

Rep. Lou Lang

Filed: 11/26/2014

	09800SB3028ham001 LRB098 16947 RLC 62522 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3028
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 3028 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot
5	Program Act is amended by changing Sections 15, 35, 65, 95,
6	105, 110, 115, 120, 140, 145, 150, 165, 175, and 185 as
7	follows:
8	(410 ILCS 130/15)
9	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
10	Sec. 15. Authority.
11	(a) It is the duty of the Department of Public Health to
12	enforce the following provisions of this Act unless otherwise
13	provided for by this Act:
14	(1) establish and maintain a confidential registry of
15	qualifying patients authorized to engage in the medical use
16	of cannabis and their caregivers;

- 1 (2) distribute educational materials about the health 2 risks associated with the abuse of cannabis and 3 prescription medications;
 - (3) adopt rules to administer the patient and caregiver registration program; and
 - (4) adopt rules establishing food handling requirements for cannabis-infused products that are prepared for human consumption.
 - (b) It is the duty of the Department of Agriculture to enforce the provisions of this Act relating to the registration and oversight of cultivation centers unless otherwise provided for in this Act.
 - (c) It is the duty of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation to enforce the provisions of this Act relating to the registration and oversight of dispensing organizations unless otherwise provided for in this Act.
 - (d) The Department of Public Health, the Department of Agriculture, or the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall enter into intergovernmental agreements, as necessary, to carry out the provisions of this Act including, but not limited to, the provisions relating to the registration and oversight of cultivation centers, dispensing organizations, and qualifying patients and caregivers.
 - (e) The Department of Public Health, Department of Agriculture, or the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may suspend, or revoke, or impose other penalties

- 1 upon a registration for violations of this Act and any rules
- adopted in accordance thereto. The suspension or revocation of $_{L}$
- 3 or imposition of any other penalty upon a registration is a
- 4 final Agency action, subject to judicial review. Jurisdiction
- 5 and venue for judicial review are vested in the Circuit Court.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 7 (410 ILCS 130/35)
- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 9 Sec. 35. Physician requirements.
- 10 (a) A physician who certifies a debilitating medical 11 condition for a qualifying patient shall comply with all of the
- 12 following requirements:
- 13 (1) The Physician shall be currently licensed under the
- 14 Medical Practice Act of 1987 to practice medicine in all
- its branches and in good standing, and must hold a
- 16 controlled substances license under Article III of the
- 17 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- 18 (2) A physician making a medical cannabis
- 19 recommendation shall comply with generally accepted
- 20 standards of medical practice, the provisions of the
- 21 Medical Practice Act of 1987 and all applicable rules.
- 22 (3) The physical examination required by this Act may
- 23 not be performed by remote means, including telemedicine.
- 24 (4) The physician shall maintain a record-keeping
- 25 system for all patients for whom the physician has

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recommended the medical use of cannabis. These records shall be accessible to and subject to review by the Department of Public Health and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation upon request.

(b) A physician may not:

- (1) accept, solicit, or offer any form of remuneration from or to a qualifying patient, primary caregiver, cultivation center, or dispensing organization, including each principal officer, board member, agent, and employee, to certify a patient, other than accepting payment from a patient for the fee associated with the required examination required prior to certifying a qualifying patient;
- (2) offer a discount of any other item of value to a qualifying patient who uses or agrees to use a particular primary caregiver or dispensing organization to obtain medical cannabis;
- (3) conduct a personal physical examination of a patient for purposes of diagnosing a debilitating medical condition at a location where medical cannabis is sold or distributed or at the address of a principal officer, agent, or employee or a medical cannabis organization;
- (4) hold a direct or indirect economic interest in a cultivation center or dispensing organization if he or she recommends the use of medical cannabis to qualified patients or is in a partnership or other fee or

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2	recommends	medical	cannabis <u>,</u>	except	for	the	limi	ted
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- (5) serve on the board of directors or as an employee of a cultivation center or dispensing organization;
- (6) refer patients to a cultivation center, a dispensing organization, or a registered designated caregiver; or
- 10 (7) advertise in a cultivation center or a dispensing organization.
- 12 (c) The Department of Public Health may with reasonable
 13 cause refer a physician, who has certified a debilitating
 14 medical condition of a patient, to the Illinois Department of
 15 Financial and Professional Regulation for potential violations
 16 of this Section.
- 17 (d) Any violation of this Section or any other provision of 18 this Act or rules adopted under this Act is a violation of the 19 Medical Practice Act of 1987.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 21 (410 ILCS 130/65)
- 22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 65. Denial of registry identification cards.
- 24 (a) The Department of Public Health may deny an application 25 or renewal of a qualifying patient's registry identification

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1	card only if the applicant:
2	(1) did not provide the required information and
3	materials;
4	(2) previously had a registry identification card
5	revoked;
6	(3) did not meet the requirements of this Act; or
7	(4) provided false or falsified information.
8	(b) No person who has been convicted of a felony under the
9	Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Cannabis Control Act, or
10	Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or
11	similar provision in a local ordinance or other jurisdiction is
12	eligible to receive a registry identification card.
13	(c) The Department of Public Health may deny an application
14	or renewal for a designated caregiver chosen by a qualifying
15	patient whose registry identification card was granted only if:
16	(1) the designated caregiver does not meet the
17	requirements of subsection (i) of Section 10;
18	(2) the applicant did not provide the information
19	required;
20	(3) the prospective patient's application was denied;
21	(4) the designated caregiver previously had a registry
22	identification card revoked; or

(5) the applicant or the designated caregiver provided

(d) The Department of Public Health through the Department

of State Police shall conduct a background check of the

false or falsified information.

1 prospective qualifying patient and designated caregiver in order to carry out this Section. The Department of State Police 2 shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history record 3 4 check, which shall be deposited in the State Police Services 5 Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the record check. 6 Each person applying as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the 7 Department of State Police for the purpose of obtaining a state 8 9 and federal criminal records check. These fingerprints shall be 10 checked against the fingerprint records now and hereafter, to the extent allowed by law, filed in the Department of State 11 Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history 12 records databases. The Department of State Police shall 13 furnish, following positive identification, all Illinois 14 15 conviction information to the Department of Public Health. The Department of Public Health may waive the submission of a 16 qualifying patient's complete fingerprints based on (1) the 17 severity of the patient's illness and (2) the inability of the 18 19 qualifying patient to supply those fingerprints, provided that 20 a complete criminal background check is conducted by the Department of State Police prior to the issuance of a registry 21 22 identification card. The Department of Public Health through 23 the Illinois State Police shall conduct a background check of 24 the prospective qualifying patient and designated caregiver 25 carry out this provision. The Department 26 Police shall be reimbursed for the cost of the background check

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- by the Department of Public Health. Each person applying qualifying patient or a designated caregiver shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the Department of Public Health for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check. The Department of Public Health may exchange this data with the Department of State Police or the Federal Bureau of Investigation without disclosing that the records check is related to this Act. The Department of Public Health shall destroy each set of fingerprints after the criminal records check is completed. The Department of Public Health may waive the submission of a qualifying patient's complete fingerprints based on (1) the severity of the patient's illness and (2) the inability of the qualifying patient to obtain those fingerprints, provided that a complete criminal background check is conducted by the Department of State Police prior to the issuance of a registry identification card.
 - (e) The Department of Public Health shall notify the qualifying patient who has designated someone to serve as his or her designated caregiver if a registry identification card will not be issued to the designated caregiver.
- 21 (f) Denial of an application or renewal is considered a 22 final Department action, subject to judicial review. 23 Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review are vested in the 24 Circuit Court.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

1 (410 ILCS 130/95)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)

3 Sec. 95. Background checks.

4 (a) The Department of Agriculture through the Department of 5 State Police shall conduct a background check of the prospective cultivation center agents. The Department of State 6 Police shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history 7 record check, which shall be deposited in the State Police 8 9 Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the 10 record check. In order to carry out this provision, each person 11 applying as a cultivation center agent shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the Department of State Police for the 12 purpose of obtaining a State and federal criminal records 13 14 check. These fingerprints shall be checked against the 15 fingerprint records now and hereafter, to the extent allowed by 16 law, filed in the Department of State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases. The 17 Department of State Police shall furnish, following positive 18 identification, all Illinois conviction information to the 19 20 Department of Agriculture. The Department of Agriculture 21 through the Department of State Police shall conduct 22 background check of the prospective cultivation center agents. 23 The Department of State Police shall be reimbursed for the cost 24 of the background check by the Department of Agriculture. In 25 to carry out this provision, each person applying 26 cultivation center agent shall submit a full

- fingerprints to the Department of Agriculture for the purpose
 of obtaining a State and federal criminal records check. The
 Department of Agriculture may exchange this data with the
 Department of State Police and the Federal Bureau of
 Investigation without disclosing that the records check is
 related to this Act. The Department of Agriculture shall
 destroy each set of fingerprints after the criminal records
- 9 (b) When applying for the initial permit, the background 10 checks for the principal officer, board members, and registered 11 agents shall be completed prior to submitting the application 12 to the Department of Agriculture.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 14 (410 ILCS 130/105)

check is complete.

- 15 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 105. Requirements; prohibitions; penalties for cultivation centers.
- (a) The operating documents of a registered cultivation center shall include procedures for the oversight of the cultivation center, a cannabis plant monitoring system including a physical inventory recorded weekly, a cannabis container system including a physical inventory recorded weekly, accurate record keeping, and a staffing plan.
- 24 (b) A registered cultivation center shall implement a 25 security plan reviewed by the State Police and including but

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- 1 not limited to: facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, personnel identification systems, 24-hour 2 3 surveillance system to monitor the interior and exterior of the 4 registered cultivation center facility and accessible to 5 authorized law enforcement and the Department of Agriculture Financial and Professional Regulation in real-time. 6
 - (c) A registered cultivation center may not be located within 2,500 feet of the property line of a pre-existing public or private preschool or elementary or secondary school or day care center, day care home, group day care home, part day child care facility, or an area zoned for residential use.
 - (d) All cultivation of cannabis for distribution to a registered dispensing organization must take place in an enclosed, locked facility as it applies to cultivation centers at the physical address provided to the Department of Agriculture during the registration process. The cultivation center location shall only be accessed by the cultivation center agents working for the registered cultivation center, Department of Agriculture staff performing inspections, Department of Public Health staff performing inspections, law enforcement or other emergency personnel, and contractors working on jobs unrelated to medical cannabis, such as installing or maintaining security devices or performing electrical wiring.
 - (e) A cultivation center may not sell or distribute any cannabis to any individual or entity other than a dispensary

- 1 organization registered under this Act.
- 2 (f) All harvested cannabis intended for distribution to a
- 3 dispensing organization must be packaged in a labeled medical
- 4 cannabis container and entered into a data collection system.
- 5 (q) No person who has been convicted of an excluded offense
- may be a cultivation center agent. 6
- 7 (h) Registered cultivation centers are subject to random
- 8 inspection by the State Police.
- 9 (i) Registered cultivation centers are subject to random
- 10 inspections by the Department of Agriculture and the Department
- 11 of Public Health.
- (j) A cultivation center agent shall notify local law 12
- 13 enforcement, the State Police, and the Department
- Agriculture within 24 hours of the discovery of any loss or 14
- 15 theft. Notification shall be made by phone or in-person, or by
- 16 written or electronic communication.
- (k) A cultivation center shall comply with all State and 17
- 18 federal rules and regulations regarding the use of pesticides.
- (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.) 19
- 2.0 (410 ILCS 130/110)
- 21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 22 Sec. 110. Suspension; revocation; other penalties for
- 23 cultivation centers and agents of a registration.
- 24 Notwithstanding any other criminal penalties related to
- the unlawful possession of cannabis, the Department of 25

- 1 Agriculture may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, issue cease and desist orders, refuse to issue or 2 renew a registration, or take any other disciplinary or 3 4 non-disciplinary action as the Department of Agriculture may 5 deem proper with regard to a registered cultivation center or 6 cultivation center agent, including imposing fines not to exceed \$50,000 for each violation, for any violations of this 7 Act and rules adopted under this Act. The procedures for 8 9 disciplining a registered cultivation center or cultivation 10 center agent and for administrative hearings shall be determined by rule. All final administrative decisions of the 11 Department of Agriculture are subject to judicial review under 12 13 the Administrative Review Law and its rules. The term 14 "administrative decision" is defined as in Section 3-101 of the 15 Code of Civil Procedure. (a) The Department of Agriculture may 16 suspend or revoke a registration for violations of this Act and 17 rules issued in accordance with this Section. 18 (b) The suspension or revocation of a certificate is 19 final Department of Agriculture action, subject to 20 review. Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review 21 in the Circuit Court.
- 23 (410 ILCS 130/115)

24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)

(Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

25 Sec. 115. Registration of dispensing organizations.

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- 1 Department of Financial and Professional (a) The 2 Regulation may issue up to 60 dispensing organization registrations for operation. The Department of Financial and 3 4 Professional Regulation may not issue less than the 60 5 registrations if there are qualified applicants who have 6 applied with the Department of Financial and Professional organizations 7 Regulation. The shall be geographically dispersed throughout the State to allow all registered 8 qualifying patients reasonable proximity and access to a 9 10 dispensing organization.
 - (b) A dispensing organization may only operate if it has been issued a registration from the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall adopt rules establishing the procedures for applicants for dispensing organizations.
- 16 (c) When applying for a dispensing organization 17 registration, the applicant shall submit, at a minimum, the 18 following in accordance with Department of Financial and 19 Professional Regulation rules:
- 20 (1) a non-refundable application fee established by 21 rule;
- 22 (2) the proposed legal name of the dispensing organization;
- 24 (3) the proposed physical address of the dispensing organization;
- 26 (4) the name, address, and date of birth of each

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principal officer and board member of the dispensing organization, provided that all those individuals shall be at least 21 years of age;

- (5) information, in writing, regarding any instances in which a business or not-for-profit that any of the prospective board members managed or served on the board was convicted, fined, censured, or had a registration suspended or revoked in any administrative or judicial proceeding;
- (6) proposed operating by-laws that include procedures for the oversight of the medical cannabis dispensing organization and procedures to ensure accurate record keeping and security measures that are in accordance with the rules applied by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation under this Act. The by-laws shall include a description of the enclosed, locked facility where medical cannabis will be stored by the dispensing organization; and
- (7) signed statements from each dispensing organization agent stating that they will not divert medical cannabis.
- The Department of Financial and Professional (d) Regulation shall conduct a background check of the prospective dispensing organization agents in order to carry out this Section. The Department of State Police shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history record check, which shall be

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deposited in the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the record check. Each person applying as a dispensing organization agent shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the Department of State Police for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check. These fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records now and hereafter, to the extent allowed by law, filed in the Department of State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases. The Department of State Police shall furnish, following positive identification, all Illinois conviction information to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall conduct a background check of the prospective dispensing organization agents in order to carry out this provision. The Department of State Police shall be reimbursed for the cost of the background check by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. Each person applying as a dispensing organization agent shall submit a full set of fingerprints the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check. The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may exchange this data with the Department of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation without disclosing that the is related to this Act. The Department Financial and Professional Regulation shall destroy each set of

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fingerprints after the criminal records check is completed.

- (e) A dispensing organization must pay a registration fee set by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.
- (f) An application for a medical cannabis dispensing organization registration must be denied if any of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) the applicant failed to submit the materials required by this Section, including if the applicant's do not satisfy the security, oversight, recordkeeping rules issued by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation;
 - (2) the applicant would not be in compliance with local zoning rules issued in accordance with Section 140;
 - (3) the applicant does not meet the requirements of Section 130:
 - (4) one or more of the prospective principal officers or board members has been convicted of an excluded offense;
 - (5) one or more of the prospective principal officers or board members has served as a principal officer or board member for a registered medical cannabis dispensing organization that has had its registration revoked;
 - (6) one or more of the principal officers or board members is under 21 years of age; and
 - (7) one or more of the principal officers or board members is a registered qualified patient or a registered caregiver.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 130/120)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 4 120. Dispensing organization agent identification
- 5 card.
- 6 (a) The Department of Financial and Professional
- 7 Regulation shall:
- 8 (1) verify the information contained in an application
- 9 renewal for dispensing organization or а agent
- 10 identification card submitted under this Act, and approve
- or deny an application or renewal, within 30 days of 11
- 12 receiving a completed application or renewal application
- 13 and all supporting documentation required by rule;
- 14 issue dispensing organization (2) а
- 15 identification card to a qualifying agent within 15
- business days of approving the application or renewal; 16
- 17 (3) enter the registry identification number of the
- 18 dispensing organization where the agent works; and
- 19 (4) allow for an electronic application process, and
- 20 provide a confirmation by electronic or other methods that
- 21 an application has been submitted.
- 22 (b) A dispensing agent must keep his or her identification
- 23 card visible at all times when on the property of a dispensing
- 24 organization.
- 25 (c) The dispensing organization agent identification cards

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- 1 shall contain the following:
- (1) the name of the cardholder; 2
- 3 (2) the date of issuance and expiration date of the 4 dispensing organization agent identification cards;
- 5 (3) a random 10 digit alphanumeric identification number containing at least 4 numbers and at least 4 6 letters; that is unique to the holder; and 7
 - (4) a photograph of the cardholder.
 - (d) The dispensing organization agent identification cards shall be immediately returned to the dispensing organization cultivation center upon termination of employment.
- (e) Any card lost by a dispensing organization agent shall 12 13 be reported to the Illinois State Police and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation Agriculture immediately 14 15 upon discovery of the loss.
 - (f) An applicant shall be denied a dispensing organization agent identification card if he or she has been convicted of an excluded offense.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 2.0 (410 ILCS 130/140)
- 21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 22 Sec. 140. Local ordinances. A unit of local government may 23 enact reasonable zoning ordinances or resolutions, not in 24 conflict with this Act or with Department of Agriculture or Department of Financial and Professional Regulation Public 25

rules, medical 1 regulating registered cannabis 2 cultivation center ormedical cannabis dispensing organizations. No unit of local government, including a home 3 4 rule unit, or school district may regulate registered medical 5 cannabis organizations other than as provided in this Act and may not unreasonably prohibit the cultivation, dispensing, and 6 use of medical cannabis authorized by this Act. This Section is 7 a denial and limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of 8 9 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent 10 exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised 11 by the State.

- (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.) 12
- 13 (410 ILCS 130/145)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 15 Sec. 145. Confidentiality.
- (a) The following information received and records kept by 16 the Department of Public Health, Department of Financial and 17 18 Professional Regulation, Department of Agriculture, 19 Department of State Police under their rules for purposes of 20 administering this Act are subject to all applicable federal 21 privacy laws, confidential, and exempt from the Freedom of 22 Information Act, and not subject to disclosure to 23 individual or public or private entity, except as necessary for 24 authorized employees of those authorized agencies to perform 25 official duties under this Act and the following, except that

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- the information received and records kept by Department of Public Health, Department of Agriculture, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, and Department of State Police, excluding any existing or non-existing Illinois or national criminal history record information as defined in subsection (d), may be disclosed may disclose this information and records to each other upon request:
 - (1) Applications and renewals, their contents, supporting information submitted by qualifying patients and designated caregivers, including information regarding their designated caregivers and physicians.
 - (2) Applications and renewals, their contents, and supporting information submitted by or on behalf cultivation centers and dispensing organizations compliance with this Act, including their physical addresses.
 - (3) individual names and other information identifying persons to whom the Department of Public Health has issued registry identification cards.
 - (4) Any dispensing information required to be kept under Section 135, Section 150, or Department of Public Health, Department of Agriculture, or Department Financial and Professional Regulation rules shall identify cardholders and registered cultivation centers by their registry identification numbers and medical cannabis dispensing organizations by their registration number and

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- not contain names or other personally identifying information.
 - (5) All medical records provided to the Department of Public Health in connection with an application for a registry card.
 - (b) Nothing in this Section precludes the following:
 - (1) Department of Agriculture, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, or Public Health employees may notify law enforcement about falsified or fraudulent information submitted to the Departments if the employee who suspects that falsified or fraudulent information has been submitted conferred with his or her supervisor and both agree that circumstances exist that warrant reporting.
 - (2) If the employee conferred with his or her supervisor and both agree that circumstances exist that warrant reporting, Department of Public Health employees may notify the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation if there is reasonable cause to believe a physician:
 - (A) issued a written certification without a bona fide physician-patient relationship under this Act;
 - (B) issued a written certification to a person who was not under the physician's care for the debilitating medical condition; or
 - (C) failed to abide by the acceptable and

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1 prevailing standard of care when evaluating patient's medical condition. 2

- (3) The Department of Public Health, Department of Agriculture, and Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may notify State or local law enforcement about apparent criminal violations of this Act if the employee who suspects the offense has conferred with his or her supervisor and both agree that circumstances exist that warrant reporting.
- (4) Medical cannabis cultivation center agents and medical cannabis dispensing organizations may notify the Department of Public Health, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, or Department of Agriculture of a suspected violation or attempted violation of this Act or the rules issued under it.
- (5) Each Department may verify registry identification cards under Section 150.
- (6) The submission of the report to the General Assembly under Section 160.
- (c) It is a Class B misdemeanor with a \$1,000 fine for any person, including an employee or official of the Department of Public Health, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, or Department of Agriculture or another State agency or local government, to breach the confidentiality of information obtained under this Act.
 - (d) The Department of Public Health, the Department of

- 1 Agriculture, the Department of State Police, and the Department
- of Financial and Professional Regulation shall not share or 2
- disclose any existing or non-existing Illinois or national 3
- 4 criminal history record information. For the purposes of this
- 5 Section, "any existing or non-existing Illinois or national
- 6 criminal history record information" means any Illinois or
- national criminal history record information, including but 7
- not limited to the lack of or non-existence of these records. 8
- (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.) 9
- 10 (410 ILCS 130/150)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018) 11
- 12 Sec. 150. Registry identification and registration
- certificate verification. 13
- 14 The Department of Public Health shall maintain a
- 15 confidential list of the persons to whom the Department of
- Public Health has issued registry identification cards and 16
- their addresses, phone numbers, and registry identification 17
- 18 numbers. This confidential list may not be combined or linked
- 19 in any manner with any other list or database except as
- provided in this Section. 20
- 21 (b) Within 180 days of the effective date of this Act, the
- Department of Public Health, Department of Financial and 22
- 23 Professional Regulation, and Department of Agriculture shall
- 24 together establish a computerized database or verification
- 25 system. The database or verification system must allow law

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enforcement personnel and medical cannabis dispensary determine whether or organization agents to not the identification number corresponds with a current, valid registry identification card. The system shall only disclose whether the identification card is valid, whether cardholder is a registered qualifying patient or a registered designated caregiver, the registry identification number of registered medical cannabis dispensing organization designated to serve the registered qualifying patient who holds the card, and the registry identification number of the patient who is assisted by a registered designated caregiver who holds the card. The Department of Public Health, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of State Police, and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall not share or disclose any existing or non-existing Illinois or national criminal history record information. Notwithstanding any other requirements established by this subsection, the Department of Public Health shall issue registry cards to qualifying patients, the Department of Financial and Professional issue registration to Regulation may medical cannabis dispensing organizations for the period during which the database is being established, and the Department may issue registration to medical cannabis Agriculture cultivation organizations for the period during which the database is being established.

(c) For the purposes of this Section, "any existing or

- 1 non-existing Illinois or national criminal history record
- information" means any Illinois or national criminal history 2
- record information, including but not limited to the lack of or 3
- 4 non-existence of these records.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)
- (410 ILCS 130/165) 6
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 8 Sec. 165. Administrative rulemaking.
- 9 (a) Not later than 120 days after the effective date of
- 10 this Act, the Department of Public Health, Department of
- Agriculture, and the Department of Financial and Professional 11
- Regulation shall develop rules in accordance to their 12
- responsibilities under this Act and file those rules with the 13
- 14 Joint Committee on Administrative Rules.
- 15 (b) The Department of Public Health rules shall address,
- but not be limited to, the following: 16
- 17 (1) fees for applications for registration as
- 18 qualified patient or caregiver;
- 19 (2) establishing the form and content of registration
- 2.0 and renewal applications submitted under this Act,
- 21 including a standard form for written certifications;
- (3) governing the manner in which it shall consider 22
- 23 applications for and renewals of registry identification
- 2.4 cards:
- 25 (4) the manufacture of medical cannabis-infused

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- (5) fees for the application and renewal of registry identification cards. Fee revenue may be offset or supplemented by private donations;
- (6) any other matters as are necessary for the fair, impartial, stringent, and comprehensive administration of this Act; and
- (7) reasonable rules concerning the medical use of cannabis at a nursing care institution, hospice, assisted living center, assisted living facility, assisted living home, residential care institution, or adult day health care facility.
- (c) The Department of Agriculture rules shall address, but limited to the following related to registered cultivation centers, with the goal of protecting against diversion and theft, without imposing an undue burden on the registered cultivation centers:
- 18 (1) oversight requirements for registered cultivation 19 centers;
 - recordkeeping requirements for registered cultivation centers:
 - (3) security requirements for registered cultivation centers, which shall include that each registered cultivation center location must be protected by a fully operational security alarm system;
 - (4) rules and standards for what constitutes an

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1 enclosed, locked facility under this Act;

- (5) procedures for suspending or revokina registration certificates or registry identification cards of registered cultivation centers and their agents that commit violations of the provisions of this Act or the rules adopted under this Section;
- (6) rules concerning the intrastate transportation of medical cannabis from a cultivation center to a dispensing organization;
- (7) standards concerning the testing, quality, and cultivation of medical cannabis:
- (8) any other matters as are necessary for the fair, impartial, stringent, and comprehensive administration of this Act;
- (9) application and renewal fees for cultivation center agents; and
- (10) application, renewal, and registration fees for cultivation centers.
- (d) The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation rules shall address, but not be limited to the following matters related to registered dispensing organizations, with the goal of protecting against diversion and theft, without imposing an undue burden on the registered dispensing organizations or compromising the confidentiality of cardholders:
 - (1) application and renewal and registration fees for

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1	dispensing	organizations	and	dispensing	organizations
2	agents;				

- (2) medical cannabis dispensing agent-in-charge oversight requirements for dispensing organizations;
- (3) recordkeeping requirements for dispensing organizations;
- (4) security requirements for medical cannabis dispensing organizations, which shall include that each registered dispensing organization location must be protected by a fully operational security alarm system;
- (5) procedures for suspending or <u>revoking suspending</u> the registrations of dispensing organizations and dispensing organization agents that commit violations of the provisions of this Act or the rules adopted under this Act;
- (6) application and renewal fees for dispensing organizations; and
- (7) application and renewal fees for dispensing organization agents.
- (e) The Department of Public Health may establish a sliding scale of patient application and renewal fees based upon a qualifying patient's household income. The Department of Public health may accept donations from private sources to reduce application and renewal fees, and registry identification card fees shall include an additional fee set by rule which shall be used to develop and disseminate educational

- 1 information about the health risks associated with the abuse of
- cannabis and prescription medications. 2
- (f) During the rule-making process, each Department shall 3
- 4 make a good faith effort to consult with stakeholders
- 5 identified in the rule-making analysis as being impacted by the
- 6 including patients or a representative
- organization advocating on behalf of patients. 7
- (q) The Department of Public Health shall develop and 8
- 9 disseminate educational information about the health risks
- associated with the abuse of cannabis and prescription 10
- 11 medications.
- (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.) 12
- 13 (410 ILCS 130/175)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 15 Sec. 175. Administrative hearings.
- (a) Administrative hearings involving the Department of 16
- Public Health, a qualifying patient, or a designated caregiver 17
- 18 shall be conducted under the Department of Public Health's
- 19 rules governing administrative hearings.
- 20 (b) Administrative hearings involving the Department of
- 21 Financial and Professional Regulation, dispensing
- organizations, or dispensing organization agents shall be 22
- 23 conducted under the Department of Financial and Professional
- 24 Regulation's rules governing administrative hearings.
- 25 (c) Administrative hearings involving the Department of

- 1 Agriculture, registered cultivation centers, or cultivation
- center agents shall be conducted under the Department of 2
- Agriculture's rules governing administrative hearings. All 3
- 4 administrative hearings under this Act shall be conducted in
- 5 accordance with the Department of Public Health's rules
- governing administrative hearings. 6
- (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.) 7
- 8 (410 ILCS 130/185)
- 9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 10 Sec. 185. Suspension revocation of a registration.
- (a) The Department of Agriculture, the Department of 11
- Financial and Professional Regulation, and the Department of 12
- 13 Public Health may suspend or revoke a registration for
- violations of this Act and rules issued in accordance with this 14
- 15 Section.
- (b) The suspension or revocation of a registration is a 16
- final Department action, subject to judicial review. 17
- 18 Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review are vested in the
- 19 Circuit Court.
- (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.) 20
- 21 Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 22 changing Sections 2-118.1, 6-118, 6-206.1, 6-208.1, 6-514,
- 23 11-501.1, and 11-501.2 and by adding Sections 2-118.2 and
- 11-501.9 as follows: 24

to Section 11-501.1.

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- 1 (625 ILCS 5/2-118.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 2-118.1)
- Sec. 2-118.1. Opportunity for hearing; statutory summary alcohol or other drug related suspension or revocation pursuant
- 5 (a) A statutory summary suspension or revocation of driving 6 privileges under Section 11-501.1 shall not become effective 7 until the person is notified in writing of the impending 8 suspension or revocation and informed that he may request a 9 hearing in the circuit court of venue under paragraph (b) of 10 this Section and the statutory summary suspension or revocation

shall become effective as provided in Section 11-501.1.

(b) Within 90 days after the notice of statutory summary suspension or revocation served under Section 11-501.1, the person may make a written request for a judicial hearing in the circuit court of venue. The request to the circuit court shall state the grounds upon which the person seeks to have the statutory summary suspension or revocation rescinded. Within 30 days after receipt of the written request or the first appearance date on the Uniform Traffic Ticket issued pursuant to a violation of Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the hearing shall be conducted by the circuit court having jurisdiction. This judicial hearing, request, or process shall not stay or delay the statutory summary suspension or revocation. The hearings shall proceed in the court in the same manner as in other civil proceedings.

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The hearing may be conducted upon a review of the law enforcement officer's own official reports; provided however, that the person may subpoena the officer. Failure of the officer to answer the subpoena shall be considered grounds for a continuance if in the court's discretion the continuance is appropriate.

The scope of the hearing shall be limited to the issues of:

- 1. Whether the person was placed under arrest for an offense as defined in Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, as evidenced by the issuance of a Uniform Traffic Ticket, or issued a Uniform Traffic Ticket out of state as provided in subsection (a) $\frac{\text{or}}{(a-5)}$ of Section 11-501.1; and
- 2. Whether the officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon a highway while under the influence of alcohol, other drug, or combination of both; and
- 3. Whether the person, after being advised by the officer that the privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended or revoked if the person refused to submit to and complete the test or tests, did refuse to submit to or complete the test or tests to determine the person's blood alcohol or drug concentration authorized under Section 11 501.1; or
 - 4. Whether the person, after being advised by the

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officer that the privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended if the person submits to a chemical test, or tests, and the test discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, and the person did submit to and complete the test or tests that determined an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

- 4.2. (Blank). If the person is a qualifying patient licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act, after being advised by the officer that the privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended or revoked if the person refused to submit to and complete the test or tests, did refuse to submit to or complete the test or tests authorized under Section 11-501.1.
- 4.5. (Blank). If the person is a qualifying patient licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act, whether that person, after

1	being advised by the officer that the privilege to operate
2	a motor vehicle would be suspended if the person submits to
3	a standardized field sobriety test, or tests, and the test
4	indicates impairment resulting from the consumption of
5	cannabis, did submit to and complete the test or tests that
6	indicated impairment.

5. If the person's driving privileges were revoked, whether the person was involved in a motor vehicle accident that caused Type A injury or death to another.

Upon the conclusion of the judicial hearing, the circuit court shall sustain or rescind the statutory summary suspension or revocation and immediately notify the Secretary of State. Reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, and Secretary of State.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

17 (625 ILCS 5/2-118.2 new)

Sec. 2-118.2. Opportunity for hearing; medical cannabis-related suspension under Section 11-501.9.

(a) A suspension of driving privileges under Section 11-501.9 of this Code shall not become effective until the person is notified in writing of the impending suspension and informed that he or she may request a hearing in the circuit court of venue under subsection (b) of this Section and the suspension shall become effective as provided in Section

11-501.9. 1

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(b) Within 90 days after the notice of suspension served under Section 11-501.9, the person may make a written request for a judicial hearing in the circuit court of venue. The request to the circuit court shall state the grounds upon which the person seeks to have the suspension rescinded. Within 30 days after receipt of the written request or the first appearance date on the Uniform Traffic Ticket issued for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the hearing shall be conducted by the circuit court having jurisdiction. This judicial hearing, request, or process shall not stay or delay the suspension. The hearing shall proceed in the court in the same manner as in other civil proceedings. The hearing may be conducted upon a review of the law enforcement officer's own official reports; provided however, that the person may subpoena the officer. Failure of the officer to answer the subpoena shall be considered grounds for a continuance if in the court's discretion the continuance is appropriate. The scope of the hearing shall be limited to the issues of: (1) Whether the person was issued a registry identification card under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act; and

(2) Whether the officer had reasonable suspicion to

believe that the person was driving or in actual physical

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1	control	of	a motor	vehicle	upon	а	highway	while	impaired	by
2	the use	of	cannabis	; and						

- (3) Whether the person, after being advised by the officer that the privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended if the person refused to submit to and complete the field sobriety tests, did refuse to submit to or complete the field sobriety tests authorized under <u>Section 11-501.9</u>; and
- 9 (4) Whether the person after being advised by the 10 officer that the privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended if the person submitted to field sobriety 11 tests that disclosed the person was impaired by the use of 12 13 cannabis, did submit to field sobriety tests that disclosed 14 that the person was impaired by the use of cannabis.

Upon the conclusion of the judicial hearing, the circuit court shall sustain or rescind the suspension and immediately notify the Secretary of State. Reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, and Secretary of State.

- 21 (625 ILCS 5/6-118)
- (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 98-176) 22
- 23 Sec. 6-118. Fees.
- 24 (a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article is
- 25 as follows:

1	Original driver's license \$30
2	Original or renewal driver's license
3	issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds 5
4	All driver's licenses for persons
5	age 69 through age 80 5
6	All driver's licenses for persons
7	age 81 through age 86 2
8	All driver's licenses for persons
9	age 87 or older 0
10	Renewal driver's license (except for
11	applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or
12	age 69 and older) 30
13	Original instruction permit issued to
14	persons (except those age 69 and older)
15	who do not hold or have not previously
16	held an Illinois instruction permit or
17	driver's license 20
18	Instruction permit issued to any person
19	holding an Illinois driver's license
20	who wishes a change in classifications,
21	other than at the time of renewal 5
22	Any instruction permit issued to a person
23	age 69 and older 5
24	Instruction permit issued to any person,
25	under age 69, not currently holding a
26	valid Illinois driver's license or

1	instruction permit but who has
2	previously been issued either document
3	in Illinois 10
4	Restricted driving permit 8
5	Monitoring device driving permit 8
6	Duplicate or corrected driver's license
7	or permit 5
8	Duplicate or corrected restricted
9	driving permit 5
10	Duplicate or corrected monitoring
11	device driving permit 5
12	Duplicate driver's license or permit issued to
13	an active-duty member of the
14	United States Armed Forces,
15	the member's spouse, or
16	the dependent children living
17	with the member 0
18	Original or renewal M or L endorsement 5
19	SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE
20	The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits
21	under Article V shall be as follows:
22	Commercial driver's license:
23	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund
24	(Commercial Driver's License Information
25	System/American Association of Motor Vehicle
26	Administrators network/National Motor Vehicle

Τ	Title Information Service Trust Fund);	
2	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;	
3	\$10 for the driver's license;	
4	and \$24 for the CDL:	\$60
5	Renewal commercial driver's license:	
6	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund;	
7	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;	
8	\$10 for the driver's license; and	
9	\$24 for the CDL:	\$60
10	Commercial driver instruction permit	
11	issued to any person holding a valid	
12	Illinois driver's license for the	
13	purpose of changing to a	
14	CDL classification: \$6 for the	
15	CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund;	
16	\$20 for the Motor Carrier	
17	Safety Inspection Fund; and	
18	\$24 for the CDL classification	\$50
19	Commercial driver instruction permit	
20	issued to any person holding a valid	
21	Illinois CDL for the purpose of	
22	making a change in a classification,	
23	endorsement or restriction	\$5
24	CDL duplicate or corrected license	\$5
25	In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Unif	orm
26	Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter,	the

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1	Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the \$24 fee for the
2	commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration
3	date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license.
4	The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived
5	for any person who presents the Secretary of State's office
6	with a police report showing that his license or permit was
7	stolen.
8	The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived
9	for any person age 60 or older whose driver's license or permit
10	has been lost or stolen.
11	No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license,
12	or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder
13	of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of
14	license who becomes eligible for such license.
15	(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a
16	motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under
17	Section 3-707, any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or
18	Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Family Financial
19	Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other
20	fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows:
21	Suspension under Section 3-707 \$100

Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$250

Suspension under Section 11-501.9 \$250

Summary revocation under Section 11-501.1 \$500

Other suspension \$70

1	However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a
2	motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a
3	second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 $_{\it L}$ or
4	11-501.1, or $11-501.9$ of this Code or a similar provision of a
5	local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section
6	9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012
7	and each suspension or revocation was for a violation of
8	Section 11-501, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a
9	similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar
10	out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of
11	1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall pay, in addition to any
12	other fees required by this Code, a reinstatement fee as
13	follows:
14	Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$500
15	Suspension under Section 11-501.9 \$500
16	Summary revocation under Section 11-501.1 \$500
17	Revocation \$500
18	(c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter
19	6 shall be paid into the Road Fund in the State Treasury except
20	as follows:
21	1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Driver
22	Education Fund:
23	(A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's
24	<pre>instruction permit;</pre>
25	(B) \$5 of the \$30 fee for an original driver's
26	license;

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1	(C)	\$5	of	the	\$30	fee	for	a	4	year	renewal	driver	' s
2	license	;											

- (D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving permit; and
- (E) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a monitoring device driving permit.
- 2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended under Section 11-501.9 shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. However, for a person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501, or 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended under Section 11-501.9, and \$190 of the \$500 fee reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily revoked pursuant to Section 11-501.1 shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund.
- 3. \$6 of such original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license and \$6 of the commercial driver instruction permit fee when such permit is issued to any

1	person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be
2	paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund.
3	4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license
4	suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law
5	shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.
6	5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L
7	endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety
8	Training Fund.
9	6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial
10	driver's license or commercial driver instruction permit
11	shall be paid into the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection
12	Fund.
13	7. The following amounts shall be paid into the General
14	Revenue Fund:
15	(A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a
16	summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 <u>or a</u>
17	suspension under Section 11-501.9;
18	(B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other
19	suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section;
20	and
21	(C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first
22	offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement
23	fee for a second or subsequent revocation.
24	(d) All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by
25	this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be

deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

1	(e) The additional fees imposed by this amendatory Act of
2	the 96th General Assembly shall become effective 90 days after
3	becoming law.
4	(f) As used in this Section, "active-duty member of the
5	United States Armed Forces" means a member of the Armed
6	Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or a member of
7	the Illinois National Guard who is called to active duty
8	pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United
9	States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an
10	order of the Governor.
11	(Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13;
12	98-177, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
13	(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 98-176)
14	Sec. 6-118. Fees.
15	(a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article is
16	as follows:
17	Original driver's license \$30
18	Original or renewal driver's license
19	issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds 5
20	All driver's licenses for persons
21	age 69 through age 80 5
22	All driver's licenses for persons
23	age 81 through age 86 2
24	All driver's licenses for persons

age 87 or older 0

Τ	Renewal driver's license (except for
2	applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or
3	age 69 and older) 30
4	Original instruction permit issued to
5	persons (except those age 69 and older)
6	who do not hold or have not previously
7	held an Illinois instruction permit or
8	driver's license 20
9	Instruction permit issued to any person
10	holding an Illinois driver's license
11	who wishes a change in classifications,
12	other than at the time of renewal 5
13	Any instruction permit issued to a person
14	age 69 and older 5
15	Instruction permit issued to any person,
16	under age 69, not currently holding a
17	valid Illinois driver's license or
18	instruction permit but who has
19	previously been issued either document
20	in Illinois 10
21	Restricted driving permit 8
22	Monitoring device driving permit 8
23	Duplicate or corrected driver's license
24	or permit 5
25	Duplicate or corrected restricted
26	driving permit5

1	Duplicate or corrected monitoring
2	device driving permit 5
3	Duplicate driver's license or permit issued to
4	an active-duty member of the
5	United States Armed Forces,
6	the member's spouse, or
7	the dependent children living
8	with the member
9	Original or renewal M or L endorsement 5
LO	SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE
11	The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits
12	under Article V shall be as follows:
13	Commercial driver's license:
14	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund
15	(Commercial Driver's License Information
16	System/American Association of Motor Vehicle
17	Administrators network/National Motor Vehicle
18	Title Information Service Trust Fund);
19	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;
20	\$10 for the driver's license;
21	and \$24 for the CDL: \$60
22	Renewal commercial driver's license:
23	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund;
24	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;
25	\$10 for the driver's license; and
26	\$24 for the CDL: \$60

Τ	Commercial learner's permit
2	issued to any person holding a valid
3	Illinois driver's license for the
4	purpose of changing to a
5	CDL classification: \$6 for the
6	CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund;
7	\$20 for the Motor Carrier
8	Safety Inspection Fund; and
9	\$24 for the CDL classification \$50
10	Commercial learner's permit
11	issued to any person holding a valid
12	Illinois CDL for the purpose of
13	making a change in a classification,
14	endorsement or restriction\$5
15	CDL duplicate or corrected license \$5
16	In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Uniform
17	Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter, the
18	Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the \$24 fee for the
19	commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration
20	date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license.
21	The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived
22	for any person who presents the Secretary of State's office
23	with a police report showing that his license or permit was
24	stolen.
25	The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived
26	for any person age 60 or older whose driver's license or permit

1 has been lost or stolen.

No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license, or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of license who becomes eligible for such license.

(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under Section 3-707, any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Family Financial Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows:

 Suspension under Section 3-707
 \$100

 Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1
 \$250

 Suspension under Section 11-501.9
 \$250

 Summary revocation under Section 11-501.1
 \$500

 Other suspension
 \$70

 Revocation
 \$500

However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 and each suspension or revocation was for a violation of Section 11-501, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar

1	out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of					
2	1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall pay, in addition to any					
3	other fees required by this Code, a reinstatement fee as					
4	follows:					
5	Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$500					
6	Suspension under Section 11-501.9 \$500					
7	Summary revocation under Section 11-501.1 \$500					
8	Revocation \$500					
9	(c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter					
10	6 shall be paid into the Road Fund in the State Treasury except					
11	as follows:					
12	1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Driver					
13	Education Fund:					
14	(A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's					
15	instruction permit;					
16	(B) \$5 of the \$30 fee for an original driver's					
17	license;					
18	(C) \$5 of the \$30 fee for a 4 year renewal driver's					
19	license;					
20	(D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving					
21	permit; and					
22	(E) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a monitoring device					
23	driving permit.					
24	2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license					
25	summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended					
26	under Section 11-501.9 shall be deposited into the Drunk					

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and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. However, for a person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501, or 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended under Section 11-501.9, and \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily revoked pursuant to Section 11-501.1 shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund.

- 3. \$6 of the original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license and \$6 of the commercial learner's permit fee when the permit is issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund.
- 4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.
- 5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety Training Fund.
 - 6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial

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1	driver's	license	or	commercial	learner's	permit	shall	be
2	paid into	the Moto	or C	Carrier Safe	ty Inspecti	ion Fund	•	

- 7. The following amounts shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund:
 - (A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 or<u>a</u> suspension under Section 11-501.9;
 - (B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section; and
 - (C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a second or subsequent revocation.
- (d) All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.
- (e) The additional fees imposed by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall become effective 90 days after becoming law.
- (f) As used in this Section, "active-duty member of the United States Armed Forces" means a member of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard who is called to active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor.

- (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 1
- 98-176, eff. 7-8-15 (see Section 10 of P.A. 98-722 for the 2
- effective date of changes made by P.A. 98-176); 98-177, eff. 3
- 4 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 5 (625 ILCS 5/6-206.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1)
- 6-206.1. Monitoring Device 6 Driving Permit.
- Declaration of Policy. It is hereby declared a policy of the 7
- 8 State of Illinois that the driver who is impaired by alcohol,
- 9 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds is a
- 10 threat to the public safety and welfare. Therefore, to provide
- a deterrent to such practice, a statutory summary driver's 11
- 12 license suspension is appropriate. It is also recognized that
- 13 driving is a privilege and therefore, that the granting of
- 14 driving privileges, in a manner consistent with public safety,
- 15 is warranted during the period of suspension in the form of a
- monitoring device driving permit. A person who drives and fails 16
- to comply with the requirements of the monitoring device 17
- 18 driving permit commits a violation of Section 6-303 of this
- 19 Code.
- The following procedures shall apply whenever a first 20
- offender, as defined in Section 11-500 of this Code, is 21
- 22 arrested for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a
- similar provision of a local ordinance and is subject to the 23
- 24 provisions of Section 11-501.1:
- 25 (a) Upon mailing of the notice of suspension of driving

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privileges as provided in subsection (h) of Section 11-501.1 of this Code, the Secretary shall also send written notice informing the person that he or she will be issued a monitoring device driving permit (MDDP). The notice shall include, at minimum, information summarizing the procedure to be followed for issuance of the MDDP, installation of the breath alcohol ignition installation device (BAIID), as provided in this Section, exemption from BAIID installation requirements, and procedures to be followed by those seeking indigent status, as provided in this Section. The notice shall also include information summarizing the procedure to be followed if the person wishes to decline issuance of the MDDP. A copy of the notice shall also be sent to the court of venue together with the notice of suspension of driving privileges, as provided in subsection (h) of Section 11-501. However, a MDDP shall not be issued if the Secretary finds that:

- (1) the offender's driver's license is otherwise invalid;
- (2) death or great bodily harm to another resulted from the arrest for Section 11-501;
- (3) the offender has been previously convicted of homicide reckless or aggravated driving under influence involving death;
 - (4) the offender is less than 18 years of age; or
- (5) the offender is a qualifying patient licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act

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who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act and refused to submit to standardized field sobriety tests as required by subsection (a) $\frac{(a-5)}{(a-5)}$ of Section $11-501.9 \frac{11-501.1}{}$ or did submit to testing which disclosed the person was impaired by the use of cannabis and failed the test or tests.

Any offender participating in the MDDP program must pay the Secretary a MDDP Administration Fee in an amount not to exceed \$30 per month, to be deposited into the Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration Fee Fund. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. The offender must have an ignition interlock device installed within 14 days of the date the Secretary issues the MDDP. The ignition interlock device provider must notify the Secretary, in a manner and form prescribed by the Secretary, of the installation. If the Secretary does not receive notice of installation, the Secretary shall cancel the MDDP.

A MDDP shall not become effective prior to the 31st day of the original statutory summary suspension.

Upon receipt of the notice, as provided in paragraph (a) of this Section, the person may file a petition to decline issuance of the MDDP with the court of venue. The court shall admonish the offender of all consequences of declining issuance of the MDDP including, but not limited to, the enhanced penalties for driving while suspended. After being

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1 admonished, the offender shall be permitted, in writing, to 2 execute a notice declining issuance of the MDDP. This notice shall be filed with the court and forwarded by the clerk of the 3 4 court to the Secretary. The offender may, at any time 5 thereafter, apply to the Secretary for issuance of a MDDP.

(a-1) A person issued a MDDP may drive for any purpose and at any time, subject to the rules adopted by the Secretary under subsection (g). The person must, at his or her own expense, drive only vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1, but in no event shall such person drive a commercial motor vehicle.

(a-2) Persons who are issued a MDDP and must drive employer-owned vehicles in the course of their employment duties may seek permission to drive an employer-owned vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device. The employer shall provide to the Secretary a form, as prescribed by the Secretary, completed by the employer verifying that the employee must drive an employer-owned vehicle in the course of employment. If approved by the Secretary, the form must be in the driver's possession while operating an employer-owner vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device. No person may use this exemption to drive a school bus, school vehicle, or a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers. No person may use this exemption to drive an employer-owned motor vehicle that is owned by an entity that is wholly or partially owned by the person holding the MDDP, or by

- 1 a family member of the person holding the MDDP. No person may
- use this exemption to drive an employer-owned vehicle that is 2
- 3 made available to the employee for personal use. No person may
- 4 drive the exempted vehicle more than 12 hours per day, 6 days
- 5 per week.
- (a-3) Persons who are issued a MDDP and who must drive a 6
- farm tractor to and from a farm, within 50 air miles from the 7
- 8 originating farm are exempt from installation of a BAIID on the
- 9 farm tractor, so long as the farm tractor is being used for the
- 10 exclusive purpose of conducting farm operations.
- 11 (b) (Blank).
- 12 (c) (Blank).
- 13 (c-1) If the holder of the MDDP is convicted of or receives
- court supervision for a violation of Section 6-206.2, 6-303, 14
- 15 11-204, 11-204.1, 11-401, 11-501, 11-503, 11-506 or a similar
- 16 provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state
- offense or is convicted of or receives court supervision for 17
- any offense for which alcohol or drugs is an element of the 18
- 19 offense and in which a motor vehicle was involved (for an
- 20 arrest other than the one for which the MDDP is issued), or
- de-installs the BAIID without prior authorization from the 21
- 22 Secretary, the MDDP shall be cancelled.
- 23 (c-5) If the Secretary determines that the person seeking
- 24 the MDDP is indigent, the Secretary shall provide the person
- 25 with a written document as evidence of that determination, and
- 26 the person shall provide that written document to an ignition

- 1 interlock device provider. The provider shall install an ignition interlock device on that person's vehicle without 2 3 charge to the person, and seek reimbursement from the Indigent 4 BAIID Fund. If the Secretary has deemed an offender indigent, 5 the BAIID provider shall also provide the normal monthly 6 monitoring services and the de-installation without charge to the offender and seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID 7 Fund. Any other monetary charges, such as a lockout fee or 8 9 reset fee, shall be the responsibility of the MDDP holder. A 10 BAIID provider may not seek a security deposit from the 11 Indigent BAIID Fund.
- (d) MDDP information shall be available only to the courts, 12 13 police officers, and the Secretary, except during the actual 14 period the MDDP is valid, during which time it shall be a 15 public record.
- 16 (e) (Blank).
- 17 (f) (Blank).

- (g) The Secretary shall adopt rules for implementing this 18 Section. The rules adopted shall address issues including, but 19 20 not limited to: compliance with the requirements of the MDDP; methods for determining compliance with those requirements; 21 22 the consequences of noncompliance with those requirements; what constitutes a violation of the MDDP; methods 23 24 determining indigency; and the duties of a person or entity 25 that supplies the ignition interlock device.
 - (h) The rules adopted under subsection (g) shall provide,

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- 1 at a minimum, that the person is not in compliance with the requirements of the MDDP if he or she: 2
 - (1) tampers or attempts to tamper with or circumvent the proper operation of the ignition interlock device;
 - (2) provides valid breath samples that register blood alcohol levels in excess of the number of times allowed under the rules;
 - (3) fails to provide evidence sufficient to satisfy the Secretary that the ignition interlock device has been installed in the designated vehicle or vehicles; or
 - (4) fails to follow any other applicable rules adopted by the Secretary.
 - Any person or entity that supplies an interlock device as provided under this Section shall, in addition to supplying only those devices which fully comply with all the rules adopted under subsection (q), provide the Secretary, within 7 days of inspection, all monitoring reports of each person who has had an ignition interlock device installed. These reports shall be furnished in a manner or form as prescribed by the Secretary.
 - (j) Upon making a determination that a violation of the requirements of the MDDP has occurred, the Secretary shall extend the summary suspension period for an additional 3 months beyond the originally imposed summary suspension period, during which time the person shall only be allowed to drive vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device; provided

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further there are no limitations on the total number of times the summary suspension may be extended. The Secretary may, however, limit the number of extensions imposed for violations occurring during any one monitoring period, as set forth by rule. Any person whose summary suspension is extended pursuant to this Section shall have the right to contest the extension through a hearing with the Secretary, pursuant to Section 2-118 of this Code. If the summary suspension has already terminated prior to the Secretary receiving the monitoring report that shows a violation, the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving privileges for 3 months, provided that the Secretary may, by rule, limit the number of suspensions to be entered pursuant to this paragraph for violations occurring during any one monitoring period. Any person whose license is suspended pursuant to this paragraph, after the summary suspension had already terminated, shall have the right to contest the suspension through a hearing with the Secretary, pursuant to Section 2-118 of this Code. The only permit the person shall be eliqible for during this new suspension period is a MDDP.

(k) A person who has had his or her summary suspension extended for the third time, or has any combination of 3 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle impounded for a

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period of 30 days, at the person's own expense. A person who has his or her summary suspension extended for the fourth time, or has any combination of 4 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle subject to seizure and forfeiture. The Secretary shall notify the prosecuting authority of any third or fourth extensions or new suspension entered as a result of a violation that occurred while the person held a MDDP. Upon receipt of the notification, the prosecuting authority shall impound or forfeit the vehicle. The impoundment or forfeiture of a vehicle shall be conducted pursuant to the procedure specified in Article 36 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(1) A person whose driving privileges have been suspended under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and who had a MDDP that was cancelled, or would have been cancelled had notification of a violation been received prior to expiration of the MDDP, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of this Section, shall not be eligible for reinstatement when the summary suspension is scheduled to terminate. Instead, the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for a period of not less than twice the original summary suspension period, or for the length of any extensions entered under subsection (j), whichever is longer. During the period of suspension, the person shall be eligible only to apply for a restricted driving permit. If a

- 1 restricted driving permit is granted, the offender may only
- operate vehicles equipped with a BAIID in accordance with this 2
- Section. 3
- 4 (m) Any person or entity that supplies an ignition
- 5 interlock device under this Section shall, for each ignition
- interlock device installed, pay 5% of the total gross revenue 6
- received for the device, including monthly monitoring fees, 7
- into the Indigent BAIID Fund. This 5% shall be clearly 8
- 9 indicated as a separate surcharge on each invoice that is
- 10 issued. The Secretary shall conduct an annual review of the
- 11 fund to determine whether the surcharge is sufficient to
- provide for indigent users. The Secretary may increase or 12
- 13 decrease this surcharge requirement as needed.
- 14 Any person or entity that supplies an ignition
- 15 interlock device under this Section that is requested to
- 16 provide an ignition interlock device to a person who presents
- written documentation of indigency from the Secretary, as 17
- provided in subsection (c-5) of this Section, shall install the 18
- 19 device on the person's vehicle without charge to the person and
- 20 shall seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund.
- 2.1 (o) The Indigent BAIID Fund is created as a special fund in
- 22 State treasury. The Secretary shall, subject
- 23 appropriation by the General Assembly, use all money in the
- 24 Indigent BAIID Fund to reimburse ignition interlock device
- 25 providers who have installed devices in vehicles of indigent
- 26 persons. The Secretary shall make payments to such providers

- 1 every 3 months. If the amount of money in the fund at the time
- payments are made is not sufficient to pay all requests for 2
- reimbursement submitted during that 3 month period, the 3
- 4 Secretary shall make payments on a pro-rata basis, and those
- 5 payments shall be considered payment in full for the requests
- 6 submitted.
- 7 (p) The Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration
- 8 Fee Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury.
- 9 The Secretary shall, subject to appropriation by the General
- 10 Assembly, use the money paid into this fund to offset its
- 11 administrative costs for administering MDDPs.
- (q) The Secretary is authorized to prescribe such forms as 12
- 13 it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 97-229, eff. 7-28-11; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 14
- 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 98-1015, eff. 15
- 16 8-22-14.
- 17 (625 ILCS 5/6-208.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1)
- 18 Sec. 6-208.1. Period of statutory summary alcohol, other
- 19 drug, or intoxicating compound related suspension
- revocation. 20
- 21 (a) Unless the statutory summary suspension has been
- 22 rescinded, any person whose privilege to drive a motor vehicle
- on the public highways has been summarily suspended, pursuant 23
- 24 to Section 11-501.1, shall not be eligible for restoration of
- 25 the privilege until the expiration of:

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- 1. twelve months from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for a refusal or failure to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, other drug, or intoxicating compound concentration authorized under Section 11-501.1, if the person was not involved in a motor vehicle accident that caused personal injury or death to another; or
- 2. six months from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension imposed following the submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
- 3. three years from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
- 4. one year from the effective date of the summary suspension imposed for any person other than a first

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offender following submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or any amount of a drug, substance or compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; or

- 5. (Blank). six months from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension imposed for any person following submission to a standardized field sobriety test that disclosed impairment if the person is a qualifying patient licensed under the Compassionate Use of Cannabis Pilot Program Act who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act and submitted to testing under subsection (a 5) of Section 11 501.1.
- Following a statutory summary suspension of privilege to drive a motor vehicle under Section 11-501.1, driving privileges shall be restored unless the person is otherwise suspended, revoked, or cancelled by this Code. If the court has reason to believe that the person's driving privilege should not be restored, the court shall notify the Secretary of State prior to the expiration of the statutory summary suspension so appropriate action may be taken pursuant to this

- 1 Code.
- 2 (c) Driving privileges may not be restored until all
- 3 applicable reinstatement fees, as provided by this Code, have
- 4 been paid to the Secretary of State and the appropriate entry
- 5 made to the driver's record.
- 6 (d) Where a driving privilege has been summarily suspended
- 7 or revoked under Section 11-501.1 and the person is
- 8 subsequently convicted of violating Section 11-501, or a
- 9 similar provision of a local ordinance, for the same incident,
- any period served on statutory summary suspension or revocation
- 11 shall be credited toward the minimum period of revocation of
- driving privileges imposed pursuant to Section 6-205.
- 13 (e) A first offender who refused chemical testing and whose
- driving privileges were summarily revoked pursuant to Section
- 15 11-501.1 shall not be eligible for a monitoring device driving
- 16 permit, but may make application for reinstatement or for a
- 17 restricted driving permit after a period of one year has
- 18 elapsed from the effective date of the revocation.
- 19 (f) (Blank).
- 20 (g) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving
- 21 privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1 where the person was
- 22 not a first offender, as defined in Section 11-500, the
- 23 Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit.
- 24 (h) (Blank).
- 25 (Source: P.A. 97-229, eff. 7-28-11; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14;
- 26 98-1015, eff. 8-22-14.)

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- (625 ILCS 5/6-514) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-514) 1
- (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 98-176)
- 3 Sec. 6-514. Commercial driver's license (CDL); commercial learner's permit (CLP); disqualifications. 4
- A person shall be disqualified from driving a 5 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 6 7 months for the first violation of:
 - (1) Refusing to submit to or failure to complete a test or tests to determine the driver's blood concentration of alcohol, other drug, or both authorized under Section $\frac{11-501.1}{}$ while driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or
 - (2) Operating a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath or urine is at least 0.04, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other verified evidence; or operating motor vehicle non-commercial while the alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath, or urine was above the legal limit defined in Section 11-501.1 or

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11-501.8 or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other verified evidence while holding a commercial driver's license; or

(3) Conviction for a first violation of:

- (i) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while under the influence of alcohol, or any other drug, or combination of drugs to a degree which renders such person incapable of safely driving; or
- (ii) Knowingly leaving the scene of an accident while operating a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or
- (iii) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while committing any felony; or
- (iv) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the person's driving privileges or driver's license or permit is revoked, suspended, or cancelled or the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle; or

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(v) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a commercial motor vehicle, including but limited to the crimes of motor vehicle not manslaughter, homicide by a motor vehicle, negligent homicide.

As used in this subdivision (a)(3)(v), "motor vehicle manslaughter" means the offense of involuntary manslaughter if committed by means of a vehicle; "homicide by a motor vehicle" means the offense of first degree murder or second degree murder, if either offense is committed by means of a vehicle; and "negligent homicide" means reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 and aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof under subdivision (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 of this Code.

If any of the above violations or refusals occurred while transporting hazardous material(s) required to be placarded, the person shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years; or

(4) (Blank). If the person is a qualifying patient licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act, operating a commercial motor

1	vehicle under impairment resulting from the consumption of
2	cannabis, as determined by failure of standardized field
3	sobriety tests administered by a law enforcement officer as
4	directed by subsection (a-5) of Section 11-501.2.

- (b) A person is disqualified for life for a second conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph (a), or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more separate incidents.
- (c) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if the person either (i) uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance or (ii) if the person is a CDL holder, uses a non-CMV in the commission of a felony involving any of those activities.
- (d) The Secretary of State may, when the United States Secretary of Transportation so authorizes, issue regulations in which a disqualification for life under paragraph (b) may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years. If a reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of another disqualifying offense, as specified in subsection (a) of this Section, he or she shall be permanently disqualified for life and shall be ineligible to again apply for a reduction of the lifetime disqualification.
 - (e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial

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motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding a CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, provided the serious traffic violation committed in a non-CMV would result in the suspension or revocation of the CDL holder's non-CMV privileges. However, a person will be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 4 months if convicted of 3 serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding a CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, provided the serious traffic violation committed in a non-CMV would result in the suspension or revocation of the CDL holder's non-CMV privileges. If all the convictions occurred in a non-CMV, the disqualification shall be entered only if the convictions would result in the suspension or revocation of the CDL holder's non-CMV privileges.

(e-1) (Blank).

- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, any driver disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle, pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not be eligible for restoration of commercial driving privileges during any such period of disqualification.
- 25 (g) After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a commercial 26 driver's license, the Secretary of State must update the

- 1 driver's records to reflect such action within 10 days. After
- suspending or revoking the driving privilege of any person who 2
- 3 has been issued a CDL or commercial driver instruction permit
- 4 from another jurisdiction, the Secretary shall originate
- 5 notification to such issuing jurisdiction within 10 days.
- (h) The "disqualifications" referred to in this Section 6
- shall not be imposed upon any commercial motor vehicle driver, 7
- by the Secretary of State, unless the prohibited action(s) 8
- 9 occurred after March 31, 1992.
- 10 (i) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial
- motor vehicle in accordance with the following: 11
- (1) For 6 months upon a first conviction of paragraph 12
- 13 (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of Section 6-507
- 14 of this Code.
- 15 (2) For 2 years upon a second conviction of paragraph
- 16 (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or any
- combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or 17
- subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code 18
- within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a 19
- 20 violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection
- 2.1 (b-3).
- 22 (3) For 3 years upon a third or subsequent conviction
- 23 of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or
- 24 any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b)
- 25 or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code
- 26 within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent

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conviction is a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection 1 2 (b) or subsection (b-3).

- (4) For one year upon a first conviction of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code.
- (5) For 3 years upon a second conviction of paragraph subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or (b-5).
- (6) For 5 years upon a third or subsequent conviction of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or (b-5).
- (j) Disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
 - (1) General rule. A driver who is convicted of a violation of a federal, State, or local law or regulation pertaining to one of the following 6 offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for the period of time specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection (j) if the

11-1201 of this Code.

1	offense was committed while operating a commercial motor
2	vehicle:
3	(i) For drivers who are not required to always
4	stop, failing to slow down and check that the tracks
5	are clear of an approaching train or railroad track
6	equipment, as described in subsection (a-5) of Section
7	11-1201 of this Code;
8	(ii) For drivers who are not required to always
9	stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing, if
10	the tracks are not clear, as described in subsection
11	(a) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
12	(iii) For drivers who are always required to stop,
13	failing to stop before driving onto the crossing, as
14	described in Section 11-1202 of this Code;
15	(iv) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient
16	space to drive completely through the crossing without
17	stopping, as described in subsection (b) of Section
18	11-1425 of this Code;
19	(v) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic
20	control device or the directions of an enforcement
21	official at the crossing, as described in subdivision
22	(a) 2 of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
23	(vi) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a
24	crossing because of insufficient undercarriage
25	clearance, as described in subsection (d-1) of Section

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- (2) Duration of disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
 - (i) First violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than 60 days if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had no convictions for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j).
 - (ii) Second violation. A driver must. be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than 120 days if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had one other conviction for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that was committed in a separate incident.
 - (iii) Third or subsequent violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than one year if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had 2 or more other convictions for violations described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that were

- 1 committed in separate incidents.
- (k) Upon notification of a disqualification of a driver's 2
- commercial motor vehicle privileges imposed by the U.S. 3
- 4 Department of Transportation, Federal Motor Carrier Safety
- 5 Administration, in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 383.52, the
- 6 Secretary of State shall immediately record to the driving
- record the notice of disqualification and confirm to the driver 7
- 8 the action that has been taken.
- 9 (1)Α foreign commercial driver is subject to
- 10 disqualification under this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 11
- 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 98-722, eff. 7-16-14; 98-756, eff. 12
- 13 7-16-14.)
- 14 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 98-176)
- 15 Sec. 6-514. Commercial driver's license (CDL); commercial
- learner's permit (CLP); disqualifications. 16
- 17 A person shall be disqualified from driving a
- commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 18
- 19 months for the first violation of:
- 20 (1) Refusing to submit to or failure to complete a test
- 21 or tests to determine the driver's blood concentration of
- alcohol, other drug, or both authorized under Section 22
- 23 $\frac{11-501.1}{1}$ while driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if
- 24 the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV;
- 25 or

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(2) Operating a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath or urine is at least 0.04, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other verified evidence; or operating a vehicle t.he non-commercial motor while alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath, or urine was above the legal limit defined in Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.8 or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other verified evidence while holding a CLP or CDL; or

(3) Conviction for a first violation of:

(i) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while under the influence of alcohol, or any other drug, or combination of drugs to a degree which renders such

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person	incapable	of	safely	driving;	or
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- (ii) Knowingly leaving the scene of an accident while operating a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or
- (iii) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while committing any felony; or
- (iv) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the person's driving privileges or driver's license or permit is revoked, suspended, or cancelled or the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle; or
- (v) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a commercial motor vehicle, including but limited to t.he crimes of motor manslaughter, homicide by a motor vehicle, negligent homicide.

As used in this subdivision (a)(3)(v), "motor vehicle manslaughter" means the offense of involuntary manslaughter if committed by means of a vehicle; "homicide by a motor vehicle" means the offense of first degree murder or second degree murder, if either offense is committed by means of a vehicle; and "negligent homicide" means reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the

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Criminal Code of 2012 and aggravated driving under the of alcohol, other influence drua or druas. intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof under subdivision (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 of this Code.

If any of the above violations or refusals occurred while transporting hazardous material(s) required to be placarded, the person shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years; or

- (4) (Blank). If the person is a qualifying patient licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act, operating a commercial motor vehicle under impairment resulting from the consumption of cannabis, as determined by failure of standardized field sobriety tests administered by a law enforcement officer as directed by subsection (a 5) of Section 11 501.2.
- (b) A person is disqualified for life for a second conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph (a), or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more separate incidents.
- (c) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if the person either (i) uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent

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- 1 manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance or 2 (ii) if the person is a CLP or CDL holder, uses a non-CMV in the 3 commission of a felony involving any of those activities.
 - (d) The Secretary of State may, when the United States Secretary of Transportation so authorizes, issue regulations in which a disqualification for life under paragraph (b) may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years. If a reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of another disqualifying offense, as specified in subsection (a) of this Section, he or she shall be permanently disqualified for life and shall be ineligible to again apply for a reduction of the lifetime disqualification.
 - (e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding a CLP or CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, provided the serious traffic violation committed in a non-CMV would result in the suspension or revocation of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV privileges. However, a person will be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 4 months if convicted of 3 serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding a CLP or CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, provided the serious traffic

- 1 violation committed in a non-CMV would result in the suspension
- or revocation of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV privileges. If 2
- all the convictions occurred in a non-CMV, the disqualification 3
- 4 shall be entered only if the convictions would result in the
- 5 suspension or revocation of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV
- 6 privileges.
- 7 (e-1) (Blank).
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, any 8
- 9 driver disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle,
- 10 pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not be eligible for restoration
- of commercial driving privileges during any such period of 11
- disqualification. 12
- 13 (q) After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a CLP or CDL,
- the Secretary of State must update the driver's records to 14
- 15 reflect such action within 10 days. After suspending or
- 16 revoking the driving privilege of any person who has been
- issued a CLP or CDL from another jurisdiction, the Secretary 17
- 18 shall originate notification to such issuing jurisdiction
- 19 within 10 days.
- 20 (h) The "disqualifications" referred to in this Section
- 21 shall not be imposed upon any commercial motor vehicle driver,
- by the Secretary of State, unless the prohibited action(s) 22
- 23 occurred after March 31, 1992.
- (i) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 24
- 25 motor vehicle in accordance with the following:
- 26 (1) For 6 months upon a first conviction of paragraph

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- (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of Section 6-507 1 of this Code. 2
 - (2) For 2 years upon a second conviction of paragraph subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3).
 - (3) For 3 years upon a third or subsequent conviction of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent conviction is a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3).
 - (4) For one year upon a first conviction of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code.
 - (5) For 3 years upon a second conviction of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) subsection (b-5) or or combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or (b-5).
 - (6) For 5 years upon a third or subsequent conviction

1	of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or
2	any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b)
3	or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code
4	within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent
5	conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection
6	(b) or $(b-5)$.

- (j) Disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
 - (1) General rule. A driver who is convicted of a violation of a federal, State, or local law or regulation pertaining to one of the following 6 offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for the period of time specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection (j) if the offense was committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle:
 - (i) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to slow down and check that the tracks are clear of an approaching train or railroad track equipment, as described in subsection (a-5) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
 - (ii) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing, if the tracks are not clear, as described in subsection (a) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
 - (iii) For drivers who are always required to stop,

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1	failing to stop before driving onto the crossing, as
2	described in Section 11-1202 of this Code;
3	(iv) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient
4	space to drive completely through the crossing without
5	stopping, as described in subsection (b) of Section
6	11-1425 of this Code;
7	(v) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic
8	control device or the directions of an enforcement
9	official at the crossing, as described in subdivision
10	(a)2 of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
11	(vi) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a
12	crossing because of insufficient undercarriage
13	clearance, as described in subsection (d-1) of Section
14	11-1201 of this Code.
15	(2) Duration of disqualification for railroad-highway
16	grade crossing violation.
17	(i) First violation. A driver must be disqualified
18	from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less
19	than 60 days if the driver is convicted of a violation
20	described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and,
21	in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the
22	driver had no convictions for a violation described in
23	paragraph (1) of this subsection (j).
24	(ii) Second violation. A driver must be

disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle

for not less than 120 days if the driver is convicted

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of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had one other conviction for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that was committed in a separate incident.

- (iii) Third or subsequent violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than one year if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had 2 or more other convictions for violations described paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that were committed in separate incidents.
- (k) Upon notification of a disqualification of a driver's commercial motor vehicle privileges imposed by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 383.52, the Secretary of State shall immediately record to the driving record the notice of disqualification and confirm to the driver the action that has been taken.
- 23 foreign commercial driver (1)Α is subject to 24 disqualification under this Section.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 98-176, eff. 7-8-15 (see Section 10 of 26

- 1 P.A. 98-722 for the effective date of changes made by P.A.
- 98-176); 98-722, eff. 7-16-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 3 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.1)

consent.

- Sec. 11-501.1. Suspension of drivers license; statutory summary alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds related suspension or revocation; implied
- 8 (a) Any person who drives or is in actual physical control 9 of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State shall 10 be deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of Section 11-501.2, to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, 11 12 or urine for the purpose of determining the content of alcohol, 13 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds or 14 any combination thereof in the person's blood if arrested, as 15 evidenced by the issuance of a Uniform Traffic Ticket, for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of 16 17 a local ordinance, or if arrested for violating Section 11-401. If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe the 18 19 person was under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, 20 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 21 thereof, the law enforcement officer shall request a chemical test or tests which shall be administered at the direction of 22 23 the arresting officer. The law enforcement agency employing the 24 officer shall designate which of the aforesaid tests shall be 25 administered. A urine test may be administered even after a

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blood or breath test or both has been administered. For purposes of this Section, an Illinois law enforcement officer of this State who is investigating the person for any offense defined in Section 11-501 may travel into an adjoining state, where the person has been transported for medical care, to complete an investigation and to request that the person submit to the test or tests set forth in this Section. requirements of this Section that the person be arrested are inapplicable, but the officer shall issue the person a Uniform Traffic Ticket for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance prior to requesting that the person submit to the test or tests. The issuance of the Uniform Traffic Ticket shall not constitute an arrest, but shall be for the purpose of notifying the person that he or she is subject to the provisions of this Section and of the officer's belief of the existence of probable cause to arrest. Upon returning to this State, the officer shall file the Uniform Traffic Ticket with the Circuit Clerk of the county where the offense was committed, and shall seek the issuance of an arrest warrant or a summons for the person.

(a-5)(Blank). In addition to the requirements and provisions of subsection (a), any person issued a registry card under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State shall be to have given consent, subject to the provisions of Section

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- 11-501.2, to standardized field sobriety tests approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration if arrested, as evidenced by the issuance of a Uniform Traffic Ticket, for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or if arrested for violating Section 11 401. The person's status as a registry card holder alone is not a sufficient basis for conducting these tests. The officer must have an independent, cannabis related factual basis giving reasonable suspicion that the person is driving under the influence of cannabis for conducting standardized field sobriety tests. This independent basis of suspicion shall be listed on the standardized field sobriety test results and any influence reports made by the arresting officer.
- (b) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering the person incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by paragraph (a) of this Section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the provisions of Section 11-501.2.
- (c) A person requested to submit to a test as provided above shall be warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that a refusal to submit to the test will result in the statutory summary suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-208.1 of this Code, and will also result in the disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle, as

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provided in Section 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder. The person shall also be warned that a refusal to submit to the test, when the person was involved in a motor vehicle accident that caused personal injury or death to another, will result in the statutory summary revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-208.1, and will also result in the disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder. The person shall also be warned by the law enforcement officer that if the person submits to the test or tests provided in paragraph (a) of this Section and the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or greater, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as covered by the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance Illinois Controlled in t.he Substances Act, intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act detected in the person's blood or urine, or if the person fails the standardized field sobriety tests as required by paragraph $\frac{(a-5)_{T}}{a}$ a statutory summary suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in Sections 6-208.1 and 11-501.1 of this Code, and a disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in

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1 Section 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder, will 2 be imposed.

A person who is under the age of 21 at the time the person is requested to submit to a test as provided above shall, in addition to the warnings provided for in this Section, be further warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that if the person submits to the test or tests provided in paragraph (a) or (a 5) of this Section and the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is greater than 0.00 and less than 0.08, a suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided under Sections 6-208.2 and 11-501.8 of this Code, will be imposed. The results of this test shall be admissible in a civil or criminal action or proceeding arising from an arrest for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or pursuant to Section 11-501.4 in prosecutions for reckless homicide brought under the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. These test results, however, shall be admissible only in actions or proceedings directly related to the incident upon which the test request was made.

(d) If the person refuses testing or submits to a test that discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled

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Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the law enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to the circuit court of venue and the Secretary of State, certifying that the test or tests was or were requested under paragraph (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ and the person refused to submit to a test, or tests, or submitted to testing that disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more. A sworn report indicating refusal or failure of testing under paragraph (a-5) of this Section shall include the factual basis of the arresting officer's reasonable suspicion that the person was under the influence of cannabis. The person's possession of a valid registry card under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act alone is not sufficient basis reasonable suspicion.

(e) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer submitted under paragraph (d), the Secretary of State shall enter the statutory summary suspension or revocation and disqualification for the periods specified in Sections 6-208.1 and 6-514, respectively, and effective as provided in paragraph (g).

If the person is a first offender as defined in Section 11-500 of this Code, and is not convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, then reports received by the Secretary of State

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under this Section shall, except during the actual time the Statutory Summary Suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting authorities or the Secretary of State, unless the person is a CDL holder, is operating a commercial motor vehicle or vehicle required to be placarded for hazardous materials, in which case the suspension shall not be privileged. Reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall also be made available to the parent or quardian of a person under the age of 18 years that holds an instruction permit or a graduated driver's license, regardless of whether statutory summary suspension is in effect. A statutory summary revocation shall not be privileged information.

- (f) The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn report under paragraph (d) shall serve immediate notice of the statutory summary suspension or revocation on the person and the suspension or revocation and disqualification shall be effective as provided in paragraph (g).
 - (1) In cases where the blood alcohol concentration of 0.08 or greater or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as covered by the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community

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Protection Act is established by a subsequent analysis of blood or urine collected at the time of arrest, the arresting officer or arresting agency shall give notice as provided in this Section or by deposit in the United States mail of the notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to the person at his address as shown on the Traffic Ticket and the statutory suspension and disqualification shall begin as provided in paragraph (g). The officer shall confiscate any Illinois driver's license or permit on the person at the time of arrest. If the person has a valid driver's license or permit, the officer shall issue the person a receipt, in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, that will allow that person to drive during the periods provided for in paragraph (g). The officer shall immediately forward the driver's license or permit to the circuit court of venue along with the sworn report provided for in paragraph (d).

(2) (Blank). In cases indicating refusal or failure of testing under paragraph (a 5) of this Section the arresting officer or arresting agency shall give notice as provided in this Section or by deposit in the United States mail of the notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to the person at his or her address as shown on the Uniform Traffic Ticket and the statutory summary suspension and disqualification shall begin as provided in paragraph (g). This notice shall include the factual basis

1	of the arresting officer's reasonable suspicion that the
2	person was under the influence of cannabis. The person's
3	possession of a valid registry card under the Compassionate
4	Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act alone is not
5	sufficient basis for reasonable suspicion.

- (g) The statutory summary suspension or revocation and disqualification referred to in this Section shall take effect on the 46th day following the date the notice of the statutory summary suspension or revocation was given to the person.
- (h) The following procedure shall apply whenever a person is arrested for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance:

Upon receipt of the sworn report from the law enforcement officer, the Secretary of State shall confirm the statutory summary suspension or revocation by mailing a notice of the effective date of the suspension or revocation to the person and the court of venue. The Secretary of State shall also mail notice of the effective date of the disqualification to the person. However, should the sworn report be defective by not containing sufficient information or be completed in error, the confirmation of the statutory summary suspension or revocation shall not be mailed to the person or entered to the record; instead, the sworn report shall be forwarded to the court of venue with a copy returned to the issuing agency identifying any defect.

(i) As used in this Section, "personal injury" includes any

- 1 Type A injury as indicated on the traffic accident report
- 2 completed by a law enforcement officer that requires immediate
- professional attention in either a doctor's office or a medical 3
- 4 facility. A Type A injury includes severely bleeding wounds,
- 5 distorted extremities, and injuries that require the injured
- party to be carried from the scene. 6
- (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-471, eff. 8-22-11; 7
- 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.) 8
- 9 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.2) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501.2)
- Sec. 11-501.2. Chemical and other tests. 10
- (a) Upon the trial of any civil or criminal action or 11
- 12 proceeding arising out of an arrest for an offense as defined
- in Section 11-501 or a similar local ordinance or proceedings 13
- 14 pursuant to Section 2-118.1, evidence of the concentration of
- 15 alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or
- compounds, or any combination thereof in a person's blood or 16
- breath at the time alleged, as determined by analysis of the 17
- 18 person's blood, urine, breath or other bodily substance, shall
- 19 be admissible. Where such test is made the following provisions
- 20 shall apply:
- 21 1. Chemical analyses of the person's blood, urine,
- 22 breath or other bodily substance to be considered valid
- 23 under the provisions of this Section shall have been
- 24 performed according to standards promulgated by the
- 25 Department of State Police by a licensed physician,

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nurse, trained phlebotomist, registered licensed paramedic, or other individual possessing a valid permit issued by that Department for this purpose. The Director of State Police is authorized to approve satisfactory techniques or methods, to ascertain the qualifications and competence of individuals to conduct such analyses, to issue permits which shall be subject to termination or revocation at the discretion of that Department and to certify the accuracy of breath testing equipment. The Department of State Police shall prescribe regulations as necessary to implement this Section.

2. When a person in this State shall submit to a blood test at the request of a law enforcement officer under the provisions of Section 11-501.1, only a physician authorized to practice medicine, a licensed physician licensed advanced practice nurse, assistant, а registered nurse, trained phlebotomist, or licensed paramedic, or other qualified person approved by the Department of State Police may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug content therein. This limitation shall not apply to the taking of breath or urine specimens.

When a blood test of a person who has been taken to an adjoining state for medical treatment is requested by an Illinois law enforcement officer, the blood may be withdrawn only by a physician authorized to practice

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medicine in the adjoining state, a licensed physician assistant, a licensed advanced practice nurse, registered nurse, a trained phlebotomist acting under the direction of the physician, or licensed paramedic. The law enforcement officer requesting the test shall take custody of the blood sample, and the blood sample shall be analyzed by a laboratory certified by the Department of State Police for that purpose.

- 3. The person tested may have a physician, or a qualified technician, chemist, registered nurse, or other qualified person of their own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a person shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating to the test or tests taken at the direction of a law enforcement officer.
- 4. Upon the request of the person who shall submit to a chemical test or tests at the request of a law enforcement officer, full information concerning the test or tests shall be made available to the person or such person's attorney.
- 5. Alcohol concentration shall mean either grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood or grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.
- (a-5) Law enforcement officials may use standardized field

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sobriety tests approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration when conducting investigations of a violation of Section 11-501 or similar local ordinance by drivers suspected of driving under the influence of cannabis. The General Assembly finds that standardized field sobriety tests approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration are divided attention tasks that are intended to determine if a person is under the influence of cannabis. The purpose of these tests is to determine the effect of the use of cannabis on a person's capacity to think and act with ordinary care and therefore operate a motor vehicle safely. Therefore, the standardized field results of these sobrietv appropriately administered, shall be admissible in the trial of any civil or criminal action or proceeding arising out of an arrest for a cannabis-related offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar local ordinance or proceedings under Section 2-118.1 or 2-118.2. Where a test is made the following provisions shall apply:

1. The person tested may have a physician, or a qualified technician, chemist, registered nurse, or other qualified person of their own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to the standardized field sobriety test or tests administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a person does not preclude the admission of evidence relating to the test or tests taken

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1 at the direction of a law enforcement officer.

- 2. Upon the request of the person who shall submit to a standardized field sobriety test or tests at the request of a law enforcement officer, full information concerning the test or tests shall be made available to the person or the person's attorney.
- 3. At the trial of any civil or criminal action or proceeding arising out of an arrest for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar local ordinance or proceedings under Section 2-118.1 or 2-118.2 in which the results of these standardized field sobriety tests are admitted, the cardholder may present and the trier of fact may consider evidence that the card holder lacked the physical capacity to perform the standardized field sobriety tests.
- (b) Upon the trial of any civil or criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person while driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the concentration of alcohol in the person's blood or breath at the time alleged as shown by analysis of the person's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance shall give rise to the following presumptions:
- 1. If there was at that time an alcohol concentration of 0.05 or less, it shall be presumed that the person was not under the influence of alcohol.

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- 2. If there was at that time an alcohol concentration in excess of 0.05 but less than 0.08, such facts shall not give rise to any presumption that the person was or was not under the influence of alcohol, but such fact may be considered with other competent evidence in determining whether the person was under the influence of alcohol.
 - 3. If there was at that time an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, it shall be presumed that the person was under the influence of alcohol.
 - 4. The foregoing provisions of this Section shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any other relevant evidence bearing upon the question whether the person was under the influence of alcohol.
- (c) 1. If a person under arrest refuses to submit to a chemical test under the provisions of Section 11-501.1, evidence of refusal shall be admissible in any civil or criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle.
- 2. Notwithstanding any ability to refuse under this Code to submit to these tests or any ability to revoke the implied consent to these tests, if a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a motor vehicle driven by or in actual physical control of a person under the influence of

- alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 1
- 2 compounds, or any combination thereof has caused the death or
- personal injury to another, the law enforcement officer shall 3
- 4 request, and that person shall submit, upon the request of a
- 5 law enforcement officer, to a chemical test or tests of his or
- 6 her blood, breath or urine for the purpose of determining the
- alcohol content thereof or the presence of any other drug or 7
- combination of both. 8
- 9 This provision does not affect the applicability of or
- 10 imposition of driver's license sanctions under Section
- 11 11-501.1 of this Code.
- 3. For purposes of this Section, a personal injury includes 12
- any Type A injury as indicated on the traffic accident report 13
- completed by a law enforcement officer that requires immediate 14
- 15 professional attention in either a doctor's office or a medical
- 16 facility. A Type A injury includes severe bleeding wounds,
- distorted extremities, and injuries that require the injured 17
- 18 party to be carried from the scene.
- 19 (d) If a person refuses standardized field sobriety tests
- 20 under Section 11-501.9 of this Code, evidence of refusal shall
- be admissible in any civil or criminal action or proceeding 21
- 22 arising out of acts committed while the person was driving or
- in actual physical control of a vehicle and alleged to have 23
- 24 been impaired by the use of cannabis.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 97-450, eff. 8-19-11; 97-471, eff. 8-22-11;
- 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 98-973, eff. 26

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2 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.9 new)

3 Sec. 11-501.9. Suspension of drivers license; medical 4 cannabis card holder; failure or refusal of field sobriety

tests; implied consent.

(a) A person who has been issued a registry identification card under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State shall be deemed to have given consent to standardized field sobriety tests approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, under subsection (a-5) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, if detained by a law enforcement officer who has a reasonable suspicion that the person is driving or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while impaired by the use of cannabis. The law enforcement officer must have an independent, cannabis-related factual basis giving reasonable suspicion that the person is driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while impaired by the use of cannabis for conducting standardized field sobriety tests, which shall be included with the results of the field sobriety tests in any report made by the law enforcement officer who requests the test. The person's possession of a registry identification card issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act alone is not a sufficient

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basis for reasonable suspicion.

For purposes of this Section, a law enforcement officer of this State who is investigating a person for an offense under Section 11-501 of this Code may travel into an adjoining state where the person has been transported for medical care to complete an investigation and to request that the person submit to field sobriety tests under this Section.

- (b) A person who is unconscious or otherwise in a condition rendering the person incapable of refusal, shall be deemed to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) A person requested to submit to field sobriety tests as provided in this Section, shall be warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the field sobriety tests that a refusal to submit to the field sobriety tests will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in subsection (f) of this Section. The person shall also be warned by the law enforcement officer that if the person submits to field sobriety tests as provided in this Section which disclose the person is impaired by the use of cannabis, a suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle as provided in subsection (f) of this Section, will be imposed.
 - (d) The results of field sobriety tests administered under this Section shall be admissible in a civil or criminal action or proceeding arising from an arrest for an offense as defined

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1	in Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a
2	local ordinance. These test results shall be admissible only in
3	actions or proceedings directly related to the incident upon
4	which the test request was made.
5	(e) If the person refuses field sobriety tests or submits
6	to field sobriety tests that disclose the person is impaired by
7	the use of cannabis, the law enforcement officer shall
8	immediately submit a sworn report to the circuit court of venue
9	and the Secretary of State certifying that testing was
10	requested under this Section and that the person refused to
11	submit to field sobriety tests or submitted to field sobriety
12	tests that disclosed the person was impaired by the use of
13	cannabis. The sworn report must include the law enforcement
14	officer's factual basis for reasonable suspicion that the
15	person was impaired by the use of cannabis.
16	(f) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement
17	officer submitted under subsection (e) of this Section, the
18	Secretary of State shall enter the suspension to the driving
19	record as follows:
20	(1) for refusal or failure to complete field sobriety
21	tests, a 12 month suspension shall be entered; or

The Secretary of State shall confirm the suspension by mailing a notice of the effective date of the suspension to the

6 month suspension shall be entered.

(2) for submitting to field sobriety tests that

disclosed the driver was impaired by the use of cannabis, a

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1 person and the court of venue. However, should the sworn report be defective for insufficient information or be completed in 2 error, the confirmation of the suspension shall not be mailed 3 4 to the person or entered to the record; instead, the sworn 5 report shall be forwarded to the court of venue with a copy

returned to the issuing agency identifying the defect.

(q) The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn report under subsection (e) of this Section shall serve immediate notice of the suspension on the person and the suspension shall be effective as provided in subsection (h) of this Section. If immediate notice of the suspension cannot be given, the arresting officer or arresting agency shall give notice by deposit in the United States mail of the notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to the person at his or her address as shown on the Uniform Traffic Ticket and the suspension shall begin as provided in subsection (h) of this Section. The officer shall confiscate any Illinois driver's license or permit on the person at the time of arrest. If the person has a valid driver's license or permit, the officer shall issue the person a receipt, in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, that will allow the person to drive during the period provided for in subsection (h) of this Section. The officer shall immediately forward the driver's license or permit to the circuit court of venue along with the sworn report under subsection (e) of this Section.

(h) The suspension under subsection (f) of this Section

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- 1 shall take effect on the 46th day following the date the notice of the suspension was given to the person. 2
- (i) When a driving privilege has been suspended under this 3 4 Section and the person is subsequently convicted of violating 5 Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, for the same incident, any period served on 6 suspension under this Section shall be credited toward the 7 minimum period of revocation of driving privileges imposed 8 9 under Section 6-205 of this Code.
 - Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.
- 17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 18 becoming law.".