

## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 SB1728

Introduced 2/15/2013, by Sen. Jacqueline Y. Collins

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

735 ILCS 5/15-1502.5
735 ILCS 5/15-1502.6 new
735 ILCS 5/15-1504 from Ch. 110, par. 15-1504
735 ILCS 5/15-1507 from Ch. 110, par. 15-1507
765 ILCS 5/28 from Ch. 30, par. 27
765 ILCS 5/30 from Ch. 30, par. 29

Amends the Code of Civil Procedure. Provides that a Section concerning homeowner protections is repealed on January 1, 2014 (instead of July 1, 2013). Adds a new Section concerning homeowner protection which becomes operative on January 1, 2014 and contains substantially the same provisions of the former Section, with additions and deletions. Defines terms. Provides that the notice provided to certain mortgagors in default must contain language advising the mortgagor that a list of approved housing counselors can be found on the website of the Illinois Foreclosure Prevention Network. Adds requirements concerning: foreclosure prevention alternative applications; documents relative to foreclosure proceedings; proceedings in foreclosure actions; and private rights of action. Provides that the Section concerning homeowner protection applies only to residential real estate with no more than 4 dwelling units that is occupied as a principal residence by the mortgagor and that its provisions are severable. Provides that the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may adopt rules to implement the Section. Provides that for certain types of properties, a mortgage foreclosure complaint must contain statements as to what sustainable loan workout plans or foreclosure prevention alternatives have or will be attempted. Amends the Conveyances Act. In provisions concerning the effect of recording deeds, mortgages, and other instruments, makes the following changes: provides that those provisions also apply to the recording of assignments, mortgage releases, mortgage modifications, land equity loans, liens, lis pendens, and memoranda of judgment; changes the scope to instruments that affect interests in real property; and provides that deeds and title papers are void until recorded (instead of void until recorded as to creditors and subsequent purchasers) with the recorder's office in the county in which the property is located. Effective immediately, except that the new homeowner protection provisions take effect January 1, 2014.

LRB098 09930 HEP 40088 b

AN ACT concerning civil law. 1

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly: 3

- 4 Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by 5 changing Sections 15-1502.5, 15-1504, and 15-1507 and by adding Section 15-1502.6 as follows:
- 7 (735 ILCS 5/15-1502.5)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2013) 8
- 9 Sec. 15-1502.5. Homeowner protection.
- (a) As used in this Section: 10
- "Approved counseling agency" means a housing counseling 11 agency approved by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban 12 13 Development.
- 14 "Approved Housing Counseling" means in-person counseling provided by a counselor employed by an approved counseling 15 16 agency to all borrowers, or documented telephone counseling 17 where a hardship would be imposed on one or more borrowers. A hardship shall exist in instances in which the borrower is 18 19 confined to his or her home due to medical conditions, as verified in writing by a physician or the borrower resides 50 20 21 miles or more from the nearest approved counseling agency. In 22 instances of telephone counseling, the borrower must supply all necessary documents to the counselor at least 72 hours prior to 23

- 1 the scheduled telephone counseling session.
- 2 "Delinquent" means past due with respect to a payment on a
- 3 mortgage secured by residential real estate.
- 4 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 5 Professional Regulation.
- 6 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 7 Professional Regulation or other person authorized to act in
- 8 the Secretary's stead.
- 9 "Sustainable loan workout plan" means a plan that the
- 10 mortgagor and approved counseling agency believe shall enable
- 11 the mortgagor to stay current on his or her mortgage payments
- 12 for the foreseeable future when taking into account the
- 13 mortgagor income and existing and foreseeable debts. A
- 14 sustainable loan workout plan may include, but is not limited
- 15 to, (1) a temporary suspension of payments, (2) a lengthened
- loan term, (3) a lowered or frozen interest rate, (4) a
- 17 principal write down, (5) a repayment plan to pay the existing
- loan in full, (6) deferred payments, or (7) refinancing into a
- 19 new affordable loan.
- 20 (b) Except in the circumstance in which a mortgagor has
- 21 filed a petition for relief under the United States Bankruptcy
- 22 Code, no mortgagee shall file a complaint to foreclose a
- 23 mortgage secured by residential real estate until the
- requirements of this Section have been satisfied.
- 25 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary,
- 26 with respect to a particular mortgage secured by residential

real estate, the procedures and forbearances described in this

Section apply only once per subject mortgage.

Except for mortgages secured by residential real estate in which any mortgagor has filed for relief under the United States Bankruptcy Code, if a mortgage secured by residential real estate becomes delinquent by more than 30 days the mortgagee shall send via U.S. mail a notice advising the mortgagor that he or she may wish to seek approved housing counseling. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section, nothing shall preclude the mortgagor and mortgagee from communicating with each other during the initial 30 days of delinquency or reaching agreement on a sustainable loan workout plan, or both.

No foreclosure action under Part 15 of Article XV of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be instituted on a mortgage secured by residential real estate before mailing the notice described in this subsection (c).

The notice required in this subsection (c) shall state the date on which the notice was mailed, shall be headed in bold 14-point type "GRACE PERIOD NOTICE", and shall state the following in 14-point type: "YOUR LOAN IS MORE THAN 30 DAYS PAST DUE. YOU MAY BE EXPERIENCING FINANCIAL DIFFICULTY. IT MAY BE IN YOUR BEST INTEREST TO SEEK APPROVED HOUSING COUNSELING. YOU HAVE A GRACE PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THIS NOTICE TO OBTAIN APPROVED HOUSING COUNSELING. DURING THE GRACE PERIOD, THE LAW PROHIBITS US FROM TAKING ANY LEGAL ACTION AGAINST YOU.

- 1 YOU MAY BE ENTITLED TO AN ADDITIONAL 30 DAY GRACE PERIOD IF YOU
- 2 OBTAIN HOUSING COUNSELING FROM AN APPROVED HOUSING COUNSELING
- 3 AGENCY. A LIST OF APPROVED COUNSELING AGENCIES MAY BE OBTAINED
- 4 FROM THE ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL AND PROFESSIONAL
- 5 REGULATION."
- 6 The notice shall also list the Department's current
- 7 consumer hotline, the Department's website, and the telephone
- 8 number, fax number, and mailing address of the mortgagee. No
- 9 language, other than language substantially similar to the
- 10 language prescribed in this subsection (c), shall be included
- in the notice. Notwithstanding any other provision to the
- 12 contrary, the grace period notice required by this subsection
- 13 (c) may be combined with a counseling notification required
- 14 under federal law.
- The sending of the notice required under this subsection
- 16 (c) means depositing or causing to be deposited into the United
- 17 States mail an envelope with first-class postage prepaid that
- 18 contains the document to be delivered. The envelope shall be
- 19 addressed to the mortgagor at the common address of the
- 20 residential real estate securing the mortgage.
- 21 (d) Until 30 days after mailing the notice provided for
- 22 under subsection (c) of this Section, no legal action shall be
- 23 instituted under Part 15 of Article XV of the Code of Civil
- 24 Procedure.
- 25 (e) If, within the 30-day period provided under subsection
- 26 (d) of this Section, an approved counseling agency provides

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written notice to the mortgagee that the mortgagor is seeking approved counseling services, then no legal action under Part 15 of Article XV of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be instituted for 30 days after the date of that notice. The date that such notice is sent shall be stated in the notice, and shall be sent to the address or fax number contained in the Grace Period Notice required under subsection (c) of this Section. During the 30-day period provided under subsection (e), the mortgagor or counselor or both may prepare and proffer to the mortgagee a proposed sustainable loan workout plan. The mortgagee will then determine whether to accept the proposed sustainable loan workout plan. If the mortgagee and the mortgagor agree to a sustainable loan workout plan, then no legal action under Part 15 of Article XV of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be instituted for as long as the sustainable loan workout plan is complied with by the mortgagor.

The agreed sustainable loan workout plan and any modifications thereto must be in writing and signed by the mortgagee and the mortgagor.

Upon written notice to the mortgagee, the mortgagor may change approved counseling agencies, but such a change does not entitle the mortgagor to any additional period of forbearance.

(f) If the mortgagor fails to comply with the sustainable loan workout plan, then nothing in this Section shall be construed to impair the legal rights of the mortgagee to

- 1 enforce the contract.
- 2 (g) A counselor employed by a housing counseling agency or
- 3 the housing counseling agency that in good faith provides
- 4 counseling shall not be liable to a mortgagee or mortgagor for
- 5 civil damages, except for willful or wanton misconduct on the
- 6 part of the counselor in providing the counseling.
- 7 (h) There shall be no waiver of any provision of this
- 8 Section.
- 9 (i) It is the General Assembly's intent that compliance
- 10 with this Section shall not prejudice a mortgagee in ratings of
- its bad debt collection or calculation standards or policies.
- 12 (j) This Section shall not apply, or shall cease to apply,
- to residential real estate that is not occupied as a principal
- residence by the mortgagor.
- 15 (k) This Section is repealed January 1, 2014 July 1, 2013.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 95-1047, eff. 4-6-09; 96-1419, eff. 10-1-10.)
- 17 (735 ILCS 5/15-1502.6 new)
- Sec. 15-1502.6. Homeowner protection.
- 19 (a) As used in this Section:
- 20 "Approved counseling agency" means a housing counseling
- 21 agency approved by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban
- Development.
- 23 "Approved Housing Counseling" means in-person counseling
- 24 provided by a counselor employed by an approved counseling
- 25 agency to all borrowers, or documented telephone counseling

where meeting in person would cause a hardship to be imposed on

- one or more borrowers. A hardship shall exist in instances in
- 3 which the borrower is confined to his or her home due to
- 4 medical conditions, as verified in writing by a physician, or
- 5 the borrower resides 50 miles or more from the nearest approved
- 6 counseling agency. In instances of telephone counseling, the
- 7 borrower must supply all necessary documents to the counselor
- 8 at least 72 hours prior to the scheduled telephone counseling
- 9 session.
- 10 "Delinquent" means past due with respect to a payment on a
- 11 mortgage secured by residential real estate.
- 12 <u>"Department" means the Department of Financial and</u>
- 13 Professional Regulation.
- "First lien" means the most senior mortgage or deed of
- trust on the property that is the subject of the notice of
- 16 foreclosure or notice of sale.
- 17 "Foreclosure prevention alternative" means a first lien
- 18 loan modification or another available loss mitigation option,
- 19 including but not limited to a: (1) short sale; (2) short
- 20 refinance; (3) deed in lieu of foreclosure; (4) cash-for-keys
- 21 negotiation; or (5) special forbearance.
- 22 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 23 Professional Regulation or other person authorized to act in
- the Secretary's stead.
- 25 <u>"Sustainable loan workout plan" means a plan that the</u>
- 26 mortgagor and approved counseling agency believe shall enable

new affordable loan.

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1 the mortgagor to stay current on his or her mortgage payments 2 for the foreseeable future when taking into account the 3 mortgagor's income and existing and foreseeable debts. A sustainable loan workout plan may include, but is not limited 4 5 to, (1) a temporary suspension of payments, (2) a lengthened loan term, (3) a lowered or frozen <u>interest rate</u>, (4) a 6 principal write down, (5) a repayment plan to pay the existing 7 8 loan in full, (6) deferred payments, or (7) refinancing into a

"Written notice", "written acknowledgment", or "written offer" means depositing or causing to be deposited into the United States mail an envelope, with first-class postage prepaid, that contains the document to be delivered. The envelope shall be addressed to the mortgagor at the common address of the residential real estate securing the mortgage. The date of written notice, written acknowledgment, or written offer shall be the same as the day it is mailed.

(b) Except in the circumstance in which a mortgagor has filed a petition for relief under the United States Bankruptcy Code, no mortgagee shall file a complaint to foreclose a mortgage secured by residential real estate until the requirements of this Section have been satisfied.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, with respect to a particular mortgage secured by residential real estate, the procedures and forbearances described in this Section apply only once per subject mortgage.

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If a mortgage secured by residential real estate becomes delinquent by more than 30 days, the mortgagee shall send written notice advising the mortgagor that he or she may wish to seek approved housing counseling. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section, nothing shall preclude the mortgagor and mortgagee from communicating with each other during the initial 30 days of delinquency or reaching agreement on a sustainable loan workout plan, or both.

No foreclosure action under Part 15 of Article XV of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be instituted on a mortgage secured by residential real estate before mailing the notice described in this subsection (c).

The notice required in this subsection (c) shall state the date on which the notice was mailed, shall be headed in bold 14-point type "GRACE PERIOD NOTICE", and shall state the following in 14-point type: "YOUR LOAN IS MORE THAN 30 DAYS PAST DUE. YOU MAY BE EXPERIENCING FINANCIAL DIFFICULTY. IT MAY BE IN YOUR BEST INTEREST TO SEEK APPROVED HOUSING COUNSELING. YOU HAVE A GRACE PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THIS NOTICE TO OBTAIN APPROVED HOUSING COUNSELING. DURING THE GRACE PERIOD, THE LAW PROHIBITS US FROM TAKING ANY LEGAL ACTION AGAINST YOU. YOU MAY BE ENTITLED TO AN ADDITIONAL 30 DAY GRACE PERIOD IF YOU OBTAIN HOUSING COUNSELING FROM AN APPROVED HOUSING COUNSELING AGENCY. A LIST OF APPROVED COUNSELING AGENCIES MAY BE OBTAINED FROM THE ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL AND PROFESSIONAL REGULATION OR THE ILLINOIS FORECLOSURE PREVENTION NETWORK

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## WEBSITE, HTTP://KEEPYOURHOMEILLINOIS.ORG."

The notice shall also list the Department's current consumer hotline, the Department's website, and the telephone number, fax number, and mailing address of the mortgagee. No language, other than language substantially similar to the language prescribed in this subsection (c), shall be included in the notice. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, the grace period notice required by this subsection (c) may be combined with a counseling notification required under federal law.

- (d) Until 30 days after mailing the notice provided for under subsection (c) of this Section, no legal action shall be instituted under Part 15 of Article XV of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (e) If, within the 30-day period provided under subsection (d) of this Section, an approved counseling agency provides written notice to the mortgagee that the mortgagor is seeking approved counseling services, then no legal action under Part 15 of Article XV of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be instituted for 30 days after the date of that notice. The date that such notice is sent shall be stated in the notice, and shall be sent to the address or fax number contained in the Grace Period Notice required under subsection (c) of this Section. During the 30-day period provided under this subsection (e), the mortgagor or counselor or both may prepare and proffer to the mortgagee a proposed sustainable loan

- workout plan. The mortgagee shall then determine whether to 1
- 2 accept the proposed sustainable loan workout plan. If the
- 3 mortgagee and the mortgagor agree to a sustainable loan workout
- 4 plan, then no legal action under Part 15 of Article XV of the
- 5 Code of Civil Procedure shall be instituted for as long as the
- sustainable loan workout plan is complied with by the 6
- 7 mortgagor.
- The agreed sustainable loan workout plan and any 8
- 9 modifications thereto must be in writing and signed by the
- 10 mortgagee and the mortgagor.
- 11 Upon written notice to the mortgagee, the mortgagor may
- 12 change approved counseling agencies, but such a change does not
- 13 entitle the mortgagor to any additional period of forbearance.
- 14 (f) If the mortgagor fails to comply with the sustainable
- loan workout plan, then nothing in this Section shall be 15
- 16 construed to impair the legal rights of the mortgagee to
- 17 enforce the contract.
- (q) A counselor employed by a housing counseling agency or 18
- 19 the housing counseling agency that in good faith provides
- 20 counseling shall not be liable to a mortgagee or mortgagor for
- 21 civil damages, except for willful or wanton misconduct on the
- 22 part of the counselor in providing the counseling.
- (h) There shall be no waiver of any provision of this 23
- 24 Section.
- 25 (i) It is the General Assembly's intent that compliance
- 26 with this Section shall not prejudice a mortgagee in ratings of

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1	its bad debt collection or calculation standards or policies.
2	(j) With respect to foreclosure prevention alternative
3	applications, the following apply:
4	(1) When a mortgagor submits a complete foreclosure
5	prevention alternative application, or any document in
6	connection with a foreclosure prevention alternative
7	application, the mortgagee shall provide writter
8	acknowledgment of the receipt of the documentation within 5
9	business days of receipt.
10	(2) For purposes of this Section, an application is
11	complete when a mortgagor has supplied the mortgagee with
12	all documents required by the mortgagee within the
13	reasonable timeframe specified by the mortgage servicer.
14	(3) The mortgagee may not charge an application,
15	processing, or other fee in connection with a foreclosure
16	prevention alternative application.
17	(4) The mortgagee may not collect any late fees for
18	periods during which a foreclosure prevention alternative
19	is under consideration or a denial is being appealed.
20	(5) In its initial written acknowledgment of receipt of
21	the complete loan modification application, or any
22	document in connection with a foreclosure prevention
23	alternative application, the mortgagee shall include the
24	following information:
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(i) a description of the foreclosure prevention

alternative evaluation process, including an estimate

1	of when a decision on the foreclosure prevention
2	alternative will be made after a complete application
3	has been submitted by the mortgagor and the length of
4	time the mortgagor will have to consider an offer of a
5	foreclosure prevention alternative;
6	(ii) any deadlines, including deadlines to submit
7	missing documentation, that would affect the
8	processing of a foreclosure prevention alternative
9	application;
10	(iii) any expiration dates for submitted
11	documents; and
12	(iv) any deficiency in the mortgagor's first lien
13	loan modification application or an acknowledgment of
14	receipt of a complete foreclosure prevention
15	alternative application or both.
16	(6) A mortgagee shall have no more than 30 days after
17	receipt of a complete foreclosure prevention alternative
18	application to provide the mortgagor with a written
19	acceptance or denial of the complete foreclosure
20	prevention alternative application, or, if applicable, to
21	provide the mortgagor with a written acceptance or denial
22	of an appeal.
23	(7) When a mortgagor accepts an offered foreclosure
24	prevention alternative, the mortgagee shall provide the
25	mortgagor with a copy of the fully executed foreclosure
26	prevention alternative agreement within 7 days following

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receipt	ΟI	tne	executea	copy	Irom	tne	mortgagor.

- (8) If a mortgagor submits a complete application for a foreclosure prevention alternative offered by or through the mortgagor's mortgage servicer, a mortgage servicer, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent may not file a foreclosure complaint, seek a foreclosure judgment, or conduct or seek to confirm a judicial sale.
- (9) If a foreclosure prevention alternative is approved in writing, a mortgage servicer, mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent may not record a notice of foreclosure or a notice of sale or conduct a judicial sale as long as the mortgagor is in compliance with the terms of the foreclosure prevention alternative.
- (10) A mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall record a rescission of a notice of foreclosure or cancel a pending judicial sale, if applicable, upon the mortgagor executing a permanent foreclosure prevention alternative.
- (11) If the mortgagor's application for a foreclosure prevention alternative is denied, the mortgagor shall have at least 30 days from the date of the written denial to appeal the denial and to provide evidence that the mortgage servicer's determination was in error.
- (12) Following the denial of a foreclosure prevention alternative, the mortgagee shall send a written notice to the mortgagor identifying the reasons for the denial,

1	<pre>including the following:</pre>
2	(i) the amount of time from the date of the denial
3	letter in which the mortgagor may request an appeal of
4	the denial of the foreclosure prevention alternative
5	and instructions regarding how to appeal the denial;
6	(ii) if the denial was based on investor
7	disallowance, the specific reasons for the investor
8	disallowance;
9	(iii) if the denial is the result of a net present
10	value calculation, the monthly gross income and
11	property value used to calculate the net present value
12	and a statement that the mortgagor may obtain all of
13	the inputs used in the net present value calculation
14	upon written request to the mortgage servicer;
15	(iv) if applicable, a finding that the mortgagor
16	was previously offered a foreclosure prevention
17	alternative and defaulted on, or otherwise breached,
18	the mortgagor's obligations under the foreclosure
19	prevention alternative agreement;
20	(v) if applicable, a description of other
21	foreclosure prevention alternatives for which the
22	mortgagor may be eligible, and a list of the steps the
23	mortgagor must take in order to be considered for those
24	options; and
25	(vi) if the mortgagee has already approved the
26	mortgagor for another foreclosure prevention

1	alternative, information necessary to complete the
2	approved foreclosure prevention alternative.
3	(13) A mortgage servicer, mortgagee, trustee,
4	beneficiary, or authorized agent may not record or file a
5	foreclosure complaint, seek a foreclosure judgment, or
6	<pre>conduct or seek to confirm a judicial sale until:</pre>
7	(i) the mortgagee provides written notice of a
8	determination that the mortgagor is not eligible for a
9	foreclosure prevention alternative and any appeal
10	period has expired;
11	(ii) the mortgagor does not accept an offered
12	foreclosure prevention alternative within 14 days of
13	the written offer;
14	(iii) the mortgagor accepts a foreclosure
15	prevention alternative, but defaults on or otherwise
16	breaches the mortgagor's obligations under the
17	foreclosure prevention alternative; or
18	(iv) if the mortgagor appeals the denial, the later
19	of 15 days after the denial of the appeal or 14 days
20	after a foreclosure prevention alternative is offered
21	in writing after appeal but declined by the mortgagor,
22	or, if a foreclosure prevention alternative is offered
23	in writing and accepted after appeal, the date on which
24	the mortgagor breaches the terms of the offer.
25	(14) In order to minimize the risk of mortgagors
26	submitting multiple applications for first lien loan

modifications for the purpose of delay, the mortgagee is not obligated to evaluate applications from mortgagors who have already been evaluated or afforded a fair opportunity to be evaluated for a foreclosure prevention alternative prior to January 1, 2014, or who have been evaluated or afforded a fair opportunity to be evaluated consistent with the requirements of this Section, unless there has been a material change in the mortgagor's financial circumstances since the date of the mortgagor's previous application and that change is documented by the mortgagor and submitted to the mortgage servicer.

- (15) If a mortgagor has been approved in writing for a foreclosure prevention alternative, and the servicing of that mortgagor's loan is transferred or sold to another mortgage servicer, the subsequent mortgagee must continue to honor any previously approved foreclosure prevention alternative.
- (k) When a mortgagor requests a foreclosure prevention alternative, the mortgagee shall promptly establish a single point of contact and provide to the mortgagor one or more direct means of communication with the single point of contact. The single point of contact shall be responsible for doing all of the following:
  - (i) communicating the process by which a mortgagor may apply for an available foreclosure prevention alternative and the deadline for any required submissions to be

1	considered for these options;
2	(ii) coordinating receipt of all documents associated
3	with available foreclosure prevention alternatives and
4	notifying the mortgagor of any missing documents necessary
5	to complete the application;
6	(iii) having access to current information and
7	personnel sufficient to timely, accurately, and adequately
8	inform the mortgagor of the current status of the
9	foreclosure prevention alternative application;
10	(iv) ensuring that a mortgagor is considered for all
11	foreclosure prevention alternatives offered by or through
12	the mortgage servicer, if any; and
13	(v) having access to individuals with the ability and
14	authority to stop foreclosure proceedings when necessary.
15	The single point of contact shall remain assigned to the
16	mortgagor's account until the mortgagee determines that all
17	loss mitigation options offered by or through the mortgagee
18	have been exhausted or the mortgagor's account becomes current.
19	The mortgagee shall ensure that a single point of contact
20	refers and transfers a mortgagor to an appropriate supervisor
21	upon request of the mortgagor, if the single point of contact
22	has a supervisor.
23	As used in this subsection (k), "single point of contact"
24	means an individual who has the ability and authority to
25	perform the responsibilities described in this subsection.
26	(1) With respect to documents relative to a foreclosure

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proceeding, the following apply	proceeding,	the	following	apply:
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- (1) Any affidavit filed in any court relative to a foreclosure proceeding shall be accurate and complete and supported by competent and reliable evidence.
  - (2) Before recording or filing any of the documents related to the foreclosure, a mortgagee shall ensure that it has reviewed competent and reliable evidence to substantiate the mortgagor's default and the mortgagee's right to foreclose, including the mortgagor's loan status and loan information.
  - (3) Any mortgagee that engages in multiple and repeated uncorrected violations in recording documents or in filing documents in any court relative to a foreclosure proceeding shall be liable for a civil penalty, of up to \$7,500 per mortgage or deed of trust, in an action brought by a government entity or in an administrative proceeding brought by the Department against a respective licensee, in addition to any other remedies available to these entities.
- (m) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, no request for a deficiency judgment shall be granted to any plaintiff for a first lien mortgage, deed of trust, or purchase money loan that is:
  - (i) secured by owner-occupied residential real property containing no more than 4 dwelling units; and
  - (ii) in fact used to pay all or part of the purchase price of the dwelling occupied entirely or in part by the

purchaser.

As used in this subsection (m), a "purchase money loan" is any loan, refinance, or other credit transaction (collectively, a "credit transaction") which is used to refinance a purchase money loan, or subsequent refinances of a purchase money loan, except to the extent that in a credit transaction, the lender or creditor advances new principal (hereafter "new advance") which is not applied to any obligation owed or to be owed under the purchase money loan, or to fees, costs, or related expenses of the credit transaction. Any new credit transaction shall be deemed to be a purchase money loan except as to the principal amount of any new advance. Any payment of principal shall be applied first to the principal balance of the purchase money loan, and then to the principal balance of any new advance, and interest payments shall be applied to any interest due and owing.

- (n) Whenever a judicial sale is postponed for at least 10 business days, a mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall provide written notice regarding the new sale date and time, to all parties who have appeared or filed an answer, within 5 business days following the postponement. Failure to comply with this subsection (n) does not invalidate any sale that would otherwise be valid.
- (o) Failure to comply with any of the requirements of this Section shall provide a private right of action, which can be asserted by a mortgagor as a defense or counterclaim in a

foreclosure action, or as a claim in an independent action. In

a foreclosure action, the mortgagor may assert a defense or

counterclaim to oppose or vacate a foreclosure judgment, to

postpone or set aside a judicial sale, or to oppose or vacate

an order approving a sale.

After a deed upon sale has been recorded, a mortgage servicer, mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall be liable to a mortgagor for actual economic damages resulting from a material violation of this Section by that mortgage servicer, mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent where the violation was not corrected and remedied prior to the recording of the deed upon sale. If the court finds that the material violation was intentional or reckless, or resulted from willful misconduct by a mortgage servicer, mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent, the court may award the mortgagor the greater of treble actual damages or statutory damages of \$50,000.

A mortgage servicer, mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent is not liable for any violation that it has corrected and remedied prior to the recordation of a deed upon sale, or that has been corrected and remedied by a third party working on its behalf prior to the recordation of a deed upon sale.

A violation of this Section by a person licensed by the Department shall be deemed to be a violation of that person's licensing law.

No violation of this Article shall affect the validity of a sale in favor of a bona fide purchaser and any of its encumbrancers for value without notice. A third-party encumbrancer shall not be relieved of liability resulting from violations of this Section, committed by that third-party encumbrancer, that occurred prior to the sale of the subject property to the bona fide purchaser.

The rights, remedies, and procedures provided by this Section are in addition to and independent of any other rights, remedies, or procedures under any other law. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to alter, limit, or negate any other rights, remedies, or procedures provided by law.

A court shall award a prevailing mortgagor reasonable attorney's fees and costs in an action brought under this Section. A mortgagor shall be deemed to have prevailed for purposes of this subsection (o) if the mortgagor obtained injunctive relief or was awarded damages under this Section.

- (p) For all residential real estate with no more than 4 dwelling units that is occupied as a principal residence by the mortgagor, a judgment must include, in addition to the other information required in Section 15-1506 of this Code, a written finding by the court that all reasonable foreclosure prevention alternatives have been exhausted by the mortgagee and mortgagor.
- (q) Consistent with its general regulatory authority, the

  Department may adopt rules applicable to any entity or person

under its respective <u>jurisdiction that are necessary to</u>

- 2 implement this Section. A violation of the rules adopted
- 3 pursuant to this Section shall be enforceable only by the
- 4 Department.
- 5 (r) Unless otherwise provided, this Section applies only to
- 6 <u>residential real estate with no more than 4 dwelling units that</u>
- is occupied as a principal residence by the mortgagor.
- 8 (s) The provisions of this Section are severable. If any
- 9 provision of this Section or its application is held invalid,
- 10 that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
- 11 applications that can be given effect without the invalid
- 12 provision or application.
- 13 (735 ILCS 5/15-1504) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1504)
- 14 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-1164)
- 15 Sec. 15-1504. Pleadings and service.
- 16 (a) Form of Complaint. A foreclosure complaint may be in
- 17 substantially the following form:
- 18 (1) Plaintiff files this complaint to foreclose the
- 19 mortgage (or other conveyance in the nature of a mortgage)
- 20 (hereinafter called "mortgage") hereinafter described and
- joins the following person as defendants: (here insert
- 22 names of all defendants).
- 23 (2) Attached as Exhibit "A" is a copy of the mortgage
- and as Exhibit "B" is a copy of the note secured thereby.
- 25 (3) Information concerning mortgage:

1	(A) Nature of instrument: (here insert whether a
2	mortgage, trust deed or other instrument in the nature
3	of a mortgage, etc.)
4	(B) Date of mortgage:
5	(C) Name of mortgagor:
6	(D) Name of mortgagee:
7	(E) Date and place of recording:
8	(F) Identification of recording: (here insert book
9	and page number or document number)
10	(G) Interest subject to the mortgage: (here insert
11	whether fee simple, estate for years, undivided
12	interest, etc.)
13	(H) Amount of original indebtedness, including
14	subsequent advances made under the mortgage:
15	(I) Both the legal description of the mortgaged
16	real estate and the common address or other information
17	sufficient to identify it with reasonable certainty:
18	(J) Statement as to defaults, including, but not
19	necessarily limited to, date of default, current
20	unpaid principal balance, per diem interest accruing,
21	and any further information concerning the default:
22	(K) Name of present owner of the real estate:
23	(L) Names of other persons who are joined as
24	defendants and whose interest in or lien on the
25	mortgaged real estate is sought to be terminated:

(M) Names of defendants claimed to be personally

liable for deficiency, if any:

- (N) Capacity in which plaintiff brings this foreclosure (here indicate whether plaintiff is the legal holder of the indebtedness, a pledgee, an agent, the trustee under a trust deed or otherwise, as appropriate):
- (0) Facts in support of redemption period shorter than the longer of (i) 7 months from the date the mortgagor or, if more than one, all the mortgagors (I) have been served with summons or by publication or (II) have otherwise submitted to the jurisdiction of the court, or (ii) 3 months from the entry of the judgment of foreclosure, if sought (here indicate whether based upon the real estate not being residential, abandonment, or real estate value less than 90% of amount owed, etc.):
- (P) Statement that the right of redemption has been waived by all owners of redemption, if applicable:
- (Q) Facts in support of request for attorneys' fees and of costs and expenses, if applicable:
- (R) Facts in support of a request for appointment of mortgagee in possession or for appointment of receiver, and identity of such receiver, if sought:
- (S) Offer to mortgagor in accordance with Section 15-1402 to accept title to the real estate in satisfaction of all indebtedness and obligations

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1	secured by the mortgage without judicial sale, if
2	sought:
3	(T) Name or names of defendants whose right to
4	possess the mortgaged real estate, after the
5	confirmation of a foreclosure sale, is sought to be
6	terminated and, if not elsewhere stated, the facts in
7	support thereof:
8	(U) For all residential real estate with no more
9	than 4 dwelling units that is occupied as a principal
10	residence by the mortgagor, statement as to what
11	sustainable loan workout plans, if any, have been
12	attempted between the mortgagee and mortgagor:
13	(V) For all residential real estate with no more
14	than 4 dwelling units that is occupied as a principal
15	residence by the mortgagor, statement as to what
16	foreclosure prevention alternatives will be attempted
17	between the mortgagee and mortgagor:
18	REQUEST FOR RELIEF
19	Plaintiff requests:
20	(i) A judgment of foreclosure and sale.
21	(ii) An order granting a shortened redemption period,
22	if sought.
23	(iii) A personal judgment for a deficiency, if sought.

(iv) An order granting possession, if sought.

(v) An order placing the mortgagee in possession or

- 1 appointing a receiver, if sought.
- 2 (vi) A judgment for attorneys' fees, costs and 3 expenses, if sought.
  - (b) Required Information. A foreclosure complaint need contain only such statements and requests called for by the form set forth in subsection (a) of Section 15-1504 as may be appropriate for the relief sought. Such complaint may be filed as a counterclaim, may be joined with other counts or may include in the same count additional matters or a request for any additional relief permitted by Article II of the Code of Civil Procedure.
  - (c) Allegations. The statements contained in a complaint in the form set forth in subsection (a) of Section 15-1504 are deemed and construed to include allegations as follows:
    - (1) on the date indicated the obligor of the indebtedness or other obligations secured by the mortgage was justly indebted in the amount of the indicated original indebtedness to the original mortgagee or payee of the mortgage note;
    - (2) that the exhibits attached are true and correct copies of the mortgage and note and are incorporated and made a part of the complaint by express reference;
    - (3) that the mortgagor was at the date indicated an owner of the interest in the real estate described in the complaint and that as of that date made, executed and delivered the mortgage as security for the note or other

1 obligations;

- (4) that the mortgage was recorded in the county in which the mortgaged real estate is located, on the date indicated, in the book and page or as the document number indicated;
  - (5) that defaults occurred as indicated;
- (6) that at the time of the filing of the complaint the persons named as present owners are the owners of the indicated interests in and to the real estate described;
- (7) that the mortgage constitutes a valid, prior and paramount lien upon the indicated interest in the mortgaged real estate, which lien is prior and superior to the right, title, interest, claim or lien of all parties and nonrecord claimants whose interests in the mortgaged real estate are sought to be terminated;
- (8) that by reason of the defaults alleged, if the indebtedness has not matured by its terms, the same has become due by the exercise, by the plaintiff or other persons having such power, of a right or power to declare immediately due and payable the whole of all indebtedness secured by the mortgage;
- (9) that any and all notices of default or election to declare the indebtedness due and payable or other notices required to be given have been duly and properly given;
- (10) that any and all periods of grace or other period of time allowed for the performance of the covenants or

conditions claimed to be breached or for the curing of any breaches have expired;

- (11) that the amounts indicated in the statement in the complaint are correctly stated and if such statement indicates any advances made or to be made by the plaintiff or owner of the mortgage indebtedness, that such advances were, in fact, made or will be required to be made, and under and by virtue of the mortgage the same constitute additional indebtedness secured by the mortgage; and
- (12) that, upon confirmation of the sale, the holder of the certificate of sale or deed issued pursuant to that certificate or, if no certificate or deed was issued, the purchaser at the sale will be entitled to full possession of the mortgaged real estate against the parties named in clause (T) of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 15-1504 or elsewhere to the same effect; the omission of any party indicates that plaintiff will not seek a possessory order in the order confirming sale unless the request is subsequently made under subsection (h) of Section 15-1701 or by separate action under Article 9 of this Code.
- (d) Request for Fees and Costs. A statement in the complaint that plaintiff seeks the inclusion of attorneys' fees and of costs and expenses shall be deemed and construed to include allegations that:
  - (1) plaintiff has been compelled to employ and retain

attorneys to prepare and file the complaint and to represent and advise the plaintiff in the foreclosure of the mortgage and the plaintiff will thereby become liable

for the usual, reasonable and customary fees of the

5 attorneys in that behalf;

- (2) that the plaintiff has been compelled to advance or will be compelled to advance, various sums of money in payment of costs, fees, expenses and disbursements incurred in connection with the foreclosure, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, filing fees, stenographer's fees, witness fees, costs of publication, costs of procuring and preparing documentary evidence and costs of procuring abstracts of title, Torrens certificates, foreclosure minutes and a title insurance policy;
- (3) that under the terms of the mortgage, all such advances, costs, attorneys' fees and other fees, expenses and disbursements are made a lien upon the mortgaged real estate and the plaintiff is entitled to recover all such advances, costs, attorneys' fees, expenses and disbursements, together with interest on all advances at the rate provided in the mortgage, or, if no rate is provided therein, at the statutory judgment rate, from the date on which such advances are made;
- (4) that in order to protect the lien of the mortgage, it may become necessary for plaintiff to pay taxes and

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assessments which have been or may be levied upon the mortgaged real estate;

- (5) that in order to protect and preserve the mortgaged real estate, it may also become necessary for the plaintiff to pay liability (protecting mortgagor and mortgagee), fire and other hazard insurance premiums on the mortgaged real estate, make such repairs to the mortgaged real estate as may reasonably be deemed necessary for the proper preservation thereof, advance for costs to inspect the mortgaged real estate or to appraise it, or both, advance for premiums for pre-existing private governmental mortgage insurance to the extent required after a foreclosure is commenced in order to keep such insurance in force: and
- (6) that under the terms of the mortgage, any money so paid or expended will become an additional indebtedness secured by the mortgage and will bear interest from the date such monies are advanced at the rate provided in the mortgage, or, if no rate is provided, at the statutory judgment rate.
- (e) Request for Foreclosure. The request for foreclosure is deemed and construed to mean that the plaintiff requests that:
  - (1) an accounting may be taken under the direction of the court of the amounts due and owing to the plaintiff;
  - (2) that the defendants be ordered to pay to the plaintiff before expiration of any redemption period (or,

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if no redemption period, before a short date fixed by the court) whatever sums may appear to be due upon the taking of such account, together with attorneys' fees and costs of the proceedings (to the extent provided in the mortgage or by law);

- (3) that in default of such payment in accordance with the judgment, the mortgaged real estate be sold as directed by the court, to satisfy the amount due to the plaintiff as set forth in the judgment, together with the interest thereon at the statutory judgment rate from the date of the judgment;
- (4) that in the event the plaintiff is a purchaser of the mortgaged real estate at such sale, the plaintiff may offset against the purchase price of such real estate the amounts due under the judgment of foreclosure and order confirming the sale;
- (5) that in the event of such sale and the failure of any person entitled thereto to redeem prior to such sale pursuant to this Article, the defendants made parties to the foreclosure in accordance with this Article, and all nonrecord claimants given notice of the foreclosure in accordance with this Article, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, and each and any and all of them, may be forever barred and foreclosed of any right, title, interest, claim, lien, or right to redeem in and to the mortgaged real estate; and

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- (6) that if no redemption is made prior to such sale, a deed may be issued to the purchaser thereat according to law and such purchaser be let into possession of the mortgaged real estate in accordance with Part 17 of this Article.
  - (f) Request for Deficiency Judgment. A request for a personal judgment for a deficiency in a foreclosure complaint if the sale of the mortgaged real estate fails to produce a sufficient amount to pay the amount found due, the plaintiff may have a personal judgment against any party in the foreclosure indicated as being personally liable therefor and the enforcement thereof be had as provided by law.
  - (q) Request for Possession or Receiver. A request for possession or appointment of a receiver has the meaning as stated in subsection (b) of Section 15-1706.
- (h) Answers by Parties. Any party may assert its interest by counterclaim and such counterclaim may at the option of that party stand in lieu of answer to the complaint for foreclosure and all counter complaints previously or thereafter filed in the foreclosure. Any such counterclaim shall be deemed to constitute a statement that the counter claimant does not have sufficient knowledge to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of the complaint and all other counterclaims, except to the extent that the counterclaim admits or specifically denies such allegations.
- (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.) 26

Τ	(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-1164)
2	Sec. 15-1504. Pleadings and service.
3	(a) Form of Complaint. A foreclosure complaint may be in
4	substantially the following form:
5	(1) Plaintiff files this complaint to foreclose the
6	mortgage (or other conveyance in the nature of a mortgage)
7	(hereinafter called "mortgage") hereinafter described and
8	joins the following person as defendants: (here insert
9	names of all defendants).
10	(2) Attached as Exhibit "A" is a copy of the mortgage
11	and as Exhibit "B" is a copy of the note secured thereby.
12	(3) Information concerning mortgage:
13	(A) Nature of instrument: (here insert whether a
14	mortgage, trust deed or other instrument in the nature
15	of a mortgage, etc.)
16	(B) Date of mortgage:
17	(C) Name of mortgagor:
18	(D) Name of mortgagee:
19	(E) Date and place of recording:
20	(F) Identification of recording: (here insert book
21	and page number or document number)
22	(G) Interest subject to the mortgage: (here insert
23	whether fee simple, estate for years, undivided
24	<pre>interest, etc.)</pre>
25	(H) Amount of original indebtedness, including

subsequent advances made under the mortgage:

- (I) Both the legal description of the mortgaged real estate and the common address or other information sufficient to identify it with reasonable certainty:
- (J) Statement as to defaults, including, but not necessarily limited to, date of default, current unpaid principal balance, per diem interest accruing, and any further information concerning the default:
  - (K) Name of present owner of the real estate:
- (L) Names of other persons who are joined as defendants and whose interest in or lien on the mortgaged real estate is sought to be terminated:
- (M) Names of defendants claimed to be personally liable for deficiency, if any:
- (N) Capacity in which plaintiff brings this foreclosure (here indicate whether plaintiff is the legal holder of the indebtedness, a pledgee, an agent, the trustee under a trust deed or otherwise, as appropriate):
- (O) Facts in support of redemption period shorter than the longer of (i) 7 months from the date the mortgagor or, if more than one, all the mortgagors (I) have been served with summons or by publication or (II) have otherwise submitted to the jurisdiction of the court, or (ii) 3 months from the entry of the judgment of foreclosure, if sought (here indicate whether based

1	upon the real estate not being residential or real
2	estate value less than 90% of amount owed, etc.):
3	(P) Statement that the right of redemption has been
4	waived by all owners of redemption, if applicable:
5	(Q) Facts in support of request for attorneys' fees
6	and of costs and expenses, if applicable:
7	(R) Facts in support of a request for appointment
8	of mortgagee in possession or for appointment of
9	receiver, and identity of such receiver, if sought:
10	(S) Offer to mortgagor in accordance with Section
11	15-1402 to accept title to the real estate in
12	satisfaction of all indebtedness and obligations
13	secured by the mortgage without judicial sale, if
14	sought:
15	(T) Name or names of defendants whose right to
16	possess the mortgaged real estate, after the
17	confirmation of a foreclosure sale, is sought to be
18	terminated and, if not elsewhere stated, the facts in
19	support thereof:
20	(U) For all residential real estate with no more
21	than 4 dwelling units that is occupied as a principal
22	residence by the mortgagor, statement as to what
23	sustainable loan workout plans, if any, have been
24	attempted between the mortgagee and mortgagor:
25	(V) For all residential real estate with no more

than 4 dwelling units that is occupied as a principal

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1	residence	by	the	mortgagor,	statement	as	to	what
2	foreclosur	e pr	event	tion alterna	tives will	be	atte	mpted
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## 4 REOUEST FOR RELIEF

- Plaintiff requests: 5
- (i) A judgment of foreclosure and sale. 6
- 7 (ii) An order granting a shortened redemption period, if sought. 8
- 9 (iii) A personal judgment for a deficiency, if sought.
- 10 (iv) An order granting possession, if sought.
- 11 (v) An order placing the mortgagee in possession or 12 appointing a receiver, if sought.
- (vi) A judgment for attorneys' fees, 1.3 costs and 14 expenses, if sought.
  - Required Information. A foreclosure complaint need contain only such statements and requests called for by the form set forth in subsection (a) of Section 15-1504 as may be appropriate for the relief sought. Such complaint may be filed as a counterclaim, may be joined with other counts or may include in the same count additional matters or a request for any additional relief permitted by Article II of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (c) Allegations. The statements contained in a complaint in the form set forth in subsection (a) of Section 15-1504 are 25 deemed and construed to include allegations as follows:

- 3
- 1 (1) that, on the date indicated, the obligor of the 2 indebtedness or other obligations secured by the mortgage
- 3 was justly indebted in the amount of the indicated original
- 4 indebtedness to the original mortgagee or payee of the
- 5 mortgage note;

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- (2) that the exhibits attached are true and correct copies of the mortgage and note and are incorporated and
- 8 made a part of the complaint by express reference;
  - (3) that the mortgagor was at the date indicated an owner of the interest in the real estate described in the complaint and that as of that date made, executed and delivered the mortgage as security for the note or other obligations;
  - (4) that the mortgage was recorded in the county in which the mortgaged real estate is located, on the date indicated, in the book and page or as the document number indicated;
    - (5) that defaults occurred as indicated;
  - (6) that at the time of the filing of the complaint the persons named as present owners are the owners of the indicated interests in and to the real estate described;
  - (7) that the mortgage constitutes a valid, prior and paramount lien upon the indicated interest in the mortgaged real estate, which lien is prior and superior to the right, title, interest, claim or lien of all parties and nonrecord claimants whose interests in the mortgaged real estate are

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sought to be terminated;

- (8) that by reason of the defaults alleged, if the indebtedness has not matured by its terms, the same has become due by the exercise, by the plaintiff or other persons having such power, of a right or power to declare immediately due and payable the whole of all indebtedness secured by the mortgage;
- (9) that any and all notices of default or election to declare the indebtedness due and payable or other notices required to be given have been duly and properly given;
- (10) that any and all periods of grace or other period of time allowed for the performance of the covenants or conditions claimed to be breached or for the curing of any breaches have expired;
- (11) that the amounts indicated in the statement in the complaint are correctly stated and if such statement indicates any advances made or to be made by the plaintiff or owner of the mortgage indebtedness, that such advances were, in fact, made or will be required to be made, and under and by virtue of the mortgage the same constitute additional indebtedness secured by the mortgage; and
- (12) that, upon confirmation of the sale, the holder of the certificate of sale or deed issued pursuant to that certificate or, if no certificate or deed was issued, the purchaser at the sale will be entitled to full possession of the mortgaged real estate against the parties named in

- clause (T) of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 15-1504 or elsewhere to the same effect; the omission of any party indicates that plaintiff will not seek a possessory order in the order confirming sale unless the request is subsequently made under subsection (h) of Section 15-1701 or by separate action under Article 9 of this Code.
- (d) Request for Fees and Costs. A statement in the complaint that plaintiff seeks the inclusion of attorneys' fees and of costs and expenses shall be deemed and construed to include allegations that:
  - (1) plaintiff has been compelled to employ and retain attorneys to prepare and file the complaint and to represent and advise the plaintiff in the foreclosure of the mortgage and the plaintiff will thereby become liable for the usual, reasonable and customary fees of the attorneys in that behalf;
  - (2) the plaintiff has been compelled to advance or will be compelled to advance, various sums of money in payment of costs, fees, expenses and disbursements incurred in connection with the foreclosure, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, filing fees, stenographer's fees, witness fees, costs of publication, costs of procuring and preparing documentary evidence and costs of procuring abstracts of title, Torrens certificates, foreclosure minutes and a title insurance

policy;

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- (3) under the terms of the mortgage, all such advances, costs, attorneys' fees and other fees, expenses and disbursements are made a lien upon the mortgaged real estate and the plaintiff is entitled to recover all such advances, costs, attorneys' fees, expenses and disbursements, together with interest on all advances at the rate provided in the mortgage, or, if no rate is provided therein, at the statutory judgment rate, from the date on which such advances are made;
- (4) in order to protect the lien of the mortgage, it may become necessary for plaintiff to pay taxes and assessments which have been or may be levied upon the mortgaged real estate;
- (5) in order to protect and preserve the mortgaged real estate, it may also become necessary for the plaintiff to pay liability (protecting mortgagor and mortgagee), fire and other hazard insurance premiums on the mortgaged real estate, make such repairs to the mortgaged real estate as may reasonably be deemed necessary for the proper preservation thereof, advance for costs to inspect the mortgaged real estate or to appraise it, or both, and for pre-existing advance for premiums private governmental mortgage insurance to the extent required after a foreclosure is commenced in order to keep such insurance in force; and

	(6) under the terms of the mortgage, any money so paid
2	or expended will become an additional indebtedness secured
3	by the mortgage and will bear interest from the date such
1	monies are advanced at the rate provided in the mortgage,

- (e) Request for Foreclosure. The request for foreclosure is deemed and construed to mean that the plaintiff requests that:
  - (1) an accounting may be taken under the direction of the court of the amounts due and owing to the plaintiff;

or, if no rate is provided, at the statutory judgment rate.

- (2) the defendants be ordered to pay to the plaintiff before expiration of any redemption period (or, if no redemption period, before a short date fixed by the court) whatever sums may appear to be due upon the taking of such account, together with attorneys' fees and costs of the proceedings (to the extent provided in the mortgage or by law);
- (3) in default of such payment in accordance with the judgment, the mortgaged real estate be sold as directed by the court, to satisfy the amount due to the plaintiff as set forth in the judgment, together with the interest thereon at the statutory judgment rate from the date of the judgment;
- (4) in the event the plaintiff is a purchaser of the mortgaged real estate at such sale, the plaintiff may offset against the purchase price of such real estate the amounts due under the judgment of foreclosure and order

confirming the sale;

- (5) in the event of such sale and the failure of any person entitled thereto to redeem prior to such sale pursuant to this Article, the defendants made parties to the foreclosure in accordance with this Article, and all nonrecord claimants given notice of the foreclosure in accordance with this Article, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, and each and any and all of them, may be forever barred and foreclosed of any right, title, interest, claim, lien, or right to redeem in and to the mortgaged real estate; and
- (6) if no redemption is made prior to such sale, a deed may be issued to the purchaser thereat according to law and such purchaser be let into possession of the mortgaged real estate in accordance with Part 17 of this Article.
- (f) Request for Deficiency Judgment. A request for a personal judgment for a deficiency in a foreclosure complaint if the sale of the mortgaged real estate fails to produce a sufficient amount to pay the amount found due, the plaintiff may have a personal judgment against any party in the foreclosure indicated as being personally liable therefor and the enforcement thereof be had as provided by law.
- (g) Request for Possession or Receiver. A request for possession or appointment of a receiver has the meaning as stated in subsection (b) of Section 15-1706.
  - (h) Answers by Parties. Any party may assert its interest

by counterclaim and such counterclaim may at the option of that 1 2 party stand in lieu of answer to the complaint for foreclosure 3 and all counter complaints previously or thereafter filed in the foreclosure. Any such counterclaim shall be deemed to 4 5 constitute a statement that the counter claimant does not have 6 sufficient knowledge to form a belief as to the truth or 7 falsity of the allegations of the complaint and all other 8 counterclaims, except to the extent that the counterclaim 9 admits or specifically denies such allegations.

- 10 (Source: P.A. 97-1164, eff. 6-1-13.)
- 11 (735 ILCS 5/15-1507) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1507)
- 12 Sec. 15-1507. Judicial Sale.
- 13 (a) In General. Except as provided in Sections 15-1402 and 15-1403, upon entry of a judgment of foreclosure, the real estate which is the subject of the judgment shall be sold at a judicial sale in accordance with this Section 15-1507.
- (b) Sale Procedures. Upon expiration of the reinstatement 17 period and the redemption period in accordance with subsection 18 19 (b) or (c) of Section 15-1603 or upon the entry of a judgment 20 of foreclosure after the waiver of all rights of redemption, 21 except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 15-1506, the 22 real estate shall be sold at a sale as provided in this 23 Article, on such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the court in the judgment of foreclosure. A sale may be 24 25 conducted by any judge or sheriff.

Τ	(c) Notice of Sale. The mortgagee, or such other party
2	designated by the court, in a foreclosure under this Article
3	shall give public notice of the sale as follows:
4	(1) The notice of sale shall include at least the
5	following information, but an immaterial error in the
6	information shall not invalidate the legal effect of the
7	notice:
8	(A) the name, address and telephone number of the
9	person to contact for information regarding the real
10	estate;
11	(B) the common address and other common
12	description (other than legal description), if any, of
13	the real estate;
14	(C) a legal description of the real estate
15	sufficient to identify it with reasonable certainty;
16	(D) a description of the improvements on the real
17	estate;
18	(E) the times specified in the judgment, if any,
19	when the real estate may be inspected prior to sale;
20	(F) the time and place of the sale;
21	(G) the terms of the sale;
22	(H) the case title, case number and the court in
23	which the foreclosure was filed;
24	(H-1) in the case of a condominium unit to which
25	subsection (g) of Section 9 of the Condominium Property
26	Act applies, the statement required by subdivision

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(g) (5) of Section 9 of the Condominium Property Act;

(H-2) in the case of a unit of a common interest community to which subsection (g-1) of Section 18.5 of the Condominium Property Act applies, the statement required by subdivision (g-1) of Section 18.5 of the Condominium Property Act; and

- (I) such other information ordered by the Court.
- (2) The notice of sale shall be published at least 3 consecutive calendar weeks (Sunday through Saturday), once in each week, the first such notice to be published not more than 45 days prior to the sale, the last such notice to be published not less than 7 days prior to the sale, by: (i) (A) advertisements in a newspaper circulated to the general public in the county in which the real estate is located, in the section of that newspaper where legal notices are commonly placed and (B) advertisements in the section of such a newspaper, which (except in counties with a population in excess of 3,000,000) may be the same newspaper, in which real estate other than real estate being sold as part of legal proceedings is commonly advertised to the general public; provided, that the separate advertisements in the real estate section need not include a legal description and that where both advertisements could be published in the same newspaper and that newspaper does not have separate legal notices and real estate advertisement sections, a

single advertisement with the legal description shall be sufficient; and (ii) such other publications as may be further ordered by the court.

- (3) The party who gives notice of public sale in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 shall also give notice to all parties in the action who have appeared or filed an answer and have not theretofore been found by the court to be in default for failure to plead. Such notice shall be given in the manner provided in the applicable rules of court for service of papers other than process and complaint, not more than 45 days nor less than 7 days prior to the day of sale. After notice is given as required in this Section a copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court entering the judgment, together with a certificate of counsel or other proof that notice has been served in compliance with this Section.
- (4) The party who gives notice of public sale in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 shall again give notice in accordance with that Section of any adjourned sale; provided, however, that if the adjourned sale is to occur less than 60 days after the last scheduled sale, notice of any adjourned sale need not be given pursuant to this Section. In the event of adjournment, the person conducting the sale shall, upon adjournment, announce the date, time and place upon which the adjourned sale shall be held. Notwithstanding any language to the

- contrary, for any adjourned sale that is to be conducted more than 60 days after the date on which it was to first be held, the party giving notice of such sale shall again give notice in accordance with this Section.
- (5) Notice of the sale may be given prior to the expiration of any reinstatement period or redemption period.
- (6) No other notice by publication or posting shall be necessary unless required by order or rule of the court.
- (7) The person named in the notice of sale to be contacted for information about the real estate may, but shall not be required, to provide additional information other than that set forth in the notice of sale.
- (d) Election of Property. If the real estate which is the subject of a judgment of foreclosure is susceptible of division, the court may order it to be sold as necessary to satisfy the judgment. The court shall determine which real estate shall be sold, and the court may determine the order in which separate tracts may be sold.
- (e) Receipt upon Sale. Upon and at the sale of mortgaged real estate, the person conducting the sale shall give to the purchaser a receipt of sale. The receipt shall describe the real estate purchased and shall show the amount bid, the amount paid, the total amount paid to date and the amount still to be paid therefor. An additional receipt shall be given at the time of each subsequent payment.

- (f) Certificate of Sale. Upon payment in full of the amount 1 2 bid, the person conducting the sale shall issue, in duplicate, 3 and give to the purchaser a Certificate of Sale. Certificate of Sale shall be in a recordable form, describe the 5 real estate purchased, indicate the date and place of sale and show the amount paid therefor. The Certificate of Sale shall 6 7 further indicate that it is subject to confirmation by the 8 court. The duplicate certificate may be recorded in accordance 9 with Section 12-121. The Certificate of Sale shall be freely 10 assignable by endorsement thereon.
- 11 (g) Interest after Sale. Any bid at sale shall be deemed to 12 include, without the necessity of a court order, interest at 13 the statutory judgment rate on any unpaid portion of the sale 14 price from the date of sale to the date of payment.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-1045, eff. 7-14-10.)
- Section 10. The Conveyances Act is amended by changing
  Sections 28 and 30 as follows:
- 18 (765 ILCS 5/28) (from Ch. 30, par. 27)
- 19 Sec. 28. Deeds, mortgages, powers of attorney, and other 20 instruments relating to or affecting the title to real estate 21 in this state, shall be recorded in the recorder's office in 22 the county in which such real estate is situated; but if such 23 county is not organized, then in the county to which such 24 unorganized county is attached for judicial purposes. No deed,

- 1 mortgage, assignment of mortgage, or other instrument relating
- 2 to or affecting the title to real estate in this State may
- 3 include a provision prohibiting the recording of that
- 4 instrument, and any such provision in an instrument signed
- 5 after the effective date of this amendatory Act shall be void
- 6 and of no force and effect.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 89-160, eff. 7-19-95.)
- 8 (765 ILCS 5/30) (from Ch. 30, par. 29)
- 9 Sec. 30. <u>Effect of recording.</u> All deeds, mortgages,
- 10 assignments, mortgage releases, mortgage modifications, land
- 11 equity loans, liens, lis pendens, memoranda of judgment, and
- 12 other instruments in <del>of</del> writing that affect interests in real
- 13 property and that which are authorized to be recorded, shall
- 14 take effect and be in force from and after the time of filing
- the same for record, and not before, as to all creditors and
- 16 subsequent purchasers, without notice; and all these such deeds
- 17 and title papers shall be adjudged void as to all such
- 18 creditors and subsequent purchasers, without notice, until the
- same shall be filed for record with the recorder's office in
- the county in which the property is located.
- 21 (Source: Laws 1871-2, p. 282.)
- 22 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes
- 23 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text
- that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section

- 1 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does
- 2 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
- 3 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
- 4 Public Act.
- 5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 6 becoming law, except that Sec. 15-1502.6 of Section 5 takes
- 7 effect on January 1, 2014.