- 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 975
- 2 AMENDMENT NO. ____. Amend Senate Bill 975, AS AMENDED,
- 3 immediately below the enacting clause, by inserting the
- following: 4

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- 5 "Section 3. The Election Code is amended by changing
- Section 12-5 as follows: 6
- (10 ILCS 5/12-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 12-5) 7
- 8 Sec. 12-5. Notice for public questions.
- 9 elections held after July 1, 1999, notice of public questions
- shall be required only as set forth in this Section or as set 10
- forth in Section 17-3 or 19-3 of the School Code. 11 Not more
- than 30 days nor less than 10 days before the date of a 12
- regular election at which a public question is to be 13
- 14 submitted to the voters of a political or governmental
- subdivision, and at least 20 days before an emergency 15
- referendum, the election authority shall publish notice of
- 17 the referendum. The notice shall be published once in a
- local, community newspaper having general circulation in the 18
- political or governmental subdivision. The notice shall also 19
- be given at least 10 days before the date of the election by 20
- 21 posting a copy of the notice at the principal office of the
- 22 election authority. The local election official shall also

- 1 post a copy of the notice at the principal office of the
- 2 political or governmental subdivision, or if there is no
- 3 principal office at the building in which the governing body
- 4 of the political or governmental subdivision held its first
- 5 meeting of the calendar year in which the referendum is being
- 6 held. The election authority and the political or
- 7 governmental subdivision may, but are not required to, post
- 8 the notice electronically on their World Wide Web pages. The
- 9 notice, which shall appear over the name or title of the
- 10 election authority, shall be substantially in the following
- 11 form:
- 12 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the election to be
- held on (insert day of the week), (insert date of
- election), the following proposition will be submitted to
- 15 the voters of (name of political or governmental
- 16 subdivision):
- 17 (insert the public question as it will appear on the
- 18 ballot)
- The polls at the election will be open at 6:00
- o'clock A.M. and will continue to be open until 7:00
- 21 o'clock P.M. of that day.
- 22 Dated (date of notice)
- 23 (Name or title of the election authority)
- 24 The notice shall also include any additional information
- 25 required by the statute authorizing the public question. The
- 26 notice shall set forth the precincts and polling places at
- 27 which the referendum will be conducted only in the case of
- 28 emergency referenda.
- 29 (Source: P.A. 91-57, eff. 6-30-99.)"; and
- immediately below Section 5, by inserting the following:
- 31 "Section 10. The School Code is amended by changing
- 32 Sections 17-3 and 19-3 as follows:

1 (105 ILCS 5/17-3) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-3)

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Sec. 17-3. Additional levies-Submission to voters. The school board in any district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution, cause a proposition to increase, for a limited period of not less than 3 nor more than 10 years or for an unlimited period, the annual tax rate for educational purposes to be submitted to the voters of such district at a regular scheduled election as follows:

- (1) in districts maintaining grades 1 through 8, or grades 9 through 12, the maximum rate for educational purposes shall not exceed 3.5% of the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue;
- (2) in districts maintaining grades 1 through 12 the maximum rate for educational purposes shall not exceed 4.00%, except that if a single elementary district and a secondary district having boundaries that are coterminous on the effective date of this amendatory Act form a community unit district under Section 11-6, then the maximum rate for education purposes for such district shall not exceed 6.00% of the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue.

If the resolution of the school board seeks to increase the annual tax rate for educational purposes for a limited period of not less than 3 nor more than 10 years, the proposition shall so state and shall identify the years for which the tax increase is sought.

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition is in favor thereof at an election for which the election authorities have given notice either (i) in accordance with Section 12-5 of the Election Code or (ii) by publication of a true and legible copy of the specimen ballot label containing the proposition in the form in which it appeared or will appear on the official ballot label on the day of the

1 election at least 5 days before the day of the election in at <u>least</u> one <u>newspaper</u> <u>published</u> in <u>and</u> <u>having</u> a <u>general</u> 2 circulation in the district, the school board may thereafter, 3 4 until such authority is revoked in like manner, levy annually 5 the tax so authorized; provided that if the proposition as 6 approved limits the increase in the annual tax rate of the 7 district for educational purposes to a period of not less 8 than 3 nor more than 10 years, the district may, unless such 9 authority is sooner revoked in like manner, levy annually the tax so authorized for the limited number of years approved by 10 11 a majority of the votes cast on the proposition. Upon expiration of that limited period, the rate at which the 12 district may annually levy its tax for educational purposes 13 shall be the rate provided under Section 17-2, or the rate at 14 which the district last levied its tax for educational 15 16 purposes prior to approval of the proposition authorizing the levy of that tax at an increased rate, whichever is greater. 17

The school board shall certify the proposition to the proper election authorities in accordance with the general election law.

The provisions of this Section concerning notice of the tax rate increase referendum apply only to consolidated primary elections at which not less than 55% of the voters voting on the tax rate increase proposition voted in favor of the tax rate increase proposition.

26 (Source: P.A. 88-376.)

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27 (105 ILCS 5/19-3) (from Ch. 122, par. 19-3)

Sec. 19-3. Boards of education. Any school district governed by a board of education and having a population of not more than 500,000 inhabitants, and not governed by a special Act may borrow money for the purpose of building, equipping, altering or repairing school buildings or purchasing or improving school sites, or acquiring and

1 equipping playgrounds, recreation grounds, athletic fields, 2 and other buildings or land used or useful for school purposes or for the purpose of purchasing a site, with or 3 4 without a building or buildings thereon, or for the building 5 of a house or houses on such site, or for the building of a 6 house or houses on the school site of the school district, 7 for residential purposes of the superintendent, principal, or 8 teachers of the school district, and issue its negotiable 9 coupon bonds therefor signed by the president and secretary of the board, in denominations of not less than \$100 nor more 10 11 than \$5,000, payable at such place and at such time or times, not exceeding 20 years from date of issuance, as the board of 12 13 education may prescribe, and bearing interest at a rate not rate authorized by the Bond 14 exceed t.he maximum 15 Authorization Act, as amended at the time of the making of 16 the contract, payable annually, semiannually or quarterly, but no such bonds shall be issued unless the proposition to 17 issue them is submitted to the voters of the district at a 18 19 referendum held at a regularly scheduled election after the 20 board has certified the proposition to the proper election 21 authorities in accordance with the general election law, a 22 majority of all the votes cast on the proposition is in favor 23 of the proposition, and notice of such bond referendum (if heretofore-or-hereafter-held-at-any-general--or--consolidated 24 25 election) has been given either (i) in accordance with the second paragraph of Section 12-1 of the Election Code 26 irrespective of whether such notice included any reference to 27 the public question as it appeared on the ballot, or (ii) for 28 an election held on or after November 1, 1998, in accordance 29 30 Section 12-5 of the Election Code, or (iii) by publication of a true and legible copy of the specimen ballot 31 32 label containing the proposition in the form in which it appeared or will appear on the official ballot label on the 33 day of the election at least 5 days before the day of 34

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election in at least one newspaper published in and having a general circulation in each-county-in-which the district is located, irrespective of any other requirements of Article 12 Section 24A-18 of the Election Code, nor shall any residential site be acquired unless such proposition to acquire a site is submitted to the voters of the district at a referendum held at a regularly scheduled election after the board has certified the proposition to the proper election authorities in accordance with the general election law and a majority of all the votes cast on the proposition is in favor of the proposition. Nothing in this Act or in any other law shall be construed to require the notice of the bond referendum to be published over the name or title of the election authority or the listing of maturity dates of any bonds either in the notice of bond election or ballot used in the bond election. The provisions of this Section concerning notice of the bond referendum apply only to (i) consolidated primary elections at which not less than 60% of the voters voting on the bond proposition voted in favor of the bond proposition, and (ii) other elections held before July 1, 1999; otherwise thereafter, notices required in connection with the submission of public questions shall be as set forth in Section 12-5 of the Election Code. Such proposition may be initiated by resolution of the school board.

With respect to instruments for the payment of money issued under this Section either before, on, or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, it is and always has been the intention of the General Assembly (i) that the Omnibus Bond Acts are and always have been supplementary grants of power to issue instruments in accordance with the Omnibus Bond Acts, regardless of any provision of this Act that may appear to be or to have been more restrictive than those Acts, (ii) that the provisions of this Section are not a limitation on the supplementary

- 1 authority granted by the Omnibus Bond Acts, and (iii) that
- 2 instruments issued under this Section within the
- 3 supplementary authority granted by the Omnibus Bond Acts are
- 4 not invalid because of any provision of this Act that may
- 5 appear to be or to have been more restrictive than those
- 6 Acts.
- 7 The proceeds of any bonds issued under authority of this
- 8 Section shall be deposited and accounted for separately
- 9 within the Site and Construction/Capital Improvements Fund.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-811, eff. 1-26-99; 90-812, eff. 1-26-99;
- 11 91-57, eff. 6-30-99.)".