92_HB3267 LRB9204544DJgc

- 1 AN ACT in relation to health.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Hepatitis C Public Awareness Act.
- 6 Section 5. Findings; intent.

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- 7 (a) The General Assembly finds and declares all of the 8 following:
- 9 (1) Hepatitis C is classified as a silent killer,
 10 where no recognizable signs or symptoms occur until
 11 severe liver damage has occurred.
 - (2) Hepatitis C has been characterized by the World Health Organization as a disease of primary concern to humanity.
 - (3) Studies indicate that 1.8% of the population, nearly 4,000,000 million Americans, carry the virus HCV that causes hepatitis C. In Illinois, as many as 200,000 individuals may be carriers and could develop the debilitating and potentially deadly liver disease associated with hepatitis C in their lifetime. An expert panel, convened by the National Institutes of Health, estimated that 30,000 acute new infections occur each year in the United States, and only 25 to 30 percent of those are diagnosed. Current data sources indicate that 8,000 to 10,000 Americans die from hepatitis C each year.
 - (4) Studies also indicate that inmates in correctional facilities have a higher incidence of hepatitis C than the general population. Upon their release from prison, these inmates present a significant health risk to the general population.
- 31 (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to study the

- 1 adequacy of the health care delivery system as it pertains to
- 2 hepatitis C.
- 3 (c) It is the intent of the General Assembly to urge the
- 4 Department of Public Health to make moneys available to
- 5 community-based not-for-profit organizations for education
- 6 and outreach with respect to the hepatitis C virus.
- 7 Section 10. Public education and outreach.
- 8 (a) The Director of Public Health shall develop and
- 9 implement a public education and outreach program to raise
- 10 awareness of the hepatitis C virus. The program shall be
- 11 aimed at high-risk groups, physicians' offices, health care
- 12 workers, and health care facilities. The program shall do
- 13 all of the following:
- 14 (1) Attempt to coordinate with national public
- 15 education efforts related to the identification and
- 16 notification of recipients of blood from
- 17 hepatitis-C-virus-positive donors.
- 18 (2) Attempt to stimulate interest in and coordinate
- 19 with community-based organizations to sponsor community
- 20 forums, and undertake other appropriate community
- 21 outreach activities.
- 22 (3) Employ public communication strategies utilizing
- 23 a variety of media that may include, but need not be
- limited to, print, radio, television, and the Internet.
- 25 (b) The Director of Public Health shall include
- 26 information on co-infection of human immunodeficiency virus
- 27 (HIV) or hemophilia with the hepatitis C virus in the
- 28 professional training and all appropriate care and treatment
- 29 programs under the jurisdiction of the Department.
- 30 (c) The Director of Public Health shall develop a program
- 31 to work with the Department of Corrections to identify
- 32 hepatitis-C-virus-positive inmates likely to be released
- 33 within 2 years and provide counseling and treatment options

- 1 to reduce the community risk.
- 2 (d) The Director of Public Health shall urge local public
- 3 health officials to make hepatitis C virus screening
- 4 available for uninsured individuals upon request.
- 5 (e) The Director of Public Health shall include hepatitis
- 6 C counseling, education, and testing, as appropriate, in
- 7 local State-funded programs, including those addressing HIV,
- 8 tuberculosis, sexually transmitted disease, and all other
- 9 appropriate programs approved by the Director.
- 10 Section 15. Health professionals and community service
- 11 providers.
- 12 (a) The Department of Public Health shall make protocols
- 13 and guidelines on hepatitis C developed by the National
- 14 Institutes of Health available for educating physicians and
- 15 health professionals and training community service providers
- on the most recent scientific and medical information on
- 17 hepatitis C detection, transmission, diagnosis, treatment,
- 18 and therapeutic decisionmaking.
- 19 (b) The guidelines may include, but need not be limited
- 20 to, the following:
- 21 (1) Tracking and reporting of both acute and chronic
- cases of hepatitis C by public health officials.
- 23 (2) A cost-efficient plan to screen the prison
- 24 population and the medically indigent population.
- 25 (3) Protocols within the Department of Corrections
- 26 to enable that Department to provide appropriate
- 27 prevention and treatment to prisoners with hepatitis C.
- 28 (4) Protocols for the education of correctional
- 29 peace officers and other correctional workers who work
- with prisoners with hepatitis C.
- 31 (5) Protocols for public safety and health care
- workers who come into contact with hepatitis C patients.
- 33 (6) Surveillance programs to determine the

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prevalence of hepatitis C in ethnic and other high-risk populations.

- (7) Education and outreach programs for high-risk individuals, including, but not limited to, individuals who received blood transfusions before 1992, hemophiliacs, veterans, women who underwent a caesarian section or premature delivery before 1990, persons who received an organ transplant before 1990, persons who receive invasive cosmetic procedures, including body piercing and tattooing, students, minority communities, and any other categories of persons at high risk for hepatitis C infection as determined by the Director of Public Health. Education and outreach programs shall be targeted to high-risk individuals as determined by the Director. Education programs may provide information and referrals on hepatitis C, including, but not limited to, education materials developed by health-related companies or community-based or national advocacy organizations, and referrals to advocacy organizations, counseling or patient support groups, and existing hotlines for consumers.
- (c) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require the Department of Public Health to develop or produce any protocol, guideline, or proposal.
- Section 20. Corrections. The Director of Corrections shall do all of the following:
- (1) On or before March 1, 2002, provide the Department of Public Health with an annual statistical report on the prevalence of the hepatitis C virus in correctional facilities in this State and trends in the incidence and prevalence of the hepatitis C virus in the correctional system.
- 33 (2) Establish and make available a voluntary program

- to test inmates for the presence of the hepatitis C virus upon incarceration and in conjunction with any routine blood testing.
- 4 (3) Update treatment protocols and regimens as new therapies become available.
- Section 25. Veterans' Affairs. On or before March 1,
 2002, the Director of Veterans' Affairs shall report to the
 Department of Public Health regarding efforts to educate,
 screen, and treat veterans who carry the hepatitis C virus.