

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 SB1752

Introduced 2/20/2015, by Sen. Julie A. Morrison

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 505/6b from Ch. 23, par. 5006b from Ch. 23, par. 5021 from Ch. 23, par. 5021 325 ILCS 5/3 from Ch. 23, par. 2053 from Ch. 23, par. 2055 325 ILCS 5/7.4 from Ch. 23, par. 2057.4 325 ILCS 5/7.16a new

Amends the Children and Family Services Act. In a provision concerning the Department of Children and Family Services' case tracking system, provides that the case tracking system shall monitor and provide data concerning families subject to safety plans as that term is defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. Adds provisions concerning certain requirements a safety plan shall comport with and the termination of a safety plan. Amends the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. Defines "safety plan". Makes changes to a provision concerning conditions under which an officer of a local law enforcement agency or other specified persons may take or retain temporary protective custody of a child without the consent of the person responsible for the child's welfare. Adds provisions concerning (i) the conditions under which a person is prohibited from maintaining a child in temporary protective custody or implementing and maintaining a safety plan; (ii) certain actions that must be taken when implementing a safety plan and certain information required in a safety plan; and (iii) a parent or guardian's right to review a safety plan. Effective immediately.

LRB099 06947 KTG 27029 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by changing Sections 6b and 21 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 505/6b) (from Ch. 23, par. 5006b)
- 7 Sec. 6b. Case tracking system.
- 8 (1) The Department shall establish and operate a case 9 tracking system which shall be designed to monitor and evaluate 10 family preservation, family reunification and placement
- 11 services.
- 12 (2) The Department shall establish and operate the case
- 13 tracking system for the Department clients for whom the
- 14 Department is providing or paying for such services. The
- Department shall work with the courts in the development of a
- 16 cooperative case tracking system.
- 17 (3) The Department shall determine the basic elements and
- 18 access and provide for records of the case tracking system to
- not be open to the general public.
- 20 (4) The Department shall use the case tracking system to
- 21 determine whether any child reported to the Department under
- 22 Section 3.5 of the Intergovernmental Missing Child Recovery Act
- of 1984 matches a Department ward and whether that child had

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 been abandoned within the previous 2 months.
- 2 (5) The case tracking system shall monitor and provide data
- 3 concerning families subject to safety plans as defined in
- 4 Section 3 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 89-213, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 6 (20 ILCS 505/21) (from Ch. 23, par. 5021)
- 7 Sec. 21. Investigative powers; training.
- 8 (a) To make such investigations as it may deem necessary to 9 the performance of its duties.
 - (b) In the course of any such investigation any qualified person authorized by the Director may administer oaths and secure by its subpoena both the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books and papers relevant to such investigation. Any person who is served with a subpoena by the Department to appear and testify or to produce books and papers, in the course of an investigation authorized by law, and who refuses or neglects to appear, or to testify, or to produce books and papers relevant to such investigation, as commanded in such subpoena, shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor. The fees of witnesses for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees of witnesses before the circuit courts of this State. Any circuit court of this State, upon application of the person requesting the hearing or Department, may compel the attendance of witnesses, production of books and papers, and giving of testimony before

- the Department or before any authorized officer or employee thereof, by an attachment for contempt or otherwise, in the same manner as production of evidence may be compelled before such court. Every person who, having taken an oath or made affirmation before the Department or any authorized officer or employee thereof, shall willfully swear or affirm falsely, shall be guilty of perjury and upon conviction shall be punished accordingly.
 - (c) Investigations initiated under this Section shall provide individuals due process of law, including the right to a hearing, to cross-examine witnesses, to obtain relevant documents, and to present evidence. Administrative findings shall be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law.
 - (d) Beginning July 1, 1988, any child protective investigator or supervisor or child welfare specialist or supervisor employed by the Department on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987 shall have completed a training program which shall be instituted by the Department. The training program shall include, but not be limited to, the following: (1) training in the detection of symptoms of child neglect and drug abuse; (2) specialized training for dealing with families and children of drug abusers; and (3) specific training in child development, family dynamics and interview techniques. Such program shall conform to the criteria and curriculum developed under Section 4 of the Child Protective

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Investigator and Child Welfare Specialist Certification Act of 1987. Failure to complete such training due to lack of opportunity provided by the Department shall in no way be grounds for any disciplinary or other action against an investigator or a specialist.

The Department shall develop a continuous inservice staff development program and evaluation system. Each child protective investigator and supervisor and child welfare specialist and supervisor shall participate in such program and evaluation and shall complete a minimum of 20 hours of inservice education and training every 2 years in order to maintain certification.

Any child protective investigator or child protective supervisor, or child welfare specialist or child welfare specialist supervisor hired by the Department who begins his actual employment after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987, shall be certified pursuant to the Child Investigator Child Welfare Protective and Specialist Certification Act of 1987 before he begins such employment. Nothing in this Act shall replace or diminish the rights of employees under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, as amended, or the National Labor Relations Act. In the event of any conflict between either of those Acts, or any collective bargaining agreement negotiated thereunder, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e), the former shall prevail and control.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- 1 (e) The Department shall develop and implement the following:
- 3 (1) A standardized child endangerment risk assessment 4 protocol.
- 5 (2) Related training procedures.
- 6 (3) A standardized method for demonstration of proficiency in application of the protocol.
- 8 (4) An evaluation of the reliability and validity of the protocol.

All child protective investigators and supervisors and child welfare specialists and supervisors employed by the Department or its contractors shall be required, subsequent to the availability of training under this Act, to demonstrate proficiency in application of the protocol previous to being permitted to make decisions about the degree of risk posed to children for whom they are responsible. The Department shall establish a multi-disciplinary advisory committee appointed by the Director, including but not limited to representatives from the fields of child development, domestic violence, family systems, juvenile justice, law enforcement, health care, mental health, substance abuse, and social service to advise the Department and its related contractors in the development and implementation of the child endangerment risk assessment protocol, related training, method for demonstration of proficiency in application of the protocol, and evaluation of the reliability and validity of the protocol. The Department

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

shall develop the protocol, training curriculum, method for demonstration of proficiency in application of the protocol and method for evaluation of the reliability and validity of the protocol by July 1, 1995. Training and demonstration of proficiency in application of the child endangerment risk assessment protocol for all child protective investigators and supervisors and child welfare specialists and supervisors shall be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than January 1, 1996. The Department shall submit to the General Assembly on or before May 1, 1996, and every year thereafter, an annual report on the evaluation of the reliability and validity of the child endangerment risk assessment protocol. shall contract with a not for Department organization with demonstrated expertise in the field of child endangerment risk assessment to assist in the development and implementation of the child endangerment risk assessment protocol, related training, method for demonstration of proficiency in application of the protocol, and evaluation of the reliability and validity of the protocol.

(f) Whenever a safety plan as defined in Section 3 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act is implemented, the The Department shall provide each parent or guardian, and responsible adult any caregiver with responsibilities under the safety plan, participating in a safety plan a copy of the written safety plan as signed by each parent or guardian and responsible adult such caregiver and by a representative of the

- 1 Department. The Department shall also provide each parent or
- 2 guardian, and responsible adult any caregiver with
- 3 <u>responsibilities under the safety plan</u>, safety plan
- 4 information on their rights and responsibilities that shall
- 5 include, but need not be limited to, information on how to
- 6 obtain medical care, emergency phone numbers, and information
- 7 on how to notify schools or day care providers as appropriate.
- 8 The Department's representative shall ensure that the safety
- 9 plan is reviewed and approved by the child protection
- 10 supervisor. A safety plan shall comport with the requirements
- 11 set forth in paragraph (3.5) of subsection (b) of Section 7.4
- of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- 13 (g) Upon termination of a safety plan, each parent or
- 14 guardian and each caregiver with responsibilities under the
- 15 safety plan shall be given written verification from the
- Department, or its designee, that the safety plan has been
- 17 terminated. Upon termination of the safety plan, the
- Department, or its designee, shall make all reasonable efforts
- 19 to transition physical possession of the child to the custodial
- 20 parent or legal quardian.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 98-830, eff. 1-1-15.)
- Section 10. The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act is
- amended by changing Sections 3, 5, and 7.4 and by adding
- 24 Section 7.16a as follows:

- 1 (325 ILCS 5/3) (from Ch. 23, par. 2053)
- 2 Sec. 3. As used in this Act unless the context otherwise
- 3 requires:
- 4 "Adult resident" means any person between 18 and 22 years
- 5 of age who resides in any facility licensed by the Department
- 6 under the Child Care Act of 1969. For purposes of this Act, the
- 7 criteria set forth in the definitions of "abused child" and
- 8 "neglected child" shall be used in determining whether an adult
- 9 resident is abused or neglected.
- 10 "Blatant disregard" means an incident where the real,
- 11 significant, and imminent risk of harm would be so obvious to a
- 12 reasonable parent or caretaker that it is unlikely that a
- 13 reasonable parent or caretaker would have exposed the child to
- 14 the danger without exercising precautionary measures to
- protect the child from harm.
- "Child" means any person under the age of 18 years, unless
- 17 legally emancipated by reason of marriage or entry into a
- 18 branch of the United States armed services.
- 19 "Department" means Department of Children and Family
- 20 Services.
- "Local law enforcement agency" means the police of a city,
- town, village or other incorporated area or the sheriff of an
- 23 unincorporated area or any sworn officer of the Illinois
- 24 Department of State Police.
- 25 "Abused child" means a child whose parent or immediate
- 26 family member, or any person responsible for the child's

- welfare, or any individual residing in the same home as the child, or a paramour of the child's parent:
 - (a) inflicts, causes to be inflicted, or allows to be inflicted upon such child physical injury, by other than accidental means, which causes death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;
 - (b) creates a substantial risk of physical injury to such child by other than accidental means which would be likely to cause death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;
 - (c) commits or allows to be committed any sex offense against such child, as such sex offenses are defined in the Criminal Code of 2012 or in the Wrongs to Children Act, and extending those definitions of sex offenses to include children under 18 years of age;
 - (d) commits or allows to be committed an act or acts of torture upon such child;
 - (e) inflicts excessive corporal punishment;
 - (f) commits or allows to be committed the offense of female genital mutilation, as defined in Section 12-34 of the Criminal Code of 2012, against the child;
 - (g) causes to be sold, transferred, distributed, or given to such child under 18 years of age, a controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois

Controlled Substances Act in violation of Article IV of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or in violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, except for controlled substances that are prescribed in accordance with Article III of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and are dispensed to such child in a manner that substantially complies with the prescription; or

(h) commits or allows to be committed the offense of involuntary servitude, involuntary sexual servitude of a minor, or trafficking in persons as defined in Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 2012 against the child.

A child shall not be considered abused for the sole reason that the child has been relinquished in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

"Neglected child" means any child who is not receiving the proper or necessary nourishment or medically indicated treatment including food or care not provided solely on the basis of the present or anticipated mental or physical impairment as determined by a physician acting alone or in consultation with other physicians or otherwise is not receiving the proper or necessary support or medical or other remedial care recognized under State law as necessary for a child's well-being, or other care necessary for his or her well-being, including adequate food, clothing and shelter; or who is subjected to an environment which is injurious insofar as (i) the child's environment creates a likelihood of harm to

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

the child's health, physical well-being, or welfare and (ii) the likely harm to the child is the result of a blatant disregard of parent or caretaker responsibilities; or who is abandoned by his or her parents or other person responsible for the child's welfare without a proper plan of care; or who has been provided with interim crisis intervention services under Section 3-5 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and whose parent, quardian, or custodian refuses to permit the child to return home and no other living arrangement agreeable to the parent, quardian, or custodian can be made, and the parent, quardian, custodian has not made any other appropriate living arrangement for the child; or who is a newborn infant whose blood, urine, or meconium contains any amount of a controlled substance as defined in subsection (f) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a metabolite thereof, with the exception of a controlled substance or metabolite thereof whose presence in the newborn infant is the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant. A child shall not be considered neglected for the sole reason that the child's parent or other person responsible for his or her welfare has left the child in the care of an adult relative for any period of time. A child shall not be considered neglected for the sole reason that the child has been relinquished in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act. A child shall not be considered neglected or abused for the sole reason that such child's

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

parent or other person responsible for his or her welfare depends upon spiritual means through prayer alone for the treatment or cure of disease or remedial care as provided under Section 4 of this Act. A child shall not be considered neglected or abused solely because the child is not attending school in accordance with the requirements of Article 26 of The School Code, as amended.

"Child Protective Service Unit" means certain specialized State employees of the Department assigned by the Director to perform the duties and responsibilities as provided under Section 7.2 of this Act.

"Person responsible for the child's welfare" means the child's parent; quardian; foster parent; relative caregiver; any person responsible for the child's welfare in a public or residential agency or institution; any responsible for the child's welfare within a public or private profit or not for profit child care facility; or any other person responsible for the child's welfare at the time of the alleged abuse or neglect, including any person that is the custodian of a child under 18 years of age who commits or allows to be committed, against the child, the offense of involuntary servitude, involuntary sexual servitude of minor, or trafficking in persons for forced labor or services, as provided in Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or any person who came to know the child through an official capacity or position of trust, including but not limited to

- 1 health care professionals, educational personnel, recreational
- 2 supervisors, members of the clergy, and volunteers or support
- 3 personnel in any setting where children may be subject to abuse
- 4 or neglect.
- 5 "Safety plan" means any plan that sets forth a written
- 6 <u>condition that limits, restricts, or modifies a parent or</u>
- 7 <u>quardian's interaction with his or her child, including but not</u>
- 8 <u>limited to a requirement that a child, parent, or quardian</u>
- 9 relocate from the family home, that another person reside in
- 10 the family home, or that a parent or guardian have no
- 11 unsupervised contact with a child, except that a safety plan
- does not include such conditions when incorporated in a court
- order entered under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- "Temporary protective custody" means custody within a
- 15 hospital or other medical facility or a place previously
- designated for such custody by the Department, subject to
- 17 review by the Court, including a licensed foster home, group
- home, or other institution; but such place shall not be a jail
- or other place for the detention of criminal or juvenile
- offenders.
- "An unfounded report" means any report made under this Act
- 22 for which it is determined after an investigation that no
- credible evidence of abuse or neglect exists.
- "An indicated report" means a report made under this Act if
- 25 an investigation determines that credible evidence of the
- 26 alleged abuse or neglect exists.

- 1 "An undetermined report" means any report made under this
- 2 Act in which it was not possible to initiate or complete an
- 3 investigation on the basis of information provided to the
- 4 Department.
- 5 "Subject of report" means any child reported to the central
- 6 register of child abuse and neglect established under Section
- 7 7.7 of this Act as an alleged victim of child abuse or neglect
- 8 and the parent or quardian of the alleged victim or other
- 9 person responsible for the alleged victim's welfare who is
- 10 named in the report or added to the report as an alleged
- 11 perpetrator of child abuse or neglect.
- "Perpetrator" means a person who, as a result of
- investigation, has been determined by the Department to have
- caused child abuse or neglect.
- "Member of the clergy" means a clergyman or practitioner of
- any religious denomination accredited by the religious body to
- which he or she belongs.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 96-1196, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1446, eff. 8-20-10;
- 19 96-1464, eff. 8-20-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-803, eff.
- 20 7-13-12; 97-897, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1063, eff. 8-24-12; 97-1150,
- 21 eff. 1-25-13.)
- 22 (325 ILCS 5/5) (from Ch. 23, par. 2055)
- 23 Sec. 5. An officer of a local law enforcement agency, \underline{a}
- 24 designated employee of the Department, or a physician treating
- a child may take or retain temporary protective custody of the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

child without the consent of the person responsible for the child's welfare, or may state that he or she or his or her agent will do so, only if: (1) there is imminent danger to the child; (2) there is no time to apply for a court order under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for temporary custody of the child; and (3) there is objective reasonable evidence that a child is abused or neglected by his or her parent or quardian such that the protection of the child requires such action prior to judicial authorization. if (1) he has reason to believe that the child cannot be cared for at home or in the custody of the person responsible for the child's welfare without endangering the child's health or safety; and (2) there not time to apply for a court order under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for temporary custody of the child. The person taking or retaining a child in temporary protective custody shall immediately make every reasonable effort to notify the person responsible for the child's welfare and shall immediately notify the Department. The Department shall provide to the temporary caretaker of a child any information in the Department's possession concerning the positive results of a test performed on the child to determine the presence of the antibody or antigen to Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), or of HIV infection, as well as any communicable diseases or communicable infections that the child has. The temporary caretaker of a child shall not disclose to another person any information received by the temporary caretaker from the

1 Department concerning the results of a test performed on the

2 child to determine the presence of the antibody or antigen to

HIV, or of HIV infection, except pursuant to Section 9 of the

AIDS Confidentiality Act, as now or hereafter amended. The

Department shall promptly initiate proceedings under the

Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the continued temporary custody

of the child.

No person acting pursuant to this Section shall maintain a child in temporary protective custody or implement or maintain a safety plan if: (i) there will no longer exist imminent danger to the child if the temporary protective custody or safety plan condition is removed; or (ii) there is no longer objective reasonable evidence that a child is abused or neglected by his or her parent or guardian. If the Department or another authorized person has applied for a court order for the temporary custody of the child and the application has been rejected by the State's Attorney or public official reviewing the application, the Department or other authorized person shall promptly inform the parent or guardian of that rejection.

Where the physician keeping a child in his custody does so in his capacity as a member of the staff of a hospital or similar institution, he shall notify the person in charge of the institution or his designated agent, who shall then become responsible for the further care of such child in the hospital or similar institution under the direction of the Department.

Said care includes, but is not limited to the granting of

permission to perform emergency medical treatment to a minor where the treatment itself does not involve a substantial risk of harm to the minor and the failure to render such treatment will likely result in death or permanent harm to the minor, and there is not time to apply for a court order under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

Any person authorized and acting in good faith in the removal of a child under this Section shall have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal that might otherwise be incurred or imposed as a result of such removal. Any physician authorized and acting in good faith and in accordance with acceptable medical practice in the treatment of a child under this Section shall have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed as a result of granting permission for emergency treatment.

With respect to any child taken into temporary protective custody pursuant to this Section, the Department of Children and Family Services Guardianship Administrator or his designee shall be deemed the child's legally authorized representative for purposes of consenting to an HIV test if deemed necessary and appropriate by the Department's Guardianship Administrator or designee and obtaining and disclosing information concerning such test pursuant to the AIDS Confidentiality Act if deemed necessary and appropriate by the Department's Guardianship Administrator or designee and for purposes of consenting to the release of information pursuant to the

- 1 Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act if deemed
- 2 necessary and appropriate by the Department's Guardianship
- 3 Administrator or designee.
- 4 Any person who administers an HIV test upon the consent of
- 5 the Department of Children and Family Services Guardianship
- 6 Administrator or his designee, or who discloses the results of
- 7 such tests to the Department's Guardianship Administrator or
- 8 his designee, shall have immunity from any liability, civil,
- 9 criminal or otherwise, that might result by reason of such
- 10 actions. For the purpose of any proceedings, civil or criminal,
- 11 the good faith of any persons required to administer or
- 12 disclose the results of tests, or permitted to take such
- 13 actions, shall be presumed.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 90-28, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 15 (325 ILCS 5/7.4) (from Ch. 23, par. 2057.4)
- Sec. 7.4. (a) The Department shall be capable of receiving
- 17 reports of suspected child abuse or neglect 24 hours a day, 7
- days a week. Whenever the Department receives a report alleging
- 19 that a child is a truant as defined in Section 26-2a of The
- School Code, as now or hereafter amended, the Department shall
- 21 notify the superintendent of the school district in which the
- 22 child resides and the appropriate superintendent of the
- 23 educational service region. The notification to the
- 24 appropriate officials by the Department shall not be considered
- an allegation of abuse or neglect under this Act.

(a-5) Beginning January 1, 2010, the Department of Children and Family Services may implement a 5-year demonstration of a "differential response program" in accordance with criteria, standards, and procedures prescribed by rule. The program may provide that, upon receiving a report, the Department shall determine whether to conduct a family assessment or an investigation as appropriate to prevent or provide a remedy for child abuse or neglect.

For purposes of this subsection (a-5), "family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child maltreatment report that does not allege substantial child endangerment. "Family assessment" does not include a determination as to whether child maltreatment occurred but does determine the need for services to address the safety of family members and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.

For purposes of this subsection (a-5), "investigation" means fact-gathering related to the current safety of a child and the risk of subsequent abuse or neglect that determines whether a report of suspected child abuse or neglect should be indicated or unfounded and whether child protective services are needed.

Under the "differential response program" implemented under this subsection (a-5), the Department:

(1) Shall conduct an investigation on reports

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

involving substantial child abuse or neglect.

- (2) Shall begin an immediate investigation if, at any time when it is using a family assessment response, it determines that there is reason to believe that substantial child abuse or neglect or a serious threat to the child's safety exists.
- (3) May conduct a family assessment for reports that do not allege substantial child endangerment. In determining that a family assessment is appropriate, the Department may consider issues including, but not limited to, child safety, parental cooperation, and the need for an immediate response.
- promulgate criteria, (4)Shall standards, and procedures that shall be applied in making determination. taking into consideration the Child Endangerment Risk Assessment Protocol of the Department.
- (5) May conduct a family assessment on a report that was initially screened and assigned for an investigation.

In determining that a complete investigation is not required, the Department must document the reason for terminating the investigation and notify the local law enforcement agency or the Department of State Police if the local law enforcement agency or Department of State Police is conducting a joint investigation.

Once it is determined that a "family assessment" will be implemented, the case shall not be reported to the central

1 register of abuse and neglect reports.

During a family assessment, the Department shall collect any available and relevant information to determine child safety, risk of subsequent abuse or neglect, and family strengths.

Information collected includes, but is not limited to, when relevant: information with regard to the person reporting the alleged abuse or neglect, including the nature of the reporter's relationship to the child and to the alleged offender, and the basis of the reporter's knowledge for the report; the child allegedly being abused or neglected; the alleged offender; the child's caretaker; and other collateral sources having relevant information related to the alleged abuse or neglect. Information relevant to the assessment must be asked for, and may include:

- (A) The child's sex and age, prior reports of abuse or neglect, information relating to developmental functioning, credibility of the child's statement, and whether the information provided under this paragraph (A) is consistent with other information collected during the course of the assessment or investigation.
- (B) The alleged offender's age, a record check for prior reports of abuse or neglect, and criminal charges and convictions. The alleged offender may submit supporting documentation relevant to the assessment.
 - (C) Collateral source information regarding the

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

alleged abuse or neglect and care of the child. Collateral information includes, when relevant: (i) a medical examination of the child; (ii) prior medical records relating to the alleged maltreatment or care of the child maintained by any facility, clinic, or health care professional, and an interview with the and (iii) interviews with the child's professionals; caretakers, including the child's parent, guardian, foster parent, child care provider, teachers, counselors, family members, relatives, and other persons who may have knowledge regarding the alleged maltreatment and the care of the child.

(D) Information on the existence of domestic abuse and violence in the home of the child, and substance abuse.

Nothing in this subsection (a-5) precludes the Department from collecting other relevant information necessary to conduct the assessment or investigation. Nothing in this subsection (a-5) shall be construed to allow the name or identity of a reporter to be disclosed in violation of the protections afforded under Section 7.19 of this Act.

After conducting the family assessment, the Department shall determine whether services are needed to address the safety of the child and other family members and the risk of subsequent abuse or neglect.

Upon completion of the family assessment, if the Department concludes that no services shall be offered, then the case

- 1 shall be closed. If the Department concludes that services
- 2 shall be offered, the Department shall develop a family
- 3 preservation plan and offer or refer services to the family.
- At any time during a family assessment, if the Department
- 5 believes there is any reason to stop the assessment and conduct
- 6 an investigation based on the information discovered, the
- 7 Department shall do so.
- 8 The procedures available to the Department in conducting
- 9 investigations under this Act shall be followed as appropriate
- during a family assessment.
- 11 The Department shall arrange for an independent evaluation
- of the "differential response program" authorized and
- implemented under this subsection (a-5) to determine whether it
- is meeting the goals in accordance with Section 2 of this Act.
- 15 The Department may adopt administrative rules necessary for the
- 16 execution of this Section, in accordance with Section 4 of the
- 17 Children and Family Services Act.
- The demonstration conducted under this subsection (a-5)
- 19 shall become a permanent program on July 1, 2016, upon
- 20 completion of the demonstration project period.
- 21 (b) (1) The following procedures shall be followed in the
- investigation of all reports of suspected abuse or neglect of a
- child, except as provided in subsection (c) of this Section.
- 24 (2) If, during a family assessment authorized by subsection
- 25 (a-5) or an investigation, it appears that the immediate safety
- or well-being of a child is endangered, that the family may

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

flee or the child disappear, or that the facts otherwise so warrant, the Child Protective Service Unit shall commence an investigation immediately, regardless of the time of day or night. All other investigations shall be commenced within 24 hours of receipt of the report. Upon receipt of a report, the Child Protective Service Unit shall conduct a family assessment authorized by subsection (a-5) or begin an initial investigation and make an initial determination whether the report is a good faith indication of alleged child abuse or neglect.

(3) Based on an initial investigation, if the determines the report is a good faith indication of alleged child abuse or neglect, then a formal investigation shall commence and, pursuant to Section 7.12 of this Act, may or may not result in an indicated report. The formal investigation shall include: direct contact with the subject or subjects of the report as soon as possible after the report is received; an evaluation of the environment of the child named in the report and any other children in the same environment; a determination of the risk to such children if they continue to remain in the existing environments, as well as a determination of the nature, extent and cause of any condition enumerated in such report; the name, age and condition of other children in the environment; and an evaluation as to whether there would be an immediate and urgent necessity to remove the child from the environment if appropriate family preservation services were

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

provided. After seeing to the safety of the child or children, the Department shall forthwith notify the subjects of the report in writing, of the existence of the report and their rights existing under this Act in regard to amendment or expungement. To fulfill the requirements of this Section, the Child Protective Service Unit shall have the capability of providing or arranging for comprehensive emergency services to children and families at all times of the day or night.

- (3.5) If, during an investigation, a designated employee of the Department has lawful grounds to take protective custody of a child pursuant to Section 5 of this Act, the employee may notify the parent or quardian that a safety plan, as defined in Section 3 of this Act, is an alternative to protective custody. A safety plan must meet all of the following requirements:
 - (A) It must specify the limitations on the contact between the parent or quardian and the child, including (i) where the child shall reside during the time the safety plan is in effect and (ii) who has responsibility for any supervision of the parent or quardian's contact with the child.
 - (B) It must be of limited duration as specified in the plan.
 - (C) It must be reviewed by the Department every 5 business days to determine whether the basis for the plan still exists or whether the conditions should be modified.
 - (D) It must include a certification that a background

check has been performed and cleared as to each caregiver
with responsibilities under the safety plan before the
child is placed in the caregiver's care or under the

4 <u>caregiver's supervision.</u>

- (E) It must be the least restrictive arrangement possible. A safety plan may be modified or terminated on request of the parent or quardian. Each parent or quardian subject to a safety plan is entitled to a timely neutral review as set forth in Section 7.16a of this Act. A safety plan under this Section is subject to the requirements set forth in subsections (f) and (g) of Section 21 of the Children and Family Services Act.
- (4) If (i) at the conclusion of the Unit's initial investigation of a report, the Unit determines the report to be a good faith indication of alleged child abuse or neglect that warrants a formal investigation by the Unit, the Department, any law enforcement agency or any other responsible agency and (ii) the person who is alleged to have caused the abuse or neglect is employed or otherwise engaged in an activity resulting in frequent contact with children and the alleged abuse or neglect are in the course of such employment or activity, then the Department shall, except in investigations where the Director determines that such notification would be detrimental to the Department's investigation, inform the appropriate supervisor or administrator of that employment or activity that the Unit has commenced a formal investigation

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- pursuant to this Act, which may or may not result in an indicated report. The Department shall also notify the person being investigated, unless the Director determines that such notification would be detrimental to the Department's investigation.
 - (c) In an investigation of a report of suspected abuse or neglect of a child by a school employee at a school or on school grounds, the Department shall make reasonable efforts to follow the following procedures:
 - (1) Investigations involving teachers shall not, to the extent possible, be conducted when the teacher is scheduled to conduct classes. Investigations involving other school employees shall be conducted so as to minimize disruption of the school day. The school employee accused of child abuse or neglect may have his superior, his association or union representative and his present at any interview or meeting at which the teacher or administrator is present. The accused school employee shall be informed by a representative of the Department, at any interview or meeting, of the accused school employee's due process rights and of the steps in the investigation process. The information shall include, but need not necessarily be limited to the right, subject to approval of the Department, of the school employee to confront the accuser, if the accuser is 14 years of age or older, or the right to review the specific allegations

which gave rise to the investigation, and the right to review all materials and evidence that have been submitted to the Department in support of the allegation. These due process rights shall also include the right of the school employee to present countervailing evidence regarding the accusations.

(2) If a report of neglect or abuse of a child by a teacher or administrator does not involve allegations of sexual abuse or extreme physical abuse, the Child Protective Service Unit shall make reasonable efforts to conduct the initial investigation in coordination with the employee's supervisor.

If the Unit determines that the report is a good faith indication of potential child abuse or neglect, it shall then commence a formal investigation under paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of this Section.

- (3) If a report of neglect or abuse of a child by a teacher or administrator involves an allegation of sexual abuse or extreme physical abuse, the Child Protective Unit shall commence an investigation under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section.
- (c-5) In any instance in which a report is made or caused to made by a school district employee involving the conduct of a person employed by the school district, at the time the report was made, as required under Section 4 of this Act, the Child Protective Service Unit shall send a copy of its final

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

finding report to the general superintendent of that school district.

- (d) If the Department has contact with an employer, or with religious institution or religious official supervisory or hierarchical authority over a member of the clergy accused of the abuse of a child, in the course of its investigation, the Department shall notify the employer or the religious institution or religious official, in writing, when a report is unfounded so that any record of the investigation can be expunded from the employee's or member of the clergy's personnel or other records. The Department shall also notify the employee or the member of the clergy, in writing, that notification has been sent to the employer or to appropriate religious institution or religious informing the employer or religious institution or religious official that the Department's investigation has resulted in an unfounded report.
- (e) Upon request by the Department, the Department of State Police and law enforcement agencies are authorized to provide criminal history record information as defined in the Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act and information maintained in the adjudicatory and dispositional record system as defined in Section 2605-355 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-355) to properly designated employees of the Department of Children and Family Services if the Department determines the information is necessary to perform its duties

under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, the Child 1 2 Care Act of 1969, and the Children and Family Services Act. The 3 request shall be in the form and manner required by the Department of State Police. Any information obtained by the 4 5 Department of Children and Family Services under this Section 6 is confidential and may not be transmitted outside the 7 Department of Children and Family Services other than to a 8 court of competent jurisdiction or unless otherwise authorized 9 by law. Any employee of the Department of Children and Family Services who transmits confidential information in violation 10 11 of this Section or causes the information to be transmitted in 12 violation of this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor 13 unless the transmittal of the information is authorized by this Section or otherwise authorized by law. 14

- (f) For purposes of this Section "child abuse or neglect" includes abuse or neglect of an adult resident as defined in this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 98-1141, eff. 12-30-14.) 18
- 19 (325 ILCS 5/7.16a new)

15

16

17

20 Sec. 7.16a. Review of safety plans. Any parent or guardian 21 who is subject to a safety plan may secure a timely neutral 22 review of the basis for the safety plan or of the conditions of 23 the safety plan. The Department shall adopt rules to ensure 24 that any parent or guardian who is subject to a safety plan is afforded an opportunity to review the safety plan as provided 25

- 1 <u>in this Section.</u>
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.