- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 5 changing Section 17-1 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/17-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 17-1)
- 7 Sec. 17-1. Deceptive practices. (A) As used in this
- 8 Section:
- 9 (i) A financial institution means any bank, savings and
- 10 loan association, credit union, or other depository of money,
- or medium of savings and collective investment.
- 12 (ii) An account holder is any person, having a checking
- 13 account or savings account in a financial institution.
- 14 (iii) To act with the "intent to defraud" means to act
- 15 wilfully, and with the specific intent to deceive or cheat,
- 16 for the purpose of causing financial loss to another, or to
- 17 bring some financial gain to oneself. It is not necessary to
- 18 establish that any person was actually defrauded or deceived.
- 19 (B) General Deception
- 20 A person commits a deceptive practice when, with intent to
- 21 defraud:
- 22 (a) He causes another, by deception or threat to execute
- 23 a document disposing of property or a document by which a
- 24 pecuniary obligation is incurred, or
- 25 (b) Being an officer, manager or other person
- 26 participating in the direction of a financial institution, he
- 27 knowingly receives or permits the receipt of a deposit or
- other investment, knowing that the institution is insolvent,
- 29 or
- 30 (c) He knowingly makes or directs another to make a
- 31 false or deceptive statement addressed to the public for the

- 1 purpose of promoting the sale of property or services, or
- 2 (d) With intent to obtain control over property or to
- 3 pay for property, labor or services of another, or in
- 4 satisfaction of an obligation for payment of tax under the
- 5 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or any other tax due to the
- 6 State of Illinois, he issues or delivers a check or other
- 7 order upon a real or fictitious depository for the payment of
- 8 money, knowing that it will not be paid by the depository.
- 9 Failure to have sufficient funds or credit with the
- 10 depository when the check or other order is issued or
- 11 delivered, or when such check or other order is presented for
- 12 payment and dishonored on each of 2 occasions at least 7 days
- 13 apart, is prima facie evidence that the offender knows that
- 14 it will not be paid by the depository, and that he has the
- 15 intent to defraud.
- 16 (e) He issues or delivers a check or other order upon a
- 17 real or fictitious depository in an amount exceeding \$150 in
- 18 payment of an amount owed on any credit transaction for
- 19 property, labor or services, or in payment of the entire
- 20 amount owed on any credit transaction for property, labor or
- 21 services, knowing that it will not be paid by the depository,
- 22 and thereafter fails to provide funds or credit with the
- 23 depository in the face amount of the check or order within
- 24 seven days of receiving actual notice from the depository or
- 25 payee of the dishonor of the check or order.
- Sentence.
- 27 A person convicted of deceptive practice under paragraphs
- 28 (a) through (e) of this subsection (B), except as otherwise
- 29 provided by this Section, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 30 A person convicted of a deceptive practice in violation
- of paragraph (d) a second or subsequent time shall be guilty
- of a Class 4 felony.
- 33 A person convicted of deceptive practices in violation of
- paragraph (d), when the value of the property so obtained, in

- a single transaction, or in separate transactions within a 90
- 2 day period, exceeds \$150, shall be guilty of a Class 4
- 3 felony. In the case of a prosecution for separate
- 4 transactions totaling more than \$150 within a 90 day period,
- 5 such separate transactions shall be alleged in a single
- 6 charge and provided in a single prosecution.
- 7 (C) Deception on a Bank or Other Financial Institution
- 8 False Statements
- 9 1) Any person who, with the intent to defraud, makes or
- 10 causes to be made, any false statement in writing in order to
- obtain an account with a bank or other financial institution,
- 12 or to obtain credit from a bank or other financial
- institution, knowing such writing to be false, and with the
- 14 intent that it be relied upon, is guilty of a Class A
- 15 misdemeanor.
- 16 For purposes of this subsection (C), a false statement
- 17 shall mean any false statement representing identity,
- 18 address, or employment, or the identity, address or
- 19 employment of any person, firm or corporation.
- 20 Possession of Stolen or Fraudulently Obtained Checks
- 21 2) Any person who possesses, with the intent to obtain
- 22 <u>access to funds of another person held in a real or</u>
- 23 <u>fictitious deposit account at a financial institution, makes</u>
- 24 <u>a false statement or a misrepresentation to the financial</u>
- 25 <u>institution</u>, or possesses, transfers, negotiates, or presents
- for payment a check, draft, or other item purported to direct
- 27 <u>the financial institution to withdraw or pay funds out of the</u>
- 28 <u>account holder's deposit account with knowledge that such</u>
- 29 <u>possession</u>, <u>transfer</u>, <u>negotiation</u>, <u>or presentment is not</u>
- 30 <u>authorized by the account holder or the issuing financial</u>
- 31 <u>institution is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. A person</u>
- 32 <u>shall be deemed to have been authorized to possess, transfer,</u>
- 33 <u>negotiate</u>, or present for payment such item if the person was
- 34 <u>otherwise entitled by law to withdraw or recover funds from</u>

- 1 the account in question and followed the requisite procedures
- 2 under the law. In the event that the account holder, upon
- 3 <u>discovery of the withdrawal or payment, claims that the</u>
- 4 <u>withdrawal</u> or <u>payment</u> was not <u>authorized</u>, the financial
- 5 <u>institution may require the account holder to submit an</u>
- 6 <u>affidavit to that effect on a form satisfactory to the</u>
- 7 <u>financial institution before the financial institution may be</u>
- 8 required to credit the account in an amount equal to the
- 9 amount or amounts that were withdrawn or paid without
- 10 <u>authorization</u>. Any--person-who-possesses,-with-the-intent-to
- defraud,-any-check-or-order-for-the-payment-of-money,-upon-a
- 12 real--or--fictitious--account,--without--the--consent--of-the
- 13 account-holder,-or--the--issuing--financial--institution,--is
- 14 guilty-of-a-Class-A-misdemeanor.
- Any person who, within any 12 month period, violates this
- 16 Section with respect to 3 or more checks or orders for the
- 17 payment of money at the same time or consecutively, each the
- 18 property of a different account holder or financial
- institution, is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 20 3) Possession of Implements of Check Fraud. Any person
- 21 who possesses, with the intent to defraud, and without the
- 22 authority of the account holder or financial institution any
- 23 check imprinter, signature imprinter, or "certified" stamp is
- 24 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 25 A person who within any 12 month period violates this
- 26 subsection (C) as to possession of 3 or more such devices at
- 27 the same time or consecutively, is guilty of a Class 4
- 28 felony.
- 29 Possession of Identification Card
- 30 4) Any person, who with the intent to defraud, possesses
- 31 any check guarantee card or key card or identification card
- 32 for cash dispensing machines without the authority of the
- 33 account holder or financial institution, is guilty of a Class
- 34 A misdemeanor.

- 1 A person who, within any 12 month period, violates this
- 2 Section at the same time or consecutively with respect to 3
- 3 or more cards, each the property of different account
- 4 holders, is guilty of a class 4 felony.
- 5 A person convicted under this Section, when the value of
- 6 property so obtained, in a single transaction, or in separate
- 7 transactions within any 90 day period, exceeds \$150 shall be
- 8 guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 84-897.)