92\_SB0717 LRB9203394WHcs

- 1 AN ACT concerning workers' compensation.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 7 and 8 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 305/7) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.7)
- 7 Sec. 7. The amount of compensation which shall be paid
- 8 for an accidental injury to the employee resulting in death
- 9 is:
- 10 (a) If the employee leaves surviving a widow, widower,
- 11 child or children, the applicable weekly compensation rate
- computed in accordance with subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b)
- of Section 8, shall be payable during the life of the widow
- 14 or widower and if any surviving child or children shall not
- be physically or mentally incapacitated then until the death
- of the widow or widower or until the youngest child shall
- 17 reach the age of 18, whichever shall come later; provided
- 18 that if such child or children shall be enrolled as a full
- 19 time student in any accredited educational institution, the
- 20 payments shall continue until such child has attained the age
- 21 of 25. In the event any surviving child or children shall be
- 22 physically or mentally incapacitated, the payments shall
- 23 continue for the duration of such incapacity.
- The term "child" means a child whom the deceased employee
- left surviving, including a posthumous child, a child legally
- 26 adopted, a child whom the deceased employee was legally
- obligated to support or a child to whom the deceased employee
- 28 stood in loco parentis. The term "children" means the plural
- of "child".
- 30 The term "physically or mentally incapacitated child or
- 31 children" means a child or children incapable of engaging in

- regular and substantial gainful employment.
- 2 In the event of the remarriage of a widow or widower,
- 3 where the decedent did not leave surviving any child or
- 4 children who, at the time of such remarriage, are entitled to
- 5 compensation benefits under this Act, the surviving spouse
- 6 shall be paid a lump sum equal to 2 years compensation
- 7 benefits and all further rights of such widow or widower
- 8 shall be extinguished.

- 9 If the employee leaves surviving any child or children
- 10 under 18 years of age who at the time of death shall be
- 11 entitled to compensation under this paragraph (a) of this
- 12 Section, the weekly compensation payments herein provided for
- 13 such child or children shall in any event continue for a
- 14 period of not less than 6 years.
- 15 Any beneficiary entitled to compensation under this
- 16 paragraph (a) of this Section shall receive from the special
- 17 fund provided in paragraph (f) of this Section, in addition
- 18 to the compensation herein provided, supplemental benefits in
- 19 accordance with paragraph (g) of Section 8.
- 20 (b) If no compensation is payable under paragraph (a) of
- 21 this Section and the employee leaves surviving a parent or
- 22 parents who at the time of the accident were totally
- 23 dependent upon the earnings of the employee then weekly
- 24 payments equal to the compensation rate payable in the case
- where the employee leaves surviving a widow or widower, shall
- 26 be paid to such parent or parents for the duration of their
- lives, and in the event of the death of either, for the life
- 28 of the survivor.
- 29 (c) If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a)
- or (b) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any
- 31 child or children who are not entitled to compensation under
- 32 the foregoing paragraph (a) but who at the time of the
- 33 accident were nevertheless in any manner dependent upon the
- 34 earnings of the employee, or leaves surviving a parent or

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1 parents who at the time of the accident were partially 2 dependent upon the earnings of the employee, then there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents for a period of 3 4 years weekly compensation payments at such proportion of the 5 applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a widow or 6 widower as such dependency bears to total dependency. 7 event of the death of any such beneficiary the share of such beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving 8 9 beneficiaries and in the event of the death of the last such beneficiary all the rights under this paragraph shall be 10 11 extinguished.

- If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any grandparent, grandparents, grandchild or grandchildren or collateral heirs dependent upon the employee's earnings to the extent of 50% or more of total dependency, then there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents for a period of years weekly compensation payments at such proportion of the applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a as such dependency bears to total widow widower or dependency. In the event of the death of any such beneficiary the share of such beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving beneficiaries and in the event of the death of the last such beneficiary all rights hereunder shall be extinguished.
- (e) The compensation to be paid for accidental injury which results in death, as provided in this Section, shall be paid to the persons who form the basis for determining the amount of compensation to be paid by the employer, the respective shares to be in the proportion of their respective dependency at the time of the accident on the earnings of the deceased. The Commission or an Arbitrator thereof may, in its or his discretion, order or award the payment to the parent or grandparent of a child for the latter's support the

- 1 amount of compensation which but for such order or award
- 2 would have been paid to such child as its share of the
- 3 compensation payable, which order or award may be modified
- 4 from time to time by the Commission in its discretion with
- 5 respect to the person to whom shall be paid the amount of the
- 6 order or award remaining unpaid at the time of the
- 7 modification.
- 8 The payments of compensation by the employer in
- 9 accordance with the order or award of the Commission
- 10 discharges such employer from all further obligation as to
- 11 such compensation.
- 12 (f) The sum of \$4200 for burial expenses shall be paid
- 13 by the employer to the widow or widower, other dependent,
- 14 next of kin or to the person or persons incurring the expense
- 15 of burial.
- In the event the employer failed to provide necessary
- 17 first aid, medical, surgical or hospital service, he shall
- 18 pay the cost thereof to the person or persons entitled to
- 19 compensation under paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this
- 20 Section, or to the person or persons incurring the obligation
- 21 therefore, or providing the same.
- On January 15 and July 15, 1981, and on January 15 and
- July 15 of each year thereafter the Commission shall assess
- 24 <u>all employers in the aggregate a total</u> employer-shall--within
- 25  $6\theta$ --days--pay--a sum equal to 1/8 of 1% of all compensation
- 26 payments made by  $\underline{employers}$  him after July 1, 1980, either
- 27 under this Act or the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act,
- 28 whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation
- 29 payments, but not including hospital, surgical or
- 30 rehabilitation payments, made during the first 6 months and
- 31 during the second 6 months respectively of the fiscal year
- 32 next preceding the date of the payments, into a special fund
- 33 which shall be designated the "Second Injury Fund", of which
- 34 the State Treasurer is ex-officio custodian, such special

1 fund to be held and disbursed for the purposes hereinafter 2 stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8, either upon the order of the Commission or of a competent court. 3 4 special fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds 5 and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto 6 every 6 months. It is subject to audit the same as State 7 funds and accounts and is protected by the General bond given by the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated 8 9 for the purposes of disbursements as provided in Section 8, paragraph (f), of this Act, and shall be paid out and 10 disbursed as therein provided and shall not at any time be 11 12 appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose. 13 The assessment for the Second Injury Fund shall be allocated between self-insured employers and insured 14 employers based on compensation payments for the preceding 15 fiscal year, as provided in this Section. Compensation 16 payments shall include all payments made either under this 17 Act or the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, whether by 18 lump sum settlement or weekly compensation payments, but not 19 including hospital, surgical, or rehabilitation payments. 20 21 The method of assessing self-insured employers shall be based on compensation payments. The method of assessing insured 22 23 employers shall be a surcharge based on premium as set forth 24 in this Section. The portion of the total aggregate amount that shall be 25 collected from self-insured employers shall be a sum equal to 26 27 that proportion of the total compensation payments for the preceding fiscal year which the total compensation payments 28 29 of all self-insured employers bore to the total compensation 30 payments made by all self-insured employers and insured 31 employers during the preceding fiscal year. The portion of the total aggregate amount that shall be collected from 32

insured employers shall be a sum equal to that proportion of

the total compensation payments for the preceding fiscal year

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- 1 which the total compensation payments on behalf of all
- 2 <u>insured employers bore to the total compensation payments</u>
- 3 <u>made</u> by all self-insured employers and insured employers
- 4 during the preceding fiscal year. An employer who has ceased
- 5 to be a self-insurer shall continue to be liable for any
- 6 <u>assessments based on compensation payments made by the</u>
- 7 <u>employer in the preceding fiscal year.</u>
- 8 <u>Insurers shall collect such assessments from their</u>
- 9 policyholders through a surcharge based on premium.
- 10 Assessments when collected shall not constitute an element of
- 11 loss for the purpose of establishing rates for workers'
- 12 <u>compensation insurance</u>, but, for the purpose of collection,
- 13 <u>shall</u> be treated as separate costs imposed upon insured
- 14 <u>employers. The premium surcharge shall be excluded from the</u>
- definition of premium for all purposes, including computation
- of agents' commissions or premium taxes, provided, an insurer
- 17 <u>may cancel a workers' compensation policy for non-payment of</u>
- 18 <u>the premium surcharge.</u>
- 19 <u>Assessments on self-insured employers and insured</u>
- 20 <u>employers shall be sent on January 15 and July 15 of each</u>
- 21 year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
- 22 <u>92nd General Assembly. Self-insured employers shall report</u>
- 23 and remit payment and insurers shall report and remit premium
- 24 <u>surcharges 60 days after the assessment.</u>
- On January 15, 1991, the employer shall further pay a sum
- 26 equal to one half of 1% of all compensation payments made by
- 27 him from January 1, 1990 through June 30, 1990 either under
- 28 this Act or under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act,
- 29 whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation
- 30 payments, but not including hospital, surgical or
- 31 rehabilitation payments, into an additional Special Fund
- 32 which shall be designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund". On
- 33 March 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate
- 34 Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such

compensation payments made from July 1, 1990 through December

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2 1990. Within 60 days after July 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one 3 4 half of 1% of all such compensation payments made from 5 January 1, 1991 through June 30, 1991. Within 60 days after 6 January 15 of 1992 and each subsequent year through 1996, the 7 employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made in 8 9 the last 6 months of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 1992 and each subsequent year through 10 11 1995, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments 12 made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. 13 60 days after January 15 of 1997 and-each-subsequent-year, 14 15 the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum 16 equal to three-fourths of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the last 6 months of the preceding calendar 17 Within 60 days after July 15 of 1996 and each 18 19 subsequent year, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to three-fourths of 1% of all 20 21 such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the 22 same calendar year. On January 15 and July 15 of each year 23 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the Commission shall assess all 24 employers in the aggregate a total sum equal to 25 26 three-fourths of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year by all 27 employers. Self-insured employers shall report and remit 28 payment and insurers shall report and remit premium 29 30 surcharges 60 days after the assessment. The assessment for 31 the Rate Adjustment Fund shall be allocated between 32 self-insured employers and insured employers based on compensation payments for the preceding fiscal year, as 33 provided in this Section. Compensation payments shall 34

1 include all payments made either under this Act or the 2 Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, whether by lump sum 3 settlement or weekly compensation payments, but not including 4 hospital, surgical, or rehabilitation payments. The method of assessing self-insured employers shall be based on 5 compensation payments. The method of assessing insured 6 7 employers shall be a surcharge based on premium as set forth 8 in this Section. 9 The portion of the total aggregate amount that shall be 10 collected from self-insured employers shall be a sum equal to 11 that proportion of the total compensation payments for the 12 preceding fiscal year which the total compensation payments 13 of all self-insured employers bore to the total compensation payments made by all self-insured employers and insured 14 employers during the preceding fiscal year. The portion of 15 16 the total aggregate amount that shall be collected from 17 insured employers shall be a sum equal to that proportion of the total compensation payments for the preceding fiscal year 18 which the total compensation payments on behalf of all 19 insured employers bore to the total compensation payments 20 made by all self-insured employers and insured employers 2.1 22 during the preceding fiscal year. An employer who has ceased to be a self-insurer shall continue to be liable for any 23 24 assessments based on compensation payments made by the employer in the preceding fiscal year. 25 Insurers shall collect such assessments from their 26 policyholders through a surcharge based on premium. 27 Assessments when collected shall not constitute an element of 28 loss for the purpose of establishing rates for workers' 29 compensation insurance, but, for the purpose of collection, 30 31 shall be treated as separate costs imposed upon insured employers. The premium surcharge shall be excluded from the 32 definition of premium for all purposes, including computation 33 of agents' commissions or premium taxes, provided, an insurer 34

may cancel a workers' compensation policy for non-payment of 2 the premium surcharge. The administrative costs of collecting assessments from employers for the Rate Adjustment Fund shall 3 4 be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund. The cost of an 5 actuarial audit of the Fund shall be paid from the Rate 6 Adjustment Fund and the audit shall be completed no later 7 than July 1, 1997. The State Treasurer is ex officio custodian of such Special Fund and the same shall be held and 8 9 disbursed for the purposes hereinafter stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8 upon the order of the Commission or 10 11 of a competent court. The Rate Adjustment Fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any interest 12 accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. 13 Ιt shall be subject to audit the same as State funds and 14 accounts and shall be protected by the general bond given 15 16 the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated for the purposes of disbursements as provided in paragraphs 17 18 and (g) of Section 8 of this Act and shall be paid out 19 and disbursed as therein provided and shall not at any time be appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose. 20 Within 5 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act 2.1 of 1990, the Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall 22 23 transfer \$1,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the Rate By February 15, 1991, the Comptroller and 24 Adjustment Fund. the State Treasurer shall transfer \$1,000,000 from the Rate 25 Adjustment Fund to the General Revenue Fund. From the 26 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1993 to October 1, 27 1997, the Comptroller and Treasurer are authorized to make 28 29 transfers at the request of the Chairman up to a total of 30 \$7,000,000 from the Second Injury Fund, the General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund to the 31 32 Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent that there is insufficient in the Rate Adjustment Fund to pay claims and 33 money 34 obligations. Amounts may be transferred from the General

1 Revenue Fund only if the funds in the Second Injury Fund or

2 the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund are insufficient

3 to pay claims and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund.

4 All amounts transferred from the Second Injury Fund, the

General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit

6 Trust Fund shall be repaid from the Rate Adjustment Fund

7 within 270 days of a transfer, together with interest at the

8 rate earned by moneys on deposit in the Fund or Funds from

which the moneys were transferred.

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Upon a finding by the Commission, after reasonable notice and hearing, that any employer has willfully and knowingly failed to pay the proper amounts into the Second Injury Fund or the Rate Adjustment Fund required by this Section or if such payments are not made within the time periods prescribed by this Section, the employer shall, in addition to such payments, pay a penalty of 20% of the amount required to be paid or \$2,500, whichever is greater, for each year or part thereof of such failure to pay. This penalty shall only apply to obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund or the Rate Adjustment Fund accruing after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. All or part of such a penalty may be waived by the Commission for good cause shown.

Any obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund and Rate Adjustment Fund accruing prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 shall be paid in full by such employer within 5 years of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, with at least one-fifth of obligation to be paid during each year following the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. the Commission finds, following reasonable notice and hearing, that an employer has failed to make timely payment of any obligation accruing under the preceding sentence, the employer shall, in addition to all other payments required by this Section, be liable for a penalty equal to 20% of the

overdue obligation or \$2,500, whichever is greater, for each

2 year or part thereof that obligation is overdue. All or part

3 of such a penalty may be waived by the Commission for good

4 cause shown.

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5 The Chairman of the Industrial Commission shall. 6 annually, furnish to the Director of the Department of 7 Insurance a list of the amounts paid into the Second 8 Fund and the Rate Adjustment Fund by each insurance company on behalf of their insured employers. The Director shall 9 verify to the Chairman that the amounts paid by each 10 11 insurance company are accurate as best as the Director can determine from the records available to the Director. The 12 13 Chairman shall verify that the amounts paid by each self-insurer are accurate as best as the Chairman can 14 15 determine from records available to the Chairman. 16 Chairman may require each self-insurer to provide information concerning the total compensation payments made upon which 17 contributions to the Second Injury Fund and the Rate 18 19 Adjustment Fund are predicated and any additional information establishing that such payments have been made into these 20 21 funds. Any deficiencies in payments noted by the Director or 22 Chairman shall be subject to the penalty provisions of this 23 Act.

The State Treasurer, or his duly authorized representative, shall be named as a party to all proceedings in all cases involving claim for the loss of, or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one eye, one foot, one leg, one arm or one hand.

The State Treasurer or his duly authorized agent shall have the same rights as any other party to the proceeding, including the right to petition for review of any award. The reasonable expenses of litigation, such as medical examinations, testimony, and transcript of evidence, incurred by the State Treasurer or his duly authorized representative,

1 shall be borne by the Second Injury Fund.

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2 If the award is not paid within 30 days after the date

3 the award has become final, the Commission shall proceed to

4 take judgment thereon in its own name as is provided for

other awards by paragraph (g) of Section 19 of this Act and

6 take the necessary steps to collect the award.

Any person, corporation or organization who has paid or

become liable for the payment of burial expenses of the

deceased employee may in his or its own name institute

proceedings before the Commission for the collection thereof.

11 For the purpose of administration, receipts and

disbursements, the Special Fund provided for in paragraph (f)

of this Section shall be administered jointly with the

Special Fund provided for in Section 7, paragraph (f) of the

15 Workers' Occupational Diseases Act.

16 (g) All compensation, except for burial expenses provided in this Section to be paid in case accident results 17 in death, shall be paid in installments equal to the 18 19 percentage of the average earnings as provided for in Section 8, paragraph (b) of this Act, at the same intervals at which 20 21 the wages or earnings of the employees were paid. If this is 22 not feasible, then the installments shall be paid weekly. 23 Such compensation may be paid in a lump sum upon petition as provided in Section 9 of this Act. However, in addition to 24 25 the benefits provided by Section 9 of this Act where 26 compensation for death is payable to the deceased's widow, widower or to the deceased's widow, widower and one or more 27 children, and where a partial lump sum is applied for by such 28 beneficiary or beneficiaries within 18 months after the 29 30 deceased's death, the Commission may, in its discretion, grant a partial lump sum of not to exceed 100 weeks of the 31 32 compensation capitalized at their present value upon the basis of interest calculated at 3% per annum with annual 33 34 rests, upon a showing that such partial lump sum is for the

- 1 best interest of such beneficiary or beneficiaries.
- 2 (h) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of
- 3 age at the time of the accident and is illegally employed,
- 4 the amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (a), (b),
- 5 (c), (d) and (f) of this Section shall be increased 50%.
- 6 Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions
- 7 of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors
- 8 under the age of 16 years.
- 9 However, where an employer has on file an employment
- 10 certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work
- 11 permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards
- 12 Act, as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly
- issued, such certificate, permit or birth certificate is
- 14 conclusive evidence as to the age of the injured minor
- 15 employee for the purposes of this Section only.
- 16 (i) Whenever the dependents of a deceased employee are
- 17 aliens not residing in the United States, Mexico or Canada,
- 18 the amount of compensation payable is limited to the
- beneficiaries described in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of
- 20 this Section and is 50% of the compensation provided in
- 21 paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this Section, except as
- 22 otherwise provided by treaty.
- In a case where any of the persons who would be entitled
- 24 to compensation is living at any place outside of the United
- 25 States, then payment shall be made to the personal
- 26 representative of the deceased employee. The distribution by
- 27 such personal representative to the persons entitled shall be
- 28 made to such persons and in such manner as the Commission
- 29 orders.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 88-672, eff. 12-14-94; 89-470, eff. 6-13-96.)
- 31 (820 ILCS 305/8) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.8)
- 32 Sec. 8. The amount of compensation which shall be paid
- 33 to the employee for an accidental injury not resulting in

1 death is:

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2 (a) The employer shall provide and pay for all the necessary first aid, medical and surgical services, and all 3 4 necessary medical, surgical and hospital services thereafter 5 incurred, limited, however, to that which is reasonably 6 required to cure or relieve from the effects of the 7 accidental injury. The employer shall also pay for treatment, 8 instruction and training necessary for the physical, 9 and vocational rehabilitation of the employee, including all maintenance costs and expenses incidental thereto. If as a 10 11 result of the injury the employee is unable to be self-sufficient the employer shall further pay for such 12 maintenance or institutional care as shall be required. 13

The employee may at any time elect to secure his own physician, surgeon and hospital services at the employer's expense, or,

Upon agreement between the employer and the employees, or the employees' exclusive representative, and subject to the approval of the Industrial Commission, the employer shall maintain a list of physicians, to be known as a Panel of Physicians, who are accessible to the employees. The employer shall post this list in a place or places easily accessible to his employees. The employee shall have the right to make an alternative choice of physician from such Panel if he not satisfied with the physician first selected. If, due to the nature of the injury or its occurrence away from the employer's place of business, the employee is unable to make a selection from the Panel, the selection process from Panel shall not apply. The physician selected from the Panel for any consultation, referral or other arrange specialized medical services outside the Panel at the employer's expense. Provided that, in the event the Commission shall find that a doctor selected by the employee is rendering improper or inadequate care, the Commission may 1 order the employee to select another doctor certified or

2 qualified in the medical field for which treatment is

required. If the employee refuses to make such change the

4 Commission may relieve the employer of his obligation to pay

the doctor's charges from the date of refusal to the date of

6 compliance.

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Every hospital, physician, surgeon or other person rendering treatment or services in accordance with the provisions of this Section shall upon written request furnish full and complete reports thereof to, and permit their records to be copied by, the employer, the employee or his dependents, as the case may be, or any other party to any proceeding for compensation before the Commission, or their attorneys.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the employer's liability to pay for such medical services selected by the employee shall be limited to:

- (1) all first aid and emergency treatment; plus
- (2) all medical, surgical and hospital services provided by the physician, surgeon or hospital initially chosen by the employee or by any other physician, consultant, expert, institution or other provider of services recommended by said initial service provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of referrals from said initial service provider; plus
- (3) all medical, surgical and hospital services provided by any second physician, surgeon or hospital subsequently chosen by the employee or by any other physician, consultant, expert, institution or other provider of services recommended by said second service provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of referrals from said second service provider. Thereafter the employer shall select and pay for all necessary medical, surgical and hospital

treatment and the employee may not select a provider of medical services at the employer's expense unless the employer agrees to such selection. At any time the employee may obtain any medical treatment he desires at his own expense. This paragraph shall not affect the duty to pay for rehabilitation referred to above.

When an employer and employee so agree in writing, nothing in this Act prevents an employee whose injury or disability has been established under this Act, from relying in good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof, and having nursing services appropriate therewith, without suffering loss or diminution of the compensation benefits under this Act. However, the employee shall submit to all physical examinations required by this Act. The cost of such treatment and nursing care shall be paid by the employee unless the employer agrees to make such payment.

Where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm, hand, leg or foot, or the enucleation of an eye, or the loss of any of the natural teeth, the employer shall furnish an artificial of any such members lost or damaged in accidental injury arising out of and in the course of employment, and shall also furnish the necessary braces in all proper and necessary cases. In cases of the loss of member or members by amputation, the employer shall, whenever necessary, maintain in good repair, refit or replace the artificial limbs during the lifetime of the employee. the accidental injury accompanied by physical injury results in damage to a denture, eye glasses or contact eye lenses, or where the accidental injury results in damage to an artificial member, the employer shall replace or repair such denture, glasses, lenses, or artificial member.

1	The furnishing by the employer of any such services or
2	appliances is not an admission of liability on the part of
3	the employer to pay compensation.
4	The furnishing of any such services or appliances or the
5	servicing thereof by the employer is not the payment of
6	compensation.
7	(b) If the period of temporary total incapacity for work
8	lasts more than 3 working days, weekly compensation as
9	hereinafter provided shall be paid beginning on the 4th day
10	of such temporary total incapacity and continuing as long as
11	the total temporary incapacity lasts. In cases where the
12	temporary total incapacity for work continues for a period of
13	14 days or more from the day of the accident compensation
14	shall commence on the day after the accident.
15	1. The compensation rate for temporary total
16	incapacity under this paragraph (b) of this Section shall
17	be equal to 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage
18	computed in accordance with Section 10, provided that it
19	shall be not less than the following amounts in the
20	following cases:
21	\$100.90 in case of a single person;
22	\$105.50 in case of a married person with no
23	children;
24	\$108.30 in case of one child;
25	\$113.40 in case of 2 children;
26	\$117.40 in case of 3 children;
27	\$124.30 in case of 4 or more children;
28	nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in
29	accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever
30	is less.
31	2. The compensation rate in all cases other than
32	for temporary total disability under this paragraph (b),
33	and other than for serious and permanent disfigurement

under paragraph (c) and other than for permanent partial

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1	disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or
2	under paragraph (e), of this Section shall be equal to 66
3	2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in
4	accordance with the provisions of Section 10, provided
5	that it shall be not less than the following amounts in
6	the following cases:
7	\$80.90 in case of a single person;
8	\$83.20 in case of a married person with no
9	children;
10	\$86.10 in case of one child;
11	\$88.90 in case of 2 children;
12	\$91.80 in case of 3 children;
13	\$96.90 in case of 4 or more children;
14	nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in
15	accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever
16	is less.
17	2.1. The compensation rate in all cases of serious
18	and permanent disfigurement under paragraph (c) and of
19	permanent partial disability under subparagraph (2) of
20	paragraph (d) or under paragraph (e) of this Section
21	shall be equal to 60% of the employee's average weekly
22	wage computed in accordance with the provisions of
23	Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than the
24	following amounts in the following cases:
25	\$80.90 in case of a single person;
26	\$83.20 in case of a married person with no
27	children;
28	\$86.10 in case of one child;
29	\$88.90 in case of 2 children;
30	\$91.80 in case of 3 children;
31	\$96.90 in case of 4 or more children;
32	nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in
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33	accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever

- 3. As used in this Section the term "child" means a child of the employee including any child legally adopted before the accident or whom at the time of the accident the employee was under legal obligation to support or to whom the employee stood in loco parentis, and who at the time of the accident was under 18 years of age and not emancipated. The term "children" means the plural of "child".
  - 4. All weekly compensation rates provided under subparagraphs 1, 2 and 2.1 of this paragraph (b) of this Section shall be subject to the following limitations:

The maximum weekly compensation rate from July 1, 1975, except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, that being the wage that most closely approximates the State's average weekly wage.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1987, except as hereinafter provided, shall be \$293.61. Effective July 1, 1987 and on July 1 of each year thereafter the maximum weekly compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month period there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during such period.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period January 1, 1981 through December 31, 1983, except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the

Unemployment Insurance Act in effect on January 1, 1981. Effective January 1, 1984 and on January 1, of each year thereafter the maximum weekly compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month period there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during such period.

From July 1, 1977 and thereafter such maximum weekly compensation rate in death cases under Section 7, and permanent total disability cases under paragraph (f) or subparagraph 18 of paragraph (3) of this Section and for temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this Section and for amputation of a member or enucleation of an eye under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be increased to 133-1/3% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

- 4.1. Any provision herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the weekly compensation rate for compensation payments under subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section and under paragraph (f) of this Section and under paragraph (a) of Section 7, shall in no event be less than 50% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.
- 4.2. Any provision to the contrary notwithstanding, the total compensation payable under Section 7 shall not exceed the greater of \$250,000 or 20 years.
  - 5. For the purpose of this Section this State's

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average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act on July 1, 1975 is hereby fixed at \$228.16 per week and the computation of compensation rates shall be based on the aforesaid average weekly wage until modified as hereinafter provided.

- 6. The Department of Employment Security of State shall on or before the first day of December, 1977, and on or before the first day of June, 1978, and on the first day of each December and June of each year thereafter, publish the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act and the Industrial Commission shall on the 15th day of January, 1978 and on the 15th day of July, 1978 and on the 15th day of each January and July of each year thereafter, post and publish the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act as last determined and published by the Department of Employment Security. The amount when so posted and published shall be conclusive and shall be applicable as the basis of computation of compensation rates until the next posting and publication as aforesaid.
- 7. The payment of compensation by an employer or his insurance carrier to an injured employee shall not constitute an admission of the employer's liability to pay compensation.
- (c) For any serious and permanent disfigurement to the hand, head, face, neck, arm, leg below the knee or the chest above the axillary line, the employee is entitled to compensation for such disfigurement, the amount determined by agreement at any time or by arbitration under this Act, at a hearing not less than 6 months after the date of the accidental injury, which amount shall not exceed 150 weeks at

- the applicable rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph
- 2 (b) of this Section.
- 3 No compensation is payable under this paragraph where
- 4 compensation is payable under paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) of
- 5 this Section.
- A duly appointed member of a fire department in a city,
- 7 the population of which exceeds 200,000 according to the last
- 8 federal or State census, is eligible for compensation under
- 9 this paragraph only where such serious and permanent
- 10 disfigurement results from burns.
- 11 (d) 1. If, after the accidental injury has been
- 12 sustained, the employee as a result thereof becomes partially
- incapacitated from pursuing his usual and customary line of
- 14 employment, he shall, except in cases compensated under the
- specific schedule set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section,
- 16 receive compensation for the duration of his disability,
- 17 subject to the limitations as to maximum amounts fixed in
- 18 paragraph (b) of this Section, equal to 66-2/3% of the
- 19 difference between the average amount which he would be able
- 20 to earn in the full performance of his duties in the
- 21 occupation in which he was engaged at the time of the
- 22 accident and the average amount which he is earning or is
- 23 able to earn in some suitable employment or business after
- the accident.
- 25 2. If, as a result of the accident, the employee
- 26 sustains serious and permanent injuries not covered by
- 27 paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section or having sustained
- injuries covered by the aforesaid paragraphs (c) and (e), he
- 29 shall have sustained in addition thereto other injuries which
- 30 injuries do not incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of
- 31 his employment but which would disable him from pursuing
- 32 other suitable occupations, or which have otherwise resulted
- 33 in physical impairment; or if such injuries partially
- 34 incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his usual and

1 customary line of employment but do not result in 2 impairment of earning capacity, or having resulted in an impairment of earning capacity, the employee elects to waive 3 4 his right to recover under the foregoing subparagraph 1 of 5 paragraph (d) of this Section then in any of the foregoing 6 events, he shall receive in addition to compensation for 7 temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this 8 Section, compensation at the rate provided in subparagraph 9 of paragraph (b) of this Section for that percentage of 500 weeks that the partial disability resulting from the 10 11 injuries covered by this paragraph bears to total disability. If the employee shall have sustained a fracture of one or 12 fracture of the skull, the amount of 13 more vertebra or compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less 14 than 6 weeks for a fractured skull and 6 weeks for 15 16 fractured vertebra, and in the event the employee shall have sustained a fracture of any of the following facial bones: 17 18 lachrymal, vomer, zygoma, maxilla, palatine nasal. 19 mandible, the amount of compensation allowed under this 20 Section shall be not less than 2 weeks for each such 21 fractured bone, and for a fracture of each transverse process 22 not less than 3 weeks. In the event such injuries shall 23 result in the loss of a kidney, spleen or lung, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less 24 25 than 10 weeks for each such organ. Compensation awarded under this subparagraph 2 shall not take into consideration 26 injuries covered under paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section 27 and the compensation provided in this paragraph shall not 28 29 affect the employee's right to compensation payable under 30 paragraphs (b), (c) and (e) of this Section for the disabilities therein covered. 31 32 For accidental injuries in the following schedule,

(e) For accidental injuries in the following schedule, the employee shall receive compensation for the period of temporary total incapacity for work resulting from such

- 1 accidental injury, under subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of
- 2 this Section, and shall receive in addition thereto
- 3 compensation for a further period for the specific loss
- 4 herein mentioned, but shall not receive any compensation
- 5 under any other provisions of this Act. The following
- 6 listed amounts apply to either the loss of or the permanent
- 7 and complete loss of use of the member specified, such
- 8 compensation for the length of time as follows:
- 9 1. Thumb-70 weeks.
- 10 2. First, or index finger-40 weeks.
- 3. Second, or middle finger-35 weeks.
- 12 4. Third, or ring finger-25 weeks.
- 5. Fourth, or little finger-20 weeks.
- 6. Great toe-35 weeks.

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- 7. Each toe other than great toe-12 weeks.
  - 8. The loss of the first or distal phalanx of the thumb or of any finger or toe shall be considered to be equal to the loss of one-half of such thumb, finger or toe and the compensation payable shall be one-half of the amount above specified. The loss of more than one phalanx shall be considered as the loss of the entire thumb, finger or toe. In no case shall the amount received for more than one finger exceed the amount provided in this schedule for the loss of a hand.
  - 9. Hand-190 weeks. The loss of 2 or more digits, or one or more phalanges of 2 or more digits, of a hand may be compensated on the basis of partial loss of use of a hand, provided, further, that the loss of 4 digits, or the loss of use of 4 digits, in the same hand shall constitute the complete loss of a hand.
  - 10. Arm-235 weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm below the elbow, such injury shall be compensated as a loss of an arm. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm

above the elbow, compensation for an additional 15 weeks shall be paid, except where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm at the shoulder joint, or so close to shoulder joint that an artificial arm cannot be used, or results in the disarticulation of an arm at the shoulder joint, in which case compensation for an additional 65 weeks shall be paid.

11. Foot-155 weeks.

- 12. Leg-200 weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an additional 25 weeks shall be paid, except where the accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg at the hip joint, or so close to the hip joint that an artificial leg cannot be used, or results in the disarticulation of a leg at the hip joint, in which case compensation for an additional 75 weeks shall be paid.
- 13. Eye-150 weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the enucleation of an eye, compensation for an additional 10 weeks shall be paid.
- 14. Loss of hearing of one ear-50 weeks; total and permanent loss of hearing of both ears-200 weeks.
  - 15. Testicle-50 weeks; both testicles-150 weeks.
- 16. For the permanent partial loss of use of a member or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, compensation during that proportion of the number of weeks in the foregoing schedule provided for the loss of such member or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, which the partial loss of use thereof bears to the total loss of use of such member, or sight of eye, or hearing of an ear.
  - (a) Loss of hearing for compensation purposes

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shall be confined to the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per second. Loss of hearing ability for frequency tones above 3,000 cycles per second are not to be considered as constituting disability for hearing.

- (b) The percent of hearing loss, for purposes of the determination of compensation claims for occupational deafness, shall be calculated average in decibels for the thresholds of hearing for the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per second. Pure tone air conduction audiometric instruments, approved by nationally recognized authorities in this field, shall be used for measuring hearing loss. If the losses of hearing average 30 decibels or less in the 3 frequencies, such losses of hearing shall not then constitute any compensable hearing disability. If the losses of hearing average 85 decibels or more in the 3 frequencies, then the same shall constitute and be total or 100% compensable hearing loss.
- (c) In measuring hearing impairment, the lowest measured losses in each of the 3 frequencies shall be added together and divided by 3 to determine the average decibel loss. For every decibel of loss exceeding 30 decibels an allowance of 1.82% shall be made up to the maximum of 100% which is reached at 85 decibels.
- (d) If a hearing loss is established to have existed on July 1, 1975 by audiometric testing the employer shall not be liable for the previous loss so established nor shall he be liable for any loss for which compensation has been paid or awarded.
- (e) No consideration shall be given to the question of whether or not the ability of an

employee to understand speech is improved by the use of a hearing aid.

(f) No claim for loss of hearing due to industrial noise shall be brought against an employer or allowed unless the employee has been exposed for a period of time sufficient to cause permanent impairment to noise levels in excess of the following:

## Sound Level DBA

10	Slow Response	Hours Per Day
11	90	8
12	92	6
13	95	4
14	97	3
15	100	2
16	102	1-1/2
17	105	1
18	110	1/2
19	115	1/4

This subparagraph (f) shall not be applied in cases of hearing loss resulting from trauma or explosion.

17. In computing the compensation to be paid to any employee who, before the accident for which he claims compensation, had before that time sustained an injury resulting in the loss by amputation or partial loss by amputation of any member, including hand, arm, thumb or fingers, leg, foot or any toes, such loss or partial loss of any such member shall be deducted from any award made for the subsequent injury. For the permanent loss of use or the permanent partial loss of use of any such member or the partial loss of sight of an eye, for which compensation has been paid, then such loss shall be taken into consideration and deducted from any award for the subsequent injury.

18. The specific case of loss of both hands, both arms, or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two thereof, or the permanent and complete loss of the use thereof, constitutes total and permanent disability, to be compensated according to the compensation fixed by paragraph (f) of this Section. These specific cases of total and permanent disability do not exclude other cases.

Any employee who has previously suffered the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of any of such members, and in a subsequent independent accident loses another or suffers the permanent and complete loss of the use of any one of such members the employer for whom the injured employee is working at the time of the last independent accident is liable to pay compensation only for the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of the member occasioned by the last independent accident.

19. In a case of specific loss and the subsequent death of such injured employee from other causes than such injury leaving a widow, widower, or dependents surviving before payment or payment in full for such injury, then the amount due for such injury is payable to the widow or widower and, if there be no widow or widower, then to such dependents, in the proportion which such dependency bears to total dependency.

Beginning July 1, 1980, and every 6 months thereafter, the Commission shall examine the Second Injury Fund and when, after deducting all advances or loans made to such Fund, the amount therein is \$500,000 then the total aggregate amount required to be paid by employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be reduced by one-half. When the Second Injury Fund reaches the sum of \$600,000 then the payments shall cease entirely. However, when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to \$400,000, payment of one-half of the

amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall resumed, in the manner herein provided, and when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to \$300,000, payment of the full amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall resumed, in the manner herein provided. The Commission shall б make the changes in payment effective by general order, the changes in payment become immediately effective for all cases coming before the Commission thereafter either by settlement agreement or final order, irrespective of the date of the accidental injury. 

On August 1, 1996 and on February 1 and August 1 of each subsequent year, the Commission shall examine the special fund designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund" and when, after deducting all advances or loans made to said fund, the amount therein is \$4,000,000, the amount required to be paid by employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be reduced by one-half. When the Rate Adjustment Fund reaches the sum of \$5,000,000 the payment therein shall cease entirely. However, when said Rate Adjustment Fund has been reduced to \$3,000,000 the amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed in the manner herein provided.

(f) In case of complete disability, which renders the employee wholly and permanently incapable of work, or in the specific case of total and permanent disability as provided in subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section, compensation shall be payable at the rate provided in subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) of this Section for life.

An employee entitled to benefits under paragraph (f) of this Section shall also be entitled to receive from the Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of the supplementary benefits provided in paragraph (g) of this Section 8.

If any employee who receives an award under this paragraph afterwards returns to work or is able to do so, and

1 earns or is able to earn as much as before the accident, 2 payments under such award shall cease. If such employee returns to work, or is able to do so, and earns or is able to 3 4 earn part but not as much as before the accident, such award 5 shall be modified so as to conform to an award under б paragraph (d) of this Section. If such award is terminated 7 reduced under the provisions of this paragraph, such 8 employees have the right at any time within 30 months after 9 the date of such termination or reduction to file petition with the Commission for the purpose of determining whether 10 11 any disability exists as a result of the original accidental 12 injury and the extent thereof.

Disability as enumerated in subdivision 18, paragraph (e)
of this Section is considered complete disability.

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If an employee who had previously incurred loss or permanent and complete loss of use of one member, through the loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one arm, one foot, one leg, or one eye, hand, one incurs permanent and complete disability through the loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of another member, shall receive, in addition to the compensation payable by the employer and after such payments have ceased, an amount from the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph Section 7, which, together with the compensation payable from the employer in whose employ he was when the last accidental injury was incurred, will equal the amount payable for and complete disability as provided permanent in this paragraph of this Section.

The custodian of the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be joined with the employer as a party respondent in the application for adjustment of claim. The application for adjustment of claim shall state briefly and in general terms the approximate time and place and manner of the loss of the first member.

1 its award the Commission or the Arbitrator shall 2 specifically find the amount the injured employee shall be weekly paid, the number of weeks compensation which shall be 3 4 paid by the employer, the date upon which payments begin out 5 of the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of б Section 7 of this Act, the length of time the weekly payments 7 continue, the date upon which the pension payments commence and the monthly amount of the payments. The Commission shall 8 9 30 days after the date upon which payments out of the Second Injury Fund have begun as provided in the award, and every 10 11 month thereafter, prepare and submit to the State Comptroller a voucher for payment for all compensation accrued to that 12 the rate fixed by the Commission. 13 date at The State Comptroller shall draw a warrant to the injured employee 14 15 along with a receipt to be executed by the injured 16 and returned to the Commission. The endorsed warrant and receipt is a full and complete acquittance to the Commission 17 for the payment out of the Second Injury Fund. No other 18 19 appropriation or warrant is necessary for payment out of the Second Injury Fund. The Second Injury Fund is appropriated 20 21 for the purpose of making payments according to the terms of 22 the awards. 23

As of July 1, 1980 to July 1, 1982, all claims against and obligations of the Second Injury Fund shall become claims against and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent there is insufficient money in the Second Injury Fund to pay such claims and obligations. In that case, all references to "Second Injury Fund" in this Section shall also include the Rate Adjustment Fund.

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(g) Every award for permanent total disability entered by the Commission on and after July 1, 1965 under which compensation payments shall become due and payable after the effective date of this amendatory Act, and every award for death benefits or permanent total disability entered by the

1 Commission on and after the effective date of this amendatory 2 Act shall be subject to annual adjustments as to the amount of the compensation rate therein provided. Such adjustments 3 4 shall first be made on July 15, 1977, and all awards made and 5 entered prior to July 1, 1975 and on July 15 of each year 6 thereafter. In all other cases such adjustment shall be made 7 on July 15 of the second year next following the date of the entry of the award and shall further be made on July 15 8 9 annually thereafter. If during the intervening period from the date of the entry of the award, or the last periodic 10 11 adjustment, there shall have been an increase in the State's 12 average weekly wage in covered industries under the 13 Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage 14 the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage 15 16 in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation rate under this paragraph 17 shall in no event bring the total compensation rate to an 18 19 amount greater than the prevailing maximum rate. increase shall be paid in the same manner as herein provided 20 21 for payments under the Second Injury Fund to the injured 22 employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, out of the 23 Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of this Act. Payments shall be made at the same intervals as 24 25 provided in the award or, at the option of the Commission, may be made in quarterly payment on the 15th day of January, 26 April, July and October of each year. 27 In the event of decrease in such average weekly wage there shall be no change 28 29 in the then existing compensation rate. The within paragraph 30 shall not apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a compromise lump sum settlement between the 31 32 employer and the injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, has been duly approved by the Industrial 33 34 Commission.

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1 Provided, that in cases of awards entered by 2 Commission for injuries occurring before July 1, 1975, the increases in the compensation rate adjusted under the 3 4 foregoing provision of this paragraph (g) shall be limited to 5 increases in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act occurring 6 7 after July 1, 1975.

- (h) In case death occurs from any cause before the total compensation to which the employee would have been entitled has been paid, then in case the employee leaves any widow, widower, child, parent (or any grandchild, grandparent or other lineal heir or any collateral heir dependent at the time of the accident upon the earnings of the employee to the extent of 50% or more of total dependency) such compensation shall be paid to the beneficiaries of the deceased employee and distributed as provided in paragraph (g) of Section 7.
- In case an injured employee is under 17 disability at the time when any right or privilege accrues to 18 19 him or her under this Act, a guardian may be appointed pursuant to law, and may, on behalf of such person under 20 21 legal disability, claim and exercise any such right or privilege with the same effect as if the employee himself or 22 23 herself had claimed or exercised the right or privilege. limitations of time provided by this Act run so long as 24 25 employee who is under legal disability is without conservator or guardian. 26
- 27 (i) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of 28 age at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, 29 the amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of this Section is increased 50%.

However, where an employer has on file an employment certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly 1 issued, such certificate, permit or birth certificate is

2 conclusive evidence as to the age of the injured minor

3 employee for the purposes of this Section.

4 Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions

of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors

6 under the age of 16 years.

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(j) 1. In the event the injured employee receives benefits, including medical, surgical or hospital benefits under any group plan covering non-occupational disabilities contributed to wholly or partially by the employer, which benefits should not have been payable if any rights of recovery existed under this Act, then such amounts so paid to the employee from any such group plan as shall be consistent with, and limited to, the provisions of paragraph 2 hereof, shall be credited to or against any compensation payment temporary total incapacity for work or any medical, surgical or hospital benefits made or to be made under this Act. event, the period of time for giving notice of accidental injury and filing application for adjustment of claim does not commence to run until the termination of such payments. This paragraph does not apply to payments made under group plan which would have been payable irrespective of an accidental injury under this Act. employer receiving such credit shall keep such employee safe and harmless from any and all claims or liabilities that may be made against him by reason of having received such payments only to the extent of such credit.

Any excess benefits paid to or on behalf of a State employee by the State Employees' Retirement System under Article 14 of the Illinois Pension Code on a death claim or disputed disability claim shall be credited against any payments made or to be made by the State of Illinois to or on behalf of such employee under this Act, except for payments for medical expenses which have already been incurred at the

- 1 time of the award. The State of Illinois shall directly
- 2 reimburse the State Employees' Retirement System to the
- 3 extent of such credit.
- 4 2. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to
- 5 give the employer or the insurance carrier the right to
- 6 credit for any benefits or payments received by the employee
- 7 other than compensation payments provided by this Act, and
- 8 where the employee receives payments other than compensation
- 9 payments, whether as full or partial salary, group insurance
- 10 benefits, bonuses, annuities or any other payments, the
- 11 employer or insurance carrier shall receive credit for each
- 12 such payment only to the extent of the compensation that
- 13 would have been payable during the period covered by such
- 14 payment.
- 15 3. The extension of time for the filing of an
- 16 Application for Adjustment of Claim as provided in paragraph
- 17 1 above shall not apply to those cases where the time for
- 18 such filing had expired prior to the date on which payments
- or benefits enumerated herein have been initiated or resumed.
- 20 Provided however that this paragraph 3 shall apply only to
- 21 cases wherein the payments or benefits hereinabove enumerated
- shall be received after July 1, 1969.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 89-470, eff. 6-13-96.)