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AN ACT in relation to probation and pretrial service.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
changing Section 5-305 as follows:

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(705 ILCS 405/5-305)

7 Sec. 5-305. Probation adjustment.

8 (1) The court may authorize the probation officer to confer in a preliminary conference with a minor who is 9 alleged to have committed an offense, his or her parent, 10 guardian or legal custodian, the victim, the juvenile police 11 officer, the State's Attorney, and other interested persons 12 13 concerning the advisability of filing a petition under Section 5-520, with a view to adjusting suitable cases 14 without the filing of a petition as provided for in this 15 16 Article, the probation officer should schedule a conference promptly except when the State's Attorney insists on court 17 18 action or when the minor has indicated that he or she will 19 demand a judicial hearing and will not comply with a 20 probation adjustment.

21 (1-b) In any case of a minor who is in custody, the 22 holding of a probation adjustment conference does not operate 23 to prolong temporary custody beyond the period permitted by 24 Section 5-415.

(2) This Section does not authorize any probation
officer to compel any person to appear at any conference,
produce any papers, or visit any place.

(3) No statement made during a preliminary conference in
regard to the offense that is the subject of the conference
may be admitted into evidence at an adjudicatory hearing or
at any proceeding against the minor under the criminal laws

1 of this State prior to his or her conviction under those 2 laws. (4) When a probation adjustment is appropriate, the 3 4 probation officer shall promptly formulate a written, 5 non-judicial adjustment plan following the initial 6 conference. (5) Non-judicial probation adjustment plans include but 7 8 are not limited to the following: 9 (a) up to 6 months informal supervision within the family; 10 11 (b) up to 12 months informal supervision with a probation officer involved which may include any 12 conditions of probation provided in Section 5-715; 13 (c) up to 6 months informal supervision with 14 15 release to a person other than a parent; 16 (d) referral to special educational, counseling, or other rehabilitative social or educational programs; 17 (e) referral to residential treatment programs; 18 19 (f) participation in a public or community service program or activity; and 20 21 (g) any other appropriate action with the consent 22 of the minor and a parent. 23 The factors to be considered by the probation (6) officer in formulating a non-judicial probation adjustment 24 25 plan shall be the same as those limited in subsection (4) of Section 5-405. 26 (7) Beginning January 1, 2000, the probation officer 27 who imposes a probation adjustment plan shall assure that 28 information about an offense which would constitute a felony 29 30 if committed by an adult, and may assure that information about a misdemeanor offense, is transmitted to the Department 31 32 of State Police.

33 (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99.)

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1 Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is 2 amended by changing Section 110-10 as follows: 3 (725 ILCS 5/110-10) (from Ch. 38, par. 110-10) Sec. 110-10. Conditions of bail bond. 4 If a person is released prior to conviction, either 5 (a) upon payment of bail security or on his or her 6 own recognizance, the conditions of the bail bond shall be that 7 8 he or she will: (1) Appear to answer the charge in the court having 9 10 jurisdiction on a day certain and thereafter as ordered by the court until discharged or final order of the 11 court; 12 Submit himself or herself to the orders 13 (2) and 14 process of the court; 15 (3) Not depart this State without leave of the 16 court; (4) 17 Not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; 18 (5) At a time and place designated by the court, 19 20 surrender all firearms in his or her possession to a law 21 enforcement officer designated by the court to take custody of and impound the firearms when the offense 22 the person has been charged with is a forcible felony, 23 stalking, aggravated stalking, domestic battery, any 24 violation of either the Illinois Controlled Substances 25 Act or the Cannabis Control Act that is classified as a 26 Class 2 or greater felony, or any felony violation of 27 Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961; the court may, 28 29 however, forgo the imposition of this condition when the circumstances of the case clearly do not warrant it or 30 when its imposition would be impractical; all legally 31 possessed firearms shall be returned to the person upon 32 33 that person completing a sentence for a conviction on a

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misdemeanor domestic battery, upon the charges being dismissed, or if the person is found not guilty, unless the finding of not guilty is by reason of insanity; and

4 (6) At a time and place designated by the court, submit to a psychological evaluation when the person has 5 been charged with a violation of item (4) of subsection 6 7 (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and that 8 violation occurred in a school or in any conveyance 9 owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related activity, 10 11 or on any public way within 1,000 feet of real property 12 comprising any school.

Psychological evaluations ordered pursuant 13 to this Section shall be completed promptly and made available to the 14 15 State, the defendant, and the court. As a further condition 16 of bail under these circumstances, the court shall order the defendant to refrain from entering upon the property of the 17 school, including any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted 18 19 by a school to transport students to or from school or a 20 school-related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 21 feet of real property comprising any school. Upon receipt of 22 the psychological evaluation, either the State or the 23 defendant may request a change in the conditions of bail, pursuant to Section 110-6 of this Code. The court may change 24 25 the conditions of bail to include a requirement that the defendant follow the recommendations of the psychological 26 evaluation, including undergoing psychiatric treatment. 27 The psychological evaluation and 28 conclusions of the any 29 statements elicited from the defendant during its 30 administration are not admissible as evidence of guilt during the course of any trial on the charged offense, unless 31 the 32 defendant places his or her mental competency in issue.

33 (b) The court may impose other conditions, such as the 34 following, if the court finds that such conditions are

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1 reasonably necessary to assure the defendant's appearance in 2 court, protect the public from the defendant, or prevent the defendant's unlawful interference with the orderly 3 4 administration of justice: 5 (1) Report to or appear in person before such person or agency as the court may direct; 6 7 (2) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other 8 dangerous weapon; 9 (3) Refrain from approaching or communicating with particular persons or classes of persons; 10 11 (4) Refrain from going to certain described geographical areas or premises; 12 (5) Refrain from engaging in certain activities or 13 indulging in intoxicating liquors or in certain drugs; 14 15 (6) Undergo treatment for drug addiction or 16 alcoholism; (7) Undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; 17 (8) Work or pursue a course of study or vocational 18 training; 19 (9) Attend or reside in a facility designated by 20 the court; 21 22 (10) Support his or her dependents; 23 If a minor resides with his or her parents or (11)in a foster home, attend school, attend a non-residential 24 25 program for youths, and contribute to his or her own support at home or in a foster home; 26 (12) Observe any curfew ordered by the court; 27 (13) Remain in the custody of such designated 28 person or organization agreeing to supervise his release. 29 30 Such third party custodian shall be responsible for notifying the court if the defendant fails to observe the 31 conditions of release which the custodian has agreed to 32 monitor, and shall be subject to contempt of court for 33

failure so to notify the court;

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1 (14) Be placed under direct supervision of the 2 Pretrial Services Agency, Probation Department or Court 3 Services Department in a pretrial bond home supervision 4 capacity with or without the use of an approved 5 electronic monitoring device subject to Article 8A of 6 Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections;

7 (14.1) The court shall impose upon a defendant who 8 is charged with any alcohol, cannabis or controlled 9 substance violation and is placed under direct supervision of the Pretrial Services Agency, Probation 10 11 Department or Court Services Department in a pretrial bond home supervision capacity with the use of an 12 approved monitoring device, as a condition of such bail 13 bond, a fee that represents costs incidental to the 14 15 electronic monitoring for each day of such bail 16 supervision ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability of the defendant to pay the 17 fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the 18 case may be. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of 19 the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall 20 21 pay all monies collected from this fee to the county 22 treasurer for deposit in the substance abuse services 23 fund under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code;

(14.2) The court shall impose upon all defendants, 24 25 including those defendants subject to paragraph (14.1) above, placed under direct supervision of the Pretrial 26 Services Agency, Probation Department or Court Services 27 Department in a pretrial bond home supervision capacity 28 29 with the use of an approved monitoring device, as а 30 condition of such bail bond, a fee which shall represent costs incidental to such electronic monitoring for each 31 day of such bail supervision ordered by the court, unless 32 after determining the inability of the defendant to pay 33 34 the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the

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1 case may be. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of 2 the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county 3 4 treasurer who shall use the monies collected to defray the costs of corrections. The county treasurer shall 5 deposit the fee collected in the county working cash fund 6 7 under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties 8 Code, as the case may be;

9 (14.3) The Chief Judge of the Judicial Circuit may 10 establish reasonable fees to be paid by a person 11 receiving pretrial services while under supervision of a 12 pretrial services agency, probation department, or court 13 services department. Reasonable fees may be charged for pretrial services including, but not limited to, pretrial 14 supervision, diversion programs, electronic monitoring, 15 16 victim impact services, drug and alcohol testing, and 17 victim mediation services. The person receiving pretrial services may be ordered to pay all costs incidental to 18 pretrial services in accordance with his or her ability 19 20 to pay those costs.

(15) Comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory;

26 (16) Under Section 110-6.5 comply with the27 conditions of the drug testing program; and

28 (17) Such other reasonable conditions as the court29 may impose.

30 (c) When a person is charged with an offense under 31 Section 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the 32 "Criminal Code of 1961", involving a victim who is a minor 33 under 18 years of age living in the same household with the 34 defendant at the time of the offense, in granting bail or

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1 releasing the defendant on his own recognizance, the judge 2 shall impose conditions to restrict the defendant's access to 3 the victim which may include, but are not limited to 4 conditions that he will:

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1. Vacate the Household.

6 2. Make payment of temporary support to his 7 dependents.

8 3. Refrain from contact or communication with the9 child victim, except as ordered by the court.

(d) When a person is charged with a criminal offense and 10 11 the victim is a family or household member as defined in Article 112A, conditions shall be imposed at the time of the 12 defendant's release on bond that restrict the defendant's 13 access to the victim. Unless provided otherwise by the court, 14 15 the restrictions shall include requirements that the 16 defendant do the following:

17 (1) refrain from contact or communication with the 18 victim for a minimum period of 72 hours following the 19 defendant's release; and

20 (2) refrain from entering or remaining at the
21 victim's residence for a minimum period of 72 hours
22 following the defendant's release.

23 Local law enforcement agencies shall (e) develop standardized bond forms for use in cases involving family or 24 25 household members as defined in Article 112A, including specific conditions of bond as provided in subsection (d). 26 Failure of any law enforcement department to develop or use 27 those forms shall in no way limit the applicability and 28 enforcement of subsections (d) and (f). 29

30 (f) If the defendant is admitted to bail after 31 conviction the conditions of the bail bond shall be that he 32 will, in addition to the conditions set forth in subsections 33 (a) and (b) hereof:

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Duly prosecute his appeal;

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1 (2) Appear at such time and place as the court may 2 direct; Not depart this State without leave of the 3 (3) 4 court; Comply with such other reasonable conditions as 5 (4) the court may impose; and, 6 7 If the judgment is affirmed or the cause (5) 8 reversed and remanded for a new trial, forthwith 9 surrender to the officer from whose custody he was bailed. 10 (Source: P.A. 90-399, eff. 1-1-98; 91-11, eff. 6-4-99; 11 91-312, eff. 1-1-00; 91-696, eff. 4-13-00; 91-903, eff. 12 1 - 1 - 01.)13 Section 15. The Probation and Probation Officers Act is 14 15 amended by changing Section 15.1 as follows: (730 ILCS 110/15.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 204-7.1) 16 17 Sec. 15.1. Probation and Court Services Fund. (a) The county treasurer in each county shall establish 18 19 a probation and court services fund consisting of fees collected pursuant to subsection (i) of Section 5-6-3 and 20 subsection (i) of Section 5-6-3.1 of the Unified Code of 21 Corrections, and subsection (10) of Section 5-615 22 and 23 subsection (5) of Section 5-715 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and paragraph 14.3 of subsection (b) of Section 110-10 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. The county 25 treasurer shall disburse monies from the fund only at the 26 27 direction of the chief judge of the circuit court in such 28 circuit where the county is located. The county treasurer of each county shall, on or before January 10 of each year, 29 30 submit an annual report to the Supreme Court. (b) Monies in the probation and court services fund 31 32 shall be appropriated by the county board to be used within

1 the county or jurisdiction where collected in accordance with 2 policies and guidelines approved by the Supreme Court for the 3 costs of operating the probation and court services 4 department or departments; however, monies in the probation 5 and court services fund shall not be used for the payment of 6 salaries of probation and court services personnel.

7 (c) Monies expended from the probation and court
8 services fund shall be used to supplement, not supplant,
9 county appropriations for probation and court services.

10 (d) Interest earned on monies deposited in a probation 11 and court services fund may be used by the county for its 12 ordinary and contingent expenditures.

The county board may appropriate moneys from 13 (e) the probation and court services fund, upon the direction of the 14 15 chief judge, to support programs that are part of the 16 continuum of juvenile delinquency intervention programs which are or may be developed within the county. The grants from 17 18 the probation and court services fund shall be for no more 19 than one year and may be used for any expenses attributable to the program including administration and oversight of the 20 21 program by the probation department.

22 (Source: P.A. 89-198, eff. 7-21-95; 90-590, eff. 1-1-99.)

23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon24 becoming law.

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