SB874 Enrolled LRB9201988RCcd

- 1 AN ACT concerning hunting.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing
- 5 Section 2.33 as follows:
- 6 (520 ILCS 5/2.33) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.33)
- 7 Sec. 2.33. Prohibitions.
- 8 (a) It is unlawful to carry or possess any gun in any
- 9 State refuge unless otherwise permitted by administrative
- 10 rule.
- 11 (b) It is unlawful to use or possess any snare or
- 12 snare-like device, deadfall, net, or pit trap to take any
- 13 species, except that snares not powered by springs or other
- 14 mechanical devices may be used to trap fur-bearing mammals,
- in water sets only, if at least one-half of the snare noose
- is located underwater at all times.
- 17 (c) It is unlawful for any person at any time to take a
- 18 wild mammal protected by this Act from its den by means of
- 19 any mechanical device, spade, or digging device or to use
- 20 smoke or other gases to dislodge or remove such mammal except
- 21 as provided in Section 2.37.
- 22 (d) It is unlawful to use a ferret or any other small
- 23 mammal which is used in the same or similar manner for which
- 24 ferrets are used for the purpose of frightening or driving
- any mammals from their dens or hiding places.
- 26 (e) (Blank).
- 27 (f) It is unlawful to use spears, gigs, hooks or any
- like device to take any species protected by this Act.
- 29 (g) It is unlawful to use poisons, chemicals or
- 30 explosives for the purpose of taking any species protected by
- 31 this Act.

- 1 (h) It is unlawful to hunt adjacent to or near any peat,
- 2 grass, brush or other inflammable substance when it is
- 3 burning.
- 4 (i) It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally
- 5 harass or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by
- 6 use or aid of any vehicle or conveyance, except as permitted
- 7 by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of
- 8 waterfowl. It is also unlawful to use the lights of any
- 9 vehicle or conveyance or any light from or any light
- 10 connected to such vehicle or conveyance in any area where
- wildlife may be found except in accordance with Section 2.37
- of this Act, however, nothing in this Section shall prohibit
- the normal use of headlamps for the purpose of driving upon a
- 14 roadway and except that striped skunk, opossum, red fox, gray
- 15 fox, raccoon and coyote may be taken during the open season
- 16 by use of a small light which is worn on the body or
- 17 hand-held by a person on foot and not in any vehicle.
- 18 (j) It is unlawful to use any shotgun larger than 10
- 19 gauge while taking or attempting to take any of the species
- 20 protected by this Act.
- 21 (k) It is unlawful to use or possess in the field any
- 22 shotgun shell loaded with a shot size larger than lead BB or
- 23 steel T (.20 diameter) when taking or attempting to take any
- 24 species of wild game mammals (excluding white-tailed deer),
- wild game birds, migratory waterfowl or migratory game birds
- 26 protected by this Act, except white-tailed deer as provided
- 27 for in Section 2.26 and other species as provided for by
- 28 subsection (1) or administrative rule.
- 29 (1) It is unlawful to take any species of wild game,
- 30 except white-tailed deer, with a shotgun loaded with slugs
- 31 unless otherwise provided for by administrative rule.
- 32 (m) It is unlawful to use any shotgun capable of holding
- 33 more than 3 shells in the magazine or chamber combined,
- 34 except on game breeding and hunting preserve areas licensed

- 1 under Section 3.27 and except as permitted by the Code of
- 2 Federal Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. If the
- 3 shotgun is capable of holding more than 3 shells, it shall,
- 4 while being used on an area other than a game breeding and
- 5 shooting preserve area licensed pursuant to Section 3.27, be
- 6 fitted with a one piece plug that is irremovable without
- 7 dismantling the shotgun or otherwise altered to render it
- 8 incapable of holding more than 3 shells in the magazine and
- 9 chamber, combined.
- 10 (n) It is unlawful for any person, except persons who
- 11 possess a permit to hunt from a vehicle as provided in this
- 12 <u>Section and persons otherwise</u> permitted by law, to have or
- 13 carry any gun in or on any vehicle, conveyance or aircraft,
- 14 unless such gun is unloaded and enclosed in a case, except
- 15 that at field trials authorized by Section 2.34 of this Act,
- 16 unloaded guns or guns loaded with blank cartridges only, may
- 17 be carried on horseback while not contained in a case, or to
- 18 have or carry any bow or arrow device in or on any vehicle
- 19 unless such bow or arrow device is unstrung or enclosed in a
- 20 case, or otherwise made inoperable.
- 21 (o) It is unlawful to use any crossbow for the purpose
- of taking any wild birds or mammals, except as provided for
- 23 in Section 2.33.
- 24 (p) It is unlawful to take game birds, migratory game
- 25 birds or migratory waterfowl with a rifle, pistol, revolver
- or airgun.
- 27 (q) It is unlawful to fire a rifle, pistol, revolver or
- 28 airgun on, over or into any waters of this State, including
- 29 frozen waters.
- 30 (r) It is unlawful to discharge any gun or bow and arrow
- 31 device along, upon, across, or from any public right-of-way
- 32 or highway in this State.
- 33 (s) It is unlawful to use a silencer or other device to
- 34 muffle or mute the sound of the explosion or report resulting

- 1 from the firing of any gun.
- 2 (t) It is unlawful for any person to trap or hunt, or
- allow a dog to hunt, within or upon the land of another, or 3
- 4 upon waters flowing over or standing on the land of another,
- 5 without first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant.
- б It shall be prima facie evidence that a person does not have
- 7 permission of the owner or tenant if the person is unable to
- demonstrate to the law enforcement officer in the field that 8
- 9 permission had been obtained. This provision may only be
- rebutted by testimony of the owner or tenant that permission 10
- 11 had been given. Before enforcing this Section the law
- enforcement officer must have received notice from the owner 12
- or tenant of a violation of this Section. Statements made to 13
- the law enforcement officer regarding this notice shall not 14
- be rendered inadmissible by the hearsay rule when offered for 15
- 16 the purpose of showing the required notice.
- (u) It is unlawful for any person to discharge any 17
- 18 firearm for the purpose of taking any of the species
- 19 protected by this Act, or hunt with gun or dog, or allow a
- dog to hunt, within 300 yards of an inhabited dwelling 20
- 21 without first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant,
- 22 except that while trapping, hunting with bow and arrow,
- hunting with shotgun using shot shells only, or on

hunting with dog and shotgun using shot shells only, or

licensed

- 25 game breeding and hunting preserve areas, as defined in
- Section 3.27, on property operated under a 26 Migratory
- Waterfowl Hunting Area Permit, on federally owned and managed 27
- lands and on Department owned, managed, leased or controlled 28
- 29 lands, a 100 yard restriction shall apply.
- 30 (v) It is unlawful for any person to remove fur-bearing
- mammals from, or to move or disturb in any manner, the traps 31
- 32 owned by another person without written authorization of the
- 33 owner to do so.

23

24

(w) It is unlawful for any owner of a dog to knowingly 34

- or wantonly allow his or her dog to pursue, harass or kill
- deer.
- 3 (x) It is unlawful for any person to wantonly or
- 4 carelessly injure or destroy, in any manner whatsoever, any
- 5 real or personal property on the land of another while
- 6 engaged in hunting or trapping thereon.
- 7 (y) It is unlawful to hunt wild game protected by this
- 8 Act between half hour after sunset and half hour before
- 9 sunrise except that hunting hours between half hour after
- 10 sunset and half hour before sunrise may be established by
- 11 administrative rule for fur-bearing mammals.
- 12 (z) It is unlawful to take any game bird (excluding wild
- 13 turkeys and crippled pheasants not capable of normal flight
- 14 and otherwise irretrievable) protected by this Act when not
- 15 flying. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a person from
- 16 carrying an uncased, unloaded shotgun in a boat, while in
- 17 pursuit of a crippled migratory waterfowl that is incapable
- of normal flight, for the purpose of attempting to reduce the
- 19 migratory waterfowl to possession, provided that the attempt
- 20 is made immediately upon downing the migratory waterfowl and
- 21 is done within 400 yards of the blind from which the
- 22 migratory waterfowl was downed. This exception shall apply
- only to migratory game birds that are not capable of normal

Migratory waterfowl that are crippled may be taken

- only with a shotgun as regulated by subsection (j) of this
- 26 Section using shotgun shells as regulated in subsection (k)
- 27 of this Section.

- 28 (aa) It is unlawful to use or possess any device that
- 29 may be used for tree climbing or cutting, while hunting
- 30 fur-bearing mammals.
- 31 (bb) It is unlawful for any person, except licensed game
- 32 breeders, pursuant to Section 2.29 to import, carry into or
- 33 possess alive in this State, any species of wildlife taken
- 34 outside of this State without obtaining permission to do so

- 1 from the Director.
- 2 (cc) It is unlawful for any person to have in their
- 3 possession any freshly killed species protected by this Act
- 4 during the season closed for taking.
- 5 (dd) It is unlawful to take any species protected by
- 6 this Act and retain it alive.
- 7 (ee) It is unlawful to possess any rifle while in the
- 8 field during gun deer season except as provided in Section
- 9 2.26 and administrative rules.
- 10 (ff) It is unlawful for any person to take any species
- 11 protected by this Act, except migratory waterfowl, during the
- 12 gun deer hunting season in those counties open to gun deer
- hunting, unless he wears, when in the field, a cap and upper
- 14 outer garment of a solid blaze orange color, with such
- 15 articles of clothing displaying a minimum of 400 square
- inches of blaze orange material.
- 17 (gg) It is unlawful during the upland game season for
- 18 any person to take upland game with a firearm unless he or
- 19 she wears, while in the field, a cap of solid blaze orange
- 20 color. For purposes of this Act, upland game is defined as
- 21 Bobwhite Quail, Hungarian Partridge, Ring-necked Pheasant,
- 22 Eastern Cottontail and Swamp Rabbit.
- 23 (hh) It shall be unlawful to kill or cripple any species
- 24 protected by this Act for which there is a daily bag limit
- 25 without making a reasonable effort to retrieve such species
- and include such in the daily bag limit.
- 27 This Section shall apply only to those species protected
- 28 by this Act taken within the State. Any species or any parts
- 29 thereof, legally taken in and transported from other states
- 30 or countries may be possessed within the State, except as
- 31 provided in this Section and Sections 2.35, 2.36 and 3.21.
- Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the use
- 33 of bow and arrow, or prevent the Director from issuing
- 34 permits to use a crossbow to handicapped persons as provided

- 1 <u>by administrative rule</u>. As used herein, "handicapped persons"
- 2 means those persons who have a permanent physical impairment
- 3 due to injury or disease, congenital or acquired, which
- 4 renders them so severely disabled as to be unable to use a
- 5 conventional bow and arrow device. Permits will be issued
- 6 only after the receipt of a physician's statement confirming
- 7 the applicant is handicapped as defined above.
- 8 Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the
- 9 Director from issuing permits to paraplegics or to other
- 10 <u>disabled persons who meet the requirements set forth in</u>
- 11 <u>administrative rule</u> persons-physically--unable--to--walk, to
- 12 shoot or hunt from a standing vehicle as provided by that
- 13 <u>rule</u>, provided that such is otherwise in accord with this
- 14 Act.
- Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the taking
- of aquatic life protected by the Fish Code or birds and
- 17 mammals protected by this Act, except deer and fur-bearing
- 18 mammals, from a boat not camouflaged or disguised to alter
- 19 its identity or to further provide a place of concealment and
- 20 not propelled by sail or mechanical power. However, only
- 21 shotguns not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller than .410 bore
- loaded with not more than 3 shells of a shot size no larger
- than lead BB or steel T (.20 diameter) may be used to take
- 24 species protected by this Act.
- Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the use of a
- 26 shotgun, not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller than a 20
- gauge, with a rifled barrel.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 90-743, eff. 1-1-99; 91-654, eff. 12-15-99.)
- 29 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 30 changing Section 24-2 as follows:
- 31 (720 ILCS 5/24-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-2)
- 32 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.

- 1 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10)
- 2 and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the
- 3 following:
- 4 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a
  5 peace officer to assist in making arrests or preserving
  6 the peace, while actually engaged in assisting such
- 7 officer.

- (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense, while in the performance of their official duty, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment.
  - (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance of their official duty.
  - (4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment.
  - (5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or employed by an agency certified by the Department of Professional Regulation, if their duties include the carrying of a weapon under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1983, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment, provided that such commuting is accomplished within one

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

hour from departure from home or place of employment, as the case may be. Persons exempted under this subdivision (a)(5) shall be required to have completed a course of study in firearms handling and training approved and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation as prescribed by Section 28 of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1983, prior to becoming eligible for this exemption. The Department of Professional Regulation shall provide documentation demonstrating the successful completion of the prescribed firearms training. Such documentation shall be carried at all times when such persons are in possession of a concealable weapon.

(6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial industrial operation as a security guard for the protection of persons employed and private property related to such commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as a security guard, is a member of a security force of at least 5 persons registered with the Department of Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training that includes the theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of A person shall be considered eligible for this weapons. exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm authorization card by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the provisions of this

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act of 1983. Such firearm authorization card shall be carried by the security guard at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.

- (7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of any investigation for the Commission.
- (8) Persons employed by a financial institution for the protection of other employees and property related to such financial institution, while actually engaged in the performance of their duties, commuting between their homes and places of employment, or traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by such financial institution, provided that any person so employed has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which includes theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm authorization card by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act Such firearm authorization card shall be of 1983. carried by the person so trained at all times when such

- person is in possession of a concealable weapon. For purposes of this subsection, "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or company providing armored car services.
  - (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the performance of his duties.
  - (10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.
    - (11) Investigators of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.
    - (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.
    - (13) Court Security Officers while in the performance of their official duties, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment, with the consent of the Sheriff.
    - (13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission who has completed the background screening and training mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
  - (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.
- 32 (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 33 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:
- 34 (1) Members of any club or organization organized

6

7

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

for the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or private, and patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are using their firearms on those target ranges.

- (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations while parading, with the special permission of the Governor.
- 8 (3) Lieensed Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a
  9 license or permit while engaged in hunting, trapping or
  10 fishing.
- 11 (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down
  12 in a non-functioning state or are not immediately
  13 accessible.
- 14 (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect 15 any of the following:
  - (1) Peace officers while in performance of their official duties.
    - (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.
    - (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.
    - (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.
- 30 (5) Persons licensed under federal law to
  31 manufacture any weapon from which 8 or more shots or
  32 bullets can be discharged by a single function of the
  33 firing device, or ammunition for such weapons, and
  34 actually engaged in the business of manufacturing such

weapons or ammunition, but only with respect to activities which are within the lawful scope of such business, such as the manufacture, transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the general private possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, but only such possession and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing business described in this paragraph.

During transportation, such weapons shall be broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, when such activities are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the scope of his employment, where such activities involving such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately accessible.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

- 1 (d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the 2 purchase, possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace officer.
- 4 (e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner, 5 manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that 6 subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.
- 7 (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and 8 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting 9 at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or 10 11 private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.
- 12 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not 13 apply to:
  - Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.
  - (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military ordinance.
    - (3) Laboratories having a department of forensic ballistics, or specializing in the development of ammunition or explosive ordinance.
    - (4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed by the federal government, in connection with the supply of those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision (g)(1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons outside this State, or the transportation of explosive bullets to any organization or person exempted in this Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased by an exempted manufacturer.
- (h) An information or indictment based upon a violation 31 32 of any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions contained in this Article. The defendant shall 33 have the burden of proving such an exemption. 34

- (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or 1 2 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm 3 4 consigned to a common carrier operating under license of the 5 State of Illinois or the federal government, where such 6 transportation, carrying, or possession is incident to the 7 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply 8 9 to, or affect the transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol, revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not 10 11 the subject of and regulated by subsection 24-1(a)(7) or subsection 24-2(c) of this Article, which is unloaded and 12 enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or 13 other container, by the possessor of a valid Firearm Owners 14 Identification Card. 15 (Source: P.A. 91-287, eff. 1-1-00; 91-690, eff. 4-13-00.) 16
- 17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 18 becoming law.