

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2015 and 2016

HB6258

Introduced 2/11/2016, by Rep. Norine Hammond

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

815 ILCS 513/18 815 ILCS 513/20

Amends the Home Repair and Remodeling Act in relation to repairs made following a loss occurrence. Provides that a loss occurrence includes a property and casualty loss in addition to weather-related losses.

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AN ACT concerning business.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Home Repair and Remodeling Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 18 and 20 as follows:
- 6 (815 ILCS 513/18)

7 Sec. 18. Repairs following <u>loss occurrences</u> damaging
8 weather.

9 (a) As used in this Section, <u>"loss occurrence"</u> 10 <u>"catastrophe"</u> means a natural occurrence, including but not 11 limited to flood, drought, earthquake, tornado, windstorm, or 12 hailstorm, which damages or destroys more than one residence<u>,</u> 13 <u>or other property and casualty loss</u>.

14 A contractor offering home repair or remodeling (b) services shall not advertise or promise to pay or rebate all or 15 16 any portion of any insurance deductible as an inducement to the sale of goods or services. As used in this Section, a promise 17 to pay or rebate includes granting any allowance or offering 18 19 any discount against the fees to be charged or paying the 20 insured or any person directly or indirectly associated with 21 the property any form of compensation.

(c) A contractor offering home repair or remodelingservices shall not accept money or any form of compensation in

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1 exchange for allowing an out of area contractor to use its
2 business name or license.

3 (d) A contractor offering home repair or remodeling 4 services shall include its Illinois State roofing contractor 5 license name and number as it appears on its Illinois State 6 roofing license on all contracts, bids, and advertisements 7 involving roofing work as required by the Illinois Roofing 8 Industry Licensing Act.

9 (e) A person who has entered into a written contract with a 10 contractor offering home repair or remodeling services to 11 provide goods or services to be paid from the proceeds of a 12 property and casualty insurance policy may cancel the contract 13 prior to midnight on the earlier of the fifth business day after the insured has received written notice from the insurer 14 15 that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered 16 loss under the insurance policy or the thirtieth business day 17 after receipt of a properly executed proof of loss by the insurer from the insured. Cancellation is evidenced by the 18 insured giving written notice of cancellation to the contractor 19 20 offering home repair or remodeling services at the address stated in the contract. Notice of cancellation, if given by 21 22 mail, is effective upon deposit into the United States mail, 23 postage prepaid and properly addressed to the contractor. Notice of cancellation may be given by delivering or mailing a 24 25 signed and dated copy of the written notice of cancellation to the contractor's business address as stated in the contract. 26

Notice of cancellation shall include a copy of the written notice from the insurer to the effect that all or part of the claim is not a covered loss under the insurance policy. Notice of cancellation need not take a particular form and is sufficient if it indicates, by any form of written expression, the intention of the insured not to be bound by the contract.

7 (f) Any contract referred to in subsection (e), must 8 contain a statement in at least 10 point boldface, in 9 substantially the following form:

10 "You may cancel this contract at any time before 11 midnight on the earlier of the fifth business day after 12 you have received written notification from your 13 insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract 14 is not a covered loss under the insurance policy or the 15 thirtieth business day after your insurer has received 16 properly executed proof(s) of loss from you. See 17 attached notice of cancellation form for an explanation of this right." 18

(g) Upon executing a contract referred to in subsection (e), furnish each insured a fully completed form in duplicate, captioned "NOTICE OF CANCELLATION", which shall be attached to the contract but easily detachable, and which shall contain boldface type of a minimum size of 10 points the following statement with the appropriate fields completed by the contractor:

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"NOTICE OF CANCELLATION

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1 If you are notified by your insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered loss 2 3 under the insurance policy, you may cancel the contract by mailing or delivering a signed and dated copy of 4 5 this cancellation notice or any other written notice to (name of contractor) at (address of contractor's place 6 7 of business) at any time prior to midnight on the earlier of the fifth business day after you have 8 9 received such notice from your insurer or the thirtieth 10 business day after your insurer has received properly 11 executed proof(s) of loss from you. If you cancel, any 12 payments made by you under the contract, other than 13 payments for goods or services related to a loss 14 occurrence catastrophe which you agreed in writing to 15 be necessary to prevent damage to your property, will 16 be returned to you within 10 business days following receipt by the contractor of your cancellation notice. 17 I HEREBY CANCEL THIS TRANSACTION 18

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(date)

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(insured's signature)".

(h) Within 10 days after a contract referred to in subsection (e) has been cancelled, the contractor offering home repair or remodeling services shall tender to the insured any payments, partial payments, or deposits made by the insured and

any note or other evidence of indebtedness. If, however, the 1 2 contractor has provided any goods or services related to a loss 3 occurrence catastrophe, acknowledged and agreed to by the insured in writing to be necessary to prevent damage to the 4 5 premises, the contractor is entitled to the reasonable value of such goods and services. Any provision in a contract referred 6 7 to in subsection (e) that requires the payment of any fee for 8 anything except goods or services related to a loss occurrence 9 catastrophe shall not be enforceable against any insured who 10 has cancelled a contract pursuant to this Section.

11 A contractor offering home repair or remodeling (i) 12 services shall not represent, or offer or advertise to 13 represent, on behalf of a homeowner on any insurance claim in 14 connection with the repair or replacement of roof systems, or 15 the performance of any other interior or exterior repair, 16 replacement, construction or reconstruction work; or otherwise 17 violate the Public Adjusters Law (Public Act 96-1332). A Public Adjuster means any person who acts on behalf of the insured in 18 19 preparing and adjusting a claim for loss or damage covered by 20 an insurance contract. A contractor offering home repair or remodeling services shall not call in or file a claim to an 21 insurance carrier on the insured's behalf. A contractor 22 23 offering home repair or remodeling services shall not climb on a roof or inspect for exterior damage without the insured's 24 25 express permission. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a residential contractor from: 26 (1)

providing an insured an estimate for repair, replacement, 1 2 construction, or reconstruction of the insured's property and any such estimate may be submitted to the insured's insurance 3 (2) conferring with an insurance company's 4 company; 5 representative about damage to an insured's property; or (3) 6 discussing repair or replacement options with an insurance company's representative or the insured about options for the 7 8 repair or replacement of the damage.

9 (Source: P.A. 97-235, eff. 1-1-12.)

10 (815 ILCS 513/20)

11 Sec. 20. Consumer rights brochure.

12 (a) For any contract over \$1,000, any person engaging in 13 the business of home repair and remodeling shall provide to its 14 customers a copy of the "Home Repair: Know Your Consumer 15 Rights" pamphlet prior to the execution of any home repair and 16 remodeling contract. The consumer shall sign and date an acknowledgment form entitled "Consumer Rights Acknowledgment 17 Form" that states: "I, the homeowner, have received from the 18 19 contractor a copy of the pamphlet entitled 'Home Repair: Know 20 Consumer Rights.'" The Your contractor or his or her 21 representative shall also sign and date the acknowledgment 22 form, which includes the name and address of the home repair 23 and remodeling business. The acknowledgment form shall be in 24 duplicate and incorporated into the pamphlet. The original 25 acknowledgment form shall be retained by the contractor and the

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1 duplicate copy shall be retained within the pamphlet by the 2 consumer.

3 (b) For any contract for \$1,000 or under, any person 4 engaging in the business of home repair and remodeling shall 5 provide to its customers a copy of the "Home Repair: Know Your 6 Consumer Rights" pamphlet. No written acknowledgment of 7 receipt of the pamphlet is required for a contract of \$1,000 or 8 under.

9 (c) The pamphlet must be a separate document, in at least 10 12 point type, and in legible ink. The pamphlet shall read as 11 follows:

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"HOME REPAIR: KNOW YOUR CONSUMER RIGHTS

As you plan for your home repair/improvement project, it is important to ask the right questions in order to protect your investment. The tips in this fact sheet should allow you to protect yourself and minimize the possibility that a misunderstanding may occur.

18 AVOIDING HOME REPAIR FRAUD

19 Please use extreme caution when confronted with the following 20 warning signs of a potential scam:

(1) Door-to-door salespersons with no local connections
 who offer to do home repair work for substantially less than

1 the market price.

2 (2) Solicitations for repair work from a company that lists
3 only a telephone number or a post-office box number to contact,
4 particularly if it is an out-of-state company.

5 (3) Contractors who fail to provide customers references6 when requested.

7 (4) Persons offering to inspect your home for free. Do not 8 admit anyone into your home unless he or she can present 9 authentic identification establishing his or her business 10 status. When in doubt, do not hesitate to call the worker's 11 employer to verify his or her identity.

(5) Contractors demanding cash payment for a job or who ask
you to make a check payable to a person other than the owner or
company name.

(6) Offers from a contractor to drive you to the bank towithdraw funds to pay for the work.

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CONTRACTS

18 (1) Get all estimates in writing.

19 (2) Do not be induced into signing a contract by20 high-pressure sales tactics.

(3) Never sign a contract with blank spaces or one you do not fully understand. If you are taking out a loan to finance the work, do not sign the contract before your lender approves the loan.

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1 (4) Remember, you have 3 business days from the time you 2 sign your contract to cancel any contract if the sale is made 3 at your home. The contractor cannot deprive you of this right 4 by initiating work, selling your contract to a lender, or any 5 other tactic.

6 (5) If the contractor does business under a name other than 7 the contractor's real name, the business must either be 8 incorporated or registered under the Assumed Business Name Act. 9 Check with the Secretary of State to see if the business is 10 incorporated or with the county clerk to see if the business 11 has registered under the Assumed Business Name Act.

12 (6) Homeowners should check with local and county units of13 government to determine if permits or inspections are required.

14 (7) Determine whether the contractor will guarantee his or15 her work and products.

16 (8) Determine whether the contractor has the proper 17 insurance.

18 (9) Do not sign a certificate of completion or make final19 payment until the work is done to your satisfaction.

(10) Remember, homeowners should know who provides supplies and labor for any work performed on your home. Suppliers and subcontractors have a right to file a lien against your property if the general contractor fails to pay them. To protect your property, request lien waivers from the general contractor. HB6258

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BASIC TERMS TO BE INCLUDED IN A CONTRACT

(1) Contractor's full name, address, and telephone number.
Illinois law requires that persons selling home repair and
improvement services provide their customers with notice of any
change to their business name or address that comes about prior
to the agreed dates for beginning or completing the work.

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(2) A description of the work to be performed.

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(3) Starting and estimated completion dates.

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(4) Total cost of work to be performed.

10 (5) Schedule and method of payment, including down payment,11 subsequent payments, and final payment.

12 (6) A provision stating the grounds for termination of the 13 contract by either party. However, the homeowner must pay the 14 contractor for work completed. If the contractor fails to 15 commence or complete work within the contracted time period, 16 the homeowner may cancel and may be entitled to a refund of any 17 down payment or other payments made towards the work, upon 18 written demand by certified mail.

(7) A provision stating the grounds for termination of the contract if you are notified by your insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered loss under the insurance policy, you may cancel the contract by mailing or delivering written notice to (name of contractor) at (address of contractor's place of business) at any time prior to the earlier of midnight on the fifth business day after you have

received such notice from your insurer or the thirtieth 1 2 business day after receipt of a properly executed proof of loss 3 by the insurer from the insured. If you cancel, any payments made by you under the contract will be returned to you within 4 5 10 business days following receipt by the contractor of your cancellation notice. If, however, the contractor has provided 6 7 any goods or services related to a loss occurrence catastrophe, 8 acknowledged and agreed to by the insured homeowner in writing 9 to be necessary to prevent damage to the premises, the 10 contractor is entitled to the reasonable value of such goods 11 and services.

Homeowners should obtain a copy of the signed contract and keep it in a safe place for reference as needed.

To file a complaint against a roofing contractor, contact the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation at 312-814-6910 or file a complaint directly on its website.

18 IF YOU THINK YOU HAVE BEEN DEFRAUDED OR YOU HAVE QUESTIONS

19 If you think you have been defrauded by a contractor or 20 have any questions, please bring it to the attention of your 21 State's Attorney or the Illinois Attorney General's Office.

22 Attorney General Toll-Free Numbers

23 Carbondale (800) 243-0607

24 Springfield (800) 243-0618

25 Chicago (800) 386-5438".

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1 (Source: P.A. 97-235, eff. 1-1-12.)