92\_HB0455 LRB9202727RCcdA

- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- WHEREAS, This Act is intended to clarify existing law
- 3 concerning the unlawful use of weapons; therefore
- 4 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 5 represented in the General Assembly:
- 6 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 7 changing Sections 24-1, 24-1.6, 24-2, and 24-3.5 as follows:
- 8 (720 ILCS 5/24-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-1)
- 9 Sec. 24-1. Unlawful Use of Weapons.

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- 10 (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of 11 weapons when he knowingly:
  - (1) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any bludgeon, black-jack, slung-shot, sand-club, sand-bag, metal knuckles, throwing star, or any knife, commonly referred to as a switchblade knife, which has a blade that opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife, or a ballistic knife, which is a device that propels a knifelike blade as a projectile by means of a coil spring, elastic material or compressed gas; or
  - (2) Carries or possesses with intent to use the same unlawfully against another, a dagger, dirk, billy, dangerous knife, razor, stiletto, broken bottle or other piece of glass, stun gun or taser or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument of like character; or
  - (3) Carries on or about his person or in any vehicle, a tear gas gun projector or bomb or any object containing noxious liquid gas or substance, other than an object containing a non-lethal noxious liquid gas or substance designed solely for personal defense carried by a person 18 years of age or older; or

1	(4) Carries or possesses in any vehicle or
2	concealed on or about his person except when on his land
3	or in his own abode or fixed place of business any
4	pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or other firearm,
5	except that this subsection (a) (4) does not apply to or
6	affect transportation of weapons that meet one of the
7	following conditions:
8	(i) are broken down in a non-functioning
9	state; or
10	(ii) are not immediately accessible; or
11	(iii) are unloaded and enclosed in a ease,
12	firearm carrying box or, shipping box,er-ether
13	container by a person who has been issued a
14	currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card;
15	or
16	(5) Sets a spring gun; or
17	(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind
18	designed, used or intended for use in silencing the
19	report of any firearm; or
20	(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or
21	carries:
22	(i) a machine gun, which shall be defined for
23	the purposes of this subsection as any weapon, which
24	shoots, is designed to shoot, or can be readily
25	restored to shoot, automatically more than one shot
26	without manually reloading by a single function of
27	the trigger, including the frame or receiver of any
28	such weapon, or sells, manufactures, purchases,
29	possesses, or carries any combination of parts
30	designed or intended for use in converting any
31	weapon into a machine gun, or any combination or

parts from which a machine gun can be assembled if

such parts are in the possession or under the

control of a person;

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- 1 (ii) any rifle having one or more barrels less 2 than 16 inches in length or a shotgun having one or more barrels less than 18 inches in length or any 4 weapon made from a rifle or shotgun, whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise, if such a 5 weapon as modified has an overall length of less 7 than 26 inches; or
  - (iii) any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance of over one-quarter ounce for like purposes, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails or artillery projectiles; or
  - (8) Carries or possesses any firearm, stun gun or taser or other deadly weapon in any place which is licensed to sell intoxicating beverages, or at any public gathering held pursuant to a license issued by any governmental body or any public gathering at which an admission is charged, excluding a place where a showing, demonstration or lecture involving the exhibition of unloaded firearms is conducted.

This subsection (a)(8) does not apply to any auction raffle of a firearm held pursuant to a license or permit issued by a governmental body, nor does it apply to persons engaged in firearm safety training courses; or

- (9) Carries or possesses in a vehicle or on or about his person any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser firearm or ballistic knife, when he is hooded, robed or masked in such manner as to conceal his identity; or
- (10) Carries or possesses on or about his person, upon any public street, alley, or other public lands within the corporate limits of a city, village or incorporated town, except when an invitee thereon or therein, for the purpose of the display of such weapon or the lawful commerce in weapons, or except when on his

land or in his own abode or fixed place of business, any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or other firearm, except that this subsection (a) (10) does not apply to or affect transportation of weapons that meet one of the following conditions:

- (i) are broken down in a non-functioning state; or
  - (ii) are not immediately accessible; or
- (iii) are unloaded and enclosed in a ease, firearm carrying box or box, shipping box, or entainer by a person who has been issued a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

A "stun gun or taser", as used in this paragraph (a) means (i) any device which is powered by electrical charging units, such as, batteries, and which fires one or several barbs attached to a length of wire and which, upon hitting a human, can send out a current capable of disrupting the person's nervous system in such a manner as to render him incapable of normal functioning or (ii) any device which is powered by electrical charging units, such as batteries, and which, upon contact with a human or clothing worn by a human, can send out current capable of disrupting the person's nervous system in such a manner as to render him incapable of normal functioning; or

(11) Sells, manufactures or purchases any explosive bullet. For purposes of this paragraph (a) "explosive bullet" means the projectile portion of an ammunition cartridge which contains or carries an explosive charge which will explode upon contact with the flesh of a human or an animal. "Cartridge" means a tubular metal case having a projectile affixed at the front thereof and a cap or primer at the rear end thereof, with the propellant contained in such tube between the projectile

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- 2 (12) (Blank).
- Sentence. A person convicted of a violation of 3 4 subsection 24-1(a)(1) through (5), subsection 24-1(a)(10), or subsection 24-1(a)(11) commits a Class A misdemeanor. A 5 person convicted of a violation of subsection 24-1(a)(8) or 6 7 24-1(a)(9) commits a Class 4 felony; a person convicted of a 8 violation of subsection 24-1(a)(6) or 24-1(a)(7)(ii) or (iii) commits a Class 3 felony. A person convicted of a violation 9 of subsection 24-1(a)(7)(i) commits a Class 2 felony, unless 10 11 the weapon is possessed in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle as defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois 12 Vehicle Code, or on the person, while the weapon is loaded, 13 in which case it shall be a Class X felony. 14 15 convicted of a second or subsequent violation of subsection 16 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(8), 24-1(a)(9), or 24-1(a)(10) commits a 17 Class 3 felony.
  - (c) Violations in specific places.
  - (1) A person who violates subsection 24-1(a)(6) or 24-1(a)(7) in any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, in residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or development, in a public park, in a mixed-income courthouse, on the real property comprising any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, on residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the

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real property comprising any school, public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 2 felony.

(1.5) A person who violates subsection 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(9), or 24-1(a)(10) in any school, regardless of time of day or the time of year, in residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on the real property comprising any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, on residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet the real property comprising any school, public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 3 felony.

(2) A person who violates subsection 24-1(a)(1), 24-1(a)(2), or 24-1(a)(3) in any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, in residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on the real property comprising any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of

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year, on residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, public courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 4 felony. "Courthouse" means any building that is used by the Circuit, Appellate, or Supreme Court of this State for the conduct of official business.

- (3) Paragraphs (1), (1.5), and (2) of this subsection (c) shall not apply to law enforcement officers or security officers of such school, college, or university or to students carrying or possessing firearms for use in training courses, parades, hunting, target shooting on school ranges, or otherwise with the consent of school authorities and which firearms are transported unloaded enclosed in a suitable case, box, or transportation package.
- (4) For the purposes of this subsection (c), "school" means any public or private elementary or secondary school, community college, college, or university.
- (d) The presence in an automobile other than a public omnibus of any weapon, instrument or substance referred to in subsection (a)(7) is prima facie evidence that it is in the possession of, and is being carried by, all persons occupying such automobile at the time such weapon, instrument or

- 1 substance is found, except under the following circumstances:
- 2 (i) if such weapon, instrument or instrumentality is found
- 3 upon the person of one of the occupants therein; or (ii) if
- 4 such weapon, instrument or substance is found in an
- 5 automobile operated for hire by a duly licensed driver in the
- 6 due, lawful and proper pursuit of his trade, then such
- 7 presumption shall not apply to the driver.
- 8 (e) Exemptions. Crossbows, Common or Compound bows and
- 9 Underwater Spearguns are exempted from the definition of
- 10 ballistic knife as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a)
- 11 of this Section.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 90-686, eff. 1-1-99; 91-673, eff. 12-22-99;
- 13 91-690, eff. 4-13-00.)
- 14 (720 ILCS 5/24-1.6)
- 15 Sec. 24-1.6. Aggravated unlawful use of a weapon.
- 16 (a) A person commits the offense of aggravated unlawful
- 17 use of a weapon when he or she knowingly:
- 18 (1) Carries on or about his or her person or in any
- vehicle or concealed on or about his or her person except
- when on his or her land or in his or her abode or fixed
- 21 place of business any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser
- or other firearm; or
- 23 (2) Carries or possesses on or about his or her
- 24 person, upon any public street, alley, or other public
- lands within the corporate limits of a city, village or
- incorporated town, except when an invitee thereon or
- therein, for the purpose of the display of such weapon or
- the lawful commerce in weapons, or except when on his or
- 29 her own land or in his or her own abode or fixed place of
- 30 business, any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or
- 31 other firearm; and
- 32 (3) One of the following factors is present:
- (A) the firearm possessed was uncased, loaded

1	and immediately accessible at the time of the
2	offense; or
3	(B) the firearm possessed was uncased,
4	unloaded and the ammunition for the weapon was
5	immediately accessible at the time of the offense;
6	or
7	(C) the person possessing the firearm has not
8	been issued a currently valid Firearm Owner's
9	Identification Card; or
10	(D) the person possessing the weapon was
11	previously adjudicated a delinquent minor under the
12	Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for an act that if
13	committed by an adult would be a felony; or
14	(E) the person possessing the weapon was
15	engaged in a misdemeanor violation of the Cannabis
16	Control Act or in a misdemeanor violation of the
17	Illinois Controlled Substances Act; or
18	(F) the person possessing the weapon is a
19	member of a street gang or is engaged in street gang
20	related activity, as defined in Section 10 of the
21	Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention
22	Act; or
23	(G) the person possessing the weapon had a
24	order of protection issued against him or her within
25	the previous 2 years; or
26	(H) the person possessing the weapon was
27	engaged in the commission or attempted commission of
28	a misdemeanor involving the use or threat of
29	violence against the person or property of another;
30	or
31	(I) the person possessing the weapon was under
32	21 years of age and in possession of a handgun as
33	defined in Section 24-3, unless the person under 21
3.4	is engaged in lawful activities under the Wildlife

- Code or described in subsection 24-2(b)(1), (b)(3), or 24-2(f).
- 3 (b) "Stun gun or taser" as used in this Section has the 4 same definition given to it in Section 24-1 of this Code.
- 5 (c) This Section does not apply to or affect the 6 transportation or-possession of weapons that:
- 7 (i) are broken down in a non-functioning 8 state; or
- 9 (ii) are not immediately accessible; or
- 10 (iii) are unloaded and enclosed in a ease,

  11 firearm carrying box or, shipping box, --er--ether

  12 eentainer by a person who has been issued a

  13 currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- (d) Sentence. Aggravated unlawful use of a weapon is a Class 4 felony; a second or subsequent offense is a Class 2 felony. Aggravated unlawful use of a weapon by a person who has been previously convicted of a felony in this State or another jurisdiction is a Class 2 felony.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 91-690, eff. 4-13-00.)
- 20 (720 ILCS 5/24-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-2)
- 21 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.
- 22 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10)
- 23 and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a 26 peace officer to assist in making arrests or preserving 27 the peace, while actually engaged in assisting such 28 officer.
- 29 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of 30 prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for 31 the detention of persons accused or convicted of an 32 offense, while in the performance of their official duty, 33 or while commuting between their homes and places of

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- (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance of their official duty.
- (4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment.
- as (5) Persons licensed private security contractors, private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or employed by an agency certified by the Department of Professional Regulation, if their duties include the carrying of a weapon under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1983, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment commuting between their homes and places of employment, provided that such commuting is accomplished within one hour from departure from home or place of employment, as the case may be. Persons exempted under this subdivision (a)(5) shall be required to have completed a course of study in firearms handling and training approved and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation as prescribed by Section 28 of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1983, prior to becoming eligible for this exemption. The Department of Professional Regulation shall provide suitable documentation demonstrating the successful completion of the prescribed firearms training. Such documentation shall be carried at all times when such persons are in

possession of a concealable weapon.

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- (6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or industrial operation as a security guard for the protection of persons employed and private property related to such commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as a security guard, is a member of a security force of at least 5 persons registered with the Department of Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training that includes the theory of enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm authorization card by the Department of Professional Conditions for the renewal of firearm Regulation. authorization cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act of 1983. Such authorization card shall be carried by the security guard at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.
- (7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of any investigation for the Commission.
  - (8) Persons employed by a financial institution for

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the protection of other employees and property related to such financial institution, while actually engaged in the performance of their duties, commuting between their homes and places of employment, or traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by such financial institution, provided that any person so employed has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which includes theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm authorization by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act Such firearm authorization card shall be of 1983. carried by the person so trained at all times when such person is in possession of a concealable weapon. purposes of this subsection, "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or company providing armored car services.

- (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the performance of his duties.
- (10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.
- (11) Investigators of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of

1	governors	of the	e Office	of the	State's	Attorneys
2	Appellate	Prosecut	or to car:	ry weapons	pursuant	to Section
3	7.06 of th	ne State'	s Attorne	ys Appella	te Proseci	utor's Act.

- (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.
- (13) Court Security Officers while in the performance of their official duties, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment, with the consent of the Sheriff.
- (13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission who has completed the background screening and training mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
- (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.
- (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:
  - (1) Members of any club or organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or private, and patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are using their firearms on those target ranges.
  - (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations while parading, with the special permission of the Governor.
  - (3) Licensed hunters, trappers or fishermen while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.
- 32 (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down 33 in a non-functioning state or are not immediately 34 accessible.

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- 1 (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect 2 any of the following:
  - (1) Peace officers while in performance of their official duties.
    - (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.
    - (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.
    - (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.
    - licensed under (5) Persons federal law to manufacture any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, or ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but only with respect to activities which are within the lawful scope of such business, such as the manufacture, transportation, or This exemption testing of such weapons or ammunition. does not authorize the general private possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, but only such possession and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing business described in this paragraph.

During transportation, such weapons shall be broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

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transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, when such activities are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the scope of his employment, where such activities involving such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately accessible.

- (d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase, possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace officer.
- (e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner, manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.
- (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.
- 33 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply to:

- 1 (1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces 2 of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, 3 while in the performance of their official duty.
  - (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military ordinance.
  - (3) Laboratories having a department of forensic ballistics, or specializing in the development of ammunition or explosive ordinance.
  - (4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed by the federal government, in connection with the supply of those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision (g)(1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons outside this State, or the transportation of explosive bullets to any organization or person exempted in this Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased by an exempted manufacturer.
  - (h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden of proving such an exemption.
  - (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned to a common carrier operating under license of the State of Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation, carrying, or possession is incident to the lawful transportation in which such common carrier is engaged;—and—nothing—in—this—Article——shall——prohibit;—apply to;—or—affect—the—transportation;—earrying;—or—possession—of any—pistol;—revolver;—stun—gun;—taser;—or—other—firearm;—not the—subject—of—and—regulated—by—subsection—24—1(a)(7)—or subsection—24—2(c)—of—this—Article;—which—is—unloaded—and enclosed—in—a—case;—firearm—carrying—box;—shipping—box;—or

- 1 other-container,-by-the-possessor-of-a-valid--Firearm--Owners
- 2 Identification-Card.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 91-287, eff. 1-1-00; 91-690, eff. 4-13-00.)
- 4 (720 ILCS 5/24-3.5)
- 5 Sec. 24-3.5. Unlawful purchase of a firearm.
- 6 (a) For purposes of this Section, "firearms transaction
- 7 record form" means a form:
- 8 (1) executed by a transferee of a firearm stating:
- 9 (i) the transferee's name and address (including county
- or similar political subdivision); (ii) whether the
- 11 transferee is a citizen of the United States; (iii) the
- transferee's State of residence; and (iv) the date and
- 13 place of birth, height, weight, and race of the
- 14 transferee; and
- 15 (2) on which the transferee certifies that he or
- she is not prohibited by federal law from transporting or
- shipping a firearm in interstate or foreign commerce or
- 18 receiving a firearm that has been shipped or transported
- in interstate or foreign commerce or possessing a firearm
- in or affecting commerce.
- 21 (b) A person commits the offense of unlawful purchase of
- 22 a firearm who knowingly purchases or attempts to purchase a
- 23 firearm with the intent to deliver that firearm to another
- 24 person who is prohibited by federal or State law from
- 25 possessing a firearm.
- 26 (c) A person commits the offense of unlawful purchase of
- 27 a firearm when he or she, in purchasing or attempting to
- 28 purchase a firearm, intentionally provides false or
- 29 misleading information on a United States Department of the
- 30 Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms firearms
- 31 transaction record form.
- 32 (d) Exemption. It is not a violation of subsection (b)
- 33 of this Section for a person to make a gift or loan of a

1	firearm to a person who is not prohibited by federal or State
2	law from possessing a firearm if the transfer of the firearm
3	is made in accordance with Section 3 of the Firearm Owners
4	Identification Card Act.
5	(e) Sentence.
6	(1) A person who commits the offense of unlawful
7	purchase of a firearm by purchasing a firearm with intent
8	to deliver the firearm in violation of subsection (b) or
9	by purchasing or attempting to purchase a firearm in
10	violation of subsection (c):
11	(A) is guilty of a Class 4 felony for
12	purchasing or attempting to purchase one firearm;
13	(B) is guilty of a Class 3 felony for
14	purchasing or attempting to purchase not less than 2
15	firearms and not more than 5 firearms at the same
16	time or within a one year period;
L7	(C) is guilty of a Class 2 felony for
18	purchasing or attempting to purchase not less than 6
19	firearms and not more than 10 firearms at the same
20	time or within a 2 year period;
21	(D) is guilty of a Class 1 felony for
22	purchasing or attempting to purchase not less than
23	11 firearms and not more than 20 firearms at the
24	same time or within a 3 year period;

(E) is guilty of a Class X felony for which

the person shall be sentenced to a term of

imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more

than 30 years for purchasing or attempting to

purchase not less than 21 firearms and not more than

30 firearms at the same time or within a 4 year

the person shall be sentenced to a term of

imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more

(F) is guilty of a Class X felony for which

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period;

1	thar	n 40	yea	ars	for	purc	hasing	<u>or</u>	atter	<u> </u>	<u>g to</u>
2	pur	<u>chase</u>	not	less	than	31	firearms	s an	d not	more	than
3	40	firea	arms	at	the	sam	ne time	or	withir	ı a 5	year
4	per	iod;									

- (G) is guilty of a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 50 years for purchasing or attempting to purchase more than 40 firearms at the same time or within a 6 year period.
- 11 (2) In addition to any other penalty that may be 12 imposed for a violation of this Section, the court may 13 sentence a person convicted of a violation of subsection 14 (c) of this Section to a fine not to exceed \$250,000 for 15 each violation.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 91-265, eff. 1-1-00.)

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17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.