92_HB0278 LRB9203893SMdv

- 1 AN ACT concerning taxation.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing
- 5 Section 2 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 105/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.2)
- "Use" means the exercise by any person of any 7 Sec. 2. 8 right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership of that property, except that it does not 9 include the sale of such property in any form as tangible 10 personal property in the regular course of business to the 11 extent that such property is not first subjected to a use for 12 13 which it was purchased, and does not include the use of such property by its owner for demonstration purposes: Provided 14 15 that the property purchased is deemed to be purchased for the 16 purpose of resale, despite first being used, to the extent to which it is resold as an ingredient of an intentionally 17 18 produced product or by-product of manufacturing. "Use" does 19 not mean the demonstration use or interim use of tangible 20 personal property by a retailer before he sells that tangible personal property. For watercraft or aircraft, if the period 21 22 of demonstration use or interim use by the retailer exceeds 18 months, the retailer shall pay on the retailers' original 23 cost price the tax imposed by this Act, and no credit for 24 that tax is permitted if the watercraft or aircraft is 25 26 subsequently sold by the retailer. "Use" does not mean the 27 physical incorporation of tangible personal property, to the extent not first subjected to a use for which it was 28 29 purchased, as an ingredient or constituent, into other tangible personal property (a) which is sold in the regular 30 course of business or (b) which the person incorporating such 31

- 1 ingredient or constituent therein has undertaken at the time
- of such purchase to cause to be transported in interstate
- 3 commerce to destinations outside the State of Illinois:
- 4 Provided that the property purchased is deemed to be
- 5 purchased for the purpose of resale, despite first being
- 6 used, to the extent to which it is resold as an ingredient of
- 7 an intentionally produced product or by-product of
- 8 manufacturing.
- 9 "Watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4
- 10 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration
- 11 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped
- 12 with an inboard motor.
- 13 "Purchase at retail" means the acquisition of the
- ownership of or title to tangible personal property through a
- 15 sale at retail.
- 16 "Purchaser" means anyone who, through a sale at retail,
- 17 acquires the ownership of tangible personal property for a
- 18 valuable consideration.
- "Sale at retail" means any transfer of the ownership of
- 20 or title to tangible personal property to a purchaser,
- 21 <u>including an Internet transfer</u>, for the purpose of use, and
- 22 not for the purpose of resale in any form as tangible
- 23 personal property to the extent not first subjected to a use
- 24 for which it was purchased, for a valuable consideration:
- 25 Provided that the property purchased is deemed to be
- 26 purchased for the purpose of resale, despite first being
- used, to the extent to which it is resold as an ingredient of
- 28 an intentionally produced product or by-product of
- 29 manufacturing. For this purpose, slag produced as an
- 30 incident to manufacturing pig iron or steel and sold is
- 31 considered to be an intentionally produced by-product of
- 32 manufacturing. "Sale at retail" includes any such transfer
- 33 made for resale unless made in compliance with Section 2c of
- 34 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, as incorporated by

1 reference into Section 12 of this Act. Transactions whereby

2 the possession of the property is transferred but the seller

3 retains the title as security for payment of the selling

4 price are sales.

5 "Sale at retail" shall also be construed to include any

6 Illinois florist's sales transaction in which the purchase

7 order is received in Illinois by a florist and the sale is

8 for use or consumption, but the Illinois florist has a

florist in another state deliver the property to the

purchaser or the purchaser's donee in such other state.

Nonreusable tangible personal property that is used by persons engaged in the business of operating a restaurant, cafeteria, or drive-in is a sale for resale when it is transferred to customers in the ordinary course of business as part of the sale of food or beverages and is used to deliver, package, or consume food or beverages, regardless of where consumption of the food or beverages occurs. Examples of those items include, but are not limited to nonreusable, paper and plastic cups, plates, baskets, boxes, sleeves, buckets or other containers, utensils, straws, placemats, napkins, doggie bags, and wrapping or packaging materials that are transferred to customers as part of the sale of food or beverages in the ordinary course of business.

The purchase, employment and transfer of such tangible personal property as newsprint and ink for the primary purpose of conveying news (with or without other information) is not a purchase, use or sale of tangible personal property.

"Selling price" means the consideration for a sale valued in money whether received in money or otherwise, including cash, credits, property other than as hereinafter provided, and services, but not including the value of or credit given for traded-in tangible personal property where the item that is traded-in is of like kind and character as that which is being sold, and shall be determined without any deduction on

1 account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of 2 materials used, labor or service cost or any other expense whatsoever, but does not include interest or finance charges 3 4 which appear as separate items on the bill of sale or sales 5 contract nor charges that are added to prices by sellers on 6 account of the seller's tax liability under the "Retailers' Occupation Tax Act", or on account of the seller's duty to 7 8 collect, from the purchaser, the tax that is imposed by this 9 Act, or on account of the seller's tax liability under Section 8-11-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code, as heretofore 10 11 and hereafter amended, or on account of the seller's tax liability under the "County Retailers' Occupation Tax Act". 12 Effective December 1, 1985, "selling price" shall include 13 charges that are added to prices by sellers on account of the 14 15 seller's tax liability under the Cigarette Tax Act, 16 account of the seller's duty to collect, from the purchaser, the tax imposed under the Cigarette Use Tax Act, and on 17 account of the seller's duty to collect, from the purchaser, 18 19 any cigarette tax imposed by a home rule unit. 20

The phrase "like kind and character" shall be liberally construed (including but not limited to any form of motor vehicle for any form of motor vehicle, or any kind of farm or agricultural implement for any other kind of farm or agricultural implement), while not including a kind of item which, if sold at retail by that retailer, would be exempt from retailers' occupation tax and use tax as an isolated or occasional sale.

"Department" means the Department of Revenue.

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"Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership,
association, joint stock company, joint adventure, public or
private corporation, limited liability company, or a
receiver, executor, trustee, guardian or other representative
appointed by order of any court.

"Retailer" means and includes every person engaged in the

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business of making sales at retail as defined in this
Section.

A person who holds himself or herself out as being engaged (or who habitually engages) in selling tangible personal property at retail is a retailer hereunder with respect to such sales (and not primarily in a service occupation) notwithstanding the fact that such person designs and produces such tangible personal property on special order for the purchaser and in such a way as to render the property of value only to such purchaser, if such tangible personal property so produced on special order serves substantially the same function as stock or standard items of tangible personal property that are sold at retail.

A person whose activities are organized and conducted primarily as a not-for-profit service enterprise, and who engages in selling tangible personal property at retail (whether to the public or merely to members and their guests) is a retailer with respect to such transactions, excepting only a person organized and operated exclusively charitable, religious or educational purposes either (1), to the extent of sales by such person to its members, students, patients or inmates of tangible personal property to be used primarily for the purposes of such person, or (2), to the extent of sales by such person of tangible personal property which is not sold or offered for sale by persons organized for profit. The selling of school books and school supplies by schools at retail to students is not "primarily for purposes of " the school which does such selling. This paragraph does not apply to nor subject to occasional dinners, social or similar activities of a person organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious or educational purposes, whether or not such activities are open to the public.

34 A person who is the recipient of a grant or contract

1 under Title VII of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (P.L.

2 92-258) and serves meals to participants in the federal

3 Nutrition Program for the Elderly in return for contributions

4 established in amount by the individual participant pursuant

to a schedule of suggested fees as provided for in the

federal Act is not a retailer under this Act with respect to

7 such transactions.

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Persons who engage in the business of transferring tangible personal property upon the redemption of trading stamps are retailers hereunder when engaged in such business.

The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal property at retail by a person who does not hold himself out as being engaged (or who does not habitually engage) in selling such tangible personal property at retail or a through a bulk vending machine does not make such person a retailer hereunder. However, any person who is engaged in a business which is not subject to the tax imposed by the "Retailers' Occupation Tax Act" because of involving the sale of or a contract to sell real estate or a construction contract to improve real estate, but who, in the course of conducting such business, transfers tangible property to users or consumers in the finished form in which it was purchased, and which does not become real estate, under any provision of a construction contract or real estate sale or real estate sales agreement entered into with some other person arising out of or because of such nontaxable is a retailer to the extent of the value of the business, tangible personal property so transferred. If, in such transaction, a separate charge is made for the tangible personal property so transferred, the value of such property, for the purposes of this Act, is the amount so separately charged, but not less than the cost of such property to the transferor; if no separate charge is made, the value of such property, for the purposes of this Act, is the cost to the

- 1 transferor of such tangible personal property.
- 2 "Retailer maintaining a place of business in this State",
- 3 or any like term, means and includes any of the following
- 4 retailers:

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- 1. A retailer having or maintaining within this State, directly or by a subsidiary, an distribution house, sales house, warehouse or other place business, or any agent or other representative operating within this State under the authority of the retailer or its subsidiary, irrespective of whether such place of business or agent or other representative is located here permanently or temporarily, or whether such retailer or subsidiary is licensed to do business in this State. However, the ownership of property that is located at the premises of a printer with which the retailer has contracted for printing and that consists of the final printed product, property that becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed product is produced shall not result in the retailer being deemed to have or maintain an office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, or other place of business within this State.
 - 2. A retailer soliciting orders for tangible personal property by means of a telecommunication or television shopping system (which utilizes toll free numbers) which is intended by the retailer to be broadcast by cable television or other means of broadcasting, to consumers located in this State.
 - 3. A retailer, pursuant to a contract with a broadcaster or publisher located in this State, soliciting orders for tangible personal property by means of advertising which is disseminated primarily to consumers located in this State and only secondarily to bordering jurisdictions.

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- 4. A retailer soliciting orders for tangible personal property by mail if the solicitations are substantial and recurring and if the retailer benefits from any banking, financing, debt collection, telecommunication, or marketing activities occurring in this State or benefits from the location in this State of authorized installation, servicing, or repair facilities.
 - 5. A retailer that is owned or controlled by the same interests that own or control any retailer engaging in business in the same or similar line of business in this State.
 - 6. A retailer having a franchisee or licensee operating under its trade name if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect the tax under this Section.
 - 7. A retailer, pursuant to a contract with a cable television operator located in this State, soliciting orders for tangible personal property by means of advertising which is transmitted or distributed over a cable television system in this State.
 - 8. A retailer engaging in activities in Illinois, which activities in the state in which the retail business engaging in such activities is located would constitute maintaining a place of business in that state.
 - 9. A retailer soliciting orders for tangible personal property by means of the Internet that is intended to be transmitted to consumers located in this State.
- "Bulk vending machine" means a nonelectrically operated
 vending machine, containing unsorted confections, nuts or
 other merchandise which, when a coin of a denomination not
 larger than one cent is inserted, are dispensed in equal
 portions, at random and without selection by the customer.
- 34 (Source: P.A. 90-289, eff. 8-1-97.)

- 1 Section 10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by 2 changing Section 2 as follows:
- 3 (35 ILCS 110/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.32)

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the State of Illinois.

- Sec. 2. "Use" means the exercise by any person of any 4 5 right or power over tangible personal property incident the ownership of that property, but does not include the sale 6 or use for demonstration by him of that property in any form 7 8 as tangible personal property in the regular course of business. "Use" does not mean the interim use of tangible 9 10 personal property nor the physical incorporation of tangible personal property, as an ingredient or constituent, into 11 other tangible personal property, (a) which is sold in the 12 of business or (b) which the person 13 regular course 14 incorporating such ingredient or constituent therein has
- "Purchased from a serviceman" means the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property through a sale of service.

undertaken at the time of such purchase to cause to be

transported in interstate commerce to destinations outside

- "Purchaser" means any person who, through a sale of service, acquires the ownership of, or title to, any tangible personal property.
- 24 "Cost price" means the consideration paid by serviceman for a purchase valued in money, whether paid in 25 money or otherwise, including cash, credits and services, and 26 27 shall be determined without any deduction on account of 28 supplier's cost of the property sold or on account of any 29 other expense incurred by the supplier. When a serviceman contracts out part or all of the services required in his 30 31 sale of service, it shall be presumed that the cost price to 32 the serviceman of the property transferred to him or her by 33 his or her subcontractor is equal to 50% of the

1 subcontractor's charges to the serviceman in the absence of

2 proof of the consideration paid by the subcontractor for the

- 3 purchase of such property.
- 4 "Selling price" means the consideration for a sale valued
- 5 in money whether received in money or otherwise, including
- 6 cash, credits and service, and shall be determined without
- 7 any deduction on account of the serviceman's cost of the
- 8 property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service
- 9 cost or any other expense whatsoever, but does not include
- 10 interest or finance charges which appear as separate items on
- 11 the bill of sale or sales contract nor charges that are added
- 12 to prices by sellers on account of the seller's duty to
- 13 collect, from the purchaser, the tax that is imposed by this
- 14 Act.
- "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- 16 "Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership,
- 17 association, joint stock company, joint venture, public or
- 18 private corporation, limited liability company, and any
- 19 receiver, executor, trustee, guardian or other representative
- 20 appointed by order of any court.
- "Sale of service" means any transaction except:
- 22 (1) a retail sale of tangible personal property
- 23 taxable under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under
- the Use Tax Act.
- 25 (2) a sale of tangible personal property for the
- 26 purpose of resale made in compliance with Section 2c of
- the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
- 28 (3) except as hereinafter provided, a sale or
- transfer of tangible personal property as an incident to
- the rendering of service for or by any governmental body,
- or for or by any corporation, society, association,
- 32 foundation or institution organized and operated
- 33 exclusively for charitable, religious or educational
- purposes or any not-for-profit corporation, society,

association, foundation, institution or organization which has no compensated officers or employees and which is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the limited liability company is organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes.

- (4) a sale or transfer of tangible personal property as an incident to the rendering of service for interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce or by lessors under a lease of one year or longer, executed or in effect at the time of purchase of personal property, to interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce so long as so used by such interstate carriers for hire, and equipment operated by a telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.
- (4a) a sale or transfer of tangible personal property as an incident to the rendering of service for owners, lessors, or shippers of tangible personal property which is utilized by interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce so long as so used by interstate carriers for hire, and equipment operated by a telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.
- (5) a sale or transfer of machinery and equipment used primarily in the process of the manufacturing or assembling, either in an existing, an expanded or a new manufacturing facility, of tangible personal property for

wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether such sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by some other person, whether the materials used in the process are owned by the manufacturer or some other person, or whether such sale or lease is made apart from or as an incident to the seller's engaging in a service occupation and the applicable tax is a Service Use Tax or Service Occupation Tax, rather than Use Tax or Retailers' Occupation Tax.

- (5a) the repairing, reconditioning or remodeling, for a common carrier by rail, of tangible personal property which belongs to such carrier for hire, and as to which such carrier receives the physical possession of the repaired, reconditioned or remodeled item of tangible personal property in Illinois, and which such carrier transports, or shares with another common carrier in the transportation of such property, out of Illinois on a standard uniform bill of lading showing the person who repaired, reconditioned or remodeled the property to a destination outside Illinois, for use outside Illinois.
- (5b) a sale or transfer of tangible personal property which is produced by the seller thereof on special order in such a way as to have made the applicable tax the Service Occupation Tax or the Service Use Tax, rather than the Retailers' Occupation Tax or the Use Tax, for an interstate carrier by rail which receives the physical possession of such property in Illinois, and which transports such property, or shares with another common carrier in the transportation of such property, out of Illinois on a standard uniform bill of lading showing the seller of the property as the shipper or consignor of such property to a destination outside Illinois, for use outside Illinois.
 - (6) a sale or transfer of distillation machinery

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and equipment, sold as a unit or kit and assembled or installed by the retailer, which machinery and equipment is certified by the user to be used only for the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal use of such user and not subject to sale or resale.

(7) at the election of any serviceman not required to be otherwise registered as a retailer under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, made for each fiscal year sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service. The purchase of such tangible personal property by the serviceman shall be subject to tax under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the Use Tax Act. However, if a primary serviceman who has made the election described in this paragraph subcontracts service work to a secondary serviceman who has also made the election described in this paragraph, the primary serviceman does not incur a Use Tax liability the secondary serviceman (i) has paid or will pay Use Tax on his or her cost price of any tangible personal property transferred to the primary serviceman and (ii) certifies that fact in writing to the primary serviceman. Tangible personal property transferred incident to the completion of a maintenance agreement is exempt from the tax

Exemption (5) also includes machinery and equipment used in the general maintenance or repair of such exempt machinery and equipment or for in-house manufacture of exempt machinery

imposed pursuant to this Act.

1 and equipment. For the purposes of exemption (5), each of 2 these terms shall have the following meanings: "manufacturing process" shall mean the production of any 3 4 article of tangible personal property, whether such article 5 is a finished product or an article for use in the process of 6 manufacturing or assembling a different article of tangible 7 personal property, by procedures commonly regarded 8 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, or refining which 9 changes some existing material or materials into a material with a different form, use or name. 10 In relation to a 11 recognized integrated business composed of a series of operations which collectively constitute manufacturing, or 12 individually constitute manufacturing 13 operations, the manufacturing process shall be deemed to commence with the 14 15 first operation or stage of production in the series, 16 shall not be deemed to end until the completion of the final product in the last operation or stage of production in 17 18 and further, for purposes of exemption (5), series; 19 photoprocessing is deemed to be a manufacturing process of tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale; (2) 20 2.1 "assembling process" shall mean the production of any article 22 of tangible personal property, whether such article is 23 finished product or an article for use in the process of manufacturing or assembling a different article of 24 tangible 25 personal property, by the combination of existing materials in a manner commonly regarded as assembling which results in 26 a material of a different form, use or name; (3) "machinery" 27 shall mean major mechanical machines or major components of 28 29 such machines contributing to a manufacturing or assembling 30 process; and (4) "equipment" shall include any independent device or tool separate from any machinery but essential to 31 32 an integrated manufacturing or assembly process; including computers used primarily in operating exempt machinery and 33 34 equipment in a computer assisted design, computer assisted

1 manufacturing (CAD/CAM) system; or any subunit or assembly 2 comprising a component of any machinery or auxiliary, adjunct or attachment parts of machinery, such as tools, dies, jigs, 3 4 fixtures, patterns and molds; or any parts which require 5 periodic replacement in the course of normal operation; but 6 shall not include hand tools. The purchaser of such machinery 7 and equipment who has an active resale registration number shall furnish such number to the seller at the time of 8 9 purchase. The user of such machinery and equipment and tools without an active resale registration number shall prepare a 10 11 certificate of exemption for each transaction stating facts establishing the exemption for that transaction, 12 which shall be available to the Department for 13 certificate inspection or audit. The Department shall prescribe the form 14 15 of the certificate. 16

Any informal rulings, opinions or letters issued by 17 Department in response to an inquiry or request for any 18 opinion from any person regarding the coverage and 19 applicability of exemption (5) to specific devices shall be published, maintained as a public record, and made available 20 21 for public inspection and copying. If the informal ruling, 22 opinion or letter contains trade secrets or other 23 confidential information, where possible the Department shall delete such information prior to publication. Whenever such 24 25 informal rulings, opinions, or letters contain any policy of general applicability, the Department shall formulate and 26 adopt such policy as a rule in accordance with the provisions 27 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. 28

On and after July 1, 1987, no entity otherwise eligible under exemption (3) of this Section shall make tax free purchases unless it has an active exemption identification number issued by the Department.

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33 The purchase, employment and transfer of such tangible 34 personal property as newsprint and ink for the primary

- 1 purpose of conveying news (with or without other information)
- 2 is not a purchase, use or sale of service or of tangible
- 3 personal property within the meaning of this Act.
- 4 "Serviceman" means any person who is engaged in the
- 5 occupation of making sales of service.
- 6 "Sale at retail" means "sale at retail" as defined in the
- 7 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
- 8 "Supplier" means any person who makes sales of tangible
- 9 personal property to servicemen for the purpose of resale as
- 10 an incident to a sale of service.
- 11 "Serviceman maintaining a place of business in this
- 12 State", or any like term, means and includes any serviceman:
- 1. having or maintaining within this State,
- 14 directly or by a subsidiary, an office, distribution
- house, sales house, warehouse or other place of business,
- or any agent or other representative operating within
- 17 this State under the authority of the serviceman or its
- subsidiary, irrespective of whether such place of
- 19 business or agent or other representative is located here
- 20 permanently or temporarily, or whether such serviceman or
- 21 subsidiary is licensed to do business in this State;
- 2. soliciting orders for tangible personal property
- 23 by means of a telecommunication or television shopping
- 24 system (which utilizes toll free numbers) which is
- intended by the retailer to be broadcast by cable
- 26 television or other means of broadcasting, to consumers
- 27 located in this State;
- 3. pursuant to a contract with a broadcaster or
- 29 publisher located in this State, soliciting orders for
- 30 tangible personal property by means of advertising which
- is disseminated primarily to consumers located in this
- 32 State and only secondarily to bordering jurisdictions;
- 4. soliciting orders for tangible personal property
- 34 by mail if the solicitations are substantial and

1	recurring	and if the	retailer be	enefits f	from any	/ banki	.ng,
2	financing,	debt o	collection,	teleco	ommunica	ation,	or
3	marketing	activities	occurring	in this	State o	or benef	its
4	from the	location	in this	State	of	authori	zed
5	installati	on, servici	ing, or repa	air facil	lities;		

- 5. being owned or controlled by the same interests which own or control any retailer engaging in business in the same or similar line of business in this State;
- 6. having a franchisee or licensee operating under its trade name if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect the tax under this Section;
- 7. pursuant to a contract with a cable television operator located in this State, soliciting orders for tangible personal property by means of advertising which is transmitted or distributed over a cable television system in this State; or
- 8. engaging in activities in Illinois, which activities in the state in which the supply business engaging in such activities is located would constitute maintaining a place of business in that state; or
- 9. soliciting orders for tangible personal property
 by means of the Internet that is intended to be
 transmitted to consumers in this State.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99.)

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- 25 Section 15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by 26 changing Section 2 as follows:
- 27 (35 ILCS 115/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.102)
- Sec. 2. "Transfer" means any transfer of the title to property or of the ownership of property, including an Internet transfer, whether or not the transferor retains title as security for the payment of amounts due him from the transferee.

1 "Cost Price" means the consideration paid by the 2 serviceman for a purchase valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, including cash, credits and services, and 3 4 shall be determined without any deduction on account of the supplier's cost of the property sold or on account of any 5 other expense incurred by the supplier. When a serviceman 6 7 contracts out part or all of the services required in his sale of service, it shall be presumed that the cost price to 8 9 the serviceman of the property transferred to him by his or her subcontractor is equal to 50% of the subcontractor's 10 11 charges to the serviceman in the absence of proof of the consideration paid by the subcontractor for the purchase of 12 13 such property.

"Department" means the Department of Revenue.

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"Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint venture, public or private corporation, limited liability company, and any receiver, executor, trustee, guardian or other representative appointed by order of any court.

"Sale of Service" means any transaction except:

- 21 (a) A retail sale of tangible personal property taxable 22 under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Use Tax 23 Act.
- 24 (b) A sale of tangible personal property for the purpose 25 of resale made in compliance with Section 2c of the 26 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
- Except as hereinafter provided, a sale or transfer 27 of tangible personal property as an incident to the rendering 28 29 service for or by any governmental body or for or by any 30 corporation, society, association, foundation or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious 31 32 or educational purposes or any not-for-profit corporation, society, association, foundation, institution or organization 33 34 which has no compensated officers or employees and which is

- 1 organized and operated primarily for the recreation of
- 2 persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company
- 3 may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if
- 4 the limited liability company is organized and operated
- 5 exclusively for educational purposes.
- 6 (d) A sale or transfer of tangible personal property as
- 7 an incident to the rendering of service for interstate
- 8 carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in
- 9 interstate commerce or lessors under leases of one year or
- 10 longer, executed or in effect at the time of purchase, to
- 11 interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving
- 12 in interstate commerce, and equipment operated by a
- 13 telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier by
- 14 the Federal Communications Commission, which is permanently
- 15 installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate
- 16 commerce.
- 17 (d-1) A sale or transfer of tangible personal property
- 18 as an incident to the rendering of service for owners,
- 19 lessors or shippers of tangible personal property which is
- 20 utilized by interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling
- 21 stock moving in interstate commerce, and equipment operated
- 22 by a telecommunications provider, licensed as a common
- 23 carrier by the Federal Communications Commission, which is
- 24 permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in
- 25 interstate commerce.
- 26 (d-2) The repairing, reconditioning or remodeling, for a
- 27 common carrier by rail, of tangible personal property which
- 28 belongs to such carrier for hire, and as to which such
- 29 carrier receives the physical possession of the repaired,
- 30 reconditioned or remodeled item of tangible personal property
- 31 in Illinois, and which such carrier transports, or shares
- 32 with another common carrier in the transportation of such
- 33 property, out of Illinois on a standard uniform bill of
- 34 lading showing the person who repaired, reconditioned or

- 1 remodeled the property as the shipper or consignor of such
- 2 property to a destination outside Illinois, for use outside
- 3 Illinois.
- 4 (d-3) A sale or transfer of tangible personal property
- 5 which is produced by the seller thereof on special order in
- 6 such a way as to have made the applicable tax the Service
- 7 Occupation Tax or the Service Use Tax, rather than the
- 8 Retailers' Occupation Tax or the Use Tax, for an interstate
- 9 carrier by rail which receives the physical possession of
- 10 such property in Illinois, and which transports such
- 11 property, or shares with another common carrier in the
- 12 transportation of such property, out of Illinois on a
- 13 standard uniform bill of lading showing the seller of the
- 14 property as the shipper or consignor of such property to a
- destination outside Illinois, for use outside Illinois.
- 16 (d-4) Until January 1, 1997, a sale, by a registered
- 17 serviceman paying tax under this Act to the Department, of
- 18 special order printed materials delivered outside Illinois
- 19 and which are not returned to this State, if delivery is made
- 20 by the seller or agent of the seller, including an agent who
- 21 causes the product to be delivered outside Illinois by a
- 22 common carrier or the U.S. postal service.
- (e) A sale or transfer of machinery and equipment used
- 24 primarily in the process of the manufacturing or assembling,
- 25 either in an existing, an expanded or a new manufacturing
- 26 facility, of tangible personal property for wholesale or
- 27 retail sale or lease, whether such sale or lease is made
- 28 directly by the manufacturer or by some other person, whether
- 29 the materials used in the process are owned by the
- 30 manufacturer or some other person, or whether such sale or
- 31 lease is made apart from or as an incident to the seller's
- 32 engaging in a service occupation and the applicable tax is a
- 33 Service Occupation Tax or Service Use Tax, rather than
- 34 Retailers' Occupation Tax or Use Tax.

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- (f) The sale or transfer of distillation machinery and equipment, sold as a unit or kit and assembled or installed by the retailer, which machinery and equipment is certified by the user to be used only for the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal use of such user and not subject to sale or resale.
 - (g) At the election of any serviceman not required to be otherwise registered as a retailer under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, made for each fiscal year sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35% (75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production) of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service. The purchase of such tangible personal property by the serviceman shall be subject to tax under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the Use Tax Act. However, if a primary serviceman who has made the election described in this paragraph subcontracts service work to a secondary serviceman who has also made the election described in this paragraph, the primary serviceman not incur a Use Tax liability if the secondary serviceman (i) has paid or will pay Use Tax on his or her cost price of any tangible personal property transferred to the primary serviceman and (ii) certifies that fact in writing to the primary serviceman.
- Tangible personal property transferred incident to the completion of a maintenance agreement is exempt from the tax imposed pursuant to this Act.
- Exemption (e) also includes machinery and equipment used in the general maintenance or repair of such exempt machinery and equipment or for in-house manufacture of exempt machinery and equipment. For the purposes of exemption (e), each of

1 these terms shall have the following meanings: (1)2 "manufacturing process" shall mean the production of any article of tangible personal property, whether such article 3 4 is a finished product or an article for use in the process of 5 manufacturing or assembling a different article of tangible б personal property, by procedures commonly regarded as 7 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, or refining which 8 some existing material or materials into a material 9 with a different form, use or name. In relation to recognized integrated business composed of a series of 10 11 operations which collectively constitute manufacturing, or individually constitute manufacturing 12 operations, the manufacturing process shall be deemed to commence with 13 t.he first operation or stage of production in the series, and 14 15 shall not be deemed to end until the completion of the final 16 product in the last operation or stage of production in the 17 series; and further for purposes of exemption photoprocessing is deemed to be a manufacturing process of 18 19 tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale; (2) 20 "assembling process" shall mean the production of any article 2.1 of tangible personal property, whether such article is a 22 finished product or an article for use in the process of 23 manufacturing or assembling a different article of tangible personal property, by the combination of existing materials 24 25 in a manner commonly regarded as assembling which results in a material of a different form, use or name; (3) 26 "machinery" shall mean major mechanical machines or major components of 27 such machines contributing to a manufacturing or assembling 28 29 and (4) "equipment" shall include any independent 30 device or tool separate from any machinery but essential to an integrated manufacturing or assembly process; including 31 32 computers used primarily in operating exempt machinery and in a computer assisted design, computer assisted 33 equipment 34 manufacturing (CAD/CAM) system; or any subunit or assembly

comprising a component of any machinery or auxiliary, adjunct or attachment parts of machinery, such as tools, dies, jigs,

fixtures, patterns and molds; or any parts which require

periodic replacement in the course of normal operation; but

shall not include hand tools. The purchaser of such machinery

and equipment who has an active resale registration number

shall furnish such number to the seller at the time of

purchase. The purchaser of such machinery and equipment and

tools without an active resale registration number shall

furnish to the seller a certificate of exemption for each

transaction stating facts establishing the exemption for that

transaction, which certificate shall be available to the

13 Department for inspection or audit.

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The rolling stock exemption applies to rolling stock used by an interstate carrier for hire, even just between points in Illinois, if such rolling stock transports, for hire, persons whose journeys or property whose shipments originate or terminate outside Illinois.

Any informal rulings, opinions or letters issued by the Department in response to an inquiry or request for any opinion from any person regarding the coverage and applicability of exemption (e) to specific devices shall be published, maintained as a public record, and made available for public inspection and copying. If the informal ruling, letter contains trade opinion orsecrets or other confidential information, where possible the Department shall delete such information prior to publication. Whenever informal rulings, opinions, or letters contain any policy of general applicability, the Department shall formulate and adopt such policy as a rule in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.

On and after July 1, 1987, no entity otherwise eligible under exemption (c) of this Section shall make tax free purchases unless it has an active exemption identification

- 1 number issued by the Department.
- 2 "Serviceman" means any person who is engaged in the
- 3 occupation of making sales of service.
- 4 "Sale at Retail" means "sale at retail" as defined in the
- 5 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
- 6 "Supplier" means any person who makes sales of tangible
- 7 personal property to servicemen for the purpose of resale as
- 8 an incident to a sale of service.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99.)
- 10 Section 20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
- 11 by changing Section 1 as follows:
- 12 (35 ILCS 120/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 440)
- 13 Sec. 1. Definitions.
- 14 "Sale at retail" means any transfer of the ownership of
- or title to tangible personal property to a purchaser,
- 16 <u>including an Internet transfer</u>, for the purpose of use or
- 17 consumption, and not for the purpose of resale in any form as
- 18 tangible personal property to the extent not first subjected
- 19 to a use for which it was purchased, for a valuable
- 20 consideration: Provided that the property purchased is
- 21 deemed to be purchased for the purpose of resale, despite
- 22 first being used, to the extent to which it is resold as an
- 23 ingredient of an intentionally produced product or byproduct
- 24 of manufacturing. For this purpose, slag produced as an
- 25 incident to manufacturing pig iron or steel and sold is
- 26 considered to be an intentionally produced byproduct of
- 27 manufacturing. Transactions whereby the possession of the
- 28 property is transferred but the seller retains the title as
- 29 security for payment of the selling price shall be deemed to
- 30 be sales.
- 31 "Sale at retail" shall be construed to include any
- 32 transfer of the ownership of or title to tangible personal

1 property to a purchaser, for use or consumption by any other

2 person to whom such purchaser may transfer the tangible

3 personal property without a valuable consideration, and to

include any transfer, whether made for or without a valuable

consideration, for resale in any form as tangible personal

property unless made in compliance with Section 2c of this

7 Act.

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Sales of tangible personal property, which property, to the extent not first subjected to a use for which it was purchased, as an ingredient or constituent, goes into and forms a part of tangible personal property subsequently the subject of a "Sale at retail", are not sales at retail as defined in this Act: Provided that the property purchased is deemed to be purchased for the purpose of resale, despite first being used, to the extent to which it is resold as an

17 of manufacturing.

"Sale at retail" shall be construed to include any Illinois florist's sales transaction in which the purchase order is received in Illinois by a florist and the sale is for use or consumption, but the Illinois florist has a florist in another state deliver the property to the purchaser or the purchaser's donee in such other state.

ingredient of an intentionally produced product or byproduct

Nonreusable tangible personal property that is used by persons engaged in the business of operating a restaurant, cafeteria, or drive-in is a sale for resale when it is transferred to customers in the ordinary course of business as part of the sale of food or beverages and is used to deliver, package, or consume food or beverages, regardless of where consumption of the food or beverages occurs. Examples of those items include, but are not limited to nonreusable, paper and plastic cups, plates, baskets, boxes, sleeves, buckets or other containers, utensils, straws, placemats, napkins, doggie bags, and wrapping or packaging materials

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that are transferred to customers as part of the sale of food or beverages in the ordinary course of business.

The purchase, employment and transfer of such tangible personal property as newsprint and ink for the primary purpose of conveying news (with or without other information) is not a purchase, use or sale of tangible personal property.

A person whose activities are organized and conducted primarily as a not-for-profit service enterprise, and who engages in selling tangible personal property at retail (whether to the public or merely to members and their guests) is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail with respect to such transactions, excepting only a person organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious or educational purposes either (1), to the extent of sales by such person to its members, students, patients or inmates of tangible personal property to be used primarily for the purposes of such person, or (2), to the extent of sales by such person of tangible personal property which is not sold or offered for sale by persons organized for profit. The selling of school books and school supplies by schools at retail to students is not "primarily for the purposes of " the school which does such selling. provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to nor subject to taxation occasional dinners, socials or similar activities person organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious or educational purposes, whether or not such activities are open to the public.

A person who is the recipient of a grant or contract under Title VII of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (P.L. 92-258) and serves meals to participants in the federal Nutrition Program for the Elderly in return for contributions established in amount by the individual participant pursuant to a schedule of suggested fees as provided for in the federal Act is not engaged in the business of selling

- 1 tangible personal property at retail with respect to such
- 2 transactions.
- 3 "Purchaser" means anyone who, through a sale at retail,
- 4 acquires the ownership of or title to tangible personal
- 5 property for a valuable consideration.
- 6 "Reseller of motor fuel" means any person engaged in the
- 7 business of selling or delivering or transferring title of
- 8 motor fuel to another person other than for use or
- 9 consumption. No person shall act as a reseller of motor fuel
- 10 within this State without first being registered as a
- 11 reseller pursuant to Section 2c or a retailer pursuant to
- 12 Section 2a.

- "Selling price" or the "amount of 13 sale" means t.he consideration for a sale valued in money whether received in 14 15 money or otherwise, including cash, credits, property, other 16 than as hereinafter provided, and services, but not including the value of or credit given for traded-in tangible personal 17 property where the item that is traded-in is of like kind and 18 19 character as that which is being sold, and shall be determined without any deduction on account of the cost of 20 21 the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or 22 service cost or any other expense whatsoever, but does not 23 include charges that are added to prices by sellers on account of the seller's tax liability under this Act, or on 24 25 account of the seller's duty to collect, from the purchaser, the tax that is imposed by the Use Tax Act, or on account of 26 the seller's tax liability under Section 8-11-1 of the 27 Illinois Municipal Code, as heretofore and hereafter amended, 28 29 or on account of the seller's tax liability under the County 30 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, or on account of the seller's
- 32 Retailers' Occupation Tax, or on account of the seller's tax

tax liability under the Home Rule Municipal Soft Drink

- 33 liability under any tax imposed under the "Regional
- 34 Transportation Authority Act", approved December 12, 1973.

- 1 Effective December 1, 1985, "selling price" shall include
- 2 charges that are added to prices by sellers on account of the
- 3 seller's tax liability under the Cigarette Tax Act, on
- 4 account of the sellers' duty to collect, from the purchaser,
- 5 the tax imposed under the Cigarette Use Tax Act, and on
- 6 account of the seller's duty to collect, from the purchaser,
- 7 any cigarette tax imposed by a home rule unit.
- 8 The phrase "like kind and character" shall be liberally
- 9 construed (including but not limited to any form of motor
- 10 vehicle for any form of motor vehicle, or any kind of farm or
- 11 agricultural implement for any other kind of farm or
- 12 agricultural implement), while not including a kind of item
- 13 which, if sold at retail by that retailer, would be exempt
- 14 from retailers' occupation tax and use tax as an isolated or
- 15 occasional sale.
- 16 "Gross receipts" from the sales of tangible personal
- 17 property at retail means the total selling price or the
- 18 amount of such sales, as hereinbefore defined. In the case
- 19 of charge and time sales, the amount thereof shall be
- 20 included only as and when payments are received by the
- 21 seller. Receipts or other consideration derived by a seller
- from the sale, transfer or assignment of accounts receivable
- 23 to a wholly owned subsidiary will not be deemed payments
- 24 prior to the time the purchaser makes payment on such
- 25 accounts.
- "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- 27 "Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership,
- 28 association, joint stock company, joint adventure, public or
- 29 private corporation, limited liability company, or a
- 30 receiver, executor, trustee, guardian or other representative
- 31 appointed by order of any court.
- The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal
- 33 property at retail by a person who does not hold himself out
- 34 as being engaged (or who does not habitually engage) in

selling such tangible personal property at retail, or a sale 2 through a bulk vending machine, does not constitute engaging in a business of selling such tangible personal property at 3 4 retail within the meaning of this Act; provided that any 5 person who is engaged in a business which is not subject to 6 the tax imposed by this Act because of involving the sale of 7 a contract to sell real estate or a construction contract 8 improve real estate or a construction contract 9 engineer, install, and maintain an integrated system of products, but who, in the course of conducting such business, 10 11 transfers tangible personal property to users or consumers in 12 the finished form in which it was purchased, and which does not become real estate or was not engineered and installed, 13 under any provision of a construction contract or real estate 14 15 sale or real estate sales agreement entered into with some 16 other person arising out of or because of such nontaxable business, is engaged in the business of selling tangible 17 18 personal property at retail to the extent of the value of the 19 tangible personal property so transferred. If, in such a transaction, a separate charge is made for the 20 tangible 21 personal property so transferred, the value of such property, 22 for the purpose of this Act, shall be the amount so 23 separately charged, but not less than the cost of such property to the transferor; if no separate charge is made, 24 25 the value of such property, for the purposes of this Act, is the cost to the transferor of such tangible 26 personal property. Construction contracts for the improvement of real 27 consisting of engineering, installation, 28 estate and 29 maintenance of voice, data, video, security, and all 30 telecommunication systems do not constitute engaging in a business of selling tangible personal property at retail 31 32 within the meaning of this Act if they are sold at one specified contract price. 33

A person who holds himself or herself out as 34 being

1 engaged (or who habitually engages) in selling tangible 2 personal property at retail is a person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail 3 4 hereunder with respect to such sales (and not primarily in a 5 service occupation) notwithstanding the fact that such person 6 designs and produces such tangible personal property on 7 special order for the purchaser and in such a way as to render the property of value only to such purchaser, if such 8 9 tangible personal property so produced on special order serves substantially the same function as stock or standard 10 11 items of tangible personal property that are sold at retail. 12

Persons who engage in the business of transferring tangible personal property upon the redemption of trading stamps are engaged in the business of selling such property at retail and shall be liable for and shall pay the tax imposed by this Act on the basis of the retail value of the property transferred upon redemption of such stamps.

"Bulk vending machine" means a nonelectrically operated vending machine, containing unsorted confections, nuts or other merchandise which, when a coin of a denomination not larger than one cent is inserted, are dispensed in equal portions, at random and without selection by the customer.

23 (Source: P.A. 90-289, eff. 8-1-97.)

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