



Rep. Jerry F. Costello, II

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 676

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 676 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 3. The Department of Agriculture Law of the Civil
5 Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Sections
6 205-455 and 205-460 as follows:

7 (20 ILCS 205/205-455 new)

8 Sec. 205-455. Grants for water quality research. Subject
9 to appropriation, the Department is authorized to award grants
10 to eligible applicants for the purchase or acquisition of field
11 equipment used for water quality research. The annual aggregate
12 amount of grants awarded under this Section may not exceed
13 \$500,000 in any fiscal year from Fiscal Year 2016 through
14 Fiscal Year 2018.

15 (20 ILCS 205/205-460 new)

1 Sec. 205-460. Extension grants. The Department may make
2 grants to the University of Illinois for the purpose of
3 conducting agricultural extension programs in the State in an
4 amount not to exceed \$2,000,000 in any State fiscal year.

5 Section 5. The Department of Commerce and Economic
6 Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is
7 amended by adding Section 605-1020 as follows:

8 (20 ILCS 605/605-1020 new)

9 Sec. 605-1020. National Corn to Ethanol Research Center
10 grants. Subject to appropriation, the Department shall make
11 grants to Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville for the
12 support of the National Corn to Ethanol Research Center in an
13 amount not to exceed \$2,250,000 in any State fiscal year.

14 Section 7. The Illinois Renewable Fuels Development
15 Program Act is amended by changing Sections 15 and 20 as
16 follows:

17 (20 ILCS 689/15)

18 Sec. 15. Illinois Renewable Fuels Development Program.

19 (a) The Department must develop and administer the Illinois
20 Renewable Fuels Development Program to assist in the
21 construction, modification, alteration, or retrofitting of
22 renewable fuel plants in Illinois. The recipient of a grant

1 under this Section must:

2 (1) be constructing, modifying, altering, or
3 retrofitting a plant in the State of Illinois;

4 (2) be constructing, modifying, altering, or
5 retrofitting a plant that has annual production capacity of
6 no less than 5,000,000 gallons of renewable fuel per year;
7 and

8 (3) enter into a project labor agreement, whenever
9 practicable, as prescribed by Section 25 of this Act.

10 (b) Grant applications must be made on forms provided by
11 and in accordance with procedures established by the
12 Department.

13 (c) The Department must give preference to applicants that
14 use Illinois agricultural products in the production of
15 renewable fuel at the plant for which the grant is being
16 requested.

17 (Source: P.A. 96-140, eff. 1-1-10.)

18 (20 ILCS 689/20)

19 Sec. 20. Grants. Subject to appropriation, the Director is
20 authorized to award grants to eligible applicants for the
21 installation of majority blended ethanol and blender pump
22 fueling facilities. The annual aggregate amount of grants
23 awarded under this Section shall not exceed \$6,000,000 in any
24 fiscal year from Fiscal Year 2016 through Fiscal Year 2018. The
25 ~~annual aggregate amount of grants awarded shall not exceed~~

1 ~~\$20,000,000, except that this amount does not include amounts,~~
2 ~~up to \$4,000,000 per grant, that may be awarded to each~~
3 ~~eligible applicant who installs advanced technologies for~~
4 ~~water usage, carbon footprint reduction, and other blending~~
5 ~~improvements designed to optimize processes at the applicant's~~
6 ~~renewable fuels facility.~~

7 (Source: P.A. 96-173, eff. 8-10-09.)

8 Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections
9 3-10, 3-40, 3-44, and 9 and by adding Section 3-44.3 as
10 follows:

11 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

12 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
13 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
14 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of
15 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property
16 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that
17 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling
18 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally
19 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been
20 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at
21 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market
22 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State
23 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.
24 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the

1 price at which property would change hands between a willing
2 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion
3 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the
4 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by
5 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that
6 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by
7 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of
8 like kind and character in Illinois.

9 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
10 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
11 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
12 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

13 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
14 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of
15 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

16 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act
17 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after
18 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the
19 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
20 before June 30, 2015, (iii) 90% of the proceeds of sales made
21 on or after July 1, 2015 and on or before December 31, 2018,
22 and (iv) ~~(iii)~~ 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.
23 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
24 gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed
25 by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol
26 made during that time.

1 With respect to mid-range ethanol blends, the tax imposed
2 by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on
3 or after July 1, 2015 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
4 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any
5 time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of mid-range
6 ethanol blends is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax
7 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of
8 mid-range ethanol blends made during that time.

9 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax
10 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales
11 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
12 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made
13 thereafter.

14 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and
15 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies
16 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,
17 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the
18 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
19 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no
20 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the
21 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%
22 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than
23 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

24 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with
25 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
26 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or

1 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
2 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

3 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
4 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
5 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
6 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
7 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances,
8 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering
9 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing
10 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human
11 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of
12 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks"
13 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic
14 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to
15 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated
16 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks
17 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any
18 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless
19 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
20 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
21 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
22 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
23 juice.

24 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
25 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
26 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft

1 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
2 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
3 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

4 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
5 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
6 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
7 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
8 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
9 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
10 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
11 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
12 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
13 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
14 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
15 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

16 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
17 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
18 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
19 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
20 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
21 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
22 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
23 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
24 flour or requires refrigeration.

25 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
26 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and

1 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
2 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
3 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
4 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
5 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
6 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
7 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
8 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
9 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
10 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
11 label includes:

12 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

13 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
14 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
15 substance or preparation.

16 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
17 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
18 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a
19 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use
20 of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

21 If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer
22 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
23 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
24 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
25 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
26 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state

1 use.

2 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

3 (35 ILCS 105/3-40) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.3-40)

4 Sec. 3-40. Gasohol. As used in this Act, "gasohol" means
5 motor fuel that is a denatured ethanol and gasoline blend ~~of~~
6 ~~denatured ethanol and gasoline~~ that contains (i) no more than
7 1.25% water by weight and (ii) the maximum proportion of
8 ethanol authorized by the United States Environmental
9 Protection Agency under Section 211 of the Clean Air Act. ~~The~~
10 ~~blend must contain 90% gasoline and 10% denatured ethanol.~~ A
11 maximum of one percent error factor in the amount of denatured
12 ethanol used in the blend is allowable to compensate for
13 blending equipment variations. Any person who knowingly sells
14 or represents as gasohol any fuel that does not qualify as
15 gasohol under this Act is guilty of a business offense and
16 shall be fined not more than \$100 for each day that the sale or
17 representation takes place after notification from the
18 Department of Agriculture that the fuel in question does not
19 qualify as gasohol.

20 (Source: P.A. 93-724, eff. 7-13-04.)

21 (35 ILCS 105/3-44)

22 Sec. 3-44. Majority blended ethanol fuel. "Majority
23 blended ethanol fuel" means motor fuel that (i) contains not
24 less than 51% and no more than 83% by volume ethanol, as

1 specified in ASTM Standard DS798-11 and (ii) is capable of
2 being used in the operation of flexible fuel vehicles. 70% and
3 ~~no more than 90% denatured ethanol and no less than 10% and no~~
4 ~~more than 30% gasoline.~~

5 (Source: P.A. 93-17, eff. 6-11-03.)

6 (35 ILCS 105/3-44.3 new)

7 Sec. 3-44.3. Mid-range ethanol blend. "Mid-range ethanol
8 blend" means a blend of gasoline and denatured ethanol that
9 contains not less than 20% but less than 51% denatured ethanol.

10 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

11 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft,
12 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency
13 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect
14 the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the
15 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time
16 when he is required to file his return for the period during
17 which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to
18 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5
19 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to
20 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the
21 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting
22 the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the
23 case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction
24 by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such

1 discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead
2 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The Department
3 may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of
4 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
5 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
6 registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that
7 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is
8 required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the
9 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the
10 same property.

11 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a
12 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale
13 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is
14 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is
15 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor
16 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required
17 to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for
18 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of
19 the selling price actually received during such tax return
20 period.

21 Except as provided in this Section, on or before the
22 twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file
23 a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be
24 filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish
25 such information as the Department may reasonably require.

26 The Department may require returns to be filed on a

1 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
2 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
3 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
4 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
5 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
6 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

7 1. The name of the seller;

8 2. The address of the principal place of business from
9 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
10 personal property at retail in this State;

11 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
12 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
13 personal property by him during such preceding calendar
14 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
15 less all deductions allowed by law;

16 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
17 Act;

18 5. The amount of tax due;

19 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

20 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
21 may require.

22 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
23 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
24 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
25 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

26 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average

1 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
2 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
3 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
4 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
5 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
6 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
7 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
8 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
9 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
10 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
11 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
12 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
13 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
14 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
15 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
16 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
17 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
18 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
19 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
20 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
21 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
22 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
23 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
24 funds transfer.

25 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
26 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments

1 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
2 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
3 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

4 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
5 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
6 with the permission of the Department.

7 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
8 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
9 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
10 in the manner authorized by the Department.

11 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
12 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
13 requirements of this Section.

14 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
15 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers'
16 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service
17 Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete
18 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department
19 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the
20 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall
21 make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th,
22 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is
23 incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's
24 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act,
25 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax
26 Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the

1 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return
2 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month
3 next following the month during which such tax liability is
4 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before
5 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such
6 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax
7 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each
8 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's
9 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the
10 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability
11 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete
12 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and
13 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the
14 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or
15 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each
16 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
17 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's
18 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
19 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
20 or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each
21 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
22 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
23 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
24 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
25 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or
26 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an

1 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
2 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
3 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which
4 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
5 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
6 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
7 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
8 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's
9 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The
10 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
11 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
12 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the
13 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the
14 Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average
15 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4
16 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest
17 liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than
18 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to
19 the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4
20 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than
21 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a
22 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred
23 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average
24 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future
25 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such
26 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such

1 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once
2 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly
3 payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's
4 average monthly liability to the Department during the
5 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of
6 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less
7 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability
8 to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the
9 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than
10 \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a
11 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred
12 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average
13 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future
14 will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such
15 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such
16 taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such
17 taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is
18 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such
19 quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the
20 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be
21 liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the
22 minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly
23 payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the
24 taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the
25 Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as
26 provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable

1 rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment
2 amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file
3 on other than a calendar monthly basis.

4 If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds
5 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers'
6 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the
7 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return,
8 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum
9 no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which
10 memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department
11 in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the
12 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a
13 similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax
14 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act,
15 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
16 prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess
17 payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made
18 after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued,
19 unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made,
20 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax
21 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the
22 Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,
23 the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in
24 accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by
25 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that
26 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the

1 taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall
2 be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the
3 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be
4 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

5 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
6 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
7 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
8 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
9 with the return for January, February, and March of a given
10 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for
11 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such
12 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given
13 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return
14 for October, November and December of a given year being due by
15 January 20 of the following year.

16 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
17 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
18 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department
19 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with
20 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the
21 following year.

22 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
23 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
24 returns.

25 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
26 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the

1 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
2 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
3 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
4 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
5 business.

6 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
7 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
8 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of
9 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department,
10 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a
11 separate return for each such item of tangible personal
12 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same
13 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
14 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
15 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft,
16 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose
17 of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
18 vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
19 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as
20 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this
21 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the
22 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in
23 that transaction to the Department on the same uniform
24 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of
25 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4
26 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration

1 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped
2 with an inboard motor.

3 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor
4 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an
5 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform
6 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle
7 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name
8 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price
9 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in
10 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the
11 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to
12 which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value
13 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such
14 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of
15 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the
16 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on
17 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not
18 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the
19 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient
20 identification of the property sold; such other information as
21 is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and
22 such other information as the Department may reasonably
23 require.

24 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft
25 and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the
26 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling

1 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for
2 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer
3 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the
4 extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for
5 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after
6 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price;
7 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such
8 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by
9 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that
10 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is
11 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a
12 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other
13 information as the Department may reasonably require.

14 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later
15 than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is
16 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner
17 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting
18 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax
19 that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the
20 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State
21 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be
22 titled or registered (if titling or registration is required)
23 if the Department and such agency or State officer determine
24 that this procedure will expedite the processing of
25 applications for title or registration.

26 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer

1 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit
2 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is
3 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the
4 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt
5 (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied
6 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser
7 may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with
8 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property
9 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in
10 support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois
11 certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such
12 tangible personal property.

13 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this
14 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the
15 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other
16 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration
17 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has
18 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The
19 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
20 mandate of this paragraph.

21 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer
22 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of
23 tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the
24 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not
25 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact
26 of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department

1 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit
2 the information required by the transaction reporting return
3 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to
4 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption
5 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return
6 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be
7 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account
8 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount
9 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays
10 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the
11 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted
12 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

13 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the
14 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and
15 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal
16 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to
17 the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the
18 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing
19 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the
20 purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so
21 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which
22 such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the
23 Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax
24 to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by
25 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the
26 amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no

1 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the
2 purchaser.

3 Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also
4 include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax
5 covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible
6 personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer,
7 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected
8 from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall
9 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such
10 return.

11 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
12 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
13 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file
14 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
15 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
16 Acts on the one form.

17 Where the retailer has more than one business registered
18 with the Department under separate registration under this Act,
19 such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single
20 return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file
21 separate returns for each such registered business.

22 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
23 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special
24 fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net
25 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on
26 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off

1 the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages,
2 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate
3 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
4 drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing
5 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

6 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
7 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the
8 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
9 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property
10 which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer
11 and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's
12 government.

13 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
14 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special
15 fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for
16 the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
17 price of tangible personal property, other than tangible
18 personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail
19 from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency
20 of this State's government.

21 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
22 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the
23 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
24 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning
25 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the
26 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue

1 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
2 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

3 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
4 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
5 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
6 the selling price of tangible personal property which is
7 purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which
8 is titled or registered by an agency of this State's
9 government.

10 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
11 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
12 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
13 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
14 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
15 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
16 are now taxed at 6.25%.

17 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay
18 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue
19 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
20 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process
21 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental
22 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total
23 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act
24 and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed
25 \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

26 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay

1 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
2 collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service
3 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an
4 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground
5 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually
6 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
7 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
8 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and
9 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000
10 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the
11 "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference
12 between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and
13 the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding
14 payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

15 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
16 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
17 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
18 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
19 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
20 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
21 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
22 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
24 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
25 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
26 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

1 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
2 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
3 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
4 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
5 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
6 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
7 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
8 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
9 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
10 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account
11 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
12 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
13 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
14 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
15 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
16 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
17 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
18 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
19 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
20 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
21 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
22 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
23 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
24 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
25 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
26 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois

1 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
2 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
3 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
4 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
5 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
6 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
7 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
8 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
9 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
10 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
11 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
12 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
13 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
14 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
15 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
16 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
17 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
18 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
19 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
20 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
21 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
22 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
23 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
24 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
25 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
26 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge

1 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

2 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
3 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
4 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
5 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
6 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
7 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
8 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
9 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
10 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
11 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
12 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
13 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

14	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
15	1993	\$0
16	1994	53,000,000
17	1995	58,000,000
18	1996	61,000,000
19	1997	64,000,000
20	1998	68,000,000
21	1999	71,000,000
22	2000	75,000,000
23	2001	80,000,000
24	2002	93,000,000
25	2003	99,000,000
26	2004	103,000,000

1	2005	108,000,000
2	2006	113,000,000
3	2007	119,000,000
4	2008	126,000,000
5	2009	132,000,000
6	2010	139,000,000
7	2011	146,000,000
8	2012	153,000,000
9	2013	161,000,000
10	2014	170,000,000
11	2015	179,000,000
12	2016	189,000,000
13	2017	199,000,000
14	2018	210,000,000
15	2019	221,000,000
16	2020	233,000,000
17	2021	246,000,000
18	2022	260,000,000
19	2023	275,000,000
20	2024	275,000,000
21	2025	275,000,000
22	2026	279,000,000
23	2027	292,000,000
24	2028	307,000,000
25	2029	322,000,000
26	2030	338,000,000

1	2031	350,000,000
2	2032	350,000,000

3 and

4 each fiscal year

5 thereafter that bonds

6 are outstanding under

7 Section 13.2 of the

8 Metropolitan Pier and

9 Exposition Authority Act,

10 but not after fiscal year 2060.

11 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
12 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
13 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
14 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
15 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
16 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
17 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
18 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
19 required under this Section for previous months and years,
20 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
21 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
22 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
23 has been deposited.

24 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
25 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
26 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter

1 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
2 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
3 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
4 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
5 price of tangible personal property.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
7 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
8 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
9 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
10 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
11 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
12 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
13 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
14 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
15 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
16 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
17 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
18 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

19 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
20 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
21 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to
22 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
23 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
24 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
25 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
26 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,

1 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service
2 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation
3 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
4 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
5 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
6 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of
7 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by
8 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
9 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
10 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
11 and use taxes administered by the Department.

12 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
13 pay \$50,000 into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund from
14 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under this
15 Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act,
16 and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

17 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
18 pay \$116,666 into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund from
19 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under this
20 Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act,
21 and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

22 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
23 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State
24 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and
25 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of
26 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in

1 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

2 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
3 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
4 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
5 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
6 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
7 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
8 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

9 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
10 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
11 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
12 overpayment of liability.

13 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
14 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
15 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
16 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
17 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such
18 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written
19 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

20 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24,
21 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14;
22 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 98-1098, eff. 8-26-14.)

23 Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
24 Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

1 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

2 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
3 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
4 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as
5 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of
6 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less
7 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

8 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
9 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
10 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
11 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

12 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
13 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price
14 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
15 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%
16 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
17 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
18 June 30, 2015, (iii) 90% of the selling price of property
19 transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after
20 July 1, 2015, and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iv)
21 ~~(iii)~~ 100% of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time,
22 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined
23 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the
24 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
25 sales of gasohol made during that time.

26 With respect to mid-range ethanol blends, as defined in the

1 Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of
2 the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
3 sale of service on or after July 1, 2015 and on or before
4 December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the selling price
5 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
6 sales of mid-range ethanol blends is imposed at the rate of
7 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the
8 proceeds of sales of mid-range ethanol blends made during that
9 time.

10 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
11 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
12 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
13 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
14 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
15 thereafter.

16 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
17 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
18 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
19 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
20 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
21 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,
22 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
23 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
24 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
25 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
26 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%

1 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

2 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
3 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
4 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
5 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price
6 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
7 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
8 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

9 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
10 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
11 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
12 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
13 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
14 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate
15 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax
16 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
17 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an
18 incident to the sale of those services.

19 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
20 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of
21 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
22 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the
23 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the
24 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the
25 Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the
26 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed

1 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic
2 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
3 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
4 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
5 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for
6 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and
7 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by
8 diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section,
9 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
10 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
11 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
12 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
13 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
14 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed
15 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but
16 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated
17 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the
18 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks
19 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
21 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
22 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
23 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
24 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
25 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

26 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other

1 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
2 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
3 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
4 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
5 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
6 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
7 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
8 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
9 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
10 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
11 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
13 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
14 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
15 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
16 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
17 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
18 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
19 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
20 flour or requires refrigeration.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
23 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
24 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
25 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
26 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan

1 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
2 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
3 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
4 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
5 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
6 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
7 label includes:

8 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

9 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
10 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
11 substance or preparation.

12 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
13 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
14 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
15 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
16 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

17 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is
18 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
19 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
20 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
21 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
22 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state
23 use.

24 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636,
25 eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756,
26 eff. 7-16-14.)

1 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

2 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
3 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
4 of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he
5 is required to file his return for the period during which such
6 tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1,
7 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar
8 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the
9 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping
10 records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and
11 supplying data to the Department on request. The Department may
12 disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of
13 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
14 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
15 registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that
16 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is
17 required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service
18 Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service
19 involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

20 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or
21 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such
22 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month
23 in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be
24 promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a
25 form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such

1 information as the Department may reasonably require.

2 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
3 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
4 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
5 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
6 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
7 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
8 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

9 1. The name of the seller;

10 2. The address of the principal place of business from
11 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

12 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
13 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
14 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
15 by law;

16 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
17 Act;

18 5. The amount of tax due;

19 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

20 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
21 may require.

22 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
23 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
24 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
25 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

26 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average

1 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
2 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
3 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
4 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
5 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
6 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
7 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
8 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
9 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
10 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
11 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
12 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
13 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
14 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
15 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
16 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
17 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
18 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
19 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
20 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
21 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
22 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
23 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
24 funds transfer.

25 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
26 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments

1 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
2 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
3 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

4 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
5 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
6 with the permission of the Department.

7 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
8 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
9 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
10 in the manner authorized by the Department.

11 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
12 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
13 requirements of this Section.

14 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly
15 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to
16 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
17 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
18 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
19 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
20 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
21 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
22 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
23 October, November and December of a given year being due by
24 January 20 of the following year.

25 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly
26 or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax

1 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department
2 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with
3 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the
4 following year.

5 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
6 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
7 returns.

8 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
9 the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the
10 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
11 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
12 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this
13 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
14 discontinuing such business.

15 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
16 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser
17 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the
18 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall
19 also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the
20 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he
21 refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct
22 the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from
23 any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers'
24 occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required
25 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return,
26 provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall

1 previously have been remitted to the Department by such
2 serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have
3 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be
4 entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to
5 the purchaser.

6 Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include
7 the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal
8 property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of
9 service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax
10 to the Department when filing such return.

11 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
12 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
13 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file
14 returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax
15 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
16 Acts on the one form.

17 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered
18 with the Department under separate registration hereunder,
19 such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a
20 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
21 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

22 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
23 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in
24 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding
25 month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption
26 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold

1 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has
2 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
3 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and
4 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by
5 diabetics.

6 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
7 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the
8 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
9 general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other
10 than tangible personal property which is purchased outside
11 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or
12 registered by an agency of this State's government.

13 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
14 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the
15 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
16 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

17 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
18 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
19 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
20 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
21 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
22 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
23 are now taxed at 6.25%.

24 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
25 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
26 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service

1 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an
2 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground
3 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually
4 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
5 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
6 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the
7 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in
8 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average
9 monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the
10 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average
11 monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments
12 made pursuant to this paragraph.

13 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
14 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
15 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
16 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
17 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
18 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
19 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
20 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
21 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
22 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
23 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
24 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
25 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
26 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois

1 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
2 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
4 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
5 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
6 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
7 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
8 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account
9 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
10 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
11 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
12 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
13 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
14 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
15 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
16 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
17 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
18 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
19 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
20 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
21 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
22 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
23 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
24 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
25 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
26 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such

1 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
2 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
3 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
4 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
5 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
6 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
7 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
8 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
9 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
10 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
11 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
12 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
13 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
14 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
15 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
16 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
17 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
18 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
19 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
20 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
21 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
22 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
23 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
24 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
25 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

26 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund

1 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
2 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
3 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
4 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
5 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
6 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
7 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
8 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
9 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
10 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
11 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
12		
13	1993	\$0
14	1994	53,000,000
15	1995	58,000,000
16	1996	61,000,000
17	1997	64,000,000
18	1998	68,000,000
19	1999	71,000,000
20	2000	75,000,000
21	2001	80,000,000
22	2002	93,000,000
23	2003	99,000,000
24	2004	103,000,000
25	2005	108,000,000

1	2006	113,000,000
2	2007	119,000,000
3	2008	126,000,000
4	2009	132,000,000
5	2010	139,000,000
6	2011	146,000,000
7	2012	153,000,000
8	2013	161,000,000
9	2014	170,000,000
10	2015	179,000,000
11	2016	189,000,000
12	2017	199,000,000
13	2018	210,000,000
14	2019	221,000,000
15	2020	233,000,000
16	2021	246,000,000
17	2022	260,000,000
18	2023	275,000,000
19	2024	275,000,000
20	2025	275,000,000
21	2026	279,000,000
22	2027	292,000,000
23	2028	307,000,000
24	2029	322,000,000
25	2030	338,000,000
26	2031	350,000,000

1 2032 350,000,000
2 and
3 each fiscal year
4 thereafter that bonds
5 are outstanding under
6 Section 13.2 of the
7 Metropolitan Pier and
8 Exposition Authority Act,
9 but not after fiscal year 2060.

10 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
11 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
12 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
13 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
14 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
15 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
16 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
17 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
18 required under this Section for previous months and years,
19 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
20 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
21 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
22 has been deposited.

23 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
24 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
25 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
26 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,

1 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
2 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
3 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
4 price of tangible personal property.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
6 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
7 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
8 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
9 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
10 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
11 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
12 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
13 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
14 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
15 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
16 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
17 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

18 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
19 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
20 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to
21 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
22 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
23 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
24 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
25 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,
26 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service

1 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation
2 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
3 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
4 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
5 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of
6 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by
7 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
8 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
9 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
10 and use taxes administered by the Department.

11 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
12 pay \$50,000 into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund from
13 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under the Use
14 Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the
15 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

16 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
17 pay \$116,666 into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund from
18 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under the Use
19 Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the
20 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

21 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
22 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the
23 General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be
24 reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to
25 the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the
26 General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State

1 Finance Act.

2 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
3 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
4 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
5 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
6 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
7 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
8 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

9 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
10 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
11 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
12 overpayment of liability.

13 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
14 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
15 98-1098, eff. 8-26-14.)

16 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
17 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

19 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
20 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
21 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
22 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
23 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
24 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible

1 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item
2 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a
3 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
4 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the
5 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
6 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
7 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
8 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce
9 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this
10 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the
11 tangible personal property transferred incident to the
12 completion of the contract.

13 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
14 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
15 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
16 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

17 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
18 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost
19 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
20 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,
21 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an
22 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on
23 or before June 30, 2015, (iii) 90% of the selling price of
24 property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on
25 or after July 1, 2015, and on or before December 31, 2018, and
26 (iv) ~~(iii)~~ 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time,

1 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined
2 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the
3 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
4 sales of gasohol made during that time.

5 With respect to mid-range ethanol blends, as defined in the
6 Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of
7 the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
8 sale of service on or after July 1, 2015 and on or before
9 December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the selling price
10 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
11 sales of mid-range ethanol blends is imposed at the rate of
12 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the
13 proceeds of sales of mid-range ethanol blends made during that
14 time.

15 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
16 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
17 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
18 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
19 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
20 thereafter.

21 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
22 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
23 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
24 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
25 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
26 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,

1 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
2 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
3 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
4 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
5 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%
6 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

7 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
8 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
9 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax
10 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the
11 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
12 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
13 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
14 thereafter.

15 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
16 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
17 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
18 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
19 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
20 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate
21 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax
22 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
23 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to
24 the sale of those services.

25 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
26 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of

1 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
2 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the
3 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the
4 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the
5 Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the
6 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed
7 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic
8 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
9 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
10 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
11 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for
12 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and
13 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by
14 diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section,
15 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
16 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
17 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
18 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
19 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
20 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed
21 can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft
22 drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water,
23 infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A
24 Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing
25 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

26 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,

1 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
2 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
3 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
4 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
5 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

6 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
7 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
8 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
9 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
10 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
11 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
12 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
13 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
14 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
15 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
16 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
17 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
19 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
20 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
21 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
22 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
23 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
24 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
25 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
26 flour or requires refrigeration.

1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
2 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
3 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
4 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
5 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
6 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
7 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
8 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
9 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
10 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
11 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
12 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
13 label includes:

14 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

15 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
16 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
17 substance or preparation.

18 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
19 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
20 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
21 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
22 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636,
24 eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756,
25 eff. 7-16-14.)

1 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

2 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
3 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
4 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return
5 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a
6 discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and
7 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is
8 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for
9 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records,
10 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
11 data to the Department on request. The Department may disallow
12 the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration
13 is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the
14 Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
15 registration has become final.

16 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a
17 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale
18 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is
19 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is
20 filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for
21 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of
22 the selling price actually received during such tax return
23 period.

24 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or
25 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such
26 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month

1 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
2 promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be
3 filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain
4 such information as the Department may reasonably require.

5 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
6 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
7 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
8 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
9 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
10 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
11 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

12 1. The name of the seller;

13 2. The address of the principal place of business from
14 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

15 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
16 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
17 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
18 by law;

19 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
20 Act;

21 5. The amount of tax due;

22 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

23 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
24 may require.

25 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
26 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,

1 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
2 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

3 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
4 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
5 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use
6 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if
7 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as
8 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A
9 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior
10 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a
11 serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax
12 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service
13 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the
14 certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to
15 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase
16 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under
17 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to
18 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase
19 Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1,
20 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004.
21 No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September
22 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability
23 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

24 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
25 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize
26 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the

1 return for January, February and March of a given year being
2 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May
3 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with
4 the return for July, August and September of a given year being
5 due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
6 October, November and December of a given year being due by
7 January 20 of the following year.

8 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
9 Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize
10 his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for
11 a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

12 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
13 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
14 returns.

15 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
16 the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the
17 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
18 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
19 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this
20 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
21 discontinuing such business.

22 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
23 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
24 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
25 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
26 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make

1 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
2 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
3 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
4 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
5 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
6 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
8 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
9 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
10 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
11 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
12 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
13 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
14 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
15 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
16 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
17 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
18 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
19 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
20 funds transfer.

21 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
22 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
23 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
24 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
25 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

26 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic

1 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
2 with the permission of the Department.

3 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
4 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
5 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
6 in the manner authorized by the Department.

7 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
8 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
9 requirements of this Section.

10 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
11 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and
12 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal
13 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof
14 to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the
15 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing
16 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the
17 purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so
18 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service
19 Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or
20 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit
21 to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the
22 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been
23 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the
24 serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of
25 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no
26 deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

1 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
2 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
3 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file
4 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
5 Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all
6 the return information required by all said Acts on the one
7 form.

8 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered
9 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder,
10 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered
11 business.

12 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
13 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for
14 the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human
15 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it
16 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food
17 which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and
18 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical
19 appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and
20 needles used by diabetics.

21 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
22 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the
23 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general
24 rate.

25 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
26 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the

1 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
2 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

3 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
4 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue
5 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
6 transfers of tangible personal property.

7 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
8 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
9 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
10 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

11 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
12 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
13 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
14 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
15 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
16 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
17 are now taxed at 6.25%.

18 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
19 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
20 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
21 Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to
22 the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank
23 Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the
24 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
25 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
26 the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers'

1 Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State
2 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly
3 deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average
4 monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly
5 revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made
6 pursuant to this paragraph.

7 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
8 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
9 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
10 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
11 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
12 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
13 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
14 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
15 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
16 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
17 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
18 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
19 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
20 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
21 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
22 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
24 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
25 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
26 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last

1 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
2 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the
3 Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
4 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
5 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
6 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
7 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
8 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
9 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
10 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
11 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
12 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
13 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
14 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
15 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
16 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
17 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
18 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
19 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
20 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
21 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
22 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
23 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
24 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
25 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
26 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on

1 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
2 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
3 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
4 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
5 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
6 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
7 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
8 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
9 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
10 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
11 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
12 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
13 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
14 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
15 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
16 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
17 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
18 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
19 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

20 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
21 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
22 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
23 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
24 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
25 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
26 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be

1 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
2 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
3 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
4 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
5 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
6		
7	1993	\$0
8	1994	53,000,000
9	1995	58,000,000
10	1996	61,000,000
11	1997	64,000,000
12	1998	68,000,000
13	1999	71,000,000
14	2000	75,000,000
15	2001	80,000,000
16	2002	93,000,000
17	2003	99,000,000
18	2004	103,000,000
19	2005	108,000,000
20	2006	113,000,000
21	2007	119,000,000
22	2008	126,000,000
23	2009	132,000,000
24	2010	139,000,000
25	2011	146,000,000

1	2012	153,000,000
2	2013	161,000,000
3	2014	170,000,000
4	2015	179,000,000
5	2016	189,000,000
6	2017	199,000,000
7	2018	210,000,000
8	2019	221,000,000
9	2020	233,000,000
10	2021	246,000,000
11	2022	260,000,000
12	2023	275,000,000
13	2024	275,000,000
14	2025	275,000,000
15	2026	279,000,000
16	2027	292,000,000
17	2028	307,000,000
18	2029	322,000,000
19	2030	338,000,000
20	2031	350,000,000
21	2032	350,000,000

22 and
23 each fiscal year
24 thereafter that bonds
25 are outstanding under
26 Section 13.2 of the

1 Metropolitan Pier and
2 Exposition Authority Act,
3 but not after fiscal year 2060.

4 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
5 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
6 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
7 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
8 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
9 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
10 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
11 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
12 required under this Section for previous months and years,
13 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
14 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
15 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
16 has been deposited.

17 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
18 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
19 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
20 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
21 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
22 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
23 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
24 price of tangible personal property.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
26 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

1 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
2 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
3 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
4 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
5 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
6 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
7 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
8 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
9 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
10 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
11 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

12 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
13 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
14 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to
15 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
16 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
17 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
18 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
19 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,
20 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service
21 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation
22 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
23 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
24 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
25 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of
26 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by

1 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
2 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
3 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
4 and use taxes administered by the Department.

5 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
6 pay \$50,000 into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund from
7 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under the Use
8 Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers'
9 Occupation Tax Act.

10 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
11 pay \$116,666 into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund from
12 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under the Use
13 Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers'
14 Occupation Tax Act.

15 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
16 pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General
17 Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in
18 a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common
19 School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General
20 Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance
21 Act.

22 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a
23 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the
24 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not
25 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual
26 information return for the tax year specified in the notice.

1 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement
2 of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal
3 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as
4 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the
5 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the
6 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a
7 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the
8 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the
9 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the
10 taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and
11 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods
12 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the
13 taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the
14 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional
15 reasonable information which the Department deems would be
16 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly
17 or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore
18 provided for in this Section.

19 If the annual information return required by this Section
20 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable
21 as follows:

22 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
23 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
24 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
25 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
26 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be

1 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
2 penalty provided for in this Act.

3 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
4 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
5 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

6 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest
7 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the
8 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who
9 willfully signs the annual return containing false or
10 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished
11 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the
12 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
13 return may be liable for perjury.

14 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing
15 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman
16 who is not required to file an income tax return with the
17 United States Government.

18 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
19 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
20 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
21 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
22 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
23 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
24 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

25 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
26 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount

1 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
2 overpayment of liability.

3 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be
4 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose
5 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who
6 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and
7 paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with
8 respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do
9 not make written objection to the Department to this
10 arrangement.

11 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
12 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
13 98-1098, eff. 8-26-14.)

14 Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by
15 changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

17 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
18 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
19 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in
20 the course of business.

21 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
22 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
23 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
24 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

1 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
2 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
3 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

4 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory
5 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel
6 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a
7 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that
8 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of
9 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has
10 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and
11 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump
12 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be
13 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4
14 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to
15 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a
16 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty
17 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each
18 retail premises where a violation occurs.

19 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
20 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of
21 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,
22 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
23 1, 2003 and on or before June 30, 2015, (iii) 90% of the
24 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2015 and on or
25 before December 31, 2018, and (iv) ~~(iii)~~ 100% of the proceeds
26 of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax

1 under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax
2 Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by
3 this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol
4 made during that time.

5 With respect to mid-range ethanol blends, as defined in the
6 Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of
7 the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2015 and on or
8 before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales
9 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this
10 Act on sales of mid-range ethanol blends is imposed at the rate
11 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
12 the proceeds of sales of mid-range ethanol blends made during
13 that time.

14 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
15 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
16 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
17 before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of
18 sales made thereafter.

19 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
20 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
21 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of
22 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December
23 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made
24 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
25 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
26 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at

1 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
2 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
3 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

4 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
5 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
6 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
7 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
8 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
9 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

10 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
11 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
12 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
13 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
14 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances,
15 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering
16 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing
17 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human
18 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of
19 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks"
20 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic
21 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to
22 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated
23 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks
24 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any
25 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless
26 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,

1 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
2 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
3 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
4 juice.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
6 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
7 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
8 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
9 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
10 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

11 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
12 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
13 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
14 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
15 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
16 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
17 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
18 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
19 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
20 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
21 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
22 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

23 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
24 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
25 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
26 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a

1 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
2 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
3 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
4 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
5 flour or requires refrigeration.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
8 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
9 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
10 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
11 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
12 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
13 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
14 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
15 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
16 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
17 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
18 label includes:

19 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

20 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
21 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
22 substance or preparation.

23 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
24 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
25 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a
26 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use

1 of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

2 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

3 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

4 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before
5 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged
6 in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail
7 in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a
8 return with the Department, stating:

9 1. The name of the seller;

10 2. His residence address and the address of his
11 principal place of business and the address of the
12 principal place of business (if that is a different
13 address) from which he engages in the business of selling
14 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

15 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the
16 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be,
17 from sales of tangible personal property, and from services
18 furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or
19 quarter;

20 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding
21 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of
22 tangible personal property, and from services furnished,
23 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return
24 is filed;

25 5. Deductions allowed by law;

1 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the
2 preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of
3 which the tax is imposed;

4 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
5 Act;

6 8. The amount of tax due;

7 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

8 10. Such other reasonable information as the
9 Department may require.

10 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
11 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
12 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
13 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

14 Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of
15 prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is
16 claimed.

17 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
18 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
19 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as
20 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser
21 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section
22 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
23 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003
24 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85
25 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy
26 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in

1 the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject
2 to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase
3 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under
4 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to
5 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's
6 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after
7 January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to
8 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be
9 used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to
10 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any
11 audit liability.

12 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
13 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
14 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
15 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
16 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
17 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
18 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

19 1. The name of the seller;

20 2. The address of the principal place of business from
21 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
22 personal property at retail in this State;

23 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
24 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
25 personal property by him during such preceding calendar
26 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but

1 less all deductions allowed by law;

2 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
3 Act;

4 5. The amount of tax due; and

5 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
6 may require.

7 Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a
8 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer,
9 as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in
10 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file
11 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at
12 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount
13 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month
14 and such other information as is reasonably required by the
15 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this
16 statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such
17 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements
18 of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term
19 "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the
20 Liquor Control Act of 1934.

21 Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing
22 distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in
23 the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the
24 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month
25 for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by
26 electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts

1 from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during
2 the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to
3 whom it was sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax
4 registration number; and such other information reasonably
5 required by the Department. A distributor, importing
6 distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must
7 personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to
8 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report
9 containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing
10 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic
11 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month
12 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred.
13 The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall
14 notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor,
15 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales
16 information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales
17 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing
18 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the sales
19 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of
20 this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is
21 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail,
22 or facsimile.

23 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or
24 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than
25 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

26 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average

1 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
2 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
3 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
4 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
5 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
6 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
7 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
8 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
9 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
10 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
11 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
12 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
13 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
14 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
15 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
16 The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of
17 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
18 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
19 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
20 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
21 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
22 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
23 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
24 funds transfer.

25 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
26 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments

1 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
2 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
3 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

4 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
5 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
6 with the permission of the Department.

7 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
8 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
9 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
10 in the manner authorized by the Department.

11 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
12 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
13 requirements of this Section.

14 Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any
15 return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount
16 is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest
17 whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a
18 dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest
19 whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is
20 less than 50 cents.

21 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
22 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
23 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
24 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
25 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
26 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,

1 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
2 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
3 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
4 October, November and December of a given year being due by
5 January 20 of the following year.

6 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
7 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
8 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the
9 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
10 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
11 of the following year.

12 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
13 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
14 returns.

15 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
16 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
17 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
18 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
19 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
20 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
21 business.

22 Where the same person has more than one business registered
23 with the Department under separate registrations under this
24 Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a
25 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
26 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

1 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
2 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
3 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of
4 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department,
5 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a
6 separate return for each such item of tangible personal
7 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same
8 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
9 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
10 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft,
11 watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the
12 purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft,
13 motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
14 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as
15 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this
16 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft,
17 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that
18 transaction to the Department on the same uniform
19 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of
20 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4
21 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration
22 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped
23 with an inboard motor.

24 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft,
25 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with
26 an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax

1 liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such
2 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required
3 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or
4 quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required
5 to file returns on an annual basis.

6 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor
7 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an
8 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform
9 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle
10 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name
11 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price
12 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in
13 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the
14 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to
15 which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value
16 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such
17 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of
18 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the
19 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on
20 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not
21 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the
22 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient
23 identification of the property sold; such other information as
24 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and
25 such other information as the Department may reasonably
26 require.

1 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft
2 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the
3 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling
4 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for
5 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer
6 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the
7 extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for
8 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after
9 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price;
10 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such
11 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by
12 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that
13 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is
14 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a
15 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other
16 information as the Department may reasonably require.

17 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later
18 than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is
19 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner
20 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting
21 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the
22 Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of
23 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the
24 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if
25 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such
26 agency or State officer determine that this procedure will

1 expedite the processing of applications for title or
2 registration.

3 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer
4 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit
5 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is
6 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the
7 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax
8 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is
9 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such
10 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer
11 with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal
12 property that is involved (if titling or registration is
13 required) in support of such purchaser's application for an
14 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration
15 to such tangible personal property.

16 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this
17 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the
18 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other
19 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration
20 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has
21 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The
22 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
23 mandate of this paragraph.

24 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer
25 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of
26 the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the

1 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not
2 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact
3 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department
4 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit
5 the information required by the transaction reporting return
6 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to
7 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption
8 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return
9 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be
10 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account
11 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount
12 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays
13 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the
14 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted
15 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

16 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return
17 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property
18 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under
19 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case
20 may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the
21 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a
22 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act
23 with respect to such receipts.

24 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on
25 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president,
26 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly

1 accredited agent of such corporation.

2 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return
3 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be
4 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of
5 the limited liability company.

6 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the
7 return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such
8 return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this
9 Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75%
10 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year,
11 whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the
12 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records,
13 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
14 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant
15 to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on
16 which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of
17 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by
18 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount
19 shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when
20 such retailer files his periodic return. The Department may
21 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of
22 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
23 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
24 registration has become final.

25 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
26 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax

1 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax
2 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be
3 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000
4 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he
5 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th
6 day of the month next following the month during which such tax
7 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department
8 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month
9 during which such liability is incurred. On and after October
10 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the
11 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service
12 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any
13 liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance
14 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the
15 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return
16 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month
17 next following the month during which such tax liability is
18 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before
19 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such
20 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax
21 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each
22 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's
23 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the
24 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability
25 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete
26 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and

1 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the
2 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or
3 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each
4 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
5 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's
6 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
7 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
8 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each
9 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
10 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
11 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
12 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
13 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or
14 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
15 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
16 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
17 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which
18 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
19 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
20 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
21 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
22 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's
23 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The
24 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
25 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
26 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the

1 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the
2 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability
3 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above
4 shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability
5 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar
6 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the
7 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such
8 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as
9 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete
10 calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a
11 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in
12 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer
13 to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the
14 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000
15 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the
16 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On
17 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of
18 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by
19 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or
20 more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue
21 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the
22 Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters
23 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of
24 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's
25 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for
26 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar

1 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can
2 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's
3 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate
4 that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably
5 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated
6 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a
7 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department
8 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds
9 that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be
10 long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at
11 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the
12 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the
13 difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the
14 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely
15 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made
16 payments for that month to the Department in excess of the
17 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section.
18 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to
19 govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly
20 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar
21 monthly basis.

22 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1,
23 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make
24 quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who
25 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit
26 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in

1 excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete
2 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as
3 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the
4 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the
5 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month
6 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to the
7 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each payment
8 shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's
9 actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which
10 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
11 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the
12 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the
13 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the
14 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax
15 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each
16 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
17 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
18 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year.
19 The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
20 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
21 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case
22 may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of
23 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this
24 paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly
25 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete
26 calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter

1 monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount
2 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and
3 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has
4 previously made payments for that month in excess of the
5 minimum payments previously due.

6 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October
7 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to
8 make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer
9 who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit
10 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in
11 excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete
12 calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as
13 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the
14 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the
15 month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment
16 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual
17 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for
18 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of
19 the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the
20 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month
21 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be.
22 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter
23 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph
24 shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax
25 collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters
26 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of

1 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's
2 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for
3 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar
4 quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly
5 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the
6 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such
7 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made
8 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments
9 previously due.

10 If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the
11 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the
12 Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as
13 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if
14 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit
15 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The
16 credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by
17 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax
18 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act,
19 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
20 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the
21 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability
22 subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act,
23 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service
24 Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and
25 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department
26 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit

1 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1%
2 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75%
3 of the difference between the credit taken and that actually
4 due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and
5 interest on such difference.

6 If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under
7 Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability
8 to the Department under this Act for the month which the
9 taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the
10 taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

11 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
12 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the
13 State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue
14 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of
15 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the
16 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft
17 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate
18 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
19 drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing
20 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

21 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
22 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special
23 fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the
24 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
25 general rate.

26 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall

1 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
2 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
3 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning
4 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the
5 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue
6 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
7 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

8 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
9 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
10 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
11 the selling price of tangible personal property.

12 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
13 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
14 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
15 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1,
16 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local
17 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the
18 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of
19 sales tax holiday items.

20 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
21 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
22 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
23 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
24 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
25 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
26 are now taxed at 6.25%.

1 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay
2 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue
3 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
4 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process
5 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental
6 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total
7 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act
8 and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal
9 year.

10 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
11 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
12 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
13 Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the
14 average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund
15 during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois
16 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the
17 Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act,
18 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act
19 shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used
20 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal
21 to the difference between the average monthly claims for
22 payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited
23 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this
24 paragraph.

25 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
26 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the

1 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
2 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
3 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
4 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
5 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
6 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act,
7 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax
8 Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts
9 being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of
10 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter
11 called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to
12 the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax
13 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as
14 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall
15 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other
16 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the
17 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for
18 fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

19	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
20	1986	\$54,800,000
21	1987	\$76,650,000
22	1988	\$80,480,000
23	1989	\$88,510,000
24	1990	\$115,330,000
25	1991	\$145,470,000
26	1992	\$182,730,000

1 1993 \$206,520,000;

2 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as

3 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the

4 Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and

5 each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on

6 the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act

7 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond

8 Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2)

9 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the

10 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than

11 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the

12 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois

13 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to

14 the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the

15 payments required under the preceding proviso result in

16 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to

17 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of

18 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for

19 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois

20 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph

21 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount

22 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and

23 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is

24 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income,

25 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the

26 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if

1 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on
2 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and
3 costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the
4 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of
5 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any
6 month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build
7 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the
8 Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such
9 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred
10 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build
11 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section
12 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such
13 deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received
14 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build
15 Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the
16 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this
17 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to
18 clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall
19 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year
20 pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the
21 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited
22 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim
23 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond
24 Act.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
26 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment

1 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
2 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
3 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
4 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
5 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
6 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
7 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
8 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
9 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
10 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
11		
12	1993	\$0
13	1994	53,000,000
14	1995	58,000,000
15	1996	61,000,000
16	1997	64,000,000
17	1998	68,000,000
18	1999	71,000,000
19	2000	75,000,000
20	2001	80,000,000
21	2002	93,000,000
22	2003	99,000,000
23	2004	103,000,000
24	2005	108,000,000
25	2006	113,000,000

1	2007	119,000,000
2	2008	126,000,000
3	2009	132,000,000
4	2010	139,000,000
5	2011	146,000,000
6	2012	153,000,000
7	2013	161,000,000
8	2014	170,000,000
9	2015	179,000,000
10	2016	189,000,000
11	2017	199,000,000
12	2018	210,000,000
13	2019	221,000,000
14	2020	233,000,000
15	2021	246,000,000
16	2022	260,000,000
17	2023	275,000,000
18	2024	275,000,000
19	2025	275,000,000
20	2026	279,000,000
21	2027	292,000,000
22	2028	307,000,000
23	2029	322,000,000
24	2030	338,000,000
25	2031	350,000,000
26	2032	350,000,000

1 and
2 each fiscal year
3 thereafter that bonds
4 are outstanding under
5 Section 13.2 of the
6 Metropolitan Pier and
7 Exposition Authority Act,
8 but not after fiscal year 2060.

9 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
10 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
11 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
12 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
13 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
14 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
15 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
16 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
17 required under this Section for previous months and years,
18 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
19 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
20 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
21 has been deposited.

22 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
23 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
24 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
25 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
26 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax

1 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
2 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
3 price of tangible personal property.

4 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
5 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
6 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
7 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
8 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
9 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
10 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
11 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
12 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
13 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
14 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
15 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
16 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

17 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
18 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
19 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to
20 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
21 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
22 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
23 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
24 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,
25 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service
26 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation

1 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
2 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
3 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
4 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of
5 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by
6 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
7 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
8 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
9 and use taxes administered by the Department.

10 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
11 pay \$50,000 into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund from
12 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under the Use
13 Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax
14 Act, and this Act.

15 Beginning August 1, 2015, each month the Department shall
16 pay \$116,666 into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund from
17 the proceeds collected during the preceding month under the Use
18 Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax
19 Act, and this Act.

20 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
21 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State
22 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and
23 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of
24 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
25 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

26 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a

1 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the
2 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not
3 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual
4 information return for the tax year specified in the notice.
5 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement
6 of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal
7 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as
8 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the
9 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the
10 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a
11 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the
12 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the
13 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the
14 retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and
15 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods
16 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the
17 retailer during such year, payroll information of the
18 retailer's business during such year and any additional
19 reasonable information which the Department deems would be
20 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly
21 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in
22 this Section.

23 If the annual information return required by this Section
24 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable
25 as follows:

26 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable

1 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
2 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
3 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
4 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
5 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
6 penalty provided for in this Act.

7 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
8 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
9 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

10 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest
11 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the
12 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who
13 willfully signs the annual return containing false or
14 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished
15 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the
16 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
17 return may be liable for perjury.

18 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an
19 annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not
20 required to file an income tax return with the United States
21 Government.

22 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
23 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
24 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
25 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
26 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act

1 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
2 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

3 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
4 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
5 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
6 overpayment of liability.

7 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
8 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
9 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
10 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
11 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such
12 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written
13 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

14 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail
15 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at
16 the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs,
17 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or
18 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section
19 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a
20 report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's
21 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in
22 merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois
23 Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant,
24 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable
25 information that the Department may require. The report must be
26 filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following

1 the month during which the event with retail sales was held.
2 Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section
3 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to
4 exceed \$250.

5 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible
6 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type
7 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows,
8 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any
9 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient
10 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of
11 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily
12 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall
13 impose this requirement when it finds that there is a
14 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an
15 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence
16 that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers
17 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the
18 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the
19 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of
20 loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify
21 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of
22 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the
23 Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file
24 their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

25 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24,
26 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14;

1 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 98-1098, eff. 8-26-14.)

2 Section 30. The School Code is amended by adding Section
3 2-3.65b as follows:

4 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.65b new)

5 Sec. 2-3.65b. Grants for agriculture education programs.
6 Subject to appropriation, the State Board of Education may
7 award grants to public schools in the State to fund agriculture
8 education programs. The annual aggregate amount of grants
9 awarded under this Section may not exceed \$2,000,000 in any
10 State fiscal year.

11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
12 becoming law.".