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AN ACT in relation to human rights.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 1-102, 1-103, and 3-102 as follows:

6 (775 ILCS 5/1-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 1-102)

7 Sec. 1-102. Declaration of Policy. It is the public 8 policy of this State:

(A) Freedom from Unlawful Discrimination. To secure for 9 individuals within Illinois freedom 10 all the from discrimination against any individual because of his or her 11 12 race, color, religion, sex, national origin, ancestry, age, 13 marital status, physical or mental handicap, military status, or unfavorable discharge from military service in connection 14 15 with employment, real estate transactions, access to 16 financial credit, and the availability of public accommodations. 17

(B) Freedom from Sexual Harassment-Employment and Higher
Education. To prevent sexual harassment in employment and
sexual harassment in higher education.

(C) Freedom from Discrimination Based on Citizenship
 Status-Employment. To prevent discrimination based on
 citizenship status in employment.

(D) Freedom from Discrimination Based on Familial Status
 or Source of Income-Real Estate Transactions. To prevent
 discrimination based on familial status or source of income
 in real estate transactions.

(E) Public Health, Welfare and Safety. To promote the
public health, welfare and safety by protecting the interest
of all people in Illinois in maintaining personal dignity, in
realizing their full productive capacities, and in furthering

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their interests, rights and privileges as citizens of this
 State.

3 (F) Implementation of Constitutional Guarantees. To 4 secure and guarantee the rights established by Sections 17, 5 18 and 19 of Article I of the Illinois Constitution of 1970.

(G) Equal Opportunity, Affirmative Action. To establish 6 7 Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action as the policies of this State in all of its decisions, programs and activities, 8 9 and to assure that all State departments, boards, commissions and instrumentalities rigorously take affirmative action to 10 11 provide equality of opportunity and eliminate the effects of discrimination in the internal affairs of State 12 past government and in their relations with the public. 13

14 (H) Unfounded Charges. To protect citizens of this State 15 against unfounded charges of unlawful discrimination, sexual 16 harassment in employment and sexual harassment in higher 17 education, and discrimination based on citizenship status in 18 employment.

19 (Source: P.A. 87-579; 88-178.)

20 (775 ILCS 5/1-103) (from Ch. 68, par. 1-103)

Sec. 1-103. General Definitions. When used in this Act,
unless the context requires otherwise, the term:

(A) Age. "Age" means the chronological age of a person
who is at least 40 years old, except with regard to any
practice described in Section 2-102, insofar as that practice
concerns training or apprenticeship programs. In the case of
training or apprenticeship programs, for the purposes of
Section 2-102, "age" means the chronological age of a person
who is 18 but not yet 40 years old.

30 (B) Aggrieved Party. "Aggrieved party" means a person 31 who is alleged or proved to have been injured by a civil 32 rights violation or believes he or she will be injured by a 33 civil rights violation under Article 3 that is about to

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1 occur.

2 (C) Charge. "Charge" means an allegation filed with the
3 Department by an aggrieved party or initiated by the
4 Department under its authority.

5 (D) Civil Rights Violation. "Civil rights violation"
6 includes and shall be limited to only those specific acts set
7 forth in Sections 2-102, 2-103, 2-105, 3-102, 3-103, 3-104,
8 3-104.1, 3-105, 4-102, 4-103, 5-102, 5A-102 and 6-101 of this
9 Act.

10 (E) Commission. "Commission" means the Human Rights11 Commission created by this Act.

12 (F) Complaint. "Complaint" means the formal pleading 13 filed by the Department with the Commission following an 14 investigation and finding of substantial evidence of a civil 15 rights violation.

16 (G) Complainant. "Complainant" means a person including
17 the Department who files a charge of civil rights violation
18 with the Department or the Commission.

(H) Department. "Department" means the Department ofHuman Rights created by this Act.

21 (I) Handicap. "Handicap" means a determinable physical 22 or mental characteristic of a person, including, but not 23 limited to, a determinable physical characteristic which necessitates the person's use of a guide, hearing or support 24 25 dog, the history of such characteristic, or the perception of such characteristic by the person complained against, which 26 may result from disease, injury, congenital condition of 27 birth or functional disorder and which characteristic: 28

(1) For purposes of Article 2 is unrelated to the person's ability to perform the duties of a particular job or position and, pursuant to Section 2-104 of this Act, a person's illegal use of drugs or alcohol is not a handicap;

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(2) For purposes of Article 3, is unrelated to the

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person's ability to acquire, rent or maintain a housing
 accommodation;

3 (3) For purposes of Article 4, is unrelated to a
4 person's ability to repay;

5 (4) For purposes of Article 5, is unrelated to a 6 person's ability to utilize and benefit from a place of 7 public accommodation.

8 (J) Marital Status. "Marital status" means the legal 9 status of being married, single, separated, divorced or 10 widowed.

11 (J-1) Military Status. "Military status" means a 12 person's status on active duty in the armed forces of the 13 United States.

14 (K) National Origin. "National origin" means the place15 in which a person or one of his or her ancestors was born.

16 (L) Person. "Person" includes one or more individuals, 17 partnerships, associations or organizations, labor organizations, labor unions, joint apprenticeship committees, 18 19 or union labor associations, corporations, the State of Illinois and its instrumentalities, political subdivisions, 20 21 units of local government, legal representatives, trustees in 22 bankruptcy or receivers.

(M) Public Contract. "Public contract" includes every
contract to which the State, any of its political
subdivisions or any municipal corporation is a party.

26 (N) Religion. "Religion" includes all aspects of 27 religious observance and practice, as well as belief, except 28 that with respect to employers, for the purposes of Article 29 2, "religion" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (F) 30 of Section 2-101.

31 (0) Sex. "Sex" means the status of being male or female.
 32 (0-5) Source of Income. "Source of income" means the
 33 source of any lawful income or any lawful rent payment,
 34 including any subsidy authorized under Section 8 of the

<u>United States Housing Act of 1937 and any other local, State,</u>
 <u>or federal subsidy or benefit.</u>

3 (P) Unfavorable Military Discharge. "Unfavorable 4 military discharge" includes discharges from the Armed Forces 5 of the United States, their Reserve components or any 6 National Guard or Naval Militia which are classified as RE-3 7 or the equivalent thereof, but does not include those 8 characterized as RE-4 or "Dishonorable".

9 (Q) Unlawful Discrimination. "Unlawful discrimination" 10 means discrimination against a person because of his or her 11 race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, sex, 12 marital status, handicap, military status, or unfavorable 13 discharge from military service as those terms are defined in 14 this Section.

15 (Source: P.A. 88-178; 88-180; 88-670, eff. 12-2-94.)

16 (775 ILCS 5/3-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 3-102)

17 Sec. 3-102. Civil Rights Violations; Real Estate 18 Transactions) It is a civil rights violation for an owner or 19 any other person engaging in a real estate transaction, or 20 for a real estate broker or salesman, because of unlawful 21 discrimination or familial status <u>or source of income</u>, to

(A) Transaction. Refuse to engage in a real estate
transaction with a person or to discriminate in making
available such a transaction;

(B) Terms. Alter the terms, conditions or privileges of
a real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities
or services in connection therewith;

28 (C) Offer. Refuse to receive or to fail to transmit a 29 bona fide offer to engage in a real estate transaction from a 30 person;

31 (D) Negotiation. Refuse to negotiate for a real estate32 transaction with a person;

33 (E) Representations. Represent to a person that real

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property is not available for inspection, sale, rental, or lease when in fact it is so available, or to fail to bring a property listing to his or her attention, or to refuse to permit him or her to inspect real property;

5 (F) Publication of Intent. Print, circulate, post, б mail, publish or cause to be so published a written or oral 7 statement, advertisement or sign, or to use a form of application for a real estate transaction, or to make a 8 9 record or inquiry in connection with a prospective real 10 estate transaction, which expresses any limitation founded upon, or indicates, directly or indirectly, an intent to 11 engage in unlawful discrimination; 12

13 (G) Listings. Offer, solicit, accept, use or retain a 14 listing of real property with knowledge that unlawful 15 discrimination or discrimination on the basis of familial 16 status in a real estate transaction is intended.

17 (Source: P.A. 86-910.)

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