

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB5973

by Rep. Marcus C. Evans, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 41/15-75
225 ILCS 335/9.1 from Ch. 111, par. 7509.1
225 ILCS 410/4-7 from Ch. 111, par. 1704-7
225 ILCS 450/20.01 from Ch. 111, par. 5521.01
225 ILCS 454/20-20

Amends the Funeral Directors and Embalmers Licensing Code, the Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act, the Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985, the Illinois Public Accounting Act, and the Real Estate License Act of 2000. Allows the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation to consider an applicant's prior conviction or convictions, but provides that the conviction or convictions may not be the sole basis for refusing to issue a license unless the crime substantially and directly relates to the occupation for which the license is sought. Requires that if the conviction is used as a basis for rejection, the rejection must be in writing and specifically state the evidence presented and reasons for rejection, which must be substantially and directly related to the licensed activity. Provides specific considerations the Department must use in making its decision for rejection. Provides what the Department shall use as evidence of rehabilitation so that all license rights and privileges granted under the Act, under consideration for issuance or formerly revoked or suspended because of conviction of an offense, are automatically restored unless the Department finds that restoration is not in the public interest. Requires that the Department not consider non-conviction records, convictions that did not result in incarceration, or convictions unrelated to the capacity to serve the public. In provisions concerning grounds for discipline, makes changes concerning disqualifying criminal penalties and delinquent child support.

LRB099 19442 SMS 43834 b

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly: 3

- 4 Section 5. The Funeral Directors and Embalmers Licensing Code is amended by changing Section 15-75 as follows: 5
- 6 (225 ILCS 41/15-75)

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2023)
- 8 Sec. 15-75. Violations; grounds for discipline; penalties.
- 9 (a) Each of the following acts is a Class A misdemeanor for the first offense, and a Class 4 felony for each subsequent 10 offense. These penalties shall also apply to unlicensed owners 11 of funeral homes.
 - (1) Practicing the profession of funeral directing and embalming or funeral directing, or attempting to practice the profession of funeral directing and embalming or funeral directing without a license as a funeral director and embalmer or funeral director.
 - (2) Serving or attempting to serve as an intern under a licensed funeral director and embalmer without a license as a licensed funeral director and embalmer intern.
- 21 (3) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license, 22 practice or business, or any other thing of value, by fraud or misrepresentation. 23

- (4) Permitting any person in one's employ, under one's control or in or under one's service to serve as a funeral director and embalmer, funeral director, or funeral director and embalmer intern when the person does not have the appropriate license.
 - (5) Failing to display a license as required by this Code.
 - (6) Giving false information or making a false oath or affidavit required by this Code.
- (b) The Department may refuse to issue or renew, revoke, suspend, place on probation or administrative supervision, reprimand, or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem appropriate, including imposing fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any license under the Code for any one or combination of the following:
 - (1) Fraud or any misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Code or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Code.
 - (2) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States: (i) that is a felony or (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an essential

element	of whi	ich is dish	ionest	ty, or that is di	rectly rela
to the	practi	ce of the	prof	ession <u>, and abs</u>	ent mitigat
factors	and	evidence	of	rehabilitation	provided

- (3) Violation of the laws of this State relating to the funeral, burial or disposition of deceased human bodies or of the rules and regulations of the Department, or the Department of Public Health.
- (4) Directly or indirectly paying or causing to be paid any sum of money or other valuable consideration for the securing of business or for obtaining authority to dispose of any deceased human body.
- (5) Professional incompetence, gross negligence, malpractice, or untrustworthiness in the practice of funeral directing and embalming or funeral directing.
 - (6) (Blank).
- (7) Engaging in, promoting, selling, or issuing burial contracts, burial certificates, or burial insurance policies in connection with the profession as a funeral director and embalmer, funeral director, or funeral director and embalmer intern in violation of any laws of the State of Illinois.
- (8) Refusing, without cause, to surrender the custody of a deceased human body upon the proper request of the person or persons lawfully entitled to the custody of the body.

- 1 (9) Taking undue advantage of a client or clients as to 2 amount to the perpetration of fraud.
 - (10) Engaging in funeral directing and embalming or funeral directing without a license.
 - (11) Encouraging, requesting, or suggesting by a licensee or some person working on his behalf and with his consent for compensation that a person utilize the services of a certain funeral director and embalmer, funeral director, or funeral establishment unless that information has been expressly requested by the person. This does not prohibit general advertising or pre-need solicitation.
 - (12) Making or causing to be made any false or misleading statements about the laws concerning the disposition of human remains, including, but not limited to, the need to embalm, the need for a casket for cremation or the need for an outer burial container.
 - (13) (Blank).
 - (14) Embalming or attempting to embalm a deceased human body without express prior authorization of the person responsible for making the funeral arrangements for the body. This does not apply to cases where embalming is directed by local authorities who have jurisdiction or when embalming is required by State or local law. A licensee may embalm without express prior authorization if a good faith effort has been made to contact family members and has been unsuccessful and the licensee has no reason to believe the

- family opposes embalming.
 - (15) Making a false statement on a Certificate of Death where the person making the statement knew or should have known that the statement was false.
 - (16) Soliciting human bodies after death or while death is imminent.
 - (17) Performing any act or practice that is a violation of this Code, the rules for the administration of this Code, or any federal, State or local laws, rules, or regulations governing the practice of funeral directing or embalming.
 - (18) Performing any act or practice that is a violation of Section 2 of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.
 - (19) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.
 - (20) Taking possession of a dead human body without having first obtained express permission from the person holding the right to control the disposition in accordance with Section 5 of the Disposition of Remains Act or a public agency legally authorized to direct, control or permit the removal of deceased human bodies.
 - (21) Advertising in a false or misleading manner or advertising using the name of an unlicensed person in connection with any service being rendered in the practice

of funeral directing or funeral directing and embalming. The use of any name of an unlicensed or unregistered person in an advertisement so as to imply that the person will perform services is considered misleading advertising. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent including the name of any owner, officer or corporate director of a funeral home, who is not a licensee, in any advertisement used by a funeral home with which the individual is affiliated, if the advertisement specifies the individual's affiliation with the funeral home.

- (22) Charging for professional services not rendered, including filing false statements for the collection of fees for which services are not rendered.
- (23) Failing to account for or remit any monies, documents, or personal property that belongs to others that comes into a licensee's possession.
- (24) Treating any person differently to his detriment because of race, color, creed, gender, religion, or national origin.
- (25) Knowingly making any false statements, oral or otherwise, of a character likely to influence, persuade or induce others in the course of performing professional services or activities.
- (26) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in the practice of funeral directing and embalming, including, but not limited to, false records filed with

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 State agencies or departments.
- 2 (27) Failing to acquire continuing education required 3 under this Code.
 - (28) (Blank).
 - (29) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Code or rules adopted pursuant to this Code.
 - (30) Failing within 10 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - (31) Discipline by another state, District of Columbia, territory, foreign nation, or governmental agency, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.
 - (32) (Blank).
 - (33) Mental illness or disability which results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (34) Gross, willful, or continued overcharging for professional services, including filing false statements for collection of fees for which services are not rendered.
 - (35) Physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill which results in a licensee's inability to practice under this Code with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (36) Failing to comply with any of the following

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

required activities:

- (A) When reasonably possible, a funeral director licensee or funeral director and embalmer licensee or anyone acting on his or her behalf shall obtain the express authorization of the person or persons responsible for making the funeral arrangements for a deceased human body prior to removing a body from the place of death or any place it may be or embalming or attempting to embalm a deceased human body, unless required by State or local law. This requirement is waived whenever removal or embalming is directed by local authorities who have jurisdiction. If responsibility for the handling of the remains lawfully falls under the jurisdiction of a public agency, then the regulations of the public agency shall prevail.
- (B) A licensee shall clearly mark the price of any casket offered for sale or the price of any service using the casket on or in the casket if the casket is displayed at the funeral establishment. If the casket is displayed at any other location, regardless of whether the licensee is in control of that location, the casket shall be clearly marked and the registrant shall use books, catalogues, brochures, or other printed display aids to show the price of each casket or service.

23

24

25

26

(C) At the time funeral arrangements are made and prior to rendering the funeral services, a licensee shall furnish a written statement of services to be retained by the person or persons making the funeral arrangements, signed by both parties, that shall contain: (i) the name, address and telephone number of the funeral establishment and the date on which the arrangements were made; (ii) the price of the service selected and the services and merchandise included for that price; (iii) a clear disclosure that the person or persons making the arrangement may decline and receive credit for any service or merchandise not desired and not required by law or the funeral director or the funeral director and embalmer; (iv) the supplemental items of service and merchandise requested and the price of each item; (v) the terms or method of payment agreed upon; and (vi) a statement as to any monetary advances made by the registrant on behalf of the family. The licensee shall maintain a copy of the written statement of services in its permanent records. All written statements of services are subject to inspection by the Department.

(D) In all instances where the place of final disposition of a deceased human body or the cremated remains of a deceased human body is a cemetery, the licensed funeral director and embalmer, or licensed

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

funeral director, who has been engaged to provide funeral or embalming services shall remain at the cemetery and personally witness the placement of the human remains in their designated grave or the sealing of the above ground depository, crypt, or urn. The licensed funeral director or licensed funeral director and embalmer may designate a licensed funeral director and embalmer intern or representative of the funeral home to be his or her witness to the placement of the remains. If the cemetery authority, cemetery manager, or any other agent of the cemetery takes any action that prevents compliance with this paragraph (D), then the funeral director and embalmer or funeral director shall provide written notice to the Department within 5 business days after failing to comply. Department receives this notice, then the Department shall not take any disciplinary action against the funeral director and embalmer or funeral director for a violation of this paragraph (D) unless the Department finds that the cemetery authority, manager, or any other agent of the cemetery did not prevent the funeral director and embalmer or funeral director from complying with this paragraph (D) as claimed in the written notice.

(E) A funeral director or funeral director and embalmer shall fully complete the portion of the

Certificate of Death under the responsibility of the funeral director or funeral director and embalmer and provide all required information. In the event that any reported information subsequently changes or proves incorrect, a funeral director or funeral director and embalmer shall immediately upon learning the correct information correct the Certificate of Death.

- (37) A finding by the Department that the license, after having his or her license placed on probationary status or subjected to conditions or restrictions, violated the terms of the probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
 - (38) (Blank).
- (39) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and, upon proof by clear and convincing evidence, being found to have caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (40) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, alcohol, or any other substance which results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (41) Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.

26 <u>rehabilitation</u>.

Т	(42) Cheating on or accempting to subvert the incensing
2	examination administered under this Code.
3	(b-5) When issuing a license, the Department may consider
4	an applicant's conviction or convictions but a prior conviction
5	or convictions alone may not be the basis for refusing to issue
6	a license unless the crime for which he or she was convicted
7	substantially and directly relates to the occupation for which
8	the license is sought.
9	If the conviction or convictions are used as a basis for
10	rejection of an application, it must be in writing and
11	specifically state the evidence presented and reasons for
12	rejection, which must be substantially and directly related to
13	the licensed activity. The Department must consider:
14	(1) the bearing, if any, the criminal offenses or
15	offenses for which the person was previously convicted will
16	have on his or her fitness or ability to perform one or
17	more such duties and responsibilities;
18	(2) the time which has elapsed since the occurrence of
19	the criminal offense or offenses;
20	(3) the age of the person at the time of occurrence of
21	the criminal offense or offenses;
22	(4) the seriousness of the offense or offenses; and
23	(5) any information produced by the person or produced
24	on his or her behalf in regard to his or her rehabilitation
25	and good conduct that creates a presumption of

For the purpose of issuance, renewal, or restoration of a license, completion of a sentence of imprisonment or discharge from probation, conditional discharge from probation, or periodic imprisonment shall be treated as evidence of rehabilitation so that all license rights and privileges granted under this Act, under consideration for issuance, or formerly revoked or suspended because of conviction of an offense are automatically restored unless the Department finds after investigation and consideration of quidelines provided in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (b-5) that restoration is not in the public interest.

The Department shall not consider non-conviction records, convictions that did not result in incarceration, or convictions unrelated to the capacity to serve the public.

- suspend without a hearing, as provided for in the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, the license of any person who fails to file a return, to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until the time as the requirements of the tax Act are satisfied in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (d) No action may be taken under this Code against a person

- licensed under this Code unless the action is commenced within
 years after the occurrence of the alleged violations. A
 continuing violation shall be deemed to have occurred on the
 date when the circumstances last existed that give rise to the
 alleged violation.
 - (e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed or enforced to give a funeral director and embalmer, or his or her designees, authority over the operation of a cemetery or over cemetery employees. Nothing in this Section shall be construed or enforced to impose duties or penalties on cemeteries with respect to the timing of the placement of human remains in their designated grave or the sealing of the above ground depository, crypt, or urn due to patron safety, the allocation of cemetery staffing, liability insurance, a collective bargaining agreement, or other such reasons.
 - (f) All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine.
 - (g) The Department shall deny a license or renewal authorized by this Code to a person who has defaulted on an educational loan or scholarship provided or guaranteed by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission or any governmental agency of this State in accordance with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (h) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family Services has previously determined a licensee or a potential

licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary action against that person based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois unless, upon notification, the licensee demonstrates an inability to pay and agrees to enter into a reasonable payment plan.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the Department may not refuse to issue a license to a potential licensee who is an obligor because the obligor's child support arrearage equals or exceeds the amount of child support payable for 6 months. When an occupational license is issued to an applicant to whom this paragraph applies, the Department shall send a written notice to the obligor following the issuance of a license, advising the obligor that they obligor's license may be revoked or suspended unless within 30 days of the postmarked date of the notice, the obligor demonstrates an previous inability to pay and enters into a reasonable payment plan.

(i) A person not licensed under this Code who is an owner of a funeral establishment or funeral business shall not aid, abet, assist, procure, advise, employ, or contract with any

- unlicensed person to offer funeral services or aid, abet, assist, or direct any licensed person contrary to or in violation of any rules or provisions of this Code. A person violating this subsection shall be treated as a licensee for the purposes of disciplinary action under this Section and shall be subject to cease and desist orders as provided in this Code, the imposition of a fine up to \$10,000 for each violation and any other penalty provided by law.
 - (j) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension may end only upon a finding by a court that the licensee is no longer subject to the involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and discharging the licensee, and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
 - (k) In enforcing this Code, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Code, or who has applied for licensure under this Code, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physician shall be specifically designated by the Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. The examination shall be performed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without hearing.

A person holding a license under this Code or who has applied for a license under this Code who, because of a physical or mental illness or disability, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill, is unable to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, may be required by the Department to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice. Submission to care, counseling, or treatment as required by the Department shall not be considered discipline of a license. If the licensee refuses to enter into a care, counseling, or treatment agreement or fails to abide by the terms of the agreement, the Department may file a complaint to revoke, suspend, or otherwise discipline the

- 1 license of the individual. The Secretary may order the license
- 2 suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.
- 3 Fines shall not be assessed in disciplinary actions involving
- 4 physical or mental illness or impairment.
- 5 In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a
- 6 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's
- 7 license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after
- 8 the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The
- 9 Department shall have the authority to review the subject
- 10 individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the
- 11 impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal
- 12 statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of
- 13 medical records.
- 14 An individual licensed under this Code and affected under
- 15 this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to
- the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance
- 17 with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions
- 18 of his or her license.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 97-1130, eff. 8-28-12; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 20 Section 10. The Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act is
- amended by changing Section 9.1 as follows:
- 22 (225 ILCS 335/9.1) (from Ch. 111, par. 7509.1)
- 23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 9.1. Grounds for disciplinary action.

- (1) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, including fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any license for any one or combination of the following:
 - (a) violation of this Act or its rules;
 - (b) conviction or plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty or that is directly related to the practice of the profession, and absent mitigating factors and evidence of rehabilitation provided in subsection (1.5) of this Section;
 - (c) fraud or any misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Act, or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act;
 - (d) professional incompetence or gross negligence in the practice of roofing contracting, prima facie evidence of which may be a conviction or judgment in any court of competent jurisdiction against an applicant or licensee relating to the practice of roofing contracting or the

1	constructi	ion of	a	roof	or	repair	thereof	that	results	in
2	leakage wi	thin 9	0 d	lays a	after	the c	ompletion	of s	such work	;

- (e) (blank);
- (f) aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or rules;
- (g) failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department;
- (h) engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
- (i) habitual or excessive use or abuse of controlled substances, as defined by the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, alcohol, or any other substance that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety;
- (j) discipline by another state, unit of government, or government agency, the District of Columbia, a territory, or a foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section;
- (k) directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered;
 - (1) a finding by the Department that the licensee,

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

after having his or her license disciplined, has violated the terms of the discipline;

- (m) a finding by any court of competent jurisdiction, either within or without this State, of any violation of any law governing the practice of roofing contracting, if the Department determines, after investigation, that such person has not been sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;
- (n) willfully making or filing false records or reports in the practice of roofing contracting, including, but not limited to, false records filed with the State agencies or departments;
- (o) practicing, attempting to practice, or advertising under a name other than the full name as shown on the license or any other legally authorized name;
- (p) gross and willful overcharging for professional services including filing false statements for collection of fees or monies for which services are not rendered;
 - (q) (blank);
 - (r) (blank);
- (s) failure to continue to meet the requirements of this Act shall be deemed a violation;
- (t) physical or mental disability, including deterioration through the aging process or loss of abilities and skills that result in an inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill,

Т	or safety,
2	(u) material misstatement in furnishing information to
3	the Department or to any other State agency;
4	(v) (blank);
5	(w) advertising in any manner that is false,
6	misleading, or deceptive;
7	(x) taking undue advantage of a customer, which results
8	in the perpetration of a fraud;
9	(y) performing any act or practice that is a violation
10	of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act;
11	(z) engaging in the practice of roofing contracting, as
12	defined in this Act, with a suspended, revoked, or
13	cancelled license;
14	(aa) treating any person differently to the person's
15	detriment because of race, color, creed, gender, age,
16	religion, or national origin;
17	(bb) knowingly making any false statement, oral,
18	written, or otherwise, of a character likely to influence,
19	persuade, or induce others in the course of obtaining or
20	performing roofing contracting services;
21	(cc) violation of any final administrative action of
22	the Secretary;
23	(dd) allowing the use of his or her roofing license by
24	an unlicensed roofing contractor for the purposes of
25	providing roofing or waterproofing services; or
26	(ee) (blank);

1	(ff) cheating or attempting to subvert a licensing									
2	examination administered under this Act; or									
3	(gg) use of a license to permit or enable an unlicensed									
4	person to provide roofing contractor services.									
5	(1.5) When issuing a license, the Department may consider									
6	an applicant's conviction or convictions but a prior conviction									
7	or convictions alone may not be the basis for refusing to issue									
8	a license unless the crime for which he or she was convicted									
9	substantially and directly relates to the occupation for which									
10	the license is sought.									
11	If the conviction or convictions are used as a basis for									
12	rejection of an application, it must be in writing and									
13	specifically state the evidence presented and reasons for									
14	rejection, which must be substantially and directly related to									
15	the licensed activity. The Department must consider:									
16	(a) the bearing, if any, the criminal offenses or									
17	offenses for which the person was previously convicted will									
18	have on his or her fitness or ability to perform one or									
19	more such duties and responsibilities;									
20	(b) the time which has elapsed since the occurrence of									
21	the criminal offense or offenses;									
22	(c) the age of the person at the time of occurrence of									
23	the criminal offense or offenses;									
24	(d) the seriousness of the offense or offenses; and									
25	(e) any information produced by the person or produced									
26	on his or her behalf in regard to his or her rehabilitation									

1 and good conduct that creates a presumption of
2 rehabilitation.

For the purpose of issuance, renewal, or restoration of a license, completion of a sentence of imprisonment or discharge from probation, conditional discharge from probation, or periodic imprisonment shall be treated as evidence of rehabilitation so that all license rights and privileges granted under this Act, under consideration for issuance, or formerly revoked or suspended because of conviction of an offense are automatically restored unless the Department finds after investigation and consideration of guidelines provided in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (1.5) that restoration is not in the public interest.

The Department shall not consider non-conviction records, convictions that did not result in incarceration, or convictions unrelated to the capacity to serve the public.

(2) The determination by a circuit court that a license holder is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, an order by the court so finding and discharging the patient, and the recommendation of the Board to the Director that the license holder be allowed to resume his or her practice.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) The Department may refuse to issue or take disciplinary action concerning the license of any person who fails to file a return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined by the Department of Revenue.
- (4) In enforcing this Section, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual who is licensed under this Act or any individual who has applied for licensure to submit to a mental or physical examination or evaluation, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, at the expense of the Department. The Department shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and other professional and administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- any person ordered to submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing.
 - (5) The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team present testimony concerning this examination evaluation of the licensee or applicant, including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communication between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or multidisciplinary team member of the to information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide any testimony regarding the examination and evaluation. The

- individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination.
 - (6) Failure of any individual to submit to mental or physical examination or evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without hearing until such time as the individual submits to the examination. If the Department finds a licensee unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department shall require the licensee to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department as a condition for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure.
 - (7) When the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the licensee's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.
 - (8) Licensees affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that they can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of their license.
 - (9) The Department shall deny a license or renewal authorized by this Act to a person who has defaulted on an

educational loan or scholarship provided or guaranteed by the
Illinois Student Assistance Commission or any governmental
agency of this State in accordance with paragraph (5) of
subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of
Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of
Illinois.

(10) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family Services has previously determined a licensee or a potential licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary action against that person based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois unless, upon notification, the licensee demonstrates an inability to pay and agrees to enter into a reasonable payment plan.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the Department may not refuse to issue a license to a potential licensee who is an obligor because the obligor's child support arrearage equals or exceeds the amount of child support payable for 6 months. When an occupational license is issued to an applicant to whom this paragraph applies, the Department shall

- send a written notice to the obligor following the issuance of
- 2 a license, advising the obligor that they obligor's license may
- 3 be revoked or suspended unless within 30 days of the postmarked
- 4 date of the notice, the obligor demonstrates an previous
- 5 inability to pay and enters into a reasonable payment plan.
- The changes to this Act made by this amendatory Act of 1997
- 7 apply only to disciplinary actions relating to events occurring
- 8 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 99-469, eff. 8-26-15.)
- 10 Section 15. The Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair
- 11 Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985 is amended by
- 12 changing Section 4-7 as follows:
- 13 (225 ILCS 410/4-7) (from Ch. 111, par. 1704-7)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 15 Sec. 4-7. Refusal, suspension and revocation of licenses;
- 16 causes; disciplinary action.
- 17 (1) The Department may refuse to issue or renew, and may
- 18 suspend, revoke, place on probation, reprimand or take any
- 19 other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the
- 20 Department may deem proper, including civil penalties not to
- 21 exceed \$500 for each violation, with regard to any license for
- any one, or any combination, of the following causes:
- a. Conviction of any crime under the laws of the United
- 24 States or any state or territory thereof that is (i) a

1	felony, (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which
2	is dishonesty, or (iii) a crime which is related to the
3	practice of the profession, and absent mitigating factors
4	and evidence of rehabilitation provided in subsection
5	(1.5) of this Section.

- b. Conviction of any of the violations listed in Section 4-20.
 - c. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.
 - d. Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license or violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
 - e. Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
 - f. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - g. Discipline by another state, territory, or country if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same as or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Act.
 - h. Practice in the barber, nail technology, esthetics, hair braiding, or cosmetology profession, or an attempt to practice in those professions, by fraudulent misrepresentation.
 - i. Gross malpractice or gross incompetency.
 - j. Continued practice by a person knowingly having an

- 1 infectious or contagious disease.
- 2 k. Solicitation of professional services by using 3 false or misleading advertising.
 - 1. A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
 - m. Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered.
 - n. Violating any of the provisions of this Act or rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
 - o. Willfully making or filing false records or reports relating to a licensee's practice, including but not limited to, false records filed with State agencies or departments.
 - p. Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - q. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public as may be defined by rules of the Department, or violating the rules of professional conduct which may be adopted by the Department.

- r. Permitting any person to use for any unlawful or fraudulent purpose one's diploma or license or certificate of registration as a cosmetologist, nail technician, esthetician, hair braider, or barber or cosmetology, nail technology, esthetics, hair braiding, or barber teacher or salon or shop or cosmetology clinic teacher.
 - s. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- t. Operating a salon or shop without a valid registration.
- u. Failure to complete required continuing education hours.
- (1.5) When issuing a license, the Department may consider an applicant's conviction or convictions but a prior conviction or convictions alone may not be the basis for refusing to issue a license unless the crime for which he or she was convicted substantially and directly relates to the occupation for which the license is sought.
- If the conviction or convictions are used as a basis for rejection of an application, it must be in writing and specifically state the evidence presented and reasons for rejection, which must be substantially and directly related to

the	licensed	activity.	The	Department	must	consider:

- 2 (a) the bearing, if any, the criminal offenses or
 3 offenses for which the person was previously convicted will
 4 have on his or her fitness or ability to perform one or
 5 more such duties and responsibilities;
 - (b) the time which has elapsed since the occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses;
 - (c) the age of the person at the time of occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses;
 - (d) the seriousness of the offense or offenses; and
- 11 (e) any information produced by the person or produced

 12 on his or her behalf in regard to his or her rehabilitation

 13 and good conduct that creates a presumption of

 14 rehabilitation.

For the purpose of issuance, renewal, or restoration of a license, completion of a sentence of imprisonment or discharge from probation, conditional discharge from probation, or periodic imprisonment shall be treated as evidence of rehabilitation so that all license rights and privileges granted under this Act, under consideration for issuance, or formerly revoked or suspended because of conviction of an offense are automatically restored unless the Department finds after investigation and consideration of guidelines provided in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (1.5) that restoration is not in the public interest.

The Department shall not consider non-conviction records,

1 <u>convictions that did not result in incarceration, or</u> 2 convictions unrelated to the capacity to serve the public.

- (2) In rendering an order, the Secretary shall take into consideration the facts and circumstances involving the type of acts or omissions in paragraph (1) of this Section including, but not limited to:
 - (a) the extent to which public confidence in the cosmetology, nail technology, esthetics, hair braiding, or barbering profession was, might have been, or may be, injured;
 - (b) the degree of trust and dependence among the involved parties;
 - (c) the character and degree of harm which did result or might have resulted;
 - (d) the intent or mental state of the licensee at the time of the acts or omissions.
- (3) The Department may reissue the license or registration upon certification by the Board that the disciplined licensee or registrant has complied with all of the terms and conditions set forth in the final order or has been sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust.
- (4) The Department shall refuse to issue or renew or suspend without hearing the license or certificate of registration of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as

- required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined by the Department of Revenue.
 - application for a license or renewal of a license under this Act by a person who has defaulted on an educational loan guaranteed by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission; however, the Department may issue or renew a license if the person in default has established a satisfactory repayment record as determined by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission.
 - (6) All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.
 - Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) has previously determined that a licensee or a potential licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against that person based upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of

- 1 Professional Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois
- 2 unless, upon notification, the licensee demonstrates an
- 3 inability to pay and agrees to enter into a reasonable payment
- 4 plan.
- 5 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (7), the
- 6 Department may not refuse to issue a license to a potential
- 7 licensee who is an obligor because the obligor's child support
- 8 arrearage equals or exceeds the amount of child support payable
- 9 for 6 months. When an occupational license is issued to an
- 10 applicant to whom this paragraph applies, the Department shall
- send a written notice to the obligor following the issuance of
- 12 a license, advising the obligor that the obligor's license may
- be revoked or suspended unless within 30 days of the postmarked
- date of the notice, the obligor demonstrates the inability to
- pay and enters into a reasonable payment plan.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 98-911, eff. 1-1-15; 99-427, eff. 8-21-15.)
- 17 Section 20. The Illinois Public Accounting Act is amended
- 18 by changing Section 20.01 as follows:
- 19 (225 ILCS 450/20.01) (from Ch. 111, par. 5521.01)
- 20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)
- Sec. 20.01. Grounds for discipline; license or
- 22 registration.
- 23 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew, or may
- 24 revoke, suspend, or reprimand any registration or registrant,

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

any license or licensee, place a licensee or registrant on probation for a period of time subject to any conditions the Department may specify including requiring the licensee or registrant to attend continuing education courses or to work under the supervision of another licensee or registrant, impose a fine not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, restrict the authorized scope of practice, require a licensee or registrant to undergo a peer review program, assess costs as provided for under Section 20.4, or take other disciplinary non-disciplinary action for any one or more of the following:

- (1) Violation of any provision of this Act or rule adopted by the Department under this Act or violation of professional standards.
- (2) Dishonesty, fraud, or deceit in obtaining, reinstating, or restoring a license or registration.
- (3) Cancellation, revocation, suspension, denial of licensure or registration, or refusal to renew a license or privileges under Section 5.2 for disciplinary reasons in any other U.S. jurisdiction, unit of government, or government agency for any cause.
- (4) Failure, on the part of a licensee under Section 13 or registrant under Section 16, to maintain compliance with the requirements for issuance or renewal of a license or registration or to report changes to the Department.
- (5) Revocation or suspension of the right to practice by or before any state or federal regulatory authority or

by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

- (6) Dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or gross negligence in the performance of services as a licensee or registrant or individual granted privileges under Section 5.2.
- (7) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of public accounting, and absent mitigating factors and evidence of rehabilitation provided in subsection (a-5) of this Section.
- (8) Performance of any fraudulent act while holding a license or privilege issued under this Act or prior law.
- (9) Practicing on a revoked, suspended, or inactive license or registration.
- (10) Making or filing a report or record that the registrant or licensee knows to be false, willfully failing to file a report or record required by State or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing the filing or inducing another person to impede or obstruct only those that are signed in the capacity of a licensed CPA or a registered CPA.

_		(11)	Aidi	ng	or a	ssis	ting	g anot	ther	person	in	violating
2	anv	provi	sion	of	this	Act	or 1	rules	prom	ulgated	her	eunder.

- (12) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- (13) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other substance that results in the inability to practice with reasonable skill, judgment, or safety.
- (14) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional service not actually rendered.
- (15) Physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill that results in the licensee or registrant's inability to practice under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (16) Solicitation of professional services by using false or misleading advertising.
- (17) Any conduct reflecting adversely upon the licensee's fitness to perform services while a licensee or individual granted privileges under Section 5.2.
- (18) Practicing or attempting to practice under a name other than the full name as shown on the license or registration or any other legally authorized name.

24

25

26

1	(19) A finding by the Department that a licensee or
2	registrant has not complied with a provision of any lawful
3	order issued by the Department.
4	(20) Making a false statement to the Department
5	regarding compliance with continuing professional
6	education or peer review requirements.
7	(21) Failing to make a substantive response to a
8	request for information by the Department within 30 days of
9	the request.
10	(a-5) When issuing a license, the Department may consider
11	an applicant's conviction or convictions but a prior conviction
12	or convictions alone may not be the basis for refusing to issue
13	a license unless the crime for which he or she was convicted
14	substantially and directly relates to the occupation for which
15	the license is sought.
16	If the conviction or convictions are used as a basis for
17	rejection of an application, it must be in writing and
18	specifically state the evidence presented and reasons for
19	rejection, which must be substantially and directly related to
20	the licensed activity. The Department must consider:
21	(1) the bearing, if any, the criminal offenses or
22	offenses for which the person was previously convicted will

have on his or her fitness or ability to perform one or

(2) the time which has elapsed since the occurrence of

more such duties and responsibilities;

the criminal offense or offenses;

1	(3) the age of the person at the time of occurrence of
2	the criminal offense or offenses;
3	(4) the seriousness of the offense or offenses; and
4	(5) any information produced by the person or produced
5	on his or her behalf in regard to his or her rehabilitation
6	and good conduct that creates a presumption of
7	rehabilitation.
8	For the purpose of issuance, renewal, or restoration of a
9	license, completion of a sentence of imprisonment or discharge
10	from probation, conditional discharge from probation, or
11	periodic imprisonment shall be treated as evidence of
12	rehabilitation so that all license rights and privileges
13	granted under this Act, under consideration for issuance, or
14	formerly revoked or suspended because of conviction of an
15	offense are automatically restored unless the Department finds
16	after investigation and consideration of guidelines provided
17	in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (a-5) that
18	restoration is not in the public interest.
19	The Department shall not consider non-conviction records,
20	convictions that did not result in incarceration, or
21	convictions unrelated to the capacity to serve the public.
22	(b) (Blank).
23	(b-5) All fines or costs imposed under this Section shall
24	be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order
25	imposing the fine or costs or in accordance with the terms set
26	forth in the order imposing the fine or cost.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(c) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family Services has previously determined a licensee or a potential licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against that person based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois unless, upon notification, the licensee demonstrates an inability to pay and agrees to enter into a reasonable payment plan.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the Department may not refuse to issue a license to a potential licensee who is an obligor because the obligor's child support arrearage equals or exceeds the amount of child support payable for 6 months. When an occupational license is issued to an applicant to this paragraph applies, the Department shall send a written notice to the obligor following the issuance of a license, advising the obligor that they obligor's license may be revoked or suspended unless within 30 days of the postmarked date of the notice, the obligor demonstrates an previous inability to pay and enters into a reasonable payment plan.

(d) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend

- without hearing, as provided for in the Code of Civil Procedure, the license or registration of any person who fails to file a return, to pay a tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (e) The Department shall deny any application for a license, registration, or renewal, without hearing, to any person who has defaulted on an educational loan guaranteed by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission; however, the Department may issue a license, registration, or renewal if the person in default has established a satisfactory repayment record as determined by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission.
 - (f) The determination by a court that a licensee or registrant is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code will result in the automatic suspension of his or her license or registration. The licensee or registrant shall be responsible for notifying the Department of the determination by the court that the licensee or registrant is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities

 Code. The suspension shall end only upon a finding by a court

 that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission

 or judicial admission, the issuance of an order so finding and

 discharging the patient, and the filing of a petition for

 restoration demonstrating fitness to practice.
 - (g) In enforcing this Section, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel, any licensee or registrant or any individual who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, at the expense of the Department. The Department shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical counselors, and other professional professional administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination and evaluation under this Section to submit

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing. The Department may order the examining physician or any member multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning this examination and evaluation of the licensee, registrant, or applicant, including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communication between the licensee, registrant, or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the individual ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide any testimony regarding the examination and evaluation.

The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during

all aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to submit to mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension, without hearing, until such time as the individual submits to the examination. If the Department finds a licensee, registrant, or applicant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department shall require such licensee, registrant, or applicant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department, as a condition for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice.

When the Secretary immediately suspends a license or registration under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license or registration must be convened by the Department within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the subject's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

Individuals licensed or registered under this Act, affected under this Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that they can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of their license or registration.

26 (Source: P.A. 98-254, eff. 8-9-13.)

Section 25. The Real Estate License Act of 2000 is amended by changing Section 20-20 as follows:

3 (225 ILCS 454/20-20)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)

5 Sec. 20-20. Grounds for discipline.

- (a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew a license, may place on probation, suspend, or revoke any license, reprimand, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper and impose a fine not to exceed \$25,000 upon any licensee or applicant under this Act or any person who holds himself or herself out as an applicant or licensee or against a licensee in handling his or her own property, whether held by deed, option, or otherwise, for any one or any combination of the following causes:
 - (1) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for, or procuring, a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
 - (2) The conviction of or plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere to a felony or misdemeanor in this State or any other jurisdiction; or the entry of an administrative sanction by a government agency in this State or any other jurisdiction. Action taken under this paragraph (2) for a misdemeanor or an administrative sanction is limited to a misdemeanor or administrative sanction that has as an

essential element dishonesty or fraud or involves larceny, embezzlement, or obtaining money, property, or credit by false pretenses or by means of a confidence game <u>and absent mitigating factors and evidence of rehabilitation provided</u> in Section 5-25 of this Act.

- (3) Inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of a physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill, or a mental illness or disability.
- (4) Practice under this Act as a licensee in a retail sales establishment from an office, desk, or space that is not separated from the main retail business by a separate and distinct area within the establishment.
- (5) Having been disciplined by another state, the District of Columbia, a territory, a foreign nation, or a governmental agency authorized to impose discipline if at least one of the grounds for that discipline is the same as or the equivalent of one of the grounds for which a licensee may be disciplined under this Act. A certified copy of the record of the action by the other state or jurisdiction shall be prima facie evidence thereof.
- (6) Engaging in the practice of real estate brokerage without a license or after the licensee's license was expired or while the license was inoperative.
 - (7) Cheating on or attempting to subvert the Real

_	Estate	License	Exam	or	continuing	education	exam.
---	--------	---------	------	----	------------	-----------	-------

- (8) Aiding or abetting an applicant to subvert or cheat on the Real Estate License Exam or continuing education exam administered pursuant to this Act.
- (9) Advertising that is inaccurate, misleading, or contrary to the provisions of the Act.
- (10) Making any substantial misrepresentation or untruthful advertising.
- (11) Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce.
- (12) Pursuing a continued and flagrant course of misrepresentation or the making of false promises through licensees, employees, agents, advertising, or otherwise.
- (13) Any misleading or untruthful advertising, or using any trade name or insignia of membership in any real estate organization of which the licensee is not a member.
- (14) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without providing written notice to all parties for whom the licensee acts.
- (15) Representing or attempting to represent a broker other than the sponsoring broker.
- (16) Failure to account for or to remit any moneys or documents coming into his or her possession that belong to others.
- (17) Failure to maintain and deposit in a special account, separate and apart from personal and other

business accounts, all escrow moneys belonging to others entrusted to a licensee while acting as a broker, escrow agent, or temporary custodian of the funds of others or failure to maintain all escrow moneys on deposit in the account until the transactions are consummated or terminated, except to the extent that the moneys, or any part thereof, shall be:

- (A) disbursed prior to the consummation or termination (i) in accordance with the written direction of the principals to the transaction or their duly authorized agents, (ii) in accordance with directions providing for the release, payment, or distribution of escrow moneys contained in any written contract signed by the principals to the transaction or their duly authorized agents, or (iii) pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction; or
- (B) deemed abandoned and transferred to the Office of the State Treasurer to be handled as unclaimed property pursuant to the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act. Escrow moneys may be deemed abandoned under this subparagraph (B) only: (i) in the absence of disbursement under subparagraph (A); (ii) in the absence of notice of the filing of any claim in a court of competent jurisdiction; and (iii) if 6 months have elapsed after the receipt of a written demand for the escrow moneys from one of the principals

to the transaction or the principal's duly authorized agent.

The account shall be noninterest bearing, unless the character of the deposit is such that payment of interest thereon is otherwise required by law or unless the principals to the transaction specifically require, in writing, that the deposit be placed in an interest bearing account.

- (18) Failure to make available to the Department all escrow records and related documents maintained in connection with the practice of real estate within 24 hours of a request for those documents by Department personnel.
- (19) Failing to furnish copies upon request of documents relating to a real estate transaction to a party who has executed that document.
- (20) Failure of a sponsoring broker to timely provide information, sponsor cards, or termination of licenses to the Department.
- (21) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- (22) Commingling the money or property of others with his or her own money or property.
- (23) Employing any person on a purely temporary or single deal basis as a means of evading the law regarding payment of commission to nonlicensees on some contemplated

transactions.

- (24) Permitting the use of his or her license as a broker to enable a leasing agent or unlicensed person to operate a real estate business without actual participation therein and control thereof by the broker.
- (25) Any other conduct, whether of the same or a different character from that specified in this Section, that constitutes dishonest dealing.
- (26) Displaying a "for rent" or "for sale" sign on any property without the written consent of an owner or his or her duly authorized agent or advertising by any means that any property is for sale or for rent without the written consent of the owner or his or her authorized agent.
- (27) Failing to provide information requested by the Department, or otherwise respond to that request, within 30 days of the request.
- (28) Advertising by means of a blind advertisement, except as otherwise permitted in Section 10-30 of this Act.
- (29) Offering guaranteed sales plans, as defined in clause (A) of this subdivision (29), except to the extent hereinafter set forth:
 - (A) A "guaranteed sales plan" is any real estate purchase or sales plan whereby a licensee enters into a conditional or unconditional written contract with a seller, prior to entering into a brokerage agreement with the seller, by the terms of which a licensee

agrees to purchase a property of the seller within a specified period of time at a specific price in the event the property is not sold in accordance with the terms of a brokerage agreement to be entered into between the sponsoring broker and the seller.

- (B) A licensee offering a guaranteed sales plan shall provide the details and conditions of the plan in writing to the party to whom the plan is offered.
- (C) A licensee offering a guaranteed sales plan shall provide to the party to whom the plan is offered evidence of sufficient financial resources to satisfy the commitment to purchase undertaken by the broker in the plan.
- (D) Any licensee offering a guaranteed sales plan shall undertake to market the property of the seller subject to the plan in the same manner in which the broker would market any other property, unless the agreement with the seller provides otherwise.
- (E) The licensee cannot purchase seller's property until the brokerage agreement has ended according to its terms or is otherwise terminated.
- (F) Any licensee who fails to perform on a guaranteed sales plan in strict accordance with its terms shall be subject to all the penalties provided in this Act for violations thereof and, in addition, shall be subject to a civil fine payable to the party injured

by the default in an amount of up to \$25,000.

- (30) Influencing or attempting to influence, by any words or acts, a prospective seller, purchaser, occupant, landlord, or tenant of real estate, in connection with viewing, buying, or leasing real estate, so as to promote or tend to promote the continuance or maintenance of racially and religiously segregated housing or so as to retard, obstruct, or discourage racially integrated housing on or in any street, block, neighborhood, or community.
- (31) Engaging in any act that constitutes a violation of any provision of Article 3 of the Illinois Human Rights Act, whether or not a complaint has been filed with or adjudicated by the Human Rights Commission.
- (32) Inducing any party to a contract of sale or lease or brokerage agreement to break the contract of sale or lease or brokerage agreement for the purpose of substituting, in lieu thereof, a new contract for sale or lease or brokerage agreement with a third party.
- (33) Negotiating a sale, exchange, or lease of real estate directly with any person if the licensee knows that the person has an exclusive brokerage agreement with another broker, unless specifically authorized by that broker.
- (34) When a licensee is also an attorney, acting as the attorney for either the buyer or the seller in the same

transaction in which the licensee is acting or has acted as a managing broker or broker.

- (35) Advertising or offering merchandise or services as free if any conditions or obligations necessary for receiving the merchandise or services are not disclosed in the same advertisement or offer. These conditions or obligations include without limitation the requirement that the recipient attend a promotional activity or visit a real estate site. As used in this subdivision (35), "free" includes terms such as "award", "prize", "no charge", "free of charge", "without charge", and similar words or phrases that reasonably lead a person to believe that he or she may receive or has been selected to receive something of value, without any conditions or obligations on the part of the recipient.
- (36) Disregarding or violating any provision of the Land Sales Registration Act of 1989, the Illinois Real Estate Time-Share Act, or the published rules promulgated by the Department to enforce those Acts.
- (37) Violating the terms of a disciplinary order issued by the Department.
- (38) Paying or failing to disclose compensation in violation of Article 10 of this Act.
- (39) Requiring a party to a transaction who is not a client of the licensee to allow the licensee to retain a portion of the escrow moneys for payment of the licensee's

commission or expenses as a condition for release of the escrow moneys to that party.

- (40) Disregarding or violating any provision of this Act or the published rules promulgated by the Department to enforce this Act or aiding or abetting any individual, partnership, registered limited liability partnership, limited liability company, or corporation in disregarding any provision of this Act or the published rules promulgated by the Department to enforce this Act.
- (41) Failing to provide the minimum services required by Section 15-75 of this Act when acting under an exclusive brokerage agreement.
- (42) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in a managing broker, broker, or leasing agent's inability to practice with reasonable skill or safety.
- (43) Enabling, aiding, or abetting an auctioneer, as defined in the Auction License Act, to conduct a real estate auction in a manner that is in violation of this Act.
- (a-5) When issuing a license, the Department may consider an applicant's conviction or convictions but a prior conviction or convictions alone may not be the basis for refusing to issue a license unless the crime for which he or she was convicted substantially and directly relates to the occupation for which

	- ·		
the	license	1 9	souatht
CIIC	T T C C 11 D C	$\pm \circ$	DOUGITC.

<u>]</u>	If t	he	cor	nvic	tion	or	conv	icti	ons	are	use	d as	s a	basis	for
rejec	ctio	n	of	an	app	olic	ation	, i	t r	must	be	in	wr	iting	and
speci	ific	all	-У	stat	e t	he	evide	ence	pr	esent	ted	and	re	easons	for
rejection, which must be substantially and directly related to															
the licensed activity. The Department must consider:															

- (1) the bearing, if any, the criminal offenses or offenses for which the person was previously convicted will have on his or her fitness or ability to perform one or more such duties and responsibilities;
- (2) the time which has elapsed since the occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses;
- (3) the age of the person at the time of occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses;
 - (4) the seriousness of the offense or offenses; and
 - (5) any information produced by the person or produced on his or her behalf in regard to his or her rehabilitation and good conduct that creates a presumption of rehabilitation.

For the purpose of issuance, renewal, or restoration of a license, completion of a sentence of imprisonment or discharge from probation, conditional discharge from probation, or periodic imprisonment shall be treated as evidence of rehabilitation so that all license rights and privileges granted under this Act, under consideration for issuance, or formerly revoked or suspended because of conviction of an

offense are automatically restored unless the Department finds

2 after investigation and consideration of guidelines provided

in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (a-5) that

restoration is not in the public interest.

The Department shall not consider non-conviction records, convictions that did not result in incarceration, or convictions unrelated to the capacity to serve the public.

- (b) The Department may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of that tax Act are satisfied in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 2105-15 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (c) The Department shall deny a license or renewal authorized by this Act to a person who has defaulted on an educational loan or scholarship provided or guaranteed by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission or any governmental agency of this State in accordance with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (d) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) has previously determined that a licensee or a potential licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has

subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department may refuse to issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary action against that person based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois unless, upon notification, the licensee demonstrates an inability to pay and agrees to enter into a reasonable payment plan.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the Department may not refuse to issue a license to a potential licensee who is an obligor because the obligor's child support arrearage equals or exceeds the amount of child support payable for 6 months. When an occupational license is issued to an applicant to whom this paragraph applies, the Department shall send a written notice to the obligor following the issuance of a license, advising the obligor that they obligor's license may be revoked or suspended unless within 30 days of the postmarked date of the notice, the obligor demonstrates an previous inability to pay and enters into a reasonable payment plan.

(e) In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board upon a showing of a possible violation may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department or Board may order the examining

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

physician to present testimony concerning the mental physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. examining physicians shall be specifically designated by the Board or Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall be grounds for suspension of his or her license until the individual submits to the examination if the Department finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department or Board may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised subject to such terms,

hearing by the Department.

5

15

16

17

18

- conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a
- 6 In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a 7 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's 8 license must be convened by the Department within 30 days after 9 the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The 10 Department and Board shall have the authority to review the 11 subject individual's record of treatment and counseling 12 regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable 13 federal statutes and regulations safequarding the confidentiality of medical records. 14
 - An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 98-553, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
- 21 99-227, eff. 8-3-15.)