SB2403 Enrolled

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 1. This Act may be referred to as Gabby's Law.

5 Section 5. The Department of Public Health Powers and 6 Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is 7 amended by adding Section 2310-314 as follows:

8 (20 ILCS 2310/2310-314 new)

9 <u>Sec. 2310-314. Sepsis screening protocols. The Department</u>
 10 <u>shall adopt rules to implement Section 6.23a of the Hospital</u>
 11 <u>Licensing Act.</u>

Section 10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by adding Section 6.23a as follows:

14 (210 ILCS 85/6.23a new)

15 <u>Sec. 6.23a. Sepsis screening protocols.</u>

(a) Each hospital shall adopt, implement, and periodically
 update evidence-based protocols for the early recognition and
 treatment of patients with sepsis, severe sepsis, or septic
 shock (sepsis protocols) that are based on generally accepted
 standards of care. Sepsis protocols must include components

SB2403 Enrolled - 2 - LRB099 18409 MJP 42785 b

specific to the identification, care, and treatment of adults and of children, and must clearly identify where and when components will differ for adults and for children seeking treatment in the emergency department or as an inpatient. These protocols must also include the following components:

6 <u>(1) a process for the screening and early recognition</u> 7 <u>of patients with sepsis, severe sepsis, or septic shock;</u> 8 <u>(2) a process to identify and document individuals</u> 9 <u>appropriate for treatment through sepsis protocols,</u> 10 <u>including explicit criteria defining those patients who</u> 11 <u>should be excluded from the protocols, such as patients</u>

12 <u>with certain clinical conditions or who have elected</u>
13 <u>palliative care;</u>

14 <u>(3) guidelines for hemodynamic support with explicit</u> 15 physiologic and treatment goals, methodology for invasive 16 <u>or non-invasive hemodynamic monitoring, and timeframe</u> 17 <u>goals;</u>

18 <u>(4) for infants and children, guidelines for fluid</u> 19 <u>resuscitation consistent with current, evidence-based</u> 20 <u>guidelines for severe sepsis and septic shock with defined</u> 21 <u>therapeutic goals for children;</u>

(5) identification of the infectious source and delivery of early broad spectrum antibiotics with timely re-evaluation to adjust to narrow spectrum antibiotics targeted to identified infectious sources; and (6) criteria for use, based on accepted evidence of SB2403 Enrolled - 3 - LRB099 18409 MJP 42785 b

1	vasoactive agents.
2	(b) Each hospital shall ensure that professional staff with
3	direct patient care responsibilities and, as appropriate,
4	staff with indirect patient care responsibilities, including,
5	but not limited to, laboratory and pharmacy staff, are
6	periodically trained to implement the sepsis protocols
7	required under subsection (a). The hospital shall ensure
8	updated training of staff if the hospital initiates substantive
9	changes to the sepsis protocols.
10	(c) Each hospital shall be responsible for the collection
11	and utilization of quality measures related to the recognition
12	and treatment of severe sepsis for purposes of internal quality
13	improvement.
14	(d) The evidence-based protocols adopted under this
15	Section shall be provided to the Department upon the
16	Department's request.
17	(e) Hospitals submitting sepsis data as required by the
18	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Hospital Inpatient
19	Quality Reporting program as of fiscal year 2016 are presumed
20	to meet the sepsis protocol requirements outlined in this
21	Section.
22	(f) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall:
23	(1) recommend evidence-based sepsis definitions and
24	
24	metrics that incorporate evidence-based findings,
25	metrics that incorporate evidence-based findings, including appropriate antibiotic stewardship, and that

SB2403 Enrolled - 4 - LRB099 18409 MJP 42785 b

Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Agency for Healthcare
 Research and Quality, and the Joint Commission;

3 (2) establish and use a methodology for collecting, 4 analyzing, and disclosing the information collected under 5 this Section, including collection methods, formatting, 6 and methods and means for aggregate data release and 7 dissemination;

8 <u>(3) complete a digest of efforts and recommendations no</u> 9 <u>later than 12 months after the effective date of this</u> 10 <u>amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly; the digest may</u> 11 <u>include Illinois-specific data, trends, conditions, or</u> 12 <u>other clinical factors; a summary shall be provided to the</u> 13 <u>Governor and General Assembly and shall be publicly</u> 14 <u>available on the Department's website; and</u>

15 (4) consult and seek input and feedback prior to the proposal, publication, or issuance of any guidance, 16 methodologies, metrics, rulemaking, or any other 17 18 information authorized under this Section from statewide 19 organizations representing hospitals, physicians, advanced practice nurses, pharmacists, and long-term 20 care 21 facilities. Public and private hospitals, epidemiologists, 22 infection prevention professionals, health care informatics and health care data professionals, and 23 24 academic researchers may be consulted. 25 If the Department receives an appropriation and carries out

26 <u>the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), then the</u>

SB2403 Enrolled- 5 -LRB099 18409 MJP 42785 b1Department may adopt rules concerning the collection of data2from hospitals regarding sepsis and requiring that each3hospital shall be responsible for reporting to the Department.4Any publicly released hospital-specific information under5this Section is subject to data provisions specified in Section625 of the Hospital Report Card Act.

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon8 becoming law.