



Rep. Brad E. Halbrook

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09800HB3207ham002

LRB098 07785 OMW 44339 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3207

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 3207, AS AMENDED, by
3 replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4 following:

5 "Section 5. The Emergency Telephone System Act is amended
6 by changing Section 15.4 as follows:

7 (50 ILCS 750/15.4) (from Ch. 134, par. 45.4)

8 Sec. 15.4. Emergency Telephone System Board; powers.

9 (a) The corporate authorities of any county or municipality
10 that imposes a surcharge under Section 15.3 shall establish an
11 Emergency Telephone System Board. The corporate authorities
12 shall provide for the manner of appointment and the number of
13 members of the Board, provided that the board shall consist of
14 not fewer than 5 members, one of whom must be a public member
15 who is a resident of the local exchange service territory
16 included in the 9-1-1 coverage area, one of whom (in counties

1 with a population less than 100,000) must be a member of the
2 county board, and at least 3 of whom shall be representative of
3 the 9-1-1 public safety agencies, including but not limited to
4 police departments, fire departments, emergency medical
5 services providers, and emergency services and disaster
6 agencies, and appointed on the basis of their ability or
7 experience. In counties with a population of more than 100,000
8 but less than 2,000,000, a member of the county board may serve
9 on the Emergency Telephone System Board. Elected officials,
10 including members of a county board, are also eligible to serve
11 on the board. Members of the board shall serve without
12 compensation but shall be reimbursed for their actual and
13 necessary expenses. Any 2 or more municipalities, counties, or
14 combination thereof, that impose a surcharge under Section 15.3
15 may, instead of establishing individual boards, establish by
16 intergovernmental agreement a Joint Emergency Telephone System
17 Board pursuant to this Section. The manner of appointment of
18 such a joint board shall be prescribed in the agreement.

19 Upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th
20 General Assembly, appointed members of the Emergency Telephone
21 System Board shall serve staggered 3-year terms if: (1) the
22 Board serves a county with a population of 100,000 or less; and
23 (2) appointments, on the effective date of this amendatory Act
24 of the 98th General Assembly, are not for a stated term. The
25 corporate authorities of the county or municipality shall
26 assign terms to the board members serving on the effective date

1 of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly in the
2 following manner: (1) one-third of board members' terms shall
3 expire on January 1, 2015; (2) one-third of board members'
4 terms shall expire on January 1, 2016; and (3) remaining board
5 members' terms shall expire on January 1, 2017. Board members
6 may be re-appointed upon the expiration of their terms by the
7 corporate authorities of the county or municipality.

8 The corporate authorities of a county or municipality may,
9 by a vote of the majority of the members elected, remove an
10 Emergency Telephone System Board member for misconduct,
11 official misconduct, or neglect of office.

12 (b) The powers and duties of the board shall be defined by
13 ordinance of the municipality or county, or by
14 intergovernmental agreement in the case of a joint board. The
15 powers and duties shall include, but need not be limited to the
16 following:

17 (1) Planning a 9-1-1 system.

18 (2) Coordinating and supervising the implementation,
19 upgrading, or maintenance of the system, including the
20 establishment of equipment specifications and coding
21 systems.

22 (3) Receiving moneys from the surcharge imposed under
23 Section 15.3, and from any other source, for deposit into
24 the Emergency Telephone System Fund.

25 (4) Authorizing all disbursements from the fund.

26 (5) Hiring any staff necessary for the implementation

1 or upgrade of the system.

2 (6) Participating in a Regional Pilot Project to
3 implement next generation 9-1-1, as defined in this Act,
4 subject to the conditions set forth in this Act.

5 (c) All moneys received by a board pursuant to a surcharge
6 imposed under Section 15.3 shall be deposited into a separate
7 interest-bearing Emergency Telephone System Fund account. The
8 treasurer of the municipality or county that has established
9 the board or, in the case of a joint board, any municipal or
10 county treasurer designated in the intergovernmental
11 agreement, shall be custodian of the fund. All interest
12 accruing on the fund shall remain in the fund. No expenditures
13 may be made from such fund except upon the direction of the
14 board by resolution passed by a majority of all members of the
15 board. Expenditures may be made only to pay for the costs
16 associated with the following:

17 (1) The design of the Emergency Telephone System.

18 (2) The coding of an initial Master Street Address
19 Guide data base, and update and maintenance thereof.

20 (3) The repayment of any moneys advanced for the
21 implementation of the system.

22 (4) The charges for Automatic Number Identification
23 and Automatic Location Identification equipment, a
24 computer aided dispatch system that records, maintains,
25 and integrates information, mobile data transmitters
26 equipped with automatic vehicle locators, and maintenance,

1 replacement and update thereof to increase operational
2 efficiency and improve the provision of emergency
3 services.

4 (5) The non-recurring charges related to installation
5 of the Emergency Telephone System and the ongoing network
6 charges.

7 (6) The acquisition and installation, or the
8 reimbursement of costs therefor to other governmental
9 bodies that have incurred those costs, of road or street
10 signs that are essential to the implementation of the
11 emergency telephone system and that are not duplicative of
12 signs that are the responsibility of the jurisdiction
13 charged with maintaining road and street signs.

14 (7) Other products and services necessary for the
15 implementation, upgrade, and maintenance of the system and
16 any other purpose related to the operation of the system,
17 including costs attributable directly to the construction,
18 leasing, or maintenance of any buildings or facilities or
19 costs of personnel attributable directly to the operation
20 of the system. Costs attributable directly to the operation
21 of an emergency telephone system do not include the costs
22 of public safety agency personnel who are and equipment
23 that is dispatched in response to an emergency call.

24 (7.5) The purchase of real property if the purchase is
25 made before March 16, 2006.

26 (8) In the case of a municipality that imposes a

1 surcharge under subsection (h) of Section 15.3, moneys may
2 also be used for any anti-terrorism or emergency
3 preparedness measures, including, but not limited to,
4 preparedness planning, providing local matching funds for
5 federal or State grants, personnel training, and
6 specialized equipment, including surveillance cameras as
7 needed to deal with natural and terrorist-inspired
8 emergency situations or events.

9 (9) The defraying of expenses incurred in
10 participation in a Regional Pilot Project to implement next
11 generation 9-1-1, subject to the conditions set forth in
12 this Act.

13 (10) The implementation of a computer aided dispatch
14 system or hosted supplemental 9-1-1 services.

15 Moneys in the fund may also be transferred to a
16 participating fire protection district to reimburse volunteer
17 firefighters who man remote telephone switching facilities
18 when dedicated 9-1-1 lines are down.

19 (d) The board shall complete the data base before
20 implementation of the 9-1-1 system. The error ratio of the data
21 base shall not at any time exceed 1% of the total data base.

22 (Source: P.A. 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1443, eff. 8-20-10;
23 97-517, eff. 8-23-11; 97-1018, eff. 8-17-12.)

24 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
25 becoming law."