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1 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

2		WHEF	REAS,	The	freedor	n of	speech	and	other	rights	set	forth
3	in	the	Unit	ed	States	Cons	titutio	n a:	re fur	ndamenta	ıl t	o our
4	dem	ocrac	cy; ar	nd								

- 5 WHEREAS, Fair and free elections are essential to democracy 6 and effective self-government; and
- WHEREAS, The United States Constitution, as well as the Bill of Rights and further amendments, are intended to protect the rights of individual human beings ("natural persons"); corporations and other artificial entities are not mentioned in the Constitution and the citizens of this nation have never granted constitutional rights to corporations and other artificial entities; and
- WHEREAS, In the words of Supreme Court Justice John Paul Stevens, native son of the great State of Illinois, "Money is property; it is not speech" protected by the First Amendment, as stated in *Nixon v. Shrink Missouri Gov't PAC*, 528 U.S. 377, 398 (2000) (Stevens, J., concurring); and
- 19 WHEREAS, The members of the Illinois Senate find a 20 compelling interest in creating a level playing field and 21 ensuring that all citizens, regardless of wealth, have an

- opportunity to have their political views heard; and
- WHEREAS, Campaign finance laws, including limits on
- 3 campaign expenditures and contributions from any source, are
- 4 key tools to combating political corruption; and
- 5 WHEREAS, The Supreme Court, in Buckley v. Valeo, held that 6 the use of money to influence elections is the equivalent of 7 speech and that government cannot constitutionally limit the 8 amount of money that individuals can spend to influence the 9 electoral process; these deeply and dangerously undemocratic 10 precedents were expanded upon in Citizens United v. Federal 11 Election Commission (2010) and SpeechNow.org v. Federal Election Commission (2010 U.S. Court of Appeals, D.C. Circuit), 12 13 unleashing a torrent of corporate and private money into our 14 political process that has been unmatched by any campaign 15 expenditures in United States history and drowning out the voices of the ordinary citizens we represent; and 16
- 17 WHEREAS, In recent decades, a divided United States Supreme 18 Court has transformed the First Amendment into a powerful tool 19 for corporations and other artificial entities to evade and 20 invalidate democratically-enacted reforms; and
- 21 WHEREAS, In 2012, 73% of Illinois residents, voting on 22 ballot questions similar to the PRAIRIE Resolution, called for

- 1 a constitutional amendment, transcending party lines and
- 2 geographic location; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Article V of the United States Constitution
- 4 empowers the people and states of the United States of America
- 5 to use the constitutional amendment process to correct those
- 6 egregiously wrong decisions of the United States Supreme Court
- 7 that go to the heart of our democracy and republican form of
- 8 government; therefore, be it
- 9 RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-EIGHTH GENERAL
- 10 ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
- 11 CONCURRING HEREIN, that we, as elected representatives of the
- 12 people, respectfully but emphatically disagree with the
- aforementioned decisions of the United States Supreme Court and
- call upon the United States Congress to propose and send to the
- 15 states for ratification a constitutional amendment to overturn
- 16 Citizens United v. FEC, Speech Now.org v. FEC, Buckley v.
- 17 Valeo, and other related cases that allow for unlimited
- 18 election spending; and be it further
- 19 RESOLVED, That such an amendment should make clear that the
- 20 rights of persons protected by the Constitution are the rights
- of natural persons and not those of corporations or other
- 22 artificial entities; and be it further

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- 1 RESOLVED, That such an amendment should make clear that
  2 money can facilitate speech but its use is not, in and of
  3 itself, speech within the meaning of the First Amendment, and
  4 can be regulated; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That such an amendment should make clear that corporations and other artificial entities are subject to regulation by the people through the legislative process, so long as the regulations are consistent with the powers of Congress and the states and do not limit freedom of the press; and be it further
  - RESOLVED, That such an amendment should make clear that federal, state, and local governments shall have the power to require disclosure of, limit, and regulate all election contributions and expenditures, whether to candidates or ballot measures, including political contributions and expenditures from individuals, corporations, unions, political committees, other artificial entities, and candidates; and be it further
- 19 RESOLVED, That we state our belief that such a 20 constitutional amendment supports the goals of the people of 21 Illinois in achieving a level playing field in election 22 expenditures, regardless of their source; and be it further

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RESOLVED, That the Illinois congressional delegation is urged to propose a joint resolution offering such an amendment to the United States Constitution and to work diligently to bring such a joint resolution to a vote and passage, including use of discharge petitions, cloture, and every other procedural method to secure a vote and passage; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the individual members of the Illinois General Assembly are encouraged to ratify such an amendment to the United States Constitution that is consistent with the policy of the State of Illinois as herein declared; and be it further

RESOLVED, That we call upon other states and jurisdictions to join with us in this action by enacting similar resolutions to secure the restoration of constitutional rights and fair elections to the people of Illinois and all citizens of the United States; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be delivered to each member of the Illinois congressional delegation, the Speaker and the Minority Leader of the United States House of Representatives, and the Majority Leader and Minority Leader of the United States Senate.