SB372 Enrolled LRB9205013LBgc

- 1 AN ACT concerning environmental protection.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended
- 5 by changing Section 9.9 and adding Section 9.10 as follows:
- 6 (415 ILCS 5/9.9)
- 7 Sec. 9.9. Nitrogen oxides trading system.
- 8 (a) The General Assembly finds:
- (1) That USEPA has issued a Final Rule published in 9 the Federal Register on October 27, 1998, entitled 10 "Finding of Significant Contribution and Rulemaking for 11 12 Certain States in the Ozone Transport Assessment Group 13 Region for Purposes of Reducing Regional Transport of Ozone", hereinafter referred to as the "NOx SIP Call", 14 15 compliance with which will require reducing emissions of nitrogen oxides ("NOx"); 16
- 17 (2) That reducing emissions of NOx in the State 18 helps the State to meet the national ambient air quality 19 standard for ozone;
- 20 (3) That emissions trading is a cost-effective 21 means of obtaining reductions of NOx emissions.
- 22 The Agency shall propose and the Board shall adopt regulations to implement an interstate NOx trading program 23 (hereinafter referred to as the "NOx Trading Program") as 24 provided for in 40 CFR Part 96, including incorporation by 25 reference of appropriate provisions of 40 CFR Part 96 and 26 27 regulations to address 40 CFR Section 96.4(b), Section 96.55(c), Subpart E, and Subpart I. In addition, the Agency 28 29 shall propose and the Board shall adopt regulations to implement NOx emission reduction programs for cement kilns 30 and stationary internal combustion engines. 31

- 1 (c) Allocations of NOx allowances to large electric
- 2 generating units ("EGUs") and large non-electric generating
- units ("non-EGUs"), as defined by 40 CFR Part 96.4(a), shall 3
- 4 not exceed the State's trading budget for those source
- categories to be included in the State Implementation Plan 5
- 6 for NOx.
- 7 (d) In adopting regulations to implement the NOx Trading
- 8 Program, the Board shall:
- 9 (1) assure that the economic impact and technical
- feasibility of NOx emissions reductions under the NOx 10
- 11 Trading Program are considered relative to the
- traditional regulatory control requirements in the State 12
- for EGUs and non-EGUs; 13
- (2) provide that emission units, as defined in 14
- 15 Section 39.5(1) of this Act, may opt into the NOx Trading
- 16 Program;

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- (3) provide for voluntary reductions of NOx 17
- emissions from emission units, as defined in Section 18
- 19 39.5(1) of this Act, not otherwise included under
- paragraph (c) or (d)(2) of this Section to provide 20
- additional allowances to EGUs and non-EGUs to be 21
- 22 allocated by the Agency. The regulations shall further

provide that such voluntary reductions are verifiable,

- quantifiable, permanent, and federally enforceable;
- 25 (4) provide that the Agency allocate to non-EGUs
- allowances that are designated in the rule, unless the 26
- Agency has been directed to transfer the allocations to 27
- another unit subject to the requirements of the NOx 28
- 29 Trading Program, and that upon shutdown of a non-EGU, the
- 30 unit may transfer or sell the NOx allowances that are
- allocated to such unit; and 31
- (5) provide that the Agency shall set aside 32
- annually a number of allowances, not to exceed 5% of the 33
- total EGU trading budget, to be made available to new 34

1 EGUs.

- 2 (A) Those EGUs that commence commercial 3 operation, as defined in 40 CFR Section 96.2, at a 4 time that is more than half way through the control 5 period in 2003 2002 shall return to the Agency any 6 allowances that were issued to it by the Agency and 7 were not used for compliance in 2004 2003.
- 8 (B) The Agency may charge EGUs that commence 9 commercial operation, as defined in 40 CFR Section 10 96.2, on or after January 1, 2003, for the 11 allowances it issues to them.
- (e) The Agency may adopt procedural rules, as necessary, to implement the regulations promulgated by the Board pursuant to subsections (b) and (d) and to implement subsection (i) of this Section.
- 16 (f) Notwithstanding any provisions in subparts T, U, and W of Section 217 of Title 35 of the Illinois Administrative 17 <u>Code</u> to the contrary, compliance with the regulations 18 19 promulgated by the Board pursuant to subsections (b) and (d) of this Section is required by May 31, 2004. The-regulations 20 21 promulgated-by-the-Board-pursuant-to-subsections-(b)-and--(d) 22 of--this-Section-shall-not-be-enforced-until-the-later-of-May 23 1,-2003,-or-the-first-day-of-the-control-season-subsequent-to 24 the-calendar-year-in-which-all-of-the-other-states-subject-to 25 the-provisions-of-the-NOx-SIP-Call-that-are-located-in--USEPA 26 Region--V--or--that--are--contiguous-to-Illinois-have-adopted 27 regulations-to--implement--NOx--trading--programs--and--other required--reductions-of-NOx-emissions-pursuant-to-the-NOx-SIP 28 29 Call,-and-such-regulations-have-received--final--approval--by 30 USEPA--as-part-of-the-respective-states\_-SIPS-for-ozone,-or-a 31 final-FIP-for-ozone-promulgated-by--USEPA--is--effective--for 32 such-other-states.
- 33 (g) To the extent that a court of competent jurisdiction 34 finds a provision of 40 CFR Part 96 invalid, the

- 1 corresponding Illinois provision shall be stayed until such 2 provision of 40 CFR Part 96 is found to be valid or is re-promulgated. To the extent that USEPA or any court of 3 4 jurisdiction stays the applicability of any competent provision of the NOx SIP Call to any person or circumstance 5 relating to Illinois, during the period of that stay, the 6 7 effectiveness of the corresponding Illinois provision shall 8 stayed. To the extent that the invalidity of 9 particular requirement or application does not affect other provisions or applications of the NOx SIP Call pursuant to 40 10 11 CFR 51.121 or the NOx trading program pursuant to 40 CFR Part 96 or 40 CFR Part 97, this Section, and rules or regulations 12 promulgated hereunder, will be given effect without the 13 invalid provisions or applications. 14
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any source or other authorized person that participates in the NOx Trading Program shall be eligible to exchange NOx allowances with other sources in accordance with this Section and with regulations promulgated by the Board or the Agency.
- 20 (i) There is hereby created within the State Treasury an 21 interest-bearing special fund to be known as the NOx Trading 22 System Fund, which shall be used and administered by the 23 Agency for the purposes stated below:
- 24 (1) To accept funds from persons who purchase NOx allowances from the Agency;
  - (2) To disburse the proceeds of the NOx allowances sales pro-rata to the owners or operators of the EGUs that received allowances from the Agency but not from the Agency's set-aside, in accordance with regulations that may be promulgated by the Agency; and
- 31 (3) To finance the reasonable costs incurred by the 32 Agency in the administration of the NOx Trading System.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 91-631, eff. 8-19-99.)

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1 (41	5 ILCS	5/9.10	new)
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- 2 Sec. 9.10. Fossil fuel-fired electric generating plants.
- (a) The General Assembly finds and declares that: 3
- 4 (1) fossil fuel-fired electric generating plants are a significant source of air emissions in this State 5 and have become the subject of a number of important new 6 7 studies of their effects on the public health;
  - (2) existing state and federal policies, that allow older plants that meet federal standards to operate without meeting the more stringent requirements applicable to new plants, are being questioned on the basis of their environmental impacts and the economic distortions such policies cause in a deregulated energy market;
    - (3) fossil fuel-fired electric generating plants are, or may be, affected by a number of regulatory programs, some of which are under review or development on the state and national levels, and to a certain extent the international level, including the federal acid rain program, tropospheric ozone, mercury and other hazardous pollutant control requirements, regional haze, and global warming;
    - (4) scientific uncertainty regarding the formation of certain components of regional haze and the air quality modeling that predict impacts of control measures requires careful consideration of the timing of the control of some of the pollutants from these facilities, particularly sulfur dioxides and nitrogen oxides that each interact with ammonia and other substances in the atmosphere;
    - (5) the development of energy policies to promote a safe, sufficient, reliable, and affordable energy supply on the state and national levels is being affected by the on-going deregulation of the power generation industry

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1	and	the	evolving	energy	markets;

- and the development of a State energy policy calls for actions by the Agency and the Board that are in harmony with the energy needs and policy of the State, while protecting the public health and the environment;
- (7) Illinois coal is an abundant resource and an important component of Illinois' economy whose use should be encouraged to the greatest extent possible consistent with protecting the public health and the environment;
- (8) renewable forms of energy should be promoted as an important element of the energy and environmental policies of the State and that it is a goal of the State that at least 5% of the State's energy production and use be derived from renewable forms of energy by 2010 and at least 15% from renewable forms of energy by 2020;
- (9) efforts on the state and federal levels are underway to consider the multiple environmental regulations affecting electric generating plants in order to improve the ability of government and the affected industry to engage in effective planning through the use of multi-pollutant strategies; and
- (10) these issues, taken together, call for a comprehensive review of the impact of these facilities on the public health, considering also the energy supply, reliability, and costs, the role of renewable forms of energy, and the developments in federal law and regulations that may affect any state actions, prior to making final decisions in Illinois.
- 30 (b) Taking into account the findings and declarations of
  31 the General Assembly contained in subsection (a) of this
  32 Section, the Agency shall, before September 30, 2004, but not
  33 before September 30, 2003, issue to the House and Senate
  34 Committees on Environment and Energy findings that address

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- 1 <u>the potential need for the control or reduction of emissions</u>
- 2 from fossil fuel-fired electric generating plants, including
- 3 the following provisions:

in Illinois;

- (1) reduction of nitrogen oxide emissions, as

  appropriate, with consideration of maximum annual

  emissions rate limits or establishment of an emissions

  trading program and with consideration of the

  developments in federal law and regulations that may

  affect any State action, prior to making final decisions
  - (2) reduction of sulfur dioxide emissions, as appropriate, with consideration of maximum annual emissions rate limits or establishment of an emissions trading program and with consideration of the developments in federal law and regulations that may affect any State action, prior to making final decisions in Illinois;
  - (3) incentives to promote renewable sources of energy consistent with item (8) of subsection (a) of this Section;
  - (4) reduction of mercury as appropriate, consideration of the availability of control technology, industry practice requirements, or incentive programs, or some combination of these approaches that are sufficient to prevent unacceptable local impacts from individual facilities and with consideration of the developments in federal law and regulations that may affect any state action, prior to making final decisions in Illinois; and
- 29 (5) establishment of a banking system, consistent
  30 with the United States Department of Energy's voluntary
  31 reporting system, for certifying credits for voluntary
  32 offsets of emissions of greenhouse gases, as identified
  33 by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or
  34 other voluntary reductions of greenhouse gases. Such

- 1 reduction efforts may include, but are not limited to,
- 2 <u>carbon sequestration, technology-based control measures,</u>
- 3 <u>energy efficiency measures</u>, and the use of renewable
- 4 <u>energy sources</u>.
- 5 The Agency shall consider the impact on the public
- 6 <u>health, considering also</u> <u>energy supply, reliability and</u>
- 7 costs, the role of renewable forms of energy, and
- 8 <u>developments in federal law and regulations that may affect</u>
- 9 any state actions, prior to making final decisions in
- 10 Illinois.
- 11 (c) Nothing in this Section is intended to or should be
- 12 <u>interpreted in a manner to limit or restrict the authority of</u>
- the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency to propose, or
- 14 the Illinois Pollution Control Board to adopt, any
- 15 <u>regulations applicable or that may become applicable to the</u>
- 16 <u>facilities covered by this Section that are required by</u>
- 17 <u>federal law.</u>
- 18 (d) The Agency may file proposed rules with the Board to
- 19 <u>effectuate its findings provided to the Senate Committee on</u>
- 20 <u>Environment and Energy and the House Committee on Environment</u>
- 21 and Energy in accordance with subsection (b) of this Section.
- 22 Any such proposal shall not be submitted sooner than 90 days
- 23 <u>after the issuance of the findings provided for in subsection</u>
- 24 (b) of this Section. The Board shall take action on any such
- 25 proposal within one year of the Agency's filing of the
- 26 proposed rules.
- 27 (e) This Section shall apply only to those electrical
- 28 generating units that are subject to the provisions of
- 29 <u>Subpart W of Part 217 of Title 35 of the Illinois</u>
- 30 <u>Administrative Code, as promulgated by the Illinois Pollution</u>
- 31 <u>Control Board on December 21, 2000.</u>

1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July

2 1, 2001.