

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 SB1305

Introduced 2/18/2015, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Caregiver Advise, Record, and Enable Act. Provides that before a patient is discharged from a hospital and no later than 24 hours after a patient enters a hospital, the hospital shall provide the patient or the patient's legal guardian with the opportunity to designate a caregiver. Provides that the hospital shall document the patient's designation of a caregiver and shall provide instruction regarding after-care tasks to the caregiver. Requires the hospital to notify the patient's caregiver at least 4 hours before the patient is discharged. Authorizes the Department of Public Health to adopt rules relating to the implementation of the Act. Contains other provisions. Effective immediately.

LRB099 10037 RPS 30259 b

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Caregiver Advise, Record, and Enable Act.
- Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act, the following terms have the meaning given in this Section.
- 8 "After-care" means any assistance provided by a caregiver
- 9 to a patient after the patient's discharge from a hospital.
- 10 After-care may include, but is not limited to, assisting with
- 11 basic activities of daily living (ADLs), assisting with
- 12 instrumental activities of daily living (IADLs), or carrying
- out medical or nursing tasks, such as managing wound care,
- 14 assisting in administering medications, and operating medical
- 15 equipment.
- "Caregiver" means any individual who provides after-care
- 17 to a patient living in his or her residence and is duly
- designated as a caregiver by a patient. A designated caregiver
- 19 may include, but is not limited to, a relative, partner,
- 20 friend, or neighbor who has a significant relationship with the
- 21 patient.
- "Discharge" means a patient's exit or release from a
- hospital to the patient's residence following any medical care,

- 1 treatment, or observation.
- 2 "Entry into a hospital" means a patient's entrance into a
- 3 hospital for the purposes of medical care, treatment, or
- d observation. For purposes of this Act, "entry into a hospital"
- 5 does not require that a patient be formally admitted to a
- 6 hospital.
- 7 "Hospital" means a facility licensed under the Hospital
- 8 Licensing Act.
- 9 "Residence" means a dwelling that the patient considers to
- 10 be his or her home. A "residence" does not include any
- 11 rehabilitation facility, hospital, nursing home, assisted
- 12 living establishment, or group home licensed by the Department
- of Public Health.
- 14 Section 10. Opportunity to designate caregiver.
- 15 (a) Before any patient is discharged or transferred to
- another facility, but no later than 24 hours after a patient's
- entry into a hospital, the hospital shall provide the patient
- or the patient's legal guardian with at least one opportunity
- 19 to designate one or more caregivers under this Act.
- 20 (1) If a patient is unconscious or otherwise
- 21 incapacitated upon his or her entry into a hospital, the
- hospital shall provide the patient or the patient's legal
- 23 guardian with an opportunity to designate a caregiver
- 24 within 24 hours following the patient's recovery of his or
- 25 her consciousness or capacity.

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- (3) If a patient or the patient's legal guardian designates an individual as a caregiver under this Act:
  - (A) the hospital shall promptly request the written consent of the patient or the patient's legal quardian to release medical information to t.he patient's designated caregiver following the hospital's established procedures for releasing personal health information and in compliance with all State and federal laws; and
  - (B) the hospital shall record the patient's designation of caregiver, the relationship of the designated caregiver to the patient, and the name, telephone number, and address of the patient's designated caregiver in the patient's medical record.
- (4) If a patient or the patient's legal guardian declines to consent to the release of medical information to the patient's designated caregiver, then the hospital is not required to provide notice to the caregiver under Section 15 of this Act or provide information contained in the patient's discharge plan under Section 20 of this Act.
  - (5) A patient may elect to change his or her designated

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- caregiver at any time, and the hospital must record this change in the patient's medical record within 24 hours of the change.
  - (b) A designation of a caregiver by the patient or the patient's legal guardian under this Section does not obligate any individual to provide any after-care for the patient.
- 7 (c) This Section shall not be construed to require a 8 patient or a patient's legal guardian to designate any 9 individual as a caregiver under this Act.
- Section 15. Notice to designated caregiver. A hospital shall notify a patient's designated caregiver of the patient's discharge or transfer to another hospital or facility licensed by the Department of Public Health as soon as possible, but no later than 4 hours prior to the patient's actual discharge or transfer to that facility.
- Section 20. Instruction to designated caregiver.
- 17 (a) As soon as possible but no later than 24 hours prior to a patient's discharge from a hospital, the hospital shall 18 19 consult with the designated caregiver regarding 20 caregiver's capabilities and limitations and shall issue a 21 discharge plan that describes the patient's after-care needs at his or her residence. 22
- 23 At minimum, a discharge plan shall include:
- 24 (1) the name and contact information of the caregiver

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- designated under this Act; 1
  - (2) a description of all after-care necessary to maintain the patient's ability to reside at home, taking into account the capabilities and limitations of the caregiver; and
    - (3) contact information for any health care providers, community resources, and long-term services and supports necessary to successfully carry out the patient's discharge plan.
    - The hospital that issues the discharge plan must provide caregivers with instruction in all after-care described in the discharge plan.
      - (1) At minimum, the instruction shall include:
      - (A) a live demonstration of the after-care tasks performed by a hospital employee authorized to perform each after-care task, provided in a culturally competent manner and in accordance with the hospital's requirements to provide language access services under State and federal law:
      - an opportunity for the caregiver to ask questions about the after-care; and
      - (C) answers to the caregiver's questions provided in a culturally competent manner and in accordance with the hospital's requirements to provide language access services under State and federal law.
      - (2) Any instruction provided under this Act shall be

- documented in the patient's medical record, including, but not limited to, documentation of the date, time, and contents of the instruction.
- (c) The Department of Public Health is authorized to adopt rules to implement the provisions of this Act, including, but not limited to, rules to further define the content and scope of any instruction provided to caregivers under this Act.
- Section 25. Non-interference with powers of existing health care directives. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to interfere with the rights of an agent operating under a valid health care directive that was in existence prior to a patient's entry into a hospital.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.