92 HB2564 LRB9207432WHtmB

- 1 AN ACT concerning business transactions.
- Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Motor Vehicle Franchise Act is amended by
- changing Sections 12, 13, 18, and 29 as follows: 5
- 6 (815 ILCS 710/12) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 762)
- Sec. 12. Arbitration; administrative proceedings; civil 7
- 8 actions; determining good cause.
- 9 (a) The franchiser and franchisee may agree to submit a
- dispute involving Section 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10.1, or 11 10
- cancellation,-modification,-termination,-or-refusal-to-extend 11
- 12 or-renew-an--existing--franchise--or--selling--agreement,--or
- 13 refusal--to-honor-succession-to-ownership-or-refusal-to-allow
- 14 a--sale--or--transfer,--or--the--granting--of--an--additional
- 15 franchise-of-the-same-line--make--or--the--relocating--of--an
- existing--motor--vehicle-dealership-within-or-into-a-relevant 16
- 17 market-area-where-the-same-line-make-is-then-represented,--or
- 18 the--proposed--arrangement--to-establish-any-additional-motor
- 19 vehicle-dealership-or-other-facility-limited-to-the--sale--of
- arbitration. Any such proceeding shall be conducted under the

factory--repurchase--vehicles--or--late--model--vehicles, to

- 22 provisions of the Uniform Arbitration Act by a 3 member panel
- 23 composed of one member appointed by the franchisee and one
- member appointed by the franchiser who together shall 24
- the third member. 25

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- 26 An arbitration proceeding hereunder shall be commenced by
- 27 written notice to the franchiser by the objecting franchisee
- within 30 days from the date the dealer received notice to 28
- cancel, terminate, modify or not extend or renew an existing 29
- 30 franchise or selling agreement or refusal to honor succession
- 31 to ownership or refusal to honor a sale or transfer or to

- 1 grant or enter into the additional franchise or selling
- 2 agreement, or to relocate an existing motor vehicle dealer;
- 3 or within 60 days of the date the franchisee received notice
- 4 in writing by the franchiser of its determination under any
- 5 provision of this Act other than the aforesaid Sections, or
- as otherwise prescribed by Section 14 of this Act. 6
- 7 The franchiser and the franchisee shall appoint their
- respective arbitrators and they shall select the third 8
- arbitrator within 14 days of receipt of such notice by the 9
- franchiser. The arbitrators shall commence hearings within 10
- 11 60 days after all the arbitrators have been appointed and a
- decision shall be rendered within 30 days after completion of 12
- 13 the hearing.
- During the pendency of the arbitration, any party may 14
- 15 apply to a court of competent jurisdiction which shall have
- 16 power to modify or stay the effective date of a proposed
- additional franchise or selling agreement, or the effective 17
- date of a proposed motor vehicle dealership relocation or the 18
- 19 effective date of a cancellation, termination or modification
- or refusal to honor succession or refusal to allow a sale or 20
- 2.1 transfer or extend the expiration date of a franchise or
- 22 selling agreement pending a final determination of the issues
- raised in the arbitration hearing upon such terms as court may determine. Any such modification or stay shall not
- 25 be effective for more than 60 days unless extended by the
- court for good cause or unless the arbitration hearing is 26
- 27 then in progress.

- If the franchiser and the franchisee have not agreed 28
- 29 to submit a dispute, involving Section 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10.1,
- or 11 cancellation,-modification,-termination,-or-refusal--to 30
- 31 extend-or-renew-an-existing-franchise-or-selling-agreement-or
- refusal--to-honor-succession-to-ownership-or-refusal-to-allow 32
- 33 a-sale-or-transfer-or-the-granting-of-an-additional-franchise
- 34 of-the-same-line-make-or-the-relocating-of-an-existing--motor

1 vehicle--dealership,-or-the-proposed-arrangement-to-establish 2 any-additional-motor-vehicle--dealership--or--other--facility limited--to--the--sale-of-factory-repurchase-vehicles-or-late 3 4 model-vehicles, to arbitration under (a), a proceeding for a remedy other than damages shall be commenced upon receipt of 5 a timely notice of protest under paragraph (6) of subsection 6 7 (d) or paragraph (6), (8), or (10) of subsection (e) of 8 Section 4 of this Act or within 60 days of the date the 9 franchisee received notice in writing by the franchiser of 10 its determination under any provision of this Act other than 11 the aforesaid Sections, or as otherwise prescribed by Section 14 of this Act, before the Motor Vehicle Review Board 12 as prescribed by Sections 12 and 29 of this Act. 13 14

During the pendency of a proceeding under this Section, a party may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction that shall have power to modify or stay the effective date of a proposed additional franchise or selling agreement, or the effective date of a proposed motor vehicle dealership relocation, or the effective date of a cancellation, termination, or modification, or extend the expiration date of a franchise or selling agreement or refusal to honor succession to ownership or refusal to approve a sale or transfer pending a final determination of the issues raised in the hearing upon such terms as the court may determine. Any modification or stay shall not be effective for more than 60 days unless extended by the court for good cause or unless the hearing is then in progress.

In proceedings under (a) or (b), when determining whether good cause has been established for granting such proposed additional franchise or selling agreement, or for relocating an existing motor vehicle dealership, the Board shall consider all arbitrators orrelevant. circumstances in accordance with subsection (v) of Section 2

34 of this Act, including but not limited to:

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- (1) whether the establishment of such additional franchise or the relocation of such motor vehicle dealership is warranted by economic and marketing conditions including anticipated future changes;
- (2) the retail sales and service business transacted by the objecting motor vehicle dealer or dealers and other motor vehicle dealers of the same line make with a place of business in the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchise or the relocated motor vehicle dealership during the 5 year period immediately preceding such notice as compared to the business available to them;
- (3) the investment necessarily made and obligations incurred by the objecting motor vehicle dealer or dealers and other motor vehicle dealers of the same line make with a place of business in the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchise or the relocated motor vehicle dealership to perform their obligations under existing franchises or selling agreements; and, the manufacturer shall give reasonable credit for sales of factory repurchase vehicles purchased by the objecting motor vehicle dealer or dealers and other motor vehicle dealers of the same line make with the place of business the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchise or the relocated motor vehicle dealership, or the additional motor vehicle dealership or other facility limited to the sale of factory repurchase or late model vehicles, at manufacturer authorized or sponsored auctions in determining performance obligations under existing franchises or selling agreements relating to total new vehicle sales;
- (4) the permanency of the investment of the objecting motor vehicle dealer or dealers and other motor vehicle dealers of the same line make with a place of

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business in the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchise or the relocated motor vehicle dealership;

- (5) whether it is beneficial or injurious to the public welfare for an additional franchise or relocated motor vehicle dealership to be established;
- (6) whether the objecting motor vehicle dealer or dealers and other motor vehicle dealers of the same line make with a place of business in the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchisee or relocated motor vehicle dealership are providing adequate competition and convenient consumer care for the motor vehicles of the same line make owned or operated in the area to be served by the additional franchise or relocated motor vehicle dealership;
- (7) whether the objecting motor vehicle dealer or dealers and other motor vehicle dealers of the same line make with a place of business in the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchisee or the relocated motor vehicle dealership have adequate motor vehicle sales and service facilities, equipment, vehicle parts and qualified personnel to reasonably provide for the needs of the customer; provided, however, that good cause shall not be shown solely by a desire for further market penetration;
- (8) whether the establishment of an additional franchise or the relocation of a motor vehicle dealership would be in the public interest;
- (9) whether there has been a material breach by a motor vehicle dealer of the existing franchise agreement which creates a substantially detrimental effect upon the distribution of the franchiser's motor vehicles in the affected motor vehicle dealer's relevant market area or fraudulent claims for warranty work, insolvency or

inability to pay debts as they mature;

- (10) the effect of an additional franchise or relocated motor vehicle dealership upon the existing motor vehicle dealers of the same line make in the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchisee or relocated motor vehicle dealership; and
- (11) whether the manufacturer has given reasonable credit to the objecting motor vehicle dealer or dealers and other motor vehicle dealers of the same line make with a place of business in the relevant market area to be served by the additional franchise or relocated motor vehicle dealership or additional motor vehicle dealership or other facility limited to the sale of factory repurchase or late model vehicles, for retail sales of factory repurchase vehicles purchased by the motor vehicle dealer or dealers at manufacturer authorized or sponsored auctions.
- (d) In proceedings under subsection (a) or (b), when determining whether good cause has been established for cancelling, terminating, refusing to extend or renew, or changing or modifying the obligations of the motor vehicle dealer as a condition to offering a renewal, replacement, or succeeding franchise or selling agreement, the arbitrators or Board shall consider all relevant circumstances in accordance with subsection (v) of Section 2 of this Act, including but not limited to:
  - (1) The amount of retail sales transacted by the franchisee during a 5-year period immediately before the date of the notice of proposed action as compared to the business available to the franchisee.
  - (2) The investment necessarily made and obligations incurred by the franchisee to perform its part of the franchise.
    - (3) The permanency of the franchisee's investment.

- (4) Whether it is injurious to the public interest for the franchise to be cancelled or terminated or not extended or modified, or the business of the franchise disrupted.
  - (5) Whether the franchisee has adequate motor vehicle sales and service facilities, equipment, vehicle parts, and service personnel to reasonably provide for the need of the customers for the same line make of motor vehicles handled by the franchisee.
  - (6) Whether the franchisee fails to fulfill the warranty obligations of the manufacturer required to be performed by the franchisee.
  - (7) The extent and materiality of the franchisee's failure to comply with the terms of the franchise and the reasonableness and fairness of those terms.
  - (8) Whether the owners of the franchise had actual knowledge of the facts and circumstances upon which cancellation or termination, failure to extend or renew, or changing or modification of the obligations of the franchisee as a condition to offering a renewal, replacement, or succeeding franchise or selling agreement.
  - (e) If the franchiser and the franchisee have not agreed to submit a dispute to arbitration, and the dispute did not arise under paragraph (6) of subsection (d) or paragraph (6), (8), or (10) of subsection (e) of Section 4 of this Act, then a proceeding for a remedy other than damages may shall be commenced by the objecting franchisee in the circuit court of the county in which the objecting franchisee has its principal place of business, within 60 days of the date the franchisee received notice in writing by the franchiser of its determination under any provision of this Act other than the aforesaid Sections, or as otherwise prescribed by Section 14 13 of this Act.

- 1 (f) The changes to this Section made by this amendatory
- 2 Act of the 92nd General Assembly (i) apply only to causes of
- action accruing on or after its effective date and (ii) are 3
- 4 intended to provide only an additional venue for dispute
- 5 resolution without changing any substantive rights under this
- б Act.

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- (Source: P.A. 89-145, eff. 7-14-95.) 7
- 8 (815 ILCS 710/13) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 763)
- Sec. 13. Damages; equitable relief. Any franchisee or 9
- 10 motor vehicle dealer who suffers any loss of money or
- property, real or personal, as a result of the use or 11
- employment by a manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, 12
- 13 distributor branch or division, factory branch or division,
- 14 wholesale branch or division, or any agent, servant or
- 15 employee thereof, of an unfair method of competition or an
- unfair or deceptive act or practice declared unlawful by this 16
- 17 Act, or any action in violation of this Act, may bring an
- 18 action for damages and equitable relief, including injunctive
- relief before the Motor Vehicle Review Board, in Circuit 19
- Court, or, if applicable, in arbitration. Where the 2.0
- misconduct is willful or wanton, the court may award treble 21
- loss of money or property, may obtain permanent equitable

damages. A motor vehicle dealer, if it has not suffered any

- 24 relief if it can be shown that the unfair act or practice may
- have the effect of causing such loss of money or property. 25
- Where the franchisee or dealer substantially prevails the 26
- court or arbitration panel or Motor Vehicle Review Board 27
- 28 shall award attorney's fees and assess costs, including
- 29 expert witness fees and other expenses incurred by the dealer
- in the litigation, so long as such fees and costs are 30
- 31 reasonable, against the opposing party. Moreover, for the
- purposes of the award of attorney's fees, expert witness 32
- 33 fees, and costs whenever the franchisee or dealer is seeking

- 1 injunctive or other relief, the franchisee or dealer may be
- 2 considered to have prevailed when a judgment is entered in
- 3 its favor, when a final administrative decision is entered in
- 4 its favor and affirmed, if subject to judicial review, when a
- 5 consent order is entered into, or when the manufacturer,
- 6 distributor, wholesaler, distributor branch or division,
- 7 factory branch or division, wholesale branch or division, or
- 8 any officer, agent or other representative thereof ceases the
- 9 conduct, act or practice which is alleged to be in violation
- 10 of any Section of this Act.
- 11 The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act
- of the 92nd General Assembly (i) apply only to causes of
- 13 <u>action accruing on or after its effective date and (ii) are</u>
- 14 <u>intended to provide only an additional venue for dispute</u>
- 15 <u>resolution without changing any substantive rights under this</u>
- 16 <u>Act.</u>
- 17 (Source: P.A. 91-485, eff. 1-1-00; 91-533, eff. 8-13-99.)
- 18 (815 ILCS 710/18)
- 19 Sec. 18. Board; powers. The Board shall have the
- 20 following powers:
- 21 (a) To conduct hearings, by or through its duly
- 22 authorized administrative hearing officer, on protests filed
- 23 under Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10.1, 11, and 12 of this Act.
- 24 (b) To make reasonable regulations that are necessary to
- 25 carry out and effect its official duties and such further
- 26 rules as necessary relating to the time, place, and manner of
- 27 conducting hearings as provided for in this Act.
- 28 (c) To advise the Secretary of State upon appointments.
- 29 (d) To advise the Secretary of State on legislation
- 30 proposed to amend this Act or any related Act.
- 31 The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act
- 32 of the 92nd General Assembly (i) apply only to causes of
- 33 <u>action accruing on or after its effective date and (ii) are</u>

- 1 <u>intended to provide only an additional venue for dispute</u>
- 2 <u>resolution without changing any substantive rights under this</u>
- 3 <u>Act.</u>
- 4 (Source: P.A. 89-145, eff. 7-14-95; 89-433, eff. 12-15-95.)
- 5 (815 ILCS 710/29)
- 6 Sec. 29. Procedures for hearing on protest. Upon
- 7 receipt of a timely notice of protest under paragraph-(6)-of
- 8 subsection-(d)-or-paragraph-(6),-(8),-or-(10)--of--subsection
- 9 (e)--ef Section 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10.1, 11, or and-Section 12 of
- 10 this Act, the Motor Vehicle Review Board shall enter an order
- 11 fixing a date (within 60 days of the date of the order),
- 12 time, the place of a hearing and send by certified mail,
- 13 return receipt requested, a copy of the order to the
- 14 manufacturer and the objecting dealer or dealers. Subject to
- 15 Section 10-20 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act,
- the Board shall designate a hearing officer who shall conduct
- 17 the hearing. All administrative hearing officers shall be
- 18 attorneys licensed to practice law in this State.
- 19 At the time and place fixed in the Board's order, the
- 20 Board or its duly authorized agent, the hearing officer,
- 21 shall proceed to hear the protest, and all parties to the
- 22 protest shall be afforded an opportunity to present in person
- or by counsel, statements, testimony, evidence, and argument
- 24 as may be pertinent to the issues. The hearing officer may
- 25 continue the hearing date by agreement of the parties, or
- upon a finding of good cause, but in no event shall the
- 27 hearing be rescheduled more than 90 days after the Board's
- 28 initial order.
- Upon any hearing, the Board or its duly authorized agent,
- 30 the hearing officer, may administer oaths to witnesses and
- 31 issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses or other
- 32 persons and the production of relevant documents, records,
- 33 and other evidence and may require examination thereon. For

1 purposes of discovery, the Board or its designated hearing 2 officer may, if deemed appropriate and proper under the circumstances, authorize the parties to engage in such 3 4 discovery procedures as are provided for in civil actions 5 Section 2-1003 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Discovery 6 shall be completed no later than 15 days prior 7 commencement of the proceeding or hearing. Enforcement of 8 discovery procedures shall be as provided in the regulations. 9 Subpoenas issued shall be served in the same manner subpoenas issued out of the circuit courts. The fees of 10 subpoenaed witnesses under this Act for attendance and travel 11 shall be the same as fees of witnesses before the circuit 12 courts of this State, such fees to be paid when the witness 13 is excused from further attendance, provided the witness 14 the instance of the Board or an agent 15 subpoenaed at 16 authorized by the Board; and payment of fees shall be and audited in the same manner as other expenses of the 17 18 Board. Whenever a subpoena is issued at the request 19 party to a proceeding, complainant, or respondent, as the case may be, the Board may require that the cost of service 20 21 of the subpoena and the fee of same shall be borne by the 22 party at whose instance the witness is summoned, and the 23 Board shall have power, in its discretion, to require a deposit to cover the cost of service and witness fees and the 24 25 payment of the legal witness fee and mileage to the witness served with the subpoena. In any protest before the Board, 26 the Board or its designated hearing officer may 27 order mandatory settlement conference. The failure of a party to 28 appear, to be prepared, or to have authority to settle the 29 30 matter may result in any or all of the following: 31

- (a) The Board or its designated hearing officer may suspend all proceedings before the Board in the matter until compliance.
- 34 (b) The Board or its designated hearing officer may

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- dismiss the proceedings or any part thereof before the Board with or without prejudice.
- 3 (c) The Board or its designated hearing officer may
  4 require all of the Board's costs to be paid by the party at
  5 fault.

6 Any circuit court of this State, upon application of the 7 Board, or an officer or agent designated by the Board for the 8 purpose of conducting any hearing, may, in its discretion, 9 compel the attendance of witnesses, the production of books, papers, accounts, or documents, and giving of testimony 10 11 before the Board or before any officer or agent designated 12 for the purpose of conducting the hearing. Failure to obey the order may be punished by the circuit court as contempt. 13

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A party may conduct cross-examination required for a full and fair disclosure of the facts. Within 20 days of the date of the hearing, the hearing officer shall issue his or her proposed decision to the Board and shall, by certified mail, return receipt requested, serve the proposed decision upon the parties, with an opportunity afforded to each party to file exceptions and present a brief to the Board within 10 days of their receipt of the proposed decision. The proposed decision shall contain a statement of the reasons for the decision and each issue of fact or law necessary to the The Board shall then issue its final proposed decision. order which, if applicable, shall include the award of attorney's fees, expert witness fees, and an assessment of costs, including other expenses incurred in the litigation, if permitted under this Act, so long as such fees and costs are reasonable.

In a hearing on a protest filed under paragraph (6) of subsection (d) or paragraph (6), (8), or (10) of Section 4 or Section 12 of this Act, the manufacturer shall have the burden of proof to establish that there is good cause for the franchiser to: grant or establish an additional franchise or

- 1 relocate an existing franchise; cancel, terminate, refuse to
- 2 extend or renew a franchise or selling agreement; or change
- 3 or modify the obligations of the motor vehicle dealer as a
- 4 condition to offering a renewal, replacement, or succeeding
- 5 franchise or selling agreement or refuse to honor succession
- 6 to ownership or refuse to approve a proposed transfer or
- 7 sale. The determination whether good cause exists shall be
- 8 made under Section 12 of this Act.
- 9 The Board shall record the testimony and preserve a
- 10 record of all proceedings at the hearing by proper means of
- 11 recordation. The notice required to be given by the
- 12 manufacturer and notice of protest by the dealer or other
- 13 party, the notice of hearing, and all other documents in the
- 14 nature of pleadings, motions, and rulings, all evidence,
- 15 offers of proof, objections, and rulings thereon, the
- 16 transcript of testimony, the report of findings or proposed
- 17 decision of the hearing officer, and the orders of the Board
- 18 shall constitute the record of the proceedings. The Board
- 19 shall furnish a transcript of the record to any person
- 20 interested in the hearing upon payment of the actual cost
- thereof.
- 22 The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act
- of the 92nd General Assembly (i) apply only to causes of
- 24 <u>action accruing on or after its effective date and (ii) are</u>
- 25 <u>intended to provide only an additional venue for dispute</u>
- 26 <u>resolution without changing any substantive rights under this</u>
- 27 Act.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 91-485, eff. 1-1-00.)