

Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

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LRB099 03389 HEP 38143 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 163 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 163 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Probate Act of 1975 is amended by changing 4 Section 16-1 as follows: 5 6 (755 ILCS 5/16-1) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 16-1) (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-93) 7 Sec. 16-1. Citation on behalf of estate. 8 Upon the filing of a petition therefor by the 9 10 representative or by any other person interested in the estate or, in the case of an estate of a ward by any other person, the 11 12 court shall order a citation to issue for the appearance before it of any person whom the petitioner believes (1) to have 13 14 concealed, converted or embezzled or to have in his possession

or control any personal property, books of account, papers or

evidences of debt or title to lands which belonged to a person

- whose estate is being administered in that court or which belongs to his estate or to his representative or (2) to have information or knowledge withheld by the respondent from the representative and needed by the representative for the recovery of any property by suit or otherwise. The petition shall contain a request for the relief sought.
 - (b) The citation must be served not less than 10 days before the return day designated in the citation and must be served and returned in the manner provided for summons in civil cases. If there is a personal representative who is not the respondent, notice of the proceeding shall be given by mail or in person to the personal representative not less than 5 days before the return day designated in the citation.
 - (c) If the representative is the respondent, the court may appoint a special administrator to represent the estate. The court may permit the special administrator to prosecute or defend an appeal.
 - (d) The court may examine the respondent on oath whether or not the petitioner has proved the matters alleged in the petition, may hear the evidence offered by any party, may determine all questions of title, claims of adverse title and the right of property and may enter such orders and judgment as the case requires. If the respondent refuses to answer proper questions put to him or refuses to obey the court's order to deliver any personal property or, if converted, its proceeds or value, or books of account, papers or evidences of debt or

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1 title to lands, the court may commit him to jail until he

complies with the order of the court or is discharged by due

course of law and the court may enforce its order against the

respondent's real and personal property in the manner in which

judgments for the payment of money are enforced. The court may

6 tax the costs of the proceeding against the respondent and

7 enter judgment therefor against him.

8 (Source: P.A. 89-396, eff. 8-20-95.)

9 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-93)

Sec. 16-1. Citation on behalf of estate.

Upon the filing of a petition therefor by the representative or by any other person interested in the estate or, in the case of an estate of a ward by any other person, the court shall order a citation to issue for the appearance before it of any person whom the petitioner believes: (1) to have concealed, converted or embezzled or to have or had in his possession or control any assets, personal property, books of account, papers or evidences of debt or title to lands which belonged to a person whose estate is being administered in that court or which belongs to his estate or to his representative or + (2) to have information or knowledge withheld by the representative and respondent from the needed by representative for the recovery of any property by suit or otherwise; or (3) may be liable to the estate of a ward pursuant to any civil cause of action. The petition shall

- contain a request for the relief sought.
 - (b) The citation must be served not less than 10 days before the return day designated in the citation and must be served and returned in the manner provided for summons in civil cases. If there is a personal representative who is not the respondent, notice of the proceeding shall be given by mail or in person to the personal representative not less than 5 days before the return day designated in the citation.
 - (c) If the representative is the respondent, the court may appoint a special administrator to represent the estate. The court may permit the special administrator to prosecute or defend an appeal.
 - (d) The court may examine the respondent on oath whether or not the petitioner has proved the matters alleged in the petition, may hear the evidence offered by any party, may determine all questions of title, claims of adverse title and the right of property and may enter such orders and judgment as the case requires. If the respondent refuses to answer proper questions put to him or refuses to obey the court's order to deliver any personal property or, if converted, its proceeds or value, or books of account, papers or evidences of debt or title to lands, the court may commit him to jail until he complies with the order of the court or is discharged by due course of law and the court may enforce its order against the respondent's real and personal property in the manner in which judgments for the payment of money are enforced. The court may

Public Act.

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- 1 tax the costs of the proceeding against the respondent and
- 2 enter judgment therefor against him.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 99-93, eff. 1-1-16.)
- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 12 becoming law.".