99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2015 and 2016

HB2460

Introduced 2/17/2015, by Rep. Ron Sandack

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

55 ILCS 5/5-1062.3

Amends the Counties Code. Provides that DuPage County is no longer subject to a Section which allows management and mitigation of the effects of urbanization on stormwater drainage. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning local government.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Counties Code is amended by changing Section
5-1062.3 as follows:

6 (55 ILCS 5/5-1062.3)

Sec. 5-1062.3. Stormwater management; DuPage and Peoria
 <u>County Counties</u>.

9 (a) The purpose of this Section is to allow management and mitigation of the effects of urbanization on stormwater 10 drainage in the metropolitan county counties of DuPage and 11 Peoria, and references to "county" in this Section applies 12 apply only to Peoria County those counties. This Section does 13 14 not apply to a municipality that only partially lies within Peoria County one of these counties and, on the effective date 15 16 of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, is served 17 by an existing Section in the Counties Code regarding stormwater management. The purpose of this Section shall be 18 19 achieved by:

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(1) consolidating the existing stormwater management framework into a united, countywide structure;

22 (2) setting minimum standards for floodplain and23 stormwater management; and

1 (3) preparing a countywide plan for the management of 2 stormwater runoff, including the management of natural and 3 man-made drainageways. The countywide plan may incorporate 4 watershed plans.

5 (b) A stormwater management planning committee may be 6 established:

7 (1) by county board resolution, with its membership 8 consisting of equal numbers of county board and municipal 9 representatives from each county board district, and such 10 other members as may be determined by the county and 11 municipal members; or. If the county has more than 6 county 12 board districts, however, the

13 (2) by county board may by ordinance dividing divide 14 the county into not less than 6 areas of approximately 15 equal population, to be used instead of county board 16 districts for the purpose of determining representation on 17 the stormwater management planning committee.

The county board members shall be appointed by the chairman 18 19 of the county board. Municipal members from each county board 20 district or other represented area shall be appointed by a majority vote of the mayors of those municipalities that have 21 22 the greatest percentage of their respective populations 23 residing in that county board district or other represented area. All municipal and county board representatives shall be 24 25 entitled to a vote; the other members shall be nonvoting 26 members, unless authorized to vote by the unanimous consent of

the municipal and county board representatives. A municipality 1 2 that is located in more than one county may choose, at the time 3 of formation of the stormwater management planning committee and based on watershed boundaries, to participate in the 4 5 stormwater management planning program of either county as long as it is served by an existing Section in the Counties Code 6 regarding stormwater management. 7 Subcommittees of the 8 stormwater management planning committee may be established to 9 serve a portion of the county or a particular drainage basin 10 that has similar stormwater management needs. The stormwater 11 management planning committee shall adopt bylaws, by a majority 12 vote of the county and municipal members, to govern the 13 functions of the committee and its subcommittees. Officers of the committee shall include a chair and vice chair, one of whom 14 15 shall be a county representative and one a municipal 16 representative.

17 The principal duties of the committee shall be to develop a stormwater management plan for presentation to and approval by 18 19 the county board, and to direct the plan's implementation and 20 revision. The committee may retain engineering, legal, and 21 financial advisors and inspection personnel. The committee 22 shall meet at least quarterly and shall hold at least one 23 public meeting during the preparation of the plan and prior to its submittal to the county board. The committee may make 24 grants to units of local government that have adopted an 25 26 ordinance requiring actions consistent with the stormwater 1 management plan and to landowners for the purposes of 2 stormwater management, including special projects; use of the 3 grant money must be consistent with the stormwater management 4 plan.

5 The committee shall not have or exercise any power of 6 eminent domain.

7 (c) In the preparation of a stormwater management plan, a 8 management planning committee county stormwater shall 9 coordinate the planning process with each adjoining county to 10 ensure that recommended stormwater projects will have no 11 significant impact on the levels or flows of stormwaters in 12 inter-county watersheds or on the capacity of existing and 13 planned stormwater retention facilities. An adopted stormwater 14 management plan shall identify steps taken by the county to 15 coordinate the development of plan recommendations with 16 adjoining counties.

17 (d) The stormwater management committee may not enforce any rules or regulations that would interfere with (i) any power 18 19 granted by the Illinois Drainage Code (70 ILCS 605/) to operate, construct, maintain, or improve drainage systems or 20 21 (ii) the ability to operate, maintain, or improve the drainage 22 systems used on or by land or a facility used for production 23 agriculture purposes, as defined in the Use Tax Act (35 ILCS 105/), except newly constructed buildings and newly installed 24 impervious paved surfaces. Disputes regarding an exception 25 26 shall be determined by a mutually agreed upon arbitrator paid

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1 by the disputing party or parties.

2 (e) Before the stormwater management planning committee 3 recommends to the county board a stormwater management plan for the county or a portion thereof, it shall submit the plan to 4 5 the Office of Water Resources of the Department of Natural Resources for review and recommendations. The Office, in 6 reviewing the plan, shall consider such factors as impacts on 7 the levels or flows in rivers and streams and the cumulative 8 9 effects of stormwater discharges on flood levels. The Office of 10 Water Resources shall determine whether the plan or ordinances 11 enacted to implement the plan complies with the requirements of 12 subsection (f). Within a period not to exceed 60 days, the 13 review comments and recommendations shall be submitted to the stormwater management planning committee for consideration. 14 15 Any amendments to the plan shall be submitted to the Office for 16 review.

17 (f) Prior to recommending the plan to the county board, the stormwater management planning committee shall hold at least 18 19 one public hearing thereon and shall afford interested persons 20 an opportunity to be heard. The hearing shall be held in the 21 county seat. Notice of the hearing shall be published at least 22 once and no less than 15 days in advance of the hearing in a 23 newspaper of general circulation published in the county. The notice shall state the time and place of the hearing and the 24 25 place where copies of the proposed plan will be accessible for 26 examination by interested parties. If an affected municipality

having a stormwater management plan adopted by ordinance wishes to protest the proposed county plan provisions, it shall appear at the hearing and submit in writing specific proposals to the stormwater management planning committee. After consideration of the matters raised at the hearing, the committee may amend or approve the plan and recommend it to the county board for adoption.

8 The county board may enact the proposed plan by ordinance. 9 If the proposals for modification of the plan made by an 10 affected municipality having a stormwater management plan are 11 not included in the proposed county plan, and the municipality 12 affected by the plan opposes adoption of the county plan by 13 resolution of its corporate authorities, approval of the county plan shall require an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds 14 15 of the county board members present and voting. If the county 16 board wishes to amend the county plan, it shall submit in 17 writing specific proposals to the stormwater management planning committee. If the proposals are not approved by the 18 committee, or are opposed by resolution of the corporate 19 20 authorities of an affected municipality having a municipal 21 stormwater management plan, amendment of the plan shall require 22 an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the county board 23 members present and voting.

(g) The county board may prescribe by ordinance reasonable
 rules and regulations for floodplain management and for
 governing the location, width, course, and release rate of all

stormwater runoff channels, streams, and basins in the county, 1 2 in accordance with the adopted stormwater management plan. Land, facilities, and drainage district facilities used for 3 production agriculture as defined in subsection (d) shall not 4 5 be subjected to regulation by the county board or stormwater 6 under this Section floodplain management committee for 7 and for governing location, width, management course, 8 maintenance, and release rate of stormwater runoff channels, 9 streams and basins, or water discharged from a drainage 10 district. These rules and regulations shall, at a minimum, meet 11 the standards for floodplain management established by the 12 Office of Water Resources and the requirements of the Federal Emergency Management Agency for participation in the National 13 14 Flood Insurance Program. With respect to DuPage County only, 15 the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning may not impose 16 more stringent regulations regarding water quality on entities 17 discharging in accordance with a valid National Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit under 18 -issuedthe 19 Environmental Protection Act.

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(h) For the purpose of implementing this Section and for 20 the development, design, planning, construction, operation, 21 22 and maintenance of stormwater facilities provided for in the 23 adopted stormwater management plan, a county board that has 24 established а stormwater management planning committee 25 pursuant to this Section or has participated in a stormwater 26 management planning process may adopt a schedule of fees

applicable to all real property within the county which 1 2 benefits from the county's stormwater management facilities 3 and activities, and as may be necessary to mitigate the effects of increased stormwater runoff resulting from development. The 4 5 total amount of the fees assessed must be specifically and uniquely attributable to the actual costs of the county in the 6 preparation, administration, and implementation of the adopted 7 8 stormwater management plan, construction and maintenance of 9 stormwater facilities, and other activities related to the 10 management of the runoff from the property. The individual fees 11 must be specifically and uniquely attributable to the portion 12 of the actual cost to the county of managing the runoff from 13 the property. The fees shall be used to finance activities undertaken by the county or its included municipalities to 14 15 mitigate the effects of urban stormwater runoff by providing 16 and maintaining stormwater collection, retention, detention, 17 and particulate treatment facilities, and improving water bodies impacted by stormwater runoff, as identified in the 18 19 county plan. In establishing, maintaining, or replacing such 20 facilities, the county shall not duplicate facilities operated by other governmental bodies within its corporate boundaries. 21 22 The schedule of fees established by the county board shall 23 include a procedure for a full or partial fee waiver for property owners who have taken actions or put in place 24 25 facilities that reduce or eliminate the cost to the county of 26 providing stormwater management services to their property.

The county board may also offer tax or fee rebates or incentive 1 2 payments to property owners who construct, maintain, and use 3 approved green infrastructure stormwater management devices or any other methods that reduce or eliminate the cost to the 4 5 county of providing stormwater management services to the property, including but not limited to facilities that reduce 6 the volume, temperature, velocity, and pollutant load of the 7 8 stormwater managed by the county, such as systems that 9 infiltrate, evapotranspirate, or harvest stormwater for reuse, 10 known as "green infrastructure". In exercising this authority, 11 the county shall provide notice to the municipalities within 12 its jurisdiction of any fees proposed under this Section and seek the input of each municipality with respect to the 13 14 calculation of the fees. The county shall also give property 15 owners at least 2 years' notice of the fee, during which time 16 the county shall provide education on green infrastructure 17 practices and an opportunity to take action to reduce or eliminate the fee. All these fees collected by the county shall 18 19 be held in a separate fund, and shall be expended only in the 20 watershed within which they were collected. The county may 21 enter into intergovernmental agreements with other government 22 bodies for the joint administration of stormwater management 23 and the collection of the fees authorized in this Section.

A fee schedule authorized by this subsection must have the same limit as the authorized stormwater tax. <u>The</u> In Peoria County only, the fee schedule shall not be adopted unless (i) a 1 referendum has been passed approving a stormwater tax as 2 provided in subsection (i) of this Section; or (ii) the 3 question of the adoption of a fee schedule with the same limit 4 as the authorized stormwater tax has been approved in a 5 referendum by a majority of those voting on the question.

6 (i) In the alternative to a fee imposed under subsection 7 (h), the county board may cause an annual tax of not to exceed 8 0.20% of the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department 9 of Revenue, of all taxable property in the county to be levied 10 upon all the taxable property in the county. The property tax 11 shall be in addition to all other taxes authorized by law to be 12 levied and collected in the county and shall be in addition to 13 the maximum tax rate authorized by law for general county purposes. The 0.20% limitation provided in this Section may be 14 15 increased or decreased by referendum in accordance with the 16 provisions of Sections 18-120, 18-125, and 18-130 of the 17 Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/).

Any revenues generated as a result of ownership or operation of facilities or land acquired with the tax funds collected pursuant to this subsection shall be held in a separate fund and be used either to abate such property tax or for implementing this Section.

If at least part of the county has been declared by a presidential proclamation after July 1, 1986 and before December 31, 1987, to be a disaster area as a result of flooding, the tax authorized by this subsection does not

require approval by referendum. However, in Peoria County, the 1 2 tax authorized by this subsection shall not be levied until the question of its adoption, either for a specified period or 3 indefinitely, has been submitted to the electors thereof and 4 5 approved by a majority of those voting on the question. This question may be submitted at any election held in the county 6 7 after the adoption of a resolution by the county board providing for the submission of the question to the electors of 8 9 the county. The county board shall certify the resolution and 10 proposition to the proper election officials, who shall submit 11 the proposition at an election in accordance with the general 12 election law. If a majority of the votes cast on the question is in favor of the levy of the tax, it may thereafter be levied 13 in the county for the specified period or indefinitely, as 14 provided in the proposition. The question shall be put in 15 16 substantially the following form:

17 Shall an annual tax be levied for stormwater management 18 purposes (for a period of not more than years) at a 19 rate not exceeding% of the equalized assessed value 20 of the taxable property of <u>Peoria</u> County?

21 Votes shall be recorded as Yes or No.

The following question may be submitted at any election held in the county after the adoption of a resolution by the county board providing for the submission of the question to the electors of the county to authorize adoption of a schedule of fees applicable to all real property within the county:

1 Shall the county board be authorized to adopt a 2 schedule of fees, at a rate not exceeding that of the 3 stormwater management tax, applicable to all real property 4 for preparation, administration, and implementation of an 5 adopted stormwater management plan, construction and 6 maintenance of related facilities, and management of the 7 runoff from the property?

8 Votes shall be recorded as Yes or No.

9 If these questions have been approved by a majority of 10 those voting prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act 11 of the 98th General Assembly, this subsection does not apply.

12 (j) If a county adopts For those counties that adopt a property tax in accordance with the provisions in this Section, 13 14 the stormwater management committee shall offer property tax 15 abatements or incentive payments to property owners who 16 construct, maintain, and use approved stormwater management 17 devices. The stormwater management committee is authorized to offer credits to the property tax, if applicable, based on 18 authorized practices consistent with the stormwater management 19 20 plan and approved by the committee. Expenses of staff of a 21 stormwater management committee that are expended on 22 regulatory project review may be no more than 20% of the annual 23 budget of the committee, including funds raised under subsections (h) and (i). 24

(k) Upon the creation and implementation of a countystormwater management plan, the county may petition the circuit

1 court to dissolve any or all drainage districts created 2 pursuant to the Illinois Drainage Code or predecessor Acts 3 which are located entirely within the area of the county 4 covered by the plan.

5 However, any active drainage district implementing a plan 6 that is consistent with and at least as stringent as the county 7 stormwater management plan may petition the stormwater 8 management planning committee for exception from dissolution. 9 Upon filing of the petition, the committee shall set a date for 10 hearing not less than 2 weeks, nor more than 4 weeks, from the 11 filing thereof, and the committee shall give at least one 12 week's notice of the hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the district, and in addition shall 13 14 cause a copy of the notice to be personally served upon each of 15 the trustees of the district. At the hearing, the committee 16 shall hear the district's petition and allow the district 17 trustees and any interested parties an opportunity to present oral and written evidence. The committee shall render its 18 19 decision upon the petition for exception from dissolution based 20 upon the best interests of the residents of the district. In 21 the event that the exception is not allowed, the district may 22 file a petition within 30 days of the decision with the circuit 23 court. In that case, the notice and hearing requirements for the court shall be the same as herein provided for the 24 25 committee. The court shall likewise render its decision of 26 whether to dissolve the district based upon the best interests

1 of residents of the district.

2 The dissolution of any drainage district shall not affect 3 the obligation of any bonds issued or contracts entered into by the district nor invalidate the levy, extension or collection 4 5 of any taxes or special assessments upon the property in the former drainage district. All property and obligations of the 6 7 former drainage district shall be assumed and managed by the county, and the debts of the former drainage district shall be 8 9 discharged as soon as practicable.

10 If a drainage district lies only partly within a county 11 that adopts a county stormwater management plan, the county may 12 petition the circuit court to disconnect from the drainage 13 district that portion of the district that lies within that 14 county. The property of the drainage district within the 15 disconnected area shall be assumed and managed by the county. 16 The county shall also assume a portion of the drainage 17 district's debt at the time of disconnection, based on the portion of the value of the taxable property of the drainage 18 district which is located within the area being disconnected. 19

The operations of any drainage district that continues to exist in a county that has adopted a stormwater management plan in accordance with this Section shall be in accordance with the adopted plan.

(1) <u>A</u> Any county that has adopted a county stormwater
 management plan under this Section may, after 10 <u>days</u> days'
 written notice receiving consent of the owner or occupant,

enter upon any lands or waters within the county for the purpose of inspecting stormwater facilities or causing the removal of any obstruction to an affected watercourse. If consent is denied or cannot be reasonably obtained, the county ordinance shall provide a process or procedure for an administrative warrant to be obtained. The county shall be responsible for any damages occasioned thereby.

8 (m) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a) of this 9 Section, upon petition of the municipality, and based on a 10 finding of the stormwater management planning committee, the 11 county shall not enforce rules and regulations adopted by the 12 county in any municipality located wholly or partly within the 13 county that has a municipal stormwater management ordinance that is consistent with and at least as stringent as the county 14 plan and ordinance, and is being enforced by the municipal 15 16 authorities. On issues that the county ordinance is more 17 stringent as deemed by the committee, the county shall only enforce rules and regulations adopted by the county on the more 18 stringent issues and accept municipal permits. The county shall 19 20 have no more than 60 days to review permits or the permits shall be deemed approved. 21

(n) A county may issue general obligation bonds for implementing any stormwater plan adopted under this Section in the manner prescribed in Section 5-1012; except that the referendum requirement of Section 5-1012 does not apply to bonds issued pursuant to this Section on which the principal

and interest are to be paid entirely out of funds generated by
 the taxes and fees authorized by this Section.

3 (o) A county that has adopted a fee schedule pursuant to 4 this Section may not thereafter issue any bond extensions 5 related to implementing a stormwater management plan.

6 (p) The powers authorized by this Section may be 7 implemented by the county board for a portion of the county 8 subject to similar stormwater management needs.

9 (q) The powers and taxes authorized by this Section are in 10 addition to the powers and taxes authorized by Division 5-15; 11 in exercising its powers under this Section, a county shall not 12 be subject to the restrictions and requirements of that 13 Division.

(r) Stormwater management projects and actions related to stormwater management in a county that has adopted a fee schedule or tax pursuant to this Section prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly are not altered by this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly.

20 (Source: P.A. 98-335, eff. 8-13-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 22 becoming law.