

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2015 and 2016

SB3061

Introduced 2/19/2016, by Sen. Christine Radogno

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/201

from Ch. 120, par. 2-201

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning the tax imposed.

LRB099 20696 HLH 45324 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 201 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

7 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

8 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby 9 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust <u>and</u> and estate 10 for each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the 11 privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of 12 this State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other 13 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any 14 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

(b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by subsection (d-1):

(1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
year.

(2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending

1after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 221/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to3July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)43% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June530, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

6 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for 7 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending 8 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the 9 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and
ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum
of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

17 (5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for 18 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and 19 ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of 20 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period

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after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 6 7 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum 8 9 of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period 10 prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 11 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the 12 period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5. 13

14 (5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 15 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an 16 amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the 17 taxable year.

18 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
19 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
20 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, - 4 - LRB099 20696 HLH 45324 b

- SB3061
- 1

as calculated under Section 202.3.

(8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
income for the taxable year.

6 (9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 7 beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after 8 December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8% 9 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to 10 January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and 11 (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after 12 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to
January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's

- 5 - LRB099 20696 HLH 45324 b

1 net income for the taxable year.

(13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after
December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

9 (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 10 beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 11 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

12 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the 13 provisions of Section 201.5.

14 Personal Property Tax Replacement Income (C) Tax. 15 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such 16 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property 17 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership 18 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. 19 20 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property 21 22 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income 23 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by 24 25 this State or by any municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof. 26

- 6 - LRB099 20696 HLH 45324 b

(d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 1 2 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax 3 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S 4 5 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net 6 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 7 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this 8 9 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a 10 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an 11 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 12 for the taxable year.

13 (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the 14 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile 15 16 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax 17 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined 18 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except 19 20 that for purposes of this determination premiums from reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate 21 22 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending 23 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not 24 25 increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, 26

shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed 1 2 on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for 3 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes 4 5 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits 6 7 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such 8 income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the 9 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes a mutual insurer under common management. 10

(1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event
shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections
(b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

14 (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
15 insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
16 credits allowed under this Act, plus

17 (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company 18 19 tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation 20 Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under 21 Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code, 22 equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after 23 24 December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for 25 the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section

409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in

SB3061

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no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b)
 and (d).

3 (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
4 subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
5 by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
6 subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
7 Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
8 has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
9 subsection (d).

10 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of 11 Section 250.

(e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit
against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for
investment in qualified property.

15 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%16 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during 17 the taxable year, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an 18 19 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified 20 property placed in service during the taxable year, 21 provided such property is placed in service on or after 22 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within 23 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding 24 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records 25 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. 26 Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have

1 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they file employment records with the Illinois 2 3 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public 4 5 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing 6 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the 7 increase in base employment within Illinois over the 8 preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall 9 be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the 10 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 11 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall 12 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 13 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may 14 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year 15 other than the year in which the property was placed in 16 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after 17 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the 18 19 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the 20 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it 21 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later 22 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to 23 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the 24 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments 25 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time 26 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an

enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois 1 2 Act and (iii) is certified by the Enterprise Zone 3 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) 4 as 5 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and 6 7 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic 8 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all 9 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending 10 after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for 11 the tax year in which the property is placed in service, 12 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 13 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or 14 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried 15 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 16 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall 17 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 18 19 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit 20 shall be applied first.

(2) The term "qualified property" means propertywhich:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
signs that are real property, but not including land or
improvements to real property that are not a structural

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component of a building such as landscaping, sewer lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and other appurtenances;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
(e);

(C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is 12 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal 13 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment 14 established pursuant 15 Zone to the River Edge 16 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

17 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in
18 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
19 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or
20 subsection (f).

21 (3) For purposes of this subsection (e), 22 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production 23 tangible personal property by procedures commonly of regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or 24 25 assembling which changes some existing material into new 26 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of

this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same 1 meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the 2 3 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal 4 5 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or 6 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible 7 personal property for use or consumption and not for 8 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible 9 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term 10 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for 11 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not 12 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity. 13

14 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
15 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
16 income tax purposes.

(5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.

(6) The term "placed in service" shall have the samemeaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of

any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 1 2 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property 3 Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 4 5 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 6 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 7 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 8 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 9 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 10 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of 11 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 12 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction. 13

(8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred
pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
December 31, 2018.

19 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, 20 a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the 21 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this 22 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the 23 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only 24 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this 25 Section. If the partnership makes that election, those 26 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the

partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in 1 2 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules 3 promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that 4 5 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on 6 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for 7 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits 8 shall be irrevocable.

9 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, 10 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction 11 under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) 12 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of 13 14 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be 15 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its 16 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during 17 the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S determined 18 corporation, in accordance with the 19 determination of income and distributive share of income 20 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal 21 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 22 of Section 250.

23 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge
24 Redevelopment Zone.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the
 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for

1 investment in qualified property which is placed in service in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois 2 3 Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone 4 5 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 6 Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S 7 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, 8 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for 9 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall 10 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be 11 determined in accordance with the determination of income 12 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit 13 14 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit 15 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the 16 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to 17 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for 18 19 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 20 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 21 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in 22 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount 23 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, 24 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability 25 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and 26 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years

1 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be 2 applied to the earliest year for which there is a 3 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 4 that is available to offset a liability, the credit 5 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

9 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the 10 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" 11 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 12 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 13 (f);

14 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
15 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

(E) has not been previously used in Illinois in
such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
the credit provided by this subsection (f) or
subsection (e).

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed

in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such
 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
 date of such increase in basis.

5 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same 6 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to 8 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 9 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 10 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone 11 or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after 12 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections 13 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be 14 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 15 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 16 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 17 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 18 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 19 20 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of 21 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 22 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 23 property to the extent of such reduction.

(7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal
to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in
service during the taxable year in a River Edge

Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in 1 2 service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base 3 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's 4 the 5 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of 6 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base 7 8 employment for the first year in which they file employment 9 records with the Illinois Department of Employment 10 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment 11 within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, 12 the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage 13 times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the 14 denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

- 15 (g) (Blank).
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(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

17 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be 18 19 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 20 and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified 21 property which is placed in service by a Department of 22 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact 23 Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such 24 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the 25 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 26

1 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois 2 3 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact Businesses under subdivisions (a) (3) (B), (a) (3) (C), and 4 5 (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone 6 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would 7 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by 8 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The 9 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the 10 taxable year in which such investments have been completed. 11 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum 12 investment by a designated high impact business authorized under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 13 14 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable 15 year in which the property is placed in service and shall 16 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 17 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending 18 19 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed 20 for the tax year in which the property is placed in 21 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 22 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 23 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 24 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 25 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 26 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which

there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

4 Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 5 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and 6 reflect existing law.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

10 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the 11 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" 12 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 13 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 14 (h);

15 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
16 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

17 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
18 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
19 Section.

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of

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SB3061

such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.

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(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before 5 December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified 6 7 property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months 8 after being placed in service, or the situs of any 9 qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 10 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under 11 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable 12 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have 13 14 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property 15 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from 16 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed 17 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the 18 19 basis of qualified property resulting from а 20 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a 21 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such 22 reduction.

(7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31,
1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this
subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and
the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of

the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

7 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 8 Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit 9 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 10 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and 11 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by 12 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 13 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois 14 15 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 16 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

17 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed 18 19 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original 20 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried 21 22 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections 23 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any 24 25 year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be 26 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a

1 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more 2 than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the 3 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied 4 first.

5 If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 6 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 7 Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax 8 9 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by 10 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax 11 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the 12 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different 13 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable year to reduce the amount of credit claimed. 14

(j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years 15 16 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 17 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all 18 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by 19 20 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational 21 22 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled 23 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax 24 25 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such 26 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S

1 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the 2 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 3 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 4 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance 5 with the determination of income and distributive share of 6 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 7 Internal Revenue Code.

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in 8 9 the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of 10 the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is 11 first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied 12 first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If 13 there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest 14 15 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No 16 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or 17 after December 31, 2003.

(k) Research and development credit. For tax years ending 18 after July 1, 1990 and prior to December 31, 2003, and 19 20 beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2016, a taxpayer shall be 21 22 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 23 (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this 24 State. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by 25 subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in 26

State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S 1 this 2 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 3 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 4 5 credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of 6 7 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 8 Internal Revenue Code.

9 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" 10 means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal 11 credit for increasing research activities which would be 12 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and 13 which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State" means the excess 14 15 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which 16 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, 17 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base 18 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately 19 20 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being made. 21

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs

first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003.

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 4 5 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest year will be applied first against the tax liability for the 6 7 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still 8 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be 9 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax 10 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused 11 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next 12 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more 13 14 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the 15 credit is given was incurred.

No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999.

19

(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

20 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a 21 22 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) 23 of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation costs, 24 as specified in this subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed 25 26 eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under 1 2 Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were 3 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the 4 5 Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the 6 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed 7 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the 8 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not 9 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a 10 11 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site 12 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action Site 13 pursuant to the Remediation Program of the 14 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control 15 Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois 16 Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and 17 enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability 18 19 for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with 20 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" 21 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has 22 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code 23 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a 24 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of 25 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being 26 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The

credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 1 2 and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except 3 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site 4 5 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the 6 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 7 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The 8 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with 9 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and 10 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be 11 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in 12 accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and 13 14 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

15 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 16 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 17 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The 18 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of 19 20 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 21 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). 22 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 23 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 24 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 25 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 26 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under

this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 1 2 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 3 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 4 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect 5 the 6 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 7 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 8 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 9 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 10 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 11 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 12 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 13 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

14 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
15 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
16 Environmental Protection Act.

17 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian 18 of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit 19 20 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 21 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of 22 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of 23 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the 24 25 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a 26 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability

- under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt
 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.
- 3

For purposes of this subsection:

"Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) 4 are 5 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is 6 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is 7 8 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through 9 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in 10 this subsection.

"Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is enrolled during the regular school year.

"School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for the credit under this Section.

"Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

25 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax 26 credit.

(i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006, 1 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 2 3 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation 4 5 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" 6 7 costs approved by the Illinois Environmental means 8 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the 9 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing 10 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge 11 Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation 12 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must 13 14 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of 15 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is 16 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material 17 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under 18 19 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial 20 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit 21 22 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made 23 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control 24 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure 25 Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 26 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this

Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes 1 2 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the 3 Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs 4 5 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue 6 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any 7 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the 8 9 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of 10 \$100,000 per site.

11 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 12 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 13 14 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This 15 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 16 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 17 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 18 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 19 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 20 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 21 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 22 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 23 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 24 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 25 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 26 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to

1 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 2 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 3 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 4 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 5 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 6 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

7 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
8 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
9 Environmental Protection Act.

10 (o) For each of taxable years during the Compassionate Use 11 of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program, a surcharge is imposed on 12 all taxpayers on income arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets, depreciable business property, real property 13 14 used in the trade or business, and Section 197 intangibles of 15 an organization registrant under the Compassionate Use of 16 Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act. The amount of the surcharge 17 is equal to the amount of federal income tax liability for the taxable year attributable to those sales and exchanges. The 18 19 surcharge imposed does not apply if:

20 (1) the medical cannabis cultivation center 21 registration, medical cannabis dispensary registration, or 22 the property of a registration is transferred as a result 23 of any of the following:

(A) bankruptcy, a receivership, or a debt
adjustment initiated by or against the initial
registration or the substantial owners of the initial

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registration;

(B) cancellation, revocation, or termination of
any registration by the Illinois Department of Public
Health;

5 (C) a determination by the Illinois Department of 6 Public Health that transfer of the registration is in 7 the best interests of Illinois qualifying patients as 8 defined by the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis 9 Pilot Program Act;

10 (D) the death of an owner of the equity interest in11 a registrant;

12 (E) the acquisition of a controlling interest in
13 the stock or substantially all of the assets of a
14 publicly traded company;

(F) a transfer by a parent company to a whollyowned subsidiary; or

17 (G) the transfer or sale to or by one person to 18 another person where both persons were initial owners 19 of the registration when the registration was issued; 20 or

the cannabis cultivation center registration, 21 (2) 22 medical cannabis dispensary registration, or the 23 interest a registrant's property controlling in is transferred in a transaction to lineal descendants in which 24 25 no gain or loss is recognized or as a result of a transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal 26

SB3061 - 35 - LRB099 20696 HLH 45324 b

1 Revenue Code in which no gain or loss is recognized.

2 (Source: P.A. 97-2, eff. 5-6-11; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 97-905,

3 eff. 8-7-12; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756,

4 eff. 7-16-14.)