

Rep. Michael W. Tryon

Filed: 4/15/2015

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1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3341
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 3341, AS AMENDED, by
3	replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by
6	changing Section 39.5 as follows:
7	(415 ILCS 5/39.5) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1039.5)
8	Sec. 39.5. Clean Air Act Permit Program.
9	1. Definitions.
10	For purposes of this Section:
11	"Administrative permit amendment" means a permit revision
12	subject to subsection 13 of this Section.
13	"Affected source for acid deposition" means a source that
14	includes one or more affected units under Title IV of the Clean
15	Air Act.
16	"Affected States" for purposes of formal distribution of a

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1 draft CAAPP permit to other States for comments prior to 2 issuance, means all States:

3 (1) Whose air quality may be affected by the source
4 covered by the draft permit and that are contiguous to
5 Illinois; or

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(2) That are within 50 miles of the source.

7 "Affected unit for acid deposition" shall have the meaning
8 given to the term "affected unit" in the regulations
9 promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

10 "Applicable Clean Air Act requirement" means all of the 11 following as they apply to emissions units in a source (including regulations that have been promulgated or approved 12 13 by USEPA pursuant to the Clean Air Act which directly impose requirements upon a source and other such federal requirements 14 15 which have been adopted by the Board. These may include 16 requirements and regulations which have future effective compliance dates. Requirements and regulations will be exempt 17 if USEPA determines that such requirements need not be 18 19 contained in a Title V permit):

(1) Any standard or other requirement provided for in
the applicable state implementation plan approved or
promulgated by USEPA under Title I of the Clean Air Act
that implements the relevant requirements of the Clean Air
Act, including any revisions to the state Implementation
Plan promulgated in 40 CFR Part 52, Subparts A and O and
other subparts applicable to Illinois. For purposes of this

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paragraph (1) of this definition, "any standard or other requirement" means only such standards or requirements directly enforceable against an individual source under the Clean Air Act.

5 (2)(i) Any term or condition of any preconstruction 6 permits issued pursuant to regulations approved or 7 promulgated by USEPA under Title I of the Clean Air 8 Act, including Part C or D of the Clean Air Act.

9 (ii) Any term or condition as required pursuant to 10 Section 39.5 of any federally enforceable State 11 operating permit issued pursuant to regulations 12 approved or promulgated by USEPA under Title I of the 13 Clean Air Act, including Part C or D of the Clean Air 14 Act.

(3) Any standard or other requirement under Section 111
of the Clean Air Act, including Section 111(d).

17 (4) Any standard or other requirement under Section 112
18 of the Clean Air Act, including any requirement concerning
19 accident prevention under Section 112(r)(7) of the Clean
20 Air Act.

(5) Any standard or other requirement of the acid rain
 program under Title IV of the Clean Air Act or the
 regulations promulgated thereunder.

24 (6) Any requirements established pursuant to Section
25 504(b) or Section 114(a)(3) of the Clean Air Act.

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(7) Any standard or other requirement governing solid

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waste incineration, under Section 129 of the Clean Air Act.

(8) Any standard or other requirement for consumer and commercial products, under Section 183(e) of the Clean Air Act.

(9) Any standard or other requirement for tank vessels,
under Section 183(f) of the Clean Air Act.

7 (10) Any standard or other requirement of the program
8 to control air pollution from Outer Continental Shelf
9 sources, under Section 328 of the Clean Air Act.

10 (11) Any standard or other requirement of the 11 regulations promulgated to protect stratospheric ozone 12 under Title VI of the Clean Air Act, unless USEPA has 13 determined that such requirements need not be contained in 14 a Title V permit.

15 (12) Any national ambient air quality standard or 16 increment or visibility requirement under Part C of Title I 17 of the Clean Air Act, but only as it would apply to 18 temporary sources permitted pursuant to Section 504(e) of 19 the Clean Air Act.

20 "Applicable requirement" means all applicable Clean Air 21 Act requirements and any other standard, limitation, or other 22 requirement contained in this Act or regulations promulgated 23 under this Act as applicable to sources of air contaminants 24 (including requirements that have future effective compliance 25 dates).

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"CAAPP" means the Clean Air Act Permit Program, developed

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1 pursuant to Title V of the Clean Air Act.

2 "CAAPP application" means an application for a CAAPP 3 permit.

4 "CAAPP Permit" or "permit" (unless the context suggests
5 otherwise) means any permit issued, renewed, amended, modified
6 or revised pursuant to Title V of the Clean Air Act.

7 "CAAPP source" means any source for which the owner or 8 operator is required to obtain a CAAPP permit pursuant to 9 subsection 2 of this Section.

10 "Clean Air Act" means the Clean Air Act, as now and 11 hereafter amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq.

"Designated representative" has the meaning given to it in 12 13 Section 402(26) of the Clean Air Act and the regulations 14 promulgated thereunder, which state that the term "designated 15 representative" means a responsible person or official 16 authorized by the owner or operator of a unit to represent the 17 owner or operator in all matters pertaining to the holding, 18 transfer, or disposition of allowances allocated to a unit, and 19 the submission of and compliance with permits, permit 20 applications, and compliance plans for the unit.

21 "Draft CAAPP permit" means the version of a CAAPP permit 22 for which public notice and an opportunity for public comment 23 and hearing is offered by the Agency.

24 "Effective date of the CAAPP" means the date that USEPA 25 approves Illinois' CAAPP.

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"Emission unit" means any part or activity of a stationary

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source that emits or has the potential to emit any air pollutant. This term is not meant to alter or affect the definition of the term "unit" for purposes of Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

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"Federally enforceable" means enforceable by USEPA.

6 "Final permit action" means the Agency's granting with 7 conditions, refusal to grant, renewal of, or revision of a 8 CAAPP permit, the Agency's determination of incompleteness of a 9 submitted CAAPP application, or the Agency's failure to act on 10 an application for a permit, permit renewal, or permit revision 11 within the time specified in subsection 13, subsection 14, or 12 paragraph (j) of subsection 5 of this Section.

13 "General permit" means a permit issued to cover numerous 14 similar sources in accordance with subsection 11 of this 15 Section.

16 "Major source" means a source for which emissions of one or 17 more air pollutants meet the criteria for major status pursuant 18 to paragraph(c) of subsection 2 of this Section.

19 "Maximum achievable control technology" or "MACT" means 20 the maximum degree of reductions in emissions deemed achievable 21 under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act.

"Owner or operator" means any person who owns, leases,
operates, controls, or supervises a stationary source.

24 "Permit modification" means a revision to a CAAPP permit 25 that cannot be accomplished under the provisions for 26 administrative permit amendments under subsection 13 of this 1 Section.

2 "Permit revision" means a permit modification or 3 administrative permit amendment.

4 "Phase II" means the period of the national acid rain
5 program, established under Title IV of the Clean Air Act,
6 beginning January 1, 2000, and continuing thereafter.

7 "Phase II acid rain permit" means the portion of a CAAPP
8 permit issued, renewed, modified, or revised by the Agency
9 during Phase II for an affected source for acid deposition.

10 "Potential to emit" means the maximum capacity of a 11 stationary source to emit any air pollutant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation 12 13 on the capacity of a source to emit an air pollutant, including 14 air pollution control equipment and restrictions on hours of 15 operation or on the type or amount of material combusted, 16 stored, or processed, shall be treated as part of its design if the limitation is enforceable by USEPA. This definition does 17 not alter or affect the use of this term for any other purposes 18 under the Clean Air Act, or the term "capacity factor" as used 19 20 in Title IV of the Clean Air Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder. 21

22 "Preconstruction Permit" or "Construction Permit" means a 23 permit which is to be obtained prior to commencing or beginning 24 actual construction or modification of a source or emissions 25 unit.

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"Proposed CAAPP permit" means the version of a CAAPP permit

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1 that the Agency proposes to issue and forwards to USEPA for review in compliance with applicable requirements of the Act 2 3 and regulations promulgated thereunder. "Regulated air pollutant" means the following: 4 5 (1) Nitrogen oxides (NOx) or any volatile organic 6 compound. (2) Any pollutant for which a national ambient air 7 8 quality standard has been promulgated. 9 (3) Any pollutant that is subject to any standard 10 promulgated under Section 111 of the Clean Air Act. 11 (4) Any Class I or II substance subject to a standard promulgated under or established by Title VI of the Clean 12 13 Air Act. 14 (5) Any pollutant subject to a standard promulgated 15 under Section 112 or other requirements established under 16 Section 112 of the Clean Air Act, including Sections 112(g), (j) and (r). 17 (i) Any pollutant subject to requirements under 18 Section 112(j) of the Clean Air Act. Any pollutant 19 20 listed under Section 112(b) for which the subject 21 source would be major shall be considered to be regulated 18 months after the date on which USEPA was 22 23 required to promulgate an applicable standard pursuant 24 to Section 112(e) of the Clean Air Act, if USEPA fails 25 to promulgate such standard.

(ii) Any pollutant for which the requirements of

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Section 112(g)(2) of the Clean Air Act have been met,
 but only with respect to the individual source subject
 to Section 112(g)(2) requirement.

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(6) Greenhouse gases.

5 "Renewal" means the process by which a permit is reissued6 at the end of its term.

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"Responsible official" means one of the following:

8 (1)For a corporation: a president, secretary, 9 treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge 10 of a principal business function, or any other person who 11 performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of 12 13 such person if the representative is responsible for the 14 overall operation of one or more manufacturing, 15 production, or operating facilities applying for or 16 subject to a permit and either (i) the facilities employ more than 250 persons or have gross annual sales or 17 18 expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 19 dollars), or (ii) the delegation of authority to such 20 representative is approved in advance by the Agency.

21 (2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general 22 partner or the proprietor, respectively, or in the case of 23 partnership in which all of the partners а are 24 corporations, a duly authorized representative of the 25 partnership if the representative is responsible for the 26 overall operation of one more manufacturing, or

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1 production, or operating facilities applying for or 2 subject to a permit and either (i) the facilities employ 3 more than 250 persons or have gross annual sales or 4 expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 5 dollars), or (ii) the delegation of authority to such 6 representative is approved in advance by the Agency.

7 (3) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public
8 agency: either a principal executive officer or ranking
9 elected official. For the purposes of this part, a
10 principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes
11 the chief executive officer having responsibility for the
12 overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the
13 agency (e.g., a Regional Administrator of USEPA).

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(4) For affected sources for acid deposition:

15 (i) The designated representative shall be the 16 "responsible official" in so far as actions, standards, requirements, or prohibitions under Title 17 IV of the Clean Air Act or the regulations promulgated 18 thereunder are concerned. 19

(ii) The designated representative may also be the
"responsible official" for any other purposes with
respect to air pollution control.

"Section 502(b)(10) changes" means changes that contravene express permit terms. "Section 502(b)(10) changes" do not include changes that would violate applicable requirements or contravene federally enforceable permit terms or conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping,
 reporting, or compliance certification requirements.

3 "Solid waste incineration unit" means a distinct operating 4 unit of any facility which combusts any solid waste material 5 from commercial or industrial establishments or the general 6 public (including single and multiple residences, hotels, and motels). The term does not include incinerators or other units 7 required to have a permit under Section 3005 of the Solid Waste 8 9 Disposal Act. The term also does not include (A) materials 10 recovery facilities (including primary or secondary smelters) 11 which combust waste for the primary purpose of recovering metals, (B) qualifying small power production facilities, as 12 13 defined in Section 3(17)(C) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 14 769(17)(C)), or qualifying cogeneration facilities, as defined 15 in Section 3(18)(B) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 16 796(18)(B)), which burn homogeneous waste (such as units which burn tires or used oil, but not including refuse-derived fuel) 17 for the production of electric energy or in the case of 18 19 qualifying cogeneration facilities which burn homogeneous 20 waste for the production of electric energy and steam or forms 21 of useful energy (such as heat) which are used for industrial, 22 commercial, heating or cooling purposes, or (C) air curtain 23 incinerators provided that such incinerators only burn wood 24 wastes, yard waste and clean lumber and that such air curtain 25 incinerators comply with opacity limitations to be established 26 by the USEPA by rule.

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1 "Source" means any stationary source (or any group of stationary sources) that is located on one or more contiguous 2 or adjacent properties that are under common control of the 3 4 same person (or persons under common control) and that belongs 5 to a single major industrial grouping. For the purposes of 6 defining "source," a stationary source or group of stationary sources shall be considered part of a single major industrial 7 grouping if all of the pollutant emitting activities at such 8 9 source or group of sources located on contiguous or adjacent 10 properties and under common control belong to the same Major 11 Group (i.e., all have the same two-digit code) as described in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987, or such 12 13 pollutant emitting activities at a stationary source (or group of stationary sources) located on contiguous or adjacent 14 15 properties and under common control constitute a support 16 facility. The determination as to whether any group of stationary sources is located on contiguous or adjacent 17 properties, and/or is under common control, and/or whether the 18 pollutant emitting activities at such group of stationary 19 20 sources constitute a support facility shall be made on a case 21 by case basis.

22 <u>"Stationary source" means generally any source of air</u> 23 <u>pollutant except those emissions resulting directly from an</u> 24 <u>internal combustion engine for transportation purposes or from</u> 25 <u>a nonroad engine or nonroad vehicle as defined in Section 216</u> 26 <u>of the Clean Air Act.</u> "Stationary source" means any building, 09900HB3341ham002

structure, facility, or installation that emits or may emit any regulated air pollutant or any pollutant listed under Section <u>112(b) of the Clean Air Act.</u>

4 "Subject to regulation" has the meaning given to it in 40
5 CFR 70.2, as now or hereafter amended.

"Support facility" means any stationary source (or group of 6 stationary sources) that conveys, stores, or otherwise assists 7 8 to a significant extent in the production of a principal 9 product at another stationary source (or group of stationary 10 sources). A support facility shall be considered to be part of 11 the same source as the stationary source (or group of stationary sources) that it supports regardless of the 2-digit 12 13 Standard Industrial Classification code for the support 14 facility.

15 "USEPA" means the Administrator of the United States
16 Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) or a person designated
17 by the Administrator.

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1.1. Exclusion From the CAAPP.

a. An owner or operator of a source which determines that the source could be excluded from the CAAPP may seek such exclusion prior to the date that the CAAPP application for the source is due but in no case later than 9 months after the effective date of the CAAPP through the imposition of federally enforceable conditions limiting the "potential to emit" of the source to a level below the 09900HB3341ham002 -14- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

major source threshold for that source as described in paragraph(c) of subsection 2 of this Section, within a State operating permit issued pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 39 of this Act. After such date, an exclusion from the CAAPP may be sought under paragraph(c) of subsection 3 of this Section.

b. An owner or operator of a source seeking exclusion
from the CAAPP pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection
must submit a permit application consistent with the
existing State permit program which specifically requests
such exclusion through the imposition of such federally
enforceable conditions.

13 c. Upon such request, if the Agency determines that the 14 owner or operator of a source has met the requirements for 15 exclusion pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection and other applicable requirements for permit issuance under 16 subsection (a) of Section 39 of this Act, the Agency shall 17 18 issue a State operating permit for such source under subsection (a) of Section 39 of this Act, as amended, and 19 20 regulations promulgated thereunder with federally 21 enforceable conditions limiting the "potential to emit" of 22 the source to a level below the major source threshold for 23 that source as described in paragraph(c) of subsection 2 of 24 this Section.

d. The Agency shall provide an owner or operator of a
 source which may be excluded from the CAAPP pursuant to

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1 this subsection with reasonable notice that the owner or 2 operator may seek such exclusion.

e. The Agency shall provide such sources with thenecessary permit application forms.

5 2. Applicability.

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a. Sources subject to this Section shall include:

7 8 i. Any major source as defined in paragraph (c) of this subsection.

9 ii. Any source subject to a standard or other 10 requirements promulgated under Section 111 (New Source 11 Performance Standards) or Section 112 (Hazardous Air 12 Pollutants) of the Clean Air Act, except that a source 13 is not required to obtain a permit solely because it is 14 subject to regulations or requirements under Section 15 112(r) of the Clean Air Act.

16 iii. Any affected source for acid deposition, as17 defined in subsection 1 of this Section.

iv. Any other source subject to this Section under
the Clean Air Act or regulations promulgated
thereunder, or applicable Board regulations.

b. Sources exempted from this Section shall include:

i. All sources listed in paragraph (a) of this
subsection that are not major sources, affected
sources for acid deposition or solid waste
incineration units required to obtain a permit

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pursuant to Section 129(e) of the Clean Air Act, until the source is required to obtain a CAAPP permit pursuant to the Clean Air Act or regulations promulgated thereunder.

5 ii. Nonmajor sources subject to a standard or other 6 requirements subsequently promulgated by USEPA under 7 Section 111 or 112 of the Clean Air Act that are 8 determined by USEPA to be exempt at the time a new 9 standard is promulgated.

10 iii. All sources and source categories that would 11 be required to obtain a permit solely because they are 12 subject to Part 60, Subpart AAA - Standards of 13 Performance for New Residential Wood Heaters (40 CFR 14 Part 60).

iv. All sources and source categories that would be
required to obtain a permit solely because they are
subject to Part 61, Subpart M - National Emission
Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Asbestos,
Section 61.145 (40 CFR Part 61).

v. Any other source categories exempted by USEPA
regulations pursuant to Section 502(a) of the Clean Air
Act.

vi. Major sources of greenhouse gas emissions
required to obtain a CAAPP permit under this Section if
any of the following occurs:

(A) enactment of federal legislation depriving

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the Administrator of the USEPA of authority to regulate greenhouse gases under the Clean Air Act;

3 (B) the issuance of any opinion, ruling, 4 judgment, order, or decree by a federal court 5 depriving the Administrator of the USEPA of 6 authority to regulate greenhouse gases under the 7 Clean Air Act; or

8 (C) action by the President of the United 9 States or the President's authorized agent, 10 including the Administrator of the USEPA, to 11 repeal or withdraw the Greenhouse Gas Tailoring 12 Rule (75 Fed. Reg. 31514, June 3, 2010).

13 If any event listed in this subparagraph (vi) 14 occurs, CAAPP permits issued after such event shall not 15 permit terms or conditions addressing impose 16 greenhouse gases during the effectiveness of any event listed in subparagraph (vi). If any event listed in 17 this subparagraph (vi) occurs, any owner or operator 18 with a CAAPP permit that includes terms or conditions 19 20 addressing greenhouse gases may elect to submit an 21 application to the Agency to address a revision or 22 repeal of such terms or conditions. If any owner or 23 operator submits such an application, the Agency shall 24 expeditiously process the permit application in 25 accordance with applicable laws and regulations. 26 Nothing in this subparagraph (vi) shall relieve an 09900HB3341ham002

owner or operator of a source from the requirement to 1 obtain a CAAPP permit for its emissions of regulated 2 3 air pollutants other than greenhouse gases, as required by this Section. 4 c. For purposes of this Section the term "major source" 5 6 means any source that is: i. A major source under Section 112 of the Clean 7 8 Air Act, which is defined as: 9 A. For pollutants other than radionuclides, 10 any stationary source or group of stationary 11 sources located within a contiguous area and under common control that emits or has the potential to 12 13 emit, in the aggregate, 10 tons per year (tpy) or 14 more of any hazardous air pollutant which has been 15 listed pursuant to Section 112(b) of the Clean Air 16 Act, 25 tpy or more of any combination of such 17 hazardous air pollutants, or such lesser quantity 18 as USEPA may establish by rule. Notwithstanding 19 the preceding sentence, emissions from any oil or 20 gas exploration or production well (with its 21 associated equipment) and emissions from any 22 pipeline compressor or pump station shall not be 23 aggregated with emissions from other similar 24 units, whether or not such units are in а 25 contiguous area or under common control, to 26 determine whether such stations are major sources.

1 B. For radionuclides, "major source" shall have the meaning specified by the USEPA by rule. 2 3 ii. A major stationary source of air pollutants, as defined in Section 302 of the Clean Air Act, that 4 5 directly emits or has the potential to emit, 100 tpy or more of any air pollutant subject to regulation 6 7 (including any major source of fugitive emissions of any such pollutant, as determined by rule by USEPA). 8 9 For purposes of this subsection, "fugitive emissions" 10 means those emissions which could not reasonably pass 11 stack, chimney, vent, through а or other 12 functionally-equivalent opening. The fugitive 13 emissions of a stationary source shall not be 14 considered in determining whether it is a major 15 stationary source for the purposes of Section 302(j) of 16 the Clean Air Act, unless the source belongs to one of 17 the following categories of stationary source: 18 A. Coal cleaning plants (with thermal dryers). 19 B. Kraft pulp mills. C. Portland cement plants. 20 21 D. Primary zinc smelters. 22 E. Iron and steel mills. 23 F. Primary aluminum ore reduction plants. 24 G. Primary copper smelters. 25 H. Municipal incinerators capable of charging 26 more than 250 tons of refuse per day.

1 I. Hydrofluoric, sulfuric, or nitric acid 2 plants. J. Petroleum refineries. 3 4 K. Lime plants. 5 L. Phosphate rock processing plants. M. Coke oven batteries. 6 7 N. Sulfur recovery plants. 8 O. Carbon black plants (furnace process). 9 P. Primary lead smelters. 10 Q. Fuel conversion plants. 11 R. Sintering plants. S. Secondary metal production plants. 12 13 T. Chemical process plants. Fossil-fuel boilers (or combination 14 U. 15 thereof) totaling more than 250 million British 16 thermal units per hour heat input. 17 V. Petroleum storage and transfer units with a 18 total storage capacity exceeding 300,000 barrels. 19 W. Taconite ore processing plants. 20 X. Glass fiber processing plants. 21 Y. Charcoal production plants. 22 Z. Fossil fuel-fired steam electric plants of 23 more than 250 million British thermal units per 24 hour heat input. 25 AA. All other stationary source categories, 26 which as of August 7, 1980 are being regulated by a

standard promulgated under Section 111 or 112 of 1 the Clean Air Act. 2 3 BB. Any other stationary source category designated by USEPA by rule. 4 5 iii. A major stationary source as defined in part D of Title I of the Clean Air Act including: 6 7 A. For ozone nonattainment areas, sources with 8 the potential to emit 100 tons or more per year of 9 volatile organic compounds or oxides of nitrogen 10 in areas classified as "marginal" or "moderate", 11 50 tons or more per year in areas classified as 12 "serious", 25 tons or more per year in areas 13 classified as "severe", and 10 tons or more per 14 year in areas classified as "extreme"; except that 15 the references in this clause to 100, 50, 25, and 16 10 tons per year of nitrogen oxides shall not apply 17 with respect to any source for which USEPA has made 18 a finding, under Section 182(f)(1) or (2) of the 19 Clean Air Act, that requirements otherwise 20 applicable to such source under Section 182(f) of 21 the Clean Air Act do not apply. Such sources shall 22 remain subject to the major source criteria of 23 subparagraph (ii) of paragraph(c) of this 24 subsection.

B. For ozone transport regions established
 pursuant to Section 184 of the Clean Air Act,

sources with the potential to emit 50 tons or more
 per year of volatile organic compounds (VOCs).
 C. For carbon monoxide nonattainment areas (1)

4 that are classified as "serious", and (2) in which 5 stationary sources contribute significantly to 6 carbon monoxide levels as determined under rules 7 issued by USEPA, sources with the potential to emit 8 50 tons or more per year of carbon monoxide.

9 D. For particulate matter (PM-10) 10 nonattainment areas classified as "serious", 11 sources with the potential to emit 70 tons or more 12 per year of PM-10.

Agency Authority To Issue CAAPP Permits and Federally
 Enforceable State Operating Permits.

a. The Agency shall issue CAAPP permits under this
Section consistent with the Clean Air Act and regulations
promulgated thereunder and this Act and regulations
promulgated thereunder.

b. The Agency shall issue CAAPP permits for fixed terms
of 5 years, except CAAPP permits issued for solid waste
incineration units combusting municipal waste which shall
be issued for fixed terms of 12 years and except CAAPP
permits for affected sources for acid deposition which
shall be issued for initial terms to expire on December 31,
1999, and for fixed terms of 5 years thereafter.

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c. The Agency shall have the authority to issue a State 1 operating permit for a source under subsection (a) of 2 Section 39 of this Act, as amended, and regulations 3 promulgated thereunder, which includes federally 4 5 enforceable conditions limiting the "potential to emit" of the source to a level below the major source threshold for 6 7 that source as described in paragraph(c) of subsection 2 of 8 this Section, thereby excluding the source from the CAAPP, 9 when requested by the applicant pursuant to paragraph(u) of 10 subsection 5 of this Section. The public notice requirements of this Section applicable to CAAPP permits 11 shall also apply to the initial issuance of permits under 12 13 this paragraph.

d. For purposes of this Act, a permit issued by USEPA
under Section 505 of the Clean Air Act, as now and
hereafter amended, shall be deemed to be a permit issued by
the Agency pursuant to Section 39.5 of this Act.

18 4. Transition.

19a. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall not be20required to renew an existing State operating permit for21any emission unit at such CAAPP source once a CAAPP22application timely submitted prior to expiration of the23State operating permit has been deemed complete. For24purposes other than permit renewal, the obligation upon the25owner or operator of a CAAPP source to obtain a State

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1 operating permit is not removed upon submittal of the 2 complete CAAPP permit application. An owner or operator of 3 a CAAPP source seeking to make a modification to a source prior to the issuance of its CAAPP permit shall be required 4 5 to obtain a construction permit, operating permit, or both as required for such modification in accordance with the 6 7 State permit program under subsection (a) of Section 39 of amended, 8 this Act, as and regulations promulgated 9 thereunder. The application for such construction permit, 10 operating permit, or both shall be considered an amendment to the CAAPP application submitted for such source. 11

b. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall continue to operate in accordance with the terms and conditions of its applicable State operating permit notwithstanding the expiration of the State operating permit until the source's CAAPP permit has been issued.

c. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall submit 17 18 its initial CAAPP application to the Agency no later than 19 12 months after the effective date of the CAAPP. The Agency 20 may request submittal of initial CAAPP applications during 21 this 12-month period according to a schedule set forth 22 within Agency procedures, however, in no event shall the 23 Agency require such submittal earlier than 3 months after 24 such effective date of the CAAPP. An owner or operator may 25 voluntarily submit its initial CAAPP application prior to 26 the date required within this paragraph or applicable

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procedures, if any, subsequent to the date the Agency
 submits the CAAPP to USEPA for approval.

d. The Agency shall act on initial CAAPP applications
in accordance with paragraph (j) of subsection 5 of this
Section.

e. For purposes of this Section, the term "initial
CAAPP application" shall mean the first CAAPP application
submitted for a source existing as of the effective date of
the CAAPP.

10 f. The Agency shall provide owners or operators of CAAPP sources with at least 3 months advance notice of the 11 date on which their applications are required to be 12 13 submitted. In determining which sources shall be subject to 14 early submittal, the Agency shall include among its 15 considerations the complexity of the permit application, and the burden that such early submittal will have on the 16 17 source.

18 g. The CAAPP permit shall upon becoming effective19 supersede the State operating permit.

h. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt
procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois
Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems
necessary, to implement this subsection.

24 5. Applications and Completeness.

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a. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall submit

its complete CAAPP application consistent with the Act and
 applicable regulations.

b. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall submit
a single complete CAAPP application covering all emission
units at that source.

c. To be deemed complete, a CAAPP application must 6 7 provide all information, as requested in Agency 8 application forms, sufficient to evaluate the subject 9 source and its application and to determine all applicable 10 requirements, pursuant to the Clean Air Act, and 11 regulations thereunder, this Act and regulations 12 thereunder. Such Agency application forms shall be 13 finalized and made available prior to the date on which any 14 CAAPP application is required.

d. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall submit,
as part of its complete CAAPP application, a compliance
plan, including a schedule of compliance, describing how
each emission unit will comply with all applicable
requirements. Any such schedule of compliance shall be
supplemental to, and shall not sanction noncompliance
with, the applicable requirements on which it is based.

e. Each submitted CAAPP application shall be certified
for truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible
official in accordance with applicable regulations.

f. The Agency shall provide notice to a CAAPP applicantas to whether a submitted CAAPP application is complete.

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Agency notifies 1 Unless the the applicant of incompleteness, within 60 days after receipt of the CAAPP 2 3 application, the application shall be deemed complete. The 4 Agency may request additional information as needed to make 5 the completeness determination. The Agency may to the extent practicable provide the applicant with a reasonable 6 opportunity to correct deficiencies prior to a final 7 8 determination of completeness.

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9 g. If after the determination of completeness the 10 Agency finds that additional information is necessary to 11 evaluate or take final action on the CAAPP application, the 12 Agency may request in writing such information from the 13 source with a reasonable deadline for response.

h. If the owner or operator of a CAAPP source submits a 14 15 timely and complete CAAPP application, the source's 16 failure to have a CAAPP permit shall not be a violation of this Section until the Agency takes final action on the 17 submitted CAAPP application, provided, however, where the 18 19 applicant fails to submit the requested information under 20 paragraph(g) of this subsection 5 within the time frame specified by the Agency, this protection shall cease to 21 22 apply.

i. Any applicant who fails to submit any relevant facts
 necessary to evaluate the subject source and its CAAPP
 application or who has submitted incorrect information in a
 CAAPP application shall, upon becoming aware of such

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1 failure or incorrect submittal, submit supplementary facts or correct information to the Agency. In addition, an 2 3 applicant shall provide to the Agency additional 4 information as necessary to address any requirements which 5 become applicable to the source subsequent to the date the applicant submitted its complete CAAPP application but 6 prior to release of the draft CAAPP permit. 7

8 j. The Agency shall issue or deny the CAAPP permit 9 within 18 months after the date of receipt of the complete 10 CAAPP application, with the following exceptions: (i) 11 permits for affected sources for acid deposition shall be issued or denied within 6 months after receipt of a 12 13 complete application in accordance with subsection 17 of 14 this Section; (ii) the Agency shall act on initial CAAPP 15 applications within 24 months after the date of receipt of 16 the complete CAAPP application; (iii) the Agency shall act 17 on complete applications containing early reduction 18 demonstrations under Section 112(i) (5) of the Clean Air Act 19 within 9 months of receipt of the complete CAAPP 20 application.

Where the Agency does not take final action on the permit within the required time period, the permit shall not be deemed issued; rather, the failure to act shall be treated as a final permit action for purposes of judicial review pursuant to Sections 40.2 and 41 of this Act.

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k. The submittal of a complete CAAPP application shall

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not affect the requirement that any source have a preconstruction permit under Title I of the Clean Air Act.

1. Unless a timely and complete renewal application has
been submitted consistent with this subsection, a CAAPP
source operating upon the expiration of its CAAPP permit
shall be deemed to be operating without a CAAPP permit.
Such operation is prohibited under this Act.

8 m. Permits being renewed shall be subject to the same 9 procedural requirements, including those for public 10 participation and federal review and objection, that apply 11 to original permit issuance.

n. For purposes of permit renewal, a timely application
is one that is submitted no less than 9 months prior to the
date of permit expiration.

o. The terms and conditions of a CAAPP permit shall
remain in effect until the issuance of a CAAPP renewal
permit provided a timely and complete CAAPP application has
been submitted.

19 p. The owner or operator of a CAAPP source seeking a 20 permit shield pursuant to paragraph(j) of subsection 7 of 21 this Section shall request such permit shield in the CAAPP 22 application regarding that source.

q. The Agency shall make available to the public all
documents submitted by the applicant to the Agency,
including each CAAPP application, compliance plan
(including the schedule of compliance), and emissions or

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compliance monitoring report, with the exception of
 information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to
 Section 7 of this Act.

r. The Agency shall use the standardized forms required
under Title IV of the Clean Air Act and regulations
promulgated thereunder for affected sources for acid
deposition.

8 s. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source may include 9 within its CAAPP application a request for permission to 10 operate during a startup, malfunction, or breakdown 11 consistent with applicable Board regulations.

12 t. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source, in order to 13 utilize the operational flexibility provided under 14 paragraph(1) of subsection 7 of this Section, must request 15 such use and provide the necessary information within its 16 CAAPP application.

17 u. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source which seeks 18 exclusion from the CAAPP through the imposition of 19 federally enforceable conditions, pursuant to paragraph(c) 20 of subsection 3 of this Section, must request such 21 exclusion within a CAAPP application submitted consistent with this subsection on or after the date that the CAAPP 22 23 application for the source is due. Prior to such date, but in no case later than 9 months after the effective date of 24 25 the CAAPP, such owner or operator may request the 26 imposition of federally enforceable conditions pursuant to 1

paragraph(b) of subsection 1.1 of this Section.

v. CAAPP applications shall contain accurate
information on allowable emissions to implement the fee
provisions of subsection 18 of this Section.

5 w. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall submit 6 within its CAAPP application emissions information regarding all regulated air pollutants emitted at that 7 8 source consistent with applicable Agency procedures. 9 Emissions information regarding insignificant activities 10 or emission levels, as determined by the Agency pursuant to Board regulations, may be submitted as a list within the 11 12 CAAPP application. The Agency shall propose regulations to 13 the Board defining insignificant activities or emission 14 levels, consistent with federal regulations, if any, no 15 later than 18 months after the effective date of this 16 amendatory Act of 1992, consistent with Section 112(n)(1) the Clean Air Act. The Board shall adopt final 17 of 18 regulations defining insignificant activities or emission levels no later than 9 months after the date of the 19 20 Agency's proposal.

21 x. The owner or operator of a new CAAPP source shall 22 submit its complete CAAPP application consistent with this 23 subsection within 12 months after commencing operation of 24 such source. The owner or operator of an existing source 25 that has been excluded from the provisions of this Section 26 under subsection 1.1 or paragraph (c) of subsection 3 of 09900HB3341ham002 -32- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

this Section and that becomes subject to the CAAPP solely due to a change in operation at the source shall submit its complete CAAPP application consistent with this subsection at least 180 days before commencing operation in accordance with the change in operation.

y. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt 6 7 procedural rules, in accordance with the Tllinois Administrative 8 Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 9 necessary to implement this subsection.

10 6. Prohibitions.

a. It shall be unlawful for any person to violate any 11 12 terms or conditions of a permit issued under this Section, 13 to operate any CAAPP source except in compliance with a 14 permit issued by the Agency under this Section or to 15 violate any other applicable requirements. All terms and conditions of a permit issued under this Section are 16 17 enforceable by USEPA and citizens under the Clean Air Act, 18 except those, if any, that are specifically designated as 19 not being federally enforceable in the permit pursuant to 20 paragraph(m) of subsection 7 of this Section.

21 b. After the applicable CAAPP permit or renewal 22 application submittal date, as specified in subsection 5 of 23 this Section, no person shall operate a CAAPP source 24 without a CAAPP permit unless the complete CAAPP permit or 25 renewal application for such source has been timely 1

submitted to the Agency.

c. No owner or operator of a CAAPP source shall cause 2 3 or threaten or allow the continued operation of an emission source during malfunction or breakdown of the emission 4 5 source or related air pollution control equipment if such operation would cause a violation of the standards or 6 7 limitations applicable to the source, unless the CAAPP 8 permit granted to the source provides for such operation 9 consistent with this Act and applicable Board regulations.

10 7. Permit Content.

11 A11 CAAPP permits shall contain emission a. 12 limitations and standards and other enforceable terms and 13 conditions, including but not limited to operational 14 requirements, and schedules for achieving compliance at 15 the earliest reasonable date, which are or will be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act and 16 17 to assure compliance with all applicable requirements.

18 b. The Agency shall include among such conditions 19 applicable monitoring, reporting, record keeping and 20 compliance certification requirements, as authorized by 21 paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of this subsection, that the 22 Agency deems necessary to assure compliance with the Clean 23 Air Act, the regulations promulgated thereunder, this Act, 24 applicable Board regulations. When monitoring, and 25 reporting, record keeping, and compliance certification 1 requirements are specified within the Clean Air Act, 2 regulations promulgated thereunder, this Act, or 3 applicable regulations, such requirements shall be 4 included within the CAAPP permit. The Board shall have 5 authority to promulgate additional regulations where necessary to accomplish the purposes of the Clean Air Act, 6 7 this Act, and regulations promulgated thereunder.

8 c. The Agency shall assure, within such conditions, the 9 use of terms, test methods, units, averaging periods, and 10 other statistical conventions consistent with the 11 applicable emission limitations, standards, and other 12 requirements contained in the permit.

d. To meet the requirements of this subsection withrespect to monitoring, the permit shall:

15 Incorporate and identify all i. applicable 16 emissions monitoring and analysis procedures or test methods required under the Clean Air Act, regulations 17 promulgated thereunder, this Act, and applicable Board 18 19 regulations, including any procedures and methods 20 promulgated by USEPA pursuant to Section 504(b) or Section 114 (a) (3) of the Clean Air Act. 21

22 ii. Where the applicable requirement does not 23 require periodic testing or instrumental or 24 noninstrumental monitoring (which may consist of 25 recordkeeping designed to serve monitoring), as 26 require periodic monitoring sufficient to vield 09900HB3341ham002 -35- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

reliable data from the relevant time period that is 1 representative of the source's compliance with the 2 3 permit, as reported pursuant to paragraph (f) of this 4 subsection. The Agency may determine that 5 recordkeeping requirements are sufficient to meet the requirements of this subparagraph. 6

iii. As necessary, specify requirements concerning
the use, maintenance, and when appropriate,
installation of monitoring equipment or methods.

e. To meet the requirements of this subsection with respect to record keeping, the permit shall incorporate and identify all applicable recordkeeping requirements and require, where applicable, the following:

14 i. Records of required monitoring information that15 include the following:

16A. The date, place and time of sampling or17measurements.

B. The date(s) analyses were performed.

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19C. The company or entity that performed the20analyses.

D. The analytical techniques or methods used.

E. The results of such analyses.

F. The operating conditions as existing at thetime of sampling or measurement.

25 ii. Retention of records of all monitoring data26 and support information for a period of at least 5

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years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

f. To meet the requirements of this subsection with respect to reporting, the permit shall incorporate and identify all applicable reporting requirements and require the following:

11 i. Submittal of reports of any required monitoring every 6 months. More frequent submittals may be 12 requested by the Agency if such submittals are 13 14 necessary to assure compliance with this Act or 15 regulations promulgated by the Board thereunder. All 16 instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All required 17 reports must be certified by a responsible official 18 consistent with subsection 5 of this Section. 19

ii. Prompt reporting of deviations from permit
requirements, including those attributable to upset
conditions as defined in the permit, the probable cause
of such deviations, and any corrective actions or
preventive measures taken.

g. Each CAAPP permit issued under subsection 10 of this
 Section shall include a condition prohibiting emissions

exceeding any allowances that the source lawfully holds under Title IV of the Clean Air Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder, consistent with subsection 17 of this Section and applicable regulations, if any.

5 h. All CAAPP permits shall state that, where another 6 applicable requirement of the Clean Air Act is more 7 stringent than any applicable requirement of regulations 8 promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act, both 9 provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall 10 be State and federally enforceable.

i. Each CAAPP permit issued under subsection 10 of this
Section shall include a severability clause to ensure the
continued validity of the various permit requirements in
the event of a challenge to any portions of the permit.

j. The following shall apply with respect to owners oroperators requesting a permit shield:

17 i. The Agency shall include in a CAAPP permit, when 18 requested by an applicant pursuant to paragraph(p) of 19 subsection 5 of this Section, a provision stating that 20 compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be 21 deemed compliance with applicable requirements which 22 are applicable as of the date of release of the 23 proposed permit, provided that:

24A. The applicable requirement is specifically25identified within the permit; or

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B. The Agency in acting on the CAAPP

application or revision determines in writing that 1 other requirements specifically identified are not 2 applicable to the source, and the permit includes 3 that determination or a concise summary thereof. 4 5 ii. The permit shall identify the requirements for which the source is shielded. The shield shall not 6 7 extend to applicable requirements which are 8 promulgated after the date of release of the proposed 9 permit unless the permit has been modified to reflect 10 such new requirements. 11 iii. A CAAPP permit which does not expressly indicate the existence of a permit shield shall not 12 13 provide such a shield. 14 iv. Nothing in this paragraph or in a CAAPP permit 15 shall alter or affect the following: 16 A. The provisions of Section 303 (emergency powers) of the Clean Air Act, including USEPA's 17 18 authority under that section. 19 B. The liability of an owner or operator of a 20 source for any violation of applicable 21 requirements prior to or at the time of permit 22 issuance. 23 C. The applicable requirements of the acid 24 rain program consistent with Section 408(a) of the 25 Clean Air Act. 26 D. The ability of USEPA to obtain information

Section 1 from pursuant 114 а source to (inspections, monitoring, and entry) of the Clean 2 Air Act. 3 k. Each CAAPP permit shall include an emergency 4 5 provision providing an affirmative defense of emergency to an action brought for noncompliance with technology-based 6 emission limitations under a CAAPP permit if the following 7 8 conditions are met through properly signed, 9 contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant 10 evidence: 11 i. An emergency occurred and the permittee can 12 identify the cause(s) of the emergency. 13 ii. The permitted facility was at the time being 14 properly operated. 15 iii. The permittee submitted notice of the 16 emergency to the Agency within 2 working days after the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the 17 This notice must contain a detailed 18 emergency. 19 description of the emergency, any steps taken to 20 mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken. 21 iv. During the period of the emergency the 22 permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels 23 of emissions that exceeded the emission limitations, 24 standards, or requirements in the permit.

25 For purposes of this subsection, "emergency" means any 26 situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable 09900HB3341ham002 -40- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

1 events beyond the control of the source, such as an act of God, that requires immediate corrective action to restore 2 3 normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due 4 5 to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to 6 7 the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, 8 9 or operation error.

In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement. This provision does not relieve a permittee of any reporting obligations under existing federal or state laws or regulations.

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 The Agency shall include in each permit issued under subsection 10 of this Section:

i. Terms and conditions for reasonably anticipated
 operating scenarios identified by the source in its
 application. The permit terms and conditions for each
 such operating scenario shall meet all applicable
 requirements and the requirements of this Section.

A. Under this subparagraph, the source must record in a log at the permitted facility a record of the scenario under which it is operating

contemporaneously with making a change from one
 operating scenario to another.

B. The permit shield described in paragraph(j) of subsection 7 of this Section shall extend to all terms and conditions under each such operating scenario.

ii. Where requested by an applicant, all terms and 7 8 conditions allowing for trading of emissions increases 9 and decreases between different emission units at the 10 CAAPP source, to the extent that the applicable 11 requirements provide for trading of such emissions 12 increases and decreases without a case-by-case 13 approval of each emissions trade. Such terms and 14 conditions:

A. Shall include all terms required under this
subsection to determine compliance;

B. Must meet all applicable requirements;

C. Shall extend the permit shield described in paragraph(j) of subsection 7 of this Section to all terms and conditions that allow such increases and decreases in emissions.

22 m. The Agency shall specifically designate as not being 23 federally enforceable under the Clean Air Act any terms and 24 conditions included in the permit that are not specifically 25 required under the Clean Air Act or federal regulations 26 promulgated thereunder. Terms or conditions so designated 09900HB3341ham002 -42- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

shall be subject to all applicable state requirements, except the requirements of subsection 7 (other than this paragraph, paragraph q of subsection 7, subsections 8 through 11, and subsections 13 through 16 of this Section. The Agency shall, however, include such terms and conditions in the CAAPP permit issued to the source.

n. Each CAAPP permit issued under subsection 10 of this
Section shall specify and reference the origin of and
authority for each term or condition, and identify any
difference in form as compared to the applicable
requirement upon which the term or condition is based.

12 o. Each CAAPP permit issued under subsection 10 of this13 Section shall include provisions stating the following:

14 i. Duty to comply. The permittee must comply with 15 all terms and conditions of the CAAPP permit. Any 16 permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Act, and is grounds for any or 17 18 all of the following: enforcement action; permit 19 termination, revocation and reissuance, or 20 modification; or denial of a permit renewal 21 application.

ii. Need to halt or reduce activity not a defense.
It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an
enforcement action that it would have been necessary to
halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to
maintain compliance with the conditions of this

1 permit.

iii. Permit actions. The permit may be modified, 2 revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for 3 4 cause in accordance with the applicable subsections of 5 Section 39.5 of this Act. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation 6 7 and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of 8 planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not 9 stay any permit condition.

10 iv. Property rights. The permit does not convey any 11 property rights of any sort, or any exclusive 12 privilege.

13 v. Duty to provide information. The permittee 14 shall furnish to the Agency within a reasonable time 15 specified by the Agency any information that the Agency 16 may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or 17 18 terminating the permit or to determine compliance with 19 the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also 20 furnish to the Agency copies of records required to be 21 kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be 22 confidential, the permittee may furnish such records 23 directly to USEPA along with a claim of 24 confidentiality.

vi. Duty to pay fees. The permittee must pay fees
to the Agency consistent with the fee schedule approved

pursuant to subsection 18 of this Section, and submit
 any information relevant thereto.

vii. Emissions trading. No permit revision shall
be required for increases in emissions allowed under
any approved economic incentives, marketable permits,
emissions trading, and other similar programs or
processes for changes that are provided for in the
permit and that are authorized by the applicable
requirement.

p. Each CAAPP permit issued under subsection 10 of this Section shall contain the following elements with respect to compliance:

13 i. Compliance certification, testing, monitoring, 14 reporting, and record keeping requirements sufficient 15 to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of 16 the permit. Any document (including reports) required by a CAAPP permit shall contain a certification by a 17 18 responsible official that meets the requirements of of this Section and 19 subsection 5 applicable 20 regulations.

21 ii. Inspection and entry requirements that 22 necessitate that, upon presentation of credentials and 23 other documents as may be required by law and in 24 accordance with constitutional limitations, the 25 permittee shall allow the Agency, or an authorized 26 representative to perform the following:

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1 A. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a CAAPP source is located or emissions-related 2 3 activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit. 4 5 B. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the 6 7 conditions of the permit. 8 C. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, 9 equipment (including monitoring and air pollution 10 control equipment), practices, or operations 11 regulated or required under the permit. Sample or monitor any substances 12 D. or 13 parameters at any location: 14 1. As authorized by the Clean Air Act, at 15 reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring 16 compliance with the CAAPP permit or applicable 17 requirements; or 18 2. As otherwise authorized by this Act. 19 iii. A schedule of compliance consistent with 20 subsection 5 of this Section and applicable 21 regulations. 22 iv. Progress reports consistent with an applicable schedule of compliance pursuant to paragraph(d) of 23 24 of Section subsection 5 this and applicable 25 regulations to be submitted semiannually, or more

frequently if the Agency determines that such more

1 frequent submittals are necessary for compliance with 2 the Act or regulations promulgated by the Board 3 thereunder. Such progress reports shall contain the 4 following:

5 Required dates for achieving Α. the activities, milestones, or compliance required by 6 the schedule of compliance and dates when such 7 8 activities, milestones or compliance were 9 achieved.

10 B. An explanation of why any dates in the 11 schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventive or corrective measures adopted. 12 13 v. Requirements for compliance certification with 14 terms and conditions contained in the permit, 15 including emission limitations, standards, or work practices. Permits shall 16 include each of the 17 following:

A. The frequency (annually or more frequently as specified in any applicable requirement or by the Agency pursuant to written procedures) of submissions of compliance certifications.

22 B. A means for assessing or monitoring the 23 compliance of the source with its emissions 24 limitations, standards, and work practices.

25 C. A requirement that the compliance 26 certification include the following:

1 1. The identification of each term or condition contained in the permit that is the 2 basis of the certification. 3 4 2. The compliance status. 5 3. Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent. 6 7 4. The method(s) used for determining the 8 compliance status of the source, both 9 currently and over the reporting period 10 consistent with subsection 7 of this Section. 11 D. requirement that all compliance А certifications be submitted to USEPA as well as to 12 13 the Agency. 14 E. Additional requirements as may be specified 15 pursuant to Sections 114(a)(3) and 504(b) of the 16 Clean Air Act. 17 F. Other provisions as the Agency may require. 18 q. If the owner or operator of CAAPP source can 19 demonstrate in its CAAPP application, including an 20 application for a significant modification, that an alternative emission limit would be equivalent to that 21 22 contained in the applicable Board regulations, the Agency 23 shall include the alternative emission limit in the CAAPP 24 permit, which shall supersede the emission limit set forth 25 in the applicable Board regulations, and shall include 26 conditions that insure that the resulting emission limit is quantifiable, accountable, enforceable, and based on
 replicable procedures.

8. Public Notice; Affected State Review.

a. The Agency shall provide notice to the public,
including an opportunity for public comment and a hearing,
on each draft CAAPP permit for issuance, renewal or
significant modification, subject to Section 7.1 and
subsection (a) of Section 7 of this Act.

9 b. The Agency shall prepare a draft CAAPP permit and a 10 statement that sets forth the legal and factual basis for 11 the draft CAAPP permit conditions, including references to 12 the applicable statutory or regulatory provisions. The 13 Agency shall provide this statement to any person who 14 requests it.

15 c. The Agency shall give notice of each draft CAAPP 16 permit to the applicant and to any affected State on or 17 before the time that the Agency has provided notice to the 18 public, except as otherwise provided in this Act.

19 d. The Agency, as part of its submittal of a proposed 20 permit to USEPA (or as soon as possible after the submittal 21 for minor permit modification procedures allowed under 22 subsection 14 of this Section), shall notify USEPA and any 23 affected State in writing of any refusal of the Agency to 24 accept all of the recommendations for the proposed permit 25 that an affected State submitted during the public or 26 affected State review period. The notice shall include the

Agency's reasons for not accepting the recommendations. The Agency is not required to accept recommendations that are not based on applicable requirements or the requirements of this Section.

5 e. The Agency shall make available to the public any CAAPP permit application, compliance plan (including the 6 schedule of compliance), CAAPP permit, and emissions or 7 8 compliance monitoring report. If an owner or operator of a 9 CAAPP source is required to submit information entitled to 10 protection from disclosure under Section 7.1 and subsection (a) of Section 7 of this Act, the owner or 11 operator shall submit such information separately. The 12 13 requirements of Section 7.1 and subsection (a) of Section 7 14 of this Act shall apply to such information, which shall 15 not be included in a CAAPP permit unless required by law. The contents of a CAAPP permit shall not be entitled to 16 protection under Section 7.1 and subsection (a) of Section 17 7 of this Act. 18

19 f. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt 20 procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois 21 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 22 necessary, to implement this subsection.

g. If requested by the permit applicant, the Agency
shall provide the permit applicant with a copy of the draft
CAAPP permit prior to any public review period. If
requested by the permit applicant, the Agency shall provide

the permit applicant with a copy of the final CAAPP permit
 prior to issuance of the CAAPP permit.

3 9. USEPA Notice and Objection.

4 a. The Agency shall provide to USEPA for its review a copy of each CAAPP application (including any application 5 for permit modification), statement of basis as provided in 6 paragraph(b) of subsection 8 of this Section, proposed 7 8 CAAPP permit, CAAPP permit, and, if the Agency does not 9 incorporate any affected State's recommendations on a 10 proposed CAAPP permit, a written statement of this decision and its reasons for not accepting the recommendations, 11 12 except as otherwise provided in this Act or by agreement 13 with USEPA. To the extent practicable, the preceding 14 information shall be provided in computer readable format 15 compatible with USEPA's national database management 16 system.

b. The Agency shall not issue the proposed CAAPP permit if USEPA objects in writing within 45 days after receipt of the proposed CAAPP permit and all necessary supporting information.

c. If USEPA objects in writing to the issuance of the proposed CAAPP permit within the 45-day period, the Agency shall respond in writing and may revise and resubmit the proposed CAAPP permit in response to the stated objection, to the extent supported by the record, within 90 days after the date of the objection. Prior to submitting a revised permit to USEPA, the Agency shall provide the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, pursuant to subsection 8 of this Section, with a 10-day period to comment on any revision which the Agency is proposing to make to the permit in response to USEPA's objection in accordance with Agency procedures.

8 d. Any USEPA objection under this subsection. 9 according to the Clean Air Act, will include a statement of 10 reasons for the objection and a description of the terms and conditions that must be in the permit, in order to 11 12 adequately respond to the objections. Grounds for a USEPA 13 objection include the failure of the Agency to: (1) submit 14 the items and notices required under this subsection; (2) 15 submit any other information necessary to adequately review the proposed CAAPP permit; or (3) process the permit 16 under subsection 8 of this Section except for minor permit 17 18 modifications.

e. If USEPA does not object in writing to issuance of a
permit under this subsection, any person may petition USEPA
within 60 days after expiration of the 45-day review period
to make such objection.

f. If the permit has not yet been issued and USEPA objects to the permit as a result of a petition, the Agency shall not issue the permit until USEPA's objection has been resolved. The Agency shall provide a 10-day comment period 09900HB3341ham002 -52- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

in accordance with paragraph c of this subsection. A
petition does not, however, stay the effectiveness of a
permit or its requirements if the permit was issued after
expiration of the 45-day review period and prior to a USEPA
objection.

g. If the Agency has issued a permit after expiration 6 of the 45-day review period and prior to receipt of a USEPA 7 8 objection under this subsection in response to a petition 9 submitted pursuant to paragraph e of this subsection, the 10 Agency may, upon receipt of an objection from USEPA, revise 11 and resubmit the permit to USEPA pursuant to this subsection after providing a 10-day comment period in 12 13 accordance with paragraph c of this subsection. If the 14 Agency fails to submit a revised permit in response to the 15 objection, USEPA shall modify, terminate or revoke the 16 permit. In any case, the source will not be in violation of 17 the requirement to have submitted a timely and complete 18 application.

19 h. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt 20 procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois 21 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 22 necessary, to implement this subsection.

23 10. Final Agency Action.

a. The Agency shall issue a CAAPP permit, permit
 modification, or permit renewal if all of the following

1 conditions are met:

2 i. The applicant has submitted a complete and 3 certified application for a permit, permit 4 modification, or permit renewal consistent with 5 subsections 5 and 14 of this Section, as applicable, 6 and applicable regulations.

ii. The applicant has submitted with its complete
application an approvable compliance plan, including a
schedule for achieving compliance, consistent with
subsection 5 of this Section and applicable
regulations.

12 iii. The applicant has timely paid the fees
13 required pursuant to subsection 18 of this Section and
14 applicable regulations.

iv. The Agency has received a complete CAAPP
 application and, if necessary, has requested and
 received additional information from the applicant
 consistent with subsection 5 of this Section and
 applicable regulations.

20 v. The Agency has complied with all applicable 21 provisions regarding public notice and affected State 22 review consistent with subsection 8 of this Section and 23 applicable regulations.

vi. The Agency has provided a copy of each CAAPP
application, or summary thereof, pursuant to agreement
with USEPA and proposed CAAPP permit required under

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1 subsection 9 of this Section to USEPA, and USEPA has 2 not objected to the issuance of the permit in 3 accordance with the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR Part 70. 4 b. The Agency shall have the authority to deny a CAAPP 5 permit, permit modification, or permit renewal if the 6 applicant has not complied with the requirements of 7 subparagraphs (i) through (iv) of paragraph (a) of this

9 c. i. Prior to denial of a CAAPP permit, permit 10 modification, or permit renewal under this Section, 11 the Agency shall notify the applicant of the possible 12 denial and the reasons for the denial.

subsection or if USEPA objects to its issuance.

ii. Within such notice, the Agency shall specify an
appropriate date by which the applicant shall
adequately respond to the Agency's notice. Such date
shall not exceed 15 days from the date the notification
is received by the applicant. The Agency may grant a
reasonable extension for good cause shown.

iii. Failure by the applicant to adequately
respond by the date specified in the notification or by
any granted extension date shall be grounds for denial
of the permit.

For purposes of obtaining judicial review under Sections 40.2 and 41 of this Act, the Agency shall provide to USEPA and each applicant, and, upon request, to affected States, any person who participated in the

1 public comment process, and any other person who could 2 obtain judicial review under Sections 40.2 and 41 of 3 this Act, a copy of each CAAPP permit or notification 4 of denial pertaining to that party.

5 d. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt 6 procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois 7 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 8 necessary, to implement this subsection.

9 11. General Permits.

a. The Agency may issue a general permit covering
 numerous similar sources, except for affected sources for
 acid deposition unless otherwise provided in regulations
 promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

b. The Agency shall identify, in any general permit,
criteria by which sources may qualify for the general
permit.

17 c. CAAPP sources that would qualify for a general 18 permit must apply for coverage under the terms of the 19 general permit or must apply for a CAAPP permit consistent 20 with subsection 5 of this Section and applicable 21 regulations.

d. The Agency shall comply with the public comment and hearing provisions of this Section as well as the USEPA and affected State review procedures prior to issuance of a general permit. 09900HB3341ham002 -56- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

e. When granting a subsequent request by a qualifying CAAPP source for coverage under the terms of a general permit, the Agency shall not be required to repeat the public notice and comment procedures. The granting of such request shall not be considered a final permit action for purposes of judicial review.

f. The Agency may not issue a general permit to cover
any discrete emission unit at a CAAPP source if another
CAAPP permit covers emission units at the source.

10 g. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt 11 procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois 12 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 13 necessary, to implement this subsection.

14 12. Operational Flexibility.

15 a. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source may make 16 changes at the CAAPP source without requiring a prior 17 permit revision, consistent with subparagraphs (i) through 18 (iii) of paragraph (a) of this subsection, so long as the 19 changes are not modifications under any provision of Title 20 I of the Clean Air Act and they do not exceed the emissions 21 allowable under the permit (whether expressed therein as a 22 rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions), provided 23 that the owner or operator of the CAAPP source provides 24 USEPA and the Agency with written notification as required 25 below in advance of the proposed changes, which shall be a minimum of 7 days, unless otherwise provided by the Agency in applicable regulations regarding emergencies. The owner or operator of a CAAPP source and the Agency shall each attach such notice to their copy of the relevant permit.

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5 i. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source may make Section 502 (b) (10) changes without a permit revision, 6 the changes are not modifications under 7 if anv 8 provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act and the 9 changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under the 10 permit (whether expressed therein as a rate of 11 emissions or in terms of total emissions).

12 Α. For each such change, the written 13 notification required above shall include a brief 14 description of the change within the source, the 15 date on which the change will occur, any change in 16 emissions, and any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change. 17

18B. The permit shield described in paragraph(j)19of subsection 7 of this Section shall not apply to20any change made pursuant to this subparagraph.

21 ii. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source may 22 trade increases and decreases in emissions in the CAAPP 23 source, where the applicable implementation plan 24 provides for such emission trades without requiring a 25 permit revision. This provision is available in those 26 cases where the permit does not already provide for

such emissions trading.

A. Under this subparagraph(ii) of paragraph 2 (a) of this subsection, the written notification 3 required above shall include such information as 4 5 may be required by the provision in the applicable implementation plan authorizing the emissions 6 trade, including at a minimum, when the proposed 7 changes will occur, a description of each such 8 9 change, any change in emissions, the permit 10 requirements with which the source will comply 11 using the emissions trading provisions of the applicable implementation plan, and the pollutants 12 13 emitted subject to the emissions trade. The notice 14 shall also refer to the provisions in the 15 applicable implementation plan with which the 16 source will comply and provide for the emissions 17 trade.

18 B. The permit shield described in paragraph(j) 19 of subsection 7 of this Section shall not apply to 20 any change made pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of 21 paragraph (a) of this subsection. Compliance with 22 the permit requirements that the source will meet using the emissions trade shall be determined 23 24 according to the requirements of the applicable 25 implementation plan authorizing the emissions 26 trade.

1 iii. If requested within a CAAPP application, the Agency shall issue a CAAPP permit which contains terms 2 3 and conditions, including all terms required under subsection 7 of this Section to determine compliance, 4 5 allowing for the trading of emissions increases and decreases at the CAAPP source solely for the purpose of 6 complying with a federally-enforceable emissions cap 7 8 that is established in the permit independent of 9 otherwise applicable requirements. The owner or 10 operator of a CAAPP source shall include in its CAAPP 11 application proposed replicable procedures and permit emissions 12 terms that ensure the trades are 13 quantifiable and enforceable. The permit shall also 14 require compliance with all applicable requirements.

A. Under this subparagraph(iii) of paragraph (a), the written notification required above shall state when the change will occur and shall describe the changes in emissions that will result and how these increases and decreases in emissions will comply with the terms and conditions of the permit.

21 B. The permit shield described in paragraph(j) 22 of subsection 7 of this Section shall extend to 23 terms and conditions that allow such increases and 24 decreases in emissions.

b. An owner or operator of a CAAPP source may makechanges that are not addressed or prohibited by the permit,

1 other than those which are subject to any requirements 2 under Title IV of the Clean Air Act or are modifications 3 under any provisions of Title I of the Clean Air Act, 4 without a permit revision, in accordance with the following 5 requirements:

6 (i) Each such change shall meet all applicable 7 requirements and shall not violate any existing permit 8 term or condition;

9 (ii) Sources must provide contemporaneous written 10 notice to the Agency and USEPA of each such change, 11 except for changes that qualify as insignificant under provisions adopted by the Agency or the Board. Such 12 written notice shall describe each such change, 13 14 including the date, any change in emissions, 15 pollutants emitted, and any applicable requirement 16 that would apply as a result of the change;

(iii) The change shall not qualify for the shield
described in paragraph (j) of subsection 7 of this
Section; and

(iv) The permittee shall keep a record describing
changes made at the source that result in emissions of
a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable
Clean Air Act requirement, but not otherwise regulated
under the permit, and the emissions resulting from
those changes.

26 c. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt

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procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois
 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems
 necessary to implement this subsection.

4 13. Administrative Permit Amendments.

5 a. The Agency shall take final action on a request for 6 an administrative permit amendment within 60 days after 7 receipt of the request. Neither notice nor an opportunity 8 for public and affected State comment shall be required for 9 the Agency to incorporate such revisions, provided it 10 designates the permit revisions as having been made 11 pursuant to this subsection.

b. The Agency shall submit a copy of the revised permitto USEPA.

14 c. For purposes of this Section the term 15 "administrative permit amendment" shall be defined as a 16 permit revision that can accomplish one or more of the 17 changes described below:

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i. Corrects typographical errors;

19 ii. Identifies a change in the name, address, or 20 phone number of any person identified in the permit, or 21 provides a similar minor administrative change at the 22 source;

23 iii. Requires more frequent monitoring or
 24 reporting by the permittee;

25 iv. Allows for a change in ownership or operational

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control of a source where the Agency determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittees has been submitted to the Agency;

7 Incorporates into the CAAPP permit v. the 8 requirements from preconstruction review permits 9 authorized under a USEPA-approved program, provided 10 procedural and compliance the program meets 11 substantially equivalent requirements to those contained in this Section: 12

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vi. (Blank); or

vii. Any other type of change which USEPA has
determined as part of the approved CAAPP permit program
to be similar to those included in this subsection.

d. The Agency shall, upon taking final action granting
a request for an administrative permit amendment, allow
coverage by the permit shield in paragraph(j) of subsection
7 of this Section for administrative permit amendments made
pursuant to subparagraph(v) of paragraph (c) of this
subsection which meet the relevant requirements for
significant permit modifications.

e. Permit revisions and modifications, including
administrative amendments and automatic amendments
(pursuant to Sections 408(b) and 403(d) of the Clean Air

1 Act or regulations promulgated thereunder), for purposes of the acid rain portion of the permit shall be governed by 2 3 the regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act. Owners or operators of affected sources for acid 4 5 deposition shall have the flexibility to amend their provided 6 compliance plans as in the regulations 7 promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

8 f. The CAAPP source may implement the changes addressed 9 in the request for an administrative permit amendment 10 immediately upon submittal of the request.

11 g. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt 12 procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois 13 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 14 necessary, to implement this subsection.

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14. Permit Modifications.

a. Minor permit modification procedures.

17 i. The Agency shall review a permit modification
18 using the "minor permit" modification procedures only
19 for those permit modifications that:

A. Do not violate any applicable requirement; B. Do not involve significant changes to existing monitoring, reporting, or recordkeeping requirements in the permit;

24C. Do not require a case-by-case determination25of an emission limitation or other standard, or a

source-specific determination of ambient impacts, 1 2 or a visibility or increment analysis; 3 D. Do not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is 4 no corresponding underlying requirement and which 5 avoids an applicable requirement to which the 6 7 source would otherwise be subject. Such terms and 8 conditions include: 9 1. A federally enforceable emissions cap 10 assumed to avoid classification as а 11 modification under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act; and 12 13 2. An alternative emissions limit approved 14 pursuant to regulations promulgated under 15 Section 112(i)(5) of the Clean Air Act; 16 E. Are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act; and 17 18 F. Are not required to be processed as a 19 significant modification. 20 ii. Notwithstanding subparagraph(i) of paragraph (a) and subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of this 21 22 subsection, minor permit modification procedures may 23 be used for permit modifications involving the use of 24 economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions 25 trading, and other similar approaches, to the extent 26 that such minor permit modification procedures are

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explicitly provided for in an applicable implementation plan or in applicable requirements promulgated by USEPA.

iii. An applicant requesting the use of minor permit modification procedures shall meet the requirements of subsection 5 of this Section and shall include the following in its application:

A. A description of the change, the emissions resulting from the change, and any new applicable requirements that will apply if the change occurs;

B. The source's suggested draft permit;

C. Certification by a responsible official, consistent with paragraph(e) of subsection 5 of this Section and applicable regulations, that the proposed modification meets the criteria for use of minor permit modification procedures and a request that such procedures be used; and

D. Completed forms for the Agency to use to notify USEPA and affected States as required under subsections 8 and 9 of this Section.

iv. Within 5 working days after receipt of a complete permit modification application, the Agency shall notify USEPA and affected States of the requested permit modification in accordance with subsections 8 and 9 of this Section. The Agency promptly shall send any notice required under paragraph(d) of subsection 8

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of this Section to USEPA.

2 The Agency may not issue a final permit v. 3 modification until after the 45-day review period for USEPA or until USEPA has notified the Agency that USEPA 4 5 will not object to the issuance of the permit modification, whichever comes first, although the 6 7 Agency can approve the permit modification prior to 8 that time. Within 90 days after the Agency's receipt of 9 an application under the minor permit modification 10 procedures or 15 days after the end of USEPA's 45-day 11 review period under subsection 9 of this Section, 12 whichever is later, the Agency shall:

13 A. Issue the permit modification as proposed;

B. Deny the permit modification application;

15 C. Determine that the requested modification 16 does not meet the minor permit modification 17 criteria and should be reviewed under the 18 significant modification procedures; or

19D. Revise the draft permit modification and20transmit to USEPA the new proposed permit21modification as required by subsection 9 of this22Section.

vi. Any CAAPP source may make the change proposed
in its minor permit modification application
immediately after it files such application. After the
CAAPP source makes the change allowed by the preceding

sentence, and until the Agency takes any of the actions 1 specified in items(A) through(C) of subparagraph (v) 2 3 of paragraph (a) of this subsection, the source must 4 comply with both the applicable requirements governing 5 change and the proposed permit the terms and conditions. During this time period, the source need 6 7 comply with the existing permit terms not and conditions it seeks to modify. If the source fails to 8 9 comply with its proposed permit terms and conditions 10 during this time period, the existing permit terms and 11 conditions which it seeks to modify may be enforced against it. 12

13 vii. The permit shield under paragraph (j) of 14 subsection 7 of this Section may not extend to minor 15 permit modifications.

16 viii. If a construction permit is required, pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 39 of this Act 17 and regulations thereunder, for a change for which the 18 minor permit modification procedures are applicable, 19 20 the source may request that the processing of the 21 construction permit application be consolidated with 22 the processing of the application for the minor permit 23 modification. In such cases, the provisions of this 24 Section, including those within subsections 5, 8, and 25 9, shall apply and the Agency shall act on such 26 applications pursuant to subparagraph(v) of paragraph

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1 (a) of subsection 14 of this Section. The source may 2 make the proposed change immediately after filing its 3 application for the minor permit modification. Nothing 4 in this subparagraph shall otherwise affect the 5 requirements and procedures applicable to construction 6 permits.

b. Group Processing of Minor Permit Modifications.

8 i. Where requested by an applicant within its 9 application, the Agency shall process groups of a 10 source's applications for certain modifications 11 eligible for minor permit modification processing in 12 accordance with the provisions of this paragraph (b).

13 ii. Permit modifications may be processed in
14 accordance with the procedures for group processing,
15 for those modifications:

16A. Which meet the criteria for minor permit17modification procedures under subparagraph(i) of18paragraph (a) of subsection 14 of this Section; and

19B. That collectively are below 10 percent of20the emissions allowed by the permit for the21emissions unit for which change is requested, 2022percent of the applicable definition of major23source set forth in subsection 2 of this Section,24or 5 tons per year, whichever is least.

25 iii. An applicant requesting the use of group26 processing procedures shall meet the requirements of

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subsection 5 of this Section and shall include the 1 2 following in its application: 3 A. A description of the change, the emissions resulting from the change, and any new applicable 4 5 requirements that will apply if the change occurs. B. The source's suggested draft permit. 6 C. Certification by a responsible official 7 8 consistent with paragraph (e) of subsection 5 of 9 this Section, that the proposed modification meets 10 criteria for use of group processing the 11 procedures and a request that such procedures be 12 used. 13 D. A list of the source's other pending 14 applications awaiting group processing, and a 15 determination of whether the requested 16 modification, aggregated with these other applications, equals or exceeds the threshold set 17 18 under item(B) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 19 (b) of this subsection. 20 E. Certification, consistent with paragraph(e) 21

of subsection 5 of this Section, that the source has notified USEPA of the proposed modification. Such notification need only contain a brief description of the requested modification.

25 F. Completed forms for the Agency to use to 26 notify USEPA and affected states as required under

subsections 8 and 9 of this Section.

2 iv. On a quarterly basis or within 5 business days 3 after receipt of an application demonstrating that the 4 aggregate of a source's pending applications equals or 5 exceeds the threshold level set forth within item (B) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of this 6 subsection, whichever is earlier, the Agency shall 7 8 promptly notify USEPA and affected States of the 9 requested permit modifications in accordance with 10 subsections 8 and 9 of this Section. The Agency shall 11 send any notice required under paragraph(d) of subsection 8 of this Section to USEPA. 12

13 v. The provisions of subparagraph(v) of paragraph 14 (a) of this subsection shall apply to modifications 15 eligible for group processing, except that the Agency 16 shall take one of the actions specified in items(A) 17 through (D) of subparagraph (v) of paragraph (a) of this subsection within 180 days after receipt of the 18 application or 15 days after the end of USEPA's 45-day 19 20 review period under subsection 9 of this Section, whichever is later. 21

vi. The provisions of subparagraph(vi) of
 paragraph (a) of this subsection shall apply to
 modifications for group processing.

vii. The provisions of paragraph(j) of subsection
7 of this Section shall not apply to modifications

eligible for group processing.

c. Significant Permit Modifications.

i. Significant modification procedures shall be
used for applications requesting significant permit
modifications and for those applications that do not
qualify as either minor permit modifications or as
administrative permit amendments.

8 ii. Every significant change in existing 9 monitoring permit terms or conditions and every 10 relaxation of reporting or recordkeeping requirements 11 shall be considered significant. A modification shall also be considered significant if in the judgment of 12 13 the Agency action on an application for modification 14 would require decisions to be made on technically 15 complex issues. Nothing herein shall be construed to 16 preclude the permittee from making changes consistent with this Section that would render existing permit 17 18 compliance terms and conditions irrelevant.

19 iii. Significant permit modifications must meet 20 all the requirements of this Section, including those 21 for applications (including completeness review), 22 public participation, review by affected States, and 23 review by USEPA applicable to initial permit issuance 24 and permit renewal. The Agency shall take final action 25 on significant permit modifications within 9 months 26 after receipt of a complete application.

1 The Agency shall have the authority to adopt d. 2 procedural rules, in accordance with the Tllinois 3 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 4 necessary, to implement this subsection.

5 15. Reopenings for Cause by the Agency.

6 a. Each issued CAAPP permit shall include provisions 7 specifying the conditions under which the permit will be 8 reopened prior to the expiration of the permit. Such 9 revisions shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. A 10 CAAPP permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the 11 following circumstances, in accordance with procedures 12 adopted by the Agency:

13 i. Additional requirements under the Clean Air Act 14 become applicable to a major CAAPP source for which 3 15 or more years remain on the original term of the permit. Such a reopening shall be completed not later 16 17 than 18 months after the promulgation of the applicable 18 requirement. No such revision is required if the 19 effective date of the requirement is later than the 20 date on which the permit is due to expire.

ii. Additional requirements (including excess
 emissions requirements) become applicable to an
 affected source for acid deposition under the acid rain
 program. Excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed
 to be incorporated into the permit upon approval by

1 USEPA.

2 iii. The Agency or USEPA determines that the permit 3 contains a material mistake or that inaccurate 4 statements were made in establishing the emissions 5 standards, limitations, or other terms or conditions 6 of the permit.

iv. The Agency or USEPA determines that the permit
must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with
the applicable requirements.

10 b. In the event that the Agency determines that there are grounds for revoking a CAAPP permit, for cause, 11 consistent with paragraph a of this subsection, it shall 12 13 file a petition before the Board setting forth the basis 14 for such revocation. In any such proceeding, the Agency 15 shall have the burden of establishing that the permit 16 should be revoked under the standards set forth in this Act and the Clean Air Act. Any such proceeding shall be 17 18 conducted pursuant to the Board's procedures for 19 adjudicatory hearings and the Board shall render its 20 decision within 120 days of the filing of the petition. The 21 Agency shall take final action to revoke and reissue a 22 CAAPP permit consistent with the Board's order.

c. Proceedings regarding a reopened CAAPP permit shall
 follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit
 issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit
 for which cause to reopen exists.

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d. Reopenings under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the CAAPP source by the Agency at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Agency may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

7 The Agency shall have the authority to adopt e. procedural rules, accordance 8 in with the Illinois 9 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems 10 necessary, to implement this subsection.

11 16. Reopenings for Cause by USEPA.

12 a. When USEPA finds that cause exists to terminate, 13 modify, or revoke and reissue a CAAPP permit pursuant to 14 subsection 15 of this Section, and thereafter notifies the 15 Agency and the permittee of such finding in writing, the 16 Agency shall forward to USEPA and the permittee a proposed determination of termination, modification, or revocation 17 18 and reissuance as appropriate, in accordance with 19 paragraph (b) of this subsection. The Agency's proposed determination shall be in accordance with the record, the 20 21 Clean Air Act, regulations promulgated thereunder, this 22 Act and regulations promulgated thereunder. Such proposed 23 determination shall not affect the permit or constitute a 24 final permit action for purposes of this Act or the Administrative Review Law. The Agency shall forward to 25

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1 USEPA such proposed determination within 90 days after 2 receipt of the notification from USEPA. If additional time 3 is necessary to submit the proposed determination, the 4 Agency shall request a 90-day extension from USEPA and 5 shall submit the proposed determination within 180 days 6 after receipt of notification from USEPA.

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7 b. i. Prior to the Agency's submittal to USEPA of a 8 proposed determination to terminate or revoke and 9 reissue the permit, the Agency shall file a petition 10 before the Board setting forth USEPA's objection, the permit record, the Agency's proposed determination, 11 12 and the justification for its proposed determination. 13 The Board shall conduct a hearing pursuant to the rules 14 prescribed by Section 32 of this Act, and the burden of 15 proof shall be on the Agency.

16 ii. After due consideration of the written and oral 17 statements, the testimony and arguments that shall be 18 submitted at hearing, the Board shall issue and enter 19 an interim order for the proposed determination, which 20 shall set forth all changes, if any, required in the 21 Agency's proposed determination. The interim order 22 shall comply with the requirements for final orders as 23 set forth in Section 33 of this Act. Issuance of an 24 interim order by the Board under this paragraph, 25 however, shall not affect the permit status and does 26 not constitute a final action for purposes of this Act

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or the Administrative Review Law.

iii. The Board shall cause a copy of its interim order to be served upon all parties to the proceeding as well as upon USEPA. The Agency shall submit the proposed determination to USEPA in accordance with the Board's Interim Order within 180 days after receipt of the notification from USEPA.

8 c. USEPA shall review the proposed determination to 9 terminate, modify, or revoke and reissue the permit within 10 90 days after receipt.

i. When USEPA reviews the proposed determination
to terminate or revoke and reissue and does not object,
the Board shall, within 7 days after receipt of USEPA's
final approval, enter the interim order as a final
order. The final order may be appealed as provided by
Title XI of this Act. The Agency shall take final
action in accordance with the Board's final order.

18 ii. When USEPA reviews such proposed determination to terminate or revoke and reissue and objects, the 19 20 Agency shall submit USEPA's objection and the Agency's 21 comments and recommendation on the objection to the 22 Board and permittee. The Board shall review its interim 23 order in response to USEPA's objection and the Agency's 24 comments and recommendation and issue a final order in 25 accordance with Sections 32 and 33 of this Act. The 26 Agency shall, within 90 days after receipt of such objection, respond to USEPA's objection in accordance
 with the Board's final order.

3 iii. When USEPA reviews such proposed determination to modify and objects, the Agency shall, 4 5 within 90 days after receipt of the objection, resolve the objection and modify the permit in accordance with 6 7 USEPA's objection, based upon the record, the Clean Air 8 Act, regulations promulgated thereunder, this Act, and 9 regulations promulgated thereunder.

d. If the Agency fails to submit the proposed
determination pursuant to paragraph a of this subsection or
fails to resolve any USEPA objection pursuant to paragraph
c of this subsection, USEPA will terminate, modify, or
revoke and reissue the permit.

e. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt
procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois
Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems
necessary, to implement this subsection.

19 17. Title IV; Acid Rain Provisions.

20 a. The Agency shall act on initial CAAPP applications 21 for affected sources for acid deposition in accordance with 22 this Section and Title V of the Clean Air Act and 23 regulations promulgated thereunder, except as modified by 24 Title IV of the Clean Air Act and regulations promulgated 25 thereunder. The Agency shall issue initial CAAPP permits to

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1 the affected sources for acid deposition which shall become effective no earlier than January 1, 1995, and which shall 2 terminate on December 31, 1999, in accordance with this 3 Section. Subsequent CAAPP permits issued to affected 5 sources for acid deposition shall be issued for a fixed term of 5 years. Title IV of the Clean Air Act and 6 7 regulations promulgated thereunder, including but not 8 limited to 40 C.F.R. Part 72, as now or hereafter amended, 9 are applicable to and enforceable under this Act.

10 b. A designated representative of an affected source for acid deposition shall submit a timely and complete 11 12 Phase II acid rain permit application and compliance plan 13 to the Agency, not later than January 1, 1996, that meets 14 the requirements of Titles IV and V of the Clean Air Act 15 and regulations. The Agency shall act on the Phase II acid rain permit application and compliance plan in accordance 16 with this Section and Title V of the Clean Air Act and 17 18 regulations promulgated thereunder, except as modified by 19 Title IV of the Clean Air Act and regulations promulgated 20 thereunder. The Agency shall issue the Phase II acid rain 21 permit to an affected source for acid deposition no later than December 31, 1997, which shall become effective on 22 23 January 1, 2000, in accordance with this Section, except as 24 modified by Title IV and regulations promulgated 25 thereunder; provided that the designated representative of 26 the source submitted a timely and complete Phase II permit

application and compliance plan to the Agency that meets
 the requirements of Title IV and V of the Clean Air Act and
 regulations.

c. Each Phase II acid rain permit issued in accordance
with this subsection shall have a fixed term of 5 years.
Except as provided in paragraph b above, the Agency shall
issue or deny a Phase II acid rain permit within 18 months
of receiving a complete Phase II permit application and
compliance plan.

10 d. A designated representative of a new unit, as defined in Section 402 of the Clean Air Act, shall submit a 11 timely and complete Phase II acid rain permit application 12 13 and compliance plan that meets the requirements of Titles 14 IV and V of the Clean Air Act and its regulations. The 15 Agency shall act on the new unit's Phase II acid rain 16 permit application and compliance plan in accordance with this Section and Title V of the Clean Air Act and its 17 18 regulations, except as modified by Title IV of the Clean 19 Air Act and its regulations. The Agency shall reopen the 20 new unit's CAAPP permit for cause to incorporate the 21 approved Phase II acid rain permit in accordance with this 22 Section. The Phase II acid rain permit for the new unit 23 shall become effective no later than the date required 24 under Title IV of the Clean Air Act and its regulations.

e. A designated representative of an affected sourcefor acid deposition shall submit a timely and complete

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Title IV NOx permit application to the Agency, not later 1 than January 1, 1998, that meets the requirements of Titles 2 3 IV and V of the Clean Air Act and its regulations. The Agency shall reopen the Phase II acid rain permit for cause 4 5 and incorporate the approved NOx provisions into the Phase II acid rain permit not later than January 1, 1999, in 6 7 accordance with this Section, except as modified by Title 8 ΤV of the Clean Air Act and regulations promulgated 9 thereunder. Such reopening shall not affect the term of the 10 Phase II acid rain permit.

11 f. The designated representative of the affected 12 source for acid deposition shall renew the initial CAAPP 13 permit and Phase II acid rain permit in accordance with 14 this Section and Title V of the Clean Air Act and 15 regulations promulgated thereunder, except as modified by 16 Title IV of the Clean Air Act and regulations promulgated 17 thereunder.

18 In the case of an affected source for acid q. 19 deposition for which a complete Phase II acid rain permit 20 application and compliance plan are timely received under 21 this subsection, the complete permit application and 22 compliance plan, including amendments thereto, shall be 23 binding the owner, operator and designated on 24 representative, all affected units for acid deposition at 25 the affected source, and any other unit, as defined in 26 Section 402 of the Clean Air Act, governed by the Phase II

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acid rain permit application and shall be enforceable as an acid rain permit for purposes of Titles IV and V of the Clean Air Act, from the date of submission of the acid rain permit application until a Phase II acid rain permit is issued or denied by the Agency.

h. The Agency shall not include or implement any
measure which would interfere with or modify the
requirements of Title IV of the Clean Air Act or
regulations promulgated thereunder.

i. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as
 affecting allowances or USEPA's decision regarding an
 excess emissions offset plan, as set forth in Title IV of
 the Clean Air Act or regulations promulgated thereunder.

i. No permit revision shall be required for
increases in emissions that are authorized by
allowances acquired pursuant to the acid rain program,
provided that such increases do not require a permit
revision under any other applicable requirement.

ii. No limit shall be placed on the number of
allowances held by the source. The source may not,
however, use allowances as a defense to noncompliance
with any other applicable requirement.

iii. Any such allowance shall be accounted for
according to the procedures established in regulations
promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.
To the extent that the federal regulations

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promulgated under Title IV, including but not limited to 40 1 hereafter amended, C.F.R. Part 72, as now or are inconsistent with the federal regulations promulgated under Title V, the federal regulations promulgated under Title IV shall take precedence.

k. The USEPA may intervene as a matter of right in any 6 permit appeal involving a Phase II acid rain permit 7 8 provision or denial of a Phase II acid rain permit.

9 1. It is unlawful for any owner or operator to violate 10 any terms or conditions of a Phase II acid rain permit issued under this subsection, to operate any affected 11 source for acid deposition except in compliance with a 12 13 Phase II acid rain permit issued by the Agency under this 14 subsection, or to violate any other applicable 15 requirements.

16 m. The designated representative of an affected source 17 for acid deposition shall submit to the Agency the data and information submitted quarterly to USEPA, pursuant to 40 18 19 CFR 75.64, concurrently with the submission to USEPA. The 20 submission shall be in the same electronic format as 21 specified by USEPA.

22 n. The Agency shall act on any petition for exemption 23 of a new unit or retired unit, as those terms are defined 24 in Section 402 of the Clean Air Act, from the requirements of the acid rain program in accordance with Title IV of the 25 26 Clean Air Act and its regulations.

o. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt
 procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois
 Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems
 necessary to implement this subsection.

5 18. Fee Provisions.

a. A source subject to this Section or excluded under 6 7 subsection 1.1 or paragraph (c) of subsection 3 of this 8 Section, shall pay a fee as provided in this paragraph (a) 9 of subsection 18. However, a source that has been excluded 10 from the provisions of this Section under subsection 1.1 or under paragraph (c) of subsection 3 of this Section because 11 12 the source emits less than 25 tons per year of any 13 combination of regulated air pollutants, except greenhouse 14 gases, shall pay fees in accordance with paragraph (1) of 15 subsection (b) of Section 9.6.

i. The fee for a source allowed to emit less than
100 tons per year of any combination of regulated air
pollutants, except greenhouse gases, shall be \$1,800
per year, and that fee shall increase, beginning
January 1, 2012, to \$2,150 per year.

21 ii. The fee for a source allowed to emit 100 tons 22 or more per year of any combination of regulated air 23 pollutants, except greenhouse gases and those 24 regulated air pollutants excluded in paragraph(f) of 25 this subsection 18, shall be as follows:

A. The Agency shall assess a fee of \$18 per 1 ton, per year for the allowable emissions of 2 3 regulated air pollutants subject to this subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subsection 4 5 18, and that fee shall increase, beginning January 1, 2012, to \$21.50 per ton, per year. These fees 6 shall be used by the Agency and the Board to fund 7 8 the activities required by Title V of the Clean Air 9 Act including such activities as may be carried out 10 by other State or local agencies pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subsection. The amount of 11 12 such fee shall be based on the information supplied 13 by the applicant in its complete CAAPP permit 14 application or in the CAAPP permit if the permit 15 has been granted and shall be determined by the 16 amount of emissions that the source is allowed to emit annually, provided however, that the maximum 17 18 fee for a CAAPP permit under this subparagraph (ii) 19 of paragraph (a) of subsection 18 is \$250,000, and 20 increases, beginning January 1, 2012, to \$294,000. Beginning January 1, 2012, the maximum fee under 21 22 this subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of 23 subsection 18 for a source that has been excluded 24 under subsection 1.1 of this Section or under 25 paragraph (c) of subsection 3 of this Section is 26 \$4,112. The Agency shall provide as part of the

permit application form required under subsection 1 5 of this Section a separate fee calculation form 2 3 which will allow the applicant to identify the allowable emissions and calculate the fee. In no 4 5 event shall the Agency raise the amount of allowable emissions requested by the applicant 6 7 unless such increases are required to demonstrate 8 compliance with terms of a CAAPP permit.

9 Notwithstanding the above, any applicant may 10 seek a change in its permit which would result in 11 increases in allowable emissions due to an increase in the hours of operation or production 12 13 rates of an emission unit or units and such a 14 change shall be consistent with the construction 15 permit requirements of the existing State permit 16 program, under subsection (a) of Section 39 of this Act and applicable provisions of this Section. 17 18 Where a construction permit is required, the 19 Agency shall expeditiously grant such construction 20 permit and shall, if necessary, modify the CAAPP 21 permit based on the same application.

22 B. The applicant or permittee may pay the fee 23 annually or semiannually for those fees greater 24 than \$5,000. However, any applicant paying a fee 25 equal to or greater than \$100,000 shall pay the 26 full amount on July 1, for the subsequent fiscal

year, or pay 50% of the fee on July 1 and the remaining 50% by the next January 1. The Agency may change any annual billing date upon reasonable notice, but shall prorate the new bill so that the permittee or applicant does not pay more than its required fees for the fee period for which payment is made.

- 8 b. (Blank).
- 9 c. (Blank).

10 d. There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special fund to be known as the "CAA Permit Fund". All 11 Funds collected by the Agency pursuant to this subsection 12 13 shall be deposited into the Fund. The General Assembly 14 shall appropriate monies from this Fund to the Agency and 15 to the Board to carry out their obligations under this 16 Section. The General Assembly may also authorize monies to be granted by the Agency from this Fund to other State and 17 18 local agencies which perform duties related to the CAAPP. Interest generated on the monies deposited in this Fund 19 20 shall be returned to the Fund.

21 The Agency shall have the authority to adopt e. rules, 22 procedural in accordance with the Illinois 23 Act, as Administrative Procedure the Agency deems 24 necessary to implement this subsection.

f. For purposes of this subsection, the term "regulatedair pollutant" shall have the meaning given to it under

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1 subsection 1 of this Section but shall exclude the 2 following:

i. carbon monoxide;

ii. any Class I or II substance which is a regulated air pollutant solely because it is listed pursuant to Section 602 of the Clean Air Act; and

7 iii. any pollutant that is a regulated air 8 pollutant solely because it is subject to a standard or 9 regulation under Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act 10 based on the emissions allowed in the permit effective 11 in that calendar year, at the time the applicable bill 12 is generated.

13 19. Air Toxics Provisions.

14 a. In the event that the USEPA fails to promulgate in a 15 timely manner a standard pursuant to Section 112(d) of the 16 Clean Air Act, the Agency shall have the authority to issue 17 permits, pursuant to Section 112(j) of the Clean Air Act 18 and regulations promulgated thereunder, which contain 19 emission limitations which are equivalent to the emission 20 limitations that would apply to a source if an emission 21 standard had been promulgated in a timely manner by USEPA 22 pursuant to Section 112(d). Provided, however, that the 23 owner or operator of a source shall have the opportunity to 24 submit to the Agency a proposed emission limitation which 25 it determines to be equivalent to the emission limitations

that would apply to such source if an emission standard had 1 2 been promulgated in a timely manner by USEPA. If the Agency 3 refuses to include the emission limitation proposed by the owner or operator in a CAAPP permit, the owner or operator 4 5 may petition the Board to establish whether the emission limitation proposal submitted by the owner or operator 6 7 provides for emission limitations which are equivalent to 8 the emission limitations that would apply to the source if 9 the emission standard had been promulgated by USEPA in a 10 timely manner. The Board shall determine whether the emission limitation proposed by the owner or operator or an 11 12 alternative emission limitation proposed by the Agency 13 provides for the level of control required under Section 14 112 of the Clean Air Act, or shall otherwise establish an 15 appropriate emission limitation, pursuant to Section 112 of the Clean Air Act. 16

17 b. Any Board proceeding brought under paragraph (a) or 18 (e) of this subsection shall be conducted according to the 19 Board's procedures for adjudicatory hearings and the Board 20 shall render its decision within 120 days of the filing of 21 the petition. Any such decision shall be subject to review 22 pursuant to Section 41 of this Act. Where USEPA promulgates 23 an applicable emission standard prior to the issuance of 24 the CAAPP permit, the Agency shall include in the permit the promulgated standard, provided that the source shall 25 26 have the compliance period provided under Section 112(i) of

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1 the Clean Air Act. Where USEPA promulgates an applicable standard subsequent to the issuance of the CAAPP permit, 2 3 the Agency shall revise such permit upon the next renewal reflect the promulgated standard, providing 4 to а 5 reasonable time for the applicable source to comply with the standard, but no longer than 8 years after the date on 6 which the source is first required to comply with the 7 emissions limitation established under this subsection. 8

9 c. The Agency shall have the authority to implement and 10 enforce complete or partial emission standards promulgated by USEPA pursuant to Section 112(d), and standards 11 12 promulgated by USEPA pursuant to Sections 112(f), 112(h), 13 112(m), and 112(n), and may accept delegation of authority 14 from USEPA to implement and enforce Section 112(1) and 15 requirements for the prevention and detection of 16 accidental releases pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Clean 17 Air Act.

18 d. The Agency shall have the authority to issue permits
19 pursuant to Section 112(i)(5) of the Clean Air Act.

e. The Agency has the authority to implement Section 112(g) of the Clean Air Act consistent with the Clean Air Act and federal regulations promulgated thereunder. If the Agency refuses to include the emission limitations proposed in an application submitted by an owner or operator for a case-by-case maximum achievable control technology (MACT) determination, the owner or operator may 09900HB3341ham002 -90- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

petition the Board to determine whether the emission 1 2 limitation proposed by the owner or operator or an 3 alternative emission limitation proposed by the Agency provides for a level of control required by Section 112 of 4 5 the Clean Air Act, or to otherwise establish an appropriate emission limitation under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act. 6

7 20. Small Business.

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a. For purposes of this subsection: 9 "Program" is the Small Business Stationary Source 10 Technical and Environmental Compliance Assistance Program created within this State pursuant to Section 507 of the 11 12 Clean Air Act and guidance promulgated thereunder, to 13 provide technical assistance and compliance information to 14 small business stationary sources;

"Small Business Assistance Program" is a component of 15 16 the Program responsible for providing sufficient 17 communications with small businesses through the 18 collection and dissemination of information to small 19 business stationary sources; and

20 "Small Business Stationary Source" means a stationary 21 source that:

22 1. is owned or operated by a person that employs 23 100 or fewer individuals:

24 2. is a small business concern as defined in the 25 "Small Business Act";

1 3. is not a major source as that term is defined in subsection 2 of this Section: 2 3 4. does not emit 50 tons or more per year of any regulated air pollutant, except greenhouse gases; and 4 5 5. emits less than 75 tons per year of all regulated pollutants, except greenhouse gases. 6 7 b. The Agency shall adopt and submit to USEPA, after 8 reasonable notice and opportunity for public comment, as a 9 revision to the Illinois state implementation plan, plans 10 for establishing the Program. c. The Agency shall have the authority to enter into 11 12 such contracts and agreements as the Agency deems necessary 13 to carry out the purposes of this subsection. 14 d. The Agency may establish such procedures as it may 15 deem necessary for the purposes of implementing and executing its responsibilities under this subsection. 16 e. There shall be appointed a Small Business Ombudsman 17 this 18 (hereinafter in subsection referred to as "Ombudsman") to monitor the Small Business Assistance 19 20 Program. The Ombudsman shall be a nonpartisan designated 21 official, with the ability to independently assess whether 22 the goals of the Program are being met.

f. The State Ombudsman Office shall be located in an
existing Ombudsman office within the State or in any State
Department.

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g. There is hereby created a State Compliance Advisory

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Panel (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as
 "Panel") for determining the overall effectiveness of the
 Small Business Assistance Program within this State.

4 h. The selection of Panel members shall be by the5 following method:

6 1. The Governor shall select two members who are 7 not owners or representatives of owners of small 8 business stationary sources to represent the general 9 public;

102. The Director of the Agency shall select one11member to represent the Agency; and

3. The State Legislature shall select four members who are owners or representatives of owners of small business stationary sources. Both the majority and minority leadership in both Houses of the Legislature shall appoint one member of the panel.

i. Panel members should serve without compensation but
will receive full reimbursement for expenses including
travel and per diem as authorized within this State.

j. The Panel shall select its own Chair by a majority
vote. The Chair may meet and consult with the Ombudsman and
the head of the Small Business Assistance Program in
planning the activities for the Panel.

24 21. Temporary Sources.

25 a. The Agency may issue a single permit authorizing

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emissions from similar operations by the same source owner or operator at multiple temporary locations, except for sources which are affected sources for acid deposition under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

b. The applicant must demonstrate that the operation is
temporary and will involve at least one change of location
during the term of the permit.

8 с. Any such permit shall meet all applicable 9 requirements of this Section and applicable regulations, 10 and include conditions assuring compliance with all 11 applicable requirements at all authorized locations and requirements that the owner or operator notify the Agency 12 13 at least 10 days in advance of each change in location.

14 22. Solid Waste Incineration Units.

15 a. A CAAPP permit for a solid waste incineration unit 16 combusting municipal waste subject to standards 17 promulgated under Section 129(e) of the Clean Air Act shall be issued for a period of 12 years and shall be reviewed 18 19 every 5 years, unless the Agency requires more frequent 20 review through Agency procedures.

21 b. During the review in paragraph (a) of this 22 subsection, the Agency shall fully review the previously 23 submitted CAAPP permit application and corresponding 24 reports subsequently submitted to determine whether the 25 source is in compliance with all applicable requirements. 09900HB3341ham002 -94- LRB099 10047 MGM 33808 a

c. If the Agency determines that the source is not in
 compliance with all applicable requirements it shall
 revise the CAAPP permit as appropriate.

d. The Agency shall have the authority to adopt
procedural rules, in accordance with the Illinois
Administrative Procedure Act, as the Agency deems
necessary, to implement this subsection.

8 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.".