

## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB2404

by Rep. Barbara Flynn Currie

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

705 ILCS 405/1-7 from Ch. 37, par. 801-7
705 ILCS 405/1-8 from Ch. 37, par. 801-8
705 ILCS 405/5-105
705 ILCS 405/5-120
705 ILCS 405/5-905
705 ILCS 405/5-915

Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Changes the definition of delinquent minor to include a person who was under 18 (rather than 17) years of age when he or she committed an offense classified as a felony. Also changes the age concerning confidentiality of juvenile records. Provides that the restrictions apply to persons taken into custody before their 18th (rather than 17th) birthday. Makes corresponding change in the expungement provisions of the Act. Provides that the amendatory changes are prospective.

LRB098 07733 RLC 37811 b

1 AN ACT concerning courts.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Sections 1-7, 1-8, 5-105, 5-120, 5-905, and 5-915 as follows:
- 7 (705 ILCS 405/1-7) (from Ch. 37, par. 801-7)
- 8 Sec. 1-7. Confidentiality of law enforcement records.
  - (A) Inspection and copying of law enforcement records maintained by law enforcement agencies that relate to a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before his or her 18th 17th birthday shall be restricted to the following:
    - (1) Any local, State or federal law enforcement officers of any jurisdiction or agency when necessary for the discharge of their official duties during the investigation or prosecution of a crime or relating to a minor who has been adjudicated delinquent and there has been a previous finding that the act which constitutes the previous offense was committed in furtherance of criminal activities by a criminal street gang, or, when necessary for the discharge of its official duties in connection with a particular investigation of the conduct of a law enforcement officer, an independent agency or its staff

created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers. For purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

(2) Prosecutors, probation officers, social workers, or other individuals assigned by the court to conduct a pre-adjudication or pre-disposition investigation, and individuals responsible for supervising or providing temporary or permanent care and custody for minors pursuant to the order of the juvenile court, when essential to performing their responsibilities.

## (3) Prosecutors and probation officers:

- (a) in the course of a trial when institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805; or
- (b) when institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and such minor is the subject of a proceeding to determine the amount of bail; or
- (c) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and such minor is the subject of a pre-trial investigation, pre-sentence investigation, fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation.

- (4) Adult and Juvenile Prisoner Review Board.
  - (5) Authorized military personnel.
  - (6) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the Presiding Judge of the Juvenile Court and the chief executive of the respective law enforcement agency; provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the minor's record.
  - (7) Department of Children and Family Services child protection investigators acting in their official capacity.
  - (8) The appropriate school official only if the agency or officer believes that there is an imminent threat of physical harm to students, school personnel, or others who are present in the school or on school grounds.
    - (A) Inspection and copying shall be limited to law enforcement records transmitted to the appropriate school official or officials whom the school has determined to have a legitimate educational or safety interest by a local law enforcement agency under a reciprocal reporting system established and maintained between the school district and the local law enforcement agency under Section 10-20.14 of the School Code concerning a minor enrolled in a school within the school district who has been arrested or taken into custody for any of the following offenses:

1	(i) any violation of Article 24 of the Criminal
2	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;
3	(ii) a violation of the Illinois Controlled
4	Substances Act;
5	(iii) a violation of the Cannabis Control Act;
6	(iv) a forcible felony as defined in Section 2-8 of
7	the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;
8	(v) a violation of the Methamphetamine Control and
9	Community Protection Act;
10	(vi) a violation of Section 1-2 of the Harassing
11	and Obscene Communications Act;
12	(vii) a violation of the Hazing Act; or
13	(viii) a violation of Section 12-1, 12-2, 12-3,
14	12-3.05, 12-3.1, 12-3.2, 12-3.4, 12-3.5, 12-5, 12-7.3,
15	12-7.4, 12-7.5, 25-1, or 25-5 of the Criminal Code of
16	1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
17	The information derived from the law enforcement
18	records shall be kept separate from and shall not
19	become a part of the official school record of that
20	child and shall not be a public record. The information
21	shall be used solely by the appropriate school official
22	or officials whom the school has determined to have a
23	legitimate educational or safety interest to aid in the
24	proper rehabilitation of the child and to protect the
25	safety of students and employees in the school. If the
26	designated law enforcement and school officials deem

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it to be in the best interest of the minor, the student may be referred to in-school or community based social services if those services are available. "Rehabilitation services" may include interventions by school support personnel, evaluation for eligibility for special education, referrals to community-based agencies such as youth services, behavioral healthcare service providers, drug and alcohol prevention or treatment programs, and other interventions as deemed appropriate for the student.

(B) Any information provided to appropriate school officials whom the school has determined to have a legitimate educational or safety interest by local law enforcement officials about a minor who is the subject of a current police investigation that is directly related to school safety shall consist of oral information only, and not written law enforcement records, and shall be used solely by the appropriate school official or officials to protect the safety of students and employees in the school and aid in the proper rehabilitation of the child. The information derived orally from the local law enforcement officials shall be kept separate from and shall not become a part of the official school record of the child and shall not be a public record. This limitation on the use of information about a minor who is the

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subject of a current police investigation shall in no way limit the use of this information by prosecutors in pursuing criminal charges arising out of the information disclosed during a police investigation of the minor. For purposes of this paragraph, "investigation" means an official systematic inquiry by a law enforcement agency into actual or suspected criminal activity.

- (9) Mental health professionals on behalf of the Illinois Department of Corrections or the Department of Human Services or prosecutors who are evaluating, investigating a potential or actual prosecuting, or petition brought under the Sexually Violent Commitment Act relating to a person who is the subject of juvenile law enforcement records or the respondent to a petition brought under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act who is the subject of the juvenile law enforcement records sought. Any records and any information obtained from those records under paragraph (9) may be used only in sexually violent persons commitment proceedings.
- (10) The president of a park district. Inspection and copying shall be limited to law enforcement records transmitted to the president of the park district by the Illinois State Police under Section 8-23 of the Park District Code or Section 16a-5 of the Chicago Park District

Act concerning a person who is seeking employment with that park district and who has been adjudicated a juvenile delinquent for any of the offenses listed in subsection (c) of Section 8-23 of the Park District Code or subsection (c) of Section 16a-5 of the Chicago Park District Act.

- (B) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no law enforcement officer or other person or agency may knowingly transmit to the Department of Corrections or the Department of State Police or to the Federal Bureau of Investigation any fingerprint or photograph relating to a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before his or her 18th 17th birthday, unless the court in proceedings under this Act authorizes the transmission or enters an order under Section 5-805 permitting or requiring the institution of criminal proceedings.
- agencies shall transmit to the Department of State Police copies of fingerprints and descriptions of all minors who have been arrested or taken into custody before their 18th 17th birthday for the offense of unlawful use of weapons under Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, a Class X or Class 1 felony, a forcible felony as defined in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a Class 2 or greater felony under the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and

Community Protection Act, or Chapter 4 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, pursuant to Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Information reported to the Department pursuant to this Section may be maintained with records that the Department files pursuant to Section 2.1 of the Criminal Identification Act. Nothing in this Act prohibits a law enforcement agency from fingerprinting a minor taken into custody or arrested before his or her 18th 17th birthday for an offense other than those listed in this paragraph (2).

(C) The records of law enforcement officers, or of an independent agency created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers, concerning all minors under 18 17 years of age must be maintained separate from the records of arrests and may not be open to public inspection or their contents disclosed to the public except by order of the court presiding over matters pursuant to this Act or when the institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805 or such a person has been convicted of a crime and is the subject of pre-sentence investigation or proceedings on an application for probation or when provided by law. For purposes of obtaining documents pursuant to this Section, a civil subpoena is not an order of the court.

(1) In cases where the law enforcement, or independent

agency, records concern a pending juvenile court case, the party seeking to inspect the records shall provide actual notice to the attorney or guardian ad litem of the minor whose records are sought.

- (2) In cases where the records concern a juvenile court case that is no longer pending, the party seeking to inspect the records shall provide actual notice to the minor or the minor's parent or legal guardian, and the matter shall be referred to the chief judge presiding over matters pursuant to this Act.
- (3) In determining whether the records should be available for inspection, the court shall consider the minor's interest in confidentiality and rehabilitation over the moving party's interest in obtaining the information. Any records obtained in violation of this subsection (C) shall not be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding, or operate to disqualify a minor from subsequently holding public office or securing employment, or operate as a forfeiture of any public benefit, right, privilege, or right to receive any license granted by public authority.
- (D) Nothing contained in subsection (C) of this Section shall prohibit the inspection or disclosure to victims and witnesses of photographs contained in the records of law enforcement agencies when the inspection and disclosure is conducted in the presence of a law enforcement officer for the

- purpose of the identification or apprehension of any person subject to the provisions of this Act or for the investigation or prosecution of any crime.
  - (E) Law enforcement officers, and personnel of an independent agency created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers, may not disclose the identity of any minor in releasing information to the general public as to the arrest, investigation or disposition of any case involving a minor.
  - (F) Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit law enforcement agencies from communicating with each other by letter, memorandum, teletype or intelligence alert bulletin or other means the identity or other relevant information pertaining to a person under 18 17 years of age if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the person poses a real and present danger to the safety of the public or law enforcement officers. The information provided under this subsection (F) shall remain confidential and shall not be publicly disclosed, except as otherwise allowed by law.
  - (G) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the right of a Civil Service Commission or appointing authority of any state, county or municipality examining the character and fitness of an applicant for employment with a law enforcement agency, correctional institution, or fire department from obtaining and examining the records of any law enforcement agency

- 1 relating to any record of the applicant having been arrested or
- taken into custody before the applicant's <a href="18th">18th</a> <a href="17th">17th</a> birthday.
- 3 The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of
- 4 the 98th General Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a
- 5 minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after
- 6 the effective date of this amendatory Act.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 96-419, eff. 8-13-09; 97-700, eff. 6-22-12;
- 8 97-1083, eff. 8-24-12; 97-1104, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff.
- 9 1-25-13.)
- 10 (705 ILCS 405/1-8) (from Ch. 37, par. 801-8)
- 11 Sec. 1-8. Confidentiality and accessibility of juvenile
- 12 court records.
- 13 (A) Inspection and copying of juvenile court records
- 14 relating to a minor who is the subject of a proceeding under
- this Act shall be restricted to the following:
- 16 (1) The minor who is the subject of record, his
- parents, quardian and counsel.
- 18 (2) Law enforcement officers and law enforcement
- 19 agencies when such information is essential to executing an
- arrest or search warrant or other compulsory process, or to
- 21 conducting an ongoing investigation or relating to a minor
- who has been adjudicated delinquent and there has been a
- 23 previous finding that the act which constitutes the
- 24 previous offense was committed in furtherance of criminal
- activities by a criminal street gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this Section,

"criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization,

association, or group of 3 or more persons, whether formal

or informal, having as one of its primary activities the

commission of one or more criminal acts and that has a

common name or common identifying sign, symbol or specific

color apparel displayed, and whose members individually or

criminal activity.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of

- (3) Judges, hearing officers, prosecutors, probation officers, social workers or other individuals assigned by the court to conduct a pre-adjudication or predisposition investigation, and individuals responsible for supervising or providing temporary or permanent care and custody for minors pursuant to the order of the juvenile court when essential to performing their responsibilities.
  - (4) Judges, prosecutors and probation officers:
  - (a) in the course of a trial when institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805; or
  - (b) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a minor is the

subject of a proceeding to determine the amount of bail; or

- (c) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a minor is the subject of a pre-trial investigation, pre-sentence investigation or fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation; or
- (d) when a minor becomes <u>18</u> <del>17</del> years of age or older, and is the subject of criminal proceedings, including a hearing to determine the amount of bail, a pre-trial investigation, a pre-sentence investigation, a fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation.
- (5) Adult and Juvenile Prisoner Review Boards.
- (6) Authorized military personnel.
- (7) Victims, their subrogees and legal representatives; however, such persons shall have access only to the name and address of the minor and information pertaining to the disposition or alternative adjustment plan of the juvenile court.
- (8) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court and the chief executive of the agency that prepared the particular records; provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the record.

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- (9) The Secretary of State to whom the Clerk of the Court shall report the disposition of all cases, as required in Section 6-204 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. However, information reported relative to these offenses shall be privileged and available only to the Secretary of State, courts, and police officers.
- (10) The administrator of a bonafide substance abuse student assistance program with the permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court.
- (11)Mental health professionals on behalf of the Illinois Department of Corrections or the Department of Services or prosecutors Human who are evaluating, investigating a potential or prosecuting, or petition brought under the Sexually Violent Commitment Act relating to a person who is the subject of juvenile court records or the respondent to a petition brought under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act, who is the subject of juvenile court records sought. Any records and any information obtained from those records under this paragraph (11) may be used only in sexually violent persons commitment proceedings.
- (A-1) Findings and exclusions of paternity entered in proceedings occurring under Article II of this Act shall be disclosed, in a manner and form approved by the Presiding Judge of the Juvenile Court, to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services when necessary to discharge the duties of the

- Department of Healthcare and Family Services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- 3 (B) A minor who is the victim in a juvenile proceeding 4 shall be provided the same confidentiality regarding 5 disclosure of identity as the minor who is the subject of 6 record.
  - (C) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (C), juvenile court records shall not be made available to the general public but may be inspected by representatives of agencies, associations and news media or other properly interested persons by general or special order of the court presiding over matters pursuant to this Act.
    - (0.1) In cases where the records concern a pending juvenile court case, the party seeking to inspect the juvenile court records shall provide actual notice to the attorney or guardian ad litem of the minor whose records are sought.
    - (0.2) In cases where the records concern a juvenile court case that is no longer pending, the party seeking to inspect the juvenile court records shall provide actual notice to the minor or the minor's parent or legal guardian, and the matter shall be referred to the chief judge presiding over matters pursuant to this Act.
    - (0.3) In determining whether the records should be available for inspection, the court shall consider the minor's interest in confidentiality and rehabilitation

over the moving party's interest in obtaining the information. The State's Attorney, the minor, and the minor's parents, guardian, and counsel shall at all times have the right to examine court files and records. For purposes of obtaining documents pursuant to this Section, a civil subpoena is not an order of the court.

- (0.4) Any records obtained in violation of this subsection (C) shall not be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding, or operate to disqualify a minor from subsequently holding public office, or operate as a forfeiture of any public benefit, right, privilege, or right to receive any license granted by public authority.
- (1) The court shall allow the general public to have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is adjudicated a delinquent minor under this Act under either of the following circumstances:
  - (A) The adjudication of delinquency was based upon the minor's commission of first degree murder, attempt to commit first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault; or
  - (B) The court has made a finding that the minor was at least 13 years of age at the time the act was committed and the adjudication of delinquency was based upon the minor's commission of: (i) an act in furtherance of the commission of a felony as a member of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, (ii) an act

involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (iii) an act that would be a Class X felony offense under or the minor's second or subsequent Class 2 or greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act if committed by an adult, (iv) an act that would be a second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an adult, (v) an act that would be an offense under Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an adult, (vi) an act that would be a second or subsequent offense under Section 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or (vii) an act that would be an offense under another Section of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

- (2) The court shall allow the general public to have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is at least 13 years of age at the time the offense is committed and who is convicted, in criminal proceedings permitted or required under Section 5-4, under either of the following circumstances:
  - (A) The minor has been convicted of first degree murder, attempt to commit first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault,
    - (B) The court has made a finding that the minor was

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at least 13 years of age at the time the offense was committed and the conviction was based upon the minor's commission of: (i) an offense in furtherance of the commission of a felony as a member of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, (ii) an offense involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (iii) a Class X felony offense under or a second or subsequent Class 2 or greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act, (iv) a second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, (v) an offense under Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, (vi) an act that would be a second or subsequent offense under Section 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or (vii) an act that would be an offense under another Section of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

(D) Pending or following any adjudication of delinquency for any offense defined in Sections 11-1.20 through 11-1.60 or 12-13 through 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the victim of any such offense shall receive the rights set out in Sections 4 and 6 of the Bill of Rights for Victims and Witnesses of Violent Crime Act; and the juvenile who is the subject of the adjudication, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, shall be treated as an adult for the purpose of affording such rights to

the victim.

- (E) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of a Civil Service Commission or appointing authority of any state, county or municipality examining the character and fitness of an applicant for employment with a law enforcement agency, correctional institution, or fire department to ascertain whether that applicant was ever adjudicated to be a delinquent minor and, if so, to examine the records of disposition or evidence which were made in proceedings under this Act.
- (F) Following any adjudication of delinquency for a crime which would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following any adjudication of delinquency for a violation of Section 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the State's Attorney shall ascertain whether the minor respondent is enrolled in school and, if so, shall provide a copy of the dispositional order to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school. Access to such juvenile records shall be limited to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school and any guidance counselor designated by him.
- (G) Nothing contained in this Act prevents the sharing or disclosure of information or records relating or pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when that information is used to assist in the early identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders.

docket entries of the Court.

- 1 (H) When a Court hearing a proceeding under Article II of
  2 this Act becomes aware that an earlier proceeding under Article
  3 II had been heard in a different county, that Court shall
  4 request, and the Court in which the earlier proceedings were
  5 initiated shall transmit, an authenticated copy of the Court
  6 record, including all documents, petitions, and orders filed
  7 therein and the minute orders, transcript of proceedings, and
- 9 (I) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall report to the 10 Department of State Police, in the form and manner required by 11 the Department of State Police, the final disposition of each 12 minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before his or her 18th 17th birthday for those offenses required to be 13 14 reported under Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. 15 Information reported to the Department under this Section may 16 be maintained with records that the Department files under 17 Section 2.1 of the Criminal Identification Act.
- The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of
  the 98th General Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a
  minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after
  the effective date of this amendatory Act.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-212, eff. 8-10-09; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 24 (705 ILCS 405/5-105)
- 25 Sec. 5-105. Definitions. As used in this Article:

- 1 (1) "Court" means the circuit court in a session or 2 division assigned to hear proceedings under this Act, and 3 includes the term Juvenile Court.
  - (2) "Community service" means uncompensated labor for a community service agency as hereinafter defined.
  - (2.5) "Community service agency" means a not-for-profit organization, community organization, church, charitable organization, individual, public office, or other public body whose purpose is to enhance the physical or mental health of a delinquent minor or to rehabilitate the minor, or to improve the environmental quality or social welfare of the community which agrees to accept community service from juvenile delinquents and to report on the progress of the community service to the State's Attorney pursuant to an agreement or to the court or to any agency designated by the court or to the authorized diversion program that has referred the delinquent minor for community service.
  - (3) "Delinquent minor" means any minor who prior to his or her 17th birthday has violated or attempted to violate, regardless of where the act occurred, any federal or State law, county or municipal ordinance, and any minor who prior to his or her 18th birthday has violated or attempted to violate, regardless of where the act occurred, any federal, State, county or municipal law or ordinance elassified as a misdemeanor offense.
    - (4) "Department" means the Department of Human Services

unless specifically referenced as another department.

- (5) "Detention" means the temporary care of a minor who is alleged to be or has been adjudicated delinquent and who requires secure custody for the minor's own protection or the community's protection in a facility designed to physically restrict the minor's movements, pending disposition by the court or execution of an order of the court for placement or commitment. Design features that physically restrict movement include, but are not limited to, locked rooms and the secure handcuffing of a minor to a rail or other stationary object. In addition, "detention" includes the court ordered care of an alleged or adjudicated delinquent minor who requires secure custody pursuant to Section 5-125 of this Act.
- (6) "Diversion" means the referral of a juvenile, without court intervention, into a program that provides services designed to educate the juvenile and develop a productive and responsible approach to living in the community.
- (7) "Juvenile detention home" means a public facility with specially trained staff that conforms to the county juvenile detention standards promulgated by the Department of Corrections.
- (8) "Juvenile justice continuum" means a set of delinquency prevention programs and services designed for the purpose of preventing or reducing delinquent acts, including criminal activity by youth gangs, as well as intervention, rehabilitation, and prevention services targeted at minors who

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have committed delinquent acts, and minors who have previously to residential been committed treatment programs for delinquents. The term includes children-in-need-of-services families-in-need-of-services programs; aftercare reentry services; substance abuse and mental health programs; community service programs; community service work programs; alternative-dispute resolution programs youth-at-risk of delinquency and their families, whether offered or delivered by State or local governmental entities, public or private for-profit or not-for-profit organizations, or religious or charitable organizations. This term would also encompass any program or service consistent with the purpose of those programs and services enumerated in this subsection.

- (9) "Juvenile police officer" means a sworn police officer who has completed a Basic Recruit Training Course, has been assigned to the position of juvenile police officer by his or her chief law enforcement officer and has completed the necessary juvenile officers training as prescribed by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board, or in the case of a State police officer, juvenile officer training approved by the Director of State Police.
- 22 (10) "Minor" means a person under the age of 21 years 23 subject to this Act.
  - (11) "Non-secure custody" means confinement where the minor is not physically restricted by being placed in a locked cell or room, by being handcuffed to a rail or other stationary

- object, or by other means. Non-secure custody may include, but is not limited to, electronic monitoring, foster home placement, home confinement, group home placement, or physical restriction of movement or activity solely through facility
- 5 staff.

- (12) "Public or community service" means uncompensated labor for a not-for-profit organization or public body whose purpose is to enhance physical or mental stability of the offender, environmental quality or the social welfare and which agrees to accept public or community service from offenders and to report on the progress of the offender and the public or community service to the court or to the authorized diversion program that has referred the offender for public or community service.
  - (13) "Sentencing hearing" means a hearing to determine whether a minor should be adjudged a ward of the court, and to determine what sentence should be imposed on the minor. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the term "sentencing hearing" replace the term "dispositional hearing" and be synonymous with that definition as it was used in the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- (14) "Shelter" means the temporary care of a minor in physically unrestricting facilities pending court disposition or execution of court order for placement.
- 25 (15) "Site" means a not-for-profit organization, public 26 body, church, charitable organization, or individual agreeing

- 1 to accept community service from offenders and to report on the
- 2 progress of ordered or required public or community service to
- 3 the court or to the authorized diversion program that has
- 4 referred the offender for public or community service.
- 5 (16) "Station adjustment" means the informal or formal
- 6 handling of an alleged offender by a juvenile police officer.
- 7 (17) "Trial" means a hearing to determine whether the
- 8 allegations of a petition under Section 5-520 that a minor is
- 9 delinquent are proved beyond a reasonable doubt. It is the
- 10 intent of the General Assembly that the term "trial" replace
- 11 the term "adjudicatory hearing" and be synonymous with that
- definition as it was used in the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of
- 14 the 98th General Assembly apply to violations or attempted
- 15 violations committed on or after the effective date of this
- amendatory Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 95-1031, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 18 (705 ILCS 405/5-120)
- 19 Sec. 5-120. Exclusive jurisdiction. Proceedings may be
- 20 instituted under the provisions of this Article concerning any
- 21 minor who prior to the minor's 17th birthday has violated or
- 22 attempted to violate, regardless of where the act occurred, any
- 23 federal or State law or municipal or county ordinance, and any
- 24 minor who prior to his or her 18th birthday has violated or
- 25 attempted to violate, regardless of where the act occurred, any

federal, State, county or municipal law or ordinance elassified as a misdemeanor offense. If before trial or plea, an information or indictment is filed that includes one or more charges under the criminal laws of this State and additional charges that are classified as misdemeanors that are subject to proceedings under this Act, all of the charges arising out of the same incident shall be prosecuted under the criminal laws of this State. If after trial or plea the court finds that the minor committed an offense that is solely classified as a misdemeanor, the court must proceed under Section 5 705 and 5-710 of this Act. Except as provided in Sections 5-125, 5-130, 5-805, and 5-810 of this Article, no minor who was under 18 17 years of age at the time of the alleged offense may be prosecuted under the criminal laws of this State.

The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly apply to violations or attempted violations committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 95-1031, eff. 1-1-10.)

- 20 (705 ILCS 405/5-905)
- 21 Sec. 5-905. Law enforcement records.

(1) Law Enforcement Records. Inspection and copying of law enforcement records maintained by law enforcement agencies that relate to a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before his or her 18th 17th birthday shall be

- restricted to the following and when necessary for the discharge of their official duties:
  - (a) A judge of the circuit court and members of the staff of the court designated by the judge;
  - (b) Law enforcement officers, probation officers or prosecutors or their staff, or, when necessary for the discharge of its official duties in connection with a particular investigation of the conduct of a law enforcement officer, an independent agency or its staff created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers;
  - (c) The minor, the minor's parents or legal guardian and their attorneys, but only when the juvenile has been charged with an offense;
    - (d) Adult and Juvenile Prisoner Review Boards;
    - (e) Authorized military personnel;
  - (f) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the judge of juvenile court and the chief executive of the agency that prepared the particular recording: provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the record;
  - (g) Individuals responsible for supervising or providing temporary or permanent care and custody of minors pursuant to orders of the juvenile court or directives from

officials of the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Human Services who certify in writing that the information will not be disclosed to any other party except as provided under law or order of court; (h) The appropriate school official only if the agency

- (h) The appropriate school official only if the agency or officer believes that there is an imminent threat of physical harm to students, school personnel, or others who are present in the school or on school grounds.
  - (A) Inspection and copying shall be limited to law enforcement records transmitted to the appropriate school official or officials whom the school has determined to have a legitimate educational or safety interest by a local law enforcement agency under a reciprocal reporting system established and maintained between the school district and the local law enforcement agency under Section 10-20.14 of the School Code concerning a minor enrolled in a school within the school district who has been arrested or taken into custody for any of the following offenses:
    - (i) any violation of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;
    - (ii) a violation of the Illinois Controlled
      Substances Act;
      - (iii) a violation of the Cannabis Control Act;
    - (iv) a forcible felony as defined in Section
      2-8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal

1	Code of 2012;
2	(v) a violation of the Methamphetamine Control
3	and Community Protection Act;
4	(vi) a violation of Section 1-2 of the
5	Harassing and Obscene Communications Act;
6	(vii) a violation of the Hazing Act; or
7	(viii) a violation of Section 12-1, 12-2,
8	12-3, 12-3.05, 12-3.1, 12-3.2, 12-3.4, 12-3.5,
9	12-5, 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-7.5, 25-1, or 25-5 of the
10	Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
11	The information derived from the law enforcement
12	records shall be kept separate from and shall not
13	become a part of the official school record of that
14	child and shall not be a public record. The information
15	shall be used solely by the appropriate school official
16	or officials whom the school has determined to have a
17	legitimate educational or safety interest to aid in the
18	proper rehabilitation of the child and to protect the
19	safety of students and employees in the school. If the
20	designated law enforcement and school officials deem
21	it to be in the best interest of the minor, the student
22	may be referred to in-school or community based social
23	services if those services are available.
24	"Rehabilitation services" may include interventions by
25	school support personnel, evaluation for eligibility
26	for special education, referrals to community-based

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agencies such as youth services, behavioral healthcare service providers, drug and alcohol prevention or treatment programs, and other interventions as deemed appropriate for the student.

(B) Any information provided to appropriate school officials whom the school has determined to have a legitimate educational or safety interest by local law enforcement officials about a minor who is the subject of a current police investigation that is directly related to school safety shall consist of oral information only, and not written law enforcement records, and shall be used solely by the appropriate school official or officials to protect the safety of students and employees in the school and aid in the proper rehabilitation of the child. The information derived orally from the local law enforcement officials shall be kept separate from and shall not become a part of the official school record of the child and shall not be a public record. This limitation on the use of information about a minor who is the subject of a current police investigation shall in no way limit the use of this information by prosecutors in criminal charges arising out pursuing information disclosed during a police investigation of minor. For purposes of the this paragraph, "investigation" means an official systematic inquiry

by a law enforcement agency into actual or suspected
criminal activity;

- (i) The president of a park district. Inspection and copying shall be limited to law enforcement records transmitted to the president of the park district by the Illinois State Police under Section 8-23 of the Park District Code or Section 16a-5 of the Chicago Park District Act concerning a person who is seeking employment with that park district and who has been adjudicated a juvenile delinquent for any of the offenses listed in subsection (c) of Section 8-23 of the Park District Code or subsection (c) of Section 16a-5 of the Chicago Park District Act.
- (2) Information identifying victims and alleged victims of sex offenses, shall not be disclosed or open to public inspection under any circumstances. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the victim or alleged victim of any sex offense from voluntarily disclosing his or her identity.
- (2.5) If the minor is a victim of aggravated battery, battery, attempted first degree murder, or other non-sexual violent offense, the identity of the victim may be disclosed to appropriate school officials, for the purpose of preventing foreseeable future violence involving minors, by a local law enforcement agency pursuant to an agreement established between the school district and a local law enforcement agency subject to the approval by the presiding judge of the juvenile court.

- (3) Relevant information, reports and records shall be made available to the Department of Juvenile Justice when a juvenile offender has been placed in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.
  - (4) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the inspection or disclosure to victims and witnesses of photographs contained in the records of law enforcement agencies when the inspection or disclosure is conducted in the presence of a law enforcement officer for purposes of identification or apprehension of any person in the course of any criminal investigation or prosecution.
  - (5) The records of law enforcement officers, or of an independent agency created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers, concerning all minors under 18 17 years of age must be maintained separate from the records of adults and may not be open to public inspection or their contents disclosed to the public except by order of the court or when the institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted under Section 5-130 or 5-805 or required under Section 5-130 or 5-805 or such a person has been convicted of a crime and is the subject of pre-sentence investigation or when provided by law.
  - (6) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (6), law enforcement officers, and personnel of an independent agency created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local

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government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers, may not disclose the identity of any minor in releasing information to the general public as to the arrest, investigation or disposition of any case involving a minor. Any victim or parent or legal quardian of a victim may petition the court to disclose the name and address of the minor and the minor's parents or legal guardian, or both. Upon a finding by clear and convincing evidence that the disclosure is either necessary for the victim to pursue a civil remedy against the minor or the minor's parents or legal quardian, or both, or to protect the victim's person or property from the minor, then the court may order the disclosure of the information to the victim or to the parent or legal quardian of the victim only for the purpose of the victim pursuing a civil remedy against the minor or the minor's parents or legal quardian, or both, or to protect the victim's person or property from the minor.

- (7) Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit law enforcement agencies when acting in their official capacity from communicating with each other by letter, memorandum, teletype or intelligence alert bulletin or other means the identity or other relevant information pertaining to a person under 18  $\frac{17}{1}$  years of age. The information provided under this subsection (7) shall remain confidential and shall not be publicly disclosed, except as otherwise allowed by law.
  - (8) No person shall disclose information under this Section

- 1 except when acting in his or her official capacity and as
- 2 provided by law or order of court.
- 3 The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of
- 4 the 98th General Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a
- 5 minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after
- 6 the effective date of this amendatory Act.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 96-419, eff. 8-13-09; 96-1414, eff. 1-1-11;
- 8 97-700, eff. 6-22-12; 97-1104, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff.
- 9 1-25-13.)

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- 10 (705 ILCS 405/5-915)
- 11 Sec. 5-915. Expungement of juvenile law enforcement and court records.
- 13 (0.05) For purposes of this Section and Section 5-622:
  - "Expunge" means to physically destroy the records and to obliterate the minor's name from any official index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act shall require the physical destruction of the internal office records, files, or databases maintained by a State's Attorney's Office or other prosecutor.
    - "Law enforcement record" includes but is not limited to records of arrest, station adjustments, fingerprints, probation adjustments, the issuance of a notice to appear, or any other records maintained by a law enforcement agency relating to a minor suspected of committing an offense.
- 25 (1) Whenever any person has attained the age of 18  $\frac{17}{10}$  or

- whenever all juvenile court proceedings relating to that person have been terminated, whichever is later, the person may petition the court to expunge law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her <u>18th</u> <del>17th</del> birthday or his or her juvenile court records, or both, but only in the following circumstances:
  - (a) the minor was arrested and no petition for delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
    - (b) the minor was charged with an offense and was found not delinquent of that offense; or
    - (c) the minor was placed under supervision pursuant to Section 5-615, and the order of supervision has since been successfully terminated; or
    - (d) the minor was adjudicated for an offense which would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a petty or business offense if committed by an adult.
    - enforcement records relating to any incidents occurring before his or her 18th 17th birthday which did not result in proceedings in criminal court and all juvenile court records with respect to any adjudications except those based upon first degree murder and sex offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, if the person for whom expungement is sought has had no convictions for any crime since his or her 18th 17th birthday and:

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- (a) has attained the age of 21 years; or
- 2 (b) 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court 3 proceedings relating to him or her have been terminated or 4 his or her commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice 5 pursuant to this Act has been terminated;
- whichever is later of (a) or (b). Nothing in this Section 5-915 precludes a minor from obtaining expungement under Section 5-622.
  - If a minor is arrested and no petition for delinquency is filed with the clerk of the circuit court as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) at the time the minor is released from custody, the youth officer, applicable, or other designated person from the arresting agency, shall notify verbally and in writing to the minor or the minor's parents or quardians that if the State's Attorney does not file a petition for delinquency, the minor has a right to petition to have his or her arrest record expunded when the minor attains the age of  $18 \frac{17}{10}$  or when all juvenile court proceedings relating to that minor have been terminated and that unless a petition to expunde is filed, the minor shall have an arrest record and shall provide the minor and the minor's parents or quardians with an expungement information packet, including a petition to expunge juvenile records obtained from the clerk of the circuit court.
  - (2.6) If a minor is charged with an offense and is found not delinquent of that offense; or if a minor is placed under

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supervision under Section 5-615, and the order of supervision is successfully terminated; or if a minor is adjudicated for an offense that would be a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a business or petty offense if committed by an adult; or if a minor has incidents occurring before his or her 18th 17th birthday that have not resulted in proceedings in criminal court, or resulted in proceedings in juvenile court, and the adjudications were not based upon first degree murder or sex offenses that would be felonies if committed by an adult; then at the time of sentencing or dismissal of the case, the judge shall inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law, and the clerk of the circuit court shall provide an expungement information packet to the delinquent minor, written in plain language, including a petition for expungement, a sample of a completed petition, expungement instructions that shall include information informing the minor that (i) once the case is expunged, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, (ii) he or she may apply to have petition fees waived, (iii) once he or she obtains an expungement, he or she may not be required to disclose that he or she had a juvenile record, and (iv) he or she may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney. The failure of the judge to inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law does not create a substantive right, nor is that failure grounds for: (i) a reversal of an

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adjudication of delinquency, (ii) a new trial; or (iii) an
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      appeal.
          (2.7) For counties with a population over 3,000,000, the
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      clerk of the circuit court shall send a "Notification of a
 5
      Possible Right to Expungement" post card to the minor at the
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      address last received by the clerk of the circuit court on the
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      date that the minor attains the age of 18 based on the
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      birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or her
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      quardian in cases under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of
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      subsection (1); and when the minor attains the age of 21 based
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      on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or
12
      her guardian in cases under subsection (2).
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          (2.8) The petition for expungement for subsection (1) shall
      be substantially in the following form:
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                 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF ...., ILLINOIS
16
                        ..... JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
17
      IN THE INTEREST OF )
                             NO.
18
                        )
19
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      21
      (Name of Petitioner)
                   PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS
22
23
                    (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 1))
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(Please prepare a separate petition for each offense)

- 1 Now comes ....., petitioner, and respectfully requests
- 2 that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all juvenile
- 3 law enforcement and court records of petitioner and in support
- 4 thereof states that: Petitioner has attained the age of 18 17,
- 5 his/her birth date being ....., or all Juvenile Court
- 6 proceedings terminated as of ....., whichever occurred later.
- 7 Petitioner was arrested on ..... by the ...... Police
- 8 Department for the offense of ....., and:
- 9 (Check One:)
- 10 ( ) a. no petition was filed with the Clerk of the Circuit
- 11 Court.
- 12 ( ) b. was charged with ..... and was found not delinquent of
- the offense.
- 14 ( ) c. a petition was filed and the petition was dismissed
- without a finding of delinquency on .....
- 16 ( ) d. on ..... placed under supervision pursuant to Section
- 17 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and such order of
- supervision successfully terminated on .......
- 19 ( ) e. was adjudicated for the offense, which would have been a
- Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a petty offense
- or business offense if committed by an adult.
- 22 Petitioner .... has .... has not been arrested on charges in
- 23 this or any county other than the charges listed above. If
- 24 petitioner has been arrested on additional charges, please list
- 25 the charges below:
- 26 Charge(s): .....

1	Arresting Agency or Agencies:
2	Disposition/Result: (choose from a. through e., above):
3	WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
4	Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
5	records of petitioner to this incident, and (2) to order the
6	Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning the
7	petitioner regarding this incident.
8	
9	Petitioner (Signature)
10	
11	Petitioner's Street Address
12	
13	City, State, Zip Code
14	
15	Petitioner's Telephone Number
16	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
17	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
18	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
19	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
20	

Petitioner (Signature) 1 2 The Petition for Expungement for subsection (2) shall be 3 substantially in the following form: 4 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF ...., ILLINOIS 5 ..... JUDICIAL CIRCUIT 6 IN THE INTEREST OF ) NO. 7 ) 8 ) 9 10 (Name of Petitioner) PETITION TO EXPUNCE JUVENILE RECORDS 11 12 (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 2)) 13 (Please prepare a separate petition for each offense) 14 Now comes ....., petitioner, and respectfully requests 15 that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all Juvenile Law Enforcement and Court records of petitioner and in support 16 thereof states that: 17 The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement 18 19 occurred before the Petitioner's 18th 17th birthday and did not 20 result in proceedings in criminal court and the Petitioner has not had any convictions for any crime since his/her 18th 17th 21 22 birthday; and The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement 23

- occurred before the Petitioner's 18th <del>17th</del> birthday and the
- 2 adjudication was not based upon first-degree murder or sex
- 3 offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and
- 4 the Petitioner has not had any convictions for any crime since
- 5 his/her 18th <del>17th</del> birthday.
- 6 Petitioner was arrested on ..... by the ..... Police
- 7 Department for the offense of ....., and:
- 8 (Check whichever one occurred the latest:)
- 9 () a. The Petitioner has attained the age of 21 years, his/her
- 10 birthday being .....; or
- 11 ( ) b. 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court
- 12 proceedings relating to the Petitioner have been terminated; or
- 13 the Petitioner's commitment to the Department of Juvenile
- Justice pursuant to the expungement of juvenile law enforcement
- and court records provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987
- 16 has been terminated. Petitioner ...has ...has not been arrested
- on charges in this or any other county other than the charge
- 18 listed above. If petitioner has been arrested on additional
- charges, please list the charges below:
- 20 Charge(s): .....
- 21 Arresting Agency or Agencies: ......
- 22 Disposition/Result: (choose from a or b, above): ......
- 23 WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
- 24 Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
- 25 records of petitioner related to this incident, and (2) to
- order the Clerk of the Court to expunde all records concerning

1	the petitioner regarding this incident.
2	
3	Petitioner (Signature)
4	
5	Petitioner's Street Address
6	
7	City, State, Zip Code
8	
9	Petitioner's Telephone Number
10	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
11	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
12	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
13	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
14	
15	Petitioner (Signature)
16	(3) The chief judge of the circuit in which an arrest was
17	made or a charge was brought or any judge of that circuit
18	designated by the chief judge may, upon verified petition of a
19	person who is the subject of an arrest or a juvenile court
20	proceeding under subsection (1) or (2) of this Section, order
21	the law enforcement records or official court file, or both, to
22	be expunged from the official records of the arresting

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authority, the clerk of the circuit court and the Department of State Police. The person whose records are to be expunded shall petition the court using the appropriate form containing his or her current address and shall promptly notify the clerk of the circuit court of any change of address. Notice of the petition shall be served upon the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of State Police, and the arresting agency or agencies by the clerk of the circuit court. If an objection is filed within 45 days of the notice of the petition, the clerk of the circuit court shall set a date for hearing after the 45 day objection period. At the hearing the court shall hear evidence on whether the expungement should or should not be granted. Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, or an arresting agency objects to the expungement within 45 days of the notice, the court may enter an order granting expungement. The person whose records are to be expunded shall pay the clerk of the circuit court a fee equivalent to the cost associated with expungement of records by the clerk and the Department of State Police. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the Department of State Police, the appropriate portion of the fee to the Department of State Police for processing, and deliver a certified copy of the order to the arresting agency.

(3.1) The Notice of Expungement shall be in substantially the following form:

1	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
2	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
3	IN THE INTEREST OF ) NO.
4	)
5	)
6	)
7	(Name of Petitioner)
8	NOTICE
9	TO: State's Attorney
10	TO: Arresting Agency
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	TO: Illinois State Police
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	ATTENTION: Expungement
23	You are hereby notified that on, at, in courtroom
24	, located at, before the Honorable, Judge, or any

26 Signature

1	judge sitting in his/her stead, I shall then and there present
2	a Petition to Expunge Juvenile records in the above-entitled
3	matter, at which time and place you may appear.
4	
5	Petitioner's Signature
6	
7	Petitioner's Street Address
8	••••••
9	City, State, Zip Code
10	
11	Petitioner's Telephone Number
12	PROOF OF SERVICE
13	On the day of, 20, I on oath state that I
14	served this notice and true and correct copies of the
15	above-checked documents by:
16	(Check One:)
17	delivering copies personally to each entity to whom they are
18	directed;
19	or
20	by mailing copies to each entity to whom they are directed by
21	depositing the same in the U.S. Mail, proper postage fully
22	prepaid, before the hour of 5:00 p.m., at the United States
23	Postal Depository located at
24	
25	

1	Clerk of the Circuit Court or Deputy Clerk
2	Printed Name of Delinquent Minor/Petitioner:
3	Address:
4	Telephone Number:
5	(3.2) The Order of Expungement shall be in substantially
6	the following form:
7	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
8	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
9	IN THE INTEREST OF ) NO.
10	)
11	)
12	)
13	(Name of Petitioner)
14	DOB
15	Arresting Agency/Agencies
16	ORDER OF EXPUNGEMENT
17	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 3))
18	This matter having been heard on the petitioner's motion and
19	the court being fully advised in the premises does find that
20	the petitioner is indigent or has presented reasonable cause to
21	waive all costs in this matter, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:
22	( ) 1. Clerk of Court and Department of State Police costs
23	are hereby waived in this matter.
24	( ) 2. The Illinois State Police Bureau of Identification

1	and the following law enforcement agencies expunge all records
2	of petitioner relating to an arrest dated for the
3	offense of
4	Law Enforcement Agencies:
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6	
7	( ) 3. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Circuit
8	Court expunge all records regarding the above-captioned case.
9	ENTER:
10	
11	JUDGE
12	DATED:
13	Name:
14	Attorney for:
15	Address: City/State/Zip:
16	Attorney Number:
17	(3.3) The Notice of Objection shall be in substantially the
18	following form:
19	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
20	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
21	IN THE INTEREST OF ) NO.
22	)
23	)
24	)
25	(Name of Petitioner)

1	NOTICE OF OBJECTION
2	TO: (Attorney, Public Defender, Minor)
3	
4	
5	TO: (Illinois State Police)
6	
7	
8	TO: (Clerk of the Court)
9	
10	
11	TO: (Judge)
12	
13	
14	TO: (Arresting Agency/Agencies)
15	
16	
17	ATTENTION: You are hereby notified that an objection has been
18	filed by the following entity regarding the above-named minor's
19	petition for expungement of juvenile records:
20	( ) State's Attorney's Office;
21	( ) Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
22	with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
23	( ) Department of Illinois State Police; or
24	( ) Arresting Agency or Agencies.
25	The agency checked above respectfully requests that this case

- 1 be continued and set for hearing on whether the expungement
- 2 should or should not be granted.
- 3 DATED: .....
- 4 Name:
- 5 Attorney For:
- 6 Address:
- 7 City/State/Zip:
- 8 Telephone:
- 9 Attorney No.:
- 10 FOR USE BY CLERK OF THE COURT PERSONNEL ONLY
- 11 This matter has been set for hearing on the foregoing
- objection, on ..... in room ...., located at ....., before the
- 13 Honorable ...., Judge, or any judge sitting in his/her stead.
- 14 (Only one hearing shall be set, regardless of the number of
- Notices of Objection received on the same case).
- 16 A copy of this completed Notice of Objection containing the
- 17 court date, time, and location, has been sent via regular U.S.
- 18 Mail to the following entities. (If more than one Notice of
- 19 Objection is received on the same case, each one must be
- 20 completed with the court date, time and location and mailed to
- 21 the following entities):
- 22 () Attorney, Public Defender or Minor;
- 23 ( ) State's Attorney's Office;
- 24 ( ) Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
- 25 with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
- 26 () Department of Illinois State Police; and

- 1 () Arresting agency or agencies.
- 2 Date: .....

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- 3 Initials of Clerk completing this section: .....
- (4) Upon entry of an order expunging records or files, the offense, which the records or files concern shall be treated as if it never occurred. Law enforcement officers and other public offices and agencies shall properly reply on inquiry that no
- 9 (5) Records which have not been expunged are sealed, and 10 may be obtained only under the provisions of Sections 5-901, 11 5-905 and 5-915.

record or file exists with respect to the person.

- (6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the maintenance of information relating to an offense after records or files concerning the offense have been expunged if the information is kept in a manner that does not enable identification of the offender. This information may only be used for statistical and bona fide research purposes.
- (7) (a) The State Appellate Defender shall establish, maintain, and carry out, by December 31, 2004, a juvenile expungement program to provide information and assistance to minors eligible to have their juvenile records expunged.
- (b) The State Appellate Defender shall develop brochures, pamphlets, and other materials in printed form and through the agency's World Wide Web site. The pamphlets and other materials shall include at a minimum the following information:
- 26 (i) An explanation of the State's juvenile expungement

1 process;

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- 2 (ii) The circumstances under which juvenile 3 expungement may occur;
- 4 (iii) The juvenile offenses that may be expunded;
- 5 (iv) The steps necessary to initiate and complete the 6 juvenile expungement process; and
- 7 (v) Directions on how to contact the State Appellate 8 Defender.
  - (c) The State Appellate Defender shall establish and maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number that a person may use to receive information or assistance concerning the expungement of juvenile records. The State Appellate Defender shall advertise the toll-free telephone number statewide. The State Appellate Defender shall develop an expungement information packet that may be sent to eligible persons seeking expungement of their juvenile records, which may include, but is not limited to, a pre-printed expungement petition with instructions on how to complete the petition and a pamphlet containing information that would assist individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
  - (d) The State Appellate Defender shall compile a statewide list of volunteer attorneys willing to assist eligible individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
- 24 (e) This Section shall be implemented from funds 25 appropriated by the General Assembly to the State Appellate 26 Defender for this purpose. The State Appellate Defender shall

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- employ the necessary staff and adopt the necessary rules for implementation of this Section.
  - (8) (a) Except with respect to law enforcement agencies, the Department of Corrections, State's Attorneys, prosecutors, an expunged juvenile record may not be considered by any private or public entity in employment certification, licensing, revocation of certification or licensure, or registration. Applications for employment must contain specific language that states that the applicant is not obligated to disclose expunded juvenile records of conviction or arrest. Employers may not ask if an applicant has had a juvenile record expunged. Effective January 1, 2005, the Department of Labor shall develop a link on the Department's website to inform employers that employers may not ask if an applicant had a juvenile record expunged and that application for employment must contain specific language that states that the applicant is not obligated to disclose expunged juvenile records of arrest or conviction.
    - (b) A person whose juvenile records have been expunged is not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money paid as a consequence of expungement. This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly does not affect the right of the victim of a crime to prosecute or defend a civil action for damages.
  - (c) The expungement of juvenile records under Section 5-622 shall be funded by the additional fine imposed under Section

- 5-9-1.17 of the Unified Code of Corrections and additional
- 2 appropriations made by the General Assembly for such purpose.
- 3 The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of
- 4 the 98th General Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a
- 5 minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after
- 6 <u>the effective date of this amendatory Act.</u>
- 7 (Source: P.A. 95-861, eff. 1-1-09; 96-707, eff. 1-1-10.)