



98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB6013

by Rep. Bill Mitchell

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203
35 ILCS 5/211

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction in an amount equal to workers' compensation costs incurred by the taxpayer that are attributable to employees of the taxpayer who are employed at a location in a county with high unemployment. Creates a credit for taxpayers who (i) are not otherwise entitled to a tax credit under the Economic Development for a Growing Economy Tax Credit Act and (ii) employ at least 5 new employees at a project location in a county with high unemployment. Provides that the amount of the credit shall be determined by multiplying the taxpayer's income tax rate by the average wage of the new employees and then multiplying the result by the number of new employees.

LRB098 20558 HLH 56732 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Sections 203 and 211 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

1 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 administered by the State that is not used for
4 qualified expenses at an eligible education
5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
6 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
10 beneficiary's death or disability;

11 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
18 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
19 any compensation (including but not limited to any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

1 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
4 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
8 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
11 resident by reason of being a member of any component
12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
24 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
26 distributions under the provisions of any retirement

1 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
2 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
3 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
4 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
6 thereto;

7 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
12 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
14 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
15 of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total which were paid by a corporation which
18 conducts business operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
21 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
22 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total that were paid by a corporation that
26 conducts business operations in a federally designated

1 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
2 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
3 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
4 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
5 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
6 this subparagraph (K);

7 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
9 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
10 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code;

12 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
13 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
15 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
17 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
19 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
20 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
25 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
26 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
3 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
4 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
5 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
6 United States; provided that, in the case of any
7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
8 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
12 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
13 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
17 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
19 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
20 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
21 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

22 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
23 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
24 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
25 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
26 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

1 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
2 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

3 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
4 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
5 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
6 medical care savings account established under the
7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
8 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
9 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
10 as provided in that Act;

11 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
12 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
13 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
14 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
15 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
16 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
17 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

18 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
19 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
20 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
21 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
22 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
23 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

24 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
25 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
26 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the

1 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
2 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
3 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
4 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
5 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
6 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
7 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
9 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
10 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
11 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
12 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
13 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
14 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
15 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
16 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
17 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
18 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
19 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
20 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
21 times a number that represents the fractional
22 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
23 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
24 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

25 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
26 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal

1 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
2 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
3 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
5 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
6 extent includible in gross income for federal income
7 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
8 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
19 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
21 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
22 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
23 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
24 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
25 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
26 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall

1 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
2 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
5 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
6 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
7 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
8 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
9 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
10 of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
12 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
13 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
14 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
15 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
16 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0.

8 The aggregate amount deducted under this
9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
20 an amount equal to that addition modification.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
3 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
4 piece of property.

5 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
8 other than salary, received by a driver in a
9 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
14 modification with respect to such transaction under
15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
18 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
21 is required to make an addition modification with
22 respect to such transaction under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
2 into account for the taxable year (net of the
3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
16 addition modification required to be made for the same
17 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
22 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
23 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
10 addition modification required to be made for the same
11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
14 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
17 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
18 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
19 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
20 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250; ~~and~~

22 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
23 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
24 add back any insurance premiums under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
26 that part of a reimbursement received from the

1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
2 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
3 company) that would have been taken into account as a
4 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
6 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
7 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
8 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
9 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
10 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and-~~

11 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to the costs incurred
13 by the taxpayer as an employer under Sections 2, 3, and
14 4 of the Workers' Compensation Act that are
15 attributable to employees of the taxpayer who are
16 employed at a location in a county with high
17 unemployment; for the purposes of this subparagraph, a
18 "county with high unemployment" means a county that had
19 an unemployment rate for the entire taxable year that
20 exceeds the average unemployment rate for the State for
21 the entire taxable year by at least 2%, as reported by
22 the Department of Employment Security; this
23 subparagraph (HH) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250.

25 (b) Corporations.

1 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
3 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

4 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
5 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
6 of the following amounts:

7 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
8 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
9 received from regulated investment companies during
10 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
11 income in the computation of taxable income;

12 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
13 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
14 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

15 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
16 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
17 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
18 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
19 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
21 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
23 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
24 law and is not a new enactment);

25 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
26 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net

1 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
2 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

3 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
4 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
5 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
6 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
7 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
8 the amount by which addition modifications other than
9 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
10 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
11 year, with the following limitations applied in the
12 order that they are listed:

13 (i) the addition modification relating to the
14 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
15 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
16 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
17 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
18 which related to that net operating loss and which
19 was taken into account in calculating the base
20 income of an earlier taxable year, and

21 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
22 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
23 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
25 such carryback or carryforward;

26 For taxable years in which there is a net operating

1 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
2 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
3 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
4 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
5 independently under the preceding provisions of this
6 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

7 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
9 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
10 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
11 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

12 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code;

17 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
18 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
20 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
21 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
22 deductions taken in all taxable years under
23 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which the
26 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for

1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
3 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
4 equal to that subtraction modification.

5 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
6 modification under this subparagraph only once with
7 respect to any one piece of property;

8 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the same unitary business group but for the
14 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
15 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
25 extent that dividends were included in base income of
26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

1 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
3 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
4 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
5 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
7 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
8 incurred.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person, during the same taxable
22 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
23 to a person that is not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 person did not have as a principal purpose the

1 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
2 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
3 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
4 terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
8 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
9 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
10 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

11 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
15 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
16 to the application or use of an alternative method
17 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
21 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
23 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
24 and such regulations provide methods and standards
25 by which the Department will utilize its authority
26 under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
2 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
3 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
6 foreign person who would be a member of the same
7 unitary business group but for the fact that the
8 foreign person's business activity outside the United
9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
10 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
12 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
13 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
14 from being included in the unitary business group
15 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
16 business income under different subsections of Section
17 304. The addition modification required by this
18 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
19 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
20 group for the same taxable year and received by the
21 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
22 business group (including amounts included in gross
23 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
25 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
26 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom

1 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
2 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
3 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
4 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
6 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
7 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
8 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
9 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
10 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
11 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
13 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
14 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
15 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
16 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
17 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
18 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
19 similar types of intangible assets.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
24 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
25 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
26 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect

1 to such item; or

2 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
5 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person during the same taxable
8 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
9 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
10 not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 intangible expense or cost between the
13 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
14 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
15 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
16 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
17 or

18 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
21 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
23 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
24 writing to the application or use of an alternative
25 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment
2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
4 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
6 and such regulations provide methods and standards
7 by which the Department will utilize its authority
8 under Section 404 of this Act;

9 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
11 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
12 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
20 addition modification required by this subparagraph
21 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
22 included in base income of the unitary group for the
23 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
25 (including amounts included in gross income under
26 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
2 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
3 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
4 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
5 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
6 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
8 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

9 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
10 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
11 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
12 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
13 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

14 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
15 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
16 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
17 Act;

18 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
19 following amounts:

20 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
21 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
22 and included in such total for the taxable year;

23 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
24 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
26 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest

1 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
2 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
3 for the taxable year;

4 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
5 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
6 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
7 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
8 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
9 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
10 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
11 265(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
12 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
13 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, 291(a) (3), and
14 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
15 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
16 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e) (3)
17 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
18 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
19 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
21 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
22 Section 807(a) (2) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
23 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
24 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
25 Section 807(b) (1) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
26 the case of a life insurance company allowed a

1 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
2 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
3 from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
5 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
6 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
7 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
8 United States; provided that, in the case of any
9 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
10 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
11 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
12 of bond premium amortization;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
18 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
19 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
25 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (L);

4 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
5 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
6 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
7 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
8 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
9 property which is eligible for the River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
11 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
12 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
13 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
14 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
15 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
16 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
17 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
18 the date that it was placed in service in the River
19 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
20 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
21 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
22 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
23 eligible property as calculated under the previous
24 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial

1 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
2 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
3 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
4 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
5 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
6 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
7 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
8 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
9 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
10 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
11 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
12 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
13 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
14 date that it was placed in service in a federally
15 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
16 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
17 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
18 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
19 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
20 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
21 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
22 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
23 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
24 calculated under the previous sentence;

25 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
26 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the

1 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
2 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
3 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
4 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
5 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
6 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
7 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
8 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
11 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
12 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
13 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
14 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
15 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
16 and received from a corporation that is not created or
17 organized under the laws of the United States or any
18 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
20 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
21 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
23 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
24 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
25 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive

1 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
2 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
3 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
4 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
5 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
6 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
7 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
8 dividends received from a captive real estate
9 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
10 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
11 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
12 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
13 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
14 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
15 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
16 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
17 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

18 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
19 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
20 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

21 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an

1 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
2 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
3 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
4 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
5 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
6 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
7 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
8 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
9 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
11 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
14 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
15 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
16 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
17 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
18 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
19 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
20 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
24 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
25 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
26 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
2 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

3 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
4 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
6 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
7 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
8 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
9 the bonus depreciation deduction;

10 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
11 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
12 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
13 0.429); and

14 (3) for taxable years ending after December
15 31, 2005:

16 (i) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
20 0.429); and

21 (ii) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 1.0.

25 The aggregate amount deducted under this
26 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of

1 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
2 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
4 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
5 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
8 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
9 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
10 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
11 equal to that addition modification.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which the
14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
16 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
17 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
18 equal to that addition modification.

19 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
20 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
21 piece of property.

22 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
25 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
26 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

1 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
2 modification with respect to such transaction under
3 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
4 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
5 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
6 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
7 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
8 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
9 is required to make an addition modification with
10 respect to such transaction under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
12 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
13 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
14 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
15 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
16 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
17 addition modification with respect to such transaction
18 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
19 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
20 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
21 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
22 from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
24 into account for the taxable year (net of the
25 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
16 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
19 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
8 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
10 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
13 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
14 add back any insurance premiums under Section
15 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
16 that part of a reimbursement received from the
17 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
18 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
19 company) that would have been taken into account as a
20 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
21 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
22 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
23 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
24 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
25 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
26 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

1 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
2 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
3 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
4 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
5 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
6 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
7 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250; and -

9 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to the costs incurred
11 by the taxpayer as an employer under Sections 2, 3, and
12 4 of the Workers' Compensation Act that are
13 attributable to employees of the taxpayer who are
14 employed at a location in a county with high
15 unemployment; for the purposes of this subparagraph, a
16 "county with high unemployment" means a county that had
17 an unemployment rate for the entire taxable year that
18 exceeds the average unemployment rate for the State for
19 the entire taxable year by at least 2%, as reported by
20 the Department of Employment Security; this
21 subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250.

23 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
24 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
25 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
26 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment

1 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
2 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
3 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code.

5 (c) Trusts and estates.

6 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
7 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
8 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

9 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
10 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
11 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
15 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
16 in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
18 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
19 required to distribute all of its income currently,
20 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
21 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
22 the computation of taxable income;

23 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
24 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
25 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

1 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
2 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
3 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
4 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

5 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
6 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
7 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
8 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
9 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
10 the amount by which addition modifications other than
11 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
12 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
13 the following limitations applied in the order that
14 they are listed:

15 (i) the addition modification relating to the
16 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
17 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
18 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
19 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
20 which related to that net operating loss and which
21 was taken into account in calculating the base
22 income of an earlier taxable year, and

23 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
24 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
25 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
26 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of

1 such carryback or carryforward;

2 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
3 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
4 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
5 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
6 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
7 independently under the preceding provisions of this
8 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

9 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
10 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
11 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
12 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
13 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
14 Act;

15 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
16 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
17 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
18 computation of taxable income;

19 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
20 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
21 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
22 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
23 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

24 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
25 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
26 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the

1 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code; and

3 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
4 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
5 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
6 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
7 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
8 deductions taken in all taxable years under
9 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which the
12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
14 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
15 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
16 equal to that subtraction modification.

17 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
18 modification under this subparagraph only once with
19 respect to any one piece of property;

20 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
21 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the same unitary business group but for the
26 fact that the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
10 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
11 extent that dividends were included in base income of
12 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
13 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
14 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
15 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
16 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
17 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
19 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
20 incurred.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
24 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
25 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
26 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

1 with respect to such interest; or

2 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
5 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
12 person did not have as a principal purpose the
13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
16 terms; or

17 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
18 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
19 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
20 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
21 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
22 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

23 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

1 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
2 to the application or use of an alternative method
3 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
10 and such regulations provide methods and standards
11 by which the Department will utilize its authority
12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
18 foreign person who would be a member of the same
19 unitary business group but for the fact that the
20 foreign person's business activity outside the United
21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
26 from being included in the unitary business group

1 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
2 business income under different subsections of Section
3 304. The addition modification required by this
4 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
6 group for the same taxable year and received by the
7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
8 business group (including amounts included in gross
9 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
11 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
12 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
14 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
16 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
17 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
18 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
19 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
20 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
21 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
22 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
23 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
25 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
26 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing

1 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
2 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
3 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
4 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
5 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
10 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
11 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
12 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
13 to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person during the same taxable
20 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
21 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
22 not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 intangible expense or cost between the
25 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
26 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

1 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
2 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
3 or

4 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
7 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
9 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
10 writing to the application or use of an alternative
11 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
23 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
24 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
26 a person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
6 addition modification required by this subparagraph
7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
8 included in base income of the unitary group for the
9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
11 (including amounts included in gross income under
12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
15 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
16 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
17 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
18 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
19 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
20 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

21 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
22 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
23 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
24 Act;

25 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
26 following amounts:

1 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
2 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
3 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
5 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
6 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
7 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
8 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
9 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
11 thereto;

12 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

13 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
14 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
15 and included in such total for the taxable year;

16 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
17 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
18 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
19 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
20 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
21 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
22 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
23 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
24 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
25 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
26 amortization;

1 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
6 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
8 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
9 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
14 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
15 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total which were paid by a corporation which
19 conducts business operations in a River Edge
20 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
21 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
22 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
23 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
26 job training project established pursuant to the Tax

1 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

2 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total that were paid by a corporation that
4 conducts business operations in a federally designated
5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
6 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
7 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
8 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
9 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
10 this subparagraph (O);

11 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
12 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
13 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
14 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
17 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
18 extent includible in gross income for federal income
19 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
20 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
21 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
22 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
23 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
24 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
25 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
26 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of

1 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
2 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
3 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
4 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
5 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
6 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
7 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
8 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
9 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
10 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
11 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
12 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
13 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
14 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
17 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
18 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
19 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
20 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
21 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
22 of Section 250;

23 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
24 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
25 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
26 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
2 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

3 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
4 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
6 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
7 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
8 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
9 the bonus depreciation deduction;

10 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
11 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
12 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
13 0.429); and

14 (3) for taxable years ending after December
15 31, 2005:

16 (i) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
20 0.429); and

21 (ii) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 1.0.

25 The aggregate amount deducted under this
26 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of

1 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
2 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
4 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
5 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
8 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
9 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
10 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
11 equal to that addition modification.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which the
14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
16 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
17 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
18 equal to that addition modification.

19 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
20 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
21 piece of property.

22 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
25 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
26 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

1 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
2 modification with respect to such transaction under
3 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
4 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
5 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
6 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
7 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
8 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
9 is required to make an addition modification with
10 respect to such transaction under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
12 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
13 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
14 from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
16 into account for the taxable year (net of the
17 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
20 the fact the foreign person's business activity
21 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
4 addition modification required to be made for the same
5 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
8 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
10 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
11 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
14 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
24 addition modification required to be made for the same
25 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
26 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
2 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
5 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
6 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
8 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
9 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
10 Section 250;

11 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
12 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
13 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
14 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

16 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section
19 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
22 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
26 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the

1 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
2 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
3 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
4 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and ~~and~~

5 (Z) For taxable years beginning on or after January
6 1, 2015, an amount equal to the costs incurred by the
7 taxpayer as an employer under Sections 2, 3, and 4 of
8 the Workers' Compensation Act that are attributable to
9 employees of the taxpayer who are employed at a
10 location in a county with high unemployment; for the
11 purposes of this subparagraph, a "county with high
12 unemployment" means a county that had an unemployment
13 rate for the entire taxable year that exceeds the
14 average unemployment rate for the State for the entire
15 taxable year by at least 2%, as reported by the
16 Department of Employment Security; this subparagraph
17 (Z) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

18 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
19 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
20 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
21 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
22 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
23 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
24 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

25 (d) Partnerships.

1 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
3 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

4 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
5 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
6 of the following amounts:

7 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
8 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
9 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
10 in the computation of taxable income;

11 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
12 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
13 the taxable year;

14 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
15 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

17 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
18 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
19 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
20 computation of taxable income;

21 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code;

26 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,

1 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
2 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
3 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
4 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
5 deductions taken in all taxable years under
6 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which the
9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
11 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
12 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
13 equal to that subtraction modification.

14 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
15 modification under this subparagraph only once with
16 respect to any one piece of property;

17 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
18 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the same unitary business group but for the
23 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
24 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
7 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
8 extent that dividends were included in base income of
9 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
10 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
11 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
12 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
13 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
14 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
16 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
17 incurred.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such interest; or

25 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
17 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
18 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
19 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
4 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
5 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
6 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
7 and such regulations provide methods and standards
8 by which the Department will utilize its authority
9 under Section 404 of this Act; and

10 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
8 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
10 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
17 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
18 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
19 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
20 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
22 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
23 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
24 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
25 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
26 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service

1 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
2 similar types of intangible assets;

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
7 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
8 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
9 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
10 to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
4 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an alternative
8 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
20 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
21 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
22 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
23 person who would be a member of the same unitary
24 business group but for the fact that the person is
25 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
26 included in the unitary business group because he or

1 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
2 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
3 addition modification required by this subparagraph
4 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
5 included in base income of the unitary group for the
6 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
8 (including amounts included in gross income under
9 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
11 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
12 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
13 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
14 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
15 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
16 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
17 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

18 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
19 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
20 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
21 Act;

22 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
23 amounts:

24 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

25 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
26 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer

1 and included in such total for the taxable year;

2 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
3 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
4 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
5 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
6 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
7 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
8 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
9 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
10 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
11 of bond premium amortization;

12 (H) Any income of the partnership which
13 constitutes personal service income as defined in
14 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
15 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
16 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
17 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
18 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
21 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
22 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
23 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
24 including amounts distributable to organizations
25 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
26 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph

1 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
3 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
4 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
5 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
7 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
9 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
10 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
11 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
15 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
16 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total which were paid by a corporation which
20 conducts business operations in a River Edge
21 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
22 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
23 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
24 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

1 job training project established pursuant to the Real
2 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

3 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total that were paid by a corporation that
5 conducts business operations in a federally designated
6 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
7 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
8 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
9 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
10 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
11 this subparagraph (M);

12 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
18 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
19 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
20 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
22 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

23 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
24 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
25 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
26 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was

1 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
2 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
3 the bonus depreciation deduction;

4 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
5 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
6 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (3) for taxable years ending after December
9 31, 2005:

10 (i) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
14 0.429); and

15 (ii) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
18 1.0.

19 The aggregate amount deducted under this
20 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
21 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
22 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
24 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
25 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
2 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which the
8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
14 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
15 piece of property.

16 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
19 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
20 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
21 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
22 modification with respect to such transaction under
23 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
24 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
25 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
26 income from intangible property (net of the deductions

1 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
2 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
3 is required to make an addition modification with
4 respect to such transaction under Section
5 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
6 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
7 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
8 from Section 250;

9 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
10 into account for the taxable year (net of the
11 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
14 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
24 addition modification required to be made for the same
25 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to

1 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
2 Section 250;

3 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
4 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
5 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
8 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
18 addition modification required to be made for the same
19 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
20 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
22 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; ~~and~~

23 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
24 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
25 add back any insurance premiums under Section
26 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract

1 that part of a reimbursement received from the
2 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
3 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
4 company) that would have been taken into account as a
5 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
6 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
7 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
8 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
9 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
10 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
11 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and -

12 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after January
13 1, 2015, an amount equal to the costs incurred by the
14 taxpayer as an employer under Sections 2, 3, and 4 of
15 the Workers' Compensation Act that are attributable to
16 employees of the taxpayer who are employed at a
17 location in a county with high unemployment; for the
18 purposes of this subparagraph, a "county with high
19 unemployment" means a county that had an unemployment
20 rate for the entire taxable year that exceeds the
21 average unemployment rate for the State for the entire
22 taxable year by at least 2%, as reported by the
23 Department of Employment Security; this subparagraph
24 (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

25 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

1 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
2 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
3 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
4 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
5 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
6 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
7 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
8 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
9 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
11 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
12 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
13 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
14 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
15 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
16 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
17 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
18 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
20 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
21 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
22 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
23 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
24 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
25 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
26 addition modification must be made under those

1 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
2 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
3 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
4 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
5 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code.

7 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
8 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
9 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

10 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
11 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
12 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
13 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
14 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
15 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
16 Internal Revenue Code;

17 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
18 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 insurance company taxable income;

21 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
22 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
23 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 investment company taxable income;

25 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
26 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed

1 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
2 estate investment trust taxable income;

3 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
4 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
5 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
6 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
7 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
8 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
9 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
10 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
11 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
12 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
13 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
14 Code had been in effect for all such years;

15 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
16 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
17 organization determined in accordance with the
18 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
20 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
21 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
22 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
23 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
24 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
25 event such election is made, such losses shall be
26 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with

1 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
2 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
3 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
4 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
5 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
6 with original returns due on or after the date of the
7 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
8 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
9 to provide that the election shall be effective for
10 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
11 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
12 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
13 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
14 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
15 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
16 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
17 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
18 existing law;

19 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
20 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
21 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
23 corporation determined in accordance with Section
24 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
25 taxable income shall take into account those items
26 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
2 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
3 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
4 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
5 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
6 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
7 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
8 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

9 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
10 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
11 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
12 income shall take into account those items which are
13 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
14 but which would be taken into account by an individual
15 in calculating his taxable income.

16 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
17 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
18 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
19 business has been classified as business income and in a
20 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
21 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
22 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
23 related to that asset or business that generated the
24 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
25 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
26 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois

1 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
2 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
3 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
4 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
5 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
6 taxable years.

7 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

8 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
9 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
10 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

11 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
12 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
13 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
15 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

16 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
17 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
18 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
19 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
20 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
21 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
22 such gain included in the amount determined under
23 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

24 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

25 (A) If the fair market value of property referred

1 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
2 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
3 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
4 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
5 determining gain) for such property on that date
6 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
7 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
8 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
9 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
10 such property.

11 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
12 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
13 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
14 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
15 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
16 property for federal income tax purposes for the
17 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
18 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
19 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
20 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
21 period for the property.

22 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
23 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
24 purposes of this paragraph.

25 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided

1 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
2 to be deducted more than once.

3 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
4 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
5 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
6 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
7 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
8 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
9 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
10 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
11 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

12 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
13 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
14 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
15 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
16 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

17 (35 ILCS 5/211)

18 Sec. 211. Economic Development for a Growing Economy Tax
19 Credit.

20 (a) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a
21 Taxpayer who has entered into an Agreement under the Economic
22 Development for a Growing Economy Tax Credit Act is entitled to
23 a credit against the taxes imposed under subsections (a) and
24 (b) of Section 201 of this Act in an amount to be determined in

1 the Agreement. If the Taxpayer is a partnership or Subchapter S
2 corporation, the credit shall be allowed to the partners or
3 shareholders in accordance with the determination of income and
4 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and
5 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The Department, in
6 cooperation with the Department of Commerce and Economic
7 Opportunity, shall prescribe rules to enforce and administer
8 the provisions of this Section. This Section is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

10 The credit shall be subject to the conditions set forth in
11 the Agreement and the following limitations:

12 (1) The tax credit shall not exceed the Incremental
13 Income Tax (as defined in Section 5-5 of the Economic
14 Development for a Growing Economy Tax Credit Act) with
15 respect to the project.

16 (2) The amount of the credit allowed during the tax
17 year plus the sum of all amounts allowed in prior years
18 shall not exceed 100% of the aggregate amount expended by
19 the Taxpayer during all prior tax years on approved costs
20 defined by Agreement.

21 (3) The amount of the credit shall be determined on an
22 annual basis. Except as applied in a carryover year
23 pursuant to Section 211(4) of this Act, the credit may not
24 be applied against any State income tax liability in more
25 than 10 taxable years; provided, however, that (i) an
26 eligible business certified by the Department of Commerce

1 and Economic Opportunity under the Corporate Headquarters
2 Relocation Act may not apply the credit against any of its
3 State income tax liability in more than 15 taxable years
4 and (ii) credits allowed to that eligible business are
5 subject to the conditions and requirements set forth in
6 Sections 5-35 and 5-45 of the Economic Development for a
7 Growing Economy Tax Credit Act.

8 (4) The credit may not exceed the amount of taxes
9 imposed pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201
10 of this Act. Any credit that is unused in the year the
11 credit is computed may be carried forward and applied to
12 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the
13 excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the
14 earliest year for which there is a tax liability. If there
15 are credits from more than one tax year that are available
16 to offset a liability, the earlier credit shall be applied
17 first.

18 (5) No credit shall be allowed with respect to any
19 Agreement for any taxable year ending after the
20 Noncompliance Date. Upon receiving notification by the
21 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity of the
22 noncompliance of a Taxpayer with an Agreement, the
23 Department shall notify the Taxpayer that no credit is
24 allowed with respect to that Agreement for any taxable year
25 ending after the Noncompliance Date, as stated in such
26 notification. If any credit has been allowed with respect

1 to an Agreement for a taxable year ending after the
2 Noncompliance Date for that Agreement, any refund paid to
3 the Taxpayer for that taxable year shall, to the extent of
4 that credit allowed, be an erroneous refund within the
5 meaning of Section 912 of this Act.

6 (6) For purposes of this Section, the terms
7 "Agreement", "Incremental Income Tax", and "Noncompliance
8 Date" have the same meaning as when used in the Economic
9 Development for a Growing Economy Tax Credit Act.

10 (b) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
11 2015, a taxpayer who (i) is not otherwise entitled to a tax
12 credit under the Economic Development for a Growing Economy Tax
13 Credit Act and (ii) employs at least 5 new employees, as "new
14 employee" is defined in Section 5-5 of the Economic Development
15 for a Growing Economy Tax Credit Act, at a project location in
16 a county with high unemployment is entitled to a credit against
17 the taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201
18 of this Act in an amount determined by multiplying the rate of
19 tax set forth in subsection (b) of Section 201 for that
20 taxpayer by the average wage paid by the taxpayer to those new
21 employees, as certified by the Department of Commerce and
22 Economic Opportunity, and then multiplying the result by the
23 number of those new employees, as certified by the Department
24 of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. The Department of
25 Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall certify both the
26 eligibility of the taxpayer to receive credits under this

1 Section and the wage and employment information set forth in
2 this subsection (b).

3 If the Taxpayer is a partnership or Subchapter S
4 corporation, the credit shall be allowed to the partners or
5 shareholders in accordance with the determination of income and
6 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and
7 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 The credit may not exceed the amount of taxes imposed
9 pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act.
10 Any credit that is unused in the year the credit is computed
11 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the
12 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit
13 shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a tax
14 liability. If there are credits from more than one tax year
15 that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit
16 shall be applied first.

17 For the purposes of this subsection (b), a "county with
18 high unemployment" means a county that had an unemployment rate
19 for the entire taxable year that exceeds the average
20 unemployment rate for the State for the entire taxable year by
21 at least 2%, as reported by the Department of Employment
22 Security.

23 This subsection (b) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250 of this Act.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06.)