1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
- 5 11E-90, 11E-95, 17-3, and 17-5 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/11E-90)

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- Sec. 11E-90. Classification of property, taxes, bonds, and funds for combined high school unit districts.
 - (a) All real property included within the boundaries of a combined high school unit district created in accordance with this Article shall be classified into either a high school only classification or elementary and high school classification as follows:
 - (1) Real property included within the high school only classification shall include all of the real property included within both the boundaries of the combined high school unit district and the boundaries of a separate school district organized and established for purposes of providing instruction up to and including grade 8.
 - (2) Real property included within the elementary and high school classification shall include all of the real property of the combined high school unit district not included in the high school only classification.

1 (b) The petition to establish a combined high school - unit

- district shall set forth the maximum annual authorized tax
- 3 rates for the proposed district as follows:
 - (1) The petition to establish a combined high school unit district must include a maximum annual authorized tax rate for both grade K through 8 educational purposes and grade 9 through 12 educational purposes. The rate for grade K through 8 educational purposes shall not exceed 3.5%. The rate for grade 9 through 12 educational purposes shall not exceed 3.5%. The combined rate for both grade K through 8 and grade 9 through 12 educational purposes shall not exceed 7.0% 4.0%.
 - (2) The petition to establish a combined high school unit district must include a maximum annual authorized tax rate for both grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes and grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes. The rate for grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed 0.55%. The rate for grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed 0.55%. The combined rate for both grade K through 8 and grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed 1.10% 0.75%.
 - (3) The petition to establish a combined high school unit district must include a maximum annual authorized tax rate for both grade K through 8 special education purposes and grade 9 through 12 special education purposes. The rate

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

for grade K through 8 special education purposes shall not exceed 0.40%. The rate for grade 9 through 12 special education purposes shall not exceed 0.40%.

- (4) The petition to establish a combined high school unit district must include a maximum annual authorized tax rate for transportation purposes.
- (5) If it is desired to secure authority to levy other above the permissive rate applicable to unit districts as specified elsewhere in statute, the petition must include the maximum annual authorized tax rate at which the district will be authorized to levy a tax for each such purpose, not to exceed the maximum rate applicable to unit districts as specified elsewhere in statute.
- (c) The school board of any new combined high school unit district created under the provisions of this Article may levy a tax annually upon all of the taxable property of the district at the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, as follows:
 - (1) For all real property within the district, rates not to exceed the maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this Section, the maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 operation and maintenance purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, the

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 special education purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section, the maximum annual authorized transportation purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision subsection (b) of this Section, and for all other purposes, the statutory permissive rate for unit districts or the maximum annual authorized rate for that purpose established in accordance with subdivision (5)of subsection (b) of this Section.

- (2) For all real property in the district included within the elementary and high school classification, in addition to the rates authorized by subdivision (1) of this subsection (c), rates not to exceed the maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1)subsection (b) of this Section, the maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 operation and maintenance purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, and the maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 special education purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section.
- (d) The school board may, subsequent to the formation of the district and in accordance with Sections 17-2 through 17-7 of this Code, seek to increase the maximum annual authorized

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

tax rates for any statutorily authorized purpose up to the maximum rate set forth in subsection (b) of this Section or otherwise applicable to unit districts as specified elsewhere in statute, whichever is less, subject to the following approval requirements:

- (1) The school board may increase the following rates only after submitting a proper resolution to the voters of district at any regular scheduled election and the obtaining approval by both a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the high school only classification voting on the proposition and a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within elementary the and high school classification voting on the proposition:
 - (A) The maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
 - (B) The maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 operation and maintenance purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
 - (C) The maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 special education purposes rate established in

accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this Section.

- (D) The maximum annual authorized transportation purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (E) For all other statutorily authorized purposes, any rate exceeding the statutory permissive rate for unit districts established in accordance with subdivision (5) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this Section.
- (2) The school board may increase the following rates only after submitting a proper resolution to the voters of the district living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification at any regular scheduled election and obtaining approval by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition:
 - (A) The maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this

1 subsection (d).

- (B) The maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 operation and maintenance purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (C) The maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 special education purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this Section.
- (e) The school board may, after submitting a proper resolution to the voters of the district at any regular scheduled election, seek to do either of the following:
 - (1) Increase or decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade K through 8 educational purposes with an equal corresponding increase or decrease of the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade 9 through 12 educational purposes, such that there is no change in the total combined maximum authorized annual tax rate for both purposes.
 - (2) Increase or decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes with an equal corresponding increase or decrease of the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes, such that

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

there is no change in the total combined maximum authorized 1 2 annual tax rate for both purposes.

Any modification to maximum authorized annual tax rates pursuant to this subsection (e) must be approved by both a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the high school only classification voting on the proposition and a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. No maximum tax rate secured hereunder may exceed the maximum tax rate for a particular purpose specified elsewhere in statute.

- The school board may seek to do either of the (f)following:
 - (1) Increase the maximum authorized annual tax rate for either grade K through 8 educational purposes or grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes with an equal corresponding decrease being effected to the maximum authorized tax rate for the other fund.
 - (2) Increase the maximum authorized annual tax rate for either grade 9 through 12 educational purposes or grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes with an equal corresponding decrease being effected to the maximum authorized tax rate for the other fund.

A proper resolution to increase and concurrently decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rates for grade K through 8 purposes in accordance with this subsection (f) shall be

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

submitted to the voters of the district residing in the elementary and high school classification at any regular scheduled election and must be approved by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. A proper resolution to increase and concurrently decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rates for grade 9 through 12 purposes in accordance with this subsection (f) shall be submitted to all of the voters of the district at any regular scheduled election and must be approved by a majority of voters voting on the proposition. No maximum tax rate secured hereunder may exceed the maximum tax rate for a particular purpose specified elsewhere in statute. The terms and provisions of this subsection (f) shall apply instead of the terms and provisions of Section 17-6.1 of this Code to any concurrent equal increase and decrease in the maximum for educational authorized rates and operations and maintenance purposes by a combined high school - unit district.

(g) The school board may borrow money and issue bonds for elementary or high school purposes (but not K through 12 purposes) as authorized by Articles 10 and 19 and Section 17-2.11 of this Code and as otherwise permitted by law. All notices, resolutions, and ballots related to borrowing money and issuing bonds in accordance with this subsection (g) shall indicate whether the proposed action is for elementary or high school purposes. Taxes to pay the principal of, interest on,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

and premium, if any, on bonds issued for high school purposes shall be extended against the entire district, and taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on bonds issued for elementary purposes shall be extended only against property within the elementary and high school classification. The proposition to issue bonds for high school purposes must be submitted to and approved by a majority of voters of the district voting on the proposition. The proposition to issue bonds for elementary purposes must only be submitted to and approved by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory proposed to be included or included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. Notwithstanding the terms and provisions of Section 19-4 of this Code, the board of a combined high school - unit district may not seek to designate any bonds issued for high school purposes as bonds issued for elementary purposes or designate any bonds issued for elementary purposes as bonds issued for high school purposes. Any petition filed in accordance with Section 19-9 of this Code requesting that the proposition to issue bonds for the payment of orders or claims for elementary purposes be submitted to the voters must be signed by 10% or more of the registered voters of the elementary and high school classification. Ιf pursuant to Section 19-9 of this Code, the proposition to issue bonds for the payment of orders or claims for elementary purposes must only be submitted to and approved by a majority

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(h) The school board may establish, maintain, or re-create a working cash fund for elementary or high school purposes (but not K through 12 purposes) as authorized by Article 20 of this Code. All notices, resolutions, and ballots related to the establishment of a working cash fund shall indicate whether the working cash fund shall be for elementary or high school purposes. For purposes of Section 20-2 of this Code, taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on bonds issued to create a working cash fund for high school purposes shall be extended against the entire district, and

purposes shall only be extended against the property within the

elementary and high school classification.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on bonds issued to create a working cash fund for elementary purposes shall be extended only against property within the elementary and high school classification. Any petition filed in accordance with Section 20-7 of this Code requesting that the proposition to issue bonds to establish a working cash fund for elementary purposes be submitted to the voters must be signed by 10% or more of the registered voters of the elementary and high school classification. If required pursuant to Section 20-7 of this Code, the proposition to issue bonds for a working cash fund for elementary purposes must only be submitted to and approved by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. Upon the abolishment of the working cash fund for elementary purposes in accordance with Section 20-8 of this Code, the balance shall be transferred to the fund established for the receipt of proceeds from levies specified for grade K through 8 educational purposes. Upon the abolishment of the working cash fund for high school purposes in accordance with Section 20-8 of this Code, the balance shall be transferred to the fund established for the receipt of proceeds from levies specified for grade 9 through 12 educational purposes.

(i) The school board shall establish separate funds for the receipt of tax proceeds from levies specified for grade K through 8 purposes and grade 9 through 12 purposes in

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

accordance with subdivisions (1) through (3) of subsection (b) of this Section and the receipt of tax and other proceeds from bond issuances for grade K through 8 purposes and grade 9 through 12 purposes in accordance with subsection (g) of this Section. Proceeds received from any levy or bond issuance specified for grade K through 8 purposes shall not be used to for staff, equipment, materials, facilities, any buildings, land, or services solely related to instruction in grades 9 through 12. Proceeds received from any levy or bond issuance specified for grade 9 through 12 purposes shall not be used to pay for any staff, equipment, materials, facilities, buildings, land, or services solely related to instruction in grades K through 8. Expenses related to staff, equipment, materials, facilities, buildings, land, or services related to instruction in both grades K through 8 and grades 9 through 12 may be paid from proceeds received from a levy or bond issuance specified for either grade K through 8 purposes or grade 9 through 12 purposes.

(j) The school board of a combined high school - unit district may abate or abolish any fund in accordance with this Code, provided that no funds may be transferred from an abated or abolished fund specified for grade K through 8 purposes to a fund specified for grade 9 through 12 purposes, and no funds may be transferred from an abated or abolished fund specified for grade 9 through 12 purposes to a fund specified for grade K through 8 purposes.

(k) To the extent the specific requirements for borrowing 1 2 issuing money, levying taxes, bonds, establishing, 3 maintaining, or re-creating a working cash fund, transferring funds by a combined high school - unit district 4 forth in this Section conflicts with any general 5 requirements for school districts set forth in Article 10, 17, 6 19, or 20 of this Code, the requirements set forth in this 7

Section shall control over any such general requirements.

- 9 (Source: P.A. 94-1019, eff. 7-10-06.)
- 10 (105 ILCS 5/11E-95)

8

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Sec. 11E-95. Classification of property, taxes, bonds, and funds for optional elementary unit districts.
 - (a) All real property included within the boundaries of an optional elementary unit district created in accordance with this Article shall be classified into either a high school only classification or an elementary and high school classification as follows:
 - (1) Real property included within the high school only classification shall include all of the real property included within both the boundaries of the optional elementary unit district and the boundaries of a separate school district organized and established for purposes of providing instruction up to and including grade 8 that did not elect to join the optional elementary unit district in accordance with this Article.

high school classification shall include all real property of the optional elementary unit district not included in the high school only classification.

(b) The petition to establish an optional elementary unit

(2) Real property included within the elementary and

- (b) The petition to establish an optional elementary unit district shall set forth the maximum annual authorized tax rates for the proposed district as follows:
 - (1) The petition must specify a maximum annual authorized tax rate for both grade K through 8 educational purposes and grade 9 through 12 educational purposes. The rate for grade K through 8 educational purposes shall not exceed 3.5%. The rate for grade 9 through 12 educational purposes shall not exceed 3.5%. The combined rate for both grade K through 8 and grade 9 through 12 educational purposes shall not exceed 7.0% 4.0%.
 - (2) The petition must specify a maximum annual authorized tax rate for both grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes and grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes. The rate for grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed 0.55%. The rate for grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed 0.55%. The combined rate for both grade K through 8 and grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed 1.10% 0.75%.
 - (3) The petition must specify a maximum annual

authorized tax rate for both grade K through 8 special education purposes and grade 9 through 12 special education purposes. The rate for grade K through 8 special education purposes shall not exceed 0.40%. The rate for grade 9 through 12 special education purposes shall not exceed 0.40%.

- (4) The petition must specify a maximum annual authorized tax rate for transportation purposes.
- (5) If it is desired to secure authority to levy other taxes above the permissive rate applicable to unit districts as specified elsewhere in statute, the petition must specify the maximum annual authorized tax rate at which the district will be authorized to levy a tax for each such purpose, not to exceed the maximum annual authorized tax rate applicable to unit districts as specified elsewhere in statute.
- (6) The aggregate of all rates specified in accordance with this subsection (b) shall not exceed the highest dual district rate, excluding rates for bond and interest levies, applicable to any territory within the high school district included in the petition in the year immediately preceding the creation of the new district.
- (c) The school board of any new optional elementary unit district created under the provisions of this Article may levy a tax annually upon all of the taxable property of the district at the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of

Revenue as follows:

1

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (1) For all real property within the district, rates not to exceed the maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this Section, the maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 operation and maintenance purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, the maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 special education purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section, the maximum annual authorized transportation purposes rate accordance subdivision established in with (4) subsection (b) of this Section, and, for all other purposes, the statutory permissive rate for unit districts or the maximum annual authorized rate for that purpose established in accordance with subdivision (5) of subsection (b) of this Section.
- (2) For all real property in the district included within the elementary and high school classification, in addition to the rates authorized by subdivision (1) of this subsection (c), rates not to exceed the maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1)subsection (b) of this Section, the maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 operation and maintenance

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, and the maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 special education purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section.

- (3) of subsection (b) of this Section.
- (d) The school board may, subsequent to the formation of the district and in accordance with Sections 17-2 through 17-7 of this Code, seek to increase the maximum annual authorized tax rates for any statutorily authorized purpose up to the maximum rate set forth in subsection (b) of this Section or otherwise applicable to unit school districts as specified elsewhere in statute, whichever is less, subject to the following approval requirements:
 - (1) The school board may increase the following rates only after submitting a proper resolution to the voters of district at any regular scheduled election and obtaining approval by both a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the high school only classification voting on the proposition and a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition:
 - (A) The maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this

subsection (d). 1

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (B) The maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 operation and maintenance purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (C) The maximum annual authorized grade 9 through 12 special education purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (D) The maximum annual authorized transportation in accordance purposes rate established subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (E) For all other statutorily authorized purposes, any rate exceeding the statutory permissive rate for unit. districts established in accordance subdivision (5) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (2) The school board may increase the following rates only after submitting a proper resolution to the voters of the district living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

any regular scheduled election classification at obtaining approval by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition:

- (A) The maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 educational purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (B) The maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 operation and maintenance purposes rate established in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter in accordance with this subsection (d).
- (C) The maximum annual authorized grade K through 8 special education purposes rate established accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this Section, as may be increased thereafter accordance with this subsection (d).
- (e) The school board may, after submitting a proper resolution to the voters of the district at any regular scheduled election, seek to do either of the following:
 - (1) Increase or decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade K through 8 educational purposes with an equal corresponding increase or decrease of the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade 9 through 12

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

educational purposes, such that there is no change in the total combined maximum authorized annual tax rate for both purposes.

(2) Increase or decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes with an equal corresponding increase or decrease of the maximum authorized annual tax rate for grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes, such that there is no change in the total combined maximum authorized annual tax rate for both purposes.

Any modification to maximum authorized annual tax rates pursuant to this subsection (e) must be approved by both a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the high school only classification voting on the proposition and a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. No maximum tax rate secured hereunder may exceed the maximum tax rate for a particular purpose specified elsewhere in statute.

- The school board may seek to do either of the following:
 - (1) Increase the maximum authorized annual tax rate for either grade K through 8 educational purposes or grade K through 8 operations and maintenance purposes with an equal corresponding decrease being effected to the maximum authorized tax rate for the other fund.

2 3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25

26

(2) Increase the maximum authorized annual tax rate for either grade 9 through 12 educational purposes or grade 9 through 12 operations and maintenance purposes with an equal corresponding decrease being effected to the maximum authorized tax rate for the other fund.

A proper resolution to increase and concurrently decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rates for grade K through 8 purposes in accordance with this subsection (f) shall be submitted to the voters of the district residing in the elementary and high school classification at any regular scheduled election and must be approved by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting proposition. A proper resolution to increase and concurrently decrease the maximum authorized annual tax rates for grade 9 through 12 purposes in accordance with this subsection (f) shall be submitted to all of the voters of the district at any regular scheduled election and must be approved by a majority of voters voting on the proposition. No maximum tax rate secured hereunder may exceed the maximum tax rate for a particular purpose specified elsewhere in statute. The terms and provisions of this subsection (f) shall apply instead of the terms and provisions of Section 17-6.1 of this Code to any concurrent equal increase and decrease in the authorized rates for educational and operations maintenance purposes by an optional elementary unit district.

(q) The school board may borrow money and issue bonds for 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

elementary or high school purposes (but not grade K through 12 purposes) as authorized by Articles 10 and 19 and Section 17-2.11 of this Code and as otherwise permitted by law. All notices, resolutions, and ballots related to borrowing money and issuing bonds in accordance with this subsection (g) shall indicate whether the proposed action is for elementary or high school purposes. Taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on bonds issued for high school purposes shall be extended against the entire district, and taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on bonds issued for elementary purposes shall be extended only against property within the elementary and high school classification. The proposition to issue bonds for high school purposes must be submitted to and approved by a majority of voters of the district voting on the proposition. The proposition to issue bonds for elementary purposes must only be submitted to and approved by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. Notwithstanding the terms and provisions of Section 19-4 of this Code, the board of an optional elementary unit district may not seek to designate any bonds issued for high school purposes as bonds issued for elementary purposes or designate any bonds issued elementary purposes as bonds issued for high school purposes.

Any petition filed in accordance with Section 19-9 of this Code

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

requesting that the proposition to issue bonds for the payment of orders or claims for elementary purposes be submitted to the voters must be signed by 10% or more of the registered voters of the elementary and high school classification. If required pursuant to Section 19-9 of this Code, the proposition to issue bonds for the payment of orders or claims for elementary purposes must only be submitted to and approved by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. Taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on any refunding bonds issued in accordance with Article 19 of this Code to refund bonds, coupons, or other evidences of indebtedness for bonds issued by the optional elementary unit district for high school purposes or issued by a district that dissolved to form the optional elementary unit district shall be extended against the entire district. Taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on any refunding bonds issued in accordance with Article 19 of this Code to refund bonds, coupons, or other evidences of indebtedness for bonds issued by the optional elementary unit district for elementary purposes shall only be extended against the property within the elementary and high school classification.

(h) The school board may establish, maintain, or re-create a working cash fund for elementary or high school purposes (but not grade K through 12 purposes) as authorized by Article 20 of

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

this Code. All notices, resolutions, and ballots related to the establishment of a working cash fund shall indicate whether the working cash fund shall be for elementary or high school purposes. For purposes of Section 20-2 of this Code, taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on bonds issued to create a working cash fund for high school purposes shall be extended against the entire district, and taxes to pay the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on bonds issued to create a working cash fund for elementary purposes shall be extended only against property within the elementary and high school classification. Any petition filed in accordance with Section 20-7 of this Code requesting that the proposition to issue bonds to establish a working cash fund for elementary purposes be submitted to the voters must be signed by 10% or more of the registered voters of the elementary and high school classification. If required pursuant to Section 20-7 of this Code, the proposition to issue bonds for a working cash fund for elementary purposes must only be submitted to and approved by a majority of voters living in the portion of the territory included within the elementary and high school classification voting on the proposition. Upon the abolishment of the working cash fund for elementary purposes in accordance with Section 20-8 of this Code, the balance shall be transferred to the fund established for the receipt of proceeds from levies specified for grade K through 8 educational purposes. Upon the abolishment of the working cash fund for

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(j)

2 Code, the balance shall be transferred to the fund established

for the receipt of proceeds from levies specified for grade 9

through 12 educational purposes.

(i) The school board shall establish separate funds for the receipt of tax proceeds from levies specified for grade K through 8 purposes and grade 9 through 12 purposes in accordance with subdivisions (1) through (3) of subsection (b) of this Section and the receipt of tax and other proceeds from bond issuances for grade K through 8 purposes and grade 9 through 12 purposes in accordance with subsection (g) of this Section. Proceeds received from any levy or bond issuance specified for grade K through 8 purposes shall not be used to for any staff, equipment, materials, facilities. buildings, land, or services solely related to instruction in grades 9 through 12. Proceeds received from any levy or bond issuance specified for grade 9 through 12 purposes shall not be used to pay for any staff, equipment, materials, facilities, buildings, land, or services solely related to instruction in grades K through 8. Expenses related to staff, equipment, materials, facilities, buildings, land, or services related to instruction in both grades K through 8 and grades 9 through 12 may be paid from proceeds received from a levy or bond issuance specified for either grade K through 8 purposes or grade 9 through 12 purposes.

The school board of an optional elementary unit

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

- district may abate or abolish any fund in accordance with this Code, provided that no funds may be transferred from an abated or abolished fund specified for grade K through 8 purposes to a fund specified for grade 9 through 12 purposes, and no funds may be transferred from an abated or abolished fund specified for grade 9 through 12 purposes to a fund specified for grade K through 8 purposes.
- To the extent that the specific requirements for borrowing money, levying taxes, issuing bonds, establishing, maintaining, or re-creating a working cash fund, transferring funds by an optional elementary unit district set forth in this Section conflicts with any general requirements for school districts set forth in Article 10, 17, 19, or 20 of this Code, the requirements set forth in this Section shall control over any such general requirements.
- (Source: P.A. 94-1019, eff. 7-10-06.) 16
- 17 (105 ILCS 5/17-3) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-3)
- Sec. 17-3. Additional levies-Submission to voters. 18
- 19 (a) The school board in any district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution, cause 20 21 a proposition to increase, for a limited period of not less 22 than 3 nor more than 10 years or for an unlimited period, the 23 annual tax rate for educational purposes to be submitted to the 24 voters of such district at a regular scheduled election as 25 follows:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (1) in districts maintaining grades 1 through 8, or grades 9 through 12, the maximum rate for educational purposes shall not exceed 3.5% of the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue;
- (2) in districts maintaining grades 1 through 12 the maximum rate for educational purposes shall not exceed 7.00% of the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue. except that if a single elementary district and a secondary district having boundaries that are coterminous form a community unit district on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and the actual combined rate of the elementary district and secondary district prior formation of the community unit district is greater than 4.00%, then the maximum rate for educational purposes for such district shall be the following:
 - (A) For 2 years following the formation of the community unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the actual combined rate of the previous elementary district and secondary district.
 - (B) In each subsequent year, the maximum rate shall be reduced by 0.10% or reduced to 4.00%, whichever reduction is less. The school board may, by proper resolution, cause a proposition to increase the reduced rate, not to exceed the maximum rate in clause (A), to be submitted to the voters of the district at a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

regular scheduled election as provided under this Section. Nothing in this Section shall require that the maximum rate for educational purpose for a district maintaining grades one through 12 4.00%

If the resolution of the school board seeks to increase the annual tax rate for educational purposes for a limited period of not less than 3 nor more than 10 years, the proposition shall so state and shall identify the years for which the tax increase is sought.

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition is in favor thereof at an election for which the election authorities have given notice either (i) in accordance with Section 12-5 of the Election Code or (ii) by publication of a true and legible copy of the specimen ballot label containing the proposition in the form in which it appeared or will appear on the official ballot label on the day of the election at least 5 days before the day of the election in at least one newspaper published in and having a general circulation in the district, the school board may thereafter, until such authority is revoked in like manner, levy annually the tax so authorized; provided that if the proposition as approved limits the increase in the annual tax rate of the district for educational purposes to a period of not less than 3 nor more than 10 years, the district may, unless such authority is sooner revoked in like manner, levy annually the tax so authorized for the limited number of years

- approved by a majority of the votes cast on the proposition. 1
- 2 Upon expiration of that limited period, the rate at which the
- district may annually levy its tax for educational purposes 3
- shall be the rate provided under Section 17-2, or the rate at 4
- 5 which the district last levied its tax for educational purposes
- prior to approval of the proposition authorizing the levy of 6
- 7 that tax at an increased rate, whichever is greater.
- The school board shall certify the proposition to the 8
- 9 proper election authorities in accordance with the general
- 10 election law.
- 11 The provisions of this Section concerning notice of the tax
- 12 rate increase referendum apply only to consolidated primary
- elections held prior to January 1, 2002 at which not less than 13
- 55% of the voters voting on the tax rate increase proposition 14
- 15 voted in favor of the tax rate increase proposition.
- 16 (Blank). Beginning on the effective date of this
- 17 amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, if a unit district
- is being established from an elementary district or districts 18
- 19 and a high school district, pursuant to Article 11E of this
- 20 Code, and the combined rate of the elementary district or
- 21 districts and the high school district prior to the formation
- 22 of the unit district is greater than 4.00% for educational
- 23 purposes, then the maximum rate for educational purposes
- the unit district shall be the following: 24
- 25 (1) For the first year following the formation of the
- 26 new unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the lesser

	of the actual complined rate of the previous highest
2	elementary district rate and the high school district rate
3	or 6.40%.
4	(2) For the second year after the formation of the new
5	unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the lesser of
6	the actual combined rate of the previous highest elementary
7	district rate and the high school district rate or 5.80%.
8	(3) For the third year after the formation of the new
9	unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the lesser of
10	the actual combined rate of the previous highest elementary
11	district rate and the high school district rate or 5.20%.
12	(4) For the fourth year after the formation of the new
13	unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the lesser of
14	the actual combined rate of the previous highest elementary
15	district rate and the high school district rate or 4.60%.
16	(5) For the fifth year after the formation of the new
17	unit district and thereafter, the maximum rate shall be no
18	greater than 4.00%.
19	(Source: P.A. 97-1022, eff. 1-1-13.)
20	(105 ILCS 5/17-5) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-5)
21	Sec. 17-5. Increase tax rates for operations and
22	maintenance purposes-Maximum.
23	(a) The school board in any district having a population of
24	less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution, cause
25	a proposition to increase the annual tax rate for operations

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

and maintenance purposes to be submitted to the voters of the district at a regular scheduled election. The board shall certify the proposition to the proper election authority for submission to the elector in accordance with the general election law. In districts maintaining grades 1 through 8, or grades 9 through 12, the maximum rate for operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed .55%; and in districts maintaining grades 1 through 12, the maximum rates for operations and maintenance purposes shall not exceed 1.10% .75%, except that if a single elementary district and a secondary district having boundaries that are coterminous on the effective date of this amendatory Act form a community unit district as authorized under Section 11-6, the maximum rate operation and maintenance purposes for such district shall not exceed 1.10% of the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue; and in such district maintaining grades 1 through 12, funds may, subject to the provisions of Section 17-5.1 accumulate to not more than 5% of the equalized assessed valuation of the district. No such accumulation shall ever be transferred or used for any other purpose. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition is in favor thereof, the school board may thereafter, until such authority is revoked in like manner, levy annually a tax as authorized.

(Blank). Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, if a unit district is being established from an elementary district or districts

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

and a high school district, pursuant to Article 11E of this Code, and the combined rate of the elementary district or districts and the high school district prior to the formation of the unit district is greater than 0.75% for operations and maintenance purposes, then the maximum rate for operations and maintenance purposes for the unit district shall be the following:

- (1) For the first year following formation of the new unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the lesser of the actual combined rate of the previous highest elementary district rate and the high school district rate or 1.03%.
- (2) For the second year after formation of the new unit the maximum rate shall equal the lesser of actual combined rate of the previous highest elementary district rate and the high school district rate or 0.96%.
- (3) For the third year after the formation of the new unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the lesser of the actual combined rate of the previous highest elementary district rate and the high school district rate or 0.89%.
- (4) For the fourth year after the formation of the new unit district, the maximum rate shall equal the lesser of the actual combined rate of the previous highest elementary district rate and the high school district rate or 0.82%.
- (5) For the fifth year after the formation of the new unit district and thereafter, the maximum rate shall be no greater than 0.75%.

(Source: P.A. 97-1022, eff. 1-1-13.) 1