

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB4961

Introduced 2/5/2016, by Rep. Thomas Bennett

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

510 ILCS 70/3.01

from Ch. 8, par. 703.01

Amends the Humane Care for Animals Act. Provides that no person may tail dock a dog without a veterinarian attesting that the procedure is medically necessary. Provides that a violation of this provision is a Class A misdemeanor for the first conviction, and a second or subsequent conviction is a Class 4 felony.

LRB099 16302 MGM 40633 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning animals.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Humane Care for Animals Act is amended by changing Section 3.01 as follows:
- 6 (510 ILCS 70/3.01) (from Ch. 8, par. 703.01)
- 7 Sec. 3.01. Cruel treatment.
- 8 (a) No person or owner may beat, cruelly treat, torment, 9 starve, overwork or otherwise abuse any animal.
- 10 (b) No owner may abandon any animal where it may become a public charge or may suffer injury, hunger or exposure.
- 12 <u>(c)</u> No owner of a dog or cat that is a companion animal may
 13 expose the dog or cat in a manner that places the dog or cat in
 14 a life-threatening situation for a prolonged period of time in
 15 extreme heat or cold conditions that results in injury to or
 16 death of the animal.
- 17 <u>(d) No person may tail dock a dog without a veterinarian</u>
 18 attesting that the procedure is medically necessary.
- 19 <u>(e)</u> (e) A person convicted of violating this Section is 20 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent 21 conviction for a violation of this Section is a Class 4 felony. 22 In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person who 23 is convicted of violating subsection (a) upon a companion

animal in the presence of a child, as defined in Section 12-0.1 1 2 of the Criminal Code of 2012, shall be subject to a fine of 3 \$250 and ordered to perform community service for not less than 100 hours. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, 5 upon conviction for violating this Section, the court may order 6 the convicted person to undergo a psychological or psychiatric evaluation and to undergo any treatment at the convicted 7 person's expense that the court determines to be appropriate 8 after due consideration of the evidence. If the convicted 9 10 person is a juvenile or a companion animal hoarder, the court 11 must order the convicted person to undergo a psychological or 12 psychiatric evaluation and to undergo treatment that the court 13 determines to be appropriate after due consideration of the 14 evaluation.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-311, eff. 1-1-16; 99-357, eff. 1-1-16; revised

16 10-20-15.)