

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB6220

by Rep. Michelle Mussman

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Provides that if a child sex offender who is required to register under the Sex Offender Registration Act knows that a social networking web site or an instant messaging or chat room program allows a person who is under 18 years of age to access or use the web site or program, it is unlawful for the child sex offender to knowingly use that social networking web site or instant messaging or chat room program. Establishes exemptions. Provides that a person who violates this provision is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent offense. Effective immediately.

LRB097 21959 RLC 70678 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing

 Section 11-9.3 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

- Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex offenders prohibited; approaching, contacting, residing with, or communicating with a child within certain places by child sex offenders prohibited.
 - (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any school building, on real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the school and the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending

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conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official.

(a-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present within 100 feet of a site posted as a pick-up or discharge stop for a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity when one or more persons under the age of 18 are present at the site.

(a-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any public park building or on real property comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach,

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contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 3 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.

(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or quardian of a student attending the school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or

- 1 she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be
- 2 present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the
- 3 duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school
- 4 official.
- 5 (b-2) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- 6 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park
- 7 building or real property comprising any public park while
- 8 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on
- 9 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a
- 10 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or
- 11 guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the
- 12 building or on the grounds.
- 13 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- 14 reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real
- property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18
- 16 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex
- offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or
- 18 the real property comprising any school that persons under 18
- 19 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and
- was purchased before July 7, 2000 (the effective date of Public
- 21 Act 91-911).
- 22 (b-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution,
- 24 day care center, part day child care facility, day care home,
- 25 group day care home, or a facility providing programs or
- 26 services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of

age. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before July 7, 2000. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a child care institution, day care center, or part day child care facility if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before June 26, 2006. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a day care home or group day care home if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before August 14, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-821).

(b-15) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-15) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before August 22, 2002.

This subsection (b-15) does not apply if the victim of the sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

(b-20) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly communicate, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois law, using the Internet or any other digital media, with a

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sex offender

person under 18 years of age or with a person whom he or she believes to be a person under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age.

(c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care facility; (iv) child care institution; (v) school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age; (vi) day care home; or (vii) group day care home. This does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real property upon which the programs or services are offered or upon which the day care center, part day child care facility, child care institution, or school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age is located, provided the child sex offender refrains from being present on the premises for the hours during which: (1) the programs or services are being offered or (2) the day care center, part day child care facility, child care institution, or providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age, day care home, or group day care home is operated.

It is unlawful for a child

participate in a holiday event involving children under 18

years of age, including but not limited to distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter. For the purposes of this subsection, child sex offender has the meaning as defined in this Section, but does not include as a sex offense under paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section, the offense under subsection (c) of Section 11-1.50 of this Code. This subsection does not apply to a child sex offender who is a parent or guardian of children under 18 years of age that are present in the home and other non-familial minors are not present.

- (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any county fair when persons under the age of 18 are present.
- (c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender who owns and resides at residential real estate to knowingly rent any residential unit within the same building in which he or she resides to a person who is the parent or guardian of a child or children under 18 years of age. This subsection shall apply only to leases or other rental arrangements entered into after January 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-820).
- (c-7) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly offer or provide any programs or services to persons under 18 years of age in his or her residence or the residence of

- another or in any facility for the purpose of offering or providing such programs or services, whether such programs or services are offered or provided by contract, agreement, arrangement, or on a volunteer basis.
 - (c-8) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, whether authorized to do so or not, any of the following vehicles: (1) a vehicle which is specifically designed, constructed or modified and equipped to be used for the retail sale of food or beverages, including but not limited to an ice cream truck; (2) an authorized emergency vehicle; or (3) a rescue vehicle.
 - (c-9)(1) If a child sex offender who is required to register under the Sex Offender Registration Act knows that a social networking web site or an instant messaging or chat room program allows a person who is under 18 years of age to access or use the web site or program, it is unlawful for the child sex offender to knowingly use that social networking web site or instant messaging or chat room program.
 - (2) It is a defense to a prosecution under this subsection (c-9) that the person:
 - (i) did not know that the web site or program allowed a person who is under 18 years of age to access or use the web site or program; and
 - (ii) upon discovering that the web site or program allows a person who is under 18 years of age to access or use the web site or program, immediately ceased further use

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1	or access of the we	eb site or prog	ram.		
2	(3) This subsection	on (c-9) does	not app	ly to a	person to
3	whom all of the follows	ing apply:			
4	(i) the person	is not more th	han 4 ye	ars older	than the
5	victim;				
6	(ii) the relat	ionship betweer	the per	rson and t	the victim
7	was a dating r	relationship o	or an	ongoing	personal
8	relationship. For	the purposes	of this	subsecti	on (c-9),
9	"ongoing personal	relationship"	does no	t include	a family
10	relationship; and				
11	(iii) the crim	e <u>:</u>			
12	(A) was no	ot committed by	a pers	on who is	at least

(A) was not committed by a person who is at least

21 years of age;

- (B) was not committed by using or threatening the use of deadly force;
 - (C) was not committed while armed with a deadly weapon;
 - (D) did not result in serious bodily injury;
- (E) was not facilitated by furnishing the victim, without the victim's knowledge, with a drug as defined in Section 2.4 of the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, a controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, methamphetamine as defined in Section 10 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or cannabis as defined in Section 3 of the Cannabis

Т	control Act, of knowing that the victim was furnished
2	with the drug, controlled substance, methamphetamine,
3	or cannabis without the victim's knowledge; and
4	(F) was not committed by a person having a position
5	of authority or substantial influence over the victim.
6	(d) Definitions. In this Section:
7	(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
8	(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
9	substantially similar federal law or law of another
10	state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
11	this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an
12	included sex offense, and the victim is a person under
13	18 years of age at the time of the offense; and:
14	(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
15	to commit such offense; or
16	(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
17	of such offense or an attempt to commit such
18	offense; or
19	(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
20	pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
21	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
22	or an attempt to commit such offense; or
23	(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting
24	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
25	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
26	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged

1	commission or attempted commission of such
2	offense; or
3	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
4	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a
5	federal law or the law of another state
6	substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section
7	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
8	such offense or of the attempted commission of such
9	offense; or
10	(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting
11	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
12	a federal law or the law of another state
13	substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section
14	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963
15	for the alleged violation or attempted commission
16	of such offense; or
17	(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
18	pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
19	Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the
20	law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to
21	such certification is committed or attempted against a
22	person less than 18 years of age; or
23	(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
24	the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
25	Persons Act.
26	Convictions that result from or are connected with the

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same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5), "sex offense" means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-4 (forcible detention), 10-7 (aiding or abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)), 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-1.40 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct), 11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a disability), 11-11 (sexual relations within families), 11-14.3(a)(1) (promoting prostitution by advancing 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) prostitution), (promoting prostitution by profiting from prostitution by compelling a person to be а prostitute), 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution by profiting from prostitution by means other than as described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4 (promoting juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child pornography),

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11-20.1B 1 (aggravated child pornography), 2 (harmful material), 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling 3 to meet a minor), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in 4 5 any school, on real property comprising any school, in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school 6 to transport students to or from school or a school 7 8 related activity, or in a public park), 11-30 (public 9 indecency) (when committed in a school, on real 10 property comprising a school, in any conveyance owned, 11 leased, or contracted by a school to transport students 12 to or from school or a school related activity, or in a 13 public park). An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 14

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.50 (criminal sexual abuse), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

1	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
2	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
3	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),
4	11-9.1 (A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).
5	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
6	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
7	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
8	clause (2)(i) of subsection (d) of this Section.
9	(2.5) For the purposes of subsections (b-5) and (b-10)
10	only, a sex offense means:
11	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
12	the Criminal Code of 1961:
13	10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding or
14	abetting child abduction under Section $10-5(b)(10)$,
15	11-1.40 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a
16	child), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
17	11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9.2
18	(custodial sexual misconduct), 11-9.5 (sexual
19	misconduct with a person with a disability), 11-11
20	(sexual relations within families), 11-14.3(a)(1)
21	(promoting prostitution by advancing prostitution),
22	11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting prostitution by profiting
23	from prostitution by compelling a person to be a
24	prostitute), 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution
25	by profiting from prostitution by means other than as
26	described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2)

1	of subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4
2	(promoting juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1
3	(patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child
4	pornography), 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography),
5	11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling to meet a minor), or
6	12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to
7	commit any of these offenses.
8	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
9	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 11-1.50 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),

11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this

paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.

- (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
- (4) "Authorized emergency vehicle", "rescue vehicle", and "vehicle" have the meanings ascribed to them in Sections 1-105, 1-171.8 and 1-217, respectively, of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (5) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (6) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (7) "Day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.18 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (8) "Facility providing programs or services directed towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18.
- (9) "Group day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.20 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

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1	(9.1) "Instant messaging or chat room program" means a
2	software program that requires a person to register or
3	create an account, a user name, or a password to become a
4	member or registered user of the program and allows 2 or
5	more members or authorized users to communicate over the
6	Internet in real time using typed text. The term does not
7	include an electronic mail program or message board
8	program.
9	(10) "Internet" has the meaning set forth in Section
10	16J-5 of this Code.
11	(11) "Loiter" means:
12	(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
13	person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around
14	school or public park property.
15	(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
16	person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around
17	school or public park property, for the purpose of
18	committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
19	(iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or
20	around school property, other than the offender's
21	residence.
22	(12) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning
23	ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of

(13) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or

controlled by a unit of local government that is designated

1	by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily
2	for children's recreation.
3	(14) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve,
4	bikeway, trail, or conservation area under the
5	jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.
6	(15) "School" means a public or private preschool or
7	elementary or secondary school.
8	(16) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
9	or any other certified employee of the school, the
10	superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.
11	(17) "Social networking web site" means an Internet web
12	<pre>site that:</pre>
13	(i) facilitates the social introduction between 2
14	or more persons;
15	(ii) requires a person to register or create an
16	account, a user name, or a password to become a member
17	of the web site and to communicate with other members;
18	(iii) allows a member to create a web page or a
19	<pre>personal profile; and</pre>
20	(iv) provides a member with the opportunity to
21	communicate with another person. The term does not
22	include an electronic mail program or message board
23	program.
24	(e) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet distance
25	shall be measured from: (1) the edge of the property of the
26	school building or the real property comprising the school that

- is closest to the edge of the property of the child sex 1 2 offender's residence or where he or she is loitering, and (2) 3 the edge of the property comprising the public park building or the real property comprising the public park, playground, child 4 5 care institution, day care center, part day child care facility providing programs 6 or or 7 exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age, or a victim of the sex offense who is under 21 years of age, to the 8 9 edge of the child sex offender's place of residence or place
- (f) Sentence. A person who violates this Section, other
 than subsection (c-9) of this Section, is guilty of a Class 4
 felony. A person who violates subsection (c-9) of this Section
 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a

 Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent offense.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-710, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-698, eff. 1-1-13; 97-699, eff. 1-1-13;
- 18 revised 7-10-12.)

where he or she is loitering.

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 2 becoming law.