92_HB2538 LRB9201093JScs

- 1 AN ACT concerning certain financial institutions.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 is
- 5 amended by changing Section 1-6, 2B-2, 2B-5, and 5-16 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (205 ILCS 105/1-6) (from Ch. 17, par. 3301-6)
- 8 Sec. 1-6. General corporate powers. An association
- 9 operating under this Act shall be a body corporate and
- 10 politic and shall have all of the powers conferred by this
- 11 Act including, but not limited to, the following powers:
- 12 (a) To sue and be sued, complain and defend in its
- 13 corporate name, and to have a common seal, which it may alter
- or renew at pleasure;
- 15 (b) To obtain and maintain insurance of the
- 16 association's withdrawable capital by an insurance
- 17 corporation as defined in this Act;
- 18 (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained
- 19 in this Act, to become a member of the Federal Home Loan
- 20 Bank, and to have all of the powers granted to a savings or
- 21 thrift institution organized under the laws of the United
- 22 States and which is located and doing business in the State
- of Illinois, subject to regulations of the Commissioner;
- 24 (d) To act as a fiscal agent for the United States, the
- 25 State of Illinois or any department, branch, arm or agency of
- 26 the State or any unit of local government or school district
- in the State when duly designated for that purpose, and as
- agent to perform the reasonable functions as may be required
- 29 of it;
- 30 (e) To become a member of or deal with any corporation
- 31 or agency of the United States or the State of Illinois, to

- 1 the extent that the agency assists in furthering or
- 2 facilitating the association's purposes or powers and to that
- 3 end to purchase stock or securities thereof or deposit money
- 4 therewith, and to comply with any other conditions of
- 5 membership or credit;
- 6 (f) To make donations in reasonable amounts for the
- 7 public welfare or for charitable, scientific, religious or
- 8 educational purposes;
- 9 (g) To adopt and operate reasonable insurance, bonus,
- 10 profit sharing, and retirement plans for officers and
- 11 employees; likewise, directors who are not officers,
- 12 including, but not limited to, advisory, honorary, and
- emeritus directors, may participate in those plans;
- 14 (h) To reject any application for membership, to retire
- 15 withdrawable capital by enforced retirement as provided in
- 16 this Act and the by-laws, and to limit the issuance of or
- 17 payments on withdrawable capital, subject, however, to
- 18 contractual obligations;
- 19 (i) To purchase stock in service corporations and to
- invest in any form of indebtedness of any service corporation
- 21 as defined in this Act, subject to regulations of the
- 22 Commissioner;
- 23 (j) To purchase stock of a corporation whose principal
- 24 purpose is to operate a safe deposit company or escrow
- 25 service company;
- 26 (k) To act as Trustee or Custodian under the Federal
- 27 Self-Employed Individuals' Tax Retirement Act of 1962 or any
- 28 amendments thereto or any other retirement account and invest
- 29 any funds held in such capacity in a savings account of the
- 30 institution;
- 31 (1) (Blank);
- 32 (m) To establish, maintain and operate terminals as
- 33 authorized by the Electronic Fund Transfer Act and by Section
- 34 5 of the Illinois Banking Act. The establishment,

- 1 maintenance, operation and location of such terminals shall
- 2 be subject to the approval of the Commissioner;
- 3 (n) Subject to the approval and regulations of the
- 4 Commissioner, an association may purchase or assume all or
- 5 any part of the assets or liabilities of an eligible insured
- 6 bank;
- 7 (o) To purchase from a bank, as defined in Section 2 of
- 8 the Illinois Banking Act, an insubstantial portion of the
- 9 total deposits of an insured bank. For the purpose of this
- 10 subparagraph, "insubstantial portion of the total deposits"
- shall have the same meaning as provided in Section 5(d)(2)(D)
- of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act;
- 13 (p) To effect an acquisition of or conversion to another
- 14 financial institution pursuant to Section 205 of the
- 15 Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act
- 16 of 1989;
- 17 (q) To pledge its assets:
- 18 (1) to enable it to act as an agent for the sale of
- obligations of the United States;
- 20 (2) to secure deposits;
- 21 (3) to secure deposits of money whenever required
- 22 by the National Bankruptcy Act;
- 23 (4) (Blank) to-qualify-under--Section--2-9--of--the
- 24 Corporate-Fiduciary-Act; and
- 25 (5) to secure trust funds commingled with the
- institution's funds, whether deposited by the institution
- or an affiliate of the institution, as required under
- 28 Section 2-8 of the Corporate Fiduciary Act;
- 29 (r) To provide temporary periodic service to persons
- 30 residing in a bona fide nursing home, senior citizens'
- 31 retirement home, or long-term care facility;
- 32 (s) To purchase for its own account shares of stock of a
- 33 bankers' bank, described in Section 13(b)(1) of the Illinois
- 34 Banking Act, on the same terms and conditions as a bank may

- 1 purchase such shares. In no event shall the total amount of
- 2 such stock held by an association in such bankers' bank
- 3 exceed 10% of its capital and surplus (including undivided
- 4 profits) and in no event shall an association acquire more
- 5 than 5% of any class of voting securities of such bankers'
- 6 bank;
- 7 (t) To effect a conversion to a State bank pursuant to
- 8 the provisions of the Illinois Banking Act;
- 9 (u) Subject to Article XLIV of the Illinois Insurance
- 10 Code, to act as the agent for any fire, life, or other
- insurance company authorized by the State of Illinois, by
- 12 soliciting and selling insurance and collecting premiums on
- policies issued by such company; and may receive for services
- 14 so rendered such fees or commissions as may be agreed upon
- 15 between the said association and the insurance company for
- 16 which it may act as agent; provided, however, that no such
- 17 association shall in any case assume or guarantee the payment
- 18 of any premium on insurance policies issued through its
- 19 agency by its principal; and provided further, that the
- 20 association shall not guarantee the truth of any statement
- 21 made by an assured in filing his application for insurance;
- 22 and
- 23 (v) To exercise all powers necessary to qualify as a
- 24 trustee or custodian under federal or State law, however, the
- 25 authority to accept and execute trusts is subject to the
- 26 Corporate Fiduciary Act and to the supervision of those
- 27 activities by the Commissioner.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-41, eff. 10-1-97; 91-97,
- 29 eff. 7-9-99.)
- 30 (205 ILCS 105/2B-2) (from Ch. 17, par. 3302B-2)
- 31 Sec. 2B-2. Notice of filing of application; hearing;
- 32 <u>renewal of certificate.</u>
- 33 (a) Whenever such association has complied with the

- 1 provisions of this Act, and the Commissioner is satisfied
- 2 that such association and any subsidiary operating in this
- 3 State are is doing business according to the laws of this
- 4 State, and <u>are</u> is in sound financial condition, he shall
- 5 authorize the association to publish in newspapers of general
- 6 circulation in the State of Illinois, notice of filing of its
- 7 application, provided that subsections (a) through (e) of
- 8 this Section shall not apply in the case of merger,
- 9 consolidation, or purchase as set forth in paragraph (c) of
- 10 Section 2B-1. Publication in the manner and on forms
- 11 prescribed by the Commissioner in the county of the proposed
- office of the association shall be made within 15 days of
- 13 authorization.
- 14 (b) Within 10 days following the date of publication of
- 15 notice of application any association or person wishing to
- 16 object to any application filed pursuant to Section 2B-1
- 17 shall:
- 18 (1) file in triplicate, on forms prescribed by the
- 19 Commissioner, its verified objections at the Springfield
- 20 Office of the Commissioner; and
- 21 (2) serve the applicant or its attorney of record
- 22 with a copy of the objections and show proof of service
- of said copy.
- 24 (c) If the Commissioner considers the verified
- objections to be substantial, he shall so advise the objector
- 26 and the applicant within 15 calendar days after receipt of
- 27 the objections and shall issue notice of intent to conduct a
- 28 hearing on the application. Such notice shall provide for
- 29 public examination of the application. A determination that
- 30 an objection is substantial shall be based only on data
- 31 showing undue injury to properly conducted existing
- 32 associations or data disputing the propriety of information
- 33 set forth in the application, or both.
- 34 (d) The Commissioner shall conduct a hearing upon

- 1 receipt of an objection filed on time and containing the 2 following:
- 3 (1) a summary of the reasons for the objection;
- 4 (2) the specific matters in the application to
 5 which objection is raised and the reasons for each
 6 objection;
- 7 (3) facts supporting the objection, including 8 relevant economic or financial data; and
- 9 (4) adverse effects on the objector which may 10 result from approval of the application.
- 11 The time and place of said hearing shall be established by the Commissioner and 20 days notice shall be given to all 12 parties of record. The hearing shall be conducted in 13 with administrative hearing procedures 14 conformance established pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the 15 16 Commissioner. A transcript of any such hearing shall be taken and made a part of the record in the matter. 17
- (e) A certificate of authority shall not be issued unless the Commissioner finds that a need exists for savings and loan association services in the community or area of operations of the applicant association and the applicant association will satisfy said need or that the association can be maintained without undue injury to properly conducted existing associations.
- 25 (f) Annually thereafter, upon the filing of the annual statement herein provided for, if the Commissioner finds that the association and any subsidiary operating in this State are is doing business in accordance with this Act and are is otherwise in sound financial condition, he shall issue a renewal of such certificate of Authority.
- 31 (Source: P.A. 86-210; 86-952.)
- 32 (205 ILCS 105/2B-5) (from Ch. 17, par. 3302B-5)
- 33 Sec. 2B-5. <u>Cancellation of authority; notice.</u> Should

1 the Commissioner find, upon examination, that any foreign 2 association or any subsidiary operating in Illinois does not conduct its business in accordance with the law, or that the 3 4 affairs of any such association or subsidiary are 5 unsound condition, or if such association refuses to permit 6 examination to be made, he may cancel the authority of such 7 association to do business in this State, and cause a notice thereof to be sent to the home office of the association, and 8 9 to be published in at least one newspaper in the City of Springfield. After the publication of such notice, it shall 10 11 be unlawful for any agent of the association to receive any further stock deposits from members residing in this State, 12 except payments on stock on which a loan has been taken. 13 (Source: P.A. 85-1143.) 14

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- 15 (205 ILCS 105/5-16) (from Ch. 17, par. 3305-16)
- 17 Except for loans to its wholly owned service corporations, an

Sec. 5-16. Limitation on loans to a single borrower.

association may not at any one time hold, directly or

- 19 indirectly, loans to any one corporation or person in a total
- 20 amount equal to or in excess of 10% of the association's
- 21 total withdrawable accounts or an amount equal to the total
- 22 net worth of the association, whichever is less. An
- 24 corporation in an amount equal to the association's net worth

association may make loans to a wholly owned

or in an amount that exceeds an association's net worth if

- 26 such excess amount is secured by collateral, of a type upon
- 27 which the association itself could lend, of a value
- 28 determined in accordance with rules and regulations
- 29 promulgated by the Commissioner.
- 30 (a) In computing the total mortgage loans made by an
- 31 association to an individual, there shall be included all
- 32 mortgage loans made by the association to a partnership or
- other unincorporated association of which he is a member, the

- 1 unpaid balance of mortgage loans made either for his benefit
- 2 or for the benefit of such partnership or other
- 3 unincorporated association and all mortgage loans to or for
- 4 the benefit of a corporation of which he owns or controls 25%
- 5 or more of the capital stock.
- 6 (b) In computing the total mortgage loans made by an
- 7 association to a partnership or other unincorporated
- 8 association, there shall be included the unpaid balance of
- 9 mortgage loans to its individual members, the unpaid balance
- of mortgage loans made for the benefit of such partnership or
- 11 other unincorporated association, or of any member thereof,
- 12 and all mortgage loans to or for the benefit of any
- 13 corporation of which the partnership or unincorporated
- 14 association, or any member thereof, owns or controls 25% or
- more of the capital stock.
- 16 (c) In computing the total mortgage loans made by ar
- 17 association to a corporation, there shall be included the
- 18 unpaid balance of mortgage loans made for the benefit of the
- 19 corporation and all mortgage loans to or for the benefit of
- 20 any individual who owns or controls 25% or more of the
- 21 capital stock of such corporation.
- 22 (d) This Section does not apply to the obligations as
- 23 <u>endorser</u>, whether with or without recourse, or as guarantor,
- 24 whether conditional or unconditional, of negotiable or
- 25 <u>nonnegotiable installment consumer paper of the person</u>
- 26 <u>transferring the same if the association's files or the</u>
- 27 knowledge of its officers of the financial condition of each
- 28 <u>maker of those obligations is reasonably adequate and if an</u>
- 29 <u>officer of the association, designated for that purpose by</u>
- 30 the board of directors of the association, certifies that the
- 31 <u>responsibility of each maker of the obligations has been</u>
- 32 <u>evaluated and that the association is relying primarily upon</u>
- 33 <u>each maker for the payment of the obligations. The</u>
- 34 <u>certification shall be in writing and shall be retained as</u>

- 1 part of the records of the association.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 86-137.)
- 3 Section 10. The Savings Bank Act is amended by changing
- 4 Sections 1007.35, 1008, 4005, 4013, 6013, 8015, 10001, 11003,
- 5 11004, and 11008 and adding Section 5010 as follows:
- 6 (205 ILCS 205/1007.35) (from Ch. 17, par. 7301-7.35)
- 7 Sec. 1007.35. "Control", unless specified otherwise in
- 8 this Act, shall mean:
- 9 <u>(1)</u> the ability of any person, entity, persons, or
- 10 entities acting alone or in concert with one or more persons
- or entities, to own, hold, or direct with power to vote, or
- 12 to hold proxies representing, 10% or more of the voting
- shares or rights of a savings bank, savings bank subsidiary,
- 14 savings bank affiliate, or savings bank holding company; er
- 15 (2) the ability to achieve in any manner the election or
- 16 appointment of a majority of the directors of a savings
- 17 bank-; or
- 18 (3) the power to direct or exercise significant
- 19 <u>influence over the management or policies of the savings bank</u>
- 20 <u>or savings bank affiliate.</u>
- 21 <u>"Control" does not include</u> This--definition--shall--not
- 22 apply--to the voting of proxies obtained from depositors if
- 23 the proxies are voted as directed by a majority of the board
- 24 of directors of the savings bank or of a committee of
- 25 directors when the committee's composition and powers may be
- 26 revoked by a majority vote of the board of directors.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 86-1213.)
- 28 (205 ILCS 205/1008) (from Ch. 17, par. 7301-8)
- 29 Sec. 1008. General corporate powers.
- 30 (a) A savings bank operating under this Act shall be a
- 31 body corporate and politic and shall have all of the powers

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- 1 conferred by this Act including, but not limited to, the 2 following powers:
- 3 (1) To sue and be sued, complain, and defend in its 4 corporate name and to have a common seal, which it may 5 alter or renew at pleasure.
 - (2) To obtain and maintain insurance by a deposit insurance corporation as defined in this Act.
 - (3) To act as a fiscal agent for the United States, the State of Illinois or any department, branch, arm, or agency of the State or any unit of local government or school district in the State, when duly designated for that purpose, and as agent to perform reasonable functions as may be required of it.
 - (4) To become a member of or deal with any corporation or agency of the United States or the State of Illinois, to the extent that the agency assists in furthering or facilitating its purposes or powers and to that end to purchase stock or securities thereof or deposit money therewith, and to comply with any other conditions of membership or credit.
 - (5) To make donations in reasonable amounts for the public welfare or for charitable, scientific, religious, or educational purposes.
 - (6) To adopt and operate reasonable insurance, bonus, profit sharing, and retirement plans for officers and employees and for directors including, but not limited to, advisory, honorary, and emeritus directors, who are not officers or employees.
 - (7) To reject any application for membership; to retire deposit accounts by enforced retirement as provided in this Act and the bylaws; and to limit the issuance of, or payments on, deposit accounts, subject, however, to contractual obligations.
 - (8) To purchase stock in service corporations and

1	to invest in any form of indebtedness of any service
2	corporation as defined in this Act, subject to
3	regulations of the Commissioner.
4	(9) To purchase stock of a corporation whose
5	principal purpose is to operate a safe deposit company or
6	escrow service company.
7	(10) To exercise all the powers necessary to
8	qualify as a trustee or custodian under federal or State
9	law, provided that the authority to accept and execute
10	trusts is subject to the provisions of the Corporate
11	Fiduciary Act and to the supervision of those activities
12	by the Commissioner.
13	(11) (Blank).
14	(12) To establish, maintain, and operate terminals
15	as authorized by the Electronic Fund Transfer Act.
16	(13) To pledge its assets:
17	(A) to enable it to act as agent for the sale
18	of obligations of the United States;
19	(B) to secure deposits;
20	(C) to secure deposits of money whenever
21	required by the National Bankruptcy Act;
22	(D) (blank) toqualifyunder-Section-2-9-of
23	the-Corporate-Fiduciary-Act; and
24	(E) to secure trust funds commingled with the
25	savings bank's funds, whether deposited by the
26	savings bank or an affiliate of the savings bank, as
27	required under Section 2-8 of the Corporate
28	Fiduciary Act.
29	(14) To accept for payment at a future date not to
30	exceed one year from the date of acceptance, drafts drawn
31	upon it by its customers; and to issue, advise, or
32	confirm letters of credit authorizing holders thereof to
33	draw drafts upon it or its correspondents

(15) Subject to the regulations of the

Commissioner, to own and lease personal property acquired by the savings bank at the request of a prospective lessee and, upon the agreement of that person, to lease the personal property.

- International Fair in this State that is approved by the United States Department of Commerce for the duration of the international fair for the purpose of providing a convenient place for foreign trade customers to exchange their home countries' currency into United States currency or the converse. To provide temporary periodic service to persons residing in a bona fide nursing home, senior citizens' retirement home, or long-term care facility. These powers shall not be construed as establishing a new place or change of location for the savings bank providing the service booth.
- (17) To indemnify its officers, directors, employees, and agents, as authorized for corporations under Section 8.75 of the Business Corporations Act of 1983.
 - (18) To provide data processing services to others on a for-profit basis.
 - (19) To utilize any electronic technology to provide customers with home banking services.
 - (20) Subject to the regulations of the Commissioner, to enter into an agreement to act as a surety.
 - (21) Subject to the regulations of the Commissioner, to issue credit cards, extend credit therewith, and otherwise engage in or participate in credit card operations.
- (22) To purchase for its own account shares of stock of a bankers' bank, described in Section 13(b)(1) of the Illinois Banking Act, on the same terms and

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conditions as a bank may purchase such shares. In no event shall the total amount of such stock held by a savings bank in such bankers' bank exceed 10% of its capital and surplus (including undivided profits) and in no event shall a savings bank acquire more than 5% of any class of voting securities of such bankers' bank.

(23) With respect to affiliate facilities:

- (A) to conduct at affiliate facilities any of the following transactions for and on behalf of any affiliated depository institution, if so authorized by the affiliate or affiliates: receiving deposits; renewing deposits; cashing and issuing checks, drafts, money orders, travelers checks, or similar instruments; changing money; receiving payments on existing indebtedness; and conducting ministerial functions with respect to loan applications, servicing loans, and providing loan account information; and
- (B) to authorize an affiliated depository institution to conduct for and on behalf of it, any of the transactions listed in this subsection at one or more affiliate facilities.

A savings bank intending to conduct or to authorize an affiliated depository institution to conduct at an affiliate facility any of the transactions specified in this subsection shall give written notice to the Commissioner at least 30 days before any such transaction is conducted at an affiliate facility. All conduct under this subsection shall be on terms consistent with safe and sound banking practices and applicable law.

(24) Subject to Article XLIV of the Illinois Insurance Code, to act as the agent for any fire, life, or other insurance company authorized by the State of Illinois, by soliciting and selling insurance and

collecting premiums on policies issued by such company; and may receive for services so rendered such fees or commissions as may be agreed upon between the said savings bank and the insurance company for which it may act as agent; provided, however, that no such savings bank shall in any case assume or guarantee the payment of any premium on insurance policies issued through its agency by its principal; and provided further, that the savings bank shall not guarantee the truth of any statement made by an assured in filing his application for insurance.

- (25) To become a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank and to have the powers granted to a savings association organized under the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 or the laws of the United States, subject to regulations of the Commissioner.
- 17 (26) To offer any product or service that is at the
 18 time authorized or permitted to a bank by applicable law,
 19 but subject always to the same limitations and
 20 restrictions that are applicable to the bank for the
 21 product or service by such applicable law and subject to
 22 the applicable provisions of the Financial Institutions
 23 Insurance Sales Law and rules of the Commissioner.
- 24 (b) If this Act or the regulations adopted under this 25 Act fail to provide specific guidance in matters of corporate 26 governance, the provisions of the Business Corporation Act of 27 1983 may be used.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-41, eff. 10-1-97;
- 29 90-270, eff. 7-30-97; 90-301, eff. 8-1-97; 90-655, eff.
- 30 7-30-98; 90-665, eff. 7-30-98; 91-97, eff. 7-9-99; 91-357,
- 31 eff. 7-29-99.)

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- 32 (205 ILCS 205/4005) (from Ch. 17, par. 7304-5)
- 33 Sec. 4005. Voting.

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- 1 (a) Voting at a meeting may be either in person or by 2 proxy executed in writing by the member or stockholder or by 3 his duly authorized attorney-in-fact.
 - (b) In the determination of all questions requiring ascertainment of who is entitled to vote and of the number of outstanding shares, the following rules shall apply:
 - (1) The date of determination shall be the record date for voting provided in this Act.
 - Each person holding one or more withdrawable accounts in a mutual savings bank shall have the vote of one share for each \$100 of the aggregate withdrawal value of the accounts and shall have the vote of one share for any fraction of \$100; however, subject to regulation of the Commissioner, a mutual savings bank may in its by-laws limit the number of votes a person may cast 1,000 votes. A mutual savings bank may adopt a different voting arrangement if the Commissioner finds that the arrangement would not be inequitable to members and if the members approve the arrangement by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast, however, the voting arrangement need not obtain the foregoing member approval if such voting arrangement is otherwise approved as part of a corporate change under this Act.
 - (3) Each holder of capital stock held shall have one vote for each share held.
 - (4) Shares owned by the savings bank shall not be counted or voted.
- 29 (5) A savings bank authorized to issue stock shall 30 provide in its articles of incorporation that voting 31 rights shall may be vested exclusively in stockholders.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 91-97, eff. 7-9-99.)

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1 Sec. 4013. Access to books and records; communication 2 with members and shareholders.

- (a) Every member or shareholder shall have the right to inspect books and records of the savings bank that pertain to his accounts. Otherwise, the right of inspection and examination of the books and records shall be limited as provided in this Act, and no other person shall have access to the books and records nor shall be entitled to a list of the members or shareholders.
- (b) For the purpose of this Section, the term "financial records" means any original, any copy, or any summary of (1) a document granting signature authority over a deposit or account; (2) a statement, ledger card, or other record on any deposit or account that shows each transaction in or with respect to that account; (3) a check, draft, or money order drawn on a savings bank or issued and payable by a savings bank; or (4) any other item containing information pertaining to any relationship established in the ordinary course of a savings bank's business between a savings bank and its customer.
- (c) This Section does not prohibit:
 - (1) The preparation examination, handling, or maintenance of any financial records by any officer, employee, or agent of a savings bank having custody of records or examination of records by a certified public accountant engaged by the savings bank to perform an independent audit.
 - (2) The examination of any financial records by, or the furnishing of financial records by a savings bank to, any officer, employee, or agent of the Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for use solely in the exercise of his duties as an officer, employee, or agent.
- 34 (3) The publication of data furnished from

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financial records relating to members or holders of capital where the data cannot be identified to any particular member, shareholder, or account.

- (4) The making of reports or returns required under Chapter 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (5) Furnishing information concerning the dishonor of any negotiable instrument permitted to be disclosed under the Uniform Commercial Code.
- (6) The exchange in the regular course of business of credit information between a savings bank and other savings banks or financial institutions or commercial enterprises, directly or through a consumer reporting agency.
- (7) The furnishing of information to the appropriate law enforcement authorities where the savings bank reasonably believes it has been the victim of a crime.
- (8) The furnishing of information pursuant to the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act.
- (9) The furnishing of information pursuant to the Illinois Income Tax Act and the Illinois Estate and Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Act.
- (10) The furnishing of information pursuant to the federal "Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act", (Title 31, United States Code, Section 1051 et seq.).
- (11) The furnishing of information pursuant to any other statute which by its terms or by regulations promulgated thereunder requires the disclosure of financial records other than by subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order.
- 32 (12) The furnishing of information in accordance 33 with the federal Personal Responsibility and Work 34 Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. Any savings bank

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governed by this Act shall enter into an agreement for data exchanges with a State agency provided the State agency pays to the savings bank a reasonable fee not to exceed its actual cost incurred. A savings bank providing information in accordance with this item shall be liable to any account holder or other person for any disclosure of information to a State agency, encumbering or surrendering any assets held by the savings bank in response to a lien or order to withhold and deliver issued by a State agency, or for any other action taken pursuant to this item, including individual or mechanical errors, provided the action does not constitute gross negligence or willful misconduct. Α savings bank shall have no obligation to hold, encumber, or surrender assets until it has been served with a subpoena, summons, warrant, court or administrative order, lien, or levy.

(13)The furnishing of information to law enforcement authorities, the Illinois Department on Aging and its regional administrative and provider agencies, the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector General, or public guardians, if the savings suspects that a customer who is an elderly or disabled person has been or may become the victim of financial exploitation. For the purposes of this item (13), the term: (i) "elderly person" means a person who is 60 or more years of age, (ii) "disabled person" means a person who has or reasonably appears to the savings bank to have a physical or mental disability that impairs his or her ability to seek or obtain protection from or prevent exploitation, financial and (iii) "financial exploitation" means tortious or illegal use of the assets or resources of an elderly or disabled person, and includes, without limitation, misappropriation of the

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1 elderly or disabled person's assets or resources by undue 2 influence, breach of fiduciary relationship, intimidation, fraud, deception, extortion, or the use of 3 4 assets or resources in any manner contrary to law. A savings bank or person furnishing information pursuant to 5 this item (13) shall be entitled to the same rights and 6 7 protections as a person furnishing information under the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act and the Illinois Domestic 8 9 Violence Act of 1986.

- (d) A savings bank may not disclose to any person, except to the member or holder of capital or his duly authorized agent, any financial records relating to that member or shareholder of the savings bank unless:
- 14 (1) the member or shareholder has authorized 15 disclosure to the person; or
 - (2) the financial records are disclosed in response to a lawful subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order that meets the requirements of subsection (e) of this Section.
- (e) A savings bank shall disclose financial records 20 21 under subsection (d) of this Section pursuant to a lawful 22 subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order only after the 23 savings bank mails a copy of the subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order to the person establishing the relationship 24 25 with the savings bank, if living, and otherwise, his personal representative, if known, at his last known address by first 26 27 class mail, postage prepaid, unless the savings bank is specifically prohibited from notifying the person by order of 28 29 court.
- 30 (f) Any officer or employee of a savings bank who 31 knowingly and willfully furnishes financial records in 32 violation of this Section is guilty of a business offense 33 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000.
- 34 (g) Any person who knowingly and willfully induces or

- 1 attempts to induce any officer or employee of a savings bank
- 2 to disclose financial records in violation of this Section is
- 3 guilty of a business offense and, upon conviction, shall be
- 4 fined not more than \$1,000.
- 5 (h) If any member or shareholder desires to communicate
- 6 with the other members or shareholders of the savings bank
- 7 with reference to any question pending or to be presented at
- 8 an annual or special meeting, the savings bank shall give
- 9 that person, upon request, a statement of the approximate
- 10 number of members or shareholders entitled to vote at the
- 11 meeting and an estimate of the cost of preparing and mailing
- 12 the communication. The requesting member shall submit the
- 13 communication to the Commissioner who, upon finding it to be
- 14 appropriate and truthful, shall direct that it be prepared
- and mailed to the members upon the requesting member's or
- 16 shareholder's payment or adequate provision for payment of
- 17 the expenses of preparation and mailing.
- 18 (i) A savings bank shall be reimbursed for costs that
- 19 are necessary and that have been directly incurred in
- 20 searching for, reproducing, or transporting books, papers,
- 21 records, or other data of a customer required to be
- 22 reproduced pursuant to a lawful subpoena, warrant, or court
- order.
- 24 (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, a
- 25 savings bank may sell or otherwise make use of lists of
- 26 customers' names and addresses. All other information
- 27 regarding a customer's account are subject to the disclosure
- 28 provisions of this Section. At the request of any customer,
- 29 that customer's name and address shall be deleted from any
- 30 list that is to be sold or used in any other manner beyond
- identification of the customer's accounts.
- 32 (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
- 33 <u>disclosure or use of financial records by a savings bank that</u>
- 34 complies with subtitle A of Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley

- 1 Act (15 U.S.C. 6801-6809), as amended, shall be permitted.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-18, eff. 7-1-97; 91-929, eff. 12-15-00.)
- 3 (205 ILCS 205/5010 new)
- 4 <u>Sec. 5010. Final judgment required. Except in an action</u>
- 5 brought by the Commissioner or the deposit insurance
- 6 corporation, and any other provision of law notwithstanding,
- 7 <u>no attachment, injunction, or execution that would have the</u>
- 8 <u>effect of reducing the capital of any savings bank below</u>
- 9 applicable minimum regulatory requirements shall be issued
- 10 against any savings bank or its property in any suit, action,
- or proceeding in any court before final judgment, from which
- 12 <u>no appeal can be taken, is rendered.</u>
- 13 (205 ILCS 205/6013) (from Ch. 17, par. 7306-13)
- 14 Sec. 6013. Loans to one borrower.
- 15 (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the total
- loans and extensions of credit, both direct and indirect, by
- 17 a savings bank to any person, other than a municipal
- 18 corporation for money borrowed, outstanding at one time shall
- 19 not exceed 20% of the savings bank's total capital plus
- 20 general loan loss reserves.
- 21 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the total
- loans and extensions of credit, both direct and indirect, by
- 23 a savings bank to any person outstanding at one time and at
- least 100% secured by readily marketable collateral having a
- 25 market value, as determined by reliable and continuously
- 26 available price quotations, shall not exceed 10% of the
- 27 savings bank's total capital plus general loan loss reserves.
- 28 This limitation shall be separate from and in addition to the
- 29 limitation contained in subsection (a).
- 30 (c) If the limit under subsection (a) or (b) on total
- loans to one borrower is less than \$500,000, a savings bank
- 32 that meets its minimum capital requirement under this Act may

- 1 have loan and extensions of credit, both direct and indirect,
- outstanding to any person at one time not to exceed \$500,000.
- 3 With the prior written approval of the Commissioner, a
- 4 savings bank that has capital in excess of 6% of assets may
- 5 make loans and extensions of credit to one borrower for the
- 6 development of residential housing properties, located or to
- 7 be located in this State, not to exceed 30% of the savings
- 8 bank's total capital plus general loan loss reserves.
- 9 (d) For purposes of this Section, the term "person"
- 10 shall be deemed to include an individual, firm, corporation,
- 11 business trust, partnership, trust, estate, association,
- 12 joint venture, pool, syndicate, sole proprietorship,
- unincorporated association, any political subdivision, or any
- 14 similar entity or organization.
- 15 (e) For the purposes of this Section any loan or
- 16 extension of credit granted to one person, the proceeds of
- 17 which are used for the direct benefit of a second person,
- 18 shall be deemed a loan or extension of credit to the second
- 19 person as well as the first person. <u>In addition, a loan or</u>
- 20 <u>extension of credit to one person shall be deemed a loan or</u>
- 21 <u>extension of credit to others when a common enterprise exists</u>
- between the first person and such other persons.
- 23 (f) For the purposes of this Section, the total
- liabilities of a firm, partnership, pool, syndicate, or joint
- 25 venture shall include the liabilities of the members of the
- 26 entity.
- 27 (g) For the purposes of this Section, the term "readily
- 28 marketable collateral" means financial instruments or bullion
- 29 that are salable under ordinary circumstances with reasonable
- 30 promptness at a fair market value on an auction or a
- 31 similarly available daily bid-and-ask price market.
- 32 "Financial instruments" include stocks, bonds, notes,
- debentures traded on a national exchange or over the counter,
- 34 commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit,

- 1 bankers' acceptances, and shares in money market or mutual
- 2 funds.
- 3 (h) Each savings bank shall institute adequate
- 4 procedures to ensure that collateral fully secures the
- 5 outstanding loan or extension of credit at all times.
- 6 (i) If collateral values fall below 100% of the
- 7 outstanding loan or extension of credit to the extent that
- 8 the loan or extension of credit no longer is in conformance
- 9 with subsection (b) and exceeds the 20% limitation of
- 10 subsection (a), the loan must be brought into conformance
- 11 with this Section within 5 business days except where
- 12 judicial proceedings or other similar extraordinary
- occurrences prevent the savings bank from taking action.
- 14 (j) This Section shall not apply to loans or extensions
- of credit to the United States of America or its agencies or
- 16 this State or its agencies or to any loan, investment, or
- 17 extension of credit made pursuant to Section 6003 of this
- 18 Act.
- 19 <u>(k) This Section does not apply to the obligations as</u>
- 20 <u>endorser</u>, whether with or without recourse, or as guarantor,
- 21 <u>whether conditional or unconditional, of negotiable or</u>
- 22 <u>nonnegotiable installment consumer paper of the person</u>
- 23 <u>transferring the same if the bank's files or the knowledge of</u>
- 24 <u>its officers of the financial condition of each maker of</u>
- 25 <u>those obligations is reasonably adequate and if an officer of</u>
- 26 the bank, designated for that purpose by the board of
- 27 <u>directors of the bank, certifies that the responsibility of</u>
- 28 <u>each maker of the obligations has been evaluated and that the</u>
- 29 <u>bank is relying primarily upon each maker for the payment of</u>
- 30 the obligations. The certification shall be in writing and
- 31 <u>shall retained as part of the records of the bank.</u>
- 32 (1) The Commissioner may prescribe rules to carry out
- 33 the purposes of this Section and to establish limits or
- 34 <u>requirements other than those specified in this Section for</u>

- 1 particular types of loans and extensions of credit.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 89-74, eff. 6-30-95; 90-665, eff. 7-30-98.)
- 3 (205 ILCS 205/8015) (from Ch. 17, par. 7308-15)
- 4 Sec. 8015. Change in control.
- 5 (a) Any person, whether acting directly or indirectly or
- 6 through or in concert with one or more persons, shall give
- 7 the Commissioner 60 days written notice of intent to acquire
- 8 control of--10%--or--more of a savings bank or savings bank
- 9 affiliate operating under this Act. The Commissioner shall
- 10 promulgate rules to implement this provision including
- 11 definitions, application, procedures, standards for approval
- 12 or disapproval.
- 13 (b) The Commissioner may examine the books and records
- of any person giving notice of intent to acquire control of
- 15 10%-or-more of a savings bank operating under this Act.
- 16 (c) The Commissioner may approve or disapprove an
- 17 application for change of control. In either case, the
- decision must be issued within 30 days of the filing of the
- 19 initial application or the date of receipt of any additional
- 20 information requested by the Commissioner that is necessary
- 21 for his decision to be made. The request for additional
- information must be made within 20 days of the filing of the
- 23 initial application.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 86-1213.)
- 25 (205 ILCS 205/10001) (from Ch. 17, par. 7310-1)
- Sec. 10001. Commissioner's authority to take custody and
- 27 appoint a conservator or a receiver.
- 28 (a) The Commissioner, in his discretion, may take
- 29 custody of and appoint a conservator for the property,
- 30 liabilities, books, records, business, and assets of every
- 31 kind and character of any savings bank for any of the
- 32 purposes hereinafter enumerated if it appears from reports

1 made to the Commissioner or from examination made by or on 2 behalf of the Commissioner:

- (1) That the savings bank has failed to produce an annual audited financial statement, after receiving one extension from the Commissioner as permitted by this Act.
- (2) That the savings bank's books and records, after at least 2 consecutive notices from the Commissioner spanning at least 2 consecutive calendar quarters, are in an inaccurate and incomplete condition to the extent that the Commissioner is unable, through the normal supervisory process, to determine the financial condition of the savings bank or the details or purpose of any transaction that may materially affect the savings bank's financial condition.
- (3) That the savings bank has failed or is about to fail to meet its capital requirement and can meet its requirements and restore its capital only with assistance from its federal insurer.
- (4) That the savings bank is insolvent in that its assets are less than its obligations to its creditors, including its depositors.
- (5) That the savings bank has experienced substantial dissipation of assets due to any violation of a law, regulation, or order of the Commissioner or due to any unsafe or unsound practice.
- (6) That there is a likelihood that the savings bank will not be able to meet the demands of its depositors or pay its obligations in the normal course of business.
- (7) That losses have occurred or are likely to occur that have or will deplete all or substantially all of the savings bank's capital and that there is no reasonable prospect for replenishment of the savings bank's capital without federal assistance.

- (8) That the savings bank or its officers, directors, er employees, or persons in control of the savings bank are violating a law, regulation, or supervisory order of the Commissioner or of another of its financial regulators.
- (9) That the savings bank is in an unsafe or unsound condition likely to cause insolvency or a substantial dissipation of assets or earnings that will weaken the condition of the savings bank and will prejudice the interests of its depositors.
- (10) That the directors, officers, trustees, or liquidators have neglected, failed, or refused to take any action that the Commissioner may deem necessary for the protection of the savings bank, including production of an annual audited financial statement after an extension was granted, have continued to maintain the savings bank's books and records in an inaccurate and incomplete condition for 2 consecutive quarters after 2 notices from the Commissioner, or have impeded or obstructed an examination.
- (11) That the deposit accounts of the savings bank are impaired to the extent that the realizable value of its assets is insufficient to pay in full its creditors and holders of its deposit accounts or meet its obligations in the normal course of business; or that its capital stock is impaired.
- (12) That the savings bank is unable to continue operation.
- (13) That the business of the savings bank or savings bank in liquidation is being conducted in a fraudulent, illegal, or unsafe or unsound manner.
- (14) That the officers, employees, trustees, or liquidators have continued to assume duties or perform acts without giving bond as required by the provisions of

- 1 this Act.
- 2 (b) If any condition exists that would give the
- 3 Commissioner authority to take custody of an insured
- 4 depository institution, the action of the Commissioner may be
- 5 withheld pending a satisfactory resolution of the condition
- 6 as suggested by the insurance corporation, provided the
- 7 savings bank has sufficient liquidity and has adopted and
- 8 implemented an operating plan considered prudent by the
- 9 Commissioner.
- 10 (c) No action or inaction of the Commissioner taken
- 11 under this Article shall cause the Commissioner to be
- 12 personally liable for that action or inaction unless the
- 13 Commissioner's action or inaction is found to be in violation
- of a criminal statute.
- 15 (d) The Commissioner shall promulgate rules and
- 16 regulations to govern the determination of a need for a
- 17 conservator or receiver, the selection and appointment of a
- 18 conservator or receiver, and the conduct of a conservatorship
- 19 or receivership, including allocation of the payment of
- 20 costs.
- 21 (e) The proceedings pursuant to this Article shall be
- 22 the exclusive remedy and, except for the Federal Deposit
- 23 Insurance Corporation acting pursuant to the Federal Deposit
- Insurance Act, shall be the only proceedings commenced in any
- 25 court for the taking of custody, the dissolution, the winding
- 26 up of the affairs, or the appointment of a receiver for a
- 27 savings bank.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 90-301, eff. 8-1-97.)
- 29 (205 ILCS 205/11003) (from Ch. 17, par. 7311-3)
- 30 Sec. 11003. Removal and prohibition authority.
- 31 (a) In addition to other provisions of this Act
- 32 concerning officers and directors, the Commissioner may
- 33 remove or suspend from any savings bank operating under this

- 1 Act any officer, director, employee, or agent of a savings
- 2 bank, and the Commissioner may prohibit participation in the
- 3 <u>affairs of any savings bank by any current, former, or</u>
- 4 prospective officer, director, employee, or agent of a
- 5 <u>savings bank</u>, if he finds that:

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- 6 (1) The person or persons have directly or
 7 indirectly violated any law, regulation, or order
 8 including orders, conditions, and agreements between the
 9 savings bank and the Commissioner or between the savings
 10 bank and its federal regulators.
 - (2) The person or persons have breached their fiduciary or professional responsibilities to the savings bank.
 - (3) The person or persons have similarly behaved towards any other insured depository institution or otherwise regulated entity or that the person or persons are the subject of any final order issued by the federal insurer, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Reserve Board, a state financial institutions regulator, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or by a state or federal court of law.
 - (b) The Commissioner may serve upon a party a written notice of the Commissioner's intention to remove or suspend the party from office in the savings bank or to prohibit any further participation in any manner by the party in the conduct---of--the affairs of any savings bank financial institution, if the Commissioner finds because of a violation of subsection (a) that:
 - (1) Any savings bank, other insured depository institution, or other regulated entity has or probably will suffer financial loss or other damage.
- 32 (2) The interests of savings bank's depositors or 33 other insured depository institution's depositors have 34 been or could be prejudiced.

- 1 (3) The party has received financial gain or other 2 benefit by reason of the violation.
- 3 (4) The violation or breach involves personal 4 dishonesty on the part of the party or demonstrates 5 willful or continuing disregard by the party for the 6 safety and soundness of the savings bank or other insured 7 depository institution.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 86-1213.)
- 9 (205 ILCS 205/11004) (from Ch. 17, par. 7311-4)
- 10 Sec. 11004. Industrywide prohibition.
- 11 (a) Except as provided in regulations of the Commissioner, any person who has been removed or suspended 12 from office in a savings bank operating under this Act or 13 14 prohibited from participating in the eenduet-of-the affairs 15 of a savings bank operating under this Act may not, while an order is in effect, continue or begin to hold any office in, 16 17 or participate in any manner in the conduct-of-the affairs of
- any savings bank regulated by the State of Illinois, another
- 19 insured depository institution regulated by the State of
- 20 Illinois, or any other financial services entity regulated by
- 21 the State of Illinois.
- (b) Any violation of subsection (a) by any person who is
- 23 subject to an order described in that subsection shall be
- 24 treated as violation of the order.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 86-1213.)
- 26 (205 ILCS 205/11008) (from Ch. 17, par. 7311-8)
- 27 Sec. 11008. Unauthorized participation by convicted
- 28 individual.
- 29 (a) Except with the prior written consent of the
- 30 Commissioner, no person who has been convicted of any
- 31 criminal offense involving dishonesty or a breach of trust
- 32 may own or control directly or indirectly more than 0.001% of

- 1 the capital stock of, receive benefit directly or indirectly
- 2 from, or participate directly or indirectly in any manner in
- 3 the eenduet-of-the affairs of a savings bank.
- 4 (b) A savings bank may not permit participation by a
- 5 person described in subsection (a).
- 6 (c) Whoever knowingly violates subsection (a) or (b) is
- 7 guilty of a Class 3 felony and may be fined not more than
- 8 \$10,000 for each day of violation.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 91-97, eff. 7-9-99.)
- 10 Section 15. The Interest Act is amended by changing
- 11 Sections 4 and 4a as follows:
- 12 (815 ILCS 205/4) (from Ch. 17, par. 6404)
- 13 Sec. 4. General interest rate.
- 14 (1) In all written contracts it shall be lawful for the
- parties to stipulate or agree that 9% per annum, or any less
- 16 sum of interest, shall be taken and paid upon every \$100 of
- 17 money loaned or in any manner due and owing from any person
- 18 to any other person or corporation in this state, and after
- 19 that rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or
- 20 shorter time, except as herein provided.
- 21 The maximum rate of interest that may lawfully be
- 22 contracted for is determined by the law applicable thereto at
- 23 the time the contract is made. Any provision in any
- 24 contract, whether made before or after July 1, 1969, which
- 25 provides for or purports to authorize, contingent upon a
- 26 change in the Illinois law after the contract is made, any
- 27 rate of interest greater than the maximum lawful rate at the
- time the contract is made, is void.
- 29 It is lawful for a state bank or a branch of an
- 30 out-of-state bank, as those terms are defined in Section 2 of
- 31 the Illinois Banking Act, to receive or to contract to
- 32 receive and collect interest and charges at any rate or rates

- 1 agreed upon by the bank or branch and the borrower. It is
- 2 <u>lawful for a savings bank chartered under the Savings Bank</u>
- 3 Act or a savings association chartered under the Illinois
- 4 Savings and Loan Act of 1985 to receive or contract to
- 5 receive and collect interest and charges at any rate agreed
- 6 upon by the savings bank or savings association and the
- 7 borrower.

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- 8 It is lawful to receive or to contract to receive and
- 9 collect interest and charges as authorized by this Act and as
- 10 authorized by the Consumer Installment Loan Act and by the
- "Consumer Finance Act", approved July 10, 1935, as now or
- 12 hereafter amended. It is lawful to charge, contract for, and
- 13 receive any rate or amount of interest or compensation with
- 14 respect to the following transactions:
 - (a) Any loan made to a corporation;
 - (b) Advances of money, repayable on demand, to an amount not less than \$5,000, which are made upon warehouse receipts, bills of lading, certificates of stock, certificates of deposit, bills of exchange, bonds or other negotiable instruments pledged as collateral

security for such repayment, if evidenced by a writing;

wholesaler and retailer; any business loan to a business association or copartnership or to a person owning and operating a business as sole proprietor or to any persons owning and operating a business as joint venturers, joint tenants or tenants in common, or to any limited partnership, or to any trustee owning and operating a business or whose beneficiaries own and operate a business, except that any loan which is secured (1) by an assignment of an individual obligor's salary, wages, commissions or other compensation for services, or (2) by his household furniture or other goods used for his personal, family or household purposes shall be deemed

not to be a loan within the meaning of this subsection; and provided further that a loan which otherwise qualifies as a business loan within the meaning of this subsection shall not be deemed as not so qualifying because of the inclusion, with other security consisting of business assets of any such obligor, of real estate occupied by an individual obligor solely as his residence. The term "business" shall be deemed to mean a commercial, agricultural or industrial enterprise which is carried on for the purpose of investment or profit, but shall not be deemed to mean the ownership or maintenance of real estate occupied by an individual obligor solely as his residence;

- (d) Any loan made in accordance with the provisions of Subchapter I of Chapter 13 of Title 12 of the United States Code, which is designated as "Housing Renovation and Modernization";
- (e) Any mortgage loan insured or upon which a commitment to insure has been issued under the provisions of the National Housing Act, Chapter 13 of Title 12 of the United States Code;
- (f) Any mortgage loan guaranteed or upon which a commitment to guaranty has been issued under the provisions of the Veterans' Benefits Act, Subchapter II of Chapter 37 of Title 38 of the United States Code;
- (g) Interest charged by a broker or dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, approved July 13, 1953, as now or hereafter amended, on a debit balance in an account for a customer if such debit balance is payable at will without penalty and is secured by securities as defined in Uniform Commercial Code-Investment Securities;
 - (h) Any loan made by a participating bank as part

of any loan guarantee program which provides for loans and for the refinancing of such loans to medical students, interns and residents and which are guaranteed by the American Medical Association Education and Research Foundation;

- (i) Any loan made, guaranteed, or insured in accordance with the provisions of the Housing Act of 1949, Subchapter III of Chapter 8A of Title 42 of the United States Code and the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, Subchapters I, II, and III of Chapter 50 of Title 7 of the United States Code;
- (j) Any loan by an employee pension benefit plan, as defined in Section 3 (2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.A. Sec. 1002), to an individual participating in such plan, provided that such loan satisfies the prohibited transaction exemption requirements of Section 408 (b) (1) (29 U.S.C.A. Sec. 1108 (b) (1)) or Section 2003 (a) (26 U.S.C.A. Sec. 4975 (d) (1)) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;
- (k) Written contracts, agreements or bonds for deed providing for installment purchase of real estate;
 - (1) Loans secured by a mortgage on real estate;
- (m) Loans made by a sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation to an employee or to a person who has been offered employment by such sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation made for the sole purpose of transferring an employee or person who has been offered employment to another office maintained and operated by the same sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation;
- (n) Loans to or for the benefit of students made by an institution of higher education.
- (2) Except for loans described in subparagraph (a), (c),

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- (d), (e), (f) or (i) of subsection (1) of this Section, and except to the extent permitted by the applicable statute for loans made pursuant to Section 4a or pursuant to the Consumer Installment Loan Act:
 - (a) Whenever the rate of interest exceeds 8% per annum on any written contract, agreement or bond for deed providing for the installment purchase of residential real estate, or on any loan secured by a mortgage on residential real estate, it shall be unlawful to provide for a prepayment penalty or other charge for prepayment.
 - (b) No agreement, note or other instrument evidencing a loan secured by a mortgage on residential real estate, or written contract, agreement or bond for providing for the installment deed purchase of residential real estate, may provide for any change in the contract rate of interest during the term thereof. However, if the Congress of the United States or any federal agency authorizes any class of lender to enter, within limitations, into mortgage contracts or written contracts, agreements or bonds for deed in which the rate interest may be changed during the term of the contract, any person, firm, corporation or other otherwise prohibited from entering into mortgage contracts or written contracts, agreements or bonds for deed in Illinois may enter into mortgage contracts or written contracts, agreements or bonds for deed in which interest may be changed during the term of the rate of the contract, within the same limitations.
 - (3) In any contract or loan which is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or conveyance in the nature of a mortgage, on residential real estate, the interest which is computed, calculated, charged, or collected pursuant to such contract or loan, or pursuant to any regulation or rule promulgated pursuant to this Act, may not be computed,

1 calculated, charged or collected for any period of time

2 occurring after the date on which the total indebtedness,

3 with the exception of late payment penalties, is paid in

4 full.

5 For purposes of this Section, a prepayment shall mean the 6 payment of the total indebtedness, with the exception of late 7 payment penalties if incurred or charged, on any date before the date specified in the contract or loan agreement on which 8 9 the total indebtedness shall be paid in full, or before date on which all payments, if timely made, shall have been 10 11 made. In the event of a prepayment of the indebtedness which is made on a date after the date on which interest on the 12 indebtedness was last computed, calculated, charged, 13 collected but before the next date on which interest on the 14 indebtedness was to be calculated, computed, charged, 15 16 collected, the lender may calculate, charge and collect interest on the indebtedness for the period which elapsed 17 between the date on which the prepayment is made and the date 18 19 on which interest on the indebtedness was last computed, 20 calculated, charged or collected at a rate equal to 1/360 of 21 the annual rate for each day which so elapsed, which rate 22 shall be applied to the indebtedness outstanding as of 23 date of prepayment. The lender shall refund to the borrower any interest charged or collected which exceeds that which 24 25 the lender may charge or collect pursuant to the preceding sentence. The provisions of this amendatory Act of 1985 shall 26 apply only to contracts or loans entered into on or after the 27 effective date of this amendatory Act, but shall not apply to 28 29 contracts or loans entered into on or after that date that 30 subject to Section 4a of this Act, the Consumer Installment Loan Act, or the Retail Installment Sales Act, or 31 that provide for the refund of precomputed interest on 32 prepayment in the manner provided by such Act. 33

34 (Source: P.A. 89-208, eff. 9-29-95.)

1 (815 ILCS 205/4a) (from Ch. 17, par. 6410)

2 Sec. 4a. Installment loan rate.

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(a) On money loaned to or in any manner owing from any person, whether secured or unsecured, except where the money loaned or in any manner owing is directly or indirectly for the purchase price of real estate or an interest therein and is secured by a lien on or retention of title to that real estate or interest therein, to an amount not more than \$25,000 (excluding interest) which is evidenced by a written instrument providing for the payment thereof in 2 or more periodic installments over a period of not more than 181 months from the date of the execution of the written instrument, it is lawful to receive or to contract to receive and collect either:

(i) interest in an amount equivalent to interest computed at a rate not exceeding 9% per year on the entire principal amount of the money loaned or in any manner owing for the period from the date of the making of the loan or the incurring of the obligation for the amount owing evidenced by the written instrument until the date of the maturity of the last installment thereof, and to add that amount to the principal, except that there shall be no limit on the rate of interest which may be received or contracted to be received and collected by (1) any bank that has its main office or, after May 31, 1997, a branch in this State; (2) a savings and loan association chartered under the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985, a savings bank chartered under the Savings Bank Act, or a federal savings and loan association established under the laws of the United States and having its main office in this State; or (3) any lender licensed under either the Consumer Finance Act or the Consumer Installment Loan Act, but in any case in which interest is received, contracted for or collected on the

basis of this clause (i), the debtor may satisfy in full at any time before maturity the debt evidenced by the written instrument, and in so satisfying must receive a refund credit against the total amount of interest added to the principal computed in the manner provided under Section 15(f)(3) of the Consumer Installment Loan Act for refunds or credits of applicable interest on payment in full of precomputed loans before the final installment due date; or

- (ii) interest accrued on the principal balance from time to time remaining unpaid, from the date of making of the loan or the incurring of the obligation to the date of the payment of the debt in full, at a rate not exceeding the annual percentage rate equivalent of the rate permitted to be charged under clause (i) above, but in any such case the debtor may, provided that the debtor shall have paid in full all interest and other charges accrued to the date of such prepayment, prepay the principal balance in full or in part at any time, and interest shall, upon any such prepayment, cease to accrue on the principal amount which has been prepaid.
- (b) Whenever the principal amount of an installment loan is \$300 or more and the repayment period is 6 months or more, a minimum charge of \$15 may be collected instead of interest, but only one minimum charge may be collected from the same person during one year. When the principal amount of the loan (excluding interest) is \$800 or less, the lender or creditor may contract for and receive a service charge not to exceed \$5 in addition to interest; and that service charge may be collected when the loan is made, but only one service charge may be contracted for, received, or collected from the same person during one year.
- (c) Credit life insurance and credit accident and health insurance, and any charge therefor which is deducted from the

1 loan or paid by the obligor, must comply with Article IX 1/2 2 of the Illinois Insurance Code and all lawful requirements of the Director of Insurance related thereto. When there are 2 3 4 or more obligors on the loan contract, only one charge for 5 insurance and credit accident and health credit life 6 insurance may be made and only one of the obligors may be 7 required to be insured. Insurance obtained from, by or through the lender or creditor must be in 8 effect when 9 transacted. The purchase of that insurance from an agent, broker or insurer specified by the lender or creditor 10 11 may not be a condition precedent to the granting of the loan.

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- (d) The lender or creditor may require the obligor to provide property insurance on security other than household goods, furniture and personal effects. The amount and term of the insurance must be reasonable in relation to the amount and term of the loan contract and the type and value of the security, and the insurance must be procured in accordance with the insurance laws of this State. The purchase of that insurance from an agent, broker or insurer specified by the lender or creditor may not be a condition precedent to the granting of the loan.
- 22 The lender or creditor may, if the contract 23 provides, collect a delinquency and collection charge on each installment in default for a period of not less than 10 days 24 25 an amount not exceeding 5% of the installment installments in excess of \$200 or \$10 on installments of \$200 26 or less, but only one delinquency and collection charge may 27 be collected on any installment regardless of the period 28 during which it remains in default. In addition, the contract 29 30 may provide for the payment by the borrower or debtor of attorney's fees incurred by the lender or creditor. The 31 32 lender or creditor may enforce such a provision to the extent of the reasonable attorney's fees incurred by him in the 33 34 collection or enforcement of the contract or obligation.

1	Whenever interest is contracted for or received under this
2	Section, no amount in addition to the charges authorized by
3	this Section may be directly or indirectly charged,
4	contracted for or received, except lawful fees paid to a
5	public officer or agency to record, file or release security,
6	and except costs and disbursements including reasonable
7	attorney's fees, incurred in legal proceedings to collect a
8	loan or to realize on a security after default. This Section
9	does not prohibit the receipt of any commission, dividend or
10	other benefit by the creditor or an employee, affiliate or
11	associate of the creditor from the insurance authorized by

2.1

this Section.

- (f) When interest is contracted for or received under this Section, the lender must disclose the following items to the obligor in a written statement before the loan is consummated:
 - (1) the amount and date of the loan contract;
 - (2) the amount of loan credit using the term
 "amount financed";
 - (3) every deduction from the amount financed or payment made by the obligor for insurance and the type of insurance for which each deduction or payment was made;
 - (4) every other deduction from the loan or payment made by the obligor in connection with obtaining the loan;
 - (5) the date on which the finance charge begins to accrue if different from the date of the transaction;
 - (6) the total amount of the loan charge for the scheduled term of the loan contract with a description of each amount included using the term "finance charge";
 - (7) the finance charge expressed as an annual percentage rate using the term "annual percentage rate".

 "Annual percentage rate" means the nominal annual percentage rate of finance charge determined in

accordance with the actuarial method of computation with an accuracy at least to the nearest 1/4 of 1%; or at the option of the lender by application of the United States rule so that it may be disclosed with an accuracy at least to the nearest 1/4 of 1%;

- (8) the number, amount and due dates or periods of payments scheduled to repay the loan and the sum of such payments using the term "total of payments";
- (9) the amount, or method of computing the amount of any default, delinquency or similar charges payable in the event of late payments;
- (10) the right of the obligor to prepay the loan and the fact that such prepayment will reduce the charge for the loan;
- any security interest held or to be retained or acquired by the lender in connection with the loan and a clear identification of the property to which the security interest relates. If after-acquired property will be subject to the security interest, or if other or future indebtedness is or may be secured by any such property, this fact shall be clearly set forth in conjunction with the description or identification of the type of security interest held, retained or acquired;
- (12) a description of any penalty charge that may be imposed by the lender for prepayment of the principal of the obligation with an explanation of the method of computation of such penalty and the conditions under which it may be imposed;
- (13) unless the contract provides for the accrual and payment of the finance charge on the balance of the amount financed from time to time remaining unpaid, an identification of the method of computing any unearned portion of the finance charge in the event of prepayment

of the loan.

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The terms "finance charge" and "annual percentage rate" shall be printed more conspicuously than other terminology required by this Section.

- (g) At the time disclosures are made, the lender shall deliver to the obligor a duplicate of the instrument or statement by which the required disclosures are made and on which the lender and obligor are identified and their addresses stated. All of the disclosures shall be made clearly, conspicuously and in meaningful sequence and made together on either:
 - (i) the note or other instrument evidencing the obligation on the same side of the page and above or adjacent to the place for the obligor's signature; however, where a creditor elects to combine disclosures with the contract, security agreement, and evidence of a transaction in a single document, the disclosures required under this Section shall be made on the face of the document, on the reverse side, or on both sides, provided that the amount of the finance charge and the annual percentage rate shall appear on the face of the document, and, if the reverse side is used, the printing on both sides of the document shall be equally clear and conspicuous, both sides shall contain the statement, "NOTICE: See other side for important information", and the place for the customer's signature shall be provided following the full content of the document; or
- 28 (ii) one side of a separate statement which 29 identifies the transaction.

The amount of the finance charge shall be determined as
the sum of all charges, payable directly or indirectly by the
obligor and imposed directly or indirectly by the lender as
an incident to or as a condition to the extension of credit,
whether paid or payable by the obligor, any other person on

- behalf of the obligor, to the lender or to a third party,

 including any of the following types of charges:
- 3 (1) Interest, time price differential, and any 4 amount payable under a discount or other system of 5 additional charges.
 - (2) Service, transaction, activity, or carrying charge.
- 8 (3) Loan fee, points, finder's fee, or similar 9 charge.
 - (4) Fee for an appraisal, investigation, or credit report.
 - (5) Charges or premiums for credit life, accident, health, or loss of income insurance, written in connection with any credit transaction unless (a) the insurance coverage is not required by the lender and this fact is clearly and conspicuously disclosed in writing to the obligor; and (b) any obligor desiring such insurance coverage gives specific dated and separately signed affirmative written indication of such desire after receiving written disclosure to him of the cost of such insurance.
 - (6) Charges or premiums for insurance, written in connection with any credit transaction, against loss of or damage to property or against liability arising out of the ownership or use of property, unless a clear, conspicuous, and specific statement in writing is furnished by the lender to the obligor setting forth the cost of the insurance if obtained from or through the lender and stating that the obligor may choose the person through which the insurance is to be obtained.
 - (7) Premium or other charges for any other guarantee or insurance protecting the lender against the obligor's default or other credit loss.
 - (8) Any charge imposed by a lender upon another

- lender for purchasing or accepting an obligation of an
- 2 obligor if the obligor is required to pay any part of
- 3 that charge in cash, as an addition to the obligation, or
- 4 as a deduction from the proceeds of the obligation.
- 5 A late payment, delinquency, default, reinstatement or
- 6 other such charge is not a finance charge if imposed for
- 7 actual unanticipated late payment, delinquency, default or
- 8 other occurrence.
- 9 (h) Advertising for loans transacted under this Section
- 10 may not be false, misleading, or deceptive. That advertising,
- if it states a rate or amount of interest, must state that
- 12 rate as an annual percentage rate of interest charged. In
- 13 addition, if charges other than for interest are made in
- 14 connection with those loans, those charges must be separately
- 15 stated. No advertising may indicate or imply that the rates
- 16 or charges for loans are in any way "recommended",
- 17 "approved", "set" or "established" by the State government or
- 18 by this Act.
- 19 (i) A lender or creditor who complies with the federal
- 20 Truth in Lending Act, amendments thereto, and any regulations
- 21 issued or which may be issued thereunder, shall be deemed to
- be in compliance with the provisions of subsections (f), (g)
- and (h) of this Section.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 89-208, eff. 9-29-95; 90-437, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 26 becoming law.