

HB2486



98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB2486

by Rep. David Harris

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction in an amount equal to 20% of the tax imposed under the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act on the selling price of an alternative fuel vehicle or electric vehicle purchased during the taxable year. Effective immediately.

LRB098 09354 HLH 39495 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

1 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 administered by the State that is not used for
4 qualified expenses at an eligible education
5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
6 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
10 beneficiary's death or disability;

11 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
18 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
19 any compensation (including but not limited to any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

1 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
4 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
8 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
11 resident by reason of being a member of any component
12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
24 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
26 distributions under the provisions of any retirement

1 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
2 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
3 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
4 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
6 thereto;

7 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
12 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
14 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
15 of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total which were paid by a corporation which
18 conducts business operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
21 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
22 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total that were paid by a corporation that
26 conducts business operations in a federally designated

1 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
2 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
3 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
4 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
5 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
6 this subparagraph (K);

7 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
9 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
10 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code;

12 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
13 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
15 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
17 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
19 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
20 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
25 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
26 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
3 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
4 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
5 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
6 United States; provided that, in the case of any
7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
8 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
12 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
13 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
17 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
19 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
20 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
21 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

22 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
23 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
24 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
25 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
26 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

1 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
2 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

3 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
4 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
5 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
6 medical care savings account established under the
7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
8 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
9 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
10 as provided in that Act;

11 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
12 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
13 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
14 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
15 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
16 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
17 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

18 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
19 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
20 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
21 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
22 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
23 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

24 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
25 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
26 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the

1 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
2 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
3 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
4 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
5 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
6 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
7 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
9 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
10 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
11 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
12 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
13 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
14 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
15 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
16 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
17 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
18 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
19 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
20 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
21 times a number that represents the fractional
22 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
23 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
24 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

25 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
26 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal

1 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
2 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
3 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
5 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
6 extent includible in gross income for federal income
7 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
8 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
19 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
21 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
22 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
23 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
24 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
25 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
26 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall

1 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
2 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
5 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
6 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
7 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
8 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
9 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
10 of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
12 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
13 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
14 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
15 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
16 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0.

8 The aggregate amount deducted under this
9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
20 an amount equal to that addition modification.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
3 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
4 piece of property.

5 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
8 other than salary, received by a driver in a
9 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
14 modification with respect to such transaction under
15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
18 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
21 is required to make an addition modification with
22 respect to such transaction under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
2 into account for the taxable year (net of the
3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
16 addition modification required to be made for the same
17 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
22 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
23 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
10 addition modification required to be made for the same
11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
14 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
17 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
18 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
19 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
20 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250; ~~and~~

22 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
23 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
24 add back any insurance premiums under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
26 that part of a reimbursement received from the

1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
2 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
3 company) that would have been taken into account as a
4 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
6 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
7 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
8 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
9 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
10 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

11 -

12 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2013 and ending on or before December 31,
14 2017, an amount equal to 20% of the tax imposed under
15 the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act on
16 the selling price of an alternative fuel vehicle or
17 electric vehicle purchased by the taxpayer during the
18 taxable year; for the purposes of this subparagraph
19 (HH), "alternative fuel vehicle" means a motor vehicle
20 that runs on compressed natural gas, liquefied natural
21 gas, or liquefied petroleum gas.

22 (b) Corporations.

23 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
24 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
25 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

1 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
2 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
3 of the following amounts:

4 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
5 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
6 received from regulated investment companies during
7 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
8 income in the computation of taxable income;

9 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
10 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
11 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

12 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
13 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
14 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
15 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
16 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
18 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
20 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
21 law and is not a new enactment);

22 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
23 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
24 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
25 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

26 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss

1 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
2 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
3 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
4 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
5 the amount by which addition modifications other than
6 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
7 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
8 year, with the following limitations applied in the
9 order that they are listed:

10 (i) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
14 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
15 which related to that net operating loss and which
16 was taken into account in calculating the base
17 income of an earlier taxable year, and

18 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
22 such carryback or carryforward;

23 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
24 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
25 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
26 addition modification provided in this subparagraph

1 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
2 independently under the preceding provisions of this
3 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

4 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
6 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
7 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
8 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

9 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code;

14 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
17 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
18 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
19 deductions taken in all taxable years under
20 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
26 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount

1 equal to that subtraction modification.

2 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
3 modification under this subparagraph only once with
4 respect to any one piece of property;

5 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
6 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the same unitary business group but for the
11 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
12 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
21 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
22 extent that dividends were included in base income of
23 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
24 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
26 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951

1 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
2 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
4 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
5 incurred.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
9 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
10 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
11 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
12 with respect to such interest; or

13 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
16 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person, during the same taxable
19 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
20 to a person that is not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
23 person did not have as a principal purpose the
24 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
25 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
26 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and

1 terms; or

2 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
3 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
4 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
5 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
6 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
7 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
18 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
19 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
20 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
21 and such regulations provide methods and standards
22 by which the Department will utilize its authority
23 under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
22 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
23 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
24 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
21 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
22 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
23 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
24 to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
18 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an alternative
22 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
3 and such regulations provide methods and standards
4 by which the Department will utilize its authority
5 under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
8 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
9 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
17 addition modification required by this subparagraph
18 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
19 included in base income of the unitary group for the
20 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
22 (including amounts included in gross income under
23 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
25 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
26 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were

1 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
2 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
3 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
5 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

6 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
7 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
8 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
9 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
10 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

11 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
18 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
19 and included in such total for the taxable year;

20 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
21 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

22 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
23 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
24 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
25 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
26 for the taxable year;

1 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
5 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
7 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
8 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
10 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
11 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
12 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
13 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
14 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
15 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
16 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
18 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
19 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
20 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
21 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
22 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
23 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
24 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
25 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
26 from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
2 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
3 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
4 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
5 United States; provided that, in the case of any
6 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
7 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
8 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
9 of bond premium amortization;

10 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total which were paid by a corporation which
12 conducts business operations in a River Edge
13 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
14 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
15 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
16 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total that were paid by a corporation that
20 conducts business operations in a federally designated
21 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
22 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
23 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
24 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
25 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
26 this subparagraph (L);

1 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
2 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
3 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
4 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
5 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
6 property which is eligible for the River Edge
7 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
8 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
9 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
10 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
11 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
12 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
13 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
14 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
15 the date that it was placed in service in the River
16 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
17 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
18 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
19 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
20 eligible property as calculated under the previous
21 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
24 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
25 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
26 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a

1 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
2 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
3 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
4 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
5 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
6 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
7 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
8 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
9 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
10 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
11 date that it was placed in service in a federally
12 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
13 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
14 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
15 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
16 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
17 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
18 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
19 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
20 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
21 calculated under the previous sentence;

22 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
23 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
24 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
25 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
26 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,

1 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
2 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
3 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
4 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
5 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
8 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
9 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
10 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
11 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
12 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
13 and received from a corporation that is not created or
14 organized under the laws of the United States or any
15 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
16 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
17 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
18 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
20 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
21 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
22 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
24 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
25 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
26 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or

1 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
2 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
4 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
5 dividends received from a captive real estate
6 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
7 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
8 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
9 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
10 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
11 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
12 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
13 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
14 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

15 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
16 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
17 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
24 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
25 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
26 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.

1 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
2 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
3 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
4 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
5 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
6 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
7 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
8 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
11 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
12 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
13 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
14 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
15 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
16 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
17 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
6 the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0.

22 The aggregate amount deducted under this
23 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
24 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
25 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection

1 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
2 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
5 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which the
11 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
12 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
17 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
18 piece of property.

19 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
22 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
23 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
24 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
25 modification with respect to such transaction under
26 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

1 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
2 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
3 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
4 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
5 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
6 is required to make an addition modification with
7 respect to such transaction under Section
8 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
9 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
10 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
11 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
12 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
13 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
14 addition modification with respect to such transaction
15 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
16 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
17 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
25 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
26 outside the United States is 80% or more of that

1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
3 who would be a member of the same unitary business
4 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
7 required to apportion business income under different
8 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
9 addition modification required to be made for the same
10 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
13 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
15 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
16 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
17 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
19 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
3 addition modification required to be made for the same
4 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
5 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
7 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
10 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
11 add back any insurance premiums under Section
12 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
13 that part of a reimbursement received from the
14 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
15 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
16 company) that would have been taken into account as a
17 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
18 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
19 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
20 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
21 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
22 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
23 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

24 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
25 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
26 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable

1 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
2 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
3 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
4 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250 ; and -

6 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
7 January 1, 2013 and ending on or before December 31,
8 2017, an amount equal to 20% of the tax imposed under
9 the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act on
10 the selling price of an alternative fuel vehicle or
11 electric vehicle purchased by the taxpayer during the
12 taxable year; for the purposes of this subparagraph
13 (AA), "alternative fuel vehicle" means a motor vehicle
14 that runs on compressed natural gas, liquefied natural
15 gas, or liquefied petroleum gas.

16 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
17 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
18 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
19 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
20 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
21 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
22 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code.

24 (c) Trusts and estates.

25 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base

1 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
2 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

3 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
4 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
5 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
6 following amounts:

7 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
8 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
9 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
10 in the computation of taxable income;

11 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
12 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
13 required to distribute all of its income currently,
14 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
15 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
16 the computation of taxable income;

17 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
18 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
19 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

20 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
21 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
22 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
23 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

24 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
25 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
26 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable

1 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
2 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
3 the amount by which addition modifications other than
4 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
5 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
6 the following limitations applied in the order that
7 they are listed:

8 (i) the addition modification relating to the
9 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
10 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
11 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
12 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
13 which related to that net operating loss and which
14 was taken into account in calculating the base
15 income of an earlier taxable year, and

16 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
17 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
18 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
19 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
20 such carryback or carryforward;

21 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
22 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
23 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
24 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
25 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
26 independently under the preceding provisions of this

1 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

2 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
3 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
4 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
5 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
6 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
7 Act;

8 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
9 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
10 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
11 computation of taxable income;

12 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
13 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
14 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
15 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
16 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

17 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
18 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
19 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
20 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code; and

22 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
23 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
24 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
25 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
26 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the

1 deductions taken in all taxable years under
2 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
8 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
9 equal to that subtraction modification.

10 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
11 modification under this subparagraph only once with
12 respect to any one piece of property;

13 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
14 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
15 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the same unitary business group but for the
19 fact that the foreign person's business activity
20 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
3 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
4 extent that dividends were included in base income of
5 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
6 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
7 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
8 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
9 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
10 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
12 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
13 incurred.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
17 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
18 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
19 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
20 with respect to such interest; or

21 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
23 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
24 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
25 following:

26 (a) the person, during the same taxable

1 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
2 to a person that is not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
5 person did not have as a principal purpose the
6 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
7 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
8 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
9 terms; or

10 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
11 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
12 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
13 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
14 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
15 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

16 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
20 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
21 to the application or use of an alternative method
22 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
3 and such regulations provide methods and standards
4 by which the Department will utilize its authority
5 under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
7 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
8 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
11 foreign person who would be a member of the same
12 unitary business group but for the fact that the
13 foreign person's business activity outside the United
14 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
15 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
17 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
18 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
19 from being included in the unitary business group
20 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
21 business income under different subsections of Section
22 304. The addition modification required by this
23 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
24 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
25 group for the same taxable year and received by the
26 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary

1 business group (including amounts included in gross
2 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
4 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
5 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
6 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
7 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
8 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
9 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
10 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
11 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
12 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
13 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
14 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
15 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
16 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
18 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
19 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
20 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
21 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
22 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
23 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
24 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
3 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
4 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
5 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
6 to such item; or

7 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
10 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person during the same taxable
13 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
14 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
15 not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 intangible expense or cost between the
18 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
19 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
20 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
21 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
22 or

23 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
26 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
2 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
3 writing to the application or use of an alternative
4 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
8 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
9 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
10 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
11 and such regulations provide methods and standards
12 by which the Department will utilize its authority
13 under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
16 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
17 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
25 addition modification required by this subparagraph
26 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were

1 included in base income of the unitary group for the
2 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
4 (including amounts included in gross income under
5 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
7 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
8 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
9 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
10 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
11 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
12 modification required under Section 203(c) (2) (G-12) or
13 Section 203(c) (2) (G-13) of this Act;

14 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
15 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
16 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
17 Act;

18 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
19 following amounts:

20 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
21 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
22 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
24 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
25 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
26 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired

1 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
2 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
4 thereto;

5 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

6 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
7 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
8 and included in such total for the taxable year;

9 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
10 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
11 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
12 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
13 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
14 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
15 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
16 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
17 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
18 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
19 amortization;

20 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
21 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
22 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
23 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
25 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
26 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years

1 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
2 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
3 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
7 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
8 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total which were paid by a corporation which
12 conducts business operations in a River Edge
13 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
14 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
15 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
16 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
19 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
20 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

21 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
25 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (O);

4 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
5 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
6 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
7 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
10 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
11 extent includible in gross income for federal income
12 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
13 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
14 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
15 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
16 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
17 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
18 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
19 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
21 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
22 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
23 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
24 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
25 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
26 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance

1 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
2 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
3 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
4 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
5 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
6 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
7 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
8 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
9 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
10 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
11 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
12 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
13 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
14 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
15 of Section 250;

16 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
17 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
18 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
19 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
21 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

22 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
23 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
24 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
25 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
26 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section

1 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
2 the bonus depreciation deduction;

3 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
4 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
5 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
6 0.429); and

7 (3) for taxable years ending after December
8 31, 2005:

9 (i) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
13 0.429); and

14 (ii) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
17 1.0.

18 The aggregate amount deducted under this
19 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
20 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
21 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
23 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
24 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or

1 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
2 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

5 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
6 the last day of the last tax year for which the
7 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
8 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
9 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
10 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
11 equal to that addition modification.

12 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
13 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
14 piece of property.

15 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
18 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
19 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
20 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
21 modification with respect to such transaction under
22 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
23 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
24 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
25 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
26 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable

1 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
2 is required to make an addition modification with
3 respect to such transaction under Section
4 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
5 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
6 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
7 from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
9 into account for the taxable year (net of the
10 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
13 the fact the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
23 addition modification required to be made for the same
24 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
25 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)

1 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
3 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
4 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
5 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
7 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
8 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
11 who would be a member of the same unitary business
12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
15 required to apportion business income under different
16 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
17 addition modification required to be made for the same
18 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
19 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
21 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
24 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
25 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the

1 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
2 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
3 Section 250;

4 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
5 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
6 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
7 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
8 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

9 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
10 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
11 add back any insurance premiums under Section
12 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
13 that part of a reimbursement received from the
14 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
15 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
16 company) that would have been taken into account as a
17 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
18 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
19 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
20 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
21 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
22 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
23 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and ~~and~~

24 (Z) For taxable years beginning on or after January
25 1, 2013 and ending on or before December 31, 2017, an
26 amount equal to 20% of the tax imposed under the Use

1 Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act on the
2 selling price of an alternative fuel vehicle or
3 electric vehicle purchased by the taxpayer during the
4 taxable year; for the purposes of this subparagraph
5 (Z), "alternative fuel vehicle" means a motor vehicle
6 that runs on compressed natural gas, liquefied natural
7 gas, or liquefied petroleum gas.

8 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
9 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
10 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
11 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
12 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
13 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
14 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

15 (d) Partnerships.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
20 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
21 of the following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
24 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
25 in the computation of taxable income;

1 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
2 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
3 the taxable year;

4 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
5 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

7 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
8 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
9 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
10 computation of taxable income;

11 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (D) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
2 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
3 equal to that subtraction modification.

4 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
5 modification under this subparagraph only once with
6 respect to any one piece of property;

7 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the same unitary business group but for the
13 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
14 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
23 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
24 extent that dividends were included in base income of
25 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
26 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
6 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
7 incurred.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such interest; or

15 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
18 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person, during the same taxable
21 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
22 to a person that is not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
25 person did not have as a principal purpose the
26 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid

1 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
2 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
3 terms; or

4 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
5 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
6 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
7 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
8 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
9 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

10 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
14 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
15 to the application or use of an alternative method
16 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
23 and such regulations provide methods and standards
24 by which the Department will utilize its authority
25 under Section 404 of this Act; and

26 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible

1 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
2 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
5 foreign person who would be a member of the same
6 unitary business group but for the fact that the
7 foreign person's business activity outside the United
8 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
9 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
11 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
12 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
13 from being included in the unitary business group
14 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
15 business income under different subsections of Section
16 304. The addition modification required by this
17 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
18 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
19 group for the same taxable year and received by the
20 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
21 business group (including amounts included in gross
22 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
24 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
25 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
26 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or

1 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
2 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
3 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
5 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
6 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
7 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
8 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
9 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
10 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
12 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
13 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
14 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
15 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
16 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
17 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
18 similar types of intangible assets;

19 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
23 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
24 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
25 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
26 to such item; or

1 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
4 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person during the same taxable
7 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
8 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
9 not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 intangible expense or cost between the
12 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
13 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
14 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
15 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
16 or

17 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
20 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
22 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
23 writing to the application or use of an alternative
24 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
2 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
3 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
4 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
5 and such regulations provide methods and standards
6 by which the Department will utilize its authority
7 under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
10 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
11 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
12 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
13 person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
19 addition modification required by this subparagraph
20 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
21 included in base income of the unitary group for the
22 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
24 (including amounts included in gross income under
25 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78

1 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
2 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
3 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
4 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
5 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
7 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

8 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
9 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
10 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
11 Act;

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
13 amounts:

14 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

15 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
16 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
17 and included in such total for the taxable year;

18 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
19 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
20 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
21 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
22 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
23 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
24 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
25 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
26 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net

1 of bond premium amortization;

2 (H) Any income of the partnership which
3 constitutes personal service income as defined in
4 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
5 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
6 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
7 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
8 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
11 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
12 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
13 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
14 including amounts distributable to organizations
15 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
16 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
17 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
19 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
20 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
21 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
23 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
25 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
26 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue

1 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
5 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
6 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total which were paid by a corporation which
10 conducts business operations in a River Edge
11 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
12 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
13 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
14 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
17 job training project established pursuant to the Real
18 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
23 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (M);

2 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
3 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
4 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
5 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code;

7 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
8 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

13 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
14 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
16 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
17 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
18 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
19 the bonus depreciation deduction;

20 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
21 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
22 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (3) for taxable years ending after December
25 31, 2005:

26 (i) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (ii) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 1.0.

9 The aggregate amount deducted under this
10 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
11 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
12 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
14 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
15 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
18 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which the
24 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
25 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
4 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
5 piece of property.

6 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
9 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
10 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
11 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
12 modification with respect to such transaction under
13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
14 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
15 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
16 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
17 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
18 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
19 is required to make an addition modification with
20 respect to such transaction under Section
21 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
22 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
23 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
24 from Section 250;

25 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
26 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
17 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
18 Section 250;

19 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
10 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
12 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; ~~and~~

13 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
14 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
15 add back any insurance premiums under Section
16 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
17 that part of a reimbursement received from the
18 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
19 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
20 company) that would have been taken into account as a
21 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
22 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
23 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
24 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
25 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
26 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph

1 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and ~~+~~
2 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after January
3 1, 2013 and ending on or before December 31, 2017, an
4 amount equal to 20% of the tax imposed under the Use
5 Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act on the
6 selling price of an alternative fuel vehicle or
7 electric vehicle purchased by the taxpayer during the
8 taxable year; for the purposes of this subparagraph
9 (U), "alternative fuel vehicle" means a motor vehicle
10 that runs on compressed natural gas, liquefied natural
11 gas, or liquefied petroleum gas.

12 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

13 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
14 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
15 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
16 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
17 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
18 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
19 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
20 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
21 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
23 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
24 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
25 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess

1 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
2 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
4 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
5 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
7 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
8 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
9 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
10 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
11 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
12 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
13 addition modification must be made under those
14 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
15 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
16 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
17 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
18 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code.

20 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
21 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
22 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

23 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
24 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
25 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
26 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of

1 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
2 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
3 Internal Revenue Code;

4 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
5 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
6 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
7 insurance company taxable income;

8 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
9 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
10 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 investment company taxable income;

12 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
13 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
14 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
15 estate investment trust taxable income;

16 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
17 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
18 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
19 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
20 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
21 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
22 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
23 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
24 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
25 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
26 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue

1 Code had been in effect for all such years;

2 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
3 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
4 organization determined in accordance with the
5 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
7 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
8 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
9 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
10 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
11 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
12 event such election is made, such losses shall be
13 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
14 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
15 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
16 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
17 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
18 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
19 with original returns due on or after the date of the
20 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
21 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
22 to provide that the election shall be effective for
23 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
24 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
25 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
26 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting

1 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
2 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
3 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
4 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
5 existing law;

6 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
7 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
8 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
10 corporation determined in accordance with Section
11 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
12 taxable income shall take into account those items
13 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
15 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
16 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
17 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
18 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
19 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
20 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
21 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

22 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
23 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
24 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
25 income shall take into account those items which are
26 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated

1 but which would be taken into account by an individual
2 in calculating his taxable income.

3 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
4 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
5 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
6 business has been classified as business income and in a
7 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
8 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
9 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
10 related to that asset or business that generated the
11 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
12 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
13 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
14 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
15 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
16 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
17 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
18 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
19 taxable years.

20 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

21 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
22 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
23 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

24 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
25 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable

1 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
3 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

4 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
5 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
6 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
7 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
8 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
9 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
10 such gain included in the amount determined under
11 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

12 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

13 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
14 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
15 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
16 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
17 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
18 determining gain) for such property on that date
19 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
20 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
21 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
22 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
23 such property.

24 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
25 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
26 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation

1 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
2 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
3 property for federal income tax purposes for the
4 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
5 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
6 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
7 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
8 period for the property.

9 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
10 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
11 purposes of this paragraph.

12 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
13 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
14 to be deducted more than once.

15 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
16 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
17 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
18 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
19 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
20 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
21 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
22 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
23 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

24 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,

1 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
2 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
3 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
4 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
6 becoming law.