- 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3673
- 2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 3673, AS AMENDED,
- 3 with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment
- 4 No. 2, on page 1, line 5, by replacing "Section 18-9" with
- 5 "Sections 18-9 and 18-12"; and
- on page 4, immediately below line 27, by inserting the
- 7 following:
- 8 "(105 ILCS 5/18-12) (from Ch. 122, par. 18-12)
- 9 Sec. 18-12. Dates for filing State aid claims. The
- 10 school board of each school district shall require teachers,
- 11 principals, or superintendents to furnish from records kept
- 12 by them such data as it needs in preparing and certifying
- 13 under oath or affirmation to the regional superintendent its
- 14 school district report of claims provided in Sections 18-8
- 15 through 18-10 on blanks to be provided by the State
- 16 Superintendent of Education. The district claim shall be
- 17 based on the latest available equalized assessed valuation
- and tax rates, as provided in Section 18-8.05 18-8 and shall
- 19 use the average daily attendance as determined by the method
- outlined in Section 18-8.05 18-8 and shall be certified and
- 21 filed with the regional superintendent by July 1. Failure to
- 22 so file by July 1 constitutes a forfeiture of the right to

1 receive payment by the State until such claim is filed and

2 vouchered for payment. The regional superintendent of

3 schools shall certify the county report of claims by July 15;

4 and the State Superintendent of Education shall voucher for

payment those claims to the State Comptroller as provided in

Section 18-11.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, if any school district fails to provide the minimum school term specified in Section 10-19, the State aid claim for that year shall be reduced by the State Superintendent of Education in an amount equivalent to .56818% for each day less than the

number of days required by this Code Act. However,

If the State Superintendent of Education determines that the such failure to provide the minimum school term was occasioned by an act or acts of God, or was occasioned by conditions beyond the control of the school district which posed a hazardous threat to the health and safety of pupils, the State aid claim need not be reduced.

If the State Superintendent of Education determines that the failure to provide the minimum school term was due to a school being closed on or after September 11, 2001 for more than one-half day of attendance due to a bioterrorism or terrorism threat that was investigated by a law enforcement agency, the State aid claim shall not be reduced.

If, during any school day, (i) a school district has provided at least one clock hour of instruction but must close the schools due to adverse weather conditions or due to a condition beyond the control of the school district that poses a hazardous threat to the health and safety of pupils prior to providing the minimum hours of instruction required for a full day of attendance, or (ii) the school district must delay the start of the school day due to adverse weather conditions and this delay prevents the district from providing the minimum hours of instruction required for a

- 1 full day of attendance, the partial day of attendance may be
- 2 counted as a full day of attendance. The partial day of
- 3 attendance and the reasons therefor shall be certified in
- 4 writing within a month of the closing or delayed start by the
- 5 local school district superintendent to the Regional
- 6 Superintendent of Schools for forwarding to the State
- 7 Superintendent of Education for approval.
- 8 If a school building is ordered to be closed by the
- 9 school board, in consultation with a local emergency response
- 10 agency, due to a condition that poses a hazardous threat to
- 11 the health and safety of pupils, then the school district
- 12 <u>shall have a grace period of 4 days in which the general</u>
- 13 State aid claim shall not be reduced so that alternative
- 14 <u>housing of the pupils may be located.</u>
- No exception to the requirement of providing a minimum
- 16 school term may be approved by the State Superintendent of
- 17 Education pursuant to this Section unless a school district
- 18 has first used all emergency days provided for in its regular
- 19 calendar.
- 20 If the State Superintendent of Education declares that an
- 21 energy shortage exists during any part of the school year for
- 22 the State or a designated portion of the State, a district
- 23 may operate the school attendance centers within the district
- 24 4 days of the week during the time of the shortage by
- 25 extending each existing school day by one clock hour of
- 26 school work, and the State aid claim shall not be reduced,
- 27 nor shall the employees of that district suffer any reduction
- in salary or benefits as a result thereof. A district may
- 29 operate all attendance centers on this revised schedule, or
- 30 may apply the schedule to selected attendance centers, taking
- 31 into consideration such factors as pupil transportation
- 32 schedules and patterns and sources of energy for individual
- 33 attendance centers.
- No State aid claim may be filed for any district unless

- 1 the clerk or secretary of the school board executes and files
- 2 with the State Superintendent of Education, on forms
- 3 prescribed by the Superintendent, a sworn statement that the
- 4 district has complied with the requirements of Section
- 5 10-22.5 in regard to the nonsegregation of pupils on account
- of color, creed, race, sex or nationality.
- 7 No State aid claim may be filed for any district unless
- 8 the clerk or secretary of the school board executes and files
- 9 with the State Superintendent of Education, on forms
- 10 prescribed by the Superintendent, a sworn statement that to
- 11 the best of his or her knowledge or belief the employing or
- 12 assigning personnel have complied with Section 24-4 in all
- 13 respects.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 90-98, eff. 7-11-97.)".