99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2015 and 2016

HB2816

by Rep. Patricia R. Bellock

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

325 ILCS 2/20 325 ILCS 2/35 325 ILCS 2/50 325 ILCS 2/60

Amends the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act. Provides that if a parent relinquishes a newborn infant to a hospital, the hospital shall file a foundling record to constitute the birth certificate for the relinquished newborn infant; and that to protect the parent's anonymity, the foundling record shall not contain any identifying information about the relinquishing parent. Provides that if the parent of a newborn infant or any other person returns to reclaim the infant after relinquishing the infant to a fire station, emergency medical facility, or police station, the fire station, emergency medical facility, or police station must inform the parent or person that he or she must contact the Department of Children and Family Services' State-wide, toll-free telephone number for information on the relinquished infant. Shortens the length of time the Department of Children and Family Services or a child-placing agency must initiate certain proceedings, including proceedings to terminate the parental rights of the relinquished newborn infant's known or unknown parents, to no sooner than 30 days (rather than no sooner than 60 days). Provides that no court order terminating the parental rights of the relinquished newborn infant's known or unknown parents shall be entered sooner than 60 days after the date of the initial relinquishment of the infant to the hospital, police station, fire station, or emergency medical facility. Makes other changes.

LRB099 06241 KTG 30153 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

HB2816

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AN ACT concerning children.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act is 5 amended by changing Sections 20, 35, 50, and 60 as follows:

6 (325 ILCS 2/20)

Sec. 20. Procedures with respect to relinquished newborn8 infants.

9 (a) Hospitals. Every hospital must accept and provide all 10 necessary emergency services and care to a relinquished newborn 11 infant, in accordance with this Act. The hospital shall examine 12 a relinquished newborn infant and perform tests that, based on 13 reasonable medical judgment, are appropriate in evaluating 14 whether the relinquished newborn infant was abused or 15 neglected.

16 The act of relinquishing a newborn infant serves as implied 17 consent for the hospital and its medical personnel and 18 physicians on staff to treat and provide care for the infant.

19 The hospital shall be deemed to have temporary protective 20 custody of a relinquished newborn infant until the infant is 21 discharged to the custody of a child-placing agency or the 22 Department.

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If a parent relinquishes a newborn infant in accordance

1 with this Act, the hospital shall file a foundling record to 2 constitute the birth certificate for the relinquished newborn 3 infant. To protect the parent's anonymity, the foundling record 4 shall not contain any identifying information about the 5 relinquishing parent.

6 (b) Fire stations and emergency medical facilities. Every 7 fire station and emergency medical facility must accept and 8 provide all necessary emergency services and care to a 9 relinquished newborn infant, in accordance with this Act.

10 The act of relinquishing a newborn infant serves as implied 11 consent for the fire station or emergency medical facility and 12 its emergency medical professionals to treat and provide care 13 for the infant, to the extent that those emergency medical 14 professionals are trained to provide those services.

After the relinquishment of a newborn infant to a fire station or emergency medical facility, the fire station or emergency medical facility's personnel must arrange for the transportation of the infant to the nearest hospital as soon as transportation can be arranged.

If the parent of a newborn infant or any other person returns to reclaim the infant after relinquishing the infant to a fire station or emergency medical facility, the fire station or emergency medical facility must inform the parent or person that he or she must contact the Department of Children and Family Services' State-wide, toll-free telephone number established under Section 35.6 of the Children and Family HB2816

1 Services Act for information on the relinquished infant.

2 If the parent of a newborn infant returns to reclaim the 3 child within 72 hours after relinquishing the child to a fire 4 station or emergency medical facility, the fire station or 5 emergency medical facility must inform the parent of the name 6 and location of the hospital to which the infant was 7 transported.

(c) Police stations. Every police station must accept a 8 9 relinquished newborn infant, in accordance with this Act. After 10 the relinguishment of a newborn infant to a police station, the 11 police station must arrange for the transportation of the 12 infant to the nearest hospital as soon as transportation can be 13 arranged. The act of relinguishing a newborn infant serves as implied consent for the hospital to which the infant is 14 15 transported and that hospital's medical personnel and 16 physicians on staff to treat and provide care for the infant.

17 If the parent of a newborn infant or any other person 18 returns to reclaim the infant after relinquishing the infant to 19 a police station, the police station must inform the parent or 20 person that he or she must contact the Department of Children 21 and Family Services' State-wide, toll-free telephone number 22 established under Section 35.6 of the Children and Family 23 Services Act for information on the relinquished infant.

24 If the parent of a newborn infant returns to reclaim the 25 infant within 72 hours after relinquishing the infant to a 26 police station, the police station must inform the parent of

- 4 - LRB099 06241 KTG 30153 b HB2816 the name and location of the hospital to which the infant was 1 2 transported. (Source: P.A. 92-408, eff. 8-17-01; 92-432, eff. 8-17-01; 3 93-820, eff. 7-27-04.) 4 5 (325 ILCS 2/35) 6 Sec. 35. Information for relinquishing person. 7 (a) A hospital, police station, fire station, or emergency 8 medical facility that receives a newborn infant relinquished in 9 accordance with this Act must offer an information packet to 10 the relinquishing person and, if possible, must clearly inform 11 the relinquishing person that his or her acceptance of the 12 information is completely voluntary. The information packet must include all of the following: 13 14 (1) (Blank). 15 (2) Written notice of the following: 16 (A) No sooner than 30 days No sooner than 60 days following the date of the initial relinquishment of the 17 infant to a hospital, police station, fire station, or 18 19 emergency medical facility, the child-placing agency 20 or the Department will commence proceedings for the 21 termination of parental rights and placement of the 22 infant for adoption. (B) Failure of a parent of the infant to contact 23 24 the Department and petition for the return of custody

of the infant before termination of parental rights

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bars any future action asserting legal rights with respect to the infant.

3 (3) A resource list of providers of counseling services
4 including grief counseling, pregnancy counseling, and
5 counseling regarding adoption and other available options
6 for placement of the infant.

7 Upon request of a parent, the Department of Public Health
8 shall provide the application forms for the Illinois Adoption
9 Registry and Medical Information Exchange.

10 (b) The information packet given to a relinquishing parent 11 in accordance with this Act shall include, in addition to other 12 information required under this Act, the following:

(1) A brochure (with a self-mailer attached) that
describes this Act and the rights of birth parents,
including an optional section for the parent to complete
and mail to the Department of Children and Family Services,
that shall ask for basic anonymous background information
about the relinquished child. This brochure shall be
maintained by the Department on its website.

(2) A brochure that describes the Illinois Adoption
 Registry, including a toll-free number and website
 information. This brochure shall be maintained on the
 Office of Vital Records website.

24 (3) A brochure describing postpartum health25 information for the mother.

26 The information packet shall be designed in coordination

HB2816

between the Office of Vital Records and the Department of Children and Family Services, with the exception of the resource list of providers of counseling services and adoption agencies, which shall be provided by the hospital, fire station, police station, sheriff's office, or emergency medical facility.

7 (Source: P.A. 96-1114, eff. 7-20-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

8 (325 ILCS 2/50)

9 Sec. 50. Child-placing agency procedures.

(a) The Department's State Central Registry must maintain a list of licensed child-placing agencies willing to take legal custody of newborn infants relinquished in accordance with this Act. The child-placing agencies on the list must be contacted by the Department on a rotating basis upon notice from a hospital that a newborn infant has been relinquished in accordance with this Act.

17 (b) Upon notice from the Department that a newborn infant 18 has been relinquished in accordance with this Act, a 19 child-placing agency must accept the newborn infant if the 20 agency has the accommodations to do so. The child-placing 21 agency must seek an order for legal custody of the infant upon 22 its acceptance of the infant.

(c) Within 3 business days after assuming physical custody
of the infant, the child-placing agency shall file a petition
in the division of the circuit court in which petitions for

HB2816

adoption would normally be heard. The petition shall allege that the newborn infant has been relinquished in accordance with this Act and shall state that the child-placing agency intends to place the infant in an adoptive home.

5 (d) If no licensed child-placing agency is able to accept 6 the relinquished newborn infant, then the Department must 7 assume responsibility for the infant as soon as practicable.

8 (e) A custody order issued under subsection (b) shall 9 remain in effect until a final adoption order based on the 10 relinquished newborn infant's best interests is issued in 11 accordance with this Act and the Adoption Act.

12 (f) When possible, the child-placing agency must place a 13 relinquished newborn infant in a prospective adoptive home.

(q) The Department or child-placing agency must initiate 14 15 proceedings to (i) terminate the parental rights of the relinquished newborn infant's known or unknown parents, (ii) 16 17 appoint a quardian for the infant, and (iii) obtain consent to the infant's adoption in accordance with this Act no sooner 18 19 than 30 days no sooner than 60 days following the date of the 20 initial relinquishment of the infant to the hospital, police 21 station, fire station, or emergency medical facility.

22 (g-5) No court order terminating the parental rights of the 23 relinquished newborn infant's known or unknown parents shall be 24 entered sooner than 60 days after the date of the initial 25 relinquishment of the infant to the hospital, police station, 26 fire station, or emergency medical facility.

HB2816

(h)Before filing a petition for termination of parental
 rights, the Department or child-placing agency must do the
 following:

(1) Search its Putative Father Registry for the purpose 4 5 of determining the identity and location of the putative father of the relinquished newborn infant who is, or is 6 7 expected to be, the subject of an adoption proceeding, in 8 order to provide notice of the proceeding to the putative 9 father. At least one search of the Registry must be 10 conducted, at least 30 days after the relinquished newborn 11 infant's estimated date of birth; earlier searches may be 12 conducted, however. Notice to any potential putative 13 father discovered in a search of the Registry according to 14 the estimated age of the relinquished newborn infant must 15 be in accordance with Section 12a of the Adoption Act.

16 (2) Verify with law enforcement officials, using the
 17 National Crime Information Center, that the relinquished
 18 newborn infant is not a missing child.

19 (Source: P.A. 92-408, eff. 8-17-01; 92-432, eff. 8-17-01; 20 93-820, eff. 7-27-04.)

21 (325 ILCS 2/60)

22 Department's duties. Sec. 60. The Department must. 23 implement a public information program to promote safe 24 alternatives for newborn infants. placement The public 25 information program must inform the public of the following:

HB2816

1 (1) The relinquishment alternative provided for in 2 this Act, which results in the adoption of a newborn infant 3 under <u>30</u> 7 days of age and which provides for the parent's 4 anonymity, if the parent so chooses.

5 (2) The alternative of adoption through a public or 6 private agency, in which the parent's identity may or may 7 not be known to the agency, but is kept anonymous from the 8 adoptive parents, if the birth parent so desires, and which 9 allows the parent to be actively involved in the child's 10 adoption plan.

11 The public information program may include, but need not be 12 limited to, the following elements:

13 (i) Educational and informational materials in print,
14 audio, video, electronic or other media.

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(ii) Establishment of a web site.

16 (iii) Public service announcements and advertisements.
17 (iv) Establishment of toll-free telephone hotlines to
18 provide information.

19 (Source: P.A. 94-941, eff. 6-26-06.)