



98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB4330

by Rep. La Shawn K. Ford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the School Choice Act and amends the Illinois Lottery Law, the State Finance Act, and the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides findings and declarations of policy. Establishes the School Choice Program. Provides that under the program the custodian of a qualifying pupil is entitled to a School Choice Scholarship to pay for qualified education expenses at participating nonpublic elementary schools. Requires the principal of each public school to notify custodians of qualifying pupils of the availability of scholarships. Requires custodians to apply to the State Board of Education for a scholarship and provide documentation as to eligibility. Requires the State Board to issue a scholarship to custodians who have made proper application and to honor the scholarship when presented for payment by a nonpublic school. Provides for the amount of a scholarship. Provides that the scholarship may be renewed each year through the 8th grade so long as the pupil and custodian remain eligible. Requires the Department of the Lottery to offer a special instant scratch-off game for the funding of scholarships. Provides that the amount received under the program shall not be considered base income for purposes of Illinois' income tax. Requires the State Board to submit a report to the General Assembly on or before December 31, 2017. Provides criminal penalties for certain violations. Requires the State Board to adopt rules to implement the Act. Repeals the Act on January 1, 2018. Effective immediately.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES
ACT MAY REQUIRE
REIMBURSEMENT

1 AN ACT concerning education.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the School
5 Choice Act.

6 Section 5. Findings and declaration of policy. The General
7 Assembly finds and declares the following:

8 (1) There is a crisis in the education programs in this
9 State. Many schools and their pupils are performing
10 significantly below relevant national standards and are
11 unable to access functions of federal and State law
12 designed to improve their performance. Consequently, many
13 pupils are dropping out of school before completing the
14 ordinary course of secondary education or are leaving
15 school without the basic skills and knowledge that will
16 enable them to find and hold a job or otherwise become
17 functioning, productive members of our society.

18 (2) Within this State there are many public and
19 nonpublic schools and independent education services
20 competently and efficiently educating or contributing to
21 the education of children. Most pupils in those schools or
22 receiving those services perform at or above relevant
23 national standards, complete their secondary education,

1 and matriculate to institutions of higher education at an
2 extremely high rate. These services and schools should be
3 accessible to all and should enjoy a cooperative
4 relationship with public school districts, schools, and
5 employees of this State.

6 (3) Custodians of school age children in this State are
7 frequently unable to enroll their children in schools that
8 will provide them a quality education due to a lack of
9 funds.

10 (4) Adopting a pilot school choice program for a
11 limited number of students would enable parents to select
12 schools or services they believe will provide a quality
13 education for their children, empower them to influence the
14 educational policies and procedures in the schools their
15 children attend, and provide them with at least a portion
16 of the funds necessary to pay for a quality education. Such
17 a program would test a new approach to education that could
18 be expanded to the rest of the State.

19 (5) The provisions of this Act are in the public
20 interest, for the public benefit, and serve a secular
21 public purpose.

22 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

23 "Base year" means the 2014-2015 school year.

24 "Custodian" means, with respect to a qualifying pupil, a
25 parent or legal guardian who is a resident of a qualifying zip

1 code.

2 "Final year" means the 2018-2019 school year.

3 "Nonpublic school" means any State-recognized, nonpublic
4 elementary school that elects to participate in the school
5 choice program established under this Act and does not
6 discriminate on the basis of race, color, or national origin
7 under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance
8 at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the
9 School Code, except that nothing in Section 26-1 shall be
10 construed to require a child to attend any particular nonpublic
11 school.

12 "Qualified education expenses" means costs reasonably
13 incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil for the services of a
14 participating nonpublic school in which the qualifying pupil is
15 enrolled during the regular school year. Qualified education
16 expenses does not include costs incurred for supplies or
17 extra-curricular activities.

18 "Qualifying pupil" means an individual who:

19 (1) is a resident of a qualifying zip code;

20 (2) is enrolled in kindergarten through grade 7 during
21 the 2014-2015 school year in a public school or has
22 received a School Choice Scholarship in the previous school
23 year; and

24 (3) during the school year for which a scholarship is
25 sought, will be a full-time pupil enrolled in a 1st grade
26 through 8th grade education program.

1 "Qualifying zip code" means one of the 20 zip codes that
2 generated the greatest amount of State lottery sales the
3 previous year from the School Choice Scholarship scratch-off
4 game under Section 21.9 of the Illinois Lottery Law, as
5 certified by the Department of the Lottery.

6 "School Choice Scholarship" or "scholarship" means a
7 written instrument issued by the State Board of Education
8 directly to the custodian of a qualifying pupil. The instrument
9 shall be for a sum certain, which must not exceed the
10 foundation level of support amount specified in subsection (B)
11 of Section 18-8.05 of the School Code, to be paid within a
12 designated period of time. The custodian may present the
13 instrument only to a participating nonpublic school as payment
14 for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of the
15 qualifying pupil.

16 Section 15. Establishment of program. There is established
17 the School Choice Program. Under the program, after the base
18 year and through the final year, a custodian of a qualifying
19 pupil shall be entitled to a School Choice Scholarship for
20 payment of qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of
21 the qualifying pupil at any participating nonpublic school in
22 which the qualifying pupil is enrolled. A qualifying pupil
23 shall be entitled to enroll at and attend any participating
24 nonpublic school of his or her choice.

1 Section 20. Notification of scholarships. The principal of
2 each public school in a qualifying zip code, as reported by the
3 State Board of Education, shall notify custodians of qualifying
4 pupils that scholarships under this Act are available for the
5 next school year. Notification shall occur in January of each
6 school year beginning with the base year through the school
7 year before the final year. With respect to the custodians of
8 qualifying pupils who have an individualized educational
9 program under Article 14 of the School Code, this notification
10 shall include information regarding the special education
11 services, if any, provided at participating nonpublic schools.

12 Section 25. Request for scholarship. A custodian who
13 applies in accordance with procedures established by the State
14 Board of Education shall receive a scholarship under this Act
15 within the scholarship issuance limits set out in this Act. The
16 procedure shall require application for the scholarship, with
17 documentation as to eligibility, between March 1 and May 1
18 prior to the school year in which the scholarship is to be
19 used.

20 Section 30. Issuance and payment of scholarship. A
21 scholarship may only be issued to a custodian who has made
22 proper application pursuant to Section 25 of this Act. The
23 State Board of Education shall determine the number of
24 scholarships that may be issued for a particular school year

1 based on the amount of money in the School Choice Fund to fund
2 full scholarships that school year. The State Board shall adopt
3 rules for a lottery drawing if there are more applications than
4 the number of scholarships for a given school year. The
5 custodian shall present the scholarship to a participating
6 nonpublic school of his or her choice as payment for qualified
7 education expenses. Upon presentment, the State Board of
8 Education shall honor the scholarship and, as issuer of the
9 instrument, pay the participating nonpublic school in
10 accordance with procedures established by the State Board of
11 Education. The procedures shall require all of the following:

12 (1) that the applying custodian be notified of the
13 scholarship award by July 1 of the school year in which the
14 scholarship is to be used;

15 (2) that the scholarship instrument be issued to the
16 custodian no later than August 15 of the school year in
17 which the scholarship is to be used;

18 (3) that the custodian present the scholarship
19 instrument to the participating school no later than
20 September 1 of the school year in which the scholarship is
21 to be used;

22 (4) that the participating school present the
23 scholarship instrument, with proof of service to the
24 custodian of the qualifying pupil, to the State Board of
25 Education no later than September 31 of the school year in
26 which the scholarship is to be used;

1 (5) that the State Board of Education shall honor the
2 scholarship instrument and as issuer pay the participating
3 school no later than November 31 of the school year in
4 which the scholarship is to be used;

5 (6) that participating schools must not be required to
6 accept scholarships as full payment for services but
7 neither shall they charge scholarship pupils tuition or any
8 other educational expenses at a higher rate than other
9 pupils; and

10 (7) that if a student attending a nonpublic school
11 under the School Choice Program is expelled from the
12 nonpublic school before the State Board of Education has
13 honored the scholarship of the school, then the State Board
14 of Education shall pay the corresponding prorated portion
15 of the scholarship amount to the nonpublic school; and that
16 if the State Board of Education has paid the scholarship
17 amount to the nonpublic school and the pupil is expelled,
18 then the nonpublic school shall refund the corresponding
19 prorated portion of the scholarship to the State Board of
20 Education.

21 No scholarships shall be issued for a school year after the
22 final year.

23 Section 35. Amount of scholarship. A School Choice
24 Scholarship for qualified education expenses incurred through
25 participating schools during any school year after the base

1 year shall be for the lesser of (i) the foundation level of
2 support amount specified in subsection (B) of Section 18-8.05
3 of the School Code or (ii) the actual qualified education
4 expenses related to the qualifying pupil's enrollment.

5 Section 40. Renewal of scholarship. School Choice
6 Scholarships shall be renewable every year through grade 8 so
7 long as the qualifying pupil and custodian continue to remain
8 eligible pursuant to Section 10 of this Act.

9 Section 50. Funding. Funding for the School Choice Program
10 shall come from appropriations made to the State Board of
11 Education from the School Choice Fund.

12 Section 55. Not base income. The amount of any scholarship
13 redeemed under this Act shall not be considered base income
14 under subsection (a) of Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax
15 Act and shall not be taxable for Illinois income tax purposes.

16 Section 60. Report and expansion. On or before December 31,
17 2017, the State Board of Education shall submit a report to the
18 General Assembly reviewing the program operating under this
19 Act. This report shall include, but not be limited to, the
20 number of qualifying pupils receiving a School Choice
21 Scholarship, the names of the schools from which and to which
22 pupils transferred, the financial ramifications of the

1 program, and the results of pupil assessments. In its report,
2 the State Board of Education shall assess whether the program
3 has been financially and academically beneficial and shall make
4 a recommendation on whether the program should be extended or
5 expanded to other areas of this State.

6 Section 65. Penalties. It shall be a Class 3 felony to use
7 or attempt to use a scholarship under this Act for any purpose
8 other than those permitted by this Act. It shall also be a
9 Class 3 felony for any person, with intent to defraud, to
10 knowingly forge, alter, or misrepresent information on a
11 scholarship application or on any documents submitted in
12 application for a scholarship, to deliver any such document
13 knowing it to have been thus forged, altered, or based on
14 misrepresentation, or to possess, with intent to issue or
15 deliver, any such document knowing it to have been thus forged,
16 altered, or based on misrepresentation.

17 Section 70. Rules. The State Board of Education shall adopt
18 rules to implement this Act. The creation of the School Choice
19 Program does not expand the regulatory authority of this State,
20 its officers, or any school district to impose any additional
21 regulation of nonpublic schools beyond those reasonably
22 necessary to enforce the requirements of the program.

23 Section 500. Expiration. This Act is repealed on January 1,

1 2018.

2 Section 895. The Illinois Lottery Law is amended by
3 changing Sections 2 and 20 and by adding Sections 7.4a and 21.9
4 as follows:

5 (20 ILCS 1605/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 1152)

6 Sec. 2. This Act is enacted to implement and establish
7 within the State a lottery to be conducted by the State through
8 the Department. The entire net proceeds of the Lottery are to
9 be used for the support of the State's Common School Fund,
10 except as provided in subsection (o) of Section 9.1 and
11 Sections 21.2, 21.5, 21.6, 21.7, ~~and~~ 21.8, and 21.9. The
12 General Assembly finds that it is in the public interest for
13 the Department to conduct the functions of the Lottery with the
14 assistance of a private manager under a management agreement
15 overseen by the Department. The Department shall be accountable
16 to the General Assembly and the people of the State through a
17 comprehensive system of regulation, audits, reports, and
18 enduring operational oversight. The Department's ongoing
19 conduct of the Lottery through a management agreement with a
20 private manager shall act to promote and ensure the integrity,
21 security, honesty, and fairness of the Lottery's operation and
22 administration. It is the intent of the General Assembly that
23 the Department shall conduct the Lottery with the assistance of
24 a private manager under a management agreement at all times in

1 a manner consistent with 18 U.S.C. 1307(a)(1), 1307(b)(1),
2 1953(b)(4).

3 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-673, eff. 10-11-07;
4 95-674, eff. 10-11-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-34, eff.
5 7-13-09.)

6 (20 ILCS 1605/7.4a new)

7 Sec. 7.4a. Certification under School Choice Act. Before
8 December 15 of each year, the Department shall certify to the
9 State Board of Education the 20 zip codes that generated the
10 greatest amount of State lottery sales the previous year from
11 the School Choice Scholarship scratch-off game under Section
12 21.9 of this Law for the purposes of the School Choice Act.

13 (20 ILCS 1605/20) (from Ch. 120, par. 1170)

14 Sec. 20. State Lottery Fund.

15 (a) There is created in the State Treasury a special fund
16 to be known as the "State Lottery Fund". Such fund shall
17 consist of all revenues received from (1) the sale of lottery
18 tickets or shares, (net of commissions, fees representing those
19 expenses that are directly proportionate to the sale of tickets
20 or shares at the agent location, and prizes of less than \$600
21 which have been validly paid at the agent level), (2)
22 application fees, and (3) all other sources including moneys
23 credited or transferred thereto from any other fund or source
24 pursuant to law. Interest earnings of the State Lottery Fund

1 shall be credited to the Common School Fund.

2 (b) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
3 21.5 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.5.

4 (c) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
5 21.6 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.6.

6 (d) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
7 21.7 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.7.

8 (e) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
9 21.8 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.8.

10 (f) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
11 21.9 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.9.

12 (Source: P.A. 94-120, eff. 7-6-05; 94-585, eff. 8-15-05;
13 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-673, eff. 10-11-07; 95-674, eff.
14 10-11-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

15 (20 ILCS 1605/21.9 new)

16 Sec. 21.9. Scratch-off for School Choice Scholarships.

17 (a) The Department shall offer a special instant
18 scratch-off game for the funding of School Choice Scholarships
19 under the School Choice Act. The game shall commence as soon as
20 is reasonably practical, at the discretion of the Director. The
21 operation of the game shall be governed by this Act and any
22 rules adopted by the Department. If any provision of this
23 Section is inconsistent with any other provision of this Act,
24 then this Section governs.

25 (b) For purposes of this subsection (b), "net revenue"

1 means the total amount for which tickets have been sold less
2 the sum of the amount paid out in prizes and the actual
3 administrative expenses of the Department solely related to the
4 scratch-off game under this Section.

5 The School Choice Fund is created as a special fund in the
6 State treasury. The net revenue from the School Choice
7 Scholarship scratch-off game must be deposited into the Fund
8 for appropriation by the General Assembly solely to the State
9 Board of Education for the issuance of School Choice
10 Scholarships under the School Choice Act.

11 Moneys received for the purposes of this Section,
12 including, without limitation, net revenue from the
13 scratch-off game and from gifts, grants, and awards from any
14 public or private entity, must be deposited into the Fund. Any
15 interest earned on moneys in the Fund must be deposited into
16 the Fund.

17 (c) During the time that tickets are sold for the School
18 Choice Scholarship scratch-off game, the Department may not
19 unreasonably diminish the efforts devoted to marketing any
20 other instant scratch-off lottery game.

21 (d) The Department may adopt any rules necessary to
22 implement and administer the provisions of this Section.

23 Section 897. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
24 Section 5.855 as follows:

1 (30 ILCS 105/5.855 new)

2 Sec. 5.855. The School Choice Fund.

3 Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
4 changing Section 203 as follows:

5 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

6 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

7 (a) Individuals.

8 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
10 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
11 (2).

12 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
13 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
14 sum of the following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
17 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
18 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
19 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
20 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code;

22 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
23 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
24 the computation of adjusted gross income for the

1 taxable year;

2 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
3 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
4 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
5 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
6 for which a deduction was previously taken under
7 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
8 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
9 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
10 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
11 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
12 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
13 which is attributable to such principal residence;

14 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
15 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
16 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
17 computation of adjusted gross income;

18 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
19 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
20 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
21 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
22 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
23 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
24 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section
25 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

26 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,

1 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
2 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
3 gross income and for which the individual claims a
4 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

5 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
6 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
7 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
8 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code;

10 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
11 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
12 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
13 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
14 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
15 deductions taken in all taxable years under
16 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

17 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
18 the last day of the last tax year for which the
19 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
20 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
21 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
22 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
23 equal to that subtraction modification.

24 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
25 modification under this subparagraph only once with
26 respect to any one piece of property;

1 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
2 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
3 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the same unitary business group but for the
7 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
8 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
11 who would be a member of the same unitary business
12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
15 required to apportion business income under different
16 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
17 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
18 extent that dividends were included in base income of
19 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
20 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
21 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
22 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
23 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
24 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue
25 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
26 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

1 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
4 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
5 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
6 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
7 with respect to such interest; or

8 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
11 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
12 following:

13 (a) the person, during the same taxable
14 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
15 to a person that is not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
18 person did not have as a principal purpose the
19 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
20 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
21 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
22 terms; or

23 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
24 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
25 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
26 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and

1 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
2 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

3 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
7 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
8 to the application or use of an alternative method
9 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
13 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
14 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
15 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
16 and such regulations provide methods and standards
17 by which the Department will utilize its authority
18 under Section 404 of this Act;

19 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
24 foreign person who would be a member of the same
25 unitary business group but for the fact that the
26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
4 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
6 from being included in the unitary business group
7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
8 business income under different subsections of Section
9 304. The addition modification required by this
10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
12 group for the same taxable year and received by the
13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
14 business group (including amounts included in gross
15 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
17 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
18 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
19 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
20 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
21 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
22 reduction to the addition modification required under
23 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
24 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
25 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
26 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,

1 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
2 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
3 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
4 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
5 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
6 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
7 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
8 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
9 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
10 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
11 assets.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
16 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
17 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
18 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
19 to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person during the same taxable
26 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

1 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
2 not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 intangible expense or cost between the
5 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
6 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
7 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
8 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
9 or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
13 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
16 writing to the application or use of an alternative
17 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
21 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
23 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
24 and such regulations provide methods and standards
25 by which the Department will utilize its authority
26 under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
3 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
4 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
6 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
7 business group but for the fact that the person is
8 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
9 included in the unitary business group because he or
10 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
11 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
12 addition modification required by this subparagraph
13 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
14 included in base income of the unitary group for the
15 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
17 (including amounts included in gross income under
18 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
20 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
21 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
22 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
23 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
24 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
25 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
26 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

1 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
3 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
4 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
6 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
7 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
8 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
9 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
10 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
12 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
14 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
15 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
16 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
17 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
18 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
19 adopts and determines that its offering materials
20 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
21 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
22 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
23 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
24 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
25 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
26 program to inform in-state residents of the existence

1 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
2 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
3 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

4 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
5 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
6 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
7 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
8 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
9 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
10 participants in its offering materials or makes a
11 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
12 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
13 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
14 out-of-state program distributes its offering
15 materials;

16 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
18 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
20 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
21 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
22 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified
25 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
26 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 administered by the State that is not used for
2 qualified expenses at an eligible education
3 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
4 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
5 that was previously deducted from base income under
6 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
7 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
8 beneficiary's death or disability;

9 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
12 Act;

13 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
14 following amounts:

15 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
16 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
17 any compensation (including but not limited to any
18 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
19 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
20 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
21 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
22 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
23 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
24 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
25 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
26 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,

1 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
2 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
3 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
4 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
6 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
7 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
8 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
9 resident by reason of being a member of any component
10 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
11 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
12 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
13 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
14 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
15 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
16 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
18 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
21 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
22 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
24 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
25 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
26 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired

1 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
2 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
4 thereto;

5 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

6 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
7 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
8 and included in such total for the taxable year;

9 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
10 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
12 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
13 of taxable income;

14 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
15 such total which were paid by a corporation which
16 conducts business operations in a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
18 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
19 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
20 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total that were paid by a corporation that
24 conducts business operations in a federally designated
25 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
26 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided

1 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
2 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
3 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
4 this subparagraph (K);

5 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
6 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
7 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
8 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code;

10 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
11 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
12 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
13 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
15 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
17 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
18 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
19 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
23 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
24 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
2 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
3 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
4 United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
8 of bond premium amortization;

9 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
17 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
18 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
19 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

20 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
21 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
22 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
23 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
24 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

25 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
26 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

1 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
2 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
3 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
4 medical care savings account established under the
5 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
6 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
7 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
8 as provided in that Act;

9 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
10 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
11 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
12 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
13 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
14 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
15 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

16 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
17 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
18 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
19 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
20 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
21 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

22 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
23 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
24 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
25 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
26 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder

1 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
2 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
3 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
4 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
5 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
7 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
8 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
9 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
10 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
11 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
12 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
13 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
14 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
15 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
16 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
17 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
18 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
19 times a number that represents the fractional
20 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
21 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
22 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

23 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
24 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
25 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
26 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
3 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
4 extent includible in gross income for federal income
5 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
6 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
7 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
8 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
9 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
10 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
11 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
12 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
13 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
14 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
15 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
16 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
17 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
18 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
19 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
20 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
21 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
22 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
23 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
24 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
25 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
26 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of

1 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
2 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
3 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
4 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
5 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
6 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
7 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
8 of Section 250;

9 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
10 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
11 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
12 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
13 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
14 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
15 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
16 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
17 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
18 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
19 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
20 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
21 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
22 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
24 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
25 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
26 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching

1 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
2 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
3 from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
5 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
6 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
7 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
9 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

10 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
11 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
13 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
14 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
15 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
16 the bonus depreciation deduction;

17 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
18 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
19 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
20 0.429); and

21 (3) for taxable years ending after December
22 31, 2005:

23 (i) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1 0.429); and
2 (ii) for property on which a bonus
3 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
4 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
5 1.0.

6 The aggregate amount deducted under this
7 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
8 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
9 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
10 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
11 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
12 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
13 Section 250;

14 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
17 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
18 an amount equal to that addition modification.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
25 equal to that addition modification.

26 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under

1 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
2 piece of property.

3 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250;

5 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
6 other than salary, received by a driver in a
7 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

8 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
9 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
10 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
11 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
12 modification with respect to such transaction under
13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
14 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
15 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
16 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
17 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
18 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
19 is required to make an addition modification with
20 respect to such transaction under Section
21 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
22 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
23 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
24 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
26 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
18 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (EF) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
10 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
12 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
15 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
16 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
17 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
18 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250; ~~and~~

20 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
21 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
22 add back any insurance premiums under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
24 that part of a reimbursement received from the
25 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
26 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance

1 company) that would have been taken into account as a
2 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
3 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
4 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
5 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
6 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
7 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
8 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~.

9 (HH) For taxable years ending on or after December
10 31, 2014, an amount, to the extent that it is included
11 in adjusted gross income, equal to any scholarship
12 redeemed under the School Choice Act. This
13 subparagraph (HH) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250.

15 (b) Corporations.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
20 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
21 of the following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
24 received from regulated investment companies during
25 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross

1 income in the computation of taxable income;

2 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
3 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
4 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

5 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
6 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
7 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
8 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
9 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
11 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
13 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
14 law and is not a new enactment);

15 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
16 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
17 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
18 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

19 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
20 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
21 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
22 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
23 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
24 the amount by which addition modifications other than
25 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
26 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable

1 year, with the following limitations applied in the
2 order that they are listed:

3 (i) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
7 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
8 which related to that net operating loss and which
9 was taken into account in calculating the base
10 income of an earlier taxable year, and

11 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
14 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
15 such carryback or carryforward;

16 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
17 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
18 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
19 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
20 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
21 independently under the preceding provisions of this
22 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

23 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
24 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
25 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
26 gross income and for which the corporation claims a

1 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

2 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
3 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
4 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
5 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code;

7 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
8 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
9 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
10 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
11 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
12 deductions taken in all taxable years under
13 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which the
16 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
18 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
19 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
20 equal to that subtraction modification.

21 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
22 modification under this subparagraph only once with
23 respect to any one piece of property;

24 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
25 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the same unitary business group but for the
4 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
5 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
14 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
15 extent that dividends were included in base income of
16 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
17 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
18 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
19 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
20 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
21 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
23 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
24 incurred.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such interest; or

6 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
8 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
9 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person, during the same taxable
12 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
13 to a person that is not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
16 person did not have as a principal purpose the
17 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
18 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
19 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
20 terms; or

21 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
22 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
23 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
24 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
25 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
26 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

1 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
5 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
6 to the application or use of an alternative method
7 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
11 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
12 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
13 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
14 and such regulations provide methods and standards
15 by which the Department will utilize its authority
16 under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
18 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
19 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
22 foreign person who would be a member of the same
23 unitary business group but for the fact that the
24 foreign person's business activity outside the United
25 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
26 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
2 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
3 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
4 from being included in the unitary business group
5 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
6 business income under different subsections of Section
7 304. The addition modification required by this
8 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
9 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
10 group for the same taxable year and received by the
11 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
12 business group (including amounts included in gross
13 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
15 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
16 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
17 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
18 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
19 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
20 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
21 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
22 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
23 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
24 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
25 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
26 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of

1 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
3 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
4 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
5 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
6 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
7 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
8 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
9 similar types of intangible assets.

10 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

11 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
14 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
15 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
16 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
17 to such item; or

18 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
21 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
22 following:

23 (a) the person during the same taxable
24 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
25 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
26 not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 intangible expense or cost between the
3 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
4 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
5 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
6 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
7 or

8 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
11 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
13 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
14 writing to the application or use of an alternative
15 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
22 and such regulations provide methods and standards
23 by which the Department will utilize its authority
24 under Section 404 of this Act;

25 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of

1 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
2 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
5 business group but for the fact that the person is
6 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
7 included in the unitary business group because he or
8 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
9 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
10 addition modification required by this subparagraph
11 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
12 included in base income of the unitary group for the
13 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
15 (including amounts included in gross income under
16 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
17 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
18 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
19 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
20 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
21 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
22 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
23 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or
24 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

25 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
26 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive

1 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
2 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
3 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

4 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
5 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
6 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
7 Act;

8 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
9 following amounts:

10 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
11 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
12 and included in such total for the taxable year;

13 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
14 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

15 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
16 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
17 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
18 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
19 for the taxable year;

20 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
21 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
22 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
23 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
24 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
25 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
26 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section

1 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
3 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
4 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
5 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
6 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
7 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
8 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
9 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
11 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
12 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
13 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
14 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
15 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
16 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
17 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
18 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
21 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
22 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
23 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
24 United States; provided that, in the case of any
25 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
26 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under

1 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
2 of bond premium amortization;

3 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total which were paid by a corporation which
5 conducts business operations in a River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
7 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
8 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
9 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total that were paid by a corporation that
13 conducts business operations in a federally designated
14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
15 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
17 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
18 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
19 this subparagraph (L);

20 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
21 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
22 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
23 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
24 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
25 property which is eligible for the River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the

1 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
2 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
3 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
4 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
5 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
6 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
7 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
8 the date that it was placed in service in the River
9 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
10 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
11 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
12 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
13 eligible property as calculated under the previous
14 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
17 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
18 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
19 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
20 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
21 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
22 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
23 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
24 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
25 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
26 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into

1 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
2 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
3 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
4 date that it was placed in service in a federally
5 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
6 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
7 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
8 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
9 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
10 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
11 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
12 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
13 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
14 calculated under the previous sentence;

15 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
16 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
17 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
18 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
19 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
20 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
21 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
22 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
23 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
24 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years

1 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
2 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
3 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
4 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
5 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
6 and received from a corporation that is not created or
7 organized under the laws of the United States or any
8 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
10 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
11 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
13 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
14 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
15 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
17 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
18 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
19 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
20 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
21 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
22 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
23 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
24 dividends received from a captive real estate
25 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
26 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of

1 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
2 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
3 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
4 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
5 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
6 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
7 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

8 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
9 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
10 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

11 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
12 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
13 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
14 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
17 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
18 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
19 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
20 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
21 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
22 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
23 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
24 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
25 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of

1 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
4 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
5 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
6 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
7 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
8 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
9 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
10 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
11 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
14 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
15 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
16 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
18 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

19 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
20 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
22 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
23 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
24 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
25 the bonus depreciation deduction;

26 (2) for taxable years ending on or before

1 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
2 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (3) for taxable years ending after December
5 31, 2005:

6 (i) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (ii) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 1.0.

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
24 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
10 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
11 piece of property.

12 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
25 is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
3 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
4 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
5 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
6 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
7 addition modification with respect to such transaction
8 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
9 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
10 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
11 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
12 from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
14 into account for the taxable year (net of the
15 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
18 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
19 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
2 addition modification required to be made for the same
3 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
4 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
6 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
8 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
9 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
12 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
13 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
22 addition modification required to be made for the same
23 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
24 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
26 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
3 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
4 add back any insurance premiums under Section
5 203(b) (2) (E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
6 that part of a reimbursement received from the
7 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
8 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
9 company) that would have been taken into account as a
10 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
11 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
12 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
13 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
14 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
15 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
16 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

17 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
18 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
19 965(e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
20 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
21 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
22 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
23 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250.

25 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
26 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for

1 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
2 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
3 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
4 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
5 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code.

7 (c) Trusts and estates.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
12 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
13 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
14 following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
17 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
18 in the computation of taxable income;

19 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
20 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
21 required to distribute all of its income currently,
22 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
23 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
24 the computation of taxable income;

25 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

3 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
4 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
5 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
6 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

7 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
8 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
9 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
10 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
11 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
12 the amount by which addition modifications other than
13 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
14 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
15 the following limitations applied in the order that
16 they are listed:

17 (i) the addition modification relating to the
18 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
19 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
20 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
21 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
22 which related to that net operating loss and which
23 was taken into account in calculating the base
24 income of an earlier taxable year, and

25 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
26 net operating loss carried back or forward to the

1 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
3 such carryback or carryforward;

4 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
5 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
6 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
7 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
8 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
9 independently under the preceding provisions of this
10 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

11 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
12 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
13 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
14 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
15 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
16 Act;

17 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
18 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
19 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
20 computation of taxable income;

21 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
22 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
23 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
24 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
25 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

26 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an

1 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
2 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
3 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code; and

5 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
6 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
7 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
8 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
9 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
10 deductions taken in all taxable years under
11 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which the
14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
16 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
17 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
18 equal to that subtraction modification.

19 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
20 modification under this subparagraph only once with
21 respect to any one piece of property;

22 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
23 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
24 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the same unitary business group but for the
2 fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
12 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
13 extent that dividends were included in base income of
14 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
15 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
16 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
17 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
18 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
19 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
21 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
22 incurred.

23 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
26 is subject in a foreign country or state, other

1 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
2 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
3 with respect to such interest; or

4 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
6 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
7 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person, during the same taxable
10 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
11 to a person that is not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
14 person did not have as a principal purpose the
15 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
16 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
17 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
18 terms; or

19 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
20 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
21 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
22 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
23 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
24 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

25 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
2 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
3 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
4 to the application or use of an alternative method
5 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
7 Director from making any other adjustment
8 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
9 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
10 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
11 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
12 and such regulations provide methods and standards
13 by which the Department will utilize its authority
14 under Section 404 of this Act;

15 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
16 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
17 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
20 foreign person who would be a member of the same
21 unitary business group but for the fact that the
22 foreign person's business activity outside the United
23 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
24 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
26 the same unitary business group but for the fact that

1 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
2 from being included in the unitary business group
3 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
4 business income under different subsections of Section
5 304. The addition modification required by this
6 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
7 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
8 group for the same taxable year and received by the
9 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
10 business group (including amounts included in gross
11 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
13 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
14 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
15 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
16 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
17 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
18 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
19 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
20 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
21 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
22 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
23 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
24 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
25 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring

1 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
2 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
3 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
4 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
5 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
6 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
7 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
12 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
13 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
14 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
15 to such item; or

16 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
19 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person during the same taxable
22 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
23 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
24 not a related member, and

25 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
26 intangible expense or cost between the

1 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
2 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
3 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
4 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
5 or

6 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
9 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
11 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
12 writing to the application or use of an alternative
13 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
18 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
19 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
20 and such regulations provide methods and standards
21 by which the Department will utilize its authority
22 under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
25 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
26 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
2 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
8 addition modification required by this subparagraph
9 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
10 included in base income of the unitary group for the
11 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
13 (including amounts included in gross income under
14 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
16 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
17 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
18 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
19 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
20 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
21 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
22 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

23 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
24 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
25 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
26 Act;

1 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
2 following amounts:

3 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
4 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
5 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
7 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
8 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
9 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
10 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
11 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
13 thereto;

14 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

15 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
16 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
17 and included in such total for the taxable year;

18 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
19 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
20 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
21 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
22 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
23 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
24 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
25 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
26 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount

1 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
2 amortization;

3 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
4 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
5 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
6 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
7 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
8 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
10 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
11 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
12 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
16 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
17 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total which were paid by a corporation which
21 conducts business operations in a River Edge
22 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
23 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
24 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
25 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
2 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
3 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

4 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total that were paid by a corporation that
6 conducts business operations in a federally designated
7 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
8 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
9 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
10 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
11 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
12 this subparagraph (O);

13 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
14 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
15 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
16 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
19 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
20 extent includible in gross income for federal income
21 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
22 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
23 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
24 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
25 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
26 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived

1 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
2 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
5 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
6 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
7 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
8 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
9 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
10 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
11 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
12 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
13 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
14 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
15 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
16 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
18 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
19 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
20 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
21 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
22 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
23 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
24 of Section 250;

25 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
26 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

1 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
2 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
4 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
11 the bonus depreciation deduction;

12 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
13 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
14 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (3) for taxable years ending after December
17 31, 2005:

18 (i) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (ii) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 1.0.

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which the
16 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
18 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
22 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
23 piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
4 modification with respect to such transaction under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
6 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
7 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
8 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
11 is required to make an addition modification with
12 respect to such transaction under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
15 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
16 from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
18 into account for the taxable year (net of the
19 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
10 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
26 addition modification required to be made for the same

1 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
2 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
4 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
7 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
8 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
10 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
11 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
12 Section 250;

13 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
14 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
15 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
16 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

18 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
24 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
2 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
3 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
4 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
5 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
6 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

7 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
8 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
9 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
10 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
11 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
12 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
13 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

14 (d) Partnerships.

15 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
16 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
17 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

18 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
19 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
20 of the following amounts:

21 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
22 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
23 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
24 in the computation of taxable income;

25 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
2 the taxable year;

3 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
4 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

6 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
7 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
8 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
9 computation of taxable income;

10 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
11 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
13 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code;

15 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
16 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
18 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
19 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
20 deductions taken in all taxable years under
21 subparagraph (D) with respect to that property.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which the
24 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
25 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
26 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction

1 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
2 equal to that subtraction modification.

3 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
4 modification under this subparagraph only once with
5 respect to any one piece of property;

6 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
7 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the same unitary business group but for the
12 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
13 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
22 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
23 extent that dividends were included in base income of
24 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
25 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
26 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts

1 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
2 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
3 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
5 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
6 incurred.

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
13 with respect to such interest; or

14 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
16 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
17 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person, during the same taxable
20 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
21 to a person that is not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
24 person did not have as a principal purpose the
25 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
26 pursuant to a contract or agreement that

1 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
2 terms; or

3 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
4 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
5 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
6 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
7 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
8 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

9 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
13 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
14 to the application or use of an alternative method
15 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
22 and such regulations provide methods and standards
23 by which the Department will utilize its authority
24 under Section 404 of this Act; and

25 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
26 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in

1 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
4 foreign person who would be a member of the same
5 unitary business group but for the fact that the
6 foreign person's business activity outside the United
7 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
8 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
10 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
11 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
12 from being included in the unitary business group
13 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
14 business income under different subsections of Section
15 304. The addition modification required by this
16 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
17 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
18 group for the same taxable year and received by the
19 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
20 business group (including amounts included in gross
21 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
23 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
24 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
25 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
26 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding

1 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
2 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
3 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
4 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
5 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
6 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
7 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
8 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
9 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
11 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
12 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
13 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
14 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
15 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
16 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
17 similar types of intangible assets;

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
22 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
23 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
24 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
25 to such item; or

26 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
3 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
4 following:

5 (a) the person during the same taxable
6 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
7 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
8 not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
10 intangible expense or cost between the
11 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
12 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
13 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
14 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
15 or

16 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
19 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
21 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
22 writing to the application or use of an alternative
23 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

1 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
2 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
3 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
4 and such regulations provide methods and standards
5 by which the Department will utilize its authority
6 under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
8 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
9 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
10 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
11 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
12 person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock

1 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
2 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
3 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
4 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
6 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

7 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
8 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
9 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
10 Act;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
12 amounts:

13 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

14 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
15 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
16 and included in such total for the taxable year;

17 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
18 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
19 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
20 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
21 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
22 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
23 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
24 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
25 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
26 of bond premium amortization;

1 (H) Any income of the partnership which
2 constitutes personal service income as defined in
3 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
4 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
5 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
6 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
7 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
10 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
11 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
12 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
13 including amounts distributable to organizations
14 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
15 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
16 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
18 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
19 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
20 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
21 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
22 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
24 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
25 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
26 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
2 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
4 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
5 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
8 such total which were paid by a corporation which
9 conducts business operations in a River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
11 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
12 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
13 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
16 job training project established pursuant to the Real
17 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total that were paid by a corporation that
20 conducts business operations in a federally designated
21 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
22 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
23 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
24 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
25 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
26 this subparagraph (M);

1 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
2 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
3 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
4 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code;

6 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0.

8 The aggregate amount deducted under this
9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
14 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
17 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
18 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
3 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
4 piece of property.

5 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
8 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
9 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
10 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
11 modification with respect to such transaction under
12 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
13 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
14 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
15 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
16 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
17 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
18 is required to make an addition modification with
19 respect to such transaction under Section
20 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
21 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
22 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
23 from Section 250;

24 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
25 into account for the taxable year (net of the
26 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
3 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
4 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
5 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
7 who would be a member of the same unitary business
8 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
9 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
10 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
11 required to apportion business income under different
12 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
13 addition modification required to be made for the same
14 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
16 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
17 Section 250;

18 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
19 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
20 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
7 addition modification required to be made for the same
8 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
9 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
11 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

12 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
13 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
14 add back any insurance premiums under Section
15 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
16 that part of a reimbursement received from the
17 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
18 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
19 company) that would have been taken into account as a
20 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
21 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
22 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
23 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
24 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
25 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
26 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

1 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

2 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
3 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
4 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
5 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
6 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
7 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
8 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
9 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
10 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
12 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
13 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
14 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
15 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
16 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
17 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
18 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
19 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
21 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
22 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
23 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
24 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
25 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for

1 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
2 addition modification must be made under those
3 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
4 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
5 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
6 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
7 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code.

9 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
10 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
11 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

12 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
13 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
14 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
15 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
16 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
17 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
18 Internal Revenue Code;

19 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
20 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
21 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 insurance company taxable income;

23 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
24 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
25 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
26 investment company taxable income;

1 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
2 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
3 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
4 estate investment trust taxable income;

5 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
6 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
7 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
8 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
9 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
10 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
11 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
12 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
13 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
14 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
15 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
16 Code had been in effect for all such years;

17 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
18 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
19 organization determined in accordance with the
20 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
22 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
23 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
24 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
25 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
26 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the

1 event such election is made, such losses shall be
2 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
3 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
4 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
5 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
6 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
7 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
8 with original returns due on or after the date of the
9 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
10 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
11 to provide that the election shall be effective for
12 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
13 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
14 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
15 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
16 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
17 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
18 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
19 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
20 existing law;

21 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
22 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
23 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
25 corporation determined in accordance with Section
26 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that

1 taxable income shall take into account those items
2 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
4 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
5 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
6 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
7 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
8 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
9 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
10 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

11 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
12 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
13 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
14 income shall take into account those items which are
15 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
16 but which would be taken into account by an individual
17 in calculating his taxable income.

18 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
19 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
20 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
21 business has been classified as business income and in a
22 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
23 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
24 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
25 related to that asset or business that generated the
26 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as

1 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
2 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
3 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
4 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
5 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
6 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
7 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
8 taxable years.

9 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

10 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
11 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
12 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

13 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
14 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
15 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
17 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

18 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
19 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
20 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
21 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
22 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
23 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
24 such gain included in the amount determined under
25 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

1 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

2 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
3 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
4 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
5 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
6 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
7 determining gain) for such property on that date
8 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
9 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
10 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
11 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
12 such property.

13 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
14 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
15 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
16 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
17 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
18 property for federal income tax purposes for the
19 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
20 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
21 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
22 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
23 period for the property.

24 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
25 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
26 purposes of this paragraph.

1 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
2 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
3 to be deducted more than once.

4 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
5 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
6 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
7 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
8 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
9 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
10 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
11 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
12 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
14 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
15 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
16 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
17 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

18 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
19 becoming law.

1		INDEX
2		Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	New Act	
4	20 ILCS 1605/2	from Ch. 120, par. 1152
5	20 ILCS 1605/7.4a new	
6	20 ILCS 1605/20	from Ch. 120, par. 1170
7	20 ILCS 1605/21.9 new	
8	30 ILCS 105/5.855 new	
9	35 ILCS 5/203	from Ch. 120, par. 2-203