

SB2094



98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

SB2094

Introduced 2/15/2013, by Sen. Christine Radogno

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/201

from Ch. 120, par. 2-201

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning the tax imposed.

LRB098 06608 HLH 36651 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 201 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

7 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

8 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby
9 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and ~~and~~ estate
10 for each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the
11 privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of
12 this State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other
13 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any
14 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

15 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this
16 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by
17 subsection (d-1):

18 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
19 taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
20 to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
21 year.

22 (2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
23 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending

1 after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2
2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
3 July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)
4 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June
5 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

6 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
7 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending
8 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the
9 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

10 (4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
11 taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and
12 ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum
13 of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
14 to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
15 (ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
16 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

17 (5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
18 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and
19 ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of
20 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

21 (5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
22 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and
23 ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum
24 of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
25 to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
26 (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period

1 after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

2 (5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
3 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015,
4 and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
5 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

6 (5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
7 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and
8 ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum
9 of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
10 prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section
11 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
12 period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section
13 202.5.

14 (5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
15 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an
16 amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
17 taxable year.

18 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
19 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
20 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

21 (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
22 beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30,
23 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the
24 taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989,
25 as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the
26 taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989,

1 as calculated under Section 202.3.

2 (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
3 beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
4 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
5 income for the taxable year.

6 (9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
7 beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after
8 December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8%
9 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
10 January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
11 (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
12 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

13 (10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
14 beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to
15 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's
16 net income for the taxable year.

17 (11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
18 beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
19 December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
20 the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
21 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
22 of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
23 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

24 (12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
25 beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to
26 January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's

1 net income for the taxable year.

2 (13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
3 beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after
4 December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25%
5 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
6 January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
7 (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
8 December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

9 (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
10 beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
11 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

12 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the
13 provisions of Section 201.5.

14 (c) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax.
15 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such
16 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property
17 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every
18 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership
19 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979.
20 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving
21 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property
22 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income
23 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in
24 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by
25 this State or by any municipal corporation or political
26 subdivision thereof.

1 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
2 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax
3 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section
4 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S
5 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall
6 be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net
7 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January
8 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this
9 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a
10 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an
11 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income
12 for the taxable year.

13 (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the
14 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the
15 Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile
16 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax
17 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed
18 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined
19 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except
20 that for purposes of this determination premiums from
21 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate
22 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending
23 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax
24 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not
25 increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed
26 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act,

1 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed
2 on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for
3 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of
4 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes
5 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign
6 insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits
7 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such
8 income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the
9 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes
10 a mutual insurer under common management.

11 (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event
12 shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections
13 (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

14 (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
15 insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
16 credits allowed under this Act, plus

17 (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the
18 Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company
19 tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation
20 Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under
21 Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

22 equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31,
23 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for
25 the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section
26 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in

1 no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b)
2 and (d).

3 (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
4 subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
5 by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
6 subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
7 Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
8 has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
9 subsection (d).

10 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250.

12 (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit
13 against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for
14 investment in qualified property.

15 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%
16 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during
17 the taxable year, provided such property is placed in
18 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an
19 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified
20 property placed in service during the taxable year,
21 provided such property is placed in service on or after
22 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within
23 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding
24 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records
25 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security.
26 Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have

1 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in
2 which they file employment records with the Illinois
3 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to
4 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public
5 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing
6 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the
7 increase in base employment within Illinois over the
8 preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall
9 be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the
10 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is
11 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall
12 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a
13 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may
14 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year
15 other than the year in which the property was placed in
16 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after
17 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the
18 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the
19 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the
20 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it
21 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later
22 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to
23 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the
24 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments
25 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time
26 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an

1 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois
2 Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) is certified by the
3 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now
4 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as
5 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and
6 (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and
7 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic
8 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all
9 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending
10 after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for
11 the tax year in which the property is placed in service,
12 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability
13 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or
14 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried
15 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable
16 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall
17 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a
18 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year
19 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit
20 shall be applied first.

21 (2) The term "qualified property" means property
22 which:

23 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
24 buildings and structural components of buildings and
25 signs that are real property, but not including land or
26 improvements to real property that are not a structural

1 component of a building such as landscaping, sewer
2 lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and
3 other appurtenances;

4 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
6 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
7 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
8 (e);

9 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
10 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is
12 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal
13 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service
14 on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment
15 Zone established pursuant to the River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

17 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in
18 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
19 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or
20 subsection (f).

21 (3) For purposes of this subsection (e),
22 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production
23 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly
24 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or
25 assembling which changes some existing material into new
26 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of

1 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same
2 meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e),
4 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal
5 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or
6 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible
7 personal property for use or consumption and not for
8 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible
9 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term
10 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for
11 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not
12 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of
13 electricity.

14 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
15 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
16 income tax purposes.

17 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
18 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
19 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such
20 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
21 date of such increase in basis.

22 (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
23 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

24 (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
25 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
26 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of

1 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48
2 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property
3 Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be
4 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i)
5 recomputing the investment credit which would have been
6 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was
7 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such
8 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit
9 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the
10 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of
11 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the
12 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified
13 property to the extent of such reduction.

14 (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
15 the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
16 incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred
17 pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
18 December 31, 2018.

19 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000,
20 a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the
21 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this
22 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the
23 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only
24 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this
25 Section. If the partnership makes that election, those
26 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the

1 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in
2 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules
3 promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of
4 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that
5 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on
6 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for
7 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits
8 shall be irrevocable.

9 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000,
10 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction
11 under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d)
12 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter
13 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of
14 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be
15 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its
16 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during
17 the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S
18 corporation, determined in accordance with the
19 determination of income and distributive share of income
20 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal
21 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
22 of Section 250.

23 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge
24 Redevelopment Zone.

25 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the
26 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for

1 investment in qualified property which is placed in service
2 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois
3 Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on
4 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone
5 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
6 Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S
7 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies,
8 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for
9 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall
10 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be
11 determined in accordance with the determination of income
12 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704
13 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit
14 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit
15 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the
16 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or
17 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to
18 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for
19 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section
20 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December
21 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in
22 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount
23 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year,
24 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability
25 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and
26 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years

1 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be
2 applied to the earliest year for which there is a
3 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year
4 that is available to offset a liability, the credit
5 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

6 (2) The term qualified property means property which:

7 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
8 buildings and structural components of buildings;

9 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
11 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
12 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
13 (f);

14 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
15 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

18 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in
19 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
20 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or
21 subsection (e).

22 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
23 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
24 income tax purposes.

25 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
26 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed

1 in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
2 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such
3 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
4 date of such increase in basis.

5 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
6 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
8 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
9 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
10 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone
11 or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after
12 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections
13 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be
14 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i)
15 recomputing the investment credit which would have been
16 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was
17 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such
18 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit
19 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the
20 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of
21 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the
22 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified
23 property to the extent of such reduction.

24 (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal
25 to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in
26 service during the taxable year in a River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in
2 service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base
3 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over
4 the preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's
5 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of
6 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois
7 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base
8 employment for the first year in which they file employment
9 records with the Illinois Department of Employment
10 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment
11 within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%,
12 the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage
13 times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the
14 denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

15 (g) Jobs Tax Credit; River Edge Redevelopment Zone and
16 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.

17 (1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business, for
18 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a
19 River Edge Redevelopment Zone or conducting a trade or
20 business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
21 Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed
22 by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of
23 \$500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during
24 the taxable year.

25 (2) To qualify for the credit:

26 (A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible

1 employees to work in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
2 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone
3 during the taxable year;

4 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the
5 River Edge Redevelopment Zone or federally designated
6 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone must increase by 5 or
7 more full-time employees beyond the total employed in
8 that zone at the end of the previous tax year for which
9 a jobs tax credit under this Section was taken, or
10 beyond the total employed by the taxpayer as of
11 December 31, 1985, whichever is later; and

12 (C) the eligible employees must be employed 180
13 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for
14 purposes of this subsection.

15 (3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:

16 (A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and
17 Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services"
18 pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with
19 Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training
20 Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job
21 Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training
22 Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

23 (B) Hired after the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
24 or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone
25 was designated or the trade or business was located in
26 that zone, whichever is later.

1 (C) Employed in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
2 or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone. An employee is
3 employed in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone
4 or Sub-Zone if his services are rendered there or it is
5 the base of operations for the services performed.

6 (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hours
7 per week.

8 (4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985
9 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed
10 for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired.
11 For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the
12 credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately
13 following the tax year in which the eligible employees are
14 hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax
15 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original
16 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess
17 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of
18 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The
19 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which
20 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one
21 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier
22 credit shall be applied first.

23 (5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such
24 rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry
25 out the purposes of this subsection (g).

26 (6) The credit shall be available for eligible

1 employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

2 (h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

3 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5
4 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be
5 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a)
6 and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified
7 property which is placed in service by a Department of
8 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact
9 Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such
10 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the
11 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in
12 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois
13 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the
14 time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois
15 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact
16 Businesses under subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and
17 (a)(3)(D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone
18 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would
19 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by
20 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The
21 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the
22 taxable year in which such investments have been completed.
23 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum
24 investment by a designated high impact business authorized
25 under subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois
26 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable

1 year in which the property is placed in service and shall
2 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a
3 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a)
4 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending
5 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed
6 for the tax year in which the property is placed in
7 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax
8 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original
9 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess
10 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of
11 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The
12 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which
13 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one
14 tax year that is available to offset a liability, the
15 credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

16 Changes made in this subdivision (h) (1) by Public Act
17 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and
18 reflect existing law.

19 (2) The term qualified property means property which:

20 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
21 buildings and structural components of buildings;

22 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
24 as defined in Section 168(c) (2) (A) of that Code is not
25 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection

26 (h);

1 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
2 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

3 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
4 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
5 Section.

6 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
7 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
8 income tax purposes.

9 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
10 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
11 in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
12 Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
13 such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on
14 the date of such increase in basis.

15 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
16 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 (6) If during any taxable year ending on or before
18 December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified
19 property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months
20 after being placed in service, or the situs of any
21 qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48
22 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under
23 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable
24 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined
25 by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have
26 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property

1 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from
2 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed
3 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For
4 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the
5 basis of qualified property resulting from a
6 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a
7 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such
8 reduction.

9 (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31,
10 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this
11 subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and
12 the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of
13 the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section
14 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under
15 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased
16 for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its
17 facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit
18 received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

19 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
20 Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit
21 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and
22 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and
23 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by
24 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this
25 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income
26 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois

1 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax
2 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

3 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this
4 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed
5 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a)
6 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original
7 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried
8 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections
9 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit
10 year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any
11 year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be
12 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a
13 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more
14 than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the
15 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied
16 first.

17 If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31,
18 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this
19 Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this
20 subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax
21 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by
22 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax
23 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the
24 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different
25 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable
26 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

1 (j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years
2 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31,
3 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
4 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all
5 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by
6 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside
7 of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational
8 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled
9 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the
10 computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax
11 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such
12 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
13 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
14 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
15 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a
16 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance
17 with the determination of income and distributive share of
18 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
19 Internal Revenue Code.

20 Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in
21 the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of
22 the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is
23 first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied
24 first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If
25 there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax
26 year that is available to offset a liability the earliest

1 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No
2 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or
3 after December 31, 2003.

4 (k) Research and development credit. For tax years ending
5 after July 1, 1990 and prior to December 31, 2003, and
6 beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31,
7 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2016, a taxpayer shall be
8 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and
9 (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this
10 State. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by
11 subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the
12 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in
13 this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
14 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
15 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
16 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a
17 credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance
18 with the determination of income and distributive share of
19 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
20 Internal Revenue Code.

21 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures"
22 means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal
23 credit for increasing research activities which would be
24 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and
25 which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for
26 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess

1 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which
2 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period,
3 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average
4 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base
5 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately
6 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being
7 made.

8 Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable
9 year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the
10 unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over
11 as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5
12 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs
13 first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending
14 prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year
15 ending on or after December 31, 2003.

16 If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from
17 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest
18 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the
19 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still
20 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be
21 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax
22 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused
23 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next
24 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except
25 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more
26 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the

1 credit is given was incurred.

2 No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the
3 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable
4 years beginning before January 1, 1999.

5 (1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

6 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on
7 or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a
8 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b)
9 of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed
10 eligible remediation costs, as specified in this
11 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed
12 eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the
13 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under
14 Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were
15 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for
16 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the
17 Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the
18 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed
19 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the
20 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not
21 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related
22 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a
23 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site
24 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action
25 pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the
26 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control

1 Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois
2 Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and
3 enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental
4 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability
5 for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with
6 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer"
7 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has
8 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a
10 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of
11 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being
12 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The
13 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a)
14 and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible
15 remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except
16 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site
17 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the
18 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now
19 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The
20 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with
21 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and
22 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be
23 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in
24 accordance with the determination of income and
25 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and
26 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

1 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is
2 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried
3 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year
4 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The
5 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of
6 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the
7 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i).
8 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for
9 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this
10 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to
11 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this
12 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under
13 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of
14 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit
15 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the
16 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining
17 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the
18 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the
19 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to
20 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the
21 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the
22 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of
23 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any
24 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be
25 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

26 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"

1 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
2 Environmental Protection Act.

3 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years
4 ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian
5 of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit
6 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this
7 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of
8 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of
9 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total
10 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the
11 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a
12 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability
13 under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt
14 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

15 For purposes of this subsection:

16 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are
17 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of
18 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is
19 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is
20 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through
21 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in
22 this subsection.

23 "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on
24 behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition,
25 book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is
26 enrolled during the regular school year.

1 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or
2 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title
3 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which
4 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code,
5 except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to
6 attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for
7 the credit under this Section.

8 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an
9 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal
10 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

11 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax
12 credit.

13 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006,
14 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
15 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
16 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation
17 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of
18 this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs"
19 means costs approved by the Illinois Environmental
20 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the
21 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing
22 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation
24 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section
25 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must
26 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of

1 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is
2 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any
3 related party caused or contributed to, in any material
4 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under
5 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial
6 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the
7 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit
8 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made
9 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control
10 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure
11 Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9
12 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this
13 Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes
14 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the
16 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs
17 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue
18 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any
19 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed
20 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the
21 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of
22 \$100,000 per site.

23 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is
24 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried
25 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year
26 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This

1 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for
2 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this
3 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to
4 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this
5 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under
6 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of
7 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit
8 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the
9 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining
10 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the
11 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the
12 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to
13 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the
14 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the
15 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of
16 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any
17 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be
18 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

19 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
20 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
21 Environmental Protection Act.

22 (Source: P.A. 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 96-116, eff. 7-31-09;
23 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1496, eff.
24 1-13-11; 97-2, eff. 5-6-11; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 97-905, eff.
25 8-7-12.)