

## Rep. Dwight Kay

# Filed: 4/1/2014

	09800HB4969ham002	LRB098 16582 1	HEP 57793 a
1	AMENDMENT TO	HOUSE BILL 4969	
2	AMENDMENT NO Ame	nd House Bill 4969 by	y replacing
3	everything after the enacting of		
4	"Section 5. The Counties C	code is amended by add	ing Section
5	4-11001.5 as follows:		
6	(55 ILCS 5/4-11001.5 new)		
7	Sec. 4-11001.5. Lengthy Tr	ial Fund.	
8	(a) The Lengthy Trial Fund	is established as a s	pecial fund
9	in the State treasury. Moneys	in the Lengthy Trial	Fund shall
10	be used to provide full or p	artial wage replaceme	nt or wage
11	supplementation to jurors who	serve as petit juror	s for more
12	than 10 days.		
13	(b) The Supreme Court sha	ll adopt rules provid	ing for the
14	following:		
15	(1) the selection and	appointment of an ad	ministrator
16	for the Fund;		

Τ	(2) procedures for its administration that provide
2	that moneys in the Fund shall be used to make wage
3	replacement or wage supplementation as provided in this
4	Section to jurors participating on juries in trials where
5	jury service extends 11 days or longer and to recover all
6	the costs of administering the Fund, including payments of
7	salaries of the administrator and other necessary
8	personnel;
9	(3) the accounting, auditing, and investment of moneys
10	in the Lengthy Trial Fund in accordance with State law
11	pertaining to similar funds; and
12	(4) the inclusion of a report by the Supreme Court on
13	the administration of the Lengthy Trial Fund in its annual
14	report on the judicial branch, setting forth the moneys
15	collected for and disbursed from the Fund.
16	(c) Notwithstanding any other fees payable under the laws
17	of this State, the clerk of the circuit court shall collect for
18	each new filing in a civil case, unless otherwise exempted
19	under this Section, a fee of \$10 per case for deposit into the
20	Lengthy Trial Fund. A new filing is deemed to have been made at
21	the time in an action that the first pleading or other filing
22	on which an individual's or attorney's name appears is
23	submitted to the court for filing. The clerk of the circuit
24	court shall forward all fees collected under this subsection
25	(c) to the administrator of the Lengthy Trial Fund for deposit.

(d) The administrator shall, on or before the 15th day of

- 1 each month, transmit all moneys received from any clerk of the
- circuit court to the State Treasurer for deposit into the 2
- Lengthy Trial Fund. 3
- 4 (e) The administrator shall use the fees deposited in the
- 5 Lengthy Trial Fund to pay replacement or supplemental wages
- 6 under subsection (q) to jurors whose employers pay less than
- 7 full regular wages.
- (f) Not more than 3% of the moneys in the Lengthy Trial 8
- 9 Fund may be used for the reasonable and necessary costs of
- 10 administering the Fund.
- 11 (q) The court may pay replacement or supplemental wages of
- up to \$300 per day per juror beginning on the 11th day of jury 12
- 13 service. In addition, if a juror who qualifies for payment by
- <u>virtue of having served on a jury for more than 10 days</u>, the 14
- 15 court may, upon finding that the service posed a significant
- financial hardship to a juror, even in light of payments made 16
- with respect to jury service after the tenth day, award 17
- replacement or supplemental wages of up to \$100 per day from 18
- 19 the 4th to the 10th day of jury service.
- (h) A juror who is serving or has <u>served on a jury that</u> 20
- 21 qualifies for payment from the Lengthy Trial Fund, provided the
- service commenced on or after the effective date of this 22
- amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, may submit a 23
- 24 request for payment from the Lengthy Trial Fund on a form that
- 25 the administrator provides. Payment shall be limited to the
- 26 difference between the State-paid jury fee and the actual

1	amount of wages a juror earns, up to the maximum level payable,
2	minus any amount the juror actually receives from the employer
3	during the same time period.
4	The request for payment shall disclose the juror's regular
5	wages, the amount the employer will pay during the term of jury
6	service starting on the 11th day and thereafter, the amount of
7	replacement or supplemental wages requested, and any other
8	information the administrator deems necessary for proper
9	payment.
10	The juror shall also submit verification from the employer
11	as to the wage information provided to the administrator, such
12	as the employee's most recent earnings statement or a similar
13	document, prior to initiation of payment from the Fund.
14	If a juror is self-employed or receives compensation other
15	than wages, the juror may provide a sworn affidavit attesting
16	to his or her approximate gross weekly income, together with
17	any other information that the administrator may require in
18	order to verify weekly income.
19	Documents submitted pursuant to this subsection (h) are not
20	public records and shall not be disclosed to the general
21	public.
22	(i) The following attorneys, persons, cases, claims,
23	actions, and filings are exempt from payment of the Lengthy
24	Trial Fund fee:
25	(1) government attorneys entering appearances in the

course of their official duties;

l (2) pro se litiga	ants;
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- (3) cases in small claims court; or
- (4) claims seeking disability determinations; child

  custody and support cases; actions brought in forma

  pauperis; and any other filings designated by rule that

  involve minimal use of court resources or that customarily

  are not afforded the opportunity for a trial by jury.
- Section 10. The Jury Act is amended by changing Sections
  4.1, 5, 8, 10.2, and 15 and by adding Section 10.5 as follows:
- 10 (705 ILCS 305/4.1) (from Ch. 78, par. 4.1)
- 11 Sec. 4.1. Jury duty; notice to employer; right to time off.
- (a) Any person who is not legally disqualified to serve on 12 13 juries, and has been duly summoned for jury duty for either 14 petit or grand jury service, shall not be required or requested to use annual, vacation, or sick leave for time spent 15 responding to a summons for jury duty, time spent participating 16 17 in the jury selection process, or time spent actually serving 18 on a jury be given time off from employment to serve upon the 19 jury for which such employee is summoned, regardless of the 20 employment shift such employee is assigned to at the time of 21 service of such summons. An employee shall give his employer 22 reasonable notice of required jury service. An employer may not 23 deny an employee time off for jury duty because such employee 24 is then assigned to work a night shift of employment, that is,

1	an e	employer	cann	ot rec	quire	a n	ight	shift	worker	to	work	while
2	such	n employe	e is	doing	jury	duty	, in	the da	aytime.			

Nothing in this subsection (a) shall be construed to require an employer to provide annual, vacation, or sick leave to employees under this Act who otherwise are not entitled to such benefits under company policies.

- (b) No employer shall discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, or otherwise subject or coerce any employee to any other adverse employment action by reason of the employee's jury service, or the attendance or scheduled attendance in connection with such service, in any court of this State.
- (c) If an employee gives reasonable notice of required jury service, any employer who violates the provisions of this Section:
  - (1) may be charged with contempt of court. In such an event, the State's Attorney shall file a petition for civil contempt, criminal contempt, or both, against the employer to be prosecuted by the State's Attorney; and
  - (2) shall be liable for damages for any loss of wages or other benefits suffered by an employee by reason of the violation; and
  - (3) may be enjoined from further violations of this Section and ordered to reinstate any employee discharged by reason of jury service.

As used in this Section, "reasonable notice of required jury service" means that the employee summoned for jury duty

- 1 must deliver to the employer a copy of the summons within 10 2 days of the date of issuance of the summons to the employee.
  - (d) Any individual who is reinstated to a position of employment in accordance with this Section shall be considered as having been on furlough or leave of absence during his period of jury service, shall be reinstated to his position of employment without loss of seniority, and shall be entitled to participate in insurance or other benefits offered by the employer under established rules and practices relating to employees on furlough or leave of absence in effect with the employer at the time the individual entered upon jury service.
  - (e) In any action or proceeding under this Section, the court may award a prevailing employee who brings the action by retained counsel a reasonable attorney's fee.
  - (f) Any right or remedy provided in this Section is in addition to any right or remedy otherwise provided by law to an employee.
  - (g) No employer shall be obligated to compensate an employee for time taken off for jury duty.
  - reschedule the service of a summoned juror who is employed by an employer with 5 or fewer full-time employees, or the equivalent, if another employee of that employer has been summoned to appear during the same period. The postponement under this subsection does not constitute the excused individual's automatic postponement under Section 10.4 of this

1 Act.

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- (h) The official responsible for issuing the summons may 2
- 3 advise the juror of his rights under this Act by printed insert
- 4 with the summons or on the summons itself.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 86-1395; 87-616.)
- 6 (705 ILCS 305/5) (from Ch. 78, par. 5)
- 7 Sec. 5. Subsequent selections; length of service.
  - (a) At the time of making such selection, the name of the person selected shall be checked off from such list, and shall not be again selected as a juror till every person named upon such list qualified to serve as a juror has been selected; and all subsequent selections of jurors by such board shall be made from such list until all persons thereon qualified to serve have been selected, or until a new list is made: Provided, if any person who has been selected as a juror shall not have been drawn, or have served upon a jury during the year for which he was selected, he shall, if qualified, be selected for the next vear.
- (b) In a county with a population greater than 100,000, service of prospective petit jurors shall be for no more than one court day in actual attendance, unless a prospective petit juror is selected to serve in a trial or is under consideration to serve on a trial and such consideration covers a period of 2 or more days. Once selected, a petit juror shall serve on the jury for the duration of the trial unless excused by the 25

## 1 presiding judge.

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2 (Source: P.A. 86-1053.)

#### 3 (705 ILCS 305/8) (from Ch. 78, par. 8)

### Sec. 8. Drawing names of jurors.

(a) Upon a day designated by the judge of the court, which shall be at least 20 days before the first day for which any of the panel then to be drawn is summoned, the clerk of such court shall repair to the office of the county clerk, and in the presence of a judge and of such county clerk, after the box containing the names has been well shaken by the county clerk, and being blindfolded shall, without partiality, draw from such box the names of a sufficient number of such persons, then residents of the county, not less than 30 for each 2 weeks that such court will probably be in session for the trial of common law cases, to constitute the petit jurors for the time being and where there is an additional judge in such court, a like number for each additional judge requiring a jury, unless the court shall otherwise order: Provided, that the clerk shall at any time, when directed by an order of the court draw in the manner above provided, such number of persons then residents of the county, as shall be required by the order to act as petit jurors in such court for such time as may be fixed in such order: And provided, that should the clerk draw from the box the name of a person who is known to be dead, to have been selected as a grand juror, a non-resident, absent from the

1 State, unable to attend in consequence of illness, or that he is legally disqualified to serve as a juror, the clerk shall 2 3 report the name of such person to the county clerk, and the 4 clerk of such court shall draw other names until the required 5 number have been selected: Provided, also that whenever there is pending for trial in any of the courts, any criminal cause 6 wherein the defendant is charged with a felony, and the judge 7 8 holding such court is convinced from the circumstances of the 9 case that a jury cannot be obtained from the regular panel to 10 try the cause, the judge may in his discretion, prior to the 11 day fixed for the trial of the cause, direct the clerk to draw (in the same manner as the regular panel is drawn,) not 12 exceeding 100 names as a special panel from which a jury may be 13 14 selected to try the cause.

- 15 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), 16 names of jurors may be randomly drawn by computer.
- (Source: P.A. 86-1053.) 17
- 18 (705 ILCS 305/10.2) (from Ch. 78, par. 10.2)
- 19 Sec. 10.2. Excusing prospective jurors; hardship.
- 20 (a) An individual may apply to be excused from jury service for a period of up to 24 months, instead of seeking a 21
- 22 postponement, when either:
- (1) the prospective <u>juror has a mental or physical</u> 23 24 condition that causes him or her to be incapable of performing jury service. The juror, or the juror's personal 25

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representative, must provide the court with documentation from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches verifying that a mental or physical condition renders the person unfit for jury service for a period not less than the 24-month period for which the excuse is sought; or

- (2) jury service would otherwise cause undue or extreme physical or financial hardship to the prospective juror or a person under his or her care or supervision. A judge of the court for which the individual was called to jury service shall make determinations regarding undue or extreme physical or financial hardship. The authority to make these determinations is delegable only to court officials or personnel who are authorized by the laws of this State to function as members of the judiciary.
- (b) A person asking to be excused from jury service under this Section must take all actions necessary to have obtained a ruling on that request by no later than the date on which the individual is scheduled to appear for jury duty.
- (c) For purposes of this Section, "undue or extreme physical or financial hardship" is limited to circumstances in which an individual would:
  - (1) be required to abandon a person under his or her personal care or supervision due to the impossibility of obtaining reasonable alternative care during the period of participation in the jury pool or on the jury; or

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1	(2) incur costs that would have a substantial adverse
2	impact on the payment of the individual's necessary daily
3	living expenses or on those for whom he or she provides the
4	principle means of support; or
5	(3) suffer physical hardship that would result in
6	illness or disease.
7	Undue or extreme physical or financial hardship does not
8	exist solely based on the fact that a prospective juror is
9	required to be absent from his or her place of employment. A
10	person asking a judge to grant an excuse based on undue or
11	extreme physical or financial hardship shall provide the judge
12	with documentation, such as, but not limited to, federal and
13	State income tax returns, medical statements from licensed
14	physicians, proof of dependency or guardianship, and similar
15	documents which the judge finds to clearly support the request
16	to be excused. Failure to provide satisfactory documentation
17	shall result in a denial of the request to be excused. These
18	documents are not public records and shall not be disclosed to
19	the general public.
20	(d) After 24 months, a person excused from jury service
21	shall become eligible once again for qualification as a juror

The county boards of the respective counties, the jury

excused are of a permanent nature.

unless the person was excused from service permanently. A

person is excused from jury service permanently only when the

deciding judge determines that the underlying grounds for being

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commissioners for those counties which have been appointed under the Jury Commission Act, or a jury administrator shall submit questionnaires to prospective jurors to inquire as to their qualifications for jury service and as to the hardship that jury service would pose to the prospective jurors. Upon prior approval by the chief judge of the judicial circuits in which a county board, jury administrator, or jury commissioners are situated, the county board, jury administrator, or jury commissioners shall excuse a prospective juror from jury service if the prospective juror shows that such service would impose an undue hardship on account of the nature of the prospective juror's occupation, business affairs, physical health, family situation, active duty in the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia, or other personal affairs, and cause his or her name to be returned to the jury list or general jury list.

(b) When an undue hardship caused by a family situation is due to the prospective juror being the primary care giver of a person with a mental or physical disability, a person with a medically diagnosed behavior problem, or a child under age 12, then the county board, jury commissioners or jury administrator shall excuse such a prospective juror, if it finds that no reasonable alternative care is feasible which would not impose an undue hardship on the prospective juror or the person for whom the prospective juror is providing care, or both.

(Source: P.A. 90-482, eff. 1-1-98; 91-264, eff. 7-23-99.)

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1	(705 ILCS 305/10.5 new)
2	Sec. 10.5. Postponement of jury service.
3	(a) Notwithstanding Section 10.2 or any other provision of
4	this Act, an individual scheduled to appear for jury service
5	has the right to postpone the date of his or her initial
6	appearance for jury service one time only. When requested, a
7	postponement shall be granted, provided that:
8	(1) the juror has not previously been granted a
9	<pre>postponement;</pre>
10	(2) the prospective juror appears in person or contacts
11	the clerk of the court by telephone, electronic mail, or in
12	writing to request a postponement; and
13	(3) prior to the grant of a postponement with the
14	concurrence of the clerk of the court, the prospective
15	juror fixes a date certain on which he or she will appear
16	for jury service that is not more than 6 months after the
17	date on which the prospective juror originally was called
18	to serve and on which date the court will be in session.
19	(b) A subsequent request to postpone jury service may be
20	approved by a judicial officer only in the event of an extreme
21	emergency, such as a death in the family, sudden illness, or a
22	natural disaster or a national emergency in which the
23	prospective juror is personally involved and that could not

have been anticipated at the time the initial postponement was

granted. Prior to the grant of a second postponement, the

- 1 prospective juror must fix a date certain on which the
- individual will appear for jury service within 6 months of the 2
- postponement on a date when the court will be in session. 3
- 4 (705 ILCS 305/15) (from Ch. 78, par. 15)
- 5 Sec. 15. Penalties for failure to attend. Every person who shall fail to attend when lawfully summoned to appear as a 6 7 grand or petit juror, without having properly obtained 8 postponement or excuse pursuant to Sections 10.2 and 10.4  $\alpha$ 9 reasonable excuse, shall be considered in civil as quilty of a 10 contempt, and shall be fined by the courts, respectively, in any sum not <del>less than \$5 nor</del> more than \$500 <del>\$100</del>, for the use of 11 12 the proper county, unless good cause be shown for such default; and it shall be the duty of the court to enter an order of 13 14 attachment, returnable forthwith, against all 15 delinquents, and upon the return thereof the court shall proceed to assess the fine unless the person or persons so 16 17 attached shall show good cause for such delinquency: Provided, that the oath or affirmation of any such delinquent shall, at 18 19 all times, be received as competent evidence. In addition to, or in lieu of, the fine, the court may order that the 20 21 prospective juror complete a period of community service for a period no less than if the prospective juror would have 22 23 completed jury service, and provide proof of completion of this 24 community service to the court.
- (Source: P.A. 83-346.) 25

- Section 15. The State Finance Act is amended by adding 1
- 2 Section 5.855 as follows:
- 3 (30 ILCS 105/5.855 new)
- Sec. 5.855. The Lengthy Trial Fund.
- Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are 5
- severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.". 6