



97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

SB3600

Introduced 2/10/2012, by Sen. Mike Jacobs

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/201

from Ch. 120, par. 2-201

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides that, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the credit allowed for increasing research activities in the State shall be in an amount equal to 10% (now, 6 1/2%) of qualifying expenditures. Deletes language providing that the credit shall be allowed only for taxable years ending prior to January 1, 2016. Provides that, if the amount of the credit exceeds the income tax liability for the applicable tax year, then the excess credit shall be refunded to the taxpayer. Provides that, in place of the credit for increasing research activities, a taxpayer may elect to claim a credit in an amount equal to 20% of the amount of the federal research credit allowed to the taxpayer for the taxable year multiplied by the State's apportioned share of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities for the taxable year. Effective immediately.

LRB097 18437 HLH 63664 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 201 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

8 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

9 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby
10 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for
11 each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege
12 of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this
13 State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or
14 privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal
15 corporation or political subdivision thereof.

16 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this
17 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by
18 subsection (d-1):

19 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
20 taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
21 to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
22 year.

23 (2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for

1 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending
2 after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2
3 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
4 July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)
5 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June
6 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

7 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
8 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending
9 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the
10 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

11 (4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
12 taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and
13 ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum
14 of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
15 to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
16 (ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
17 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

18 (5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
19 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and
20 ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of
21 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

22 (5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
23 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and
24 ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum
25 of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
26 to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and

1 (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
2 after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

3 (5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
4 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015,
5 and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
6 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

7 (5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
8 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and
9 ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum
10 of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
11 prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section
12 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
13 period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section
14 202.5.

15 (5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
16 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an
17 amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
18 taxable year.

19 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
20 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
21 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

22 (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
23 beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30,
24 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the
25 taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989,
26 as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the

1 taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989,
2 as calculated under Section 202.3.

3 (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
4 beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
5 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
6 income for the taxable year.

7 (9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
8 beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after
9 December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8%
10 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
11 January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
12 (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
13 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

14 (10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
15 beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to
16 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's
17 net income for the taxable year.

18 (11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
19 beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
20 December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
21 the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
22 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
23 of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
24 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

25 (12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
26 beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to

1 January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's
2 net income for the taxable year.

3 (13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
4 beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after
5 December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25%
6 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
7 January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
8 (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
9 December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

10 (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
11 beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
12 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

13 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the
14 provisions of Section 201.5.

15 (c) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax.
16 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such
17 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property
18 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every
19 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership
20 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979.
21 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving
22 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property
23 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income
24 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in
25 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by
26 this State or by any municipal corporation or political

1 subdivision thereof.

2 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
3 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax
4 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section
5 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S
6 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall
7 be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net
8 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January
9 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this
10 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a
11 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an
12 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income
13 for the taxable year.

14 (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the
15 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the
16 Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile
17 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax
18 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed
19 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined
20 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except
21 that for purposes of this determination premiums from
22 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate
23 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending
24 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax
25 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not
26 increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed

1 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act,
2 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed
3 on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for
4 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of
5 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes
6 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign
7 insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits
8 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such
9 income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the
10 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes
11 a mutual insurer under common management.

12 (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event
13 shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections
14 (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

15 (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
16 insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
17 credits allowed under this Act, plus

18 (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the
19 Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company
20 tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation
21 Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under
22 Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

23 equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31,
24 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for
26 the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section

1 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in
2 no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b)
3 and (d).

4 (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
5 subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
6 by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
7 subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
8 Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
9 has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
10 subsection (d).

11 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250.

13 (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit
14 against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for
15 investment in qualified property.

16 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%
17 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during
18 the taxable year, provided such property is placed in
19 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an
20 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified
21 property placed in service during the taxable year,
22 provided such property is placed in service on or after
23 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within
24 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding
25 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records
26 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security.

1 Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have
2 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in
3 which they file employment records with the Illinois
4 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to
5 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public
6 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing
7 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the
8 increase in base employment within Illinois over the
9 preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall
10 be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the
11 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is
12 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall
13 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a
14 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may
15 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year
16 other than the year in which the property was placed in
17 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after
18 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the
19 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the
20 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the
21 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it
22 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later
23 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to
24 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the
25 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments
26 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time

1 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an
2 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois
3 Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) is certified by the
4 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now
5 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as
6 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and
7 (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and
8 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic
9 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all
10 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending
11 after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for
12 the tax year in which the property is placed in service,
13 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability
14 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or
15 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried
16 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable
17 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall
18 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a
19 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year
20 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit
21 shall be applied first.

22 (2) The term "qualified property" means property
23 which:

24 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
25 buildings and structural components of buildings and
26 signs that are real property, but not including land or

1 improvements to real property that are not a structural
2 component of a building such as landscaping, sewer
3 lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and
4 other appurtenances;

5 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
7 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
8 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
9 (e);

10 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
11 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is
13 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal
14 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service
15 on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment
16 Zone established pursuant to the River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

18 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in
19 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
20 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or
21 subsection (f).

22 (3) For purposes of this subsection (e),
23 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production
24 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly
25 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or
26 assembling which changes some existing material into new

1 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of
2 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same
3 meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e),
5 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal
6 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or
7 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible
8 personal property for use or consumption and not for
9 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible
10 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term
11 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for
12 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not
13 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of
14 electricity.

15 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
16 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
17 income tax purposes.

18 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
19 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
20 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such
21 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
22 date of such increase in basis.

23 (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
24 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

25 (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
26 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within

1 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
2 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48
3 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property
4 Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be
5 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i)
6 recomputing the investment credit which would have been
7 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was
8 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such
9 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit
10 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the
11 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of
12 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the
13 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified
14 property to the extent of such reduction.

15 (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
16 the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
17 incurred after December 31, 2013, except for costs incurred
18 pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
19 December 31, 2013.

20 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000,
21 a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the
22 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this
23 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the
24 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only
25 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this
26 Section. If the partnership makes that election, those

1 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the
2 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in
3 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules
4 promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of
5 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that
6 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on
7 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for
8 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits
9 shall be irrevocable.

10 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000,
11 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction
12 under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d)
13 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter
14 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of
15 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be
16 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its
17 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during
18 the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S
19 corporation, determined in accordance with the
20 determination of income and distributive share of income
21 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal
22 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
23 of Section 250.

24 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge
25 Redevelopment Zone.

26 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the

1 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
2 investment in qualified property which is placed in service
3 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois
4 Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on
5 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone
6 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
7 Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S
8 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies,
9 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for
10 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall
11 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be
12 determined in accordance with the determination of income
13 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704
14 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit
15 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit
16 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the
17 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or
18 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to
19 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for
20 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section
21 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December
22 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in
23 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount
24 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year,
25 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability
26 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and

1 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years
2 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be
3 applied to the earliest year for which there is a
4 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year
5 that is available to offset a liability, the credit
6 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

7 (2) The term qualified property means property which:

8 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
9 buildings and structural components of buildings;

10 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
12 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
13 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
14 (f);

15 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
16 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
18 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

19 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in
20 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
21 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or
22 subsection (e).

23 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
24 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
25 income tax purposes.

26 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax

1 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
2 in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such
4 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
5 date of such increase in basis.

6 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
7 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
9 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
10 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
11 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone
12 or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after
13 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections
14 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be
15 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i)
16 recomputing the investment credit which would have been
17 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was
18 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such
19 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit
20 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the
21 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of
22 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the
23 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified
24 property to the extent of such reduction.

25 (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal
26 to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in

1 service during the taxable year in a River Edge
2 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in
3 service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base
4 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over
5 the preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's
6 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of
7 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois
8 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base
9 employment for the first year in which they file employment
10 records with the Illinois Department of Employment
11 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment
12 within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%,
13 the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage
14 times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the
15 denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

16 (g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone, River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone, and Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.

18 (1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an
19 enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by the
20 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or for
21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a
22 River Edge Redevelopment Zone conducting a trade or
23 business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
24 Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed
25 by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of
26 \$500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during

1 the taxable year.

2 (2) To qualify for the credit:

3 (A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible
4 employees to work in an enterprise zone, River Edge
5 Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign
6 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the taxable year;

7 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the
8 enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or
9 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone
10 must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond
11 the total employed in that zone at the end of the
12 previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under
13 this Section was taken, or beyond the total employed by
14 the taxpayer as of December 31, 1985, whichever is
15 later; and

16 (C) the eligible employees must be employed 180
17 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for
18 purposes of this subsection.

19 (3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:

20 (A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and
21 Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services"
22 pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with
23 Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training
24 Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job
25 Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training
26 Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

1 (B) Hired after the enterprise zone, River Edge
2 Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign
3 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone was designated or the trade or
4 business was located in that zone, whichever is later.

5 (C) Employed in the enterprise zone, River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone, or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.
7 An employee is employed in an enterprise zone or
8 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if
9 his services are rendered there or it is the base of
10 operations for the services performed.

11 (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hours
12 per week.

13 (4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985
14 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed
15 for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired.
16 For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the
17 credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately
18 following the tax year in which the eligible employees are
19 hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax
20 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original
21 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess
22 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of
23 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The
24 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which
25 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one
26 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier

1 credit shall be applied first.

2 (5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such
3 rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry
4 out the purposes of this subsection (g).

5 (6) The credit shall be available for eligible
6 employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

7 (h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

8 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5
9 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be
10 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a)
11 and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified
12 property which is placed in service by a Department of
13 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact
14 Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such
15 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the
16 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in
17 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois
18 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the
19 time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois
20 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact
21 Businesses under subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and
22 (a)(3)(D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone
23 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would
24 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by
25 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The
26 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the

1 taxable year in which such investments have been completed.
2 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum
3 investment by a designated high impact business authorized
4 under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois
5 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable
6 year in which the property is placed in service and shall
7 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a
8 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a)
9 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending
10 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed
11 for the tax year in which the property is placed in
12 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax
13 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original
14 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess
15 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of
16 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The
17 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which
18 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one
19 tax year that is available to offset a liability, the
20 credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

21 Changes made in this subdivision (h) (1) by Public Act
22 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and
23 reflect existing law.

24 (2) The term qualified property means property which:

25 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
26 buildings and structural components of buildings;

1 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
3 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
4 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
5 (h);

6 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
7 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

8 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
9 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
10 Section.

11 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
12 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
13 income tax purposes.

14 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
15 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
16 in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
17 Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
18 such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on
19 the date of such increase in basis.

20 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
21 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

22 (6) If during any taxable year ending on or before
23 December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified
24 property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months
25 after being placed in service, or the situs of any
26 qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48

1 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under
2 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable
3 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined
4 by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have
5 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property
6 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from
7 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed
8 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For
9 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the
10 basis of qualified property resulting from a
11 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a
12 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such
13 reduction.

14 (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31,
15 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this
16 subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and
17 the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of
18 the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section
19 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under
20 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased
21 for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its
22 facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit
23 received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

24 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
25 Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit
26 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and

1 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and
2 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by
3 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this
4 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income
5 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois
6 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax
7 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

8 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this
9 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed
10 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a)
11 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original
12 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried
13 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections
14 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit
15 year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any
16 year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be
17 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a
18 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more
19 than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the
20 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied
21 first.

22 If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31,
23 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this
24 Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this
25 subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax
26 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by

1 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax
2 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the
3 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different
4 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable
5 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

6 (j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years
7 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31,
8 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
9 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all
10 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by
11 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside
12 of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational
13 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled
14 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the
15 computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax
16 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such
17 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
18 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
19 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
20 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a
21 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance
22 with the determination of income and distributive share of
23 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
24 Internal Revenue Code.

25 Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in
26 the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of

1 the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is
2 first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied
3 first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If
4 there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax
5 year that is available to offset a liability the earliest
6 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No
7 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or
8 after December 31, 2003.

9 (k) Research and development credit.

10 For tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and prior to
11 December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on
12 or after December 31, 2004, ~~and ending prior to January 1,~~
13 ~~2011,~~ a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
14 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
15 increasing research activities in this State. For taxable years
16 ending prior to January 1, 2013, the ~~The~~ credit allowed against
17 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6
18 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research
19 activities in this State. For taxable years beginning on or
20 after January 1, 2013, the credit allowed against the tax
21 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 10% of the
22 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in
23 this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
24 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
25 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
26 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a

1 credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance
2 with the determination of income and distributive share of
3 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
4 Internal Revenue Code.

5 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures"
6 means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal
7 credit for increasing research activities which would be
8 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and
9 which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for
10 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess
11 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which
12 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period,
13 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average
14 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base
15 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately
16 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being
17 made.

18 If the amount of the credit exceeds the income tax
19 liability for the applicable tax year, then the excess credit
20 shall be refunded to the taxpayer. The amount of a refund shall
21 not be included in the taxpayer's income or resources for the
22 purposes of determining eligibility or benefit level in any
23 means-tested benefit program administered by a governmental
24 entity unless required by federal law.

25 In lieu of a refund, any ~~Any~~ credit in excess of the tax
26 liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A

1 taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final
2 completed return carried over as a credit against the tax
3 liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has
4 been fully used, whichever occurs first; provided that no
5 credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003
6 may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December
7 31, 2003, ~~and no credit may be carried forward to any taxable~~
8 ~~year ending on or after January 1, 2011.~~

9 If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from
10 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest
11 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the
12 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still
13 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be
14 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax
15 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused
16 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next
17 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except
18 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more
19 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the
20 credit is given was incurred.

21 No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the
22 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable
23 years beginning before January 1, 1999.

24 This subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section
25 250 of this Act.

26 (k-5) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,

1 2013, in lieu of the credit allowed under subsection (k), the
2 taxpayer may elect to claim a credit against the tax imposed by
3 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in an amount equal to
4 20% of the amount of the federal research credit allowed to the
5 taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 41 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code multiplied by the State's apportioned share of the
7 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities for
8 the taxable year. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
9 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
10 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
11 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a
12 credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance
13 with the determination of income and distributive share of
14 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
15 Internal Revenue Code.

16 For purposes of this subsection, "the State's apportioned
17 share of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research
18 activities" is a percent equal to the ratio of qualified
19 research expenses in this State to total qualified research
20 expenses, and "qualified research expenses" has the same
21 meaning as provided in Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code.

22 If the amount of the credit exceeds the income tax
23 liability for the applicable tax year, then the excess credit
24 shall be refunded to the taxpayer. The amount of a refund shall
25 not be included in the taxpayer's income or resources for the
26 purposes of determining eligibility or benefit level in any

1 means-tested benefit program administered by a governmental
2 entity unless required by federal law.

3 In lieu of a refund, any credit in excess of the tax
4 liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A
5 taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final
6 completed return carried over as a credit against the tax
7 liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has
8 been fully used, whichever occurs first.

9 If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from
10 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest
11 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the
12 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still
13 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be
14 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax
15 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused
16 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next
17 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except
18 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more
19 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the
20 credit is given was incurred.

21 This subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section
22 250 of this Act.

23 (1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

24 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on
25 or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a
26 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b)

1 of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed
2 eligible remediation costs, as specified in this
3 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed
4 eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the
5 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under
6 Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were
7 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for
8 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the
9 Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the
10 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed
11 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the
12 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not
13 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related
14 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a
15 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site
16 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action
17 pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the
18 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control
19 Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois
20 Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and
21 enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental
22 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability
23 for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with
24 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer"
25 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has
26 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a
2 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of
3 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being
4 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The
5 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a)
6 and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible
7 remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except
8 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site
9 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the
10 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now
11 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The
12 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with
13 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and
14 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be
15 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in
16 accordance with the determination of income and
17 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and
18 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

19 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is
20 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried
21 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year
22 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The
23 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of
24 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the
25 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i).
26 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for

1 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this
2 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to
3 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this
4 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under
5 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of
6 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit
7 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the
8 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining
9 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the
10 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the
11 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to
12 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the
13 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the
14 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of
15 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any
16 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be
17 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

18 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
19 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
20 Environmental Protection Act.

21 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years
22 ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian
23 of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit
24 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this
25 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of
26 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of

1 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total
2 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the
3 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a
4 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability
5 under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt
6 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

7 For purposes of this subsection:

8 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are
9 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of
10 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is
11 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is
12 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through
13 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in
14 this subsection.

15 "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on
16 behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition,
17 book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is
18 enrolled during the regular school year.

19 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or
20 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title
21 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which
22 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code,
23 except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to
24 attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for
25 the credit under this Section.

26 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an

1 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal
2 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

3 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax
4 credit.

5 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006,
6 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
7 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
8 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation
9 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of
10 this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs"
11 means costs approved by the Illinois Environmental
12 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the
13 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing
14 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation
16 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section
17 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must
18 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of
19 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is
20 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any
21 related party caused or contributed to, in any material
22 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under
23 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial
24 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the
25 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit
26 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made

1 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control
2 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure
3 Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9
4 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this
5 Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes
6 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the
8 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs
9 (b), (c), and (f) (1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue
10 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any
11 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed
12 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the
13 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of
14 \$100,000 per site.

15 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is
16 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried
17 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year
18 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This
19 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for
20 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this
21 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to
22 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this
23 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under
24 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of
25 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit
26 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the

1 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining
2 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the
3 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the
4 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to
5 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the
6 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the
7 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of
8 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any
9 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be
10 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

11 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
12 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
13 Environmental Protection Act.

14 (Source: P.A. 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 96-116, eff. 7-31-09;
15 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1496, eff.
16 1-13-11; 97-2, eff. 5-6-11.)

17 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

18 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

19 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby
20 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for
21 each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege
22 of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this
23 State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or
24 privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal
25 corporation or political subdivision thereof.

1 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this
2 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by
3 subsection (d-1):

4 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
5 taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
6 to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
7 year.

8 (2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
9 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending
10 after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2
11 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
12 July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)
13 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June
14 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

15 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
16 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending
17 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the
18 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

19 (4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
20 taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and
21 ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum
22 of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
23 to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
24 (ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
25 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

26 (5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for

1 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and
2 ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of
3 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

4 (5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
5 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and
6 ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum
7 of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
8 to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
9 (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
10 after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

11 (5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
12 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015,
13 and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
14 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

15 (5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
16 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and
17 ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum
18 of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
19 prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section
20 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
21 period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section
22 202.5.

23 (5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
24 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an
25 amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
26 taxable year.

1 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
2 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
3 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

4 (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
5 beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30,
6 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the
7 taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989,
8 as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the
9 taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989,
10 as calculated under Section 202.3.

11 (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
12 beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
13 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
14 income for the taxable year.

15 (9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
16 beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after
17 December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8%
18 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
19 January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
20 (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
21 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

22 (10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
23 beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to
24 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's
25 net income for the taxable year.

26 (11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years

1 beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
2 December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
3 the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
4 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
5 of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
6 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

7 (12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
8 beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to
9 January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's
10 net income for the taxable year.

11 (13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
12 beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after
13 December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25%
14 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
15 January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
16 (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
17 December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

18 (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
19 beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
20 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

21 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the
22 provisions of Section 201.5.

23 (c) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax.
24 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such
25 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property
26 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every

1 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership
2 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979.
3 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving
4 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property
5 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income
6 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in
7 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by
8 this State or by any municipal corporation or political
9 subdivision thereof.

10 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
11 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax
12 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section
13 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S
14 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall
15 be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net
16 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January
17 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this
18 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a
19 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an
20 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income
21 for the taxable year.

22 (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the
23 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the
24 Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile
25 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax
26 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed

1 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined
2 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except
3 that for purposes of this determination premiums from
4 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate
5 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending
6 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax
7 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not
8 increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed
9 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act,
10 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed
11 on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for
12 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of
13 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes
14 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign
15 insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits
16 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such
17 income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the
18 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes
19 a mutual insurer under common management.

20 (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event
21 shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections
22 (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

23 (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
24 insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
25 credits allowed under this Act, plus

26 (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the

1 Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company
2 tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation
3 Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under
4 Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,
5 equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31,
6 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for
8 the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section
9 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in
10 no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b)
11 and (d).

12 (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
13 subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
14 by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
15 subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
16 Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
17 has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
18 subsection (d).

19 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250.

21 (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit
22 against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for
23 investment in qualified property.

24 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%
25 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during
26 the taxable year, provided such property is placed in

1 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an
2 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified
3 property placed in service during the taxable year,
4 provided such property is placed in service on or after
5 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within
6 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding
7 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records
8 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security.
9 Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have
10 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in
11 which they file employment records with the Illinois
12 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to
13 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public
14 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing
15 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the
16 increase in base employment within Illinois over the
17 preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall
18 be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the
19 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is
20 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall
21 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a
22 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may
23 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year
24 other than the year in which the property was placed in
25 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after
26 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the

1 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the
2 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the
3 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it
4 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later
5 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to
6 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the
7 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments
8 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time
9 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an
10 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois
11 Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) is certified by the
12 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now
13 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as
14 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and
15 (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and
16 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic
17 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all
18 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending
19 after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for
20 the tax year in which the property is placed in service,
21 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability
22 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or
23 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried
24 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable
25 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall
26 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a

1 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year
2 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit
3 shall be applied first.

4 (2) The term "qualified property" means property
5 which:

6 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
7 buildings and structural components of buildings and
8 signs that are real property, but not including land or
9 improvements to real property that are not a structural
10 component of a building such as landscaping, sewer
11 lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and
12 other appurtenances;

13 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
15 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
16 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
17 (e);

18 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
19 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is
21 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal
22 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service
23 on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment
24 Zone established pursuant to the River Edge
25 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

26 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in

1 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
2 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or
3 subsection (f).

4 (3) For purposes of this subsection (e),
5 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production
6 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly
7 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or
8 assembling which changes some existing material into new
9 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of
10 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same
11 meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e),
13 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal
14 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or
15 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible
16 personal property for use or consumption and not for
17 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible
18 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term
19 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for
20 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not
21 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of
22 electricity.

23 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
24 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
25 income tax purposes.

26 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax

1 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
2 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such
3 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
4 date of such increase in basis.

5 (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
6 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
8 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
9 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
10 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48
11 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property
12 Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be
13 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i)
14 recomputing the investment credit which would have been
15 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was
16 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such
17 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit
18 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the
19 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of
20 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the
21 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified
22 property to the extent of such reduction.

23 (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
24 the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
25 incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred
26 pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before

1 December 31, 2018.

2 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000,
3 a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the
4 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this
5 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the
6 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only
7 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this
8 Section. If the partnership makes that election, those
9 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the
10 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in
11 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules
12 promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of
13 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that
14 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on
15 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for
16 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits
17 shall be irrevocable.

18 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000,
19 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction
20 under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d)
21 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter
22 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of
23 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be
24 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its
25 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during
26 the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S

1 corporation, determined in accordance with the
2 determination of income and distributive share of income
3 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal
4 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
5 of Section 250.

6 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge
7 Redevelopment Zone.

8 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the
9 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
10 investment in qualified property which is placed in service
11 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois
12 Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on
13 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone
14 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
15 Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S
16 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies,
17 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for
18 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall
19 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be
20 determined in accordance with the determination of income
21 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704
22 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit
23 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit
24 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the
25 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or
26 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to

1 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for
2 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section
3 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December
4 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in
5 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount
6 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year,
7 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability
8 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and
9 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years
10 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be
11 applied to the earliest year for which there is a
12 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year
13 that is available to offset a liability, the credit
14 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

15 (2) The term qualified property means property which:

16 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
17 buildings and structural components of buildings;

18 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
20 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
21 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
22 (f);

23 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
24 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

1 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in
2 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
3 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or
4 subsection (e).

5 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
6 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
7 income tax purposes.

8 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
9 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
10 in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
11 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such
12 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
13 date of such increase in basis.

14 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
15 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

16 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
17 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
18 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
19 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone
20 or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after
21 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections
22 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be
23 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i)
24 recomputing the investment credit which would have been
25 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was
26 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such

1 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit
2 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the
3 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of
4 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the
5 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified
6 property to the extent of such reduction.

7 (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal
8 to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in
9 service during the taxable year in a River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in
11 service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base
12 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over
13 the preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's
14 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of
15 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois
16 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base
17 employment for the first year in which they file employment
18 records with the Illinois Department of Employment
19 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment
20 within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%,
21 the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage
22 times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the
23 denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

24 (g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone, River Edge
25 Redevelopment Zone, and Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.

26 (1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an

1 enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by the
2 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or for
3 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a
4 River Edge Redevelopment Zone conducting a trade or
5 business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
6 Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed
7 by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of
8 \$500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during
9 the taxable year.

10 (2) To qualify for the credit:

11 (A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible
12 employees to work in an enterprise zone, River Edge
13 Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign
14 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the taxable year;

15 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the
16 enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or
17 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone
18 must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond
19 the total employed in that zone at the end of the
20 previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under
21 this Section was taken, or beyond the total employed by
22 the taxpayer as of December 31, 1985, whichever is
23 later; and

24 (C) the eligible employees must be employed 180
25 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for
26 purposes of this subsection.

1 (3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:

2 (A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and
3 Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services"
4 pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with
5 Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training
6 Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job
7 Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training
8 Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

9 (B) Hired after the enterprise zone, River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign
11 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone was designated or the trade or
12 business was located in that zone, whichever is later.

13 (C) Employed in the enterprise zone, River Edge
14 Redevelopment Zone, or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.
15 An employee is employed in an enterprise zone or
16 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if
17 his services are rendered there or it is the base of
18 operations for the services performed.

19 (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hours
20 per week.

21 (4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985
22 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed
23 for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired.
24 For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the
25 credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately
26 following the tax year in which the eligible employees are

1 hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax
2 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original
3 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess
4 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of
5 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The
6 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which
7 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one
8 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier
9 credit shall be applied first.

10 (5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such
11 rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry
12 out the purposes of this subsection (g).

13 (6) The credit shall be available for eligible
14 employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

15 (h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

16 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5
17 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be
18 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a)
19 and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified
20 property which is placed in service by a Department of
21 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact
22 Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such
23 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the
24 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in
25 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois
26 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the

1 time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois
2 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact
3 Businesses under subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and
4 (a)(3)(D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone
5 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would
6 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by
7 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The
8 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the
9 taxable year in which such investments have been completed.
10 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum
11 investment by a designated high impact business authorized
12 under subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois
13 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable
14 year in which the property is placed in service and shall
15 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a
16 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a)
17 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending
18 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed
19 for the tax year in which the property is placed in
20 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax
21 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original
22 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess
23 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of
24 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The
25 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which
26 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one

1 tax year that is available to offset a liability, the
2 credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

3 Changes made in this subdivision (h) (1) by Public Act
4 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and
5 reflect existing law.

6 (2) The term qualified property means property which:

7 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
8 buildings and structural components of buildings;

9 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
11 as defined in Section 168(c) (2) (A) of that Code is not
12 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
13 (h);

14 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
15 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

16 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
17 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
18 Section.

19 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
20 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
21 income tax purposes.

22 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
23 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
24 in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
25 Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
26 such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on

1 the date of such increase in basis.

2 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
3 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

4 (6) If during any taxable year ending on or before
5 December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified
6 property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months
7 after being placed in service, or the situs of any
8 qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48
9 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under
10 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable
11 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined
12 by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have
13 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property
14 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from
15 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed
16 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For
17 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the
18 basis of qualified property resulting from a
19 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a
20 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such
21 reduction.

22 (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31,
23 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this
24 subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and
25 the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of
26 the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section

1 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under
2 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased
3 for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its
4 facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit
5 received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

6 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
7 Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit
8 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and
9 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and
10 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by
11 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this
12 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income
13 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois
14 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax
15 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

16 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this
17 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed
18 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a)
19 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original
20 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried
21 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections
22 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit
23 year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any
24 year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be
25 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a
26 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more

1 than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the
2 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied
3 first.

4 If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31,
5 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this
6 Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this
7 subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax
8 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by
9 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax
10 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the
11 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different
12 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable
13 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

14 (j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years
15 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31,
16 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
17 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all
18 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by
19 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside
20 of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational
21 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled
22 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the
23 computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax
24 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such
25 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
26 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the

1 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
2 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a
3 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance
4 with the determination of income and distributive share of
5 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
6 Internal Revenue Code.

7 Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in
8 the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of
9 the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is
10 first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied
11 first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If
12 there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax
13 year that is available to offset a liability the earliest
14 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No
15 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or
16 after December 31, 2003.

17 (k) Research and development credit.

18 For tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and prior to
19 December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on
20 or after December 31, 2004, ~~and ending prior to January 1,~~
21 ~~2016,~~ a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
22 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
23 increasing research activities in this State. For taxable years
24 ending prior to January 1, 2013, the ~~The~~ credit allowed against
25 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6
26 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research

1 activities in this State. For taxable years beginning on or
2 after January 1, 2013, the credit allowed against the tax
3 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 10% of the
4 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in
5 this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
6 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
7 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
8 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a
9 credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance
10 with the determination of income and distributive share of
11 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
12 Internal Revenue Code.

13 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures"
14 means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal
15 credit for increasing research activities which would be
16 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and
17 which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for
18 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess
19 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which
20 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period,
21 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average
22 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base
23 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately
24 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being
25 made.

26 If the amount of the credit exceeds the income tax

1 liability for the applicable tax year, then the excess credit
2 shall be refunded to the taxpayer. The amount of a refund shall
3 not be included in the taxpayer's income or resources for the
4 purposes of determining eligibility or benefit level in any
5 means-tested benefit program administered by a governmental
6 entity unless required by federal law.

7 In lieu of a refund, any ~~Any~~ credit in excess of the tax
8 liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A
9 taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final
10 completed return carried over as a credit against the tax
11 liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has
12 been fully used, whichever occurs first; provided that no
13 credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003
14 may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December
15 31, 2003.

16 If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from
17 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest
18 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the
19 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still
20 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be
21 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax
22 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused
23 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next
24 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except
25 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more
26 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the

1 credit is given was incurred.

2 No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the
3 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable
4 years beginning before January 1, 1999.

5 This subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section
6 250 of this Act.

7 (k-5) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
8 2013, in lieu of the credit allowed under subsection (k), the
9 taxpayer may elect to claim a credit against the tax imposed by
10 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in an amount equal to
11 20% of the amount of the federal research credit allowed to the
12 taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 41 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code multiplied by the State's apportioned share of the
14 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities for
15 the taxable year. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
16 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
17 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
18 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a
19 credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance
20 with the determination of income and distributive share of
21 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the
22 Internal Revenue Code.

23 For purposes of this subsection, "the State's apportioned
24 share of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research
25 activities" is a percent equal to the ratio of qualified
26 research expenses in this State to total qualified research

1 expenses, and "qualified research expenses" has the same
2 meaning as provided in Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code.

3 If the amount of the credit exceeds the income tax
4 liability for the applicable tax year, then the excess credit
5 shall be refunded to the taxpayer. The amount of a refund shall
6 not be included in the taxpayer's income or resources for the
7 purposes of determining eligibility or benefit level in any
8 means-tested benefit program administered by a governmental
9 entity unless required by federal law.

10 In lieu of a refund, any credit in excess of the tax
11 liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A
12 taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final
13 completed return carried over as a credit against the tax
14 liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has
15 been fully used, whichever occurs first.

16 If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from
17 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest
18 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the
19 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still
20 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be
21 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax
22 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused
23 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next
24 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except
25 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more
26 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the

1 credit is given was incurred.

2 This subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section
3 250 of this Act.

4 (1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

5 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on
6 or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a
7 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b)
8 of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed
9 eligible remediation costs, as specified in this
10 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed
11 eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the
12 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under
13 Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were
14 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for
15 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the
16 Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the
17 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed
18 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the
19 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not
20 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related
21 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a
22 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site
23 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action
24 pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the
25 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control
26 Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois

1 Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and
2 enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental
3 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability
4 for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with
5 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer"
6 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has
7 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a
9 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of
10 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being
11 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The
12 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a)
13 and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible
14 remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except
15 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site
16 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the
17 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now
18 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The
19 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with
20 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and
21 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be
22 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in
23 accordance with the determination of income and
24 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and
25 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

26 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is

1 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried
2 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year
3 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The
4 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of
5 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the
6 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i).
7 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for
8 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this
9 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to
10 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this
11 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under
12 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of
13 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit
14 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the
15 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining
16 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the
17 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the
18 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to
19 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the
20 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the
21 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of
22 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any
23 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be
24 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

25 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
26 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the

1 Environmental Protection Act.

2 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years
3 ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian
4 of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit
5 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this
6 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of
7 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of
8 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total
9 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the
10 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a
11 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability
12 under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt
13 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

14 For purposes of this subsection:

15 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are
16 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of
17 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is
18 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is
19 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through
20 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in
21 this subsection.

22 "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on
23 behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition,
24 book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is
25 enrolled during the regular school year.

26 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or

1 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title
2 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which
3 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code,
4 except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to
5 attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for
6 the credit under this Section.

7 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an
8 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal
9 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

10 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax
11 credit.

12 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006,
13 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
14 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
15 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation
16 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of
17 this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs"
18 means costs approved by the Illinois Environmental
19 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the
20 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing
21 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge
22 Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation
23 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section
24 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must
25 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of
26 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is

1 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any
2 related party caused or contributed to, in any material
3 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under
4 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial
5 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the
6 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit
7 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made
8 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control
9 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure
10 Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9
11 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this
12 Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes
13 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the
15 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs
16 (b), (c), and (f) (1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue
17 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any
18 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed
19 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the
20 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of
21 \$100,000 per site.

22 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is
23 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried
24 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year
25 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This
26 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for

1 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this
2 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to
3 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this
4 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under
5 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of
6 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit
7 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the
8 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining
9 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the
10 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the
11 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to
12 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the
13 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the
14 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of
15 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any
16 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be
17 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

18 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
19 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
20 Environmental Protection Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 96-116, eff. 7-31-09;
22 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1496, eff.
23 1-13-11; 97-2, eff. 5-6-11; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

24 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes
25 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text

1 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section
2 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does
3 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
4 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
5 Public Act.

6 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
7 becoming law.