

Sen. Patricia Van Pelt

Filed: 4/14/2016

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09900SB2210sam002

LRB099 15836 HEP 47470 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2210 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 2210 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by 4 changing Sections 2, 7, 7.5, and 11 and by adding Section 7.2 5 6 as follows: 7 (5 ILCS 140/2) (from Ch. 116, par. 202) (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-478) 8 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act: 9 10 "Public body" means all legislative, executive, administrative, or advisory bodies of the State, state 11 12 universities and colleges, counties, townships, cities, villages, incorporated towns, school districts and all other 13 municipal corporations, boards, bureaus, committees, or 14

commissions of this State, any subsidiary bodies of any of the

foregoing including but not limited to committees and

- 1 subcommittees thereof, and a School Finance Authority created
- 2 under Article 1E of the School Code. "Public body" does not
- 3 include a child death review team or the Illinois Child Death
- 4 Review Teams Executive Council established under the Child
- 5 Death Review Team Act, or a regional youth advisory board or
- 6 the Statewide Youth Advisory Board established under the
- 7 Department of Children and Family Services Statewide Youth
- 8 Advisory Board Act.
- 9 (b) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
- 10 partnership, firm, organization or association, acting
- individually or as a group.
- 12 (c) "Public records" means all records, reports, forms,
- 13 writings, letters, memoranda, books, papers, maps,
- 14 photographs, microfilms, cards, tapes, recordings, electronic
- 15 data processing records, electronic communications, recorded
- information and all other documentary materials pertaining to
- 17 the transaction of public business, regardless of physical form
- or characteristics, having been prepared by or for, or having
- been or being used by, received by, in the possession of, or
- 20 under the control of any public body.
- 21 (c-5) "Private information" means unique identifiers,
- including a person's social security number, driver's license
- 23 number, employee identification number, biometric identifiers,
- 24 personal financial information, passwords or other access
- codes, medical records, home or personal telephone numbers, and
- 26 personal email addresses. Private information also includes

- 1 home address and personal license plates, except as otherwise
- provided by law or when compiled without possibility of 2
- 3 attribution to any person.
- 4 (c-10) "Commercial purpose" means the use of any part of a
- 5 public record or records, or information derived from public
- records, in any form for sale, resale, or solicitation or 6
- advertisement for sales or services. For purposes of this 7
- 8 definition, requests made by news media and non-profit,
- 9 scientific, or academic organizations shall not be considered
- to be made for a "commercial purpose" when the principal 10
- 11 purpose of the request is (i) to access and disseminate
- information concerning news and current or passing events, (ii) 12
- 13 for articles of opinion or features of interest to the public,
- 14 or (iii) for the purpose of academic, scientific, or public
- 15 research or education.
- 16 (d) "Copying" means the reproduction of any public record
- by means of any photographic, electronic, mechanical or other 17
- 18 process, device or means now known or hereafter developed and
- 19 available to the public body.
- 20 (e) "Head of the public body" means the president, mayor,
- 2.1 chairman, presiding officer, director, superintendent,
- 22 manager, supervisor or individual otherwise holding primary
- 23 executive and administrative authority for the public body, or
- 24 such person's duly authorized designee.
- 25 (f) "News media" means a newspaper or other periodical
- 26 issued at regular intervals whether in print or electronic

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format, a news service whether in print or electronic format, a radio station, a television station, a television network, a community antenna television service, or a person or corporation engaged in making news reels or other motion picture news for public showing.

(g) "Recurrent requester", as used in Section 3.2 of this Act, means a person that, in the 12 months immediately preceding the request, has submitted to the same public body (i) a minimum of 50 requests for records, (ii) a minimum of 15 requests for records within a 30-day period, or (iii) a minimum of 7 requests for records within a 7-day period. For purposes of this definition, requests made by news media and non-profit, scientific, or academic organizations shall not be considered in calculating the number of requests made in the time periods in this definition when the principal purpose of the requests is (i) to access and disseminate information concerning news and current or passing events, (ii) for articles of opinion or features of interest to the public, or (iii) for the purpose of academic, scientific, or public research or education.

For the purposes of this subsection (g), "request" means a written document (or oral request, if the public body chooses to honor oral requests) that is submitted to a public body via personal delivery, mail, telefax, electronic mail, or other means available to the public body and that identifies the particular public record the requester seeks. One request may identify multiple records to be inspected or copied.

(h) "Voluminous request" means a request that: (i) includes more than 5 individual requests for more than 5 different categories of records or a combination of individual requests that total requests for more than 5 different categories of records in a period of 20 business days; or (ii) requires the compilation of more than 500 letter or legal-sized pages of public records unless a single requested record exceeds 500 pages. "Single requested record" may include, but is not limited to, one report, form, e-mail, letter, memorandum, book, map, microfilm, tape, or recording.

"Voluminous request" does not include a request made by news media and non-profit, scientific, or academic organizations if the principal purpose of the request is: (1) to access and disseminate information concerning news and current or passing events; (2) for articles of opinion or features of interest to the public; or (3) for the purpose of academic, scientific, or public research or education.

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(j) "In-car video camera" has the meaning provided in

- Section 5 of the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Act. 1
- (k) "Officer-involved death" has the meaning provided in 2
- Section 1-5 of the Police and Community Relations Improvement 3
- 4 Act.
- 5 (1) "Officer-worn body camera" has the meaning provided in
- Section 5 of the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Act. 6
- (Source: P.A. 98-806, eff. 1-1-15; 98-1129, eff. 12-3-14; 7
- 99-78, eff. 7-20-15.) 8
- 9 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-478)
- Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act: 10
- "Public body" means all legislative, executive, 11
- administrative, or advisory bodies of the State, state 12
- 13 universities and colleges, counties, townships, cities,
- 14 villages, incorporated towns, school districts and all other
- 15 municipal corporations, boards, bureaus, committees, or
- commissions of this State, any subsidiary bodies of any of the 16
- foregoing including but not limited to committees and 17
- subcommittees thereof, and a School Finance Authority created 18
- 19 under Article 1E of the School Code. "Public body" does not
- include a child death review team or the Illinois Child Death 20
- Review Teams Executive Council established under the Child 21
- 22 Death Review Team Act, or a regional youth advisory board or
- 23 the Statewide Youth Advisory Board established under the
- 24 Department of Children and Family Services Statewide Youth
- 25 Advisory Board Act.

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- 1 (b) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
 2 partnership, firm, organization or association, acting
 3 individually or as a group.
 - (c) "Public records" means all records, reports, forms, writings, letters, memoranda, books, papers, maps, photographs, microfilms, cards, tapes, recordings, electronic data processing records, electronic communications, recorded information and all other documentary materials pertaining to the transaction of public business, regardless of physical form or characteristics, having been prepared by or for, or having been or being used by, received by, in the possession of, or under the control of any public body.
 - (c-5) "Private information" means unique identifiers, including a person's social security number, driver's license number, employee identification number, biometric identifiers, personal financial information, passwords or other access codes, medical records, home or personal telephone numbers, and personal email addresses. Private information also includes home address and personal license plates, except as otherwise provided by law or when compiled without possibility of attribution to any person.
 - (c-10) "Commercial purpose" means the use of any part of a public record or records, or information derived from public records, in any form for sale, resale, or solicitation or advertisement for sales or services. For purposes of this definition, requests made by news media and non-profit,

- 1 scientific, or academic organizations shall not be considered
- 2 to be made for a "commercial purpose" when the principal
- 3 purpose of the request is (i) to access and disseminate
- 4 information concerning news and current or passing events, (ii)
- 5 for articles of opinion or features of interest to the public,
- or (iii) for the purpose of academic, scientific, or public
- 7 research or education.
- 8 (d) "Copying" means the reproduction of any public record
- 9 by means of any photographic, electronic, mechanical or other
- 10 process, device or means now known or hereafter developed and
- 11 available to the public body.
- 12 (e) "Head of the public body" means the president, mayor,
- 13 chairman, presiding officer, director, superintendent,
- 14 manager, supervisor or individual otherwise holding primary
- 15 executive and administrative authority for the public body, or
- such person's duly authorized designee.
- 17 (f) "News media" means a newspaper or other periodical
- issued at regular intervals whether in print or electronic
- 19 format, a news service whether in print or electronic format, a
- 20 radio station, a television station, a television network, a
- 21 community antenna television service, or a person or
- 22 corporation engaged in making news reels or other motion
- 23 picture news for public showing.
- 24 (g) "Recurrent requester", as used in Section 3.2 of this
- 25 Act, means a person that, in the 12 months immediately
- 26 preceding the request, has submitted to the same public body

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(i) a minimum of 50 requests for records, (ii) a minimum of 15 requests for records within a 30-day period, or (iii) a minimum of 7 requests for records within a 7-day period. For purposes of this definition, requests made by news media and non-profit, scientific, or academic organizations shall not be considered in calculating the number of requests made in the time periods in this definition when the principal purpose of the requests is (i) to access and disseminate information concerning news and current or passing events, (ii) for articles of opinion or features of interest to the public, or (iii) for the purpose of academic, scientific, or public research or education.

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- 1 limited to, one report, form, e-mail, letter, memorandum, book,
- map, microfilm, tape, or recording. 2
- "Voluminous request" does not include a request made by 3
- 4 news media and non-profit, scientific, or academic
- 5 organizations if the principal purpose of the request is: (1)
- 6 to access and disseminate information concerning news and
- current or passing events; (2) for articles of opinion or 7
- 8 features of interest to the public; or (3) for the purpose of
- 9 academic, scientific, or public research or education.
- 10 For the purposes of this subsection (h), "request" means a
- 11 written document, or oral request, if the public body chooses
- to honor oral requests, that is submitted to a public body via 12
- 13 personal delivery, mail, telefax, electronic mail, or other
- means available to the public body and that identifies the 14
- 15 particular public record or records the requester seeks. One
- 16 request may identify multiple individual records to be
- 17 inspected or copied.
- (i) "Severance agreement" means a mutual agreement between 18
- 19 any public body and its employee for the employee's resignation
- 20 in exchange for payment by the public body.
- (j) "In-car video camera" has the meaning provided in 2.1
- 22 Section 5 of the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Act.
- (k) "Officer-involved death" has the meaning provided in 23
- 24 Section 1-5 of the Police and Community Relations Improvement
- 25 Act.
- (1) "Officer-worn body camera" has the meaning provided in 26

- Section 5 of the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Act. 1
- (Source: P.A. 98-806, eff. 1-1-15; 98-1129, eff. 12-3-14; 2
- 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-478, eff. 6-1-16.) 3
- 4 (5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)
- 5 Sec. 7. Exemptions.

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- (1) When a request is made to inspect or copy a public record that contains information that is exempt from disclosure under this Section, but also contains information that is not exempt from disclosure, the public body may elect to redact the information that is exempt. The public body shall make the remaining information available for inspection and copying. Subject to this requirement, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:
 - specifically prohibited (a) Information disclosure by federal or State law or rules and regulations implementing federal or State law.
 - (b) Private information, unless disclosure is required by another provision of this Act, a State or federal law or a court order.
 - (b-5) Files, documents, and other data or databases maintained by one or more law enforcement agencies and specifically designed to provide information to one or more law enforcement agencies regarding the physical or mental status of one or more individual subjects.
 - Personal information contained within public (C)

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records, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, unless the disclosure is consented to in writing by the individual subjects of the information. "Unwarranted invasion of personal privacy" means the disclosure of information that is highly personal or objectionable to a reasonable person and in which the subject's right to privacy outweighs any legitimate public interest in obtaining the information. The disclosure of information that bears on the public duties of public employees and officials shall not be considered an invasion of personal privacy.

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.2 of this Act, records Records in the possession of any public body created in the course of administrative enforcement proceedings, and any law enforcement or correctional agency for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that disclosure would:
 - (i) interfere with pending or actually and reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings conducted by any law enforcement or correctional agency that is the recipient of the request;
 - (ii) interfere with active administrative enforcement proceedings conducted by the public body that is the recipient of the request;
 - (iii) create a substantial likelihood that a person will be deprived of a fair trial or an impartial

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- (iv) unavoidably disclose the identity of a confidential source, confidential information furnished only by the confidential source, or persons who file complaints with or provide information to administrative, investigative, law enforcement, or penal agencies; except that the identities of witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue reports shall be provided by agencies of local government, except when disclosure would interfere with an active criminal investigation conducted by the agency that is the recipient of the request;
- (v) disclose unique or specialized investigative techniques other than those generally used and known or disclose internal documents of correctional agencies related to detection, observation or investigation of incidents of crime or misconduct, and disclosure would result in demonstrable harm to the agency or public body that is the recipient of the request;
- (vi) endanger the life or physical safety of law enforcement personnel or any other person; or
- (vii) obstruct an ongoing criminal investigation by the agency that is the recipient of the request.
- (d-5) A law enforcement record created for law enforcement purposes and contained in a shared electronic

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record management system if the law enforcement agency that is the recipient of the request did not create the record, did not participate in or have a role in any of the events which are the subject of the record, and only has access to the record through the shared electronic record management system.

- (e) Records that relate to or affect the security of correctional institutions and detention facilities.
- (e-5) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections if those materials are available in the library of the correctional facility where the inmate is confined.
- (e-6) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections if those materials include from staff members' personnel files, records rosters, or other staffing assignment information.
- (e-7) Records requested by persons committed to the Department of Corrections if those materials are available through an administrative request to the Department of Corrections.
- Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, (f) memoranda and other records in which opinions expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except that a specific record or relevant portion of a record shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and identified by the head of the public body. The exemption

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provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those records of officers and agencies of the General Assembly that pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.

Trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person or business where the trade secrets or commercial or financial information are furnished under a claim that they are proprietary, privileged or confidential, and that disclosure of the trade secrets or commercial or financial information would cause competitive harm to the person or business, and only insofar as the claim directly applies to the records requested.

The information included under this exemption includes all trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained by a public body, including a public pension fund, from a private equity fund or a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund as a result of either investing or evaluating a potential investment of public funds in a private equity fund. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the aggregate financial performance information of a private equity fund, nor to the identity of the fund's managers or general partners. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the identity of a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund, unless the disclosure of the identity of a privately held

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1 company may cause competitive harm.

> Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be construed to prevent a person or business from consenting to disclosure.

- (h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or agreement, including information which if disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an advantage any person proposing to enter into a contractor agreement with the body, until an award or final selection is made. Information prepared by or for the body in preparation of a bid solicitation shall be exempt until an award or final selection is made.
- (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems, designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced by any public body when disclosure could reasonably be expected to produce private gain or public loss. The exemption for "computer geographic systems" provided in this paragraph (i) does not extend to requests made by news media as defined in Section 2 of this Act when the requested information is not otherwise exempt and the only purpose of the request is to access and disseminate information regarding the health, safety, welfare, or legal rights of the general public.
- following information pertaining The to educational matters:
 - (i) test questions, scoring keys and other

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examination data used to administer an academic examination:

- (ii) information received by a primary secondary school, college, or university under its procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by their academic peers;
- (iii) information concerning a school university's adjudication of student disciplinary cases, but only to the extent that disclosure would unavoidably reveal the identity of the student; and
- (iv) course materials or research materials used by faculty members.
- (k) Architects' plans, engineers' technical submissions, and other construction related technical documents for projects not constructed or developed in whole or in part with public funds and the same for projects constructed or developed with public funds, including but not limited to power generating distribution stations and other transmission and distribution facilities, water treatment facilities, airport facilities, sport stadiums, convention centers, and all government owned, operated, or occupied buildings, but only to the extent that disclosure would compromise security.
- (1) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to the public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the

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public body makes the minutes available to the public under Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act.

- (m) Communications between a public body and an attorney or auditor representing the public body that would not be subject to discovery in litigation, and materials prepared or compiled by or for a public body in anticipation of a criminal, civil or administrative proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the public body, and materials prepared or compiled with respect to internal audits of public bodies.
- (n) Records relating to a public body's adjudication of employee grievances or disciplinary cases; however, this exemption shall not extend to the final outcome of cases in which discipline is imposed.
- (o) Administrative or technical information associated with automated data processing operations, including but not limited to software, operating protocols, computer program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object modules, load modules, user quides, documentation pertaining to all logical and physical design of computerized systems, employee manuals, and any other information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security of the system or its data or the security of materials exempt under this Section.
- (p) Records relating to collective negotiating matters public bodies between and their employees

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- 1 representatives, except that any final contract agreement shall be subject to inspection and copying. 2
 - (a) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to determine the qualifications of an applicant for a license or employment.
 - (r) The records, documents, and information relating real estate purchase negotiations until negotiations have been completed or otherwise terminated. With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually and reasonably contemplated eminent domain proceeding under the Eminent Domain Act, records, documents and information relating to that parcel shall be exempt except as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the Illinois Supreme Court. The records, documents information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt until a sale is consummated.
 - (s) Any and all proprietary information and records related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk management association or self-insurance pool or jointly self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool. Insurance self insurance (including orany intergovernmental risk management association or insurance pool) claims, loss or risk information, records, data, advice or communications.
 - Information contained in orrelated (t) examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by,

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on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions or insurance companies, unless disclosure is otherwise required by State law.

- (u) Information that would disclose or might lead to the disclosure of secret or confidential information, codes, algorithms, programs, or private keys intended to be used to create electronic or digital signatures under the Electronic Commerce Security Act.
- (v) Vulnerability assessments, security measures, and response policies or plans that are designed to identify, prevent, or respond to potential attacks upon a community's population or systems, facilities, or installations, the destruction or contamination of which would constitute a clear and present danger to the health or safety of the community, but only to the extent that disclosure could reasonably be expected to jeopardize the effectiveness of the measures or the safety of the personnel who implement them or the public. Information exempt under this item may include such things as details pertaining to the mobilization or deployment of personnel or equipment, to the operation of communication systems or protocols, or to tactical operations.
 - (w) (Blank).
- (x) Maps and other records regarding the location or security of generation, transmission, distribution,

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storage, gathering, treatment, or switching facilities owned by a utility, by a power generator, or by the Illinois Power Agency.

- (y) Information contained in or related to proposals, negotiations related to electric procurement under Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act that is determined to be confidential and proprietary by the Illinois Power Agency or by the Illinois Commerce Commission.
- Information about students (z)exempted from disclosure under Sections 10-20.38 or 34-18.29 of the School Code, and information about undergraduate students enrolled at an institution of higher education exempted from disclosure under Section 25 of the Illinois Credit Card Marketing Act of 2009.
- (aa) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the Viatical Settlements Act of 2009.
- (bb) Records and information provided to a mortality review team and records maintained by a mortality review team appointed under the Department of Juvenile Justice Mortality Review Team Act.
- (cc) Information regarding interments, entombments, or inurnments of human remains that are submitted to the Cemetery Oversight Database under the Cemetery Care Act or the Cemetery Oversight Act, whichever is applicable.

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- The names, addresses, or other (ee) personal information of persons who are minors and are also participants and registrants in programs of districts, forest preserve districts, conservation districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation associations.
- The names, addresses, or other (ff) personal information of participants and registrants in programs of park districts, forest preserve districts, conservation districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation associations where such programs are targeted primarily to minors.
- (qq) Confidential information described in Section 1-100 of the Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal Act of 2012.
- (hh) The report submitted to the State Board of Education by the School Security and Standards Task Force under item (8) of subsection (d) of Section 2-3.160 of the School Code and any information contained in that report.
- (ii) Records requested by persons committed to or detained by the Department of Human Services under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or committed to the Department of Corrections under the Sexually Dangerous

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1 Persons Act if those materials: (i) are available in the library of the facility where the individual is confined; 2 (ii) include records from staff members' personnel files, 3 4 staff rosters, or other staffing assignment information; 5 or (iii) are available through an administrative request to the Department of Human Services or the Department of 6 Corrections. 7

- (ii) Confidential information described Section 5-535 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- 10 (1.5) Any information exempt from disclosure under the 11 Judicial Privacy Act shall be redacted from public records prior to disclosure under this Act. 12
 - (2) A public record that is not in the possession of a public body but is in the possession of a party with whom the agency has contracted to perform a governmental function on behalf of the public body, and that directly relates to the governmental function and is not otherwise exempt under this Act, shall be considered a public record of the public body, for purposes of this Act.
- 20 (3) This Section does not authorize withholding of 2.1 information or limit the availability of records to the public, 22 except as stated in this Section or otherwise provided in this 23 Act.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-578, eff. 8-27-13;
- 25 98-695, eff. 7-3-14; 99-298, eff. 8-6-15; 99-346, eff. 1-1-16;
- 26 revised 1-11-16.)

1 (5 ILCS 140/7.2 new)

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Sec. 7.2. Law enforcement recordings.

(a) Notwithstanding Section 7 of this Act, a recording from an in-car video camera or an officer-worn body camera of a law enforcement officer discharging a firearm or an officer-involved death is not exempt from inspection and copying, unless the public body asserts an exemption under this Act supported by a court order finding the asserted exemption applicable to the requested recording.

(b) An action under this Section shall take the form of an action for declaratory judgment consistent with Section 11 of this Act. Notice of the public body's intent to file an action under this Section must be provided to the requestor prior to the deadline to respond to the request under Section 3 of this Act. Unless the requester withdraws the request, the action must be commenced by filing a complaint in the circuit court of the applicable jurisdiction within 14 days of the notice provided under this subsection. The complaint must attach all evidence on which the public body will rely to support its exemption claims, except that any evidence claimed by the public body to be exempt under this Act may be submitted for in camera review. In addition to formal service, the public body shall send a copy of the complaint by email to the email address previously provided by the requester, or else by mail to the mailing address previously provided by the requester.

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- The public body shall post copies of all notices under this Section on its website, or if the public body does not have a website, shall prominently display the notice at its primary office. The action shall name the requester as a defendant, and may name multiple requesters seeking the same records as defendants in the same action. The decision in the action shall only remain in effect for a specific period of time determined by the court as necessary to effectuate the purpose of the asserted exemption.
- (c) Upon motion filed by a public body or requester, the court shall conduct an expedited hearing on the applicability of the exemption asserted by the public body to the release of the requested recording.
 - (d) In addition to establishing that an exemption applies, the public body must prove by clear and convincing evidence that the harm that would result from release of the recording outweighs the public interest in disclosure.
 - (e) If applicable, the requirements of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 10-20 of the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act must be met before a recording may be released under this Section.
 - (f) To the extent the public body does not prevail in an action under this Section as to one or more of the claimed exemptions, the requester shall be considered to have prevailed under subsection (i) of Section 11. To the extent the court determines that the public body lacked a good faith basis for

- one or more of its exemption claims or brought an action under 1
- this Section for the purpose of delay, the court shall award 2
- 3 civil penalties under subsection (j) of Section 11.
- 4 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)
- Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for 5
- by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt 6
- 7 from inspection and copying:
- 8 (a) All information determined to be confidential
- 9 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and
- 10 Development Act.
- (b) Library circulation and order records identifying 11
- 12 library users with specific materials under the Library
- 13 Records Confidentiality Act.
- 14 Applications, related documents, and medical
- records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation 15
- 16 Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records
- 17 prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
- 18 Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it
- 19 has received.
- 2.0 (d) Information and records held by the Department of
- 21 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating
- 22 to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible
- 23 disease or any information the disclosure of which is
- 24 restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible
- 25 Disease Control Act.

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- (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted 1 under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act. 2
 - (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of Architectural, Engineering, and Land Qualifications Based Selection Act.
 - (q) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
 - (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
 - (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless carriers under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.
 - (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

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(1)	Reco:	rds	and i	nformation	provide	ed to a :	resid	ential
health	care	fac	ility	resident	sexual	assault	and	death
review	team	or	the	Executive	Counci	l under	the	Abuse
Prevent	ion Re	eviev	v Tear	n Act.				

- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
- (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.
 - (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the

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Personnel Records Review Act.

- (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
- (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
- (t) All identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data or medical records contained in, stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released from the Illinois Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data and medical records of the Illinois Health Information Exchange in the possession of the Illinois Health Information Exchange Authority due to its administration of the Illinois Health Information Exchange. The terms "identified" and "deidentified" shall be given the same meaning as in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability and Portability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under Brian's Law.
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the

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- Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
 - Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
 - (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- Confidential information under (A) the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
 - (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from

- disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- 2 (cc) (bb) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement
- 3 Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent
- 4 authorized under that Act or under Section 7.2 of this Act.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 98-49, eff. 7-1-13; 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-756,
- 6 eff. 7-16-14; 98-1039, eff. 8-25-14; 98-1045, eff. 8-25-14;
- 7 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-298, eff. 8-6-15; 99-352, eff. 1-1-16;
- 8 revised 10-14-15.)
- 9 (5 ILCS 140/11) (from Ch. 116, par. 211)
- 10 Sec. 11. (a) Any person denied access to inspect or copy
- any public record by a public body may file suit for injunctive
- 12 or declaratory relief.
- 13 (b) Where the denial is from a public body of the State,
- 14 suit may be filed in the circuit court for the county where the
- public body has its principal office or where the person denied
- 16 access resides.
- 17 (c) Where the denial is from a municipality or other public
- 18 body, except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section,
- 19 suit may be filed in the circuit court for the county where the
- 20 public body is located.
- 21 (d) The circuit court shall have the jurisdiction to enjoin
- 22 the public body from withholding public records and to order
- 23 the production of any public records improperly withheld from
- 24 the person seeking access. If the public body can show that
- 25 exceptional circumstances exist, and that the body is

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- 1 exercising due diligence in responding to the request, the court may retain jurisdiction and allow the agency additional 2 3 time to complete its review of the records.
 - (e) On motion of the plaintiff, prior to or after in camera inspection, the court shall order the public body to provide an index of the records to which access has been denied. The index shall include the following:
 - (i) A description of the nature or contents of each document withheld, or each deletion from a released document, provided, however, that the public body shall not be required to disclose the information which it asserts is exempt; and
 - (ii) A statement of the exemption or exemptions claimed for each such deletion or withheld document.
 - (f) In any action considered by the court, the court shall consider the matter de novo, and shall conduct such in camera examination of the requested records as it finds appropriate to determine if such records or any part thereof may be withheld under any provision of this Act. The burden shall be on the public body to establish that its refusal to permit public inspection or copying is in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Any public body that asserts that a record is exempt from disclosure has the burden of proving that it is exempt by clear and convincing evidence.
 - (g) In the event of noncompliance with an order of the court to disclose, the court may enforce its order against any

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- 1 public official or employee so ordered or primarily responsible for such noncompliance through the court's contempt powers. 2
 - (h) Except as to causes the court considers to be of greater importance, proceedings arising under this Section shall take precedence on the docket over all other causes and be assigned for hearing and trial at the earliest practicable date and expedited in every way.
 - (i) If a person seeking the right to inspect or receive a copy of a public record prevails in a proceeding under this Section, the court shall award such person reasonable attorney's attorneys' fees and costs. In determining what amount of attorney's fees is reasonable, the court shall consider the degree to which the relief obtained relates to the relief sought. The changes contained in this subsection apply to an action filed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-542) this amendatory Act of General Assembly.
 - (j) If the court determines that a public body willfully and intentionally failed to comply with this Act, or otherwise acted in bad faith, the court shall also impose upon the public body a civil penalty of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$5,000 for each occurrence. In assessing the civil penalty, the court shall consider in aggravation or mitigation the budget of the public body and whether the public body has previously been assessed penalties for violations of this Act. The changes contained in this subsection apply to an action filed on or

- 1 after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-542)
- 2 this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.
- 3 (k) This Section applies in an action for declaratory
- 4 relief brought by a public body pursuant to subsection (b) of
- 5 Section 7.2 of this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 96-542, eff. 1-1-10; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 6
- revised 10-14-15.) 7
- 8 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes
- 9 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text
- 10 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section
- represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 11
- 12 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
- made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other 13
- 14 Public Act.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 15
- 16 becoming law.".