LRB9205333SMdv

1 AN ACT concerning taxes.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Taxpayers' Bill of Rights Act is amended 5 by changing Section 5 and adding Sections 5.5 and 5.6 as 6 follows:

7 (20 ILCS 2520/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 2305)

8 Sec. 5. Taxpayer's suits. Taxpayers have the right to sue the Department of Revenue if the such Department 9 negligently intentionally--or-recklessly disregards tax laws 10 or regulations in collecting taxes. The maximum recovery for 11 damages in such a suit shall be \$100,000. If a taxpayer's 12 13 suit is determined by the court to be frivolous the court may impose a penalty on the taxpayer not to exceed \$10,000 to be 14 15 collected as a tax.

16 (Source: P.A. 86-176; 86-189.)

17 (20 ILCS 2520/5.5 new)

18

Sec. 5.5. Burden of proof.

19 (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, in the 20 case of a taxpayer receiving a protestable notice, a bill, a 21 claim denial, or a reduction of refund regarding any tax, 22 until proven otherwise by the Department in the appropriate 23 proceeding, the taxpayer's position shall be presumed to be 24 the correct one and the burden of proof shall be on the 25 Department to prove otherwise.

26 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) apply only if (i)
27 the taxpayer asserts a reasonable dispute with respect to the
28 issue and (ii) the taxpayer has fully cooperated with the
29 Department with respect to the issue, including providing,
30 within a reasonable period of time, access to and inspection

1 of all witnesses, information, and documents within the 2 control of the taxpayer, as reasonably requested by the 3 <u>Department.</u>

4 (c) The Department shall adopt rules to implement the
5 provisions of this Section.

6 (20 ILCS 2520/5.6 new)

7 Sec. 5.6. Privileged communications; accountant and In any non-criminal proceeding before the 8 <u>client.</u> 9 Department, the taxpayer shall be entitled to the same common 10 law protections of confidentiality with respect to tax advice furnished by a certified public accountant or a public 11 12 accountant licensed under the Illinois Public Accounting Act as the taxpayer would have if the accountant were an 13 14 attorney.

Section 10. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 902, 904, and 917 and adding Section 917.5 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 5/902) (from Ch. 120, par. 9-902)

19 Sec. 902. Notice and Demand. (a) In general. Except as 20 provided in subsection (b) the Director shall, as soon as practicable after an amount payable under this Act is deemed 21 22 assessed (as provided in Section 903), give notice to each person liable for any unpaid portion of such assessment, 23 stating the amount unpaid and demanding payment thereof. 24 In the case of tax deemed assessed with the filing of a return, 25 26 the Director shall give notice no later than 3 years after 27 the date the return was filed. Upon receipt of any notice and demand there shall be paid at the place and time stated 28 29 in such notice the amount stated in such notice. Such notice 30 shall be left at the dwelling or usual place of business of 31 such person or shall be sent by mail to the person's last

-2-

1 known address.

2 (b) Judicial review. In the case of a deficiency deemed assessed under Section 903 (a) (2) after the filing of a 3 4 protest, notice and demand shall not be made with respect to 5 such assessment until all proceedings in court for the review 6 of such assessment have terminated or the time for the taking 7 thereof has expired without such proceedings being 8 instituted.

9 Action for recovery of taxes. At any time that (C)the Department might commence proceedings for a levy under 10 11 Section 1109, regardless of whether a notice of lien was filed under the provisions of Section 1103, it may bring an 12 action in any court of competent jurisdiction within or 13 without this State in the name of the people of this State to 14 15 recover the amount of any taxes, penalties and interest due 16 and unpaid under this Act. In-such-action,-the-certificate-of 17 the-Department-showing-the-amount-of-the-delinquency-shall-be 18 prima--facie--evidence-of-the-correctness-of-such-amount,-its 19 assessment-and-of-the-compliance-by-the-Department--with--all 20 the-provisions-of-this-Act-

(d) Sales or transfers outside the usual course of 21 22 business-Report-Payment of Tax - Rights and duties of 23 purchaser or transferee - penalty. If any taxpayer, outside the usual course of his business, sells or transfers the 24 25 major part of any one or more of (A) the stock of goods which he is engaged in the business of selling, or (B) the 26 furniture or fixtures, or (C) the machinery and equipment, or 27 (D) the real property, of any business that is subject to the 28 29 provisions of this Act, the purchaser or transferee of such 30 assets shall, no later than 10 days after the sale or transfer, file a notice of sale or transfer of business 31 32 assets with the Chicago office of the Department disclosing the name and address of the seller or transferor, the name 33 34 and address of the purchaser or transferee, the date of the

-3-

1 sale or transfer, a copy of the sales contract and financing 2 agreements which shall include a description of the property sold or transferred, the amount of the purchase price or a 3 4 statement of other consideration for the sale or transfer, 5 and the terms for payment of the purchase price, and such 6 other information as the Department may reasonably require. 7 If the purchaser or transferee fails to file the above described notice of sale with the Department within the 8 9 prescribed time, the purchaser or transferee shall be personally liable to the Department for the amount owed 10 11 hereunder by the seller or transferor but unpaid, up to the amount of the reasonable value of the property acquired by 12 the purchaser or transferee. 13 The purchaser or transferee shall pay the Department the amount of tax, penalties, and 14 interest owed by the seller or transferor under this Act, 15 to 16 the extent they have not been paid by the seller or The seller or transferor, or the purchaser or 17 transferor. transferee, at least 10 days before the date of the sale or 18 19 transfer, may notify the Department of the intended sale or 20 transfer and request the Department to make a determination 21 as to whether the seller or transferor owes any tax, penalty 22 or interest due under this Act. The Department shall take 23 such steps as may be appropriate to comply with such request.

Any order issued by the Department pursuant to this 24 25 Section to withhold from the purchase price shall be issued within 10 days after the Department receives notification of 26 27 sale as provided in this Section. The purchaser or а transferee shall withhold such portion of the purchase price 28 29 as may be directed by the Department, but not to exceed a 30 minimum amount varying by type of business, as determined by the Department pursuant to regulations, plus twice the 31 32 outstanding unpaid liabilities and twice the average liability of preceding filings times the number of unfiled 33 returns which were not filed when due, to cover the amount of 34

-4-

1 all tax, penalty, and interest due and unpaid by the seller 2 or transferor under this Act or, if the payment of money or property is not involved, shall withhold the performance of 3 4 the condition that constitutes the consideration for the sale or transfer. Within 60 days after issuance of the initial 5 6 order to withhold, the Department shall provide written 7 notice to the purchaser or transferee of the actual amount of 8 all taxes, penalties and interest then due and whether or not 9 additional amounts may become due as a result of unpaid taxes required to be withheld by an employer, returns which were 10 11 not filed when due, pending assessments and audits not completed. The purchaser or transferee shall continue to 12 withhold the amount directed to be withheld by the initial 13 order or such lesser amount as is specified by the final 14 15 withholding order or to withhold the performance of the 16 condition which constitutes the consideration for the sale or transfer until the purchaser or transferee receives from the 17 Department a certificate showing that no unpaid tax, penalty 18 19 or interest is due from the seller or transferor under this Act. 20

21 The purchaser or transferee is relieved of any duty to 22 continue to withhold from the purchase price and of any 23 liability for tax, penalty, or interest due hereunder from the seller or transferor if the Department fails to notify 24 25 the purchaser or transferee in the manner provided herein of the amount to be withheld within 10 days after the sale or 26 27 transfer has been reported to the Department or within 60 days after issuance of the initial order to withhold, as 28 the 29 case may be. The Department shall have the right to determine 30 amounts claimed on an estimated basis to allow for periods 31 for which returns were not filed when due, pending 32 assessments and audits not completed, however the purchaser 33 or transferee shall be personally liable only for the actual amount due when determined. 34

-5-

1 If the seller or transferor has failed to pay the tax, 2 penalty, and interest due from him hereunder and the Department makes timely claim therefor against the purchaser 3 4 or transferee as hereinabove provided, then the purchaser or 5 transferee shall pay to the Department the amount so withheld 6 from the purchase price. If the purchaser or transferee 7 fails to comply with the requirements of this Section, the 8 purchaser or transferee shall be personally liable to the 9 Department for the amount owed hereunder by the seller or transferor up to the amount of the reasonable value of the 10 11 property acquired by the purchaser or transferee.

12 Any person who shall acquire any property or rights 13 thereto which, at the time of such acquisition, is subject to 14 a valid lien in favor of the Department, shall be personally 15 liable to the Department for a sum equal to the amount of 16 taxes, penalties and interests, secured by such lien, but not 17 to exceed the reasonable value of such property acquired by 18 him.

19 (Source: P.A. 86-923; 86-953.)

20 (35 ILCS 5/904) (from Ch. 120, par. 9-904)

21 Sec. 904. Deficiencies and Overpayments.

22 Examination of return. As soon as practicable after (a) a return is filed, the Department shall examine it to 23 24 determine the correct amount of tax. If the Department finds that the amount of tax shown on the return is less than the 25 correct amount, it shall issue a notice of deficiency to the 26 taxpayer which shall set forth the amount of tax and 27 28 penalties proposed to be assessed. If the Department finds 29 that the tax paid is more than the correct amount, it shall credit or refund the overpayment as provided by Section 909. 30 31 The-findings-of-the-Department-under-this-subsection-shall-be 32 prima--facie-correct-and-shall-be-prima-facie-evidence-of-the 33 correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax-and-penalties-due-

-6-

1 (b) No return filed. If the taxpayer fails to file a 2 tax return, the Department shall determine the amount of tax due according to its best judgment and information, --which 3 4 amount--so--fixed--by--the--Department--shall--be-prima-facie correct-and-shall-be-prima-facie-evidence-of-the--correctness 5 6 of-the-amount-of-tax-due. The Department shall issue a notice 7 of deficiency to the taxpayer which shall set forth the 8 amount of tax and penalties proposed to be assessed.

9 (c) Notice of deficiency. A notice of deficiency issued 10 under this Act shall set forth the adjustments giving rise to 11 the proposed assessment and the reasons therefor. In the case 12 of a joint return, the notice of deficiency may be a single 13 joint notice except that if the Department is notified by 14 either spouse that separate residences have been established, 15 it shall issue joint notices to each spouse.

(d) Assessment when no protest. Upon the expiration of days after the date on which it was issued (150 days if the taxpayer is outside the United States), a notice of deficiency shall constitute an assessment of the amount of tax and penalties specified therein, except only for such amounts as to which the taxpayer shall have filed a protest with the Department, as provided in Section 908.

23 (Source: P.A. 87-192; 87-205.)

24

(35 ILCS 5/917) (from Ch. 120, par. 9-917)

25 Sec. 917. Confidentiality and information sharing.

Confidentiality. Except as provided in this Section, 26 (a) all information received by the Department from returns filed 27 28 under this Act, or from any investigation conducted under the 29 provisions of this Act, shall be confidential, except for 30 official purposes within the Department or pursuant to 31 official procedures for collection of any State tax or pursuant to an investigation or audit by the Illinois State 32 33 Scholarship Commission of a delinquent student loan or

1 monetary award or enforcement of any civil or criminal 2 penalty or sanction imposed by this Act or by another statute imposing a State tax, and any person who divulges any such 3 4 information in any manner, except for such purposes and 5 pursuant to order of the Director or in accordance with a 6 judicial order, shall be guilty of a Class A proper 7 misdemeanor. However, the provisions of this paragraph are 8 not applicable to information furnished to a licensed 9 attorney representing the taxpayer where an appeal or а protest has been filed on behalf of the taxpayer. 10 In 11 addition, the provisions of this paragraph are not applicable 12 in a non-criminal proceeding before the Department to 13 information furnished to a certified public accountant or a public accountant licensed to practice in this State under 14 15 the Illinois Public Accounting Act.

16 (b) Public information. Nothing contained in this Act the Director from publishing or making 17 shall prevent 18 available to the public the names and addresses of persons 19 filing returns under this Act, or from publishing or making available reasonable statistics concerning the operation of 20 21 the tax wherein the contents of returns are grouped into 22 aggregates in such a way that the information contained in 23 any individual return shall not be disclosed.

(c) Governmental agencies. Director may make 24 The 25 available to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United 26 States or his delegate, or the proper officer or his delegate 27 of any other state imposing a tax upon or measured by income, for exclusively official purposes, information received by 28 the Department in the administration of this Act, but such 29 30 permission shall be granted only if the United States or such other state, as the case may be, grants the Department 31 32 substantially similar privileges. The Director may exchange information with the Illinois Department of Public Aid and 33 34 the Department of Human Services (acting as successor to the

-8-

1 Department of Public Aid under the Department of Human 2 Services Act) for the purpose of verifying sources and amounts of income and for other purposes directly connected 3 4 with the administration of this Act and the Illinois Public 5 The Director may exchange information with the Aid Code. 6 Director of the Department of Employment Security for the 7 purpose of verifying sources and amounts of income and for other purposes directly connected with the administration of 8 9 this Act and Acts administered by the Department of Employment Security. The Director may make available to 10 the 11 Illinois Industrial Commission information regarding employers for the purpose of verifying the insurance coverage 12 required under the Workers' Compensation Act and Workers' 13 Occupational Diseases Act. 14

The Director may make available to any State agency, 15 16 including the Illinois Supreme Court, which licenses persons to engage in any occupation, information that a person 17 18 licensed by such agency has failed to file returns under this 19 Act or pay the tax, penalty and interest shown therein, or 20 has failed to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest due under this Act. The Director may also make 21 22 available to the Secretary of State information that a 23 corporation which has been issued а certificate of incorporation by the Secretary of State has failed to file 24 25 returns under this Act or pay the tax, penalty and interest shown therein, or has failed to pay any final assessment of 26 tax, penalty or interest due under this Act. An assessment is 27 final when all proceedings in court for review of 28 such assessment have terminated or the time for the taking thereof 29 30 has expired without such proceedings being instituted. For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 31 1987, the 32 Director may make available to the Director or principal officer of any Department of the State 33 of Illinois, 34 information that a person employed by such Department has

-9-

failed to file returns under this Act or pay the tax, penalty and interest shown therein. For purposes of this paragraph, the word "Department" shall have the same meaning as provided in Section 3 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

6 (d) The Director shall make available for public 7 inspection in the Department's principal office and for publication, at cost, administrative decisions issued on or 8 9 after January 1, 1995. These decisions are to be made available in a manner so that the following taxpayer 10 11 information is not disclosed:

(1) The names, addresses, and identification
numbers of the taxpayer, related entities, and employees.
(2) At the sole discretion of the Director, trade
secrets or other confidential information identified as
such by the taxpayer, no later than 30 days after receipt
of an administrative decision, by such means as the
Department shall provide by rule.

19 The Director shall determine the appropriate extent of 20 the deletions allowed in paragraph (2). In the event the 21 taxpayer does not submit deletions, the Director shall make 22 only the deletions specified in paragraph (1).

The Director shall make available for public inspection and publication an administrative decision within 180 days after the issuance of the administrative decision. The term "administrative decision" has the same meaning as defined in Section 3-101 of Article III of the Code of Civil Procedure. Costs collected under this Section shall be paid into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund.

30 (e) Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the 31 Director from divulging information to any person pursuant to 32 a request or authorization made by the taxpayer, by an 33 authorized representative of the taxpayer, or, in the case of 34 information related to a joint return, by the spouse filing

-10-

1 the joint return with the taxpayer. (Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-1-97; 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.) 2 3 (35 ILCS 5/917.5 new) Sec. 917.5. Civil damages; disclosure of information. 4 (a) If any officer or employee of the Department, in 5 violation of Section 917, knowingly or negligently divulges 6 7 information received by the Department from returns filed by a taxpayer under this Act or from any investigation conducted 8 9 with respect to a taxpayer under the provisions of this Act, 10 the taxpayer may bring a civil action for damages against the Department in the Court of Claims. 11 12 (b) If any person who is not an officer or employee of the Department, in violation of Section 917, knowingly or 13 negligently divulges information from returns filed by a 14

15 <u>taxpayer under this Act or from any investigation conducted</u> 16 with respect to a taxpayer under the provision of this Act, 17 <u>the taxpayer may bring a civil action for damages against</u> 18 <u>that person in the circuit court of the county where the</u> 19 <u>taxpayer has his or her residence or commercial domicile, or</u> 20 <u>Cook County if the taxpayer does not have his or her</u> 21 <u>residence or commercial domicile in this State.</u>

(c) No liability shall arise under this Section if the
 disclosure of information was a result of a good faith, but
 erroneous, interpretation of Section 917.

25 (d) In any action brought under subsection (a) or (b), upon a finding of liability on the part of the defendant, the 26 defendant shall be liable to the plaintiff (i) in an amount 27 equal to the greater of (A) \$1,000 for each act of 28 unauthorized disclosure of information or (B) the amount of 29 30 damages, up to \$100,000, in the case of willful disclosure or a disclosure that is the result of gross negligence and (ii) 31 32 costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

-11-

Section 15. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing
 Sections 19 and 20 as follows:

3

(35 ILCS 105/19) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.19)

it shall appear that an amount of tax or 4 Sec. 19. If 5 penalty or interest has been paid in error hereunder to the a purchaser, as distinguished from the б by Department retailer, whether such amount be paid through a mistake of 7 8 fact or an error of law, such purchaser may file a claim for credit or refund with the Department in accordance with 9 10 Sections 6, 6a, 6b, and 6c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If it shall appear that an amount of tax or penalty or 11 interest has been paid in error to the Department hereunder 12 by a retailer who is required or authorized to collect and 13 14 remit the use tax, whether such amount be paid through a 15 mistake of fact or an error of law, such retailer may file a claim for credit or refund with the Department in accordance 16 17 with Sections 6, 6a, 6b, and 6c of the Retailers' Occupation 18 Tax Act, provided that no credit or refund shall be allowed for any amount paid by any such retailer unless it shall 19 20 appear that he bore the burden of such amount and did not shift the burden thereof to anyone else (as in the case of 21 a 22 duplicated tax payment which the retailer made to the Department and did not collect from anyone else), or unless 23 it shall appear that he or she or his or her legal 24 representative has unconditionally repaid such amount to his 25 vendee (1) who bore the burden thereof and has not shifted 26 27 such burden directly or indirectly in any manner whatsoever; 28 (2) who, if he has shifted such burden, has repaid 29 unconditionally such amount to his or her own vendee, and (3) who is not entitled to receive any reimbursement therefor 30 31 from any other source than from his vendor, nor to be relieved of such burden in any other manner whatsoever. If it 32 shall appear that an amount of tax has been paid in error 33

-12-

1 hereunder by the purchaser to a retailer, who retained such 2 tax as reimbursement for his or her tax liability on the same sale under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and who 3 4 remitted the amount involved to the Department under the 5 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, whether such amount be paid 6 through a mistake of fact or an error of law, the procedure 7 for recovering such tax shall be that prescribed in Sections 6, 6a, 6b and 6c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. 8

9 Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Section 10 shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified 11 in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

12 Any claim filed hereunder shall be filed upon a form 13 prescribed and furnished by the Department. The claim shall 14 be signed by the claimant (or by the claimant's legal 15 representative if the claimant shall have died or become a 16 person under legal disability), or by a duly authorized agent 17 of the claimant or his or her legal representative.

A claim for credit or refund shall be considered to have 18 19 been filed with the Department on the date upon which it is received by the Department. Upon receipt of any claim for 20 credit or refund filed under this Act, any officer or 21 employee of the Department, authorized in writing by the 22 23 Director of Revenue to acknowledge receipt of such claims on behalf of the Department, shall execute on behalf of 24 the 25 Department, and shall deliver or mail to the claimant or his duly authorized agent, a written receipt, acknowledging that 26 the claim has been filed with the Department, describing the 27 claim in sufficient detail to identify it and stating the 28 29 date upon which the claim was received by the Department. 30 Such written receipt shall be prima facie evidence that the Department received the claim described in such receipt and 31 32 shall be prima facie evidence of the date when such claim was received by the Department. In-the-absence-of-such-a--written 33 34 receipt,--the--records-of-the-Department-as-to-when-the-claim

-13-

1 was-received-by-the-Department,-or-as-to-whether-or--not--the 2 claim--was-received-at-all-by-the-Department,-shall-be-deemed 3 to-be-prima-facie-correct-upon-these-questions-in--the--event 4 of--any--dispute--between--the--claimant-(or-his-or-her-legal 5 representative)---and---the---Department---concerning---these 6 questions.

7 In case the Department determines that the claimant is 8 entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from 9 such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. Ιf it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit 10 11 everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by 12 such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the 13 Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what 14 15 types of cases qualify as hardship cases.

16 If a retailer who has failed to pay use tax on gross receipts from retail sales is required by the Department to 17 pay such tax, such retailer, without filing any formal claim 18 19 with the Department, shall be allowed to take credit against such use tax liability to the extent, if any, to which such 20 21 retailer has paid an amount equivalent to retailers' 22 occupation tax or has paid use tax in error to his or her 23 vendor or vendors of the same tangible personal property which such retailer bought for resale and did not first use 24 25 before selling it, and no penalty or interest shall be charged to such retailer on the amount of such credit. 26 However, when such credit is allowed to the retailer by the 27 Department, the vendor is precluded from refunding any of 28 that tax to the retailer and filing a claim for credit 29 or 30 refund with respect thereto with the Department. The 31 provisions of this amendatory Act shall be applied retroactively, regardless of the date of the transaction. 32

33 (Source: P.A. 90-562, eff. 12-16-97.)

-15-

1

(35 ILCS 105/20) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.20)

2 Sec. 20. As soon as practicable after a claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall examine the same and 3 4 determine the amount of credit or refund to which the claimant or the claimant's legal representative, in the event 5 that the claimant shall have died or become a person under 6 legal disability, is entitled and shall, by its Notice of 7 8 Tentative Determination of Claim, notify the claimant or his 9 or her legal representative of such determination, --which determination--shall--be--prima--facie-correct. Proof of such 10 11 determination by the Department may be made at any hearing 12 before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto, 13 in the name of the Department under the certificate of the 14 15 Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy shall, without 16 further proof, be admitted into evidence before the Department or in any legal proceeding and--shall--be--prima 17 facie---proof---of---the---correctness--of--the--Department's 18 19 determination,-as-shown-therein. If such claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased claimant or a claimant who 20 21 is a person under legal disability shall, within 60 days after the Department's Notice of Tentative Determination of 22 23 file a protest thereto and request a hearing thereon, Claim, the Department shall give notice to such claimant, or 24 the 25 legal representative of a deceased claimant, or a claimant who is a person under legal disability of the time and place 26 fixed 27 for such hearing, and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and pursuant 28 thereto shall issue its Final Determination of the amount, if 29 30 any, found to be due as a result of such hearing, to such claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased claimant 31 32 or a claimant who is a person under legal disability.

33 If a protest to the Department's Notice of Tentative 34 Determination of Claim is not filed within 60 days and a

1 request for a hearing thereon is not made as provided herein, 2 the said Notice shall thereupon become and operate as a Final Determination; and, if the Department's Notice of Tentative 3 4 Determination, upon becoming a Final Determination, indicates 5 no amount due to the claimant, or, upon issuance of a credit 6 or refund for the amount, if any, found by the Department to 7 be due, the claim in all its aspects shall be closed and no 8 longer open to protest, hearing, judicial review, or by any 9 other proceeding or action whatever, either before the Department or in any court of this State. Claims for credit 10 11 refund hereunder must be filed with and initially or determined by the Department, the remedy herein provided 12 being exclusive; and no court shall have jurisdiction to 13 determine the merits of any claim except upon review as 14 15 provided in this Act.

16 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

Section 20. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 17 and 18 as follows:

19 (35 ILCS 110/17) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.47)

20 Sec. 17. If it shall appear that an amount of tax or 21 penalty or interest has been paid in error hereunder to the Department by a purchaser, as distinguished 22 from the 23 serviceman, whether such amount be paid through a mistake of fact or an error of law, such purchaser may file a claim for 24 credit or refund with the Department. If it shall appear that 25 an amount of tax or penalty or interest has been paid in 26 27 error to the Department hereunder by a serviceman who is 28 required or authorized to collect and remit the Service Use Tax, whether such amount be paid through a mistake of fact or 29 30 an error of law, such serviceman may file a claim for credit or refund with the Department, provided that no credit shall 31 32 be allowed or refund made for any amount paid by any such

-16-

1 serviceman unless it shall appear that he bore the burden of 2 such amount and did not shift the burden thereof to anyone else (as in the case of a duplicated tax payment which the 3 4 serviceman made to the Department and did not collect from anyone else), or unless it shall appear that he or his legal 5 б representative has unconditionally repaid such amount to his 7 vendee (1) who bore the burden thereof and has not shifted 8 such burden directly or indirectly in any manner whatsoever; 9 (2) if he has shifted such burden, has repaid who, unconditionally such amount to his own vendee, and (3) who is 10 11 not entitled to receive any reimbursement therefor from any other source than from his vendor, nor to be relieved of such 12 burden in any other manner whatsoever. If it shall appear 13 that an amount of tax has been paid in error hereunder by the 14 purchaser to a serviceman, who retained such 15 tax as 16 reimbursement for his tax liability on the same sale of service under the Service Occupation Tax Act, and who paid 17 as required by the Service Occupation Tax Act, 18 such tax 19 whether such amount be paid through a mistake of fact or an error of law, the procedure for recovering such tax shall be 20 that prescribed in Sections 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service 21 22 Occupation Tax Act.

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Section shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

Any claim filed hereunder shall be filed upon a form prescribed and furnished by the Department. The claim shall be signed by the claimant (or by the claimant's legal representative if the claimant shall have died or become a person under legal disability), or by a duly authorized agent of the claimant or his or her legal representative.

A claim for credit or refund shall be considered to have been filed with the Department on the date upon which it is received by the Department. Upon receipt of any claim for

-17-

1 credit or refund filed under this Act, any officer or 2 employee of the Department, authorized in writing by the Director of Revenue to acknowledge receipt of such claims on 3 4 behalf of the Department, shall execute on behalf of the Department, and shall deliver or mail to the claimant or his 5 б duly authorized agent, a written receipt, acknowledging that 7 the claim has been filed with the Department, describing the 8 claim in sufficient detail to identify it and stating the 9 date upon which the claim was received by the Department. Such written receipt shall be prima facie evidence that the 10 11 Department received the claim described in such receipt and shall be prima facie evidence of the date when such claim was 12 13 received by the Department. In-the-absence-of-such-a-written receipt,-the-records-of-the-Department-as-to-when--the--claim 14 15 was--received--by-the-Department,-or-as-to-whether-or-not-the 16 elaim-was-received-at-all-by-the-Department,-shall-be--deemed 17 to--be--prima-facie-correct-upon-these-questions-in-the-event of-any-dispute-between-the-claimant--(or--his--or--her--legal 18 19 representative)---and---the---Department---concerning---these 20 questions.

21 In case the Department determines that the claimant is 22 entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from 23 such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. If it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit 24 25 everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by 26 such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the 27 Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what 28 29 types of cases qualify as hardship cases.

30 (Source: P.A. 87-205.)

31 (35 ILCS 110/18) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.48)
32 Sec. 18. As soon as practicable after a claim for credit
33 or refund is filed, the Department shall examine the same and

-18-

1 determine the amount of credit or refund to which the 2 claimant or the claimant's legal representative, in the event that the claimant shall have died or become a person under 3 4 legal disability, is entitled and shall, by its Notice of 5 Tentative Determination of Claim, notify the claimant or his 6 representative of such determination,---which legal 7 determination-shall-be-prima-facie--correct. Proof of such 8 determination by the Department may be made at any hearing 9 before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto, 10 11 in the name of the Department under the certificate of the Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy shall, without 12 further proof, be admitted into evidence 13 before the Department or in any legal proceeding and-shall-be-prima 14 facie--proof--of--the---correctness---of---the---Department's 15 16 determination, -- as -- shown -- therein. If such claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased claimant or a claimant who 17 18 is a person under legal disability, shall, within 60 days 19 after the Department's Notice of Tentative Determination of 20 Claim, file a protest thereto and request a hearing thereon, 21 the Department shall give notice to such claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased claimant or claimant who 22 23 is a person under legal disability, of the time and place fixed for such hearing, and shall hold a hearing 24 in 25 conformity with the provisions of this Act, and pursuant thereto shall issue its Final Determination of the amount, if 26 any, found to be due as a result of such hearing, to such 27 claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased or 28 29 incompetent claimant.

If a protest to the Department's Notice of Tentative Determination of Claim is not filed within 60 days and a request for a hearing thereon is not made as provided herein, the Notice shall thereupon become and operate as a Final Determination; and, if the Department's Notice of Tentative

-19-

1 Determination upon becoming a Final Determination, indicates 2 amount due to the claimant, or, upon issuance of a credit no or refund for the amount, if any, found by the Department to 3 4 be due, the claim in all its aspects shall be closed and no longer open to protest, hearing, judicial review, or by any 5 6 other proceeding or action whatever, either before the 7 Department or in any court of this State. Claims for credit 8 or refund hereunder must be filed with and initially 9 determined by the Department, the remedy herein provided being exclusive; and no court shall have jurisdiction to 10 11 determine the merits of any claim except upon review as provided in this Act. 12

13 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

Section 25. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 17 and 18 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 115/17) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.117)

17 Sec. 17. If it shall appear that an amount of tax or penalty or interest has been paid in error hereunder directly 18 19 to the Department by a serviceman, whether such amount be paid through a mistake of fact or an error of 20 law, such 21 serviceman may file a claim for credit or refund with the Department. If it shall appear that an amount of tax or 22 23 penalty or interest has been paid in error to the Department hereunder by a supplier who is required or authorized to 24 collect and remit the Service Occupation Tax, whether such 25 amount be paid through a mistake of fact or an error of 26 law. 27 such supplier may file a claim for credit or refund with the 28 Department, provided that no credit shall be allowed nor any refund made for any amount paid by any such supplier unless 29 30 it shall appear that he bore the burden of such amount and did not shift the burden thereof to anyone else (as in the 31 32 case of a duplicated tax payment which the supplier made to

-20-

1 the Department and did not collect from anyone else), or 2 unless it shall appear that he or his legal representative has unconditionally repaid such amount to his vendee (1) who 3 4 bore the burden thereof and has not shifted such burden 5 directly or indirectly in any manner whatsoever; (2) who, if 6 he has shifted such burden, has repaid unconditionally such 7 amount to his own vendee, and (3) who is not entitled to 8 receive any reimbursement therefor from any other source than 9 from his supplier, nor to be relieved of such burden in any other manner whatsoever. 10

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Section shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

Any claim filed hereunder shall be filed upon a form prescribed and furnished by the Department. The claim shall be signed by the claimant (or by the claimant's legal representative if the claimant shall have died or become a person under legal disability), or by a duly authorized agent of the claimant or his or her legal representative.

A claim for credit or refund shall be considered to have 20 21 been filed with the Department on the date upon which it is 22 received by the Department. Upon receipt of any claim for 23 credit or refund filed under this Act, any officer or employee of the Department, authorized in writing by the 24 25 Director of Revenue to acknowledge receipt of such claims on behalf of the Department, shall execute on behalf of the 26 Department, and shall deliver or mail to the claimant or his 27 duly authorized agent, а 28 or her written receipt, 29 acknowledging that the claim has been filed with the 30 Department, describing the claim in sufficient detail to identify it and stating the date upon which the claim was 31 32 received by the Department. Such written receipt shall be 33 prima facie evidence that the Department received the claim 34 described in such receipt and shall be prima facie evidence

-21-

1 of the date when such claim was received by the Department. 2 In--the-absence-of-such-a-written-receipt,-the-records-of-the 3 Department--as--to--when--the--claim--was--received--by---the 4 Department,-or-as-to-whether-or-not-the-claim-was-received-at 5 all--by--the--Department,--shall--be-deemed-to-be-prima-facie б correct-upon-these-questions-in--the--event--of--any--dispute 7 between--the--claimant--(or-his-legal-representative)-and-the 8 Department-concerning-these-questions.

9 In case the Department determines that the claimant is entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from 10 11 such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. Τf 12 it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by 13 such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, 14 the 15 Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the 16 payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what types of cases qualify as hardship cases. 17

18 (Source: P.A. 87-205.)

19 (35 ILCS 115/18) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.118)

20 Sec. 18. As soon as practicable after a claim for credit 21 or refund is filed, the Department shall examine the same and 22 determine the amount of credit or refund to which the claimant or the claimant's legal representative, in the event 23 24 that the claimant shall have died or become a person under legal disability, is entitled and shall, by its Notice of 25 26 Tentative Determination of Claim, notify the claimant or his or her legal representative of such determination,--which 27 28 determination--shall--be--prima--facie-correct. Proof of such 29 determination by the Department may be made at any hearing 30 before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto, 31 32 in the name of the Department under the certificate of the 33 Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy shall, without

-22-

1 further proof, be admitted into evidence before the 2 Department or in any legal proceeding and--shall--be--prima facie---proof---of---the---correctness--of--the--Department's 3 4 determination, -as-shown-therein. If such claimant, or the 5 legal representative of a deceased claimant or a claimant who 6 is under legal disability shall, within 60 days after the 7 Department's Notice of Tentative Determination of Claim, file 8 a protest thereto and request a hearing thereon, the 9 Department shall give notice to such claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased claimant or a claimant who is 10 11 under legal disability, of the time and place fixed for such hearing, and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the 12 provisions of this Act, and pursuant thereto shall issue its 13 Final Determination of the amount, if any, found to be due as 14 15 a result of such hearing, to such claimant, or the legal 16 representative of a deceased claimant or a claimant who is under legal disability. 17

If a protest to the Department's Notice of Tentative 18 19 Determination of Claim is not filed within 60 days and a 20 request for a hearing thereon is not made as provided herein, 21 the Notice shall thereupon become and operate as a Final 22 Determination; and, if the Department's Notice of Tentative 23 Determination, upon becoming a Final Determination, indicates no amount due to the claimant, or, upon issuance of a credit 24 25 or refund for the amount, if any, found by the Department to be due, the claim in all its aspects shall be closed and no 26 longer open to protest, hearing, judicial review, or by any 27 other proceeding or action whatever, either before 28 the 29 Department or in any court of this State. Claims for credit 30 refund hereunder must be filed with and initially or determined by the Department, the remedy herein provided 31 32 being exclusive; and no court shall have jurisdiction to determine the merits of any claim except upon review as 33 34 provided in this Act.

-23-

```
-24-
```

LRB9205333SMdv

1 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

4

Section 30. The Retailer's Occupation Tax Act is amended
by changing Sections 4, 5, 6a, and 6b as follows:

(35 ILCS 120/4) (from Ch. 120, par. 443)

Sec. 4. As soon as practicable after any return is 5 filed, the Department shall examine such return and shall, if 6 7 necessary, correct such return according to its best judgment and information. If the correction of a return results in an 8 9 amount of tax that is understated on the taxpayer's return due to a mathematical error, the Department shall notify the 10 taxpayer that the amount of tax in excess of that shown on 11 is due and has been assessed. The term 12 the return 13 "mathematical error" means arithmetic errors or incorrect 14 computations on the return or supporting schedules. No such notice of additional tax due shall be issued on and after 15 each July 1 and January 1 covering gross receipts received 16 17 during any month or period of time more than 3 years prior to such July 1 and January 1, respectively. Such notice of 18 19 additional tax due shall not be considered a notice of tax 20 liability nor shall the taxpayer have any right of protest.

21 In-the-event-that-the-return--is--corrected--for--any--reason 22 other--than--a-mathematical-error,-any-return-so-corrected-by 23 the-Department-shall-be-prima--facie--correct--and--shall--be prima--facie-evidence-of-the-correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax 24 25 due---as--shown--therein-In correcting transaction bv transaction reporting returns provided for in Section 3 of 26 27 this Act, it shall be permissible for the Department to show 28 a single corrected return figure for any given period of a calendar month instead of having to correct each transaction 29 30 by transaction return form individually and having to show a corrected return figure for each of such transaction by 31 32 transaction return forms. In making a correction of

LRB9205333SMdv

1 transaction by transaction, monthly or quarterly returns 2 covering a period of 6 months or more, it shall be 3 permissible for the Department to show a single corrected 4 return figure for any given 6-month period.

5 Instead of requiring the person filing such return to 6 file an amended return, the Department may simply notify him 7 of the correction or corrections it has made.

8 Proof of such correction by the Department may be made at 9 any hearing before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a reproduced copy or computer print-out 10 of the 11 Department's record relating thereto in the name of the Department under the certificate of the Director of Revenue. 12 If reproduced copies of the Department's records are offered 13 as proof of such correction, the Director must certify that 14 15 those copies are true and exact copies of records on file 16 with the Department. If computer print-outs of the Department's records are offered as proof of such correction, 17 the Director must certify that those computer print-outs are 18 19 true and exact representations of records properly entered 20 into standard electronic computing equipment, in the regular 21 course of the Department's business, at or reasonably near 22 the time of the occurrence of the facts recorded, from 23 trustworthy and reliable information. Such certified reproduced copy or certified computer print-out shall without 24 25 proof, be admitted into evidence before the further 26 Department or in any legal proceeding and--shall--be--prima facie--proof--of-the-correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax-due,-as 27 shown-therein. 28

If the tax computed upon the basis of the gross receipts as fixed by the Department is greater than the amount of tax due under the return or returns as filed, the Department shall (or if the tax or any part thereof that is admitted to be due by a return or returns, whether filed on time or not, is not paid, the Department may) issue the taxpayer a notice

-25-

1 of tax liability for the amount of tax claimed by the 2 Department to be due, together with a penalty in an amount determined in accordance with Section 3-3 of the Uniform 3 4 Penalty and Interest Act. Provided, that if the incorrectness 5 of any return or returns as determined by the Department is 6 due to negligence or fraud, said penalty shall be in an 7 amount determined in accordance with Section 3-5 or Section 8 3-6 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as the case may If--the--notice--of--tax--liability--is--not--based-on-a 9 be. 10 correction-of-the-taxpayer's-return-or-returns,-but-is--based 11 on--the--taxpayer's--failure--to-pay-all-or-a-part-of-the-tax 12 admitted-by-his-return-or-returns-(whether-filed-on--time--or 13 not)--to--be-due,-such-notice-of-tax-liability-shall-be-prima facie-correct-and--shall--be--prima--facie--evidence--of--the 14 15 correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax-due-as-shown-therein.

16 Proof of such notice of tax liability by the Department may be made at any hearing before the Department or in any 17 legal proceeding by a reproduced copy of the Department's 18 record relating thereto in the name of the Department under 19 the certificate of the Director of Revenue. Such-reproduced 20 21 copy-shall-without-further-proof,-be-admitted--into--evidence 22 before-the-Department-or-in-any-legal-proceeding-and-shall-be 23 prima--facie--proof--of--the-correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax 24 due--as-shown-therein-

If the person filing any return dies or becomes a person under legal disability at any time before the Department issues its notice of tax liability, such notice shall be issued to the administrator, executor or other legal representative, as such, of such person.

Except in case of a fraudulent return, or in the case of an amended return (where a notice of tax liability may be issued on or after each January 1 and July 1 for an amended return filed not more than 3 years prior to such January 1 or July 1, respectively), no notice of tax liability shall be

-26-

1 issued on and after each January 1 and July 1 covering gross 2 receipts received during any month or period of time more than 3 years prior to such January 1 and 3 July 1, 4 respectively. If, before the expiration of the time prescribed in this Section for the issuance of a notice of 5 6 tax liability, both the Department and the taxpayer have 7 consented in writing to its issuance after such time, such notice may be issued at any time prior to the expiration of 8 9 the period agreed upon. The period so agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before the 10 11 expiration of the period previously agreed upon. The foregoing limitations upon the issuance of a notice of tax 12 liability shall not apply to the issuance of a notice of tax 13 liability with respect to any period of time prior thereto in 14 where the Department has, within the period of 15 cases 16 limitation then provided, notified the person making the return of a notice of tax liability even though such return, 17 with which the tax that was shown by such return to be 18 due 19 was paid when the return was filed, had not been corrected by 20 the Department in the manner required herein prior to the 21 issuance of such notice, but in no case shall the amount of 22 any such notice of tax liability for any period otherwise 23 barred by this Act exceed for such period the amount shown in the notice of tax liability theretofore issued. 24

25 If, when a tax or penalty under this Act becomes due and payable, the person alleged to be liable therefor is out of 26 the State, the notice of tax liability may be issued within 27 the times herein limited after his coming into or return to 28 29 the State; and if, after the tax or penalty under this Act 30 becomes due and payable, the person alleged to be liable therefor departs from and remains out of the State, the time 31 32 of his or her absence is no part of the time limited for the issuance of the notice of tax liability; but the foregoing 33 34 provisions concerning absence from the State shall not apply

-27-

LRB9205333SMdv

1 to any case in which, at the time when a tax or penalty 2 becomes due under this Act, the person allegedly liable 3 therefor is not a resident of this State.

The time limitation period on the Department's right to issue a notice of tax liability shall not run during any period of time in which the Order of any Court has the effect of enjoining or restraining the Department from issuing the notice of tax liability.

9 If such person or legal representative shall within 60 days after such notice of tax liability file a protest to 10 11 said notice of tax liability and request a hearing thereon, the Department shall give notice to such person or legal 12 representative of the time and place fixed for such hearing 13 and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of 14 15 this Act, and pursuant thereto shall issue to such person or 16 legal representative a final assessment for the amount found to be due as a result of such hearing. 17

18 If a protest to the notice of tax liability and a request 19 for a hearing thereon is not filed within 60 days after such 20 notice, such notice of tax liability shall become final 21 without the necessity of a final assessment being issued and 22 shall be deemed to be a final assessment.

23 After the issuance of a final assessment, or a notice of tax liability which becomes final without the necessity of 24 25 actually issuing a final assessment as hereinbefore provided, 26 the Department, at any time before such assessment is reduced to judgment, may (subject to rules of the Department) grant a 27 rehearing (or grant departmental review and hold an original 28 29 hearing if no previous hearing in the matter has been held) 30 upon the application of the person aggrieved. Pursuant to 31 such hearing or rehearing, the Department shall issue a 32 revised final assessment to such person or his legal representative for the amount found to be due as a result of 33 34 such hearing or rehearing.

-28-

-29-

1 (Source: P.A. 89-379, eff. 1-1-96.)

2

(35 ILCS 120/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 444)

3 5. In case any person engaged in the business of Sec. selling tangible personal property at retail fails to file a 4 5 return when and as herein required, but thereafter, prior to the Department's issuance of a notice of tax liability under 6 Section, files a return and pays the tax, he shall also 7 this pay a penalty in an amount determined in accordance with 8 Section 3-3 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act. 9

In case any person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail files the return at the time required by this Act but fails to pay the tax, or any part thereof, when due, a penalty in an amount determined in accordance with Section 3-3 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act shall be added thereto.

In case any person engaged in the business of selling 16 17 tangible personal property at retail fails to file a return 18 when and as herein required, but thereafter, prior to the Department's issuance of a notice of tax liability under this 19 20 Section, files a return but fails to pay the entire tax, a 21 penalty in an amount determined in accordance with Section 22 3-3 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act shall be added 23 thereto.

24 In case any person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail fails to file a return, 25 the Department shall determine the amount of tax due from him 26 27 according to its best judgment and information,-which--amount 28 so--fixed--by-the-Department-shall-be-prima-facie-correct-and 29 shall-be-prima-facie--evidence--of--the--correctness--of--the amount--of-tax-due,-as-shown-in-such-determination. In making 30 31 any such determination of tax due, it shall be permissible for the Department to show a figure that represents the tax 32 due for any given period of 6 months instead of showing the 33

1 amount of tax due for each month separately. Proof of such 2 determination by the Department may be made at any hearing before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a 3 4 reproduced copy or computer print-out of the Department's 5 record relating thereto in the name of the Department under 6 the certificate of the Director of Revenue. If reproduced 7 copies of the Department's records are offered as proof of 8 such determination, the Director must certify that those 9 copies are true and exact copies of records on file with the If computer print-outs of the Department's 10 Department. 11 records are offered as proof of such determination, the 12 Director must certify that those computer print-outs are true and exact representations of records properly entered into 13 standard electronic computing equipment, in the regular 14 course of the Department's business, at or reasonably near 15 16 the time of the occurrence of the facts recorded, from reliable information. 17 trustworthy and Such certified reproduced copy or certified computer print-out shall, 18 19 without further proof, be admitted into evidence before the Department or in any legal proceeding and-shall-be-prima 20 21 facie-proof-of-the-correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax--due,--as 22 shown--therein. The Department shall issue the taxpayer a 23 notice of tax liability for the amount of tax claimed by the Department to be due, together with a penalty of 30% thereof. 24

25 However, where the failure to file any tax return required under this Act on the date prescribed therefor 26 (including any extensions thereof), is 27 shown to be unintentional and nonfraudulent and has not occurred in the 2 28 years immediately preceding the failure to file on the 29 30 prescribed date or is due to other reasonable cause the penalties imposed by this Act shall not apply. 31

If such person or the legal representative of such person files, within 60 days after such notice, a protest to such notice of tax liability and requests a hearing thereon, the

-30-

1 Department shall give notice to such person or the legal 2 representative of such person of the time and place fixed for such hearing, and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the 3 4 provisions of this Act, and pursuant thereto shall issue а 5 assessment to such final person to the legal or representative of such person for the amount found to be due 6 7 as a result of such hearing.

8 If a protest to the notice of tax liability and a request 9 for a hearing thereon is not filed within 60 days after such 10 notice, such notice of tax liability shall become final 11 without the necessity of a final assessment being issued and 12 shall be deemed to be a final assessment.

After the issuance of a final assessment, or a notice of 13 tax liability which becomes final without the necessity of 14 15 actually issuing a final assessment as hereinbefore provided, 16 the Department, at any time before such assessment is reduced to judgment, may (subject to rules of the Department) grant a 17 rehearing (or grant departmental review and hold an original 18 19 hearing if no previous hearing in the matter has been held) upon the application of the person aggrieved. Pursuant to 20 21 such hearing or rehearing, the Department shall issue a 22 revised final assessment to such person or his legal 23 representative for the amount found to be due as a result of such hearing or rehearing. 24

25 Except in case of failure to file a return, or with the consent of the person to whom the notice of tax liability is 26 be issued, no notice of tax liability shall be issued on 27 to and after each July 1 and January 1 covering gross receipts 28 29 received during any month or period of time more than 3 years 30 prior to such July 1 and January 1, respectively, except that if a return is not filed at the required time, a notice of 31 32 tax liability may be issued not later than 3 years after the time the return is filed. The foregoing limitations upon the 33 issuance of a notice of tax liability shall not apply to the 34

-31-

1 issuance of any such notice with respect to any period of 2 time prior thereto in cases where the Department has, within the period of limitation then provided, notified a person of 3 4 the amount of tax computed even though the Department had not 5 determined the amount of tax due from such person in the 6 manner required herein prior to the issuance of such notice, 7 but in no case shall the amount of any such notice of tax 8 liability for any period otherwise barred by this Act exceed 9 for such period the amount shown in the notice theretofore issued. 10

11 If, when a tax or penalty under this Act becomes due and 12 payable, the person alleged to be liable therefor is out of the State, the notice of tax liability may be issued within 13 the times herein limited after his or her coming into 14 or return to the State; and if, after the tax or penalty under 15 16 this Act becomes due and payable, the person alleged to be liable therefor departs from and remains out of the State, 17 the time of his or her absence is no part of the time limited 18 19 for the issuance of the notice of tax liability; but the foregoing provisions concerning absence from the State shall 20 21 not apply to any case in which, at the time when a tax or 22 penalty becomes due under this Act, the person allegedly 23 liable therefor is not a resident of this State.

The time limitation period on the Department's right to issue a notice of tax liability shall not run during any period of time in which the order of any court has the effect of enjoining or restraining the Department from issuing the notice of tax liability.

In case of failure to pay the tax, or any portion thereof, or any penalty provided for in this Act, or interest, when due, the Department may bring suit to recover the amount of such tax, or portion thereof, or penalty or interest; or, if the taxpayer has died or become a person under legal disability, may file a claim therefor against his

-32-

1 estate; provided that no such suit with respect to any tax, 2 or portion thereof, or penalty, or interest shall be instituted more than 2 years after the date any proceedings 3 4 in court for review thereof have terminated or the time for 5 the taking thereof has expired without such proceedings being б instituted, except with the consent of the person from whom 7 such tax or penalty or interest is due; nor, except with such consent, shall such suit be instituted more than 8 2 years 9 after the date any return is filed with the Department in cases where the return constitutes the basis for the suit for 10 11 unpaid tax, or portion thereof, or penalty provided for in this Act, or interest: Provided that the time limitation 12 period on the Department's right to bring any such suit shall 13 not run during any period of time in which the order of 14 any 15 court has the effect of enjoining or restraining the 16 Department from bringing such suit.

After the expiration of the period within which 17 the person assessed may file an action for judicial review under 18 19 the Administrative Review Law without such an action being filed, a certified copy of the final assessment or revised 20 21 final assessment of the Department may be filed with the 22 Circuit Court of the county in which the taxpayer has his 23 principal place of business, or of Sangamon County in those cases in which the taxpayer does not have his principal place 24 25 of business in this State. The certified copy of the final assessment or revised final assessment shall be accompanied 26 by a certification which recites facts that are sufficient to 27 show that the Department complied with the jurisdictional 28 29 requirements of the Act in arriving at its final assessment 30 or its revised final assessment and that the taxpayer had his opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial 31 32 review, whether he availed himself or herself of either or both of these opportunities or not. If the court is satisfied 33 34 the Department complied with the jurisdictional that

-33-

1 requirements of the Act in arriving at its final assessment 2 or its revised final assessment and that the taxpayer had his opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial 3 4 review, whether he availed himself of either or both of these 5 opportunities or not, the court shall render judgment in б favor of the Department and against the taxpayer for the 7 amount shown to be due by the final assessment or the revised 8 final assessment, plus any interest which may be due, and 9 such judgment shall be entered in the judgment docket of the court. Such judgment shall bear the rate of interest as 10 set 11 by the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, but otherwise shall have the same effect as other judgments. The judgment may be 12 13 enforced, and all laws applicable to sales for the enforcement of a judgment shall be applicable to sales made 14 15 under such judgments. The Department shall file the certified 16 copy of its assessment, as herein provided, with the Circuit Court within 2 years after such assessment becomes final 17 except when the taxpayer consents in writing to an extension 18 19 of such filing period, and except that the time limitation 20 period on the Department's right to file the certified copy 21 of its assessment with the Circuit Court shall not run during any period of time in which the order of any court has 22 the 23 effect of enjoining or restraining the Department from filing such certified copy of its assessment with the Circuit Court. 24

25 If, when the cause of action for a proceeding in court accrues against a person, he or she is out of the State, the 26 27 action may be commenced within the times herein limited, after his or her coming into or return to the State; and 28 if. 29 after the cause of action accrues, he or she departs from and 30 remains out of the State, the time of his or her absence is no part of the time limited for the commencement of the 31 32 action; but the foregoing provisions concerning absence from 33 the State shall not apply to any case in which, at the time 34 the cause of action accrues, the party against whom the cause

-34-

1 of action accrues is not a resident of this State. The time 2 within which a court action is to be commenced by the 3 Department hereunder shall not run from the date the taxpayer 4 files a petition in bankruptcy under the Federal Bankruptcy 5 Act until 30 days after notice of termination or expiration 6 of the automatic stay imposed by the Federal Bankruptcy Act.

No claim shall be filed against the estate of any deceased person or any person under legal disability for any tax or penalty or part of either, or interest, except in the manner prescribed and within the time limited by the Probate Act of 1975, as amended.

12 The collection of tax or penalty or interest by any means 13 provided for herein shall not be a bar to any prosecution 14 under this Act.

In addition to any penalty provided for in this Act, 15 anv 16 amount of tax which is not paid when due shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in Sections 17 3-2 and 3-9 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act from the date 18 19 when such tax becomes past due until such tax is paid or a judgment therefor is obtained by the Department. If the time 20 21 for making or completing an audit of a taxpayer's books and 22 records is extended with the taxpayer's consent, at the 23 request of and for the convenience of the Department, beyond the date on which the statute of limitations upon the 24 25 issuance of a notice of tax liability by the Department otherwise would run, no interest shall accrue during the 26 period of such extension or until a Notice of Tax Liability 27 is issued, whichever occurs first. 28

In addition to any other remedy provided by this Act, and regardless of whether the Department is making or intends to make use of such other remedy, where a corporation or limited liability company registered under this Act violates the provisions of this Act or of any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder, the Department may give notice to the

-35-

1 Attorney General of the identity of such a corporation or 2 limited liability company and of the violations committed by 3 such a corporation or limited liability company, for such 4 action as is not already provided for by this Act and as the 5 Attorney General may deem appropriate.

6 If the Department determines that an amount of tax or 7 penalty or interest was incorrectly assessed, whether as the result of a mistake of fact or an error of 8 law, the 9 Department shall waive the amount of tax or penalty or interest that accrued due to the incorrect assessment. 10 (Source: P.A. 87-193; 87-205; 87-895; 88-480.) 11

12 (35 ILCS 120/6a) (from Ch. 120, par. 445a)

Sec. 6a. Claims for credit or refund shall be prepared 13 and filed upon forms provided by the Department. Each claim 14 15 shall state: (1) The name and principal business address of the claimant; (2) the period covered by the claim; (3) the 16 17 total amount of credit or refund claimed, giving in detail 18 the net amount of taxable receipts reported each month or other return period used by the claimant as the basis for 19 20 filing returns in the period covered by the claim; (4) the total amount of tax paid for each return period; (5) receipts 21 22 upon which tax liability is admitted for each return period; (6) the amount of receipts on which credit or refund is 23 24 claimed for each return period; (7) the tax due for each return period as corrected; (8) the amount of credit or 25 refund claimed for each return period; (9) reason or reasons 26 why the amount, for which the claim is filed, is alleged to 27 have been paid in error; (10) a list of the evidence 28 29 (documentary or otherwise) which the claimant has available to establish his compliance with Section 6 as to bearing the 30 burden of the tax for which he seeks credit or refund; (11) 31 32 payments or parts thereof (if any) included in the claim and 33 paid by the claimant under protest; (12) sufficient

-36-

1 information to identify any suit which involves this Act, and 2 to which the claimant is a party, and (13) such other information as the Department may reasonably require. Where 3 4 the claimant is a corporation or limited liability company, the claim filed on behalf of such corporation or limited 5 liability company shall be signed by 6 the president, 7 vice-president, secretary or treasurer, by the properly 8 accredited agent of such corporation, or by a manager, 9 member, or properly accredited agent of the limited liability 10 company.

11 A claim for credit or refund shall be considered to have 12 been filed with the Department on the date upon which it is 13 received by the Department. Upon receipt of any claim for credit or refund filed under this Act, any officer or 14 15 employee of the Department, authorized in writing by the 16 Director of Revenue to acknowledge receipt of such claims on behalf of the Department, shall execute on behalf of 17 the Department, and shall deliver or mail to the claimant or his 18 19 duly authorized agent, a written receipt, acknowledging that 20 the claim has been filed with the Department, describing the 21 claim in sufficient detail to identify it and stating the 22 date upon which the claim was received by the Department. 23 Such written receipt shall be prima facie evidence that the Department received the claim described in such receipt and 24 25 shall be prima facie evidence of the date when such claim was received by the Department. In-the-absence-of-such-a--written 26 27 receipt,--the--records-of-the-Department-as-to-when-the-claim 28 was-received-by-the-Department,-or-as-to-whether-or--not--the 29 elaim--was-received-at-all-by-the-Department,-shall-be-deemed 30 to-be-prima-facie-correct-upon-these-questions-in--the--event 31 of---any---dispute---between---the--claimant--(or--his--legal representative)---and---the---Department---concerning---these 32 33 questions.

34 (Source: P.A. 88-480.)

-37-

-38-

1

(35 ILCS 120/6b) (from Ch. 120, par. 445b)

2 Sec. 6b. As soon as practicable after a claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall examine the same and 3 4 determine the amount of credit or refund to which the claimant or the taxpayer's legal representative, in the event 5 that the taxpayer has died or become incompetent, is entitled 6 7 and shall, by its Notice of Tentative Determination of Claim, 8 notify the claimant or his legal representative of such determination,--which--determination--shall--be--prima--facie 9 correct. Proof of such determination by the Department may be 10 11 made at any hearing before the Department or in any legal 12 proceeding by a reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto, in the name of the Department under the 13 certificate of the Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy 14 15 shall, without further proof, be admitted into evidence 16 before the Department or in any legal proceeding and-shall-be 17 prima-facie-proof-of--the--correctness--of--the--Department's determination, -- as -- shown -- therein. If such claimant, or the 18 19 legal representative of a deceased or incompetent taxpayer, within 60 days after the Department's Notice of Tentative 20 21 Determination of Claim, files a protest thereto and requests 22 a hearing thereon, the Department shall give notice to such 23 claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased taxpayer, or a taxpayer who is under legal disability of the time and 24 25 place fixed for such hearing, and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and pursuant 26 thereto shall issue its Final Determination of the amount, if 27 any, found to be due as a result of such hearing, to such 28 29 claimant, or the legal representative of a deceased taxpayer, 30 or a taxpayer who is under legal disability. The Department's Final Determination may be reviewed by the proper Circuit 31 Court, in the same manner, within the same time, upon the 32 same terms and conditions and to the same extent, as provided 33 by Section 12 of this Act. 34

1 In any case in which there has been an erroneous refund 2 of tax payable under this Act, a notice of tax liability may be issued at any time within 3 years from the making of that 3 4 refund, or within 5 years from the making of that refund if it appears that any part of the refund was induced by fraud 5 or the misrepresentation of a material fact. The amount of 6 7 any proposed assessment set forth in the notice shall be limited to the amount of the erroneous refund. 8

9 (Source: P.A. 87-876; 87-879; 88-45.)

Section 35. The Cigarette Tax Act is amended by changing
Sections 9a and 9b as follows:

12 (35 ILCS 130/9a) (from Ch. 120, par. 453.9a)

13 Sec. 9a. (1) As soon as practicable after any return is 14 filed, the Department shall examine such return and shall 15 correct such return according to its best judgment and information,-which-return--so--corrected--by--the--Department 16 17 shall--be--prima--facie--correct--and--shall--be--prima-facie evidence-of-the-correctness-of-the--amount--of--tax--due,--as 18 19 shown--therein. Instead of requiring the distributor to file 20 an amended return, the Department may simply notify the 21 distributor of the correction or corrections it has made. Proof of such correction by the Department may be made at any 22 23 hearing before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto 24 in the name of the Department under the certificate of the 25 Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy shall, without 26 27 further proof, be admitted into evidence before the 28 Department or in any legal proceeding and--shall--be--prima facie--proof--of-the-correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax-due,-as 29 30 shown-therein. If the Department finds that any amount of tax 31 is due from the distributor, the Department shall issue the distributor a notice of tax liability for the amount of tax 32

-39-

1 claimed by the Department to be due, together with a penalty 2 in an amount determined in accordance with Sections 3-3, 3-5 and 3-6 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act. If, in 3 4 administering the provisions of this Act, comparison of a return or returns of a distributor with the books, records 5 and inventories of such distributor discloses a deficiency 6 7 which cannot be allocated by the Department to a particular 8 month or months, the Department shall issue the distributor a 9 notice of tax liability for the amount of tax claimed by the Department to be due for a given period, but without any 10 11 obligation upon the Department to allocate such deficiency to 12 any particular month or months, together with a penalty in an amount determined in accordance with Sections 3-3, 3-5 and 13 3-6 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act7--under--which 14 15 eircumstances--the-aforesaid-notice-of-tax-liability-shall-be 16 prima-facie-correct-and-shall-be-prima-facie-evidence-of--the 17 correctness--of--the-amount-of-tax-due,-as-shown-therein; and proof of such correctness may be made in accordance with, and 18 19 the admissibility of a reproduced copy of such notice of tax liability shall be governed by, all the provisions of this 20 21 Act applicable to corrected returns. If any distributor 22 filing any return dies or becomes a person under legal 23 disability at any time before the Department issues its notice of tax liability, such notice shall be issued to the 24 25 administrator, executor or other legal representative, as such, of such distributor. 26

within 20 days after such notice of tax 27 (2) If, liability, the distributor or his or her legal representative 28 29 files a protest to such notice of tax liability and requests 30 a hearing thereon, the Department shall give notice to such distributor or legal representative of the time and place 31 32 fixed for such hearing, and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and pursuant 33 34 thereto shall issue a final assessment to such distributor or

-40-

legal representative for the amount found to be due as a result of such hearing. If a protest to the notice of tax liability and a request for a hearing thereon is not filed within 20 days after such notice of tax liability, such notice of tax liability shall become final without the necessity of a final assessment being issued and shall be deemed to be a final assessment.

In case of failure to pay the tax, or any portion 8 (3) 9 thereof, or any penalty provided for in this Act, when due, the Department may bring suit to recover the amount of such 10 11 tax, or portion thereof, or penalty; or, if the taxpayer dies 12 or becomes incompetent, by filing claim therefor against his estate; provided that no such action with respect to any tax, 13 or portion thereof, or penalty, shall be instituted more than 14 15 2 years after the cause of action accrues, except with the 16 consent of the person from whom such tax or penalty is due.

After the expiration of the period within which the 17 person assessed may file an action for judicial review under 18 19 the Administrative Review Law without such an action being filed, a certified copy of the final assessment or revised 20 21 final assessment of the Department may be filed with the 22 Circuit Court of the county in which the taxpayer has his or 23 her principal place of business, or of Sangamon County in those cases in which the taxpayer does not have his principal 24 25 place of business in this State. The certified copy of the final assessment or revised final assessment shall 26 be accompanied by a certification which recites facts that are 27 sufficient to show that the Department complied with the 28 29 jurisdictional requirements of the Law in arriving at its 30 final assessment or its revised final assessment and that the taxpayer had his or her opportunity for an administrative 31 32 hearing and for judicial review, whether he availed himself or herself of either or both of these opportunities or not. 33 34 If the court is satisfied that the Department complied with

-41-

1 the jurisdictional requirements of the Law in arriving at its 2 final assessment or its revised final assessment and that the taxpayer had his or her opportunity for an administrative 3 4 hearing and for judicial review, whether he or she availed 5 himself or herself of either or both of these opportunities or not, the court shall enter judgment in favor of the 6 7 Department and against the taxpayer for the amount shown to 8 be due by the final assessment or the revised final 9 assessment, and such judgment shall be filed of record in the court. Such judgment shall bear the rate of interest set in 10 11 the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, but otherwise shall 12 have the same effect as other judgments. The judgment may be 13 enforced, and all laws applicable to sales for the enforcement of a judgment shall be applicable to sales made 14 15 under such judgments. The Department shall file the certified 16 copy of its assessment, as herein provided, with the Circuit 17 Court within 2 years after such assessment becomes final except when the taxpayer consents in writing to an extension 18 19 of such filing period.

when the cause of action for a proceeding in court 20 If, 21 accrues against a person, he or she is out of the State, the 22 action may be commenced within the times herein limited, 23 after his or her coming into or return to the State; and if. after the cause of action accrues, he or she departs from and 24 25 remains out of the State, the time of his or her absence is no part of the time limited for the commencement of the 26 27 action; but the foregoing provisions concerning absence from the State shall not apply to any case in which, at the 28 time 29 the cause of action accrues, the party against whom the cause 30 of action accrues is not a resident of this State. The time 31 within which a court action is to be commenced by the Department hereunder shall not run while the taxpayer is a 32 33 debtor in any proceeding under the Federal Bankruptcy Act nor 34 thereafter until 90 days after the Department is notified by

-42-

1

such debtor of being discharged in bankruptcy.

No claim shall be filed against the estate of any deceased person or a person under legal disability for any tax or penalty or part of either except in the manner prescribed and within the time limited by the Probate Act of 1975, as amended.

7 The remedies provided for herein shall not be exclusive, 8 but all remedies available to creditors for the collection of 9 debts shall be available for the collection of any tax or 10 penalty due hereunder.

11 The collection of tax or penalty by any means provided 12 for herein shall not be a bar to any prosecution under this 13 Act.

14 The certificate of the Director of the Department to the 15 effect that a tax or amount required to be paid by this Act 16 has not been paid, that a return has not been filed, or that 17 information has not been supplied pursuant to the provisions 18 of this Act, shall be prima facie evidence thereof.

19 All of the provisions of Sections 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i and 5j of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, which are 20 not inconsistent with this Act, and Section 3-7 of the 21 22 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act shall apply, as far as 23 practicable, to the subject matter of this Act to the same extent as if such provisions were included herein. References 24 25 in such incorporated Sections of the "Retailers' Occupation Tax Act" to retailers, to sellers or to persons engaged in 26 the business of selling tangible personal property shall mean 27 distributors when used in this Act. 28

29 (Source: P.A. 87-205.)

30 (35 ILCS 130/9b) (from Ch. 120, par. 453.9b)
31 Sec. 9b. In case any person who is required to file a
32 return under this Act fails to file such return, the
33 Department shall determine the amount of tax due from him

-43-

1 according to its best judgment and information,-which--amount 2 so--fixed--by-the-Department-shall-be-prima-facie-correct-and shall-be-prima-facie--evidence--of--the--correctness--of--the 3 4 amount--of--tax-due--as-shown-in-such-determination. Proof of 5 such determination by the Department may be made at any 6 hearing before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a 7 reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto 8 in the name of the Department under the certificate of the 9 Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy shall, without further proof, be admitted into evidence 10 before the 11 Department or in any legal proceeding and-shall-be-prima 12 facie-proof-of-the-correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax--due,--as 13 shown--therein. The Department shall issue such person a notice of tax liability for the amount of tax claimed by the 14 15 Department to be due, together with a penalty in an amount 16 determined in accordance with Sections 3-3, 3-5 and 3-6 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act. If such person or the 17 legal representative of such person, within 20 days after 18 19 such notice, files a protest to such notice of tax liability 20 and requests a hearing thereon, the Department shall give 21 notice to such person or the legal representative of such person of the time and place fixed for such hearing and shall 22 23 hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and pursuant thereto shall issue a final assessment to such 24 25 person or to the legal representative of such person for the amount found to be due as a result of such hearing. If a 26 protest to the notice of tax liability and a request for a 27 hearing thereon is not filed within 20 days after such notice 28 29 of tax liability, such notice of tax liability shall become 30 final without the necessity of a final assessment being issued and shall be deemed to be a final assessment. 31 (Source: P.A. 87-205.) 32

-44-

33

Section 40. The Cigarette Use Tax Act is amended by

1 changing Sections 13 and 13a as follows:

2

(35 ILCS 135/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 453.43)

3 13. As soon as practicable after any return is Sec. filed, the Department shall examine such return and shall 4 5 correct such return according to its best judgment and information,-which-return--so--corrected--by--the--Department 6 7 shall--be--prima--facie--correct--and--shall--be--prima-facie evidence-of-the-correctness-of-the--amount--of--tax--due,--as 8 shown-therein. Proof of such correction by the Department may 9 10 be made at any hearing before the Department or in any legal 11 proceeding by a reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto in the name of the Department under the 12 certificate of the Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy 13 14 shall, without further proof, be admitted into evidence 15 before the Department or in any legal proceeding and-shall-be prima-facie-proof-of-the-correctness-of--the--amount--of--tax 16 17 due, -- as-shown-therein. If the tax as fixed by the Department 18 is greater than the amount of the tax due under the return as filed, the Department shall issue the person filing such 19 20 return a notice of tax liability for the amount of tax 21 claimed by the Department to be due, together with a penalty 22 in an amount determined in accordance with Sections 3-3, 3-5 and 3-6 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act. 23 If, in 24 administering the provisions of this Act, comparison of a return or returns of a distributor with the books, records 25 and inventories of such distributor discloses a deficiency 26 which cannot be allocated by the Department to a particular 27 28 month or months, the Department shall issue the distributor a 29 notice of tax liability for the amount of tax claimed by the Department to be due for a given period, but without any 30 31 obligation upon the Department to allocate such deficiency to any particular month or months, together with a penalty in an 32 amount determined in accordance with Sections 3-3, 3-5 and 33

1 3-6 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act7--under--which 2 eircumstances--the-aforesaid-notice-of-tax-liability-shall-be prima-facie-correct-and-shall-be-prima-facie-evidence-of--the 3 4 correctness--of--the-amount-of-tax-due,-as-shown-therein; and 5 proof of such correctness may be made in accordance with, and 6 the admissibility of a reproduced copy of such notice of tax liability shall be governed by, all the provisions of this 7 8 Act applicable to corrected returns.

9 If any person filing any return dies or becomes a person 10 under legal disability at any time before the Department 11 issues its notice of tax liability, such notice shall be 12 issued to the administrator, executor or other legal 13 representative, as such, of such person.

If within 20 days after such notice of tax liability, the 14 person to whom such notice is issued 15 or his legal 16 representative files a protest to such notice of tax 17 liability and requests a hearing thereon, the Department shall give notice to such person or legal representative of 18 19 the time and place fixed for such hearing, and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and 20 pursuant thereto shall issue a final assessment to such 21 22 person or legal representative for the amount found to be due 23 as a result of such hearing. If a protest to the notice of tax liability and a request for a hearing thereon is not 24 25 filed within 20 days after such notice of tax liability, such notice of tax liability shall become final without the 26 necessity of a final assessment being issued and shall be 27 deemed to be a final assessment. 28

29 (Source: P.A. 87-205.)

30 (35 ILCS 135/13a) (from Ch. 120, par. 453.43a)
31 Sec. 13a. In case any person who is required to file a
32 return under this Act fails to file such return, the
33 Department shall determine the amount of tax due from him

-46-

1 according to its best judgment and information,-which-amount 2 so-fixed-by-the-Department-shall-be-prima-facie--correct--and shall--be--prima--facie--evidence--of--the-correctness-of-the 3 4 amount-of-tax-due-as-shown-in-such-determination. Proof of 5 such determination by the Department may be made at any hearing before the Department or in any legal proceeding by a 6 7 reproduced copy of the Department's record relating thereto in the name of the Department under the certificate of the 8 9 Director of Revenue. Such reproduced copy shall, without admitted into evidence before the 10 further proof, be 11 Department or in any legal proceeding and--shall--be--prima 12 facie--proof--of-the-correctness-of-the-amount-of-tax-due,-as 13 shown-therein. The Department shall issue such person a notice of tax liability for the amount of tax claimed by the 14 15 Department to be due, together with a penalty in an amount 16 determined in accordance with Sections 3-3, 3-5 and 3-6 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act. If such person or the 17 legal representative of such person, within 20 days after 18 19 such notice, files a protest to such notice of tax liability 20 and requests a hearing thereon, the Department shall give 21 notice to such person or the legal representative of such 22 person of the time and place fixed for such hearing, and 23 shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and pursuant thereto shall issue a final assessment 24 25 to such person or to the legal representative of such person for the amount found to be due as a result of such hearing. 26 If a protest to the notice of tax liability and a request for 27 a hearing thereon is not filed within 20 days after such 28 29 notice of tax liability, such notice of tax liability shall 30 become final without the necessity of a final assessment being issued and shall be deemed to be a final assessment. 31 (Source: P.A. 87-205.) 32

Section 43. The Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act is

33

-47-

the

1

amended by changing Section 6 as follows:

(35 ILCS 145/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 481b.36) 2 3 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 91-935) Sec. 6. Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, 4 5 on or before the last day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of renting, leasing or letting 6 7 rooms in a hotel in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating: 8 1. The name of the operator; 9 10 2. His residence address and the address of his principal place of business and the address of the 11 principal place of business (if that is a different 12 address) from which he engages in the business of 13 14 renting, leasing or letting rooms in a hotel in this 15 State; 3. Total amount of rental receipts received by him 16 17 during the preceding calendar month from renting, leasing or letting rooms during such preceding calendar month; 18 4. Total amount of rental receipts received by him 19 20 during the preceding calendar month from renting, leasing 21 or letting rooms to permanent residents during such preceding calendar month; 22 5. Total amount of other exclusions from gross 23 24 rental receipts allowed by this Act; 6. Gross rental receipts which were received by him 25 26 during the preceding calendar month and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed; 27 7. The amount of tax due; 28 29 8. Such other reasonable information as 30 Department may require. the operator's average monthly tax liability to the 31 Τf Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize 32 33 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the

-48-

return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 30 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 31 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 31 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 31 of the following year.

8 If the operator's average monthly tax liability to the 9 Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize 10 his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return 11 for a given year being due by January 31 of the following 12 year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

16 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which an operator may file his 17 return, in the case of any operator who ceases to engage in a 18 19 kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such operator shall file a final 20 return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 21 month after discontinuing such business. 22

23 Where the same person has more than 1 business registered 24 with the Department under separate registrations under this 25 Act, such person shall not file each return that is due as a 26 single return covering all such registered businesses, but 27 shall file separate returns for each such registered 28 business.

In his return, the operator shall determine the value of any consideration other than money received by him in connection with the renting, leasing or letting of rooms in the course of his business and he shall include such value in his return. Such determination shall be subject to review and revision by the Department in the manner hereinafter

-49-

1 provided for the correction of returns.

Where the operator is a corporation, the return filed on behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly accredited agent of such corporation.

6 The person filing the return herein provided for shall, 7 at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax herein imposed. The operator filing the return 8 9 under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act 10 11 less a discount of 2.1% or \$25 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the operator for 12 the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and 13 filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the 14 15 Department on request.

16 There shall be deposited in the Build Illinois Fund in the State Treasury for each State fiscal year 40% of 17 the 18 amount of total net proceeds from the tax imposed by 19 subsection (a) of Section 3. Of the remaining 60%, \$5,000,000 shall be deposited in the Illinois 20 Sports Facilities Fund and credited to the Subsidy Account each 21 22 fiscal year by making monthly deposits in the amount of 1/8 23 \$5,000,000 plus cumulative deficiencies in such deposits of for prior months, and an additional \$8,000,000 shall be 24 25 deposited in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund and credited to the Advance Account each fiscal year by making monthly 26 deposits in the amount of 1/8 of \$8,000,000 plus any 27 cumulative deficiencies in such deposits for prior months. 28 29 (The deposits of the additional \$8,000,000 during each fiscal 30 year shall be treated as advances of funds to the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority for its corporate purposes to the 31 32 extent paid to the Authority or its trustee and shall be repaid into the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury by 33 the State Treasurer on behalf of the Authority solely from 34

-50-

LRB9205333SMdv

1 collections of the tax imposed by the Authority pursuant to
2 Section 19 of the Illinois Sports Facilities Act, as
3 amended.)

4 Of the remaining 60% of the amount of total net proceeds 5 from the tax imposed by subsection (a) of Section 3 after all 6 required deposits in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund, the 7 amount equal to 8% of the net revenue realized from the Hotel 8 Operators' Occupation Tax Act plus an amount equal to 8% of 9 the net revenue realized from any tax imposed under Section the Chicago World's Fair-1992 Authority during the 10 4.05 of 11 preceding month shall be deposited in the Local Tourism Fund each month for purposes authorized by Section 605-705 of the 12 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs Law (20 ILCS 13 605/605-705) in the Local Tourism Fund, and beginning August 14 1, 1999, the amount equal to 6% of the net revenue realized 15 16 from the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act during the preceding month shall be deposited into the International 17 18 Tourism Fund for the purposes authorized in Section 605-725 19 of the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs Law 46-6d of-the-Civil-Administrative-Code-of-Illinois. 20 "Net revenue 21 realized for a month" means the revenue collected by the 22 State under that Act during the previous month less the 23 amount paid out during that same month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability under that Act. 24

After making all these deposits, all other proceeds of the tax imposed under subsection (a) of Section 3 shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury. All moneys received by the Department from the additional tax imposed under subsection (b) of Section 3 shall be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund in the State Treasury.

31 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 32 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 33 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 34 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual

-51-

1 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 2 annual return to the Department shall include a Such statement of gross receipts as shown by the operator's last 3 4 State income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the State income tax return do not 5 6 agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department for 7 the same period, the operator shall attach to his annual information return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 8 9 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The operator's annual information return to the Department shall also 10 11 disclose pay roll information of the operator's business during the year covered by such return and any additional 12 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 13 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 14 15 or annual tax returns by such operator as hereinbefore 16 provided for in this Section.

17 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, in the 18 case of a dispute between a taxpayer and the Department under 19 this Act, the taxpayer's position shall be presumed to be the 20 correct one and the burden of proof shall be on the 21 Department to prove otherwise.

If the annual information return required by this Section 22 23 is not filed when and as required the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty in an amount determined in accordance 24 25 with Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be 26 assessed and collected in 27 the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act. 28

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by

-52-

the Department shall include a warning that the person
 signing the return may be liable for perjury.

3 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the 4 filing of an annual information return shall not apply to an 5 operator who is not required to file an income tax return 6 with the United States Government.

7 (Source: P.A. 90-26, eff. 7-1-97; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 8 91-604, eff. 8-16-99; revised 10-27-99.)

9

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 91-935)

Sec. 6. Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the last day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of renting, leasing or letting nooms in a hotel in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:

15

1. The name of the operator;

16 2. His residence address and the address of his 17 principal place of business and the address of the 18 principal place of business (if that is a different 19 address) from which he engages in the business of 20 renting, leasing or letting rooms in a hotel in this 21 State;

3. Total amount of rental receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month from renting, leasing
or letting rooms during such preceding calendar month;

4. Total amount of rental receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month from renting, leasing
or letting rooms to permanent residents during such
preceding calendar month;

29 5. Total amount of other exclusions from gross
30 rental receipts allowed by this Act;

Gross rental receipts which were received by him
during the preceding calendar month and upon the basis of
which the tax is imposed;

34

7. The amount of tax due;

1 2 8. Such other reasonable information as the Department may require.

If the operator's average monthly tax liability to the 3 4 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize 5 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the 6 return for January, February and March of a given year being 7 due by April 30 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 31 of such year; 8 9 with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 31 of such year, and with the 10 11 return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 31 of the following year. 12

13 If the operator's average monthly tax liability to the 14 Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize 15 his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return 16 for a given year being due by January 31 of the following 17 year.

18 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 19 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 20 monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which an operator may file his return, in the case of any operator who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such operator shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

28 Where the same person has more than 1 business registered 29 with the Department under separate registrations under this 30 Act, such person shall not file each return that is due as a 31 single return covering all such registered businesses, but 32 shall file separate returns for each such registered 33 business.

34

In his return, the operator shall determine the value of

1 any consideration other than money received by him in 2 connection with the renting, leasing or letting of rooms in 3 the course of his business and he shall include such value in 4 his return. Such determination shall be subject to review 5 and revision by the Department in the manner hereinafter 6 provided for the correction of returns.

7 Where the operator is a corporation, the return filed on 8 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 9 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 10 accredited agent of such corporation.

11 The person filing the return herein provided for shall, 12 at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax herein imposed. The operator filing the return 13 under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, 14 15 pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act 16 less a discount of 2.1% or \$25 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the operator for 17 the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and 18 19 filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the 20 Department on request.

21 There shall be deposited in the Build Illinois Fund in the State Treasury for each State fiscal year 40% of 22 the 23 amount of total net proceeds from the tax imposed by subsection (a) of Section 3. Of the remaining 60%, 24 25 \$5,000,000 shall be deposited in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund and credited to the Subsidy Account each 26 fiscal year by making monthly deposits in the amount of 27 1/8\$5,000,000 plus cumulative deficiencies in such deposits 28 of 29 for prior months, and an additional \$8,000,000 shall be 30 deposited in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund and credited to the Advance Account each fiscal year by making monthly 31 32 deposits in the amount of 1/8 of \$8,000,000 plus any cumulative deficiencies in such deposits for prior months; 33 provided, that for fiscal years ending after June 30, 2001, 34

-55-

1 the amount to be so deposited into the Illinois Sports 2 Facilities Fund and credited to the Advance Account each fiscal year shall be increased from \$8,000,000 to the then 3 4 applicable Advance Amount and the required monthly deposits 5 beginning with July 2001 shall be in the amount of 1/8 of the 6 then applicable Advance Amount plus any cumulative 7 deficiencies in those deposits for prior months. (The deposits of the additional \$8,000,000 or the then applicable 8 9 Advance Amount, as applicable, during each fiscal year shall be treated as advances of funds to the Illinois Sports 10 11 Facilities Authority for its corporate purposes to the extent 12 paid to the Authority or its trustee and shall be repaid into the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury by the State 13 Treasurer on behalf of the Authority pursuant to Section 19 14 of the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority Act, as amended. 15 16 If in any fiscal year the full amount of the then applicable Advance Amount is not repaid into the General Revenue Fund, 17 then the deficiency shall be paid from the amount 18 in the 19 Local Government Distributive Fund that would otherwise be allocated to the City of Chicago under the State Revenue 20 21 Sharing Act.)

For purposes of the foregoing paragraph, the term "Advance Amount" means, for fiscal year 2002, \$22,179,000, and for subsequent fiscal years through fiscal year 2032, 105.615% of the Advance Amount for the immediately preceding fiscal year, rounded up to the nearest \$1,000.

the remaining 60% of the amount of total net proceeds 27 Of from the tax imposed by subsection (a) of Section 3 after all 28 29 required deposits in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund, the 30 amount equal to 8% of the net revenue realized from the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act plus an amount equal to 8% of 31 32 the net revenue realized from any tax imposed under Section 4.05 of the Chicago World's Fair-1992 Authority Act during 33 34 the preceding month shall be deposited in the Local Tourism

-56-

1 Fund each month for purposes authorized by Section 605-705 of 2 the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs Law (20 ILCS 605/605-705) in the Local Tourism Fund, and beginning August 3 4 1999 the amount equal to 6% of the net revenue realized 1. 5 from the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act during the 6 preceding month shall be deposited into the International 7 Tourism Fund for the purposes authorized in Section 46.6d of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 8 "Net revenue 9 realized for a month" means the revenue collected by the State under that Act during the previous month less the 10 11 amount paid out during that same month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability under that Act. 12

After making all these deposits, all other proceeds of the tax imposed under subsection (a) of Section 3 shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury. All moneys received by the Department from the additional tax imposed under subsection (b) of Section 3 shall be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund in the State Treasury.

19 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 20 21 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 22 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 23 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include 24 а 25 statement of gross receipts as shown by the operator's last If the total receipts of the 26 State income tax return. as reported in the State income tax return do not 27 business agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department 28 for the same period, the operator shall attach to his annual 29 30 information return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The operator's 31 32 annual information return to the Department shall also disclose pay roll information of the operator's business 33 34 during the year covered by such return and any additional

-57-

1 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 2 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 3 or annual tax returns by such operator as hereinbefore 4 provided for in this Section.

5 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, in the 6 case of a dispute between a taxpayer and the Department under 7 this Act, the taxpayer's position shall be presumed to be the 8 correct one and the burden of proof shall be on the 9 Department to prove otherwise.

10 If the annual information return required by this Section 11 is not filed when and as required the taxpayer shall be 12 liable for a penalty in an amount determined in accordance 13 with Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act 14 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be 15 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other 16 penalty provided for in this Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 17 18 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 19 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or 20 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and 21 22 punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by 23 the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury. 24

The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return shall not apply to an operator who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

29 (Source: P.A. 90-26, eff. 7-1-97; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 30 91-604, eff. 8-16-99; 91-935, eff. 6-1-01.)

31 Section 45. The Motor Fuel Tax Act is amended by 32 changing Sections 5 and 5a as follows:

-58-

-59-

1

(35 ILCS 505/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 421)

2 Sec. 5. Except as hereinafter provided, a person holding a valid unrevoked license to act as a distributor of motor 3 4 shall, between the 1st and 20th days of each calendar fuel 5 month, make return to the Department, showing an itemized 6 statement of the number of invoiced gallons of motor fuel of 7 the types specified in this Section which were purchased, acquired or received during the preceding calendar month; the 8 9 amount of such motor fuel produced, refined, compounded, manufactured, blended, sold, distributed, and used by the 10 11 licensed distributor during the preceding calendar month; the amount of such motor fuel lost or destroyed during the 12 preceding calendar month; and the amount of such motor fuel 13 on hand at the close of business for such month. If a 14 15 distributor's only activities with respect to motor fuel are 16 either: (1) production of alcohol in quantities of less than 10,000 proof gallons per year or (2) blending alcohol 17 in quantities of less than 10,000 proof gallons per year which 18 19 such distributor has produced, he shall file returns on an annual basis with the return for a given year being due by 20 21 January 20 of the following year. Distributors whose total production of alcohol (whether blended or not) exceeds 10,000 22 23 proof gallons per year, based on production during the preceding (calendar) year or as reasonably projected by 24 the 25 Department if one calendar year's record of production cannot be established, shall file returns between the 1st and 20th 26 days of each calendar month as hereinabove provided. 27

The types of motor fuel referred to in the preceding paragraph are: (A) All products commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline (including casing-head and absorption or natural gasoline), gasohol, motor benzol or motor benzene regardless of their classification or uses; and (B) all combustible gases which exist in a gaseous state at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and at 14.7 pounds per square inch

1 absolute including, but not limited to, liquefied petroleum 2 gases used for highway purposes; and (C) special fuel. Only those quantities of combustible gases (example (B) above) 3 4 which are used or sold by the distributor to be used to propel motor vehicles on the public highways, or which are 5 6 delivered into the bulk storage facilities of a bulk user, or 7 which are delivered into a storage tank that is located at a 8 facility that has withdrawal facilities which are readily 9 accessible to and are capable of dispensing combustible gases into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles, shall be 10 11 subject to return. For the purposes of this Act, liquefied petroleum gases shall mean and include any material having a 12 13 vapor pressure not exceeding that allowed for commercial propane composed predominantly of the following hydrocarbons, 14 15 either by themselves or as mixtures: Propane, Propylene, 16 Butane (normal butane or iso-butane) and Butylene (including 17 isomers).

In case of a sale of special fuel to someone other than a licensed distributor, or a licensed supplier, for a use other than in motor vehicles, the distributor shall show in his return the amount of invoiced gallons sold and the name and address of the purchaser in addition to any other information the Department may require.

All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this Law.

In case of a tax-free sale, as provided in Section 6, of 27 motor fuel which the distributor is required by this Section 28 29 include in his return to the Department, the distributor to 30 in his return shall show: (1) If the sale is made to another licensed distributor the amount sold and the name, address 31 32 and license number of the purchasing distributor; (2) if the 33 sale is made to a person where delivery is made outside of 34 this State the name and address of such purchaser and the

-60-

1 point of delivery together with the date and amount 2 delivered; (3) if the sale is made to the Federal Government or its instrumentalities the amount sold; (4) if the sale is 3 4 made to a municipal corporation owning and operating a local 5 transportation system for public service in this State the 6 name and address of such purchaser, and the amount sold, as 7 evidenced by official forms of exemption certificates 8 properly executed and furnished by such purchaser; (5) if the 9 sale is made to a privately owned public utility owning and operating 2-axle vehicles designed and used for transporting 10 11 more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are used as common 12 carriers in general transportation of passengers, are not devoted to any specialized purpose and are operated entirely 13 within the territorial limits of a single municipality or of 14 15 any group of contiguous municipalities or in a close radius 16 thereof, and the operations of which are subject to the regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, then the 17 18 and address of such purchaser and the amount sold as name 19 evidenced by official forms of exemption certificates properly executed and furnished by the purchaser; (6) if the 20 21 product sold is special fuel and if the sale is made to a 22 licensed supplier under conditions which qualify the sale for 23 tax exemption under Section 6 of this Act, the amount sold and the name, address and license number of 24 the purchaser; 25 and (7) if a sale of special fuel is made to someone other than a licensed distributor, or a licensed supplier, for a 26 27 use other than in motor vehicles, by making a specific notation thereof on the invoice or sales slip covering such 28 29 sales and obtaining such supporting documentation as may be 30 required by the Department.

31 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes 32 must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this 33 Law.

34

A person whose license to act as a distributor of motor

-61-

1 fuel has been revoked shall make a return to the Department 2 covering the period from the date of the last return to the date of the revocation of the license, which return shall be 3 4 delivered to the Department not later than 10 days from the 5 date of the revocation or termination of the license of such 6 distributor; the return shall in all other respects be 7 subject to the same provisions and conditions as returns by 8 distributors licensed under the provisions of this Act.

9 The records, waybills and supporting documents kept by 10 railroads and other common carriers in the regular course of 11 business shall be prima facie evidence of the contents and 12 receipt of cars or tanks covered by those records, waybills 13 or supporting documents.

If the Department has reason to believe and does believe 14 15 that the amount shown on the return as purchased, acquired, 16 received, sold, used, lost or destroyed is incorrect, or that an amount of motor fuel of the types required by the second 17 paragraph of this Section to be reported to the Department 18 19 has not been correctly reported the Department shall fix an 20 amount for such receipt, sales, use, loss or destruction 21 according to its best judgment and information,-which--amount 22 so-fixed-by-the-Department-shall-be-prima-facie-correct. All 23 returns shall be made on forms prepared and furnished by the Department, and shall contain such other information as 24 the 25 Department may reasonably require. The return must be 26 accompanied by appropriate computer-generated magnetic media 27 supporting schedule data in the format required by the Department, unless, as provided by rule, the Department 28 29 grants an exception upon petition of a taxpayer. All licensed 30 distributors shall report all losses of motor fuel sustained on account of fire, theft, spillage, spoilage, leakage, or 31 32 any other provable cause when filing the return for the period during which the loss occurred. The mere making of the 33 34 report does not assure the allowance of the loss as а

-62-

1 reduction in tax liability. Losses of motor fuel as the 2 result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed one percent of the total gallons 3 4 in storage at the beginning of the month, plus the receipts of gallonage during the month, minus the gallonage remaining 5 б in storage at the end of the month. Any loss reported that 7 in excess of one percent shall be subject to the tax is imposed by Section 2 of this Law. 8

9 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)

10 (35 ILCS 505/5a) (from Ch. 120, par. 421a)

Sec. 5a. A person holding a valid unrevoked license to 11 act as a supplier of special fuel shall, between the 1st and 12 20th days of each calendar month, make return to the 13 14 Department showing an itemized statement of the number of 15 invoiced gallons of special fuel acquired, received, purchased, sold, or used during the preceding calendar month; 16 17 the amount of special fuel sold, distributed, and used by the licensed supplier during the preceding calendar month; 18 the amount of special fuel lost or destroyed during the preceding 19 20 calendar month; and the amount of special fuel on hand at the 21 close of business for the preceding calendar month.

22 A person whose license to act as a supplier of special fuel has been revoked shall make a return to the Department 23 24 covering the period from the date of the last return to the date of the revocation of the license, which return shall be 25 delivered to the Department not later than 10 days from the 26 date of the revocation or termination of the license of such 27 28 supplier. The return shall in all other respects be subject 29 to the same provisions and conditions as returns by suppliers licensed under this Act. 30

The records, waybills and supporting documents kept by railroads and other common carriers in the regular course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the contents and

-63-

receipt of cars or tanks covered by those records, waybills
 or supporting documents.

If the Department has reason to believe and does believe 3 4 that the amount shown on the return as purchased, acquired, received, sold, used, or lost is incorrect, or that an amount 5 б of special fuel of the type required by the 1st paragraph of 7 this Section to be reported to the Department by suppliers 8 has not been correctly reported as a purchase, receipt, sale, 9 use, or loss the Department shall fix an amount for such purchase, receipt, sale, use, or loss according to its best 10 11 judgment and information---which--amount--so--fixed--by--the Department---shall--be--prima--facie--correct. All licensed 12 suppliers shall report all losses of special fuel sustained 13 on account of fire, theft, spillage, spoilage, leakage, or 14 15 any other provable cause when filing the return for the 16 period during which the loss occurred. The mere making of the report does not assure the allowance of the loss as a 17 reduction in tax liability. Losses of special fuel as the 18 19 result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature 20 variations may not exceed one percent of the total gallons 21 in storage at the beginning of the month, plus the receipts 22 of gallonage during the month, minus the gallonage remaining 23 in storage at the end of the month.

Any loss reported that is in excess of one percent shall be subject to the tax imposed by Section 2 of this Law.

In case of a sale of special fuel to someone other than a licensed distributor or licensed supplier for a use other than in motor vehicles, the supplier shall show in his return the amount of invoiced gallons sold and the name and address of the purchaser in addition to any other information the Department may require.

All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this Law.

-64-

1 All returns shall be made on forms prepared and furnished 2 by the Department and shall contain such other information as 3 the Department may reasonably require. The return must be 4 accompanied by appropriate computer-generated magnetic media 5 supporting schedule data in the format required by the 6 Department, unless, as provided by rule, the Department 7 grants an exception upon petition of a taxpayer.

In case of a tax-free sale, as provided in Section 6a, of 8 9 special fuel which the supplier is required by this Section to include in his return to the Department, the supplier in 10 11 his return shall show: (1) If the sale of special fuel is made to the Federal Government or its instrumentalities; (2) 12 the sale of special fuel is made to a municipal 13 if corporation owning and operating a local transportation 14 system for public service in this State, the name and address 15 16 of such purchaser and the amount sold, as evidenced by official forms of exemption certificates properly executed 17 and furnished by such purchaser; (3) if the sale of special 18 19 fuel is made to a privately owned public utility owning and operating 2-axle vehicles designed and used for transporting 20 21 more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are used as common 22 carriers in general transportation of passengers, are not 23 devoted to any specialized purpose and are operated entirely within the territorial limits of a single municipality or 24 of 25 any group of contiguous municipalities or in a close radius thereof, and the operations of which are subject to the 26 regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, then the 27 name and address of such purchaser and the amount sold, 28 as 29 evidenced by official forms of exemption certificates 30 properly executed and furnished by such purchaser; (4) if the product sold is special fuel and if the sale is made to a 31 32 licensed supplier or to a licensed distributor under conditions which qualify the sale for tax exemption under 33 Section 6a of this Act, the amount sold and the name, address 34

-65-

1 and license number of such purchaser; (5) if a sale of 2 special fuel is made to a person where delivery is made outside of this State, the name and address of such purchaser 3 4 and the point of delivery together with the date and amount 5 of invoiced gallons delivered; and (6) if a sale of special 6 fuel is made to someone other than a licensed distributor or 7 a licensed supplier, for a use other than in motor vehicles, 8 by making a specific notation thereof on the invoice or sales 9 slip covering that sale and obtaining such supporting documentation as may be required by the Department. 10

All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this Law.

14 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)

Section 50. The Coin-Operated Amusement Device and Redemption Machine Tax Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 510/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 481b.2)

19 Sec. 2. (a) Any person, firm, limited liability company, 20 or corporation which displays any device described in Section 21 to be played or operated by the public at any place owned 1, leased by any such person, firm, limited liability 22 or 23 company, or corporation, shall before he displays such device, file in the Office of the Department of Revenue an 24 application for a license for such device properly sworn to, 25 setting forth his name and address, with a brief description 26 of the device to be displayed and the premises where such 27 28 device will be located, together with such other relevant 29 data as the Department of Revenue may require. Such 30 application for a license shall be accompanied by the required license tax. Such license tax shall be paid to 31 the Department of Revenue of the State of Illinois and all monies 32

-66-

1 received by the Department of Revenue under this Act shall be 2 paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury. The Department of Revenue shall supply and deliver to the person, 3 4 firm, limited liability company, or corporation which 5 displays any device described in Section 1, charges prepaid 6 and without additional cost, one license tag for each such 7 device on which an application is made, stating the year for which issued. Such license tag shall thereupon be securely 8 9 affixed to such device.

(b) If an amount of tax, penalty, or interest has been 10 11 paid in error to the Department, the taxpayer may file a claim for credit or refund with the Department. 12 If it is 13 determined that the Department must issue a credit or refund under this Act, the Department may first apply the amount 14 of 15 the credit or refund due against any amount of tax, penalty, 16 or interest due under this Act from the taxpayer entitled to the credit or refund. If proceedings are pending to 17 if any tax, penalty, or interest is due under this 18 determine 19 Act from the taxpayer, the Department may withhold issuance of the credit or refund pending the final disposition of 20 21 those proceedings and may apply that credit or refund against any amount determined to be due to the Department as a result 22 23 of those proceedings. The balance, if any, of the credit or refund shall be paid to the taxpayer. 24

25 If no tax, penalty, or interest is due and no proceedings are pending to determine whether the taxpayer is indebted to 26 27 the Department for tax, penalty, or interest, the credit memorandum or refund shall be issued to the taxpayer; or, the 28 29 credit memorandum may be assigned by the taxpayer, subject to 30 reasonable rules of the Department, to any other person who is subject to this Act, and the amount of the credit 31 32 memorandum by the Department against any tax, penalty, or interest due or to become due under this Act from the 33 34 assignee.

-67-

For any claim for credit or refund filed with the Department on or after each July 1, no amount erroneously paid more than 3 years before that July 1, shall be credited or refunded.

5 A claim for credit or refund shall be filed on a form 6 provided by the Department. As soon as practicable after any 7 claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall 8 determine the amount of credit or refund to which the 9 claimant is entitled and shall notify the claimant of that 10 determination.

A claim for credit or refund shall be filed with the 11 Department on the date it is received by the Department. 12 Upon receipt of any claim for credit or refund filed under 13 this Section, an officer or employee of the Department, 14 15 authorized by the Director of Revenue to acknowledge receipt 16 of such claims on behalf of the Department, shall deliver or mail to the claimant or his duly authorized agent, a written 17 18 receipt, acknowledging that the claim has been filed with the 19 Department, describing the claim in sufficient detail to identify it, and stating the date on which the claim was 20 21 received by the Department. The written receipt shall be 22 prima facie evidence that the Department received the claim 23 described in the receipt and shall be prima facie evidence of the date when such claim was received by the Department. 24 Ξn 25 the--absence--of--a--written--receipt,--the--records--of--the 26 Department-as-to-whether-a-elaim-was-received,--or--when--the 27 elaim--was--received-by-the-Department,-shall-be-deemed-to-be prima-facie-correct-in-the-event-of-any-dispute--between--the 28 29 elaimant,--or-his-legal-representative,-and-the-Department-on 30 these-issues.

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Article shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

34

If the Department determines that the claimant is

-68-

1 entitled to a refund, the refund shall be made only from an 2 appropriation to the Department for that purpose. If the 3 amount appropriated is insufficient to pay claimants electing 4 to receive a cash refund, the Department by rule or 5 regulation shall first provide for the payment of refunds in 6 hardship cases as defined by the Department.

7 (Source: P.A. 88-194; 88-480; 88-670, eff. 12-2-94.)

8 Section 55. The Cannabis and Controlled Substances Tax9 Act is amended by changing Section 16 as follows:

10 (35 ILCS 520/16) (from Ch. 120, par. 2166)

Sec. 16. All assessments are Jeopardy Assessments lien.

13 (a) Assessment. An assessment for a dealer not 14 possessing valid stamps or other official indicia showing that the tax has been paid shall be considered a jeopardy 15 16 assessment or collection, as provided by Section 1102 of the Illinois Income Tax Act. The Department shall determine and 17 18 assess a tax and applicable penalties and interest according to the best judgment and information available to the 19 20 Department,--which-amount-so-fixed-by-the-Department-shall-be 21 prima-facie-correct-and-shall-be-prima-facie-evidence-of--the correctness--of--the--amount--of--tax--due,--as-shown-in-such 22 23 determination. When, according to the best judgment and 24 information available to the Department with regard to all 25 real and personal property and rights to property of the dealer, there is no reasonable expectation of collection of 26 27 the amount of tax and penalty to be assessed, the Department 28 may issue an assessment under this Section for the amount of tax without penalty. 29

30 (b) Filing of Lien. Upon issuance of a jeopardy
31 assessment as provided by subsection (a) of this Section, the
32 Department may file a notice of jeopardy assessment lien in

-69-

LRB9205333SMdv

1 the office of the recorder of the county in which any 2 property of the taxpayer may be located and shall notify the 3 taxpayer of such filing.

4 (c) Protest. If the taxpayer believes that he does not 5 owe some or all of the amount for which the jeopardy assessment lien against him has been filed, he may protest 6 7 within 20 days after being notified by the Department of the 8 filing of such jeopardy assessment lien and request a 9 hearing, whereupon the Department shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of Section 908 of the Illinois 10 11 Income Tax Act and, pursuant thereto, shall notify the taxpayer of its decision as to whether or not such jeopardy 12 assessment lien will be released. 13

After the expiration of the period within which the 14 person assessed may file an action for judicial review under 15 16 the Administrative Review Law without such action being filed, a certified copy of the final assessment or revised 17 final assessment of the Department may be filed with the 18 19 Circuit Court of the county in which the dealer resides, or of Cook County in the case of a dealer who does not reside in 20 21 this State, or in the county where the violation of this Act 22 took place. The certified copy of the final assessment or 23 revised final assessment shall be accompanied by a certification which recites facts that are sufficient to show 24 25 that the Department complied with the jurisdictional requirements of the Act in arriving at its final assessment 26 or its revised final assessment and that the dealer had this 27 opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial 28 review, whether he availed himself or herself of either or 29 30 both of these opportunities or not. If the court is satisfied 31 that the Department complied with the 32 jurisdictional requirements of the Act in arriving at its final assessment or its revised final assessment and that the 33 taxpayer had his opportunity for an administrative hearing 34

-70-

1 and for judicial review, whether he availed himself of either 2 or both of these opportunities or not, the court shall render judgment in favor of the Department and against the taxpayer 3 4 for the amount shown to be due by the final assessment or the revised final assessment, plus any interest which may be due, 5 6 and such judgment shall be entered in the judgment docket of 7 Such judgment shall bear the same the court. rate of 8 interest and shall have the same effect as other judgments. 9 The judgment may be enforced, and all laws applicable to sales for the enforcement of a judgment shall be applicable 10 11 to sales made under such judgments. The Department shall the certified copy of its assessment, as herein 12 file provided, with the Circuit Court within 2 years after such 13 assessment becomes final except when the taxpayer consents in 14 15 writing to an extension of such filing period, and except 16 that the time limitation period on the Department's right to file the certified copy of its assessment with the Circuit 17 Court shall not run during any period of time in which the 18 19 order of any court has the effect of enjoining or restraining the Department from filing such certified copy of its 20 21 assessment with the Circuit Court.

22 If, when the cause of action for a proceeding in court 23 accrues against a person, he or she is out of the State, the action may be commenced within the times herein limited, 24 25 after his or her coming into or returning to the State; and if, after the cause of action accrues, he or she departs from 26 and remains out of the State, the time of his or her absence 27 from the State, the time of his or her absence is no part of 28 29 the time limited for the commencement of the action; but the 30 foregoing provisions concerning absence from the State shall not apply to any case in which, at the time the cause of 31 32 action accrues, the party against whom the cause of action accrues is not a resident of this State. The time within 33 34 which a court action is to be commenced by the Department

-71-

hereunder shall not run from the date the taxpayer files a
 petition in bankruptcy under the Federal Bankruptcy Act until
 30 days after notice of termination or expiration of the
 automatic stay imposed by the Federal Bankruptcy Act.

5 No claim shall be filed against the estate of any 6 deceased person or any person under legal disability for any 7 tax or penalty or part of either, or interest, except in the 8 manner prescribed and within the time limited by the Probate 9 Act of 1975, as amended.

10 The collection of tax or penalty or interest by any means 11 provided for herein shall not be a bar to any prosecution 12 under this Act.

In addition to any penalty provided for in this Act, 13 any amount of tax which is not paid when due shall bear interest 14 15 at the rate determined in accordance with the Uniform Penalty 16 and Interest Act, per month or fraction thereof from the date when such tax becomes past due until such tax is paid or a 17 judgment therefor is obtained by the Department. If the time 18 19 for making or completing an audit of a taxpayer's books and records is extended with the taxpayer's consent, at the 20 21 request of and for the convenience of the Department, beyond 22 the date on which the statute of limitations upon the 23 issuance of a notice of tax liability by the Department otherwise run, no interest shall accrue during the period of 24 25 such extension. Interest shall be collected in the same manner and as part of the tax. 26

If the Department determines that an amount of tax or penalty or interest was incorrectly assessed, whether as the result of a mistake of fact or an error of law, the Department shall waive the amount of tax or penalty or interest that accrued due to the incorrect assessment. (Source: P.A. 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

33 Section 60. The Messages Tax Act is amended by changing

-72-

1 Section 6 as follows:

2

(35 ILCS 610/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 467.6)

3 6. If it appears, after claim therefor filed with Sec. the Department, that an amount of tax or penalty or interest 4 5 has been paid which was not due under this Act, whether as 6 the result of a mistake of fact or an error of law, except as 7 hereinafter provided, then the Department shall issue a 8 credit memorandum or refund to the person who made the erroneous payment or, if that person has died or become a 9 10 person under legal disability, to his or her legal 11 representative, as such.

If it is determined that the Department should 12 issue а credit or refund under this Act, the Department may first 13 14 apply the amount thereof against any amount of tax or penalty 15 or interest due hereunder from the person entitled to such credit or refund. For this purpose, if proceedings are 16 17 pending to determine whether or not any tax or penalty or 18 interest is due under this Act from such person, the Department may withhold issuance of the credit or refund 19 20 pending the final disposition of such proceedings and may 21 apply such credit or refund against any amount found to be 22 due to the Department as a result of such proceedings. The balance, if any, of the credit or refund shall be issued to 23 24 the person entitled thereto.

If no tax or penalty or interest is due and no proceeding 25 26 is pending to determine whether such person is indebted to 27 the Department for tax or penalty or interest, the credit memorandum or refund shall be issued to the claimant; or 28 (in 29 the case of a credit memorandum) the credit memorandum may be assigned and set over by the lawful holder thereof, subject 30 31 to reasonable rules of the Department, to any other person who is subject to this Act, and the amount thereof shall be 32 33 applied by the Department against any tax or penalty or

-73-

LRB9205333SMdv

interest due or to become due under this Act from such
 assignee.

As to any claim for credit or refund filed with the 3 4 Department on or after each January 1 and July 1, no amounts erroneously paid more than 3 years prior to such January 1 5 6 and July 1, respectively, shall be credited or refunded, 7 except that if both the Department and the taxpayer have 8 agreed to an extension of time to issue a notice of tax 9 liability under this Act, the claim may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. 10

11 Claims for credit or refund shall be filed upon forms 12 provided by the Department. As soon as practicable after any 13 claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall 14 examine the same and determine the amount of credit or refund 15 to which the claimant is entitled and shall notify the 16 claimant of such determination,-which-amount-shall-be-prima 17 facie-correct.

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Act shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

21 In case the Department determines that the claimant is 22 entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from 23 such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. If it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit 24 25 everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the 26 Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the 27 payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what 28 29 types of cases qualify as hardship cases.

30 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

31 Section 65. The Gas Revenue Tax Act is amended by 32 changing Section 6 as follows:

-74-

-75-

1

(35 ILCS 615/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 467.21)

2 Sec. 6. If it appears, after claim therefor filed with the Department, that an amount of tax or penalty or interest 3 4 has been paid which was not due under this Act, whether as 5 the result of a mistake of fact or an error of law, except as 6 hereinafter provided, then the Department shall issue a 7 credit memorandum or refund to the person who made the erroneous payment or, if that person has died or 8 become а 9 under legal disability, to his or her person legal 10 representative, as such.

11 If it is determined that the Department should issue а credit or refund under this Act, the Department may first 12 apply the amount thereof against any amount of tax or penalty 13 or interest due hereunder from the person entitled to 14 such credit or refund. For this purpose, 15 if proceedings are 16 pending to determine whether or not any tax or penalty or interest is due under this Act from such person, 17 the 18 Department may withhold issuance of the credit or refund 19 pending the final disposition of such proceedings and may apply such credit or refund against any amount found to be 20 21 due to the Department as a result of such proceedings. The balance, if any, of the credit or refund shall be issued to 22 23 the person entitled thereto.

If no tax or penalty or interest is due and no proceeding 24 25 is pending to determine whether such person is indebted to 26 the Department for tax or penalty or interest, the credit memorandum or refund shall be issued to the claimant; or 27 (in the case of a credit memorandum) the credit memorandum may be 28 29 assigned and set over by the lawful holder thereof, subject 30 to reasonable rules of the Department, to any other person who is subject to this Act, and the amount thereof shall be 31 32 applied by the Department against any tax or penalty or interest due or to become due under this Act from such 33 34 assignee.

1 As to any claim for credit or refund filed with the 2 Department on or after each January 1 and July 1, no amounts erroneously paid more than 3 years prior to such January 1 3 4 and July 1, respectively, shall be credited or refunded, 5 except that if both the Department and the taxpayer have 6 agreed to an extension of time to issue a notice of tax 7 liability under this Act, the claim may be filed at any time 8 prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon.

9 Claims for credit or refund shall be filed upon forms 10 provided by the Department. As soon as practicable after any 11 claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall 12 examine the same and determine the amount of credit or refund 13 to which the claimant is entitled and shall notify the 14 claimant of such determination,-which-amount-shall-be-prima 15 facie-correct.

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Act shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

19 In case the Department determines that the claimant is entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from 20 21 such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. If 22 it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit 23 everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the 24 25 Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what 26 types of cases qualify as hardship cases. 27

28 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

Section 70. The Public Utilities Revenue Act is amendedby changing Section 6 as follows:

31 (35 ILCS 620/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 473)
32 Sec. 6. If it appears, after claim therefor filed with

-76-

1 the Department, that an amount of tax or penalty or interest 2 has been paid which was not due under this Act, whether as the result of a mistake of fact or an error of law, except as 3 4 hereinafter provided, then the Department shall issue а 5 credit memorandum or refund to the person who made the 6 erroneous payment or, if that person has died or become а 7 under legal disability, to his or her person legal 8 representative, as such.

9 If it is determined that the Department should issue а credit or refund under this Act, the Department may first 10 11 apply the amount thereof against any amount of tax or penalty or interest due hereunder from the person entitled to such 12 credit or refund. Any credit memorandum issued under the 13 Electricity Excise Tax Law may be applied against any 14 15 liability incurred under the tax previously imposed by 16 Section 2 of this Act. For this purpose, if proceedings are pending to determine whether or not any tax or penalty or 17 18 interest is due under this Act from such person, the 19 Department may withhold issuance of the credit or refund pending the final disposition of such proceedings and may 20 21 apply such credit or refund against any amount found to be 22 due to the Department as a result of such proceedings. The 23 balance, if any, of the credit or refund shall be issued to the person entitled thereto. 24

25 If no tax or penalty or interest is due and no proceeding 26 is pending to determine whether such person is indebted to the Department for tax or penalty or interest, the credit 27 memorandum or refund shall be issued to the claimant; or (in 28 the case of a credit memorandum) the credit memorandum may be 29 30 assigned and set over by the lawful holder thereof, subject to reasonable rules of the Department, to any other person 31 32 who is subject to this Act, and the amount thereof shall be applied by the Department against any tax or penalty or 33 interest due or to become due under this Act from such 34

-77-

1 assignee.

2 As to any claim for credit or refund filed with the Department on or after each January 1 and July 1, no amounts 3 4 erroneously paid more than 3 years prior to such January 1 5 and July 1, respectively, shall be credited or refunded, 6 except that if both the Department and the taxpayer have 7 agreed to an extension of time to issue a notice of tax liability under this Act, the claim may be filed at any time 8 9 prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon.

10 Claims for credit or refund shall be filed upon forms 11 provided by the Department. As soon as practicable after any 12 claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall 13 examine the same and determine the amount of credit or refund 14 to which the claimant is entitled and shall notify the 15 claimant of such determination,-which-amount-shall--be--prima 16 facie-correct.

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Act shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

In case the Department determines that the claimant 20 is 21 entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from 22 such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. If 23 it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by 24 25 such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the 26 payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what 27 types of cases qualify as hardship cases. 28

29 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 90-624, eff. 7-10-98.)

30 Section 75. The Water Company Invested Capital Tax Act 31 is amended by changing Section 6 as follows:

32

(35 ILCS 625/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 1416)

1 Sec. 6. If it appears, after claim therefor filed with 2 the Department, that an amount of tax or penalty or interest has been paid which was not due under this Act, whether as 3 the result of a mistake of fact or an error of law, except as 4 hereinafter provided, then the Department shall issue a 5 6 credit memorandum or refund to the person who made the 7 erroneous payment or, if that person has died or become 8 incompetent, to his legal representative, as such.

9 If it is determined that the Department should issue а credit or refund under this Act, the Department may first 10 11 apply the amount thereof against any amount of tax or penalty or interest due hereunder from the person entitled to such 12 credit or refund. For this purpose, if proceedings are 13 pending to determine whether or not any tax or penalty or 14 15 interest is due under this Act from such person, the 16 Department may withhold issuance of the credit or refund pending the final disposition of such proceedings and may 17 18 apply such credit or refund against any amount found to be 19 due to the Department as a result of such proceedings. The balance, if any, of the credit or refund shall be issued to 20 21 the person entitled thereto.

22 If no tax or penalty or interest is due and no proceeding 23 is pending to determine whether such person is indebted to the Department for tax or penalty or interest, the credit 24 25 memorandum or refund shall be issued to the claimant; or (in the case of a credit memorandum) the credit memorandum may be 26 assigned and set over by the lawful holder thereof, subject 27 to reasonable rules of the Department, to any other person 28 who is subject to this Act, and the amount thereof shall be 29 30 applied by the Department against any tax or penalty or interest due or to become due under this Act from such 31 32 assignee.

As to any claim for credit or refund filed with theDepartment on or after each January 1 and July 1, no amounts

-79-

erroneously paid more than 3 years prior to such January 1 and July 1, respectively, shall be credited or refunded, except that if both the Department and the taxpayer have agreed to an extension of time to issue a notice of tax liability under this Act, the claim may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon.

7 Claims for credit or refund shall be filed upon forms 8 provided by the Department. As soon as practicable after any 9 claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall 10 examine the same and determine the amount of credit or refund 11 to which the claimant is entitled and shall notify the 12 claimant of such determination,-which-amount-shall-be-prima 13 facie-correct.

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Section shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

In case the Department determines that the claimant is 17 entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from 18 19 such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. If it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit 20 21 everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by 22 such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the 23 Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what 24 25 types of cases qualify as hardship cases.

26 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

27 Section 80. The Telecommunications Excise Tax Act is 28 amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

29 (35 ILCS 630/10) (from Ch. 120, par. 2010)

30 Sec. 10. If it shall appear that an amount of tax or 31 penalty or interest has been paid in error hereunder to the 32 Department by a taxpayer, as distinguished from the retailer,

-80-

1 whether such amount be paid through a mistake of fact or an 2 error of law, such taxpayer may file a claim for credit or refund with the Department. If it shall appear that an 3 4 amount of tax or penalty or interest has been paid in error 5 to the Department hereunder by a retailer who is required or 6 authorized to collect and remit the tax imposed by this 7 Article, whether such amount be paid through a mistake of 8 fact or an error of law, such retailer may file a claim for credit or refund with the Department, provided that no credit 9 or refund shall be allowed for any amount paid by any such 10 11 retailer unless it shall appear that he bore the burden of such amount and did not shift the burden thereof to anyone 12 13 else, or unless it shall appear that he or she or his or her legal representative has unconditionally repaid such amount 14 15 to his customer (1) who bore the burden thereof and has not 16 shifted such burden directly or indirectly in any manner whatsoever; or (2) who, if he or she shifted such burden, has 17 unconditionally such amount to his or her own 18 repaid 19 customer; and (3) who is not entitled to receive any reimbursement therefor from any other source than from his 20 retailer, nor to be relieved of such burden in any other 21 22 manner whatsoever.

23 If it is determined that the Department should issue а credit or refund under this Article, the Department may first 24 25 apply the amount thereof against any amount of tax or penalty or interest due hereunder from the person entitled to such 26 27 credit or refund. For this purpose, if proceedings are pending to determine whether or not any tax or penalty or 28 29 interest is due under this Article from such person, the 30 Department may withhold issuance of the credit or refund pending the final disposition of such proceedings and may 31 32 apply such credit or refund against any amount found to be due to the Department as a result of such proceedings. 33 The balance, if any, of the credit or refund shall be issued to 34

-81-

1 the person entitled thereto.

2 If no tax or penalty or interest is due and no proceeding is pending to determine whether such person is indebted to 3 4 the Department for tax or penalty or interest, the credit 5 memorandum or refund shall be issued to the claimant; or (in 6 the case of a credit memorandum) the credit memorandum may be 7 assigned and set over by the lawful holder thereof, subject to reasonable rules of the Department, to any other person 8 9 who is subject to this Article, and the amount thereof shall be applied by the Department against any tax or penalty or 10 11 interest due or to become due under this Article from such 12 assignee.

As to any claim for credit or refund filed with 13 the Department on or after each January 1 and July 1, no amounts 14 15 erroneously paid more than three years prior to such January 16 1 and July 1, respectively, shall be credited or refunded, except that if both the Department and the taxpayer have 17 18 agreed to an extension of time to issue a notice of tax 19 liability under this Act, the claim may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. 20

21 Claims for credit or refund shall be filed upon forms 22 provided by the Department. As soon as practicable after any 23 claim for credit or refund is filed, the Department shall 24 examine the same and determine the amount of credit or refund 25 to which the claimant is entitled and shall notify the 26 claimant of such determination₇-which-amount-shall--be--prima 27 facie-correct.

A claim for credit or refund shall be considered to have been filed with the Department on the date upon which it is received by the Department. Upon receipt of any claim for credit or refund filed under this Article, any officer or employee of the Department, authorized in writing by the Director of Revenue to acknowledge receipt of such claims on behalf of the Department, shall execute on behalf of the

-82-

1 Department, and shall deliver or mail to the claimant or his 2 duly authorized agent, a written receipt, acknowledging that the claim has been filed with the Department, describing the 3 4 claim in sufficient detail to identify it and stating the 5 date upon which the claim was received by the Department. 6 Such written receipt shall be prima facie evidence that the 7 Department received the claim described in such receipt and shall be prima facie evidence of the date when such claim was 8 9 received by the Department. In the absence of such a written receipt, the records of the Department as to when the claim 10 11 was received by the Department, or as to whether or not the claim was received at all by the Department, shall be deemed 12 13 to be prima facie correct upon these questions in the event any dispute between the claimant (or his or her legal 14 of 15 representative) and the Department concerning these 16 questions.

Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Article shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

In case the Department determines that the claimant 20 is 21 entitled to a refund, such refund shall be made only from such appropriation as may be available for that purpose. 22 Ιf 23 it appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by 24 25 such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the Department by rule or regulation shall provide for the 26 payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define 27 what types of cases qualify as hardship cases. 28

If a retailer who has failed to pay tax on gross charges for telecommunications is required by the Department to pay such tax, such retailer, without filing any formal claim with the Department, shall be allowed to take credit against such tax liability to the extent, if any, to which such retailer has paid the tax to its vendor of the telecommunications

-83-

1 which such retailer purchased and used for resale, and no 2 penalty or interest shall be charged to such retailer on the amount of such credit. However, when such credit is allowed 3 4 to the retailer by the Department, the vendor is precluded from refunding any of the tax to the retailer and filing a 5 6 claim for credit or refund with respect thereto with the 7 Department. The provisions of this Section added by this 8 amendatory Act of 1988 shall be applied retroactively, 9 regardless of the date of the transaction.

10 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

Section 85. The Uniform Penalty and Interest Act is amended by changing Sections 3-3 and 3-7 as follows:

13

14

(35 ILCS 735/3-3) (from Ch. 120, par. 2603-3)

Sec. 3-3. Penalty for failure to file or pay.

(a) This subsection (a) is applicable before January 1, 15 1996. A penalty of 5% of the tax required to be shown due on 16 17 a return shall be imposed for failure to file the tax return on or before the due date prescribed for filing determined 18 19 with regard for any extension of time for filing (penalty for 20 late filing or nonfiling). If any unprocessable return is 21 corrected and filed within 21 days after notice by the Department, the late filing or nonfiling penalty shall not 22 23 If a penalty for late filing or nonfiling is imposed apply. in addition to a penalty for late payment, the total penalty 24 due shall be the sum of the late filing penalty and the 25 applicable late payment penalty. Beginning on the effective 26 date of this amendatory Act of 1995, in the case of any type 27 28 of tax return required to be filed more frequently than annually, when the failure to file the tax return on or 29 30 before the date prescribed for filing (including any extensions) is shown to be nonfraudulent and has not occurred 31 32 in the 2 years immediately preceding the failure to file on

-84-

LRB9205333SMdv

the prescribed due date, the penalty imposed by Section
 3-3(a) shall be abated.

(a-5) This subsection (a-5) is applicable to returns due 3 4 on and after January 1, 1996 and on or before December 31. 5 2000. A penalty equal to 2% of the tax required to be shown 6 due on a return, up to a maximum amount of \$250, determined 7 without regard to any part of the tax that is paid on time or 8 bv any credit that was properly allowable on the date the 9 return was required to be filed, shall be imposed for failure to file the tax return on or before the due date prescribed 10 11 for filing determined with regard for any extension of time for filing. However, if any return is not filed within 30 12 days after notice of nonfiling mailed by the Department to 13 the last known address of the taxpayer contained 14 in 15 Department records, an additional penalty amount shall be 16 imposed equal to the greater of \$250 or 2% of the tax shown However, the additional penalty amount may 17 on the return. not exceed \$5,000 and is determined without regard to any 18 19 part of the tax that is paid on time or by any credit that was properly allowable on the date the return was required to 20 21 be filed (penalty for late filing or nonfiling). Τf any unprocessable return is corrected and filed within 30 days 22 23 after notice by the Department, the late filing or nonfiling penalty shall not apply. If a penalty for late filing or 24 25 nonfiling is imposed in addition to a penalty for late payment, the total penalty due shall be the sum of the late 26 filing penalty and the applicable late payment penalty. 27 In the case of any type of tax return required to be filed more 28 frequently than annually, when the failure to file the tax 29 30 return on or before the date prescribed for filing (including any extensions) is shown to be nonfraudulent and has not 31 32 occurred in the 2 years immediately preceding the failure to file on the prescribed due date, the penalty imposed by 33 Section 3-3(a-5) shall be abated. 34

-85-

-86-

1 (a-10) This subsection (a-10) is applicable to returns 2 due on and after January 1, 2001. A penalty equal to 2% of the tax required to be shown due on a return, up to a maximum 3 4 amount of \$250, reduced by any tax that is paid on time or by 5 any credit that was properly allowable on the date the return 6 was required to be filed, shall be imposed for failure to 7 file the tax return on or before the due date prescribed for 8 filing determined with regard for any extension of time for 9 filing. However, if any return is not filed within 30 days after notice of nonfiling mailed by the Department to 10 the 11 last known address of the taxpayer contained in Department records, an additional penalty amount shall be imposed equal 12 to the greater of \$250 or 2% of the tax shown on the return. 13 However, the additional penalty amount may not exceed \$5,000 14 15 and is determined without regard to any part of the tax that 16 is paid on time or by any credit that was properly allowable on the date the return was required to be filed (penalty for 17 late filing or nonfiling). If any unprocessable return is 18 19 corrected and filed within 30 days after notice by the Department, the late filing or nonfiling penalty shall not 20 21 apply. If a penalty for late filing or nonfiling is imposed 22 in addition to a penalty for late payment, the total penalty 23 due shall be the sum of the late filing penalty and the applicable late payment penalty. In the case of any type of 24 25 tax return required to be filed more frequently than annually, when the failure to file the tax return on or 26 before the date prescribed for 27 filing (including anv extensions) is shown to be nonfraudulent and has not occurred 28 the 2 years immediately preceding the failure to file on 29 in 30 the prescribed due date, the penalty imposed by Section 3-3(a-10) shall be abated. 31

32 (b) This subsection is applicable before January 1, 33 1998. A penalty of 15% of the tax shown on the return or the 34 tax required to be shown due on the return shall be imposed 1 for failure to pay:

2 (1) the tax shown due on the return on or before the due date prescribed for payment of that tax, an 3 4 amount of underpayment of estimated tax, or an amount that is reported in an amended return other than an 5 amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) 6 7 of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability); or 8

9 (2) the full amount of any tax required to be shown on a return and which is not shown (penalty for late 10 due 11 payment or nonpayment of additional liability), within 30 days after a notice of arithmetic error, notice and 12 or 13 demand, а final assessment is issued by the Department. In the case of a final assessment arising 14 15 following a protest and hearing, the 30-day period shall 16 not begin until all proceedings in court for review of the final assessment have terminated or the period for 17 obtaining a review has expired without proceedings for a 18 19 review having been instituted. In the case of a notice of tax liability that becomes a final assessment without 20 21 a protest and hearing, the penalty provided in this 22 paragraph (2) shall be imposed at the expiration of the 23 period provided for the filing of a protest.

(b-5) This subsection is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 1998 and on or before December 31, 2000. A penalty of 20% of the tax shown on the return or the tax required to be shown due on the return shall be imposed for failure to pay:

(1) the tax shown due on the return on or before the due date prescribed for payment of that tax, an amount of underpayment of estimated tax, or an amount that is reported in an amended return other than an amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty

-87-

LRB9205333SMdv

-88-

1

for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability); or

2 (2) the full amount of any tax required to be shown on a return and which is not shown (penalty for late 3 due 4 payment or nonpayment of additional liability), within 30 days after a notice of arithmetic error, notice and 5 demand, final assessment is issued by 6 or а the 7 Department. In the case of a final assessment arising 8 following a protest and hearing, the 30-day period shall 9 not begin until all proceedings in court for review of the final assessment have terminated or the period for 10 11 obtaining a review has expired without proceedings for a review having been instituted. In the case of a notice 12 of tax liability that becomes a final assessment without 13 a protest and hearing, the penalty provided in this 14 15 paragraph (2) shall be imposed at the expiration of the 16 period provided for the filing of a protest.

17 (b-10) This subsection (b-10) is applicable to returns 18 due on and after January 1, 2001. A penalty shall be imposed 19 for failure to pay:

(1) the tax shown due on a return on or before the 20 21 due date prescribed for payment of that tax, an amount of 22 underpayment of estimated tax, or an amount that is 23 reported in an amended return other than an amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) of 24 25 Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability). 26 The amount of penalty imposed under this subsection (b-10)(1) 27 shall be 2% of any amount that is paid no later than 30 28 29 days after the due date, 5% of any amount that is paid later than 30 days after the due date and not later than 30 90 days after the due date, 10% of any amount that is 31 paid later than 90 days after the due date and not later 32 than 180 days after the due date, and 15% of any amount 33 that is paid later than 180 days after the due date. 34

1 (2) the full amount of any tax required to be shown 2 due on a return and that is not shown (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of additional liability), within 30 3 4 days after a notice of arithmetic error, notice and demand, or a final assessment is 5 issued by the Department. In the case of a final assessment arising 6 7 following a protest and hearing, the 30-day period shall 8 not begin until all proceedings in court for review of 9 the final assessment have terminated or the period for obtaining a review has expired without proceedings for a 10 11 review having been instituted. The amount of penalty imposed under this subsection (b-10)(2) shall be 20% of 12 any amount that is not paid within the 30-day period. 13 In the case of a notice of tax liability that becomes 14 а 15 final assessment without a protest and hearing, the 16 penalty provided in this subsection (b-10)(2) shall be imposed at the expiration of the period provided for the 17 filing of a protest. 18

19 (c) For purposes of the late payment penalties, the 20 basis of the penalty shall be the tax shown or required to be 21 shown on a return, whichever is applicable, reduced by any 22 part of the tax which is paid on time and by any credit which 23 was properly allowable on the date the return was required to 24 be filed.

25 (d) A penalty shall be applied to the tax required to be 26 shown even if that amount is less than the tax shown on the 27 return.

This subsection (e) is applicable to returns due 28 (e) 2001. 29 before January 1, If both a subsection (b)(1) or 30 (b-5)(1) penalty and a subsection (b)(2) or (b-5)(2) penalty 31 are assessed against the same return, the subsection (b)(2) or (b-5)(2) penalty shall be assessed against only the 32 additional tax found to be due. 33

34 (e-5) This subsection (e-5) is applicable to returns due

-89-

on and after January 1, 2001. If both a subsection (b-10)(1) penalty and a subsection (b-10)(2) penalty are assessed against the same return, the subsection (b-10)(2) penalty shall be assessed against only the additional tax found to be due.

(f) If the taxpayer has failed to file the return, the
Department shall determine the correct tax according to its
best judgment and information,-which-amount--shall--be--prima
facie-evidence-of-the-correctness-of-the-tax-due.

10 (g) The time within which to file a return or pay an 11 amount of tax due without imposition of a penalty does not 12 extend the time within which to file a protest to a notice of 13 tax liability or a notice of deficiency.

14 (h) No return shall be determined to be unprocessable 15 because of the omission of any information requested on the 16 return pursuant to Section 2505-575 of the Department of 17 Revenue Law (20 ILCS 2505/2505-575).

18 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 90-548, eff. 12-4-97; 19 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 91-803, eff. 1-1-01.)

20 (35 ILCS 735/3-7) (from Ch. 120, par. 2603-7)

21

Sec. 3-7. Personal Liability Penalty.

Any officer or employee of any taxpayer subject to 22 (a) the provisions of a tax Act administered by the Department 23 24 who has the control, supervision or responsibility of filing returns and making payment of the amount of any trust tax 25 imposed in accordance with that Act and who wilfully fails to 26 file the return or make the payment to the Department or 27 28 wilfully attempts in any other manner to evade or defeat the 29 tax shall be personally liable for a penalty equal to the total amount of tax unpaid by the taxpayer including interest 30 31 and penalties thereon. The Department shall determine a 32 penalty due under this Section according to its best judgment 33 and information,-and-that-determination-shall-be-prima-facie

-90-

1 correct-and-shall-be-prima-facie-evidence-of--a--penalty--due 2 under--this--Section. Proof of that determination by the Department shall be made at any hearing before it or in any 3 4 legal proceeding by reproduced copy or computer printout of 5 the Department's record relating thereto in the name of the 6 Department under the certificate of the Director of Revenue. 7 If reproduced copies of the Department's records are offered 8 as proof of that determination, the Director must certify 9 that those copies are true and exact copies of records on file with the Department. If computer print-outs of the 10 11 Department's records are offered as proof of such determination, the Director must certify that those computer 12 13 print-outs are true and exact representations of records entered into standard electronic 14 properly computing 15 equipment, in the regular course of the Department's 16 business, at or reasonably near the time of the occurrence of from 17 the facts recorded, trustworthy and reliable information. That certified reproduced copy or certified 18 19 computer print-out shall without further proof, be admitted 20 into evidence before the Department or in any legal 21 proceeding and-shall-be-prima-facie-proof-of-the-correctness 22 of-the-amount-of-tax-or-penalty-due.

23 The Department shall issue a notice of penalty (b) liability for the amount claimed by the Department pursuant 24 25 to this Section. Procedures for protest and review of а notice of penalty liability issued pursuant to this Section 26 and assessment of the penalty due hereunder shall be the same 27 as those prescribed for protest and review of a notice of tax 28 29 liability or a notice of deficiency, as the case may be, and 30 the assessment of tax liability under the Act imposing that liability. 31

32 (b-5) Any person filing an action under the 33 Administrative Review Law to review a final assessment or 34 revised final assessment (except a final assessment or

-91-

1 revised final assessment relating to any trust tax imposed in 2 accordance with the Illinois Income Tax Act) issued by the Department under this Section shall, within 20 days after 3 4 filing the complaint, file a bond with good and sufficient 5 surety or sureties residing in this State or licensed to do 6 business in this State, or instead of bond, obtain an order 7 from the court imposing a lien upon the plaintiff's property 8 as hereinafter provided. If the person filing the complaint 9 fails to comply with this bonding requirement within 20 days after filing the complaint, the Department shall file a 10 11 motion to dismiss and the court shall dismiss the action 12 unless the person filing the action complies with the bonding requirements set out with this provision within 30 days after 13 the filing of the Department's motion to dismiss. 14

15 Upon dismissal of a complaint for failure to comply with 16 this subsection, the court shall enter judgment against the taxpayer and in favor of the Department in the amount of 17 the final assessment or revised final assessment, together with 18 19 any interest that has accrued since the Department issued the 20 final assessment or revised final assessment, and for costs. 21 The judgment is enforceable as other judgments for the 22 payment of money.

23 The amount of the bond shall be fixed and approved by the court, but shall not be less than the amount of the tax and 24 25 penalty claimed to be due by the Department in its final assessment or revised final assessment to the person filing 26 the bond, plus the amount of interest due from that person to 27 the Department at the time when the Department issued its 28 29 final assessment or revised final assessment to that person. 30 The bond must be executed in favor of the Department and conditioned on the taxpayer's payment within 30 days after 31 32 termination of the proceedings for judicial review of the amount of tax, penalty, and interest found by the court to be 33 due in those proceedings. The bond, when filed and approved, 34

-92-

1 is, from that time until 2 years after termination of the 2 proceedings for judicial review in which the bond is filed, a lien against the real estate situated in the county in which 3 4 the bond is filed of the person filing the bond and of the surety or sureties on the bond, until the condition of the 5 6 bond is complied with or until the bond is canceled as 7 provided in this subsection. The lien does not apply, 8 however, to the real property of a corporate surety duly 9 licensed to do business in this State. If the person filing the bond fails to keep its condition, the bond is forfeited, 10 11 and the Department may institute an action upon the bond in its own name for the entire amount of the bond and costs. 12 An 13 action upon the bond is in addition to any other remedy provided by law. If the person filing the bond complies with 14 15 its condition or if, in the proceedings for judicial review 16 in which the bond is filed, the court determines that no tax, penalty, or interest is due, the bond shall be canceled by 17 the issuer of the bond. 18

19 If the court finds in a particular case that the plaintiff cannot furnish a satisfactory surety or sureties 20 21 for the kind of bond required in this subsection, the court may relieve the plaintiff of the obligation of filing a bond 22 23 if, upon the timely application of the plaintiff for a lien in place of a bond and accompanying proof, the court 24 is 25 satisfied that a lien would secure the assessment as well as 26 would a bond. Upon that finding, the court shall enter an order subjecting the plaintiff's real and personal property 27 (including subsequently acquired property) situated in the 28 29 county in which the order is entered to a lien in favor of 30 the Department. The lien shall be for the amount of the tax and penalty claimed to be due by the Department in its final 31 32 assessment or revised final assessment, plus the amount of 33 interest due from that person to the Department at the time 34 when the Department issued its final assessment or revised

-93-

1 final assessment to that person. The lien shall continue 2 until the court determines in the proceedings for judicial review that no tax, penalty, or interest is due, or until the 3 4 plaintiff pays to the Department the tax, penalty, and 5 interest secured by the lien. In its discretion, the court б may impose a lien regardless of the ratio of the taxpayer's 7 assets to the final assessment or revised final assessment 8 plus the amount of the interest and penalty. This subsection 9 does not give the Department a preference over the rights of a bona fide purchaser, mortgagee, judgment creditor, or other 10 11 lien holder arising before the entry of the order creating 12 the lien in favor of the Department. "Bona fide", as used in 13 this subsection, does not include a mortgage of real or personal property or other credit transaction that results in 14 15 the mortgagee or the holder of the security acting as trustee 16 for unsecured creditors of the taxpayer who executed the chattel or real property mortgage or the document evidencing 17 the credit transaction. The lien is inferior to the lien of 18 19 general taxes, special assessments, and special taxes levied by a political subdivision of this State. The lien is not 20 21 effective against a purchaser with respect to an item in a 22 retailer's stock in trade purchased from the retailer in the 23 usual course of the retailer's business. The lien may not be enforced against the household effects, wearing apparel, 24 25 books, or tools or implements of a trade or profession kept for use by any person. The lien is not effective against real 26 property unless and until a certified copy or memorandum of 27 such order is recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds 28 29 for the county or counties in which the property is located. 30 The lien is not effective against real property whose title is registered under the provisions of the Registered Titles 31 32 (Torrens) Act until the provisions of Section 85 of that Act 33 are complied with.

34

Service upon the Director of Revenue or the Assistant

-94-

1 Director of Revenue of summons issued in an action to review 2 a final administrative decision of the Department is service upon the Department. The Department shall certify the record 3 4 of its proceedings if the taxpayer pays to it 75¢ per page of 5 testimony taken before the Department and 25¢ per page of all 6 other matters contained in the record, except that these 7 charges may be waived when the Department is satisfied that 8 the aggrieved party is a poor person who cannot afford to pay 9 the charges. If payment for the record is not made by the taxpayer within 30 days after notice from the Department or 10 11 the Attorney General of the cost, the court in which the proceeding is pending, on motion of the Department, shall 12 dismiss the complaint and (when the administrative decision 13 as to which the action for judicial review was filed is 14 а final assessment or revised final assessment) shall enter 15 16 judgment against the taxpayer and in favor of the Department for the amount of tax and penalty shown by the Department's 17 final assessment or revised final assessment to be due, plus 18 19 interest as provided for in this Act from the date when the liability upon which the interest accrued became delinquent 20 21 until the entry of the judgment in the action for judicial review under the Administrative Review Law, and also for 22 23 costs.

The personal liability imposed by this Section shall 24 (C) 25 survive the dissolution of a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation. No notice of penalty liability 26 issued after the expiration of 3 years after the 27 shall be date all proceedings in court for the review of any final 28 or 29 revised final assessments issued against a taxpayer which 30 constitute the basis of such penalty liability have terminated or the time for the taking thereof has expired 31 32 without such proceedings being instituted or after the expiration of 3 years after the date a return is filed with 33 34 the Department by a taxpayer in cases where the return

-95-

1 constitutes the basis of such liability. Interest shall
2 continue to accrue on that portion of the penalty imposed by
3 this Section which represents the tax unpaid by the taxpayer
4 at the same rate and in the same amount as interest accrues
5 on the tax unpaid by the taxpayer.

6 In addition to any other remedy provided for by the (d) 7 of this State, and provided that no hearing or laws proceeding for review is pending, any Section of a 8 tax Act 9 which provides a means for collection of taxes shall in the same manner and to the same extent provide a means 10 for the 11 collection of the penalty imposed by this Section. The procedures for the filing of an action for collection of 12 the penalty imposed by this Section shall be the same as those 13 prescribed by a tax Act for the filing of an action 14 for collection of the tax assessed under that Act. 15 The time 16 limitation period on the Department's right to bring suit to recover the amount of such tax, or portion thereof, or 17 penalty or interest from such person, or 18 if deceased or 19 incompetent to file a claim thereof against his estate, shall not run during: (1) any period of time in which the order of 20 21 any Court has the effect of enjoining or restraining the 22 Department from bringing such suit or claim against such 23 or (2) any period of time in which the order of the person, Court has the effect of enjoining or restraining 24 the 25 Department from bringing suit or initiating other proper proceedings for the collection of such amounts from the 26 taxpayer, or (3) any period of time the person departs from 27 and remains out of the State; but the foregoing provisions 28 29 concerning absence from the State shall not apply to any case 30 in which, at the time when a tax or penalty becomes due under this Act, the person allegedly liable therefor is not a 31 32 resident of this State.

33 (e) For the purposes of this Section, "officer or34 employee of any taxpayer" includes a partner of a

-96-

1 partnership, a manager or member of a limited liability 2 corporation, and a member of a registered limited liability 3 partnership.

4 (f) A trust tax is any tax for which an amount is 5 collected or withheld by a taxpayer from another person, and 6 any tax for which an amount is required to be collected or 7 withheld by a taxpayer from another person, regardless of 8 whether it is in fact collected or withheld.

9 (g) The personal liability imposed by this Section is in 10 addition to liability incurred by a partner of a partnership 11 or limited liability partnership resulting from the issuance 12 of a notice of tax liability issued to the partnership or 13 limited liability partnership.

In addition to any other basis for imposition of 14 (h) 15 liability under this Act including under subsection (a) of 16 this Section, any person who collects, withholds, or receives 17 a tax, or any amount represented to be a tax, from another person holds the amount so collected or withheld in special 18 19 trust for the benefit of the Department and is liable to the Department for the amount so withheld or collected plus 20 21 accrued interest and penalty on that amount. For purposes of 22 this subsection, "person" shall have the same definition as 23 provided in Section 1 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. (Source: P.A. 90-458, eff. 8-17-97; 91-203, eff. 7-20-99.) 24

25 Section 90. The Illinois Public Accounting Act is 26 amended by changing Section 27 as follows:

27

(225 ILCS 450/27) (from Ch. 111, par. 5533)

Sec. 27. A public accountant shall not be required by any court or by the Department of Revenue in a non-criminal <u>proceeding before it</u> to divulge information or evidence which has been obtained by him in his confidential capacity as a public accountant. This Section shall not apply to any

-97-

1 investigation or hearing undertaken pursuant to this Act.

2 Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit,
3 waive, or abrogate the scope or nature of any common law
4 privilege concerning the confidential capacity of a public
5 accountant.

6 (Source: P.A. 83-291.)

7 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act 8 makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by 9 text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a 10 Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that 11 text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) 12 the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from 13 any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.

1		INDEX								
2		Statutes amend	ed in	order	of	appea	arance			
3	20 ILCS	2520/5	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	2305			
4	20 ILCS	2520/5.5 new								
5	20 ILCS	2520/5.6 new								
6	35 ILCS	5/902	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	9-902			
7	35 ILCS	5/904	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	9-904			
8	35 ILCS	5/917	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	9-917			
9	35 ILCS	5/917.5 new								
10	35 ILCS	105/19	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	439.19			
11	35 ILCS	105/20	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	439.20			
12	35 ILCS	110/17	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	439.47			
13	35 ILCS	110/18	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	439.48			
14	35 ILCS	115/17	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	439.117			
15	35 ILCS	115/18	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	439.118			
16	35 ILCS	120/4	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	443			
17	35 ILCS	120/5	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	444			
18	35 ILCS	120/6a	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	445a			
19	35 ILCS	120/6b	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	445b			
20	35 ILCS	130/9a	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	453.9a			
21	35 ILCS	130/9b	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	453.9b			
22	35 ILCS	135/13	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	453.43			
23	35 ILCS	135/13a	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	453.43a			
24	35 ILCS	145/6	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	481b.36			
25	35 ILCS	505/5	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	421			
26	35 ILCS	505/5a	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	421a			
27	35 ILCS	510/2	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	481b.2			
28	35 ILCS	520/16	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	2166			
29	35 ILCS	610/6	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	467.6			
30	35 ILCS	615/6	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	467.21			
31	35 ILCS	620/6	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	473			
32	35 ILCS	625/6	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	1416			
33	35 ILCS	630/10	from	Ch. 1	20,	par.	2010			
34	35 ILCS	735/3-3	from	Ch. 1	.20,	par.	2603-3			

1	35 ILCS 735/3-7	from Ch.	120,	par.	2603-7
2	225 ILCS 450/27	from Ch.	111,	par.	5533