

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB0400

by Rep. Martin J. Moylan

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

430 ILCS 85/2-1 430 ILCS 85/2-2 430 ILCS 85/2-20 430 ILCS 85/2-21 720 ILCS 5/11-9.3 from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4051 from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4052

Amends the Carnival and Amusement Rides Safety Act. Changes the name of the Act to the Amusement Ride and Attraction Safety Act. Changes the definition of "volunteer" to mean "any person who operates or assists in the operation of an amusement ride or amusement attraction, or performs any other function related to a carnival or fair, for an owner or operator without pay or lodging". Provides that no person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair shall employ any individual, or permit any individual to volunteer, who (i) has been convicted of any offense set forth in Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, (ii) is a registered sex offender, as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act, or (iii) has ever been convicted of any offense set forth in Article 9 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that a person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair must conduct a criminal history records check and perform a check of the National Sex Offender Public Registry for all employees and volunteers, regardless of their job function, at the time they are hired or begin volunteering, and annually thereafter except if they are in the continued employ of the entity. Provides that a carnival or fair owner is not responsible for any personal information submitted by an employee or volunteer for criminal history records checks. Provides that any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair that violates the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section or fails to conduct a criminal history records check or a sex offender registry check for its employees or volunteers shall be assessed a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$10,000 for a first offense, not to exceed \$25,000 for a second offense, and not to exceed \$50,000 for a third or subsequent offense. Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that it is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any amusement enterprise, carnival, or fair, including a county fair, when persons under the age of 18 are present. Effective immediately.

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,

represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Carnival and Amusement Rides Safety Act is
- 5 amended by changing Sections 2-1, 2-2, 2-20, and 2-21 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (430 ILCS 85/2-1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4051)
- 8 Sec. 2-1. This Article shall be known and may be cited as
- 9 the "Amusement Ride and Attraction Safety Act".
- 10 (Source: P.A. 98-769, eff. 1-1-15.)
- 11 (430 ILCS 85/2-2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4052)
- 12 Sec. 2-2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
- 13 context otherwise requires:
- 1. "Director" means the Director of Labor or his or her
- designee.
- 16 2. "Department" means Department of Labor.
- 3. "Amusement attraction" means an enclosed building or
- 18 structure, including electrical equipment which is an integral
- 19 part of the building or structure, through which people walk
- 20 without the aid of any moving device, that provides amusement,
- 21 thrills or excitement at a fair, carnival, or an amusement
- 22 enterprise, except any such enclosed building or structure

- which is subject to the jurisdiction of a local building code.
- 2 4. "Amusement ride" means:
 - (a) any mechanized device or combination of devices, including electrical equipment which is an integral part of the device or devices, which carries passengers along, around, or over a fixed or restricted course for the primary purpose of giving its passengers amusement, pleasure, thrills, or excitement;
 - (b) any ski lift, rope tow, or other device used to transport snow skiers;
 - (c) (blank);
 - (d) any dry slide over 20 feet in height, alpine slide, or toboggan slide;
 - (e) any tram, open car, or combination of open cars or wagons pulled by a tractor or other motorized device which is not licensed by the Secretary of State, which may, but does not necessarily follow a fixed or restricted course, and is used primarily for the purpose of giving its passengers amusement, pleasure, thrills or excitement, and for which an individual fee is charged or a donation accepted with the exception of hayrack rides;
 - (f) any bungee cord or similar elastic device; or
 - (g) any inflatable attraction.
- 5. "Carnival" or "amusement enterprise" means an enterprise which offers amusement or entertainment to the public by means of one or more amusement attractions or

- 1 amusement rides.
- 2 6. "Fair" means an enterprise principally devoted to the
- 3 exhibition of products of agriculture or industry in connection
- 4 with which amusement rides or amusement attractions are
- 5 operated.
- 7. "Operator" means a person, or the agent of a person, who
- 7 owns or controls or has the duty to control the operation of an
- 8 amusement ride or an amusement attraction at a carnival,
- 9 amusement enterprise, or fair. "Operator" includes an agency of
- 10 the State or any of its political subdivisions.
- 11 8. "Carnival worker" or "amusement enterprise worker"
- 12 means a person who is employed (and is therefore not a
- 13 volunteer) by a carnival, amusement enterprise, or fair to
- 14 manage, physically operate, or assist in the operation of an
- 15 amusement ride or amusement attraction when it is open to the
- 16 public.
- 9. "Volunteer" means any $\frac{1}{2}$ person who operates or assists
- in the operation of an amusement ride or amusement attraction,
- 19 or performs any other function related to a carnival or fair,
- 20 for an owner or operator without pay or lodging. An individual
- 21 shall not be considered a volunteer if the individual is
- 22 otherwise employed by the same owner or operator to perform the
- same type of service as those for which the individual proposes
- 24 to volunteer.
- 25 10. "Inflatable attraction" means an amusement ride or
- device designed for use that may include, but not be limited

- 1 to, bounce, climb, slide, or interactive play, which is made of
- 2 flexible fabric, is kept inflated by continuous air flow by one
- 3 or more blowers, and relies upon air pressure to maintain its
- 4 shape.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 98-541, eff. 8-23-13; 98-769, eff. 1-1-15.)
- 6 (430 ILCS 85/2-20)
- 7 Sec. 2-20. Employment of carnival and amusement enterprise
- 8 workers.
- 9 (a) Beginning on January 1, 2008, no person, firm,
- 10 corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival,
- amusement enterprise, or fair shall employ any individual, or
- 12 permit any individual to volunteer, a carnival or amusement
- 13 enterprise worker who (i) has been convicted of any offense set
- 14 forth in Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
- Criminal Code of 2012, (ii) is a registered sex offender, as
- defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act, or (iii) has ever
- 17 been convicted of any offense set forth in Article 9 of the
- 18 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- 19 (b) A person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns
- or operates a carnival, amusement enterprise, or fair must
- 21 conduct a criminal history records check and perform a check of
- the National Sex Offender Public Registry for all employees and
- 23 volunteers, regardless of their job function, carnival or
- 24 amusement enterprise workers at the time they are hired or
- 25 begin volunteering, and annually thereafter except if they are

in the continued employ of the entity.

The criminal history records check performed under this subsection (b) shall be performed by the Illinois State Police, another State or federal law enforcement agency, or a business belonging to the National Association of Professional Background Check Screeners. Any criminal history checks performed by the Illinois State Police shall be pursuant to the Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act.

Individuals who are under the age of 17 are exempt from the criminal history records check requirements set forth in this subsection (b).

- (c) Any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival, amusement enterprise, or fair must have a substance abuse policy in place for its workers, which shall include random drug testing of carnival or amusement enterprise workers.
- (d) Any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival, amusement enterprise, or fair that violates the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section or fails to conduct a criminal history records check or a sex offender registry check for its employees or volunteers earnival or amusement enterprise workers in its employ, as required by subsection (b) of this Section, shall be assessed a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$10,000 \$1,000 for a first offense, not to exceed \$25,000 \$5,000 for a second offense, and not to exceed \$50,000 \$15,000 for a third or

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- 1 subsequent offense. The collection of these penalties shall be
- 2 enforced in a civil action brought by the Attorney General on
- 3 behalf of the Department.
- 4 (e) A carnival, amusement enterprise, or fair owner is not responsible for:
- 6 (1) any personal information submitted by <u>an employee</u>
 7 <u>or volunteer</u> a carnival or amusement enterprise worker for
 8 criminal history records check purposes; or
 - (2) any information provided by a third party for a criminal history records check or a sex offender registry check.
 - (f) Recordkeeping requirements. Any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival, amusement enterprise, or fair subject to the provisions of this Act shall make, preserve, and make available to the Department, upon its request, all records that are required by this Act, including but not limited to a written substance abuse policy, evidence of the required criminal history records check and sex offender registry check, and any other information the Director may deem necessary and appropriate for enforcement of this Act.
 - (g) A carnival, amusement enterprise, or fair owner shall not be liable to any employee or volunteer in carrying out the requirements of this Section.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-769, eff. 1-1-15.)

- Sec. 2-21. Volunteers. Criminal background checks of volunteers, who manage, physically operate, or assist in the
- 3 operation of an amusement ride or amusement attraction when it
- 4 is open to the public, shall be left to the discretion of local
- 5 law enforcement which has jurisdictional authority in the
- 6 community in which the event is being held. Volunteers shall be
- 7 required to comply with any training and age requirements as
- 8 prescribed by rule.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-151, eff. 8-7-09.)
- 10 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- 11 changing Section 11-9.3 as follows:
- 12 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)
- 13 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex
- offenders prohibited; approaching, contacting, residing with,
- or communicating with a child within certain places by child
- sex offenders prohibited.
- 17 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be
- 18 present in any school building, on real property comprising any
- 19 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a
- 20 school to transport students to or from school or a school
- 21 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present
- in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless
- 23 the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the
- 24 school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a

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conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official.

(a-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present within 100 feet of a site posted as a pick-up or discharge stop for a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity when one or more persons under the age of 18

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are present at the site.

(a-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any public park building, a playground or recreation area within any publicly accessible privately owned building, or on real property comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.

(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or quardian of a student attending the school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of

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a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official.

(b-2) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park building or real property comprising any public park while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or quardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.

(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and

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was purchased before July 7, 2000 (the effective date of Public Act 91-911).

(b-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, day care home, group day care home, or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before July 7, 2000. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a child care institution, day care center, or part day child care facility if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before June 26, 2006. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a day care home or group day care home if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before August 14, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-821).

(b-15) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-15) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by

- 1 the child sex offender and was purchased before August 22,
- 2 2002.
- 3 This subsection (b-15) does not apply if the victim of the
- 4 sex offense is 21 years of age or older.
- 5 (b-20) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- 6 communicate, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois
- 7 law, using the Internet or any other digital media, with a
- 8 person under 18 years of age or with a person whom he or she
- 9 believes to be a person under 18 years of age, unless the
- offender is a parent or quardian of the person under 18 years
- of age.
- 12 (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated
- 14 with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing
- 15 programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under
- the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care
- facility; (iv) child care institution; (v) school providing
- 18 before and after school programs for children under 18 years of
- 19 age; (vi) day care home; or (vii) group day care home. This
- 20 does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real
- 21 property upon which the programs or services are offered or
- 22 upon which the day care center, part day child care facility,
- 23 child care institution, or school providing before and after
- school programs for children under 18 years of age is located,
- 25 provided the child sex offender refrains from being present on
- the premises for the hours during which: (1) the programs or

1 services are being offered or (2) the day care center, part day

2 child care facility, child care institution, or school

providing before and after school programs for children under

18 years of age, day care home, or group day care home is

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- It is unlawful for a child sex (c-2)offender participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, including but not limited to distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter. For the purposes of this subsection, child sex offender has the meaning as defined in this Section, but does not include as a sex offense under paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section, the offense under subsection (c) of Section 11-1.50 of this Code. This subsection does not apply to a child sex offender who is a parent or quardian of children under 18 years of age that are present in the home and other non-familial minors are not present.
- (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any amusement enterprise, carnival, or fair, including a county fair, county fair when persons under the age of 18 are present. For purposes of this section, "amusement enterprise", "carnival", and "fair" have the meanings given to those terms

in the Amusement Ride and Attraction Safety Act.

- (c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender who owns and resides at residential real estate to knowingly rent any residential unit within the same building in which he or she resides to a person who is the parent or guardian of a child or children under 18 years of age. This subsection shall apply only to leases or other rental arrangements entered into after January 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-820).
- (c-7) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly offer or provide any programs or services to persons under 18 years of age in his or her residence or the residence of another or in any facility for the purpose of offering or providing such programs or services, whether such programs or services are offered or provided by contract, agreement, arrangement, or on a volunteer basis.
- (c-8) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, whether authorized to do so or not, any of the following vehicles: (1) a vehicle which is specifically designed, constructed or modified and equipped to be used for the retail sale of food or beverages, including but not limited to an ice cream truck; (2) an authorized emergency vehicle; or (3) a rescue vehicle.
 - (d) Definitions. In this Section:
- (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
- 25 (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another

1	state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
2	this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an
3	included sex offense, and the victim is a person under
4	18 years of age at the time of the offense; and:
5	(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
6	to commit such offense; or
7	(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
8	of such offense or an attempt to commit such
9	offense; or
10	(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
11	pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
12	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
13	or an attempt to commit such offense; or
14	(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting
15	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
16	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
17	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
18	commission or attempted commission of such
19	offense; or
20	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
21	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a
22	federal law or the law of another state
23	substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section
24	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
25	such offense or of the attempted commission of such

offense; or

1	(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting
2	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
3	a federal law or the law of another state
4	substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section
5	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963
6	for the alleged violation or attempted commission
7	of such offense; or
8	(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
9	pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
10	Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the
11	law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to
12	such certification is committed or attempted against a
13	person less than 18 years of age; or
14	(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
15	the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
16	Persons Act.
17	Convictions that result from or are connected with the
18	same act, or result from offenses committed at the same
19	time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as
20	one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is
21	not a conviction for purposes of this Section.
22	(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
23	"sex offense" means:
24	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
25	the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:

10-4 (forcible detention), 10-7 (aiding or abetting

1 child abduction under Section 10-5 (b) (10)), 2 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-1.40 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 11-6 (indecent 3 solicitation of a child), 11-6.54 (indecent 5 solicitation of an adult), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct), 6 7 11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a 8 disability), 11-11 (sexual relations within families), 9 11-14.3(a)(1) (promoting prostitution by advancing 10 prostitution), 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting 11 prostitution by profiting from prostitution by 12 compelling a person to be а prostitute), 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution by profiting 13 14 from prostitution by means other than as described in 15 subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 16 subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4 (promoting juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a 17 juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 18 19 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography), 20 (harmful material), 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling 21 to meet a minor), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 22 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in 23 any school, on real property comprising any school, in 24 any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school 25 to transport students to or from school or a school 26 related activity, or in a public park), 11-30 (public

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1	indecency) (when committed in a school, on real
2	property comprising a school, in any conveyance owned,
3	leased, or contracted by a school to transport students
4	to or from school or a school related activity, or in a
5	public park). An attempt to commit any of these
6	offenses.
7	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
8	of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
9	2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of
10	age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30
11	(aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.50
12	(criminal sexual abuse), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal
13	sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these
14	offenses.
15	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
16	of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
17	2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age
18	and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:
19	10-1 (kidnapping),
20	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
21	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
22	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),
23	11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).
24	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iv) A violation of any former law of this State

substantially equivalent to any offense listed in

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- 1 clause (2)(i) or (2)(ii) of subsection (d) of this 2 Section.
 - (2.5) For the purposes of subsections (b-5) and (b-10) only, a sex offense means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:

10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding or abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)), 11-1.40 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9.2 (custodial misconduct), 11-9.5 (sexual sexual misconduct with a person with a disability), 11-11 (sexual relations within families), 11-14.3(a)(1) (promoting prostitution by advancing prostitution), 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting prostitution by profiting from prostitution by compelling a person to be a prostitute), 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution by profiting from prostitution by means other than as described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4 juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (promoting (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography), 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling to meet a minor), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to

commit any of these offenses.

- (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 11-1.50 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
- (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:
 - 10-1 (kidnapping),
 - 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 16 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 17 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),
- 18 11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).
- 19 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
 - (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
 - (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose

of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually
dangerous person under any federal law or law of another
state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually
Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for
the purposes of this Section.

- (4) "Authorized emergency vehicle", "rescue vehicle", and "vehicle" have the meanings ascribed to them in Sections 1-105, 1-171.8 and 1-217, respectively, of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (5) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (6) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (7) "Day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.18 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (8) "Facility providing programs or services directed towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18.
- (9) "Group day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.20 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (10) "Internet" has the meaning set forth in Section 16-0.1 of this Code.
 - (11) "Loiter" means:
- (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around

school or public park property.

- (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around school or public park property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
- (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or around school property, other than the offender's residence.
- (12) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (13) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or controlled by a unit of local government that is designated by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily for children's recreation.
- (14) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve, bikeway, trail, or conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.
- (15) "School" means a public or private preschool or elementary or secondary school.
- (16) "School official" means the principal, a teacher, or any other certified employee of the school, the superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.
- (e) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet distance shall be measured from: (1) the edge of the property of the school building or the real property comprising the school that

- is closest to the edge of the property of the child sex 1 2 offender's residence or where he or she is loitering, and (2) 3 the edge of the property comprising the public park building or the real property comprising the public park, playground, child 4 5 care institution, day care center, part day child care 6 facility providing programs or or 7 exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age, or a victim of the sex offense who is under 21 years of age, to the 8 9 edge of the child sex offender's place of residence or place
- 11 (f) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty 12 of a Class 4 felony.

where he or she is loitering.

- 13 (Source: P.A. 97-698, eff. 1-1-13; 97-699, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-266, eff. 1-1-14.)
- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.
- 22 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 23 becoming law.