10 ILCS 5/24C-5.1 new)

4 Sec. 24C-5.1. Instruction of voters. Before entering the 5 voting booth each voter shall be offered instruction in using the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System. In 6 7 instructing voters, no election judge may show partiality to any political party or candidate. The duties of instruction 8 9 shall be discharged by a judge from each of the political 10 parties represented and they shall alternate serving as instructor so that each judge shall serve a like time at 11 12 those duties. No instructions may be given after the voter 13 has entered the voting booth.

No election judge or person assisting a voter may in any manner request, suggest, or seek to persuade or induce any voter to cast his or her vote for any particular ticket, candidate, amendment, question, or proposition. All instructions shall be given by election judges in a manner that it may be observed by other persons in the polling place.

21

(10 ILCS 5/24C-5.2 new)

Sec. 24C-5.2. Demonstration of Direct Recording 22 Electronic Voting System; placement in public library. When 23 24 a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System is to be used in 25 a forthcoming election, the election authority may provide, for the purpose of instructing voters in the election, one 26 27 demonstrator Direct Recording Electronic Voting System unit for placement in any public library within the political 28 29 subdivision where the election occurs. If the placement of a demonstrator takes place it shall be made available at least 30 31 30 days before the election.

1

(10 ILCS 5/24C-6 new)

2 Sec. 24C-6. Ballot information; arrangement; absentee 3 ballots; spoiled ballots. The ballot information shall, as 4 far as practicable, be in the order of arrangement provided 5 for paper ballots, except that the information may be in 6 vertical or horizontal rows or on a number of separate pages 7 or display screens.

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8 All public questions, including but not limited to public questions calling for a constitutional convention, 9 10 constitutional amendment, or judicial retention, shall be 11 placed on the ballot separate and apart from candidates. 12 Ballots for all public questions shall be clearly designated pursuant to administrative rule of the State Board of 13 Elections. More than one amendment to the constitution may 14 be placed on the same portion of the ballot screen. 15 Constitutional convention or constitutional amendment 16 propositions shall precede all candidates and other 17 propositions and shall be placed on a separate portion of the 18 ballot and designated by borders or unique color screens, 19 20 unless otherwise provided by administrative rule of the State Board of Elections. More than one public question may be 21 22 placed on the same portion of the ballot. Judicial retention propositions shall be placed on a separate portion of the 23 24 ballot designated pursuant to administrative rule of the 25 State Board of Elections. More than one proposition for retention of judges in office may be placed on the same 26 portion of the ballot. 27

The party affiliation, if any, of each candidate or the word "independent", where applicable, shall appear near or under the candidate's name, and the names of candidates for the same office shall be listed vertically under the title of that office. In the case of nonpartisan elections for officers of political subdivisions, unless the statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Illinois 1 <u>Constitution requires otherwise, the listing of nonpartisan</u> 2 <u>candidates shall not include any party or "independent"</u> 3 <u>designation. In primary elections, a separate ballot, shall</u> 4 <u>be used for each political party holding a primary, with the</u> 5 <u>ballot arranged to include names of the candidates of the</u> 6 <u>party and public questions and other propositions to be voted</u> 7 <u>upon on the day of the primary election.</u>

8 If the ballot includes both candidates for office and 9 public questions or propositions to be voted on, the election 10 official in charge of the election shall divide the ballot in 11 sections for "Candidates" and "Public Questions", or separate 12 ballots may be used.

Any voter who spoils his or her ballot or makes an error shall be provided a means of correcting the ballot or obtaining a new ballot prior to casting his or her ballot.

16 (10 ILCS 5/24C-6.1 new)

Sec. 24C-6.1. Security designation. In all elections 17 conducted under this Article, ballots shall have a security 18 designation. In precincts where more than one ballot 19 configuration may be voted upon, ballots shall have a 20 21 different security designation for each ballot configuration. If a precinct has only one possible ballot configuration, the 22 23 ballots must have a security designation to identify the precinct and the election. Where ballots from more than one 24 precinct are being tabulated, the ballots from each precinct 25 must be clearly identified; official results shall not be 26 generated unless the precinct identification for any precinct 27 corresponds. The Direct Recording Electronic Voting System 28 shall be designed to ensure that the proper ballot is 29 30 selected for each polling place and that the format can be matched to the software or firmware required to interpret it 31 correctly. The system shall provide a means of programming 32 33 each piece of equipment to reflect the ballot requirements of

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2 <u>correctness of the program and of the program's installation</u>

3 <u>in the equipment or in a programmable memory device.</u>

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4

1

(10 ILCS 5/24C-7 new)

5 Sec. 24C-7. Write-in ballots. Pursuant to administrative 6 rule of the State Board of Elections, a Direct Recording 7 Electronic Voting System shall provide an acceptable method 8 for a voter to vote for a person whose name does not appear 9 on the ballot using the same Direct Recording Electronic 10 Voting System used to record votes for candidates whose name 11 do appear on the ballot.

12

(10 ILCS 5/24C-8 new)

13 Sec. 24C-8. Preparation for use; comparison of ballots; operational checks of Direct Recording Electronic Voting 14 Systems equipment; pollwatchers. The election authority 15 shall cause the approved Direct Recording Electronic Voting 16 17 System equipment to be delivered to the polling places. Before the opening of the polls, all Direct Recording 18 Electronic Voting System devices shall provide a printed 19 record of the following, upon verification of the 20 authenticity of the commands by a judge of election: the 21 election's identification data, the equipment's unit 22 identification, the ballot's format identification, the 23 24 contents of each active candidate register by office and of 25 each active public question register showing that they contain all zeros, all ballot fields that can be used to 26 invoke special voting options, and other information needed 27 to ensure the readiness of the equipment, and to accommodate 28 29 administrative reporting requirements.

30 <u>The Direct Recording Electronic Voting System shall</u> 31 provide a means for the election judges to open the polling 32 place and ready the equipment for the casting of ballots. 1 Those means shall incorporate a security seal, a password, or 2 a data code recognition capability to prevent inadvertent or 3 unauthorized actuation of the poll-opening function. If more 4 than one step is required, it shall enforce their execution 5 in the proper sequence.

6 Pollwatchers, as provided by law, shall be permitted to 7 closely observe the judges in these procedures and to 8 periodically inspect the Direct Recording Electronic Voting 9 System equipment when not in use by the voters.

10

(10 ILCS 5/24C-9 new)

Sec. 24C-9. Testing of Direct Recording Electronic Voting 11 12 System equipment and programs; custody of programs, test materials, and ballots. Prior to the public test, the 13 14 election authority shall conduct an errorless pre-test of the 15 Direct Recording Electronic Voting System equipment and programs to determine that they will correctly detect voting 16 defects and count the votes cast for all offices and all 17 public questions. On any day not less than 5 days prior to 18 the election day, the election authority shall publicly test 19 20 the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System equipment and 21 programs to determine that they will correctly count the votes cast for all offices and on all public questions. 22 Public notice of the time and place of the test shall be 23 24 given at least 48 hours before the test by publishing the 25 notice in one or more newspapers within the election jurisdiction of the election authority, if a newspaper is 26 published in that jurisdiction. If a newspaper is not 27 28 published in that jurisdiction, notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in that jurisdiction. 29 30 Timely written notice stating the date, time, and location of the public test shall also be provided to the State Board of 31 Elections. The test shall be open to representatives of the 32 political parties, the press, representatives of the State 33

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1 Board of Elections, and the public. The test shall be 2 conducted by entering a preaudited group of ballots marked to 3 record a predetermined number of valid votes for each 4 candidate and on each public question, and shall include for 5 each office one or more ballots having votes exceeding the number allowed by law to test the ability of the electronic 6 tabulating equipment to reject the votes. The test shall 7 8 also include producing an edit listing.

9 The State Board of Elections may select as many election 10 jurisdictions that the Board deems advisable in the interests 11 of the election process of this State to order a special test of the electronic tabulating equipment and program before any 12 13 regular election. The Board may order a special test in any election jurisdiction where, during the preceding 12 months, 14 15 computer programming errors or other errors in the use of the 16 system resulted in vote tabulation errors. Not less than 30 17 days before any election, the State Board of Elections shall provide written notice to those selected jurisdictions of its 18 intent to conduct a test. Within 5 days of receipt of the 19 20 State Board of Elections' written notice of intent to conduct a test, the selected jurisdictions shall forward to the 21 22 principal office of the State Board of Elections a copy of all specimen ballots. The State Board of Elections' tests 23 24 shall be conducted and completed not less than 2 days before the public test using testing materials supplied by the Board 25 and under the supervision of the Board, and the Board shall 26 reimburse the election authority for the reasonable cost of 27 computer time required to conduct the special test. After an 28 29 errorless test, materials used in the public test, including the program, if appropriate, shall be sealed and remain 30 31 sealed until the test is run again on election day. If any error is detected, the cause of the error shall be determined 32 33 and corrected, and an errorless public test shall be made 34 before the automatic tabulating equipment is approved. Each

1 election authority shall file a sealed copy of each tested 2 program to be used within its jurisdiction at an election with the State Board of Elections before the election. The 3 4 Board shall secure the program or programs of each election jurisdiction so filed in its office for the 60 days following 5 the canvass and proclamation of election results. At the 6 expiration of that time, if no election contest or appeal is 7 8 pending in an election jurisdiction, the Board shall return 9 the sealed program or programs to the election authority of 10 the jurisdiction. After the completion of the count, the test shall be re-run using the same program. Immediately after 11 the re-run, all material used in testing the program and the 12 13 programs shall be sealed and retained under the custody of the election authority for a period of 60 days. At the 14 15 expiration of that time the election authority shall destroy 16 the voted ballots, together with all unused ballots returned from the precincts, provided, that if any contest of election 17 is pending at the time in which the ballots may be required 18 as evidence and the election authority has notice of the 19 contest, the ballots shall not be destroyed until after the 20 contest is finally determined. If the use of back-up 21 22 equipment becomes necessary, the same testing required for the original equipment shall be conducted. 23

24

(10 ILCS 5/24C-10 new)

25 <u>Sec. 24C-10. Recording of votes by Direct Recording</u> 26 <u>Electronic Voting Systems. Whenever a Direct Recording</u> 27 <u>Electronic Voting System is used to electronically record and</u> 28 <u>count the votes of ballots, the provisions of this Section</u> 29 <u>shall apply. A voter shall cast a proper vote on a ballot</u> 30 <u>pursuant to the instructions provided on the screen or</u> 31 <u>labels.</u>

32

(10 ILCS 5/24C-11 new)

<u>Sec. 24C-11. Functional requirements. The functional</u>
 <u>requirements of a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System</u>
 <u>shall be specified by the administrative rules of the State</u>
 <u>Board of Elections.</u>

5

(10 ILCS 5/24C-12 new)

6 <u>Sec. 24C-12. Procedures for counting and tallying of</u> 7 <u>ballots. In an election jurisdiction where a Direct Recording</u> 8 <u>Electronic Voting System is used, the procedures in this</u> 9 <u>Section for counting and tallying the ballots shall apply.</u>

10 Before the opening of the polls, the judges of elections 11 shall assemble the voting equipment and devices and turn the equipment on. The judges shall, if necessary, take steps to 12 actuate the voting devices and counting equipment by 13 14 inserting into the equipment and voting devices appropriate 15 electronic media containing passwords and data codes that 16 will select the proper ballot formats for that polling place and that will prevent inadvertent or unauthorized actuation 17 of the poll-opening function. Before voting begins and 18 before ballots are entered into the voting devices, the 19 20 judges of election shall cause to be printed a record of the 21 following: (i) the election's identification data, (ii) the device's unit identification, (iii) the ballot's format 22 identification, (iv) the contents of each active candidate 23 register by office and of each active public question 24 register showing that they contain all zeros, (v) all ballot 25 fields that can be used to invoke special voting options, and 26 (vi) other information needed to ensure the readiness of the 27 equipment and to accommodate administrative reporting 28 requirements. The judges must also check to be sure that the 29 30 totals are all zeros in the counting columns and in the public counter affixed to the voting devices. 31

32 <u>After the judges have determined that a person is</u> 33 <u>qualified to vote, the judges shall enable a voting device to</u>

1 be used by the voter and the proper ballot to which the voter is entitled shall be selected. The ballot may then be cast 2 3 by the voter by marking by appropriate means the designated 4 area of the ballot for the casting of a vote for any candidate or for or against any public question. The voter 5 shall be able to vote for any and all candidates and public 6 measures appearing on the ballot in any legal number and 7 8 combination and the voter shall be able to delete or change 9 his or her selections before the ballot is cast. The voter 10 shall be able to select candidates whose names do not appear 11 upon the ballot for any office by following the instructions provided on the screen or labels as many names of candidates 12 13 as the voter is entitled to select for each office.

Upon completing his or her selection of candidates or 14 public questions, the voter shall signify that voting has 15 16 been completed by activating the appropriate button, switch, 17 or active area of the ballot screen associated with end of voting. Upon activation, the voting system shall record an 18 image of the completed ballot, shall increment the proper 19 ballot position registers, and shall signify to the voter 20 that the ballot has been cast. The voter shall exit the 21 22 voting station and the voting system shall prevent any further attempt to vote until it has been re-activated by the 23 judges of election. If the voter fails to cast his or her 24 ballot and leaves the polling place, 2 judges of election, 25 one from each of the 2 major political parties, shall spoil 26 the ballot. 27

## 28 <u>Throughout the election day and before the closing of the</u> 29 polls, no person may check any vote totals for any candidate 30 <u>or public question on the voting or counting equipment.</u>

31 The precinct judges of election shall check the public 32 register to determine whether the number of ballots counted 33 by the voting equipment agrees with the number of voters 34 voting as shown by the applications for ballot. If the same 1 do not agree, the judges of election shall immediately
2 contact the offices of the election authority in charge of
3 the election for further instructions. If the number of
4 ballots counted by the voting equipment agrees with the
5 number of voters voting as shown by the application for
6 ballot, the number shall be listed on the "Statement of
7 Ballots" form provided by the election authority.

8 The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be 9 tabulated and 4 copies of a "Certificate of Results" shall be printed by the electronic tabulating equipment. In addition, 10 11 one copy shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the polling place and every effort shall be made by the judges of 12 13 election to provide a copy for each authorized pollwatcher or other official authorized to be present in the polling place 14 to observe the counting of ballots. Additional copies shall 15 16 be made available to pollwatchers, but in no case shall there be fewer than 4 chosen by lot by the judges of election. In 17 addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of 18 election to the pollwatchers to allow them to copy 19 information from the copy that has been posted. 20

21 If instructed by the election authority, the judges of 22 election shall cause the tabulated returns to be transmitted 23 electronically to the offices of the election authority via 24 modem or other electronic medium.

The precinct judges of election shall select a 25 bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return 26 the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other 27 election materials and equipment as instructed by the 28 election authority; provided, however, that the container 29 30 must first be sealed by the election judges with filament 31 tape or other approved sealing devices provided for the purpose in a manner that the ballots cannot be removed from 32 the container without breaking the seal or filament tape and 33 34 disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to

1 the container. The election authority shall keep the office 2 of the election authority, or any receiving stations 3 designated by the authority, open for at least 12 consecutive 4 hours after the polls close or until the ballots and election material and equipment, as instructed by the election 5 authority, from all precincts within the jurisdiction of the 6 election authority have been returned to the election 7 8 authority. Ballots and election materials and equipment 9 returned to the office of the election authority that are not 10 signed and sealed as required by law shall not be accepted by 11 the election authority until the judges returning the ballots 12 make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of 13 the ballots and election materials and equipment by the election authority, the judges returning the ballots shall 14 15 take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped with the time and date of the return. The election judges 16 whose duty it is to return any ballots and election materials 17 and equipment as provided shall, in the event the ballots, 18 materials, or equipment cannot be found when needed, on 19 proper request, produce the receipt that they are to take as 20 21 above provided.

22

(10 ILCS 5/24C-13 new)

Sec. 24C-13. Counting of absentee ballots. All 23 jurisdictions using Direct Recording Electronic Voting 24 25 Systems shall count absentee ballots at the office of the election authority. The provisions of Sections 24A-9 and 26 24B-9 shall apply to the testing and notice requirements for 27 28 central count tabulation equipment, including comparing the signature on the ballot envelope with the signature of the 29 30 voter on the permanent voter registration record card taken from the master file; except that votes shall be recorded by 31 32 <u>precinct.</u> Any election authority using a direct recording 33

electronic voting system shall use voting systems approved for use under Articles 16, 24A, or 24B when conducting absentee voting. The absentee ballots shall be examined and processed pursuant to Sections 19-9 and 20-9. The results shall be recorded by precinct and shall become part of the certificate of results.

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7

(10 ILCS 5/24C-14 new)

8 Sec. 24C-14. Tabulating votes; direction; presence of 9 public; computer operator's log and canvass. The procedure 10 for tabulating the votes by the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System shall be under the direction of the election 11 12 authority and shall conform to the requirements of the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System. During any 13 election-related activity using the Direct Recording 14 15 Electronic Voting System equipment, the election authority 16 shall dedicate the equipment to vote processing to ensure the security and integrity of the system. 17

A reasonable number of pollwatchers shall be admitted to 18 the counting location. Persons may observe the tabulating 19 20 process at the discretion of the election authority; however, 21 at least one representative of each established political party and authorized agents of the State Board of Elections 22 23 shall be permitted to observe this process at all times. No 24 persons except those employed and authorized for the purpose shall touch any ballot, ballot box, return, or equipment. 25

The computer operator shall be designated by the election authority and shall be sworn as a deputy of the election authority. In conducting the vote tabulation and canvass, the computer operator must maintain a log which shall include the following information:

31 (1) alterations made to programs associated with
 32 the vote counting process;
 33 (2) if applicable, console messages relating to the

1 program and the respective responses made by the 2 <u>operator;</u> 3 (3) the starting time for each precinct counted, 4 the number of ballots counted for each precinct, any

equipment problems and, insofar as practicable, the 5 number of invalid security designations encountered 6 7 during that count; and

8 (4) changes and repairs made to the equipment 9 during the vote tabulation and canvass.

10 The computer operator's log and canvass shall be 11 available for public inspection in the office of the election authority for a period of 60 days following the proclamation 12 13 of election results. A copy of the computer operator's log and the canvass shall be transmitted to the State Board of 14 15 Elections upon its request and at its expense.

16

(10 ILCS 5/24C-15 new)

Sec. 24C-15. Official return of precinct; check of 17 totals; audit. The precinct return printed by the Direct 18 <u>Recording Electronic Voting System tabulating equipment shall</u> 19 include the number of ballots cast, ballots cast by each 20 21 political party for a primary election, and votes cast for each candidate and public question and shall constitute the 22 official return of each precinct. In addition to the 23 precinct return, the election authority shall provide the 24 number of applications for ballots in each precinct, the 25 total number of ballots counted in each precinct for each 26 political subdivision and district, and the number of 27 registered voters in each precinct. The election authority 28 shall check the totals shown by the precinct return and, if 29 30 there is an obvious discrepancy regarding the total number of votes cast in any precinct, shall have the ballots for that 31 precinct audited to correct the return. The procedures for 32 33 this audit shall apply prior to and after the proclamation is

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1 completed; however, after the proclamation of results, the 2 election authority must obtain a court order to unseal voted 3 ballots except for election contests and discovery recounts. 4 The certificate of results, that has been prepared and signed by the judges of election in the polling place and at the 5 election authority's office after the ballots have been 6 tabulated, shall be the document used for the canvass of 7 8 votes for the precinct. Whenever a discrepancy exists during 9 the canvass of votes between the unofficial results and the certificate of results, or whenever a discrepancy exists 10 during the canvass of votes between the certificate of 11 results and the set of totals reflected on the certificate of 12 13 results, the ballots for that precinct shall be audited to 14 correct the return.

Prior to the proclamation, the election authority shall test the voting devices and equipment in 5% of the precincts within the election jurisdiction. The precincts to be tested shall be selected after election day on a random basis by the State Board of Elections, so that every precinct in the election jurisdiction has an equal mathematical chance of being selected.

22 The test shall be conducted by entering a preaudited group of ballots marked to record a predetermined number of 23 24 valid votes for each candidate and on each public question, and shall include for each office one or more ballots that 25 have votes in excess of the number allowed by law to test the 26 ability of the equipment to reject those votes. If any error 27 is detected, the cause shall be determined and corrected, and 28 an errorless count shall be made prior to the official 29 canvass and proclamation of election results. 30

31 The State Board of Elections, the State's Attorney and 32 other appropriate law enforcement agencies, the chairman of 33 the county central committee of each established political 34 party, and qualified civic organizations shall be given prior -62-

written notice of the time and place of the test and may be
 represented at the test.

The results of this re-tabulation shall be treated in the same manner and have the same effect as the results of the discovery procedures set forth in Section 22-9.1 of this Code. Upon completion of the test, the election authority shall print a report showing the results of the test and any errors encountered and the report shall be made available for public inspection.

10

(10 ILCS 5/24C-15.01 new)

Sec. 24C-15.01. Transporting ballots to central counting 11 12 station; container. Upon completion of the tabulation, audit, or test of voting equipment, if the election authority 13 14 so instructs, pursuant to Sections 24C-11 through 24C-15, the 15 voting equipment and ballots from each precinct shall be 16 replaced in the container in which they were transported to the central counting station. If the container is not a type 17 that may be securely locked, then each container, before 18 being transferred from the counting station to storage, shall 19 20 be sealed with filament tape wrapped around the container 21 lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in a manner that the equipment and ballots cannot be removed from 22 23 the container without breaking the tape.

24

(10 ILCS 5/24C-15.1 new)

Sec. 24B-15.1. Discovery recounts and election contests. 25 Discovery recounts and election contests shall be conducted 26 as otherwise provided for in this Code. The Direct Recording 27 28 Electronic Voting System equipment shall be tested prior to 29 the discovery recount or election contest as provided in Section 24C-9 and then the official ballots shall be audited. 30 The log of the computer operator and all materials 31 retained by the election authority in relation to vote 32

1 <u>tabulation and canvass shall be made available for any</u> 2 <u>discovery recount or election contest.</u>

3

(10 ILCS 5/24C-16 new)

4 Sec. 24C-16. Approval of Direct Recording Electronic
5 Voting Systems; requisites. The State Board of Elections
6 shall approve all Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems
7 provided by this Article.

8 No Direct Recording Electronic Voting System shall be
9 approved unless it fulfills the following requirements:

10 (1) It enables a voter to vote in absolute secrecy, 11 except in the case of voters who receive assistance as 12 provided in this Code.

13 (2) It enables each voter to vote at an election 14 for all persons and offices for whom and for which the 15 voter is lawfully entitled to vote, to vote for as many 16 persons for an office as the voter is entitled to vote 17 for, and to vote for or against any public question upon 18 which the voter is entitled to vote, but no other.

(3) It will detect and reject all votes for an 19 20 office or upon a public question when the voter has cast 21 more votes for the office or upon the public question than he or she is entitled to cast; provided, however, 22 23 that it will inform a voter that the voter's choices as recorded on the ballot for an office or public question 24 25 exceeds the number that the voter is entitled to vote for on that office or public question and will offer the 26 voter an opportunity to correct the error before 27 28 rejecting the choices recorded on the voter's ballot.

29 (4) It will enable each voter in primary elections
30 to vote only for the candidates of the political party
31 with which he or she had declared affiliation and
32 preclude the voter from voting for any candidate of any
33 other political party.

1 (5) It enables a voter to vote a split ticket 2 selected in part from the nominees of one party, in part from the nominees of any or all parties, in part from 3 4 independent candidates, and in part of candidates whose 5 names are written in by the voter. (6) It enables a voter, at a Presidential election, 6 7 by a single selection to vote for the candidates of a 8 political party for Presidential electors. 9 (7) It will prevent anyone voting for the same person more than once for the same office. 10 11 (8) It will record and count accurately each vote 12 properly cast for or against any candidate and for or 13 against any public question, including the names of all candidates whose names are written in by the voters. 14 (9) It will be capable of merging the vote 15 16 tabulation results produced by other vote tabulation 17 systems, if necessary. (10) It will provide a means for sealing and 18 resealing the vote recording devices to prevent their 19 unauthorized use and to prevent tampering with ballot 20 21 labels. (11) It will be suitably designed for the purpose 22 used, be durably constructed, and be designed for safety, 23 24 accuracy, and efficiency. (12) It will be designed to accommodate the needs 25 of elderly, handicapped, and disabled voters. 26 (13) It will enable a voter to vote for a person 27 whose name does not appear on the ballot. 28 (14) It will be designed to ensure that vote 29 recording devices or electronic tabulating equipment that 30 31 count votes at the precinct will not be capable of reporting vote totals before the close of the polls. 32 (15) It will provide an audit trail. 33 The State Board of Elections is authorized to withdraw 34

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1 its approval of a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System 2 if the system fails to fulfill the above requirements. 3 No vendor, person, or other entity may sell, lease, or 4 loan a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System or system 5 component to any election jurisdiction unless the system or system component is first approved by the State Board of 6 Elections pursuant to this Section. The State Board of 7 8 Elections shall not accept for testing or approval of any system or system component that has not first been evaluated 9 10 by an independent testing laboratory or laboratories for 11 performance and reliability using the standards that may from time to time be promulgated by the United States Federal 12 13 Election Commission. When the functional requirements of this Section are in conflict with the standards promulgated 14

15 by the Federal Election Commission, the standards of the 16 Federal Election Commission shall govern.

17 (10 ILCS 5/24C-17 new)

18 Sec. 24C-17. Rules; number of voting booths. The State
19 Board of Elections may make reasonable rules for the
20 administration of this Article and may prescribe the number
21 of voting booths required for the various types of voting
22 systems.

23

(10 ILCS 5/24C-18 new)

Sec. 24C-18. Specimen ballots; publication. When a 24 Direct Recording Electronic Voting System is used, the 25 election authority shall cause to be published, at least 5 26 days before the day of each general and general primary 27 28 election, in 2 or more newspapers published in and having a 29 general circulation in the county, a true and legible copy of the specimen ballot containing the names of offices, 30 31 candidates, and public questions to be voted on, as near as 32 may be, in the form in which they will appear on the official

1 ballot on election day. A true legible copy may be in the form of an actual size ballot and shall be published as 2 required by this Section if distributed in 2 or more 3 4 newspapers published and having a general circulation in the county as an insert. For each election prescribed in Article 5 2A of this Code, specimen ballots shall be made available for б public distribution and shall be supplied to the judges of 7 election for posting in the polling place on the day of 8 election. Notice for the consolidated primary and 9 consolidated elections shall be given as provided in Article 10 11 <u>12.</u>

12

(10 ILCS 5/24C-19 new)

Sec. 24C-19. Additional method of voting. This Article 13 shall be deemed to provide a method of voting in addition to 14 15 the methods otherwise provided in this Code.

16 (10 ILCS 5/24A-20 rep.)

17 Section 10. The Election Code is amended by repealing Section 24A-20. 18

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on 19 January 1, 2003.". 20