

## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 SB2202

Introduced 2/15/2013, by Sen. Terry Link

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Smoke-Free Campus Act. Sets forth the General Assembly's findings. Provides that beginning on July 1, 2014, smoking is prohibited on each campus of a State-supported institution of higher education. Provides that on or before December 31, 2013, each State-supported institution of higher education shall establish a community task force for the purpose of coordinating with community and campus leaders for the implementation of the Act. Provides that the governing board of each State-supported institution of higher education shall implement the Act and shall promulgate all policies and regulations necessary for this purpose, including, but not limited to, disciplinary action, fines, and an appeals process. Effective immediately.

LRB098 08858 RPM 40785 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning higher education.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Smoke-Free Campus Act.
- 6 Section 5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that 7 tobacco smoke is a harmful and dangerous carcinogen to human 8 beings and a hazard to public health. Secondhand tobacco smoke 9 causes at least 65,000 deaths each year from heart disease and lung cancer according to the National Cancer 10 11 Secondhand tobacco smoke causes heart disease, stroke, cancer, 12 sudden infant death syndrome, low birth weight in infants, 13 asthma and the exacerbation of asthma, bronchitis, and 14 pneumonia in children and adults. Secondhand tobacco smoke is the third leading cause of preventable death in the United 15 16 States. Illinois workers exposed to secondhand tobacco smoke 17 are at an increased risk of premature death. An estimated 2,900 Illinois citizens die each year from exposure to secondhand 18 19 tobacco smoke.
- The General Assembly also finds that the United States
  Surgeon General's 2006 report has determined that there is no
  risk-free level of exposure to secondhand smoke; the scientific
  evidence that secondhand smoke causes serious diseases,

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- including lung cancer, heart disease, and respiratory
  illnesses such as bronchitis and asthma, is massive and
  conclusive; separating smokers from nonsmokers, cleaning the
  air, and ventilating buildings cannot eliminate secondhand
  smoke exposure; smoke-free policies are effective in reducing
  secondhand smoke exposure.
  - The General Assembly also finds that a law that prohibits smoking on the campuses of State-supported institutions of higher education will reduce secondhand smoke exposure among nonsmokers as well as prepare students for the workplace and ensure a healthy environment for all campus communities.

## 12 Section 10. Definitions. In this Act:

- "Campus" means all property, including buildings, grounds, parking lots, and vehicles that are owned or operated by a State-supported institution of higher education, but does not include enclosed laboratories, not open to the public, in an accredited university or government facility where the activity of smoking is exclusively conducted for the purpose of medical or scientific, health-related research.
- "Employee" means an individual who is employed by a State-supported institution of higher education in consideration for direct or indirect monetary wages or profit.
- "Governing authority" means the administrative branch of the State-supported institution of higher education.
- "Guest" means a visitor to the campus of a State-supported

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1 institution of higher education.

"Smoke" or "smoking" means the carrying, smoking, burning, inhaling, or exhaling of any kind of lighted pipe, cigar, cigarette, hookah, weed, herbs, or other lighted smoking equipment. "Smoke" or "smoking" also includes products containing or delivering nicotine intended or expected for human consumption, or any part of such a product, that is not a tobacco product as defined by Section 321(rr) of Title 21 of the United States Code, unless it has been approved or otherwise certified for legal sale by the United States Food and Drug Administration for tobacco use cessation, reduction, or for other medical purposes and is being marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose. "Smoke" or "smoking" does not include smoking that is associated with a native recognized religious ceremony, ritual, or activity by American Indians that is in accordance with the federal American Indian Religious Freedom Act, Sections 1996 and 1996a of Title 42 of the United States Code.

"Student" means an individual enrolled in a credit or noncredit course at a State-supported institution of higher education.

"State-supported institution of higher education" means the University of Illinois, Southern Illinois University, Chicago State University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois

- 1 University, Western Illinois University, and the public
- 2 community colleges subject to the Public Community College Act.
- 3 Section 15. Prohibitions on smoking.
- 4 (a) Beginning on July 1, 2014, smoking is prohibited on
- 5 each campus of a State-supported institution of higher
- 6 education.
- 7 (b) An individual or campus subject to the smoking
- 8 prohibitions of this Act may not discriminate or retaliate in
- 9 any manner against a person for making a complaint of a
- 10 violation of this Act or furnishing information concerning a
- violation to a person, campus, or governing authority.
- 12 (c) The prohibitions on smoking in this Act must be
- communicated to all students and employees of State-supported
- institutions of higher education on or before May 1, 2014 and
- 15 to each guest of a State-supported institution of higher
- 16 education upon request.
- 17 Section 20. Smoke-free campus task force. On or before
- December 31, 2013, each State-supported institution of higher
- 19 education shall establish a community task force for the
- 20 purpose of coordinating with community and campus leaders for
- 21 the implementation of this Act.
- The governing board of each State-supported institution of
- 23 higher education shall coordinate with its respective
- 24 community task force to implement a public education and notice

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- program regarding this Act. As part of the notice to students, 1 2 employees, and the public, "No Smoking" signs or the international "No Smoking" symbol (consisting of a pictorial 3 representation of a burning cigarette enclosed in a red circle 4 5 with a red bar across it) may be clearly and conspicuously posted on each campus where smoking is prohibited by this Act. 6
- 7 Section 25. Penalties and rules. The governing board of each State-supported institution of higher education shall implement this Act and shall promulgate all policies and regulations necessary for this purpose, including, but not limited to, disciplinary action, fines, and an appeals process. Any State-supported institution of higher education may regulate smoking in public places, but that regulation must be no less restrictive than this Act.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 15 16 becoming law.