92_HB3050ham001

LRB9207211NTsbam

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3050

2 AMENDMENT NO. ____. Amend House Bill 3050 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing
5 Section 18-8.05 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/18-8.05)

Sec. 18-8.05. Basis for apportionment of general State
financial aid and supplemental general State aid to the
common schools for the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years.

10 (A) General Provisions.

11 (1) The provisions of this Section apply to the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years. The system of general 12 13 State financial aid provided for in this Section is designed to assure that, through a combination of State financial aid 14 and required local resources, the financial support provided 15 each pupil in Average Daily Attendance equals or exceeds a 16 prescribed per pupil Foundation Level. This formula approach 17 imputes a level of per pupil Available Local Resources and 18 provides for the basis to calculate a per pupil level of 19 general State financial aid that, when added to Available 20 21 Local Resources, equals or exceeds the Foundation Level. The 1 amount of per pupil general State financial aid for school 2 districts, in general, varies in inverse relation to 3 Available Local Resources. Per pupil amounts are based upon 4 each school district's Average Daily Attendance as that term 5 is defined in this Section.

(2) In addition to general State financial aid, school 6 7 districts with specified levels or concentrations of pupils 8 from low income households are eligible to receive 9 supplemental general State financial aid grants as provided pursuant to subsection (H). The supplemental State aid grants 10 11 provided for school districts under subsection (H) shall be appropriated for distribution to school districts as part of 12 the same line item in which the general State financial aid 13 of school districts is appropriated under this Section. 14

15 (3) To receive financial assistance under this Section,
16 school districts are required to file claims with the State
17 Board of Education, subject to the following requirements:

Any school district which fails for any given 18 (a) 19 school year to maintain school as required by law, or to maintain a recognized school is not eligible to file for 20 21 such school year any claim upon the Common School Fund. 22 In case of nonrecognition of one or more attendance 23 in a school district otherwise centers operating recognized schools, the claim of the district shall be 24 25 reduced in the proportion which the Average Daily Attendance in the attendance center or centers bear to 26 the Average Daily Attendance in the school district. 27 Α "recognized school" means any public school which meets 28 the standards as established for recognition by the State 29 30 Board of Education. A school district or attendance center not having recognition status at the end of a 31 school term is entitled to receive State aid payments due 32 upon a legal claim which was filed while it 33 was 34 recognized.

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(b) School district claims filed under this Section
 are subject to Sections 18-9, 18-10, and 18-12, except as
 otherwise provided in this Section.

4 (c) If a school district operates a full year 5 school under Section 10-19.1, the general State aid to 6 the school district shall be determined by the State 7 Board of Education in accordance with this Section as 8 near as may be applicable.

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(d) (Blank).

10 (4) Except as provided in subsections (H) and (L), the 11 board of any district receiving any of the grants provided 12 for in this Section may apply those funds to any fund so 13 received for which that board is authorized to make 14 expenditures by law.

School districts are not required to exert a minimum Operating Tax Rate in order to qualify for assistance under this Section.

18 (5) As used in this Section the following terms, when19 capitalized, shall have the meaning ascribed herein:

20 (a) "Average Daily Attendance": A count of pupil
21 attendance in school, averaged as provided for in
22 subsection (C) and utilized in deriving per pupil
23 financial support levels.

(b) "Available Local Resources": A computation of
local financial support, calculated on the basis of
Average Daily Attendance and derived as provided pursuant
to subsection (D).

(c) "Corporate Personal Property 28 Replacement 29 Taxes": Funds paid to local school districts pursuant to 30 "An Act in relation to the abolition of ad valorem personal property tax and the replacement of revenues 31 lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and 32 parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August 33 14, 1979, as amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1). 34

(d) "Foundation Level": A prescribed level of per
 pupil financial support as provided for in subsection
 (B).

4 (e) "Operating Tax Rate": All school district
5 property taxes extended for all purposes, except Bond and
6 Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and
7 Vocational Education Building purposes.

8 (B) Foundation Level.

(1) The Foundation Level is a figure established by the 9 State representing the minimum level of per pupil financial 10 11 support that should be available to provide for the basic 12 education of each pupil in Average Daily Attendance. As set forth in this Section, each school district is assumed to 13 14 exert a sufficient local taxing effort such that, in combination with the aggregate of general State financial aid 15 provided the district, an aggregate of State and local 16 resources are available to meet the basic education needs of 17 18 pupils in the district.

19 (2) For the 1998-1999 school year, the Foundation Level
20 of support is \$4,225. For the 1999-2000 school year, the
21 Foundation Level of support is \$4,325. For the 2000-2001
22 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,425.

(3) For the 2001-2002 school year and each school year
thereafter, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,600
\$4,425
or such greater amount as may be established by law by the
General Assembly.

27 (C) Average Daily Attendance.

(1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant to subsection (E), an Average Daily Attendance figure shall be utilized. The Average Daily Attendance figure for formula calculation purposes shall be the monthly average of the actual number of pupils in attendance of each school district, as further averaged for the best 3 months of

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pupil attendance for each school district. In compiling the figures for the number of pupils in attendance, school districts and the State Board of Education shall, for purposes of general State aid funding, conform attendance figures to the requirements of subsection (F).

6 The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in (2) 7 subsection (E) shall be (i) the requisite attendance data for 8 the school year immediately preceding the school year for 9 which general State aid is being calculated or (ii) the average of the requisite attendance data for the 3 school 10 11 years preceding the school year for which general State aid 12 is being calculated, whichever is greater. The Average Daily Attendance figure utilized in subsection (H) shall be the 13 requisite attendance data for the school year immediately 14 preceding the school year for which general State aid is 15 16 being calculated.

17 (D) Available Local Resources.

18 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid 19 pursuant to subsection (E), a representation of Available Local Resources per pupil, as that term is defined and 20 21 determined in this subsection, shall be utilized. Available Local Resources per pupil shall include a calculated dollar 22 23 amount representing local school district revenues from local 24 from Corporate Personal Property property taxes and Replacement Taxes, expressed on the basis of pupils in 25 26 Average Daily Attendance.

In determining a school district's revenue from 27 (2) 28 local property taxes, the State Board of Education shall utilize the equalized assessed valuation of all taxable 29 property of each school district as of September 30 of the 30 The equalized assessed valuation utilized 31 previous year. shall be obtained and determined as provided in subsection 32 33 (G).

34 (3) For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten

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1 through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be 2 calculated as the product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 3.00%, and 3 4 divided by the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 5 8, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated 6 7 as the product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 2.30%, and divided by the 8 9 district's Average Daily Attendance figure. For school districts maintaining grades 9 through 12, local property tax 10 11 revenues per pupil shall be the applicable equalized assessed valuation of the district multiplied by 1.05%, and divided by 12 the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. 13

The Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes 14 (4) 15 paid to each school district during the calendar year 2 years 16 before the calendar year in which a school year begins, divided by the Average Daily Attendance figure for that 17 district, shall be added to the local property tax revenues 18 19 per pupil as derived by the application of the immediately preceding paragraph (3). The sum of these per pupil figures 20 for each school district shall constitute Available Local 21 Resources as that term is utilized in subsection (E) in the 22 calculation of general State aid. 23

24 (E) Computation of General State Aid.

(1) For each school year, the amount of general State
aid allotted to a school district shall be computed by the
State Board of Education as provided in this subsection.

(2) For any school district for which Available Local
Resources per pupil is less than the product of 0.93 times
the Foundation Level, general State aid for that district
shall be calculated as an amount equal to the Foundation
Level minus Available Local Resources, multiplied by the
Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

34 (3) For any school district for which Available Local

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1 Resources per pupil is equal to or greater than the product 2 of 0.93 times the Foundation Level and less than the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid per 3 4 pupil shall be a decimal proportion of the Foundation Level 5 using a linear algorithm. Under this linear derived 6 algorithm, the calculated general State aid per pupil shall 7 in direct linear fashion from 0.07 times the decline Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local 8 9 Resources equal to the product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level, to 0.05 times the Foundation Level for a school 10 11 district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level. The allocation of 12 general State aid for school districts subject to this 13 paragraph 3 shall be the calculated general State aid per 14 15 pupil figure multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of 16 the school district.

17 (4) For any school district for which Available Local 18 Resources per pupil equals or exceeds the product of 1.75 19 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid for the 20 school district shall be calculated as the product of \$218 21 multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school 22 district.

23 The amount of general State aid allocated to a (5)school district for the 1999-2000 school year meeting the 24 25 requirements set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) shall be increased by an amount equal to the general State 26 aid that would have been received by the district for the 27 1998-1999 school year by utilizing the Extension Limitation 28 29 Equalized Assessed Valuation as calculated in paragraph (4) 30 of subsection (G) less the general State aid allotted for the 1998-1999 school year. This amount shall be deemed a one 31 32 time increase, and shall not affect any future general State aid allocations. 33

34 (F) Compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

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1 (1) Each school district shall, by July 1 of each year, 2 submit to the State Board of Education, on forms prescribed by the State Board of Education, attendance figures for 3 the 4 school year that began in the preceding calendar year. The attendance information so transmitted shall identify the 5 average daily attendance figures for each month of the school 6 7 year, except that any days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of September and any days of attendance in 8 9 June shall be added to the month of May.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, days of 10 11 attendance by pupils shall be counted only for sessions of not less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under 12 direct supervision of: (i) teachers, or (ii) non-teaching 13 or volunteer personnel 14 personnel when engaging in 15 non-teaching duties and supervising in those instances 16 specified in subsection (a) of Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18, with pupils of legal school age and in 17 kindergarten and grades 1 through 12. 18

Days of attendance by tuition pupils shall be accredited only to the districts that pay the tuition to a recognized school.

(2) Days of attendance by pupils of less than 5 clock
hours of school shall be subject to the following provisions
in the compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

(a) Pupils regularly enrolled in a public school
for only a part of the school day may be counted on the
basis of 1/6 day for every class hour of instruction of
40 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment.

(b) Days of attendance may be less than 5 clock hours on the opening and closing of the school term, and upon the first day of pupil attendance, if preceded by a day or days utilized as an institute or teachers' workshop.

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(c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be

counted as a day of attendance upon certification by the regional superintendent, and approved by the State Superintendent of Education to the extent that the district has been forced to use daily multiple sessions.

(d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be 5 counted as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of 6 7 the school day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that 8 day is utilized for an in-service training program for 9 teachers, up to a maximum of 5 days per school year of which a maximum of 4 days of such 5 days may be used for 10 11 parent-teacher conferences, provided a district conducts 12 an in-service training program for teachers which has been approved by the State Superintendent of Education; 13 in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in 14 or, 15 which event each such day may be counted as a day of 16 attendance; and (2) when days in addition to those provided in item (1) are scheduled by a school pursuant 17 to its school improvement plan adopted under Article 34 18 or its revised or amended school improvement plan adopted 19 under Article 2, provided that (i) such sessions of 3 or 20 21 more clock hours are scheduled to occur at regular 22 intervals, (ii) the remainder of the school days in which such sessions occur are utilized for in-service 23 training or other staff development activities for 24 programs teachers, and (iii) a sufficient number of minutes of 25 school work under the direct supervision of teachers are 26 added to the school days between such regularly scheduled 27 sessions to accumulate not less than the number of 28 minutes by which such sessions of 3 or more clock hours 29 fall short of 5 clock hours. Any full days used for the 30 purposes of this paragraph shall not be considered for 31 computing average daily attendance. Days scheduled for 32 in-service training staff development 33 programs, activities, or parent-teacher conferences 34 may be

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1 2 scheduled separately for different grade levels and different attendance centers of the district.

3 (e) A session of not less than one clock hour of 4 teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by 5 telephone to the classroom may be counted as 1/2 day of 6 attendance, however these pupils must receive 4 or more 7 clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day 8 of attendance.

9 (f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be 10 counted as a day of attendance for first grade pupils, 11 and pupils in full day kindergartens, and a session of 2 12 or more hours may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance by 13 pupils in kindergartens which provide only 1/2 day of 14 attendance.

15 (g) For children with disabilities who are below 16 the age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock 17 hours because of their disability or immaturity, a 18 session of not less than one clock hour may be counted as 19 1/2 day of attendance; however for such children whose 20 educational needs so require a session of 4 or more clock 21 hours may be counted as a full day of attendance.

22 (h) A recognized kindergarten which provides for only 1/2 day of attendance by each pupil shall not have 23 more than 1/2 day of attendance counted in any one day. 24 However, kindergartens may count 2 1/2 days of attendance 25 in any 5 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends 26 such a kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school 27 day, the pupil shall have the following day as a day 28 29 absent from school, unless the school district obtains permission in writing from the State Superintendent of 30 Education. Attendance at kindergartens which provide for 31 a full day of attendance by each pupil shall be counted 32 the same as attendance by first grade pupils. Only the 33 first year of attendance in one kindergarten shall be 34

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counted, except in case of children who entered the
 kindergarten in their fifth year whose educational
 development requires a second year of kindergarten as
 determined under the rules and regulations of the State
 Board of Education.

6 (G) Equalized Assessed Valuation Data.

7 (1) For purposes of the calculation of Available Local Resources required pursuant to subsection (D), 8 the State Board of Education shall secure from the Department of 9 Revenue the value as equalized or assessed by the Department 10 11 of Revenue of all taxable property of every school district, together with (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending 12 taxes for the funds of the district as of September 30 of the 13 14 previous year and (ii) the limiting rate for all school 15 districts subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 16

This equalized assessed valuation, as adjusted further by the requirements of this subsection, shall be utilized in the calculation of Available Local Resources.

20 (2) The equalized assessed valuation in paragraph (1)
21 shall be adjusted, as applicable, in the following manner:

For the purposes of calculating State aid under 22 (a) 23 this Section, with respect to any part of a school district within a redevelopment project area in respect 24 25 to which a municipality has adopted tax increment allocation financing pursuant to the Tax Increment 26 Allocation Redevelopment Act, Sections 11-74.4-1 through 27 28 11-74.4-11 of the Illinois Municipal Code or the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, Sections 11-74.6-1 through 29 11-74.6-50 of the Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the 30 current equalized assessed valuation of real property 31 32 located in any such project area which is attributable to 33 an increase above the total initial equalized assessed 34 valuation of such property shall be used as part of the

1 equalized assessed valuation of the district, until such 2 time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid, as provided in Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment 3 4 Allocation Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35 of the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the 5 equalized assessed valuation of the district, the total 6 7 initial equalized assessed valuation or the current 8 equalized assessed valuation, whichever is lower, shall 9 be used until such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid. 10

11 (b) The real property equalized assessed valuation for a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting 12 from the real property value as equalized or assessed by 13 the Department of Revenue for the district an amount 14 computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes 15 16 under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 17 12, 2.30% for a district maintaining grades 18 by kindergarten through 8, or by 1.05% for a district 19 maintaining grades 9 through 12 and adjusted by an amount 20 21 computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) of Section 18-165 of the Property 22 23 Tax Code by the same percentage rates for district type 24 as specified in this subparagraph (b).

(3) For the 1999-2000 school year and each school year thereafter, if a school district meets all of the criteria of this subsection (G)(3), the school district's Available Local Resources shall be calculated under subsection (D) using the district's Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation as calculated under this subsection (G)(3).

31 For purposes of this subsection (G)(3) the following 32 terms shall have the following meanings:

33 "Budget Year": The school year for which general34 State aid is calculated and awarded under subsection (E).

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"Base Tax Year": The property tax levy year used to 1 2 calculate the Budget Year allocation of general State aid.

4 "Preceding Tax Year": The property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. 5

"Base Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the 6 7 equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as 8 9 calculated by the County Clerk and defined in the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 10

11 "Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County 12 Clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the 13 Operating Tax Rate as defined in subsection (A). 14

"Extension Limitation Ratio": A numerical ratio, 15 16 certified by the County Clerk, in which the numerator is the Base Tax Year's Tax Extension and the denominator is 17 the Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension. 18

19 "Operating Tax Rate": The operating tax rate as defined in subsection (A). 20

21 If a school district is subject to property tax extension 22 limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension 23 Limitation Law, and if the Available Local Resources of that school district as calculated pursuant to subsection (D) 24 25 using the Base Tax Year are less than the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level for the Budget Year, the State 26 Board of Education shall calculate the Extension Limitation 27 Equalized Assessed Valuation of that district. 28 For the 29 1999-2000 school year, the Extension Limitation Equalized 30 Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to the product of the 31 32 district's 1996 Equalized Assessed Valuation and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. For the 2000-2001 33 school year and each school year thereafter, the Extension 34

1 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district 2 as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to the product of the last calculated Extension Limitation 3 4 Equalized Assessed Valuation and the district's Extension 5 Limitation Ratio. If the Extension Limitation Equalized 6 Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated under 7 this subsection (G)(3) is less than the district's equalized 8 assessed valuation as calculated pursuant to subsections 9 (G)(1) and (G)(2), then for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid for the Budget Year pursuant to 10 11 subsection (E), that Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the district's 12 Available Local Resources under subsection (D). 13

(4) For the purposes of calculating general State aid 14 for the 1999-2000 school year only, if a school district 15 16 experienced a triennial reassessment on the equalized assessed valuation used in calculating its general State 17 18 financial aid apportionment for the 1998-1999 school year, 19 the State Board of Education shall calculate the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation that would have been 20 21 used to calculate the district's 1998-1999 general State aid. 22 This amount shall equal the product of the equalized assessed 23 valuation used to calculate general State aid for the 1997-1998 school year and the district's Extension Limitation 24 25 Ratio. If the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of the school district as calculated under this 26 paragraph (4) is less than the district's equalized assessed 27 valuation utilized in calculating the district's 1998-1999 28 29 general State aid allocation, then for purposes of 30 calculating the district's general State aid pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (E), that Extension Limitation 31 Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate 32 the district's Available Local Resources. 33

34 (5) For school districts having a majority of their

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1 equalized assessed valuation in any county except Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, or Will, if the amount of 2 general State aid allocated to the school district for the 3 4 1999-2000 school year under the provisions of subsection (E), 5 (H), and (J) of this Section is less than the amount of 6 general State aid allocated to the district for the 1998-1999 7 school year under these subsections, then the general State aid of the district for the 1999-2000 school year only shall 8 9 increased by the difference between these amounts. be The total payments made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed 10 11 \$14,000,000. Claims shall be prorated if they exceed \$14,000,000. 12

13 (H) Supplemental General State Aid.

14 (1) In addition to the general State aid a school 15 district is allotted pursuant to subsection (E), qualifying school districts shall receive a grant, paid in conjunction 16 with a district's payments of general State aid, 17 for 18 supplemental general State aid based upon the concentration 19 level of children from low-income households within the school district. Supplemental State aid grants provided for 20 21 school districts under this subsection shall be appropriated for distribution to school districts as part of the same line 22 23 item in which the general State financial aid of school districts is appropriated under this Section. For purposes of 24 this subsection, the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" 25 26 shall be the low-income eligible pupil count from the most recently available federal census divided by the Average 27 28 Daily Attendance of the school district. If, however, the percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses 29 in the low-income eligible pupil count of a high school 30 district with fewer than 400 students exceeds by 75% or more 31 32 the percentage change in the total low-income eligible pupil 33 count of contiguous elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the high school district, the 34

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high school district's low-income eligible pupil count from the earlier federal census shall be the number used as the low-income eligible pupil count for the high school district, for purposes of this subsection (H).

5 (2) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this6 subsection shall be provided as follows:

7 (a) For any school district with a Low Income
8 Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%,
9 the grant for any school year <u>before the 2001-2002 school</u>
10 <u>year</u> shall be \$800 multiplied by the low income eligible
11 pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%,
the grant for the 1998-1999 school year shall be \$1,100
multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

16 (c) For any school district with a Low Income
17 Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%,
18 the grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,500
19 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

20 (d) For any school district with a Low Income
21 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for the
22 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,900 multiplied by the low
23 income eligible pupil count.

(e) For the 1999-2000 school year, the per pupil
amount specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d)
immediately above shall be increased to \$1,243, \$1,600,
and \$2,000, respectively.

(f) For the 2000-2001 school year, the per pupil amounts specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately above shall be \$1,273, \$1,640, and \$2,050, respectively.

32 (g) The following shall be the grant for the
 33 2001-2002 school year and each school year thereafter:
 34 (i) For any school district with a Low Income

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Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the grant shall be 28% of the Foundation Level multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(ii) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the grant shall be 31% of the Foundation Level multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

8 (iii) For any school district with a Low 9 Income Concentration Level of at least 50% and less 10 than 60%, the grant shall be 38% of the Foundation 11 Level multiplied by the low income eligible pupil 12 count.

(iv) For any school district with a Low Income
 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant shall
 be 47% of the Foundation Level multiplied by the low
 income eligible pupil count.

(3) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 17 more than 1,000 and less than 50,000 that qualify for 18 supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection 19 shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education prior to 20 21 October 30 of each year for the use of the funds resulting from this grant of supplemental general State aid for the 22 23 improvement of instruction in which priority is given to meeting the education needs of disadvantaged children. 24 Such 25 shall be submitted in accordance with rules and plan regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education. 26

(4) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 50,000 or more that qualify for supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall be required to distribute from funds available pursuant to this Section, no less than \$261,000,000 in accordance with the following requirements:

33 (a) The required amounts shall be distributed to34 the attendance centers within the district in proportion

to the number of pupils enrolled at each attendance center who are eligible to receive free or reduced-price lunches or breakfasts under the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966 and under the National School Lunch Act during the immediately preceding school year.

(b) The distribution of these portions 6 of 7 supplemental and general State aid among attendance 8 centers according to these requirements shall not be 9 compensated for or contravened by adjustments of the total of other funds appropriated to any attendance 10 11 centers, and the Board of Education shall utilize funding from one or several sources in order to fully implement 12 this provision annually prior to the opening of school. 13

(c) Each attendance center shall be provided by the 14 15 school district a distribution of noncategorical funds 16 and other categorical funds to which an attendance center is entitled under law in order that the general State aid 17 supplemental general State aid 18 and provided by application of this subsection supplements rather than 19 20 supplants the noncategorical funds and other categorical 21 funds provided by the school district to the attendance 22 centers.

(d) Any funds made available under this subsection
that by reason of the provisions of this subsection are
not required to be allocated and provided to attendance
centers may be used and appropriated by the board of the
district for any lawful school purpose.

(e) Funds received by an attendance center pursuant
to this subsection shall be used by the attendance center
at the discretion of the principal and local school
council for programs to improve educational opportunities
at qualifying schools through the following programs and
services: early childhood education, reduced class size
or improved adult to student classroom ratio, enrichment

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programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, and other educationally beneficial expenditures which supplement the regular and basic programs as determined by the State Board of Education. Funds provided shall not be expended for any political or lobbying purposes as defined by board rule.

7 (f) Each district subject to the provisions of this 8 subdivision (H)(4) shall submit an acceptable plan to 9 meet the educational needs of disadvantaged children, in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph, to 10 11 the State Board of Education prior to July 15 of each year. This plan shall be consistent with the decisions of 12 local school councils concerning the school expenditure 13 plans developed in accordance with part 4 of Section 14 15 34-2.3. The State Board shall approve or reject the plan 16 within 60 days after its submission. If the plan is rejected, the district shall give written notice of 17 to modify the plan within 15 days of the 18 intent notification of rejection and then submit a modified plan 19 within 30 days after the date of the written notice of 20 21 intent to modify. Districts may amend approved plans 22 pursuant to rules promulgated by the State Board of 23 Education.

24 Upon notification by the State Board of Education 25 that the district has not submitted a plan prior to July 26 15 or a modified plan within the time period specified 27 herein, the State aid funds affected by that plan or 28 modified plan shall be withheld by the State Board of 29 Education until a plan or modified plan is submitted.

30 If the district fails to distribute State aid to 31 attendance centers in accordance with an approved plan, 32 the plan for the following year shall allocate funds, in 33 addition to the funds otherwise required by this 34 subsection, to those attendance centers which were

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1 underfunded during the previous year in amounts equal to such underfunding.

For purposes of determining compliance with this 3 4 subsection in relation to the requirements of attendance center funding, each district subject to the provisions 5 of this subsection shall submit as a separate document by 6 7 December 1 of each year a report of expenditure data for the prior year in addition to any modification of 8 its 9 current plan. If it is determined that there has been a failure to comply with the expenditure provisions of this 10 11 subsection regarding contravention or supplanting, the State Superintendent of Education shall, within 60 days 12 13 of receipt of the report, notify the district and any affected local school council. The district shall within 14 days of receipt of that notification inform the State 15 45 16 Superintendent of Education of the remedial or corrective action to be taken, whether by amendment of the current 17 plan, if feasible, or by adjustment in the plan for the 18 following year. Failure to provide the expenditure 19 report or the notification of remedial or corrective 20 21 action in a timely manner shall result in a withholding 22 of the affected funds.

23 The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules 24 and regulations to implement the provisions of this 25 subsection. No funds shall be released under this subdivision (H)(4) to any district that has not submitted 26 27 a plan that has been approved by the State Board of Education. 28

(I) General State Aid for Newly Configured School Districts. 29 (1) For a new school district formed by combining 30 included totally within 2 or more previously 31 property existing school districts, for its first year of existence 32 33 the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall be computed for the new 34

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district and for the previously existing districts for which property is totally included within the new district. If the computation on the basis of the previously existing districts is greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the new district.

(2) For a school district which annexes all of 7 the territory of one or more entire other school districts, for 8 9 the first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to such annexation becomes effective for all 10 11 purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 7A-8, the general 12 State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall be computed for the annexing district as 13 constituted after the annexation and for the annexing and 14 15 each annexed district as constituted prior to the annexation; 16 and if the computation on the basis of the annexing and annexed districts as constituted prior to the annexation is 17 greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference 18 19 shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the annexing school district as constituted upon such annexation. 20

(3) For 2 or more school districts which annex all of 21 22 the territory of one or more entire other school districts, 23 and for 2 or more community unit districts which result upon the division (pursuant to petition under Section 11A-2) of 24 25 one or more other unit school districts into 2 or more parts and which together include all of the parts into which such 26 other unit school district or districts are so divided, 27 for first year during which the change of boundaries 28 the 29 attributable to such annexation or division becomes effective 30 for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 11A-10, as the case may be, the general State aid and supplemental 31 32 general State aid calculated under this Section shall be annexing or resulting district as 33 for each computed 34 constituted after the annexation or division and for each

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1 annexing and annexed district, or for each resulting and 2 divided district, as constituted prior to the annexation or division; and if the aggregate of the general State aid and 3 4 supplemental general State aid as so computed for the annexing or resulting districts as constituted after 5 the б annexation or division is less than the aggregate of the 7 general State aid and supplemental general State aid as so 8 computed for the annexing and annexed districts, or for the 9 resulting and divided districts, as constituted prior to the 10 annexation or division, then a supplementary payment equal to 11 the difference shall be made and allocated between or among the annexing or resulting districts, as constituted upon such 12 annexation or division, for the first 4 years of their 13 The total difference payment shall be allocated 14 existence. 15 between or among the annexing or resulting districts in the 16 same ratio as the pupil enrollment from that portion of the annexed or divided district or districts which is annexed to 17 or included in each such annexing or resulting district bears 18 19 to the total pupil enrollment from the entire annexed or divided district or districts, as such pupil enrollment is 20 21 determined for the school year last ending prior to the date 22 when the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation 23 or division becomes effective for all purposes. The amount of the total difference payment and the amount thereof to be 24 25 allocated to the annexing or resulting districts shall be computed by the State Board of Education on the basis of 26 pupil enrollment and other data which shall be certified to 27 the State Board of Education, on forms which it shall provide 28 29 for that purpose, by the regional superintendent of schools 30 for each educational service region in which the annexing and annexed districts, or resulting and divided districts are 31 32 located.

33 (3.5) Claims for financial assistance under this34 subsection (I) shall not be recomputed except as expressly

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1 provided under this Section.

2 (4) Any supplementary payment made under this subsection
3 (1) shall be treated as separate from all other payments made
4 pursuant to this Section.

5 (J) Supplementary Grants in Aid.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions 6 of this 7 Section, the amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this 8 Section for which each school district is eligible shall be 9 no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid 10 entitlement that was received by the district under Section 11 12 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that Section) for the 1997-98 school year, 13 pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in 14 If a school district qualifies to receive a 15 effect. supplementary payment made under this subsection (J), the 16 amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination with 17 18 supplemental general State aid under this Section which that 19 district is eligible to receive for each school year shall be no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid 20 21 entitlement that was received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) 22 23 and 5(p-5) of that Section) for the 1997-1998 school year, 24 pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in 25 effect.

(2) If, as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection 26 (J), a school district is to receive aggregate general State 27 28 aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section for the 1998-99 school year and any subsequent 29 school year that in any such school year is less than the 30 amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that 31 the district received for the 1997-98 school year, the school 32 33 district shall also receive, from a separate appropriation 34 made for purposes of this subsection (J), a supplementary 1 payment that is equal to the amount of the difference in the 2 aggregate State aid figures as described in paragraph (1). 3 (3) (Blank).

(K) Grants to Laboratory and Alternative Schools. 4

5 In calculating the amount to be paid to the governing board of a public university that operates a laboratory 6 7 school under this Section or to any alternative school that 8 is operated by a regional superintendent of schools, the State Board of Education shall require by rule such reporting 9 requirements as it deems necessary. 10

As used in this Section, "laboratory school" means a 11 public school which is created and operated by a public 12 university and approved by the State Board of Education. 13 The 14 governing board of a public university which receives funds from the State Board under this subsection (K) may not 15 increase the number of students enrolled in its laboratory 16 school from a single district, if that district is already 17 18 sending 50 or more students, except under a mutual agreement 19 between the school board of a student's district of residence and the university which operates the laboratory school. 20 А 21 laboratory school may not have more than 1,000 students, excluding students with disabilities in a special education 22 23 program.

As used in this Section, "alternative school" means a 24 25 public school which is created and operated by a Regional 26 Superintendent of Schools and approved by the State Board of Education. Such alternative schools may offer courses of 27 28 instruction for which credit is given in regular school 29 programs, courses to prepare students for the high school 30 equivalency testing program or vocational and occupational A regional superintendent of schools may contract 31 training. 32 with a school district or a public community college district 33 to operate an alternative school. An alternative school serving more than one educational service region may be 34

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established by the regional superintendents of schools of the affected educational service regions. An alternative school serving more than one educational service region may be operated under such terms as the regional superintendents of schools of those educational service regions may agree.

6 Each laboratory and alternative school shall file, on 7 forms provided by the State Superintendent of Education, an 8 annual State aid claim which states the Average Daily 9 Attendance of the school's students by month. The best 3 months' Average Daily Attendance shall be computed for each 10 11 school. The general State aid entitlement shall be computed 12 by multiplying the applicable Average Daily Attendance by the Foundation Level as determined under this Section. 13

14 (L) Payments, Additional Grants in Aid and Other 15 Requirements.

(1) For a school district operating under the financial 16 supervision of an Authority created under Article 34A, the 17 18 general State aid otherwise payable to that district under 19 this Section, but not the supplemental general State aid, shall be reduced by an amount equal to the budget for the 20 21 operations of the Authority as certified by the Authority to the State Board of Education, and an amount equal 22 to such 23 reduction shall be paid to the Authority created for such 24 district for its operating expenses in the manner provided in Section 18-11. The remainder of general State school aid for 25 any such district shall be paid in accordance with Article 26 34A when that Article provides for a disposition other than 27 28 that provided by this Article.

29 (2) (Blank).

30 (3) Summer school. Summer school payments shall be made31 as provided in Section 18-4.3.

The Education Funding Advisory Board, hereinafter in this

32 (M) Education Funding Advisory Board.

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1 subsection (M) referred to as the "Board", is hereby created. 2 The Board shall consist of 5 members who are appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. 3 4 members appointed shall include representatives of The 5 education, business, and the general public. One of the 6 members so appointed shall be designated by the Governor at 7 the time the appointment is made as the chairperson of the The initial members of the Board may be appointed any 8 Board. 9 time after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. The regular term of each member of the Board shall be for 4 10 11 years from the third Monday of January of the year in which 12 the term of the member's appointment is to commence, except the 5 13 that of initial members appointed to serve on the Board, the member who is appointed as the chairperson shall 14 15 serve for a term that commences on the date of his or her 16 appointment and expires on the third Monday of January, 2002, and the remaining 4 members, by lots drawn at the first 17 18 meeting of the Board that is held after all 5 members are 19 appointed, shall determine 2 of their number to serve for 20 terms that commence on the date of their respective 21 appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2001, 22 and 2 of their number to serve for terms that commence on the 23 date of their respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2000. All members appointed to serve on 24 25 the Board shall serve until their respective successors are appointed and confirmed. Vacancies shall be filled in the 26 manner as original appointments. If a vacancy in 27 same membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not 28 in 29 session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment 30 until the next meeting of the Senate, when he or she shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a 31 32 person to fill that membership for the unexpired term. Τf the Senate is not in session when the initial appointments 33 34 are made, those appointments shall be made as in the case of

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1 vacancies.

2 The Education Funding Advisory Board shall be deemed established, and the initial members appointed by the 3 4 Governor to serve as members of the Board shall take office, on the date that the Governor makes his or her appointment of 5 6 the fifth initial member of the Board, whether those initial 7 members are then serving pursuant to appointment and 8 confirmation or pursuant to temporary appointments that are 9 made by the Governor as in the case of vacancies.

10 The State Board of Education shall provide such staff 11 assistance to the Education Funding Advisory Board as is 12 reasonably required for the proper performance by the Board 13 of its responsibilities.

For school years after the 2000-2001 school year, 14 the Education Funding Advisory Board, in consultation with the 15 16 State Board of Education, shall make recommendations as provided in this subsection (M) to the General Assembly for 17 the foundation level under subdivision (B)(3) of this Section 18 19 and for the supplemental general State aid grant level under subsection (H) of this Section for districts with high 20 21 concentrations of children from poverty. The recommended foundation level shall be determined based on a methodology 22 23 which incorporates the basic education expenditures of low-spending schools exhibiting high academic performance. 24 25 The Education Funding Advisory Board shall make such recommendations to the General Assembly on January 1 of odd 26 numbered years, beginning January 1, 2001. 27

28 (N) (Blank).

29 (O) References.

30 (1) References in other laws to the various subdivisions 31 of Section 18-8 as that Section existed before its repeal and 32 replacement by this Section 18-8.05 shall be deemed to refer 33 to the corresponding provisions of this Section 18-8.05, to

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1 the extent that those references remain applicable.

2 (2) References in other laws to State Chapter 1 funds shall be deemed to refer to the supplemental general State 3 4 aid provided under subsection (H) of this Section.

5 (Source: P.A. 90-548, eff. 7-1-98; incorporates 90-566; 90-653, eff. 7-29-98; 90-654, eff. 7-29-98; 90-655, eff. 6 7-30-98; 90-802, eff. 12-15-98; 90-815, eff. 2-11-99; 91-24, 7 eff. 7-1-99; 91-93, eff. 7-9-99; 91-96, eff. 7-9-99; 91-111, 8 9 eff. 7-14-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-533, eff. 8-13-99; revised 8-27-99.) 10

11 Section 10. The State Aid Continuing Appropriation Law is amended by changing Sections 15-10, 15-15, and 15-20 as 12 follows: 13

14 (105 ILCS 235/15-10)

Sec. 15-10. Annual budget; recommendation. The Governor 15 16 shall include a Common School Fund recommendation to the 17 State Board of Education in the fiscal-year-1999-through-2001 annual <u>Budget</u> Budgets sufficient to fund (i) the General 18 19 State Aid Formula set forth in subsection (E) (Computation of 20 General State Aid) and subsection (H) (Supplemental General 21 State Aid) of Section 18-8.05 of the School Code. In the fiscal year 2002 Budget, the Governor shall include a Common 22 School Fund recommendation to the State Board of Education 23 sufficient to fund and-(ii) the supplementary payments for 24 school districts set forth in subsection (J) (Supplementary 25 Grants in Aid) of Section 18-8.05 of the School Code. 26

(Source: P.A. 90-548, eff. 12-4-97; 90-654, eff. 7-29-98.) 27

(105 ILCS 235/15-15) 28

29 Sec. 15-15. State Aid Formula; Funding. The General 30 Assembly shall annually make Common School Fund appropriations to the State Board of Education in--fiseal 31

1 years--1999--through--2001 sufficient to fund (i) the General 2 State Aid Formula set forth in subsection (E) (Computation of General State Aid) and subsection (H) (Supplemental General 3 4 State Aid) of Section 18-8.05 of the School Code. In fiscal 5 year 2002, the General Assembly shall make a Common School Fund appropriation to the State Board of Education sufficient б to fund and--(ii) the supplementary payments for school 7 districts set forth in subsection (J) (Supplementary Grants 8 in Aid) of Section 18-8.05 of the School Code. 9 (Source: P.A. 90-548, eff. 12-4-97; 90-654, eff. 7-29-98.) 10

11

(105 ILCS 235/15-20)

Continuing appropriation. If the General 12 Sec. 15-20. Assembly fails to make Common School Fund appropriations to 13 the State Board of Education in-fiseal-years-1999-through 14 15 2001 sufficient to fund (i) the General State Aid Formula set forth in subsection (E) (Computation of General State Aid) 16 17 and subsection (H) (Supplemental General State Aid) of 18 Section 18-8.05 of the School Code and (ii) in fiscal year 2002, the supplementary payments for school districts set 19 20 forth in subsection (J) (Supplementary Grants in Aid) of Section 18-8.05 of the School Code, this Article shall 21 22 constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation from the Common School Fund of all amounts necessary for those 23 24 purposes.

25 (Source: P.A. 90-548, eff. 12-4-97; 90-654, eff. 7-29-98.)

26 (105 ILCS 235/15-25 rep.)

27 Section 15. The State Aid Continuing Appropriation Law 28 is amended by repealing Section 15-25.

29 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 30 becoming law.".

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