92_SB1330 LRB9207410ARsb

- 1 AN ACT concerning vehicles.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 5 adding Section 2-128 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/2-128 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 2-128. Ignition interlock devices.</u>
- 8 (a) The Secretary of State shall promulgate rules for
- 9 the certification of installers of ignition interlock
- 10 <u>devices</u>, as defined in Section 1-129.1 of this Code. Any
- 11 person certified by the Secretary of State as an installer of
- 12 <u>ignition</u> interlock devices shall be required to periodically
- download data from an ignition interlock device and transfer
- that data to the Secretary of State.
- 15 (b) In cases where a person is required to have an
- 16 <u>ignition installation device installed as a condition of</u>
- 17 <u>court supervision for a violation of Section 11-501, the</u>
- 18 Secretary of State, upon receiving data downloaded by an
- 19 <u>installer of the ignition interlock device, shall transfer</u>
- 20 <u>that data to the Probation Office of the county in which the</u>
- 21 person was placed on Court Supervision.
- 22 <u>(c) The Secretary shall compile and distribute to each</u>
- 23 Probation Office and State's Attorney's Office in the State a
- 24 <u>list of persons certified to install ignition interlock</u>
- 25 <u>devices</u>.
- 26 (d) The Secretary of State shall be required to conduct
- 27 <u>seminars to inform and train judges and State's Attorneys in</u>
- 28 the use of ignition interlock devices for persons placed on
- 29 <u>court supervision for a violation of Section 11-501 in each</u>
- 30 judicial circuit and in each district of the Cook County
- 31 <u>Court system.</u>

- 1 (e) The Secretary shall establish a fee schedule to be
- 2 assessed to persons required to have ignition interlock
- 3 devices installed as a condition of court supervision for a
- 4 violation of Section 11-501. The installer of the ignition
- 5 interlock device shall be required to collect these fees and
- б forward them to the Secretary of State.
- 7 The Unified Code of Corrections is amended Section 10.
- 8 by changing Section 5-6-3.1 as follows:
- (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3.1) 9
- Sec. 5-6-3.1. Incidents and Conditions of Supervision. 10
- When a defendant is placed on supervision, the court 11
- shall enter an order for supervision specifying the period of 12
- 13 such supervision, and shall defer further proceedings in the
- 14 case until the conclusion of the period.

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- (b) The period of supervision shall be reasonable under 15
- all of the circumstances of the case, but may not be longer 16
- 17 than 2 years, unless the defendant has failed to pay the
- assessment required by Section 10.3 of the Cannabis Control 18
- 19 Act or Section 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances
- 20 Act, in which case the court may extend supervision beyond 2
- perform no less than 30 hours of community service and not

years. Additionally, the court shall order the defendant to

- 23 more than 120 hours of community service, if community
- service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and 24
- approved by the county board where the offense was committed, 25
- when the offense (1) was related to or in furtherance of the 26
- 27 criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by
- 28 the defendant's membership in or allegiance to an organized
- gang; or (2) is a violation of any Section of Article 24 of 29
- 30 the Criminal Code of 1961 where a disposition of supervision
- is not prohibited by Section 5-6-1 of this Code. 31 The
- 32 community service shall include, but not be limited to, the

1	cleanup and repair of any damage caused by violation of
2	Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar
3	damages to property located within the municipality or county
4	in which the violation occurred. Where possible and
5	reasonable, the community service should be performed in the
6	offender's neighborhood.
7	For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has
8	the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois
9	Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.
10	(c) The court may in addition to other reasonable
11	conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the
12	rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each
13	defendant in the proper discretion of the court require that
14	the person:
15	(1) make a report to and appear in person before or
16	participate with the court or such courts, person, or
17	social service agency as directed by the court in the
18	order of supervision;
19	(2) pay a fine and costs;
20	(3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
21	training;
22	(4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
23	treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
24	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for
25	the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
26	(6) support his dependents;
27	(7) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
28	dangerous weapon;
29	(8) and in addition, if a minor:
30	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster
31	home;
32	(ii) attend school;
33	(iii) attend a non-residential program for
34	youth;

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1		(iv)	contrib	oute	to	his	own	support	at	home	or
2	in a	foster	home;	and							

- (9) make restitution or reparation in an amount not to exceed actual loss or damage to property and pecuniary loss or make restitution under Section 5-5-6 to a domestic violence shelter. The court shall determine the amount and conditions of payment;
- (10) perform some reasonable public or community service;
- (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. If the court has ordered the defendant to make a report and appear in person under paragraph (1) of this subsection, a copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the person or agency so designated by the court;
- (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced;
- (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act;
- (14) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a

probation officer;

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- (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of person, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;
- equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code that is certified by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration and installed by an installer who is certified by the Secretary of State. Under this condition the court may allow a defendant who is not self-employed to operate a vehicle owned by the defendant's employer that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device in the course and scope of the defendant's employment:
- vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device pursuant to paragraph (17), return to the installer not less than once every 2 months after installation to allow the installer to download from the ignition interlock device data concerning any attempts to start the vehicle, the defendant's blood alcohol level, and any other data yielded from the ignition interlock device.
- (d) The court shall defer entering any judgment on the charges until the conclusion of the supervision.
- 33 (e) At the conclusion of the period of supervision, if 34 the court determines that the defendant has successfully

1 complied with all of the conditions of supervision, the court

2 shall discharge the defendant and enter a judgment dismissing

3 the charges.

- 4 (f) Discharge and dismissal upon a successful conclusion 5 a disposition of supervision shall be deemed without adjudication of guilt and shall not be termed a conviction 6 7 for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by 8 law upon conviction of a crime. Two years after the 9 discharge and dismissal under this Section, unless disposition of supervision was for a violation of Sections 10 11 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, 5-401.3, or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or 12 for a violation of Sections 12-3.2 or 16A-3 of the Criminal 13 Code of 1961, in which case it shall be 5 years after 14 15 discharge and dismissal, a person may have his record of 16 arrest sealed or expunged as may be provided by law. However, any defendant placed on supervision before January 17 1980, may move for sealing or expungement of his arrest 18 record, as provided by law, at any time after discharge and 19 dismissal under this Section. A person placed on supervision 20 21 for a sexual offense committed against a minor as defined in subsection (g) of Section 5 of the Criminal Identification 22 23 Act or for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance 24 shall not have his or her record of arrest sealed or 25 expunged. 26
- (g) A defendant placed on supervision and who during the 27 period of supervision undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol 28 29 testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved 30 electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay the costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, 31 or both, and costs incidental to such approved electronic 32 33 monitoring in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay 34 those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the

- 1 Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is
- 2 located shall establish reasonable fees for the cost of
- maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the 3
- 4 mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs
- 5 incidental to approved electronic monitoring, all
- 6 defendants placed on supervision. The concurrence of the
- 7 Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order.
- 8 The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit
- 9 The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys
- collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall 10
- 11 use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing,
- alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The 12
- 13 treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county
- working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of 14
- 15 the Counties Code, as the case may be.
- 16 (h) A disposition of supervision is a final for
- 17 the purposes of appeal.

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- The court shall impose upon a defendant placed on 18 (i)
- 19 supervision after January 1, 1992, as a condition
- supervision, a fee of \$25 for each month of supervision 20
- 21 ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability
- 22 of the person placed on supervision to pay the fee, the court
- 23 assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose the fee on a
- minor who is made a ward of the State under the Juvenile 24
- Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee

shall be imposed only upon a defendant who is actively

- supervised by the probation and court services department. 27
- The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. 28
- 29 The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected
- 30 from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the
- probation and court services fund pursuant to Section 15.1 of 31
- 32 the Probation and Probation Officers Act.
- (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for 33
- any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the 34 Illinois

- 1 Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance,
- and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a
- 3 similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected
- 4 and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section
- 5 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

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- A defendant at least 17 years of age who is placed 6 (k) 7 on supervision for a misdemeanor in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and who has not been previously convicted of 8 9 a misdemeanor or felony may as a condition of his or her supervision be required by the court to attend educational 10 11 courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work 12 13 toward passing the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a 14 15 vocational training program approved by the court. 16 placed on supervision must attend a public institution of education to obtain the educational 17 or 18 vocational training required by this subsection (k). The 19 defendant placed on supervision shall be required to pay the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee is 20 21 charged for those courses or test. The court shall revoke the supervision of a person who wilfully fails to comply with 22 23 subsection (k). The court shall resentence the defendant upon revocation of supervision as provided in 24 25 Section 5-6-4. This subsection (k) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully 26 passed the GED test. This subsection (k) does not apply to a 27 defendant who is determined by 28 the court be
 - (1) The court shall require a defendant placed on supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for

completing the educational or vocational program.

developmentally disabled or otherwise mentally incapable of

- 1 possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control
- 2 Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a sentence of
- 3 probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or
- 4 Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and
- 5 after a finding by the court that the person is addicted, to
- 6 undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by
- 7 the court.
- 8 (m) The court shall require a defendant placed on
- 9 supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois
- 10 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, as
- 11 a condition of supervision, to give proof of his or her
- 12 financial responsibility as defined in Section 7-315 of the
- 13 Illinois Vehicle Code. The proof shall be maintained by the
- 14 defendant in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State
- 15 for a minimum period of one year after the date the proof is
- 16 first filed. The Secretary of State shall suspend the
- driver's license of any person determined by the Secretary to
- 18 be in violation of this subsection.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-399, eff. 1-1-98;
- 20 90-504, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 90-784, eff.
- 21 1-1-99; 91-127, eff. 1-1-00; 91-696, eff. 4-13-00; 91-903,
- 22 eff. 1-1-01.)
- 23 Section 15. The Probation and Probation Officers Act is
- 24 amended by adding Section 12.5 as follows:
- 25 (730 ILCS 110/12.5 new)
- 26 <u>Sec. 12.5. Report results from ignition interlock</u>
- 27 <u>device</u>. In cases where a person is placed on court
- 28 <u>supervision for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois</u>
- 29 <u>Vehicle Code, the probation office is required to receive and</u>
- 30 <u>monitor data received from an installer of ignition interlock</u>
- 31 <u>devices</u>. The probation office must notify the State's
- 32 Attorney's Office when that data indicates that an attempt to

- 1 start the vehicle was made at a time when the defendant's
- blood alcohol level was 0.03 or higher.
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 4 becoming law, except that Sections 10 and 15 take effect six
- 5 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
- 6 92nd General Assembly.